FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN



JUNE 1940

Review of the Month—Effect of War Developments on American Markets

Amendments to Regulation F

Retail Installment Paper Held by Banks

Member Bank Operating Ratios, 1939

From the Board's Correspondence—Utilization of the Monetary Gold Stock; Effect of Margin Requirements on Customer's Position

General Indexes of Business Activity

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM WASHINGTON

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Effect of War Developments on American Markets

Europe in the early part of May had imme-

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diate effects on commodity **Recent changes** and security markets of this in husiness country. Prices of common

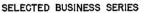
stocks, which had fluctuated within a narrow range for more than seven months following a sudden increase at the outbreak of war in September, fell sharply after May 9, and prices of bonds also declined. Changes in commodity prices were mixed. At the outset prices of imported industrial materials, such as tin, silk, and rubber, increased, reflecting to some extent uncertainty regarding availability of supplies in the future, and grain prices rose moderately. Within a few days grain prices broke sharply and beginning May 20 trading in grain futures was permitted only at prices above the close on May 18. After the middle of the month prices of imported materials also declined. Among domestic industrial materials, steel scrap prices continued to increase and copper and zinc advanced somewhat, while cotton declined. The abrupt price changes in the security and commodity markets were caused in part by high-pitched speculative activity, swayed by the uncertainty of pending events.

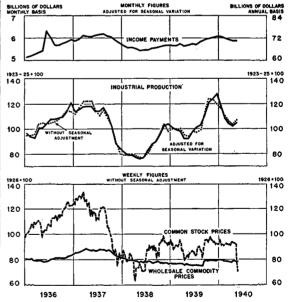
Activity in the steel industry increased considerably in May and in most lines of manufacturing and mining activity either remained fairly steady or increased somewhat. In the construction industry awards for private residential building showed a rise from earlier levels and contracts for private nonresidential construction, which had been increasing in recent months, were main-

Intensification and extension of warfare in tained at a rate somewhat below that reached in the middle of 1937. Awards for public construction, however, were in smaller volume than in other recent years. On the railroads, freight shipments began to increase in April, following a considerable reduction during the first quarter of the year, and rose further during May. Income payments in April and May were largely maintained at a level about halfway between that prevailing prior to the outbreak of war and the peak reached at the end of 1939. Distribution of

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Sources: Income payments, Department of Commerce; in-dustrial production, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; common stock prices, Standard Statistics Company; wholesale commodity prices, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Latest figures shown for income payments and industrial production are estimates for May. Stock prices are shown through May 22 and commodity prices are estimated for the week ending May 25.

smaller advances in prices of materials. Also, | affected by the war, either through increased during most of this period there has been considerable unused capacity and labor here, except in a few lines. Another important factor in the difference in price changes here and abroad has been the depreciation of foreign currencies.

Foreign buying in the United States this year has been substantial and has been concentrated on industrial materials and products, but prices of these commodities have declined, mainly because of domestic developments, particularly the decrease in speculative buying as compared with last autumn and a reduction in the volume of industrial consumption. The declines were due partly, however, to actual or prospective increases in supplies of imported commodities.

Prices of most foodstuffs, both raw and manufactured, had shown little fluctuation this year through April. Foreign demand for these products was in about the same volume as a year ago, with large declines in crude foodstuffs largely offset by marked increases in demand for manufactured foods. Domestic demand, while somewhat reduced from the latter part of 1939, was still above other recent levels.

Volume of industrial production was steady during April, following a rapid decline in the first quar-Industrial production in ter of the year, and in early months of year May increases were reported in some lines, particularly at steel mills. It appears from preliminary data now available that the Board's seasonally adjusted index of industrial production, which had declined from 128 in December to 102 in April, showed an upturn to 105 in May.

The course of output in various industries this year has been unusually mixed; in some lines there have been marked decreases while in others activity has been maintained at the high levels reached toward the end of last year or has increased further. Industries in which activity has been maintained or has increased are chiefly among those directly high level of industrial consumption and also

demand from belligerent nations or through greater demand from domestic and neutral foreign sources for goods formerly obtained from countries now at war. In this category are the machinery, aircraft, shipbuilding, wood pulp, and chemical industries. Production and exports of industrial machinery, particularly machine tools, have risen to unusually high levels and order backlogs are exceptionally large, according to trade reports. Activity in the electrical machinery industry also has been at a high rate and exports have been large. The agricultural implement industry has been operating at higher rates than in the past two years, owing chiefly to large domestic and foreign demand for tractors, but increases in this branch of the machinery industry taken as a whole have not been so marked as in the others mentioned. The aircraft and shipbuilding industries have for some time been operating at or near capacity. In the former there has been some plant expansion and, according to trade reports, a considerable increase in efficiency through the extension of mass production methods. At domestic shipyards there were on May 1 over 1,300,000 tons of merchant vessels under construction or under contract, twice as much as a year earlier, and in addition an extensive construction program by the United States Navy was under way.

Demand has also been maintained at high levels in some other industries not directly affected by war. Output at meat-packing establishments has been in large volume owing in part to a greater supply of hogs. Rayon production and output of petroleum and some petroleum products, particularly fuel oil, lubricating oil, and kerosene, have been maintained at or near peak levels. Gasoline production has declined this year but nevertheless has been greater than is usual at this season, and stocks of gasoline are now unusually large. Coal production has continued in substantial amount, as a result of a

greater than usual domestic consumption period of price reductions in April, but more owing to unusually severe weather conditions during the past winter.

Decreases in activity in the first four months of this year were for the most part in industries where output advanced to peak levels last year owing in part to a large volume of buying for inventory accumulation at the beginning of the war. Included in this group are several industries producing basic industrial materials, such as steel, cement, lumber, and textile fabrics, and a number of industries producing consumer goods largely for domestic use, such as shoes, clothing, and some paper products. For the past two or three months output of many of these products has probably been at a considerably lower rate than use in more advanced stages of manufacture or takings by ultimate consumers.

Production and sales of automobiles have been maintained at high levels this year. During the first four months 1,690,000 cars and trucks were produced as compared with 1,350,000 last year. Dealers' stocks of new cars were built up in the first quarter, as is customary, and in April stocks were maintained at a higher level than is usual at that time of the year. In May, production was reduced slightly but sales also decreased somewhat and consequently dealers' stocks remained in large volume. Exports of passenger cars have been considerably smaller since the beginning of the year than in the corresponding period of other recent years. The number of trucks shipped abroad has been only slightly smaller, whereas the value of truck shipments has been considerably greater, probably owing to a shift in the types of trucks exported.

In the past month there has been a sharp increase in steel ingot production, which rose

from a rate of about 60 **Recent** increase in per cent of capacity in industrial activity

at the end of May. This rise reflected at first on publicly-financed projects has continued

recently there has been a marked increase in orders from both domestic and foreign sources. Allied demands were reported to have increased greatly at this time as supplies formerly received from Belgium, Luxembourg, and Sweden were cut off. Export trade has been an increasingly important source of demand for the steel industry since the outbreak of war. By March steel exports amounted to about 10 per cent of steel-producing capacity (16 per cent of output) as compared with 4 per cent of producing capacity (7 per cent of output) last summer. Increases in shipments of steel both to belligerents and to neutral nations have been considerable.

Activity in many other industries has also increased recently, although not so sharply as in steel. Output of bituminous coal, coke, and pig iron has risen from the levels reached earlier this year, some evidence of increased activity in the wool textile industry has appeared in the past month, and paper production has advanced considerably.

Value of construction contract awards in April and the first half of May showed a further increase, reflecting prin-

Building cipally a rise in private building. according to figures of the F. W. Dodge Corporation. There was a considerable increase from March to April in contracts for private nonresidential building, principally schools and hospitals; in earlier months increases in this type of construction were chiefly in commercial and factory buildings. Private residential awards increased more than seasonally in the first half of May, following somewhat less than the usual rise in April, and continued above the level of a year ago.

In general, construction activity this spring has been at about the same level as a year ago, but with divergent trends among various types of construction. Private building ac-April to about 80 per cent tivity has been in larger volume, while work a response to orders placed during a brief to decline. Most of the increase over last

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year in private construction has been in non-pletely halted. In May, the invasion of the residential types, particularly commercial and factory building. Currently the amount of nonresidential building actually under way, while larger than in the past two years, is below the previous high level reached in 1937.

Residential building has shown little change in the past year and continues above the peak volume attained in early 1937. There have been divergent movements in residential building also; apartment construction has declined somewhat, while building of single-family dwellings currently is higher than at any time in the last ten years.

Mortgages selected for appraisal by the Federal Housing Administration for new dwelling construction are at present about two-fifths higher than a year ago, whereas those on existing properties are in smaller volume. Mortgage foreclosures in metropolitan communities have continued the decline under way since early in 1935, according to figures of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. Rents and vacancies remain practically unchanged, as has been the case for nearly two years. Building materials costs are at about the levels reached on the rise immediately following the outbreak of war, but below the 1937 level. Wage rates in the building trades continue at about the 1937 level in most cities.

In April exports of United States merchandise amounted to \$317,000,000, 10 per

cent less than the high average **Foreign trade** of \$350,000,000 for the preceding four months, but still 35 per cent above the level prevailing prior to the outbreak of As a result of the German invasion war. of Norway and Denmark in April, the Allied blockade was extended to these countries and other Scandinavian ports were cut off by shipping difficulties. Consequently United States trade with these nations was almost com-of supply.

Netherlands and Belgium added two more countries to those cut off from American sources of supply.

While the importance of each of these nations individually in our trade was not great. collectively they were a market of some importance, especially for certain goods. Exports to Belgium and the Netherlands, together with the Scandinavian nations-Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and Finlandincreased after the outbreak of war and from September through March averaged about \$33,000,000 a month, or approximately 10 per cent of all United States exports.

Agricultural products, consisting mainly of cotton, soybeans, wheat, and wheat flour, comprised over two-fifths of our shipments to these countries and amounted to about 18 per cent of our total exports of farm products. In the case of soybeans, the Netherlands and Scandinavia were almost the only export markets and had taken over 12 per cent of the 1939 crop.

Exports of petroleum products constituted 12 per cent of our shipments to these countries, while automobiles, which ordinarily make up a similar part of the total, had already been reduced since the outbreak of war to about 5 per cent.

Chief imports from these countries have been wood pulp and paper, although cut diamonds, tin, iron and steel, and textile manufactures have also been important. Imports of wood pulp from Scandinavia were 64 per cent of the total quantity of wood pulp taken by this country in 1939 and represented about 14 per cent of domestic consumption. The Netherlands Indies are of considerable importance in our import trade, but up to date events in Europe have not affected this source

General Indexes of Business Activity

by

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N periods of little change the various in-ling the great stimulus offered by events of dexes of business activity are likely to move along more or less together, not challenging attention. When rapid changes occur, as in 1933, 1937-1938, and 1939-1940, differences in indexes show up in conspicuously different fluctuations. In the final four months of last year, for example, while the Board's adjusted index of industrial production was rising by 24 per cent, the Commerce Department's index of income payments advanced by only 5 per cent.

At such times people who want to know what is happening in business find again that no single indicator can be relied on to answer all pertinent questions, and index makers go about the business of reconstructing their indexes with renewed enthusiasm. Attention is focused on the need for indexes to cover areas of business activity not adequately covered and for improvement in the accuracy of existing measures, particularly in periods of unusually divergent movements among various industries. Thus, while in most periods steel ingot production may do fairly well as an indicator of activity in machinery and other steel-consuming industries as a group, it is far from satisfactory at turning points in business movements and particularly in periods like the last nine months; ingot production from August to March could be represented by a \vee upside down, while activity in the steel-consuming industries showed a slower rise and then little change at an advanced level. As business analysts and index makers gain new insight into their problems, new force is given also to efforts to collect additional data and make more accurate estimates for use in index construction and business analysis generally.

Progress in collection of data, construction of index numbers, and interpretation of indexes has been slow in comparison with

the past decade. Only over the long term does improvement appear substantial. In the past thirty years a good deal of the pioneering work has been done, more support has become available for such work, and many more people have been technically trained to undertake it. Experts now have at their disposal a fairly detailed record of past events over a considerable period. They also have a chance to see why some experiments in index number construction and analysis worked out better than others. It is evident, for example, that attempts to measure activity by financial series, such as bank debits and money in circulation, have encountered particularly serious obstacles, because of marked changes in commodity prices, in the volume of security transactions, and in the amount of currency hoarding. Thus, in the early 1930's increases in money in circulation were due not to increased payrolls and retail trade, as in some earlier periods, but rather to the hoarding that accompanied rapid deterioration in the banking situation.

The main purpose of this article is to review the development of general indexes of business activity in the past thirty years and thereby to present some of the major problems which index makers and users have faced and will face in the future. Problems treated only incidentally in the account of developments during particular historical periods are commented on separately in sections at the end of the article. No direct answer has been made on the very basic issue concerning what should be included in indexes of business activity. The record shows that people have had very different ideas about this. It can be argued that all activities in agriculture and industry, in distribution as well as production, in industries producing services as well as those dealing with what might have been, especially consider-|commodities should be covered in one index.

Note.--Views expressed in signed articles published in the BULLETIN are those of the writers and not necessarily those of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sustem.

ments for treating many of these broad groups separately. The discussion, when realistic, is concerned with the available data as well as with theoretical issues as to the best way to analyze business developments. Decisions on what should be included are of great importance because they account to a considerable extent for differences in the timing and amplitude of fluctuation shown by different indexes, as, for example, in the last nine months. The historical account shows how this problem has recurred again and again over the years. Discussion of mathematical formulae, at times the center of interest for index makers, has been omitted. Consideration of developments in the theory of business fluctuations, closely related to the construction and use of index numbers, has been made incidental and left largely for another occasion. So also, the formulation of a comprehensive program for improvement in business indexes and business analysis is not part of this story. This is only a general review of the efforts of index makers to bring the multiplicity of de-velopments that go under the head of "business activity" a little more clearly in focus as an aid to people in industry and government who make important decisions in the light of recent and prospective changes in the business situation.

Historical Review

Thirty years ago.—The need for thoroughgoing factual analysis of business developments was set forth in some detail by Wesley C. Mitchell in his pioneering work on Business Cycles, published in 1913, and he put first on his list of desirable new barometers 'a general index number of the physical volume of trade", adding that "separate aver-ages should be struck for the great depart-ments of industry". The data available then to Mitchell and other analysts for measuring business activity even on an annual basis covered only a few items, such as output of coal and pig iron, consumption of cotton and wool, receipts of agricultural products in a few cities, freight traffic, foreign trade, bank clearings, stock sales, and business failures. Some of these figures were in dollar terms, others in physical units. Irving Fisher, whose tained and used in their efforts to supply the interest in the equation of exchange led him goods required to maintain military efficiency to combine a number of these series into an and civilian morale. But measures of general annual index of The Volume of Trade from activity were still quite rough, as indicated

On the other hand, there are strong argu-11896 to 1909, estimated that the "internal commerce" covered directly in his index was less than one per cent of total domestic transactions of all sorts. E. W. Kemmerer, in his work on Money and Prices, combined some 15 series, including estimates of the population, into an annual index of The Growth of Business from 1879 to 1908, but the data he had would now be regarded as meager indeed.

> Reviewing the prospect for action to obtain basic data on business activity and related matters, Mitchell noted various obstacles:

"... the reluctance of private interests to di-vulge information, the diversity of business practices in various trades and sections of the country, the continual changes going forward in business organization, the alterations in the relative importance of different raw materials and still more in the kinds and qualities of manufactured products, the technical puzzles of sta-tistical classification and averaging, etc. In view of these difficulties, the prospect of rapid improvement in the data for business forecasting is not so bright as might be desired. "The vigor of the efforts made to overcome the

difficulties will depend largely upon the demands of business men for better service than they are now receiving. To-day the one class which evinces the clearest sense of the usefulness of a comprehensive statistical survey of the business present as a basis for forecasting the business future is the class of speculators in stocks. But many men who prefer to call themselves investors, and an increasing number of brokers, bankers, merchants, manufacturers, contractors, and the like, are becoming active consumers of such reports. Since these classes can be counted upon to subscribe to those papers and confidential agencies which give them the most satisfactory service, business forecasting will doubtless become a more extensive profession, and make such progress as is possible under private initiative spurred on by competition.

"There are many lines of business, however, concerning which information that is both re-liable and comprehensive cannot be secured by Whether the government private enterprise. will extend the scope of its present activities in this field will probably be determined chiefly by large issues of public policy. . . .

War and postwar periods.—The next matters of public policy greatly to affect statistical work were those of a wartime economy. Many Federal agencies, and particularly the War Industries Board, needed much more commodity information than had previously been available. Some of this they ob-

clearly in Mitchell's summary of The History of Prices During the War; in presenting an annual index of the physical volume ing an index of the physical volume of producof production of 90 raw materials for the years 1913 to 1918, he noted that "concerning fabricated commodities . . . the data are so fragmentary that little can be made of them."

In the years immediately following the war interest in the measurement of business changes was high. Several new indexes, both annual and monthly, were published, and the collection of current data was greatly expanded. The intensive research that went into the making of some of these indexessetting objectives, searching Census records, testing new techniques—is indicated clearly by the 63 pages, large quarto, of descriptive material that Edmund E. Day and Warren M. Persons published in the *Review of Economic* Statistics concerning their annual indexes of output in agriculture, manufacturing, and mining, and all three combined. This appeared in 1920 and 1921, shortly after the *Review* was first issued, and included the results of study over several years.

Most of the indexes published at this time were annual indexes, which furnished a background for work on monthly indexes, then just being started, and provided some historical perspective for analyzing current developments, particularly with regard to economic growth. Some of the annual indexes were extended back to the 1890's, others, on the basis of meager miscellaneous information, to the 1860's.

At this time questions concerning what should be included in indexes of general business activity became more clearly outlined. Walter W. Stewart's annual index included railroad transportation, not in the Harvard index, but did not cover activities for which physical volume data were unavailable. At a meeting of the American Economic Association in 1920 Stewart emphasized the experimental character of work so far and remarked that "so long as whole industries are omitted from the index, such as the building industry, the work of measuring changes in the volume of production is little more than begun." Carl Snyder and Willford I. King noted the extent of agreement in general movements shown by the various indexes. Snyder had worked out a number of annual indexes for broad areas of economic activity, using such miscellaneous series as study of The Growth of Manufactures, pubcould be obtained. The same general ap-llished in 1928. At the same time, of course,

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proach was followed years later by George F. Warren and Frank A. Pearson in constructtion in the United States going back to 1839.

Clearly terms like "production" and "business activity" come to mean very different things even for one index when that index is extended over 100 years of the history of this country. Always, continuous lines on a chart extending over more than a few years need to be interpreted with care, considering the great changes that occur in the basic economic set-up-from home-industry to factory, from horse and buggy to automobileand also in the availability of data to represent changes in activity.

The National Bureau of Economic Research pioneered during early postwar years in making studies of the national income produced in various lines and paid out to various groups. Later, aiming to trace the flow of income and commodities through the various parts of the economy, the Bureau made comprehensive studies estimating for postwar years current dollar amounts in each instance and also making allowances for price fluctuations in order to show changes in terms of constant "1929 dollars." This material appeared in Simon Kuznet's Commodity Flow and Capital Formation, published in 1938; other studies in this general field have been undertaken at the Bureau by Frederick C. Mills, Arthur F. Burns, and Solomon Fabricant. The work on income has been carried forward in recent years by Robert R. Nathan at the Department of Commerce. Currently the Department is also making a revision of an index of manufacturing output, based on Census physical volume data, first compiled by Edmund E. Day and Woodlief Thomas and subsequently brought up to date by Aryness Joy and Vladimir Kolesnikoff.

The statistical problems involved in comprehensive studies are of the first magnitude and become particularly marked when dealing with monthly or weekly rather than annual figures. Even for such a limited field as manufacturing, in which less than a fourth of the gainful workers are now engaged, problems of measurement are very great, as was indicated by Edmund E. Day and Warren M. Persons in 1919 and 1920 and elaborated further in the intensive Day-Thomas

indexes that cover limited areas of economic indexes. That is partly because some proactivity, even as important as manufacturing and mining, cannot represent accurately the are measurable only on an annual basis. course of fluctuations in activity generally.

when study of current developments was first organized on a monthly basis, particularly by the Harvard University Committee on Economic Research. Also, considerable progress was made then in increasing the amount of data available monthly, as the Federal Reserve System and various governmental period before the war they put pig iron proagencies pressed for more data and as trade duction, bank clearings outside New York associations developed their reporting services. The records show, for example, that monthly figures on production of leather, shoes, automobiles, tires and electricity were started in the years 1919 to 1922. The Survey of Current Business was first issued by the Department of Commerce in 1921 and an increasing amount of information was made available there and in other publications. Closely paralleling the increase in monthly reporting was action to collect Census data on manufactures every two years instead of every five, beginning in 1921.

Monthly and weekly indexes in past twenty years.—The variety of general monthly and weekly indexes developed since the early 1920's has been great. Most of the problems discussed with relation to annual indexes have appeared here, and there have been a good many more besides. The data available have been much less adequate for many individual industries and entirely missing for some others. The number of working days in a month has changed in accordance with the calendar, business customs, and governmental action, calling for changing allowances in reported data, series by series. more or less regularly but over the years "seasonal" fluctuations have been altered, industry by industry, as when the automobile manufacturers changed their dates for the introduction of new models, and it has been necessary to adapt seasonal adjustments to many such developments. Further, growth in industry has continued, not necessarily at the same pace in industries for which monthly data are available as in other industries.

Moreover, one of the basic problems with regard to annual indexes—what they are supposed to measure—has been much more acute for monthly indexes than for annual a mechanical forecasting device or a com-

ductive activities, particularly in agriculture, Also monthly figures offer much more oppor-The period after the war was the time tunity for analyzing "cyclical fluctuations," "lags," and the like. When the people at Harvard constructed their "Business", or "B", curve in 1919 they were looking not for a measure of activity but for a series that would move regularly in relation to curves for "Speculation" and "Credit." For the City, commodity prices, and reserves of New York City banks ("reversed in sign") into their "B" curve; beginning in 1919 their "B" curve was a composite of bank debits outside New York City and commodity prices. In both periods the series were adjusted for seasonal variations and for growth and also translated into terms of "standard deviations from normal" to take account of the fact that some series ordinarily fluctuate more widely than others. These adjustments were based primarily on the idea that there was a regular cycle, except in war time, and that it could be found by the exercise of sufficient statistical patience.

Some other investigators, notably Carl Snyder, constructed composite monthly indexes designed partly with a view to measuring the current position in the cycle but with considerable emphasis on relating business movements to general price and credit developments. Snyder then included in his monthly index series relating to all sorts of business activity, including real estate transactions and stock sales as well as building activity and the production and distribution of commodities, both agricultural and indus-The seasons have come and gone trial. He deflated value series for the purpose when necessary. He made allowances for growth as well as seasonal influences and his index was expressed in terms of a per cent of "normal". The index currently issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York is an outgrowth of this index but there have been changes in the activities covered and in the methods used in constructing the index, as described by Norris O. Johnson in the Journal of the American Statistical Association for June 1938.

> Another group, including people at the Federal Reserve Board, proceeded along a different line, not attempting to set up either

develop separate measures as precise as possible for selected parts of our economic lifesuch as manufacturing, mining, building, railroad freight transportation, and department store sales. They early discarded marketings of crops and the like as measures of current activity in agriculture, recognizing that much of agricultural production was really on an annual basis. In 1922 they issued an index of physical production in "basic industries" including monthly output or consumption of materials in mining and manufacturing. This was followed in 1927 by the present more comprehensive index of industrial production, based on 60 series relating to the physical volume of production in manufacturing and mining. The importance of each series in this index was decided primarily on the basis, in manufacturing, of the value added in 1923-that is, the value of products minus the cost of materials and fuel-and, in mining, on the basis of the average value of products in 1923-1925. Some series were given additional importance-"imputed weights"-because they were used to represent related manufacturing activities for which no monthly series were available. The series were individually adjusted for changes in working days and for seasonal influences; this process involved much more work than single over-all adjustments of a total index but provided a more satisfactory adjustment for the total and also gave adjusted individual series essential for realistic analysis of business developments.

In a revision currently being made this index is being reconstructed along quite different lines, although the basic idea is still to measure the physical volume of production in manufacturing and mining. The changes are aimed to make more accurate both the shifts in level over the years and the like steel output, automobile production, carmonthly fluctuations over short periods. Comparison of 1939 levels with 1929 or 1919 levels can never be precise because of the difficulty of measuring such important changes as those in the kind and quality of products; but the accuracy of such comparisons is being increased by adding new series, particularly for certain rapidly growing industries like rayon, and adjusting monthly series to Census or other comprehensive bench-mark data. In some of the new series available, and that weekly indexes may well the number of man-hours worked, with allow-become increasingly useful.

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posite measure of all business activity in ance for changes in output per man-hour, is terms of "normal". They aimed rather to taken to represent the course of production.

The accuracy of monthly fluctuations shown should be considerably improved by the introduction of the new series and also by revision of the working day allowances and seasonal adjustment factors. Inclusion of a man-hour series for machinery, with some adjustment for level, will eliminate to a large extent the difficulty encountered heretofore, as in 1933 and 1939-1940, with using output of steel ingots to indicate monthly fluctuations in all steel-consuming lines except automobile production.

The index for recent years will be constructed on the basis of the relative importance of production in various lines in 1937 rather than in 1923 (1923-1925 for minerals) with the consequence that some products whose prices have declined most since 1923such as textiles—will have less importance in the revised index and other products more. The revised index will be expressed in terms of the five-year average 1935-1939 as 100. This particular change will have little effect on the level of the total index, because the present index on a 1923-1925 base averages close to 100 for the five years 1935-39; but the current figures for individual series and groups will all be fairly close to 100 rather than spreading all the way from 9 to 900 as they would if the 1923-1925 average as 100 were retained.

The list of current monthly indexes has grown and in recent years a number of weekly indexes have been developed and extensively used. Weekly indexes are much more prompt than monthly indexes can be, except on the basis of estimates. One of the most important problems with regard to weekly indexes is the scarcity of data-more than one special technique has been developed in an effort to make a few series, loadings, and electric power production broadly representative—and another prob-lem is the irregularity, from one week to another, of the activities reported. Adjustment for seasonal changes is particularly difficult on a weekly basis. In general, however, it appears that the amount of information now available weekly is more than could be obtained on a monthly basis thirty years ago, that more weekly data are being made

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Special Problems

The historical review has indicated many of the problems met at various times in constructing index numbers to show the course of "business activity". Comment has been made on the many different areas of economic activity covered by different indexes. Some reference has been made to special problems in connection with monthly and weekly indexes. Further discussion centers around the development of data; the grouping of available series; the treatment of economic growth: and the use of indexes in business analysis.

Data.—All the work on construction of general indexes and significant groupings has been dependent on the data at hand. Descriptions of monthly indexes going back before the World War—like those compiled by the Cleveland Trust Company and the American Telephone and Telegraph Company—show real improvement over the years in both the amount and quality of the data available; but on the whole progress has been slow and irregular. After expansion in information during the war and the early 1920's, there was a setback during years of declining ac-Some additional impetus was later tivity. provided by certain of the code authorities under the National Recovery Administration and by various governmental organizations. Monthly figures on the number of man-hours worked in many industries, both in manufacturing and elsewhere, have been made available by the Bureau of Labor Statistics since 1934, following pioneer work in this field by the National Industrial Conference Board. In recent years the Department of Commerce has expanded its collection of current data in the field of wholesale and retail distribution as well as manufacturing. Of great importance is their recent initiation of monthly reports on dollar volume of manufacturers' shipments as well as inventories, new orders, and unfilled orders, all by in-dustry groups. They have also undertaken to speed up publication of material already collected. The Bureau of Mines has recently begun the collection of current data on minerals strategic for war purposes.

Further marked progress should be possible as more people recognize how essential additional facts are for realistic analysis and how important it is that collection efforts processing and distribution, sometimes with should be concentrated on data that are sig-a view to estimating inventory changes, but nificant and not just easy to get. Collection the usefulness of material of this sort has

of additional current information about the later stages of production and about dis-tribution would be very useful, not only for analysis of developments in important industry groups but also to improve current general indexes. When reliable data are not available, analysts must guess as best they can. This usually means representing some activities by available figures for other activities. This is a useful device but the results are generally much less satisfactory than adequate reporting would provide.

Groups.—The usefulness of detailed data and general indexes has been greatly increased by the compilation of figures for groups within the total. Such group figures have been prepared in the form of indexes relative to a base period, and, in more recent years, also as aggregates that add up to the total index. These figures show what makes the total index move in each instance and also provide a basis for much more discriminating analysis of developments. The usefulness of particular groupings changes with circumstances; one suited to peacetime, for example. may be quite inadequate for analysis of wartime developments. Thus, index makers must continually regroup data to interpret new situations.

One early classification of current production data, then relating largely to materials. was by the sources of materials, whether farms, forests, fisheries, or mines. This grouping is still used occasionally but much more attention is focused now on the nature of products and their markets. Goods are sometimes classified according to how durable they are and sometimes according to whether they are purchased by producers or by con-Classification by durability grew sumers. out of the experience of the early 1930's when output of long-lived goods generally declined much further than output of other products, showing a sharper contrast than that between producers' and consumers' goods; but such analysis had been suggested at least as early as 1913 when Mitchell noted that "the total volume of trade did not shrink in so extreme a degree [as the production of pig iron], because purchase of food, clothing, and the like cannot be stopped or postponed like the purchase of pig iron."

Data have also been grouped by stages of

been limited greatly by the lack of sufficient these indexes has become an integral part of data on a comparable basis. Such analysis | much private and public planning. But inby commodity groups—as for steel and steel-consuming industries—has been found of value in an experimental way and could be made more useful if additional pertinent data were to be collected.

Treatment of Economic Growth.-In regard to a number of problems, such as treatment of working days and seasonal influences, there has been fairly clear agreement among index makers in this field. But in regard to treatment of growth in activity over the these indexes constructed in the latter part of years, marked differences have continued.

Some analysts have sought to remove from their indexes such elements of growth as could be measured. They have done this to facilitate understanding of the current position in resulting variety of fixed base periods has "the business cycle"; to indicate the degree of prosperity relative to "normal"; and to make use of series with steep trends-like electric power production-as measures of general developments. These analysts have also wanted measures of rates of growth to use separately.

Others have preferred to retain the growth factor as an important element affecting business fluctuations. They note also the prac-tical difficulties of estimating trends for recent periods, in effect based on forecasts as well as on past experience. They point to drastic revisions of allowances since 1929 and to different opinions on probable growth in the 1940's as evidences of the rough nature of such adjustments.

Keeping the growth element shown by available series is by no means the whole answer to the problem of showing actual growth. The current data for particular industries must be adjusted to more comprehensive bench-mark data, such as are provided by the Census, and then account must be taken of shifts in level for other industries. Further than that, changes in the kinds and qualities of goods, which may be large over the years, are generally impossible to meas-This problem has already received a ure. good deal of attention, as in the writings of Edmund E. Day, Woodlief Thomas, and Frederick C. Mills. There is, however, considerable work yet to be done in this field and, meanwhile, great discretion is necessary on the part of those who use indexes extending tivity in such analysis will continue to depend over any considerable period of time.

made of general indexes and forecasting of data available and the skill of index makers.

dexes are complicated devices, often found puzzling.

One frequent difficulty has been with the meaning of "100", which has been used in many different ways. In the group of indexes in which allowance is made for growth, "100" refers to "normal." This "normal" changes continually. In other indexes "100" is simply the average in some fixed base period, like the years 1923-1925. Many, though not all, of the 1920's were put on the same base, 1923-1925, to facilitate comparisons. Since then, however, it has been necessary to use more recent base periods in various new indexes. The made comparisons somewhat difficult. Recognizing this, the Central Statistical Board has just recommended that Federal agencies, in all their general purpose indexes, use the average for the five years 1935 to 1939 as 100. The Reserve Board's indexes will be calculated on that base as soon as is feasible.

Often there is also uncertainty about the meaning of terms like "industrial production" and "business activity," used as titles for indexes. Brief titles can give little more than a clue to the user; to understand current fluctuations in any index, he must know at least in a general way what the index includes and how it has behaved before.

Index makers can facilitate interpretation by providing adequate descriptions of their indexes and making discriminating use of their indexes and all other pertinent information in their own analyses of business develop-This ordinarily means that several ments. measures-such as those for production, employment, and income "in the great departments of industry"-will be used; that discussions will be concerned with groups and individual lines as well as with totals; that consideration will be given to many related elements, such as orders, inventories, and prices; and that in each situation the importance of various items will be considered with reference to that particular situation and not according to some fixed formula. The problem of business analysis is at least that big. The value of general indexes of business acon the discretion with which they are inter-Use of indexes.—Increasing use has been preted as well as on the nature of the basic

From a Legal Standpoint

Administrative interpretations of banking laws, new regulations issued by the Board of Governors and other similar material of interest to bankers.

Amendments to Regulation F

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, effective June 1, 1940, amended Regulation F, relating to trust powers of national banks, so as to permit the operation of Common Trust Funds invested principally in mortgages, in States in which there is specific statutory authority for the operation of such The Board for some time has had funds. under consideration a proposal by representatives of member banks for such amendments to its regulation and the proposal was approved by representatives of banking asso-It was represented to the Board ciations. that smaller trust institutions may not have facilities for operating Common Trust Funds composed principally of securities, the operation of which is now permitted by the Board's Regulation F, but would have facilities for operating Common Trust Funds composed The amendments principally of mortgages. to Regulation F will enable such Funds operated under State statutes to obtain certain tax exemptions which are granted by the Federal revenue laws to Common Trust Funds operated in accordance with the The amendments to Board's regulations. Regulation F consist of the addition of a new subsection (d) to section 17, together with certain incidental amendments to the existing provisions of this section. The text of section 17, as amended, is set forth below:

SECTION 17. COMMON TRUST FUNDS

(a) In general—Funds received or held by a national bank as fiduciary may be invested collectively in any Common Trust Fund established and maintained in accordance with the provisions of this section whenever the laws of the State in which the national bank is located authorize or permit such investments by State banks, trust companies, or other corporations which compete with na-

tional banks: Provided, however, That funds shall not be invested in a Common Trust Fund of the type provided for in subsection (d) of this section unless such investments are specifically authorized by the State statutes.

As used in this regulation the term "Common Trust Fund" means a fund maintained by a national bank exclusively for the collective investment and reinvestment of moneys contributed thereto by the bank in its capacity as trustee, executor, administrator, or guardian.1

The purpose of this section is to permit the use of Common Trust Funds, as defined in section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code,² for the investment of funds held for true fiduciary purposes; and the operation of such Common Trust Funds as investment trusts for other than strictly fiduciary purposes is hereby prohibited. No bank administering a Common Trust Fund shall issue any document evidencing a direct or indirect interest in such Common Trust Fund in any form which purports to be negotiable or assignable. The trust investment committee of a bank operating a Common Trust Fund shall not permit any funds of any trust to be invested in a Common Trust Fund if it has reason to believe that such trust was not created or is not being used for bona fide fiduciary purposes.

Common Trust Funds administered under this section shall be subject to the following requirements:

(1) Assets in a Common Trust Fund shall be considered as assets held by the bank as fiduciary;

(2) A bank administering a Common Trust Fund shall not invest any of its own

Appendix.

¹ As used in this regulation, the term "guardian" means guard-ian or committee of the estate of an infant, incompetent, or absentee, by whatever name known in the State in which a par-ticular national bank is located. ² For applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, see Annowite

funds in such Common Trust Fund and if a bank, because of a creditor relationship or any other reason, acquires any interest in a participation in a Common Trust Fund under its administration the participation shall be withdrawn on the first date on which such withdrawal can be effected in accordance with the provisions of this section;

(3) A bank administering a Common Trust Fund shall not have any interest³ in the assets held in such Common Trust Fund, other than in its capacity as fiduciary, except to the extent permitted for a temporary period as provided in the immediately preceding paragraph.

(b) Common Trust Funds for investment of small amounts.—Subject to all other provisions of this regulation except subsections (c) and (d) of this section, cash balances received or held by a bank in its capacity as trustee, executor, administrator, or guardian, which the bank considers to be individually too small to be invested separately to advantage may be invested, with the approval of the trust investment committee, in participations in a Common Trust Fund, provided the total investment of the funds of any one trust in one or more such Common Trust Funds shall not exceed 1,200.

(c) Common Trust Funds for general investment.—Subject to all other provisions of this regulation except subsections (b) and (d) of this section, funds received or held by a bank in its capacity as trustee, executor, administrator, or guardian may be invested in participations in a Common Trust Fund administered pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. All participations in such a Common Trust Fund shall be on the basis of a proportionate interest in all of the assets of the Common Trust Fund.

(1) Common Trust Fund to be operated under written plan.—Each Common Trust Fund administered by a bank shall be established and maintained in accordance with a written plan (referred to herein as the Plan) approved by a resolution of the bank's board of directors and approved in writing by competent legal counsel. The Plan shall provide that the Common Trust

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Fund shall be administered in conformity with the rules and regulations, prevailing from time to time, of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System pertaining to the collective investment of trust funds by national banks, and shall contain full and detailed provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of such rules and regulations as to the manner in which the Common Trust Fund is to be operated, including provisions relating to the investment powers of the bank with respect to the Common Trust Fund, the allocation of income, profits and losses, the terms and conditions governing the admission or withdrawal of participations in the Common Trust Fund, the auditing and settlement of accounts of the bank with respect to the Common Trust Fund, the basis and method of valuing assets in the Common Trust Fund, the basis upon which the Common Trust Fund may be terminated, and such other matters as may be necessary to define clearly the rights of participants in the Common Trust Fund. A copy of the Plan shall be available at the principal office of the bank for inspection, during all banking hours, to any person having an interest in a trust any funds of which are invested in a participation in the Common Trust Fund; and upon reasonable request a copy of the Plan shall be furnished to such person.

(2) Trust investment committee to approve participation.—No funds of a trust shall be invested in a participation in a Common Trust Fund without the approval of the trust investment committee. Before permitting any funds of any trust to be invested in a participation in a Common Trust Fund, the trust investment committee shall review the investments comprising the Common Trust Fund; and, if it finds that any such investment is one in which funds of such trust might not lawfully be invested at that time, funds of such trust shall not be invested in a participation in such Common Trust Fund.

At the time of making the first investment of funds of a trust in any Common Trust Fund, the bank shall send a notice of such investment to each person to whom a regular periodic accounting ordinarily would be rendered, except that such notices need not be sent to a court unless required by the court, and except that such notices need not be sent where the trust instru-

 $^{^3}$ A bank shall not be deemed to have an interest in assets in which collective investments are made merely because of the fact that the bank owns in its own right other stocks, or bonds or other obligations of a person, firm, or corporation, the stocks, or bonds or other obligations of which are among the assets of a Common Trust Fund.

ment specifically authorizes investments in Common Trust Funds.

(3) Common Trust Fund to be audited annually.—A bank administering a Common Trust Fund shall, at least once during each period of twelve months, cause an audit to be made of the Common Trust Fund by auditors responsible only to the board of directors of the bank. The report of such audit shall include a list of the investments comprising the Common Trust Fund at the time of the audit which shall show the valuation placed on each item on such list by the trust investment committee of the bank as of the date of the audit, a statement of purchases, sales and any other investment changes and of income and disbursements since the last audit, and appropriate comments as to any investments in default as to payment of principal or in-The reasonable expenses of any terest. such audit made by independent public accountants may be charged to the Common Trust Fund.

The bank shall, without charge, send a copy of the latest report of such audit annually to each person to whom a regular periodic accounting of the trusts participating in the Common Trust Fund ordinarily would be rendered or shall send advice to each such person annually that the report is available and that a copy will be furnished without charge upon request.

(4) Value of assets to be determined periodically.-Not less frequently than once during each period of three months the trust investment committee of a bank administering a Common Trust Fund shall determine the value of the assets in the Common Trust Fund. No participation shall be admitted to or withdrawn from the Common Trust Fund except on the basis of such valuation and on the date of the determination of such valuation or, if permitted by the Plan, within two business days subsequent to the date of such deter-No participation shall be admination. mitted or withdrawn unless, in accordance with provisions of the Plan, prior to the date of the determination of such valuation, notice of intention to participate or to make such withdrawal shall have been given in writing to the bank administer-ing the Common Trust Fund, or a written notation of the contemplated participation or withdrawal shall have been made in the records of the bank.

(5) Miscellaneous limitations.—No funds of any trust shall be invested in a participation in a Common Trust Fund if such investment would result in such trust having an interest in the Common Trust Fund in excess of 10 per cent of the value of the assets of the Common Trust Fund, as determined by the trust investment committee, or the sum of \$25,000, whichever is less at the time of investment. If the bank administers more than one Common Trust Fund under this subsection, no investment shall be made which would cause any one trust to have an interest in all such Common Trust Funds in excess of the sum of \$25,000; and, if the bank administers Funds under both subsections (c) and (d) of this section, no investment shall be made which would cause any one trust to have an interest in all such Funds in excess of the sum of \$25,000. In applying the limitations contained in this paragraph, if two or more trusts are created by the same settlor or settlors and as much as one-half of the income or principal or both of each trust is payable or applicable to the use of the same person or persons, such trusts shall be considered as one.

No investment for a Common Trust Fund shall be made in stocks, or bonds, or other obligations of any one person, firm, or corporation which would cause the total amount of investment in stocks, or bonds or other obligations issued or guaranteed by such person, firm, or corporation to exceed 10 per cent of the value of the Common Trust Fund, as determined by the trust investment committee, provided that this limitation shall not apply to investments in obligations of the United States or for the payment of the principal and interest of which the faith and credit of the United States shall be pledged.

No investment for a Common Trust Fund shall be made in any one class of shares of stock of any one corporation which would cause the total number of such shares held by the Common Trust Fund to exceed 5 per cent of the number of such shares outstanding. If the bank administers more than one Common Trust Fund no investment shall be made which would cause the aggregate investment for all such Common Trust Funds in shares of stock of any one corporation to exceed such limitation.

Any bank administering a Common Trust Fund shall have the responsibility

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of maintaining in cash and readily marketable securities 4 such part of the assets of the Common Trust Fund as shall be deemed by the bank to be necessary to provide adequately for the needs of participating trusts and to prevent inequities between such trusts. In any event, prior to any admissions to or withdrawals from a Common Trust Fund, the trust investment committee shall determine what percentage of the value of the assets of a Common Trust Fund is composed of cash and readily marketable securities; and if such committee determines that, after effecting the admissions and withdrawals which are to be made pursuant to notice given as required in subdivision (4) of this subsection. less than 40 per cent of the value of the remaining assets of the Common Trust Fund would be composed of cash and readily marketable securities, no admissions to or withdrawals from the Common Trust Fund shall be permitted as of the valuation date upon which such determination is made, except that ratable distribution upon all participations is not prohibited.

(6) Distribution upon withdrawal of participation.—When participations are withdrawn from a Common Trust Fund distributions may be made in cash or ratably in kind, or partly in cash and partly ratably in kind, provided that all distributions as of any one valuation date shall be made on the same basis. Before any distribution in cash is made, the trust investment committee shall determine whether any investment remaining in the Common Trust Fund would be unlawful for one or more participating trusts if funds of such trusts were being invested at that time; and no distribution shall be made in cash until any such unlawful investment shall have been eliminated from the Common Trust Fund either through sale, distribution in kind, or segregation as provided in the subdivision immediately following hereafter.

(7) Segregation of investments.—If for any reason an investment is withdrawn in kind from a Common Trust Fund for the benefit of all trusts participating in the Common Trust Fund at the time of such withdrawal and such investment is not distributed ratably in kind it shall be segregated and administered or realized upon for the benefit ratably of all trusts participating in the Common Trust Fund at the time of withdrawal.

(8) Management of Common Trust Fund and fees.—A national bank administering a Common Trust Fund shall have the exclusive management thereof and shall not charge a fee for the management of the Common Trust Fund, or receive, either from the Common Trust Fund or from any trusts the funds of which are invested in participations therein, any additional fees. commissions, or compensations of any kind by reason of such participation. The bank shall not pay a fee, commission, or compensation out of the Common Trust Fund for management. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as prohibiting a bank from reimbursing itself out of a Common Trust Fund for such reasonable expenses incurred by it in the administration thereof as would have been chargeable to the respective participating trusts if incurred in the separate administration of such participating trusts.

(9) Effect of mistakes.—No mistake made in good faith and in the exercise of due care in connection with the administration of a Common Trust Fund shall be deemed to be a violation of this regulation if promptly after the discovery of the mistake the bank takes whatever action may be practicable in the circumstances to remedy the mistake.

(d) Common Trust Funds composed principally of mortgages (Mortgage Investment Funds).—Subject to all other provisions of this regulation except subsections (b) and (c) of this section,⁵ funds received or held by a bank in its capacity as trustee, executor, administrator, or guardian may be invested in participations in a Common Trust Fund administered pursuant to the provisions of this subsection (hereinafter referred to as a "Mortgage Investment Fund"). All admissions and withdrawals of participations in a Mortgage Investment Fund shall be made on the basis of the actual amount invested by each participant, and, except in final liquidation of a Mortgage Investment Fund, participants therein shall not have an interest in reserves accumulated or enhancement in the

 $[\]overline{}^{4}$ A readily marketable security within the meaning of this section means a security which is the subject of frequent dealings in ready markets with such frequent quotations of price as to make (a) the price easily and definitely ascertainable and (b) the security itself easy to realize upon by sale at any time.

 $^{^5}$ Note, however, that certain provisions of subsection (c) are incorporated in this subsection by reference.

value of assets, except such as may be distributable as income.

(1) Mortgage Investment Fund to be operated under written plan.—Each Mortgage Investment Fund shall be subject to the provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section.

(2) Trust investment committee to approve participation.—No funds of a trust shall be invested in a participation in a Mortgage Investment Fund without the approval of the trust investment committee. Before permitting any funds of any trust to be invested in a participation in a Mortgage Investment Fund, the trust investment committee shall review the assets comprising the Mortgage Investment Fund; and, if it finds that the condition of the Mortgage Investment Fund is such that the funds of such trust might not lawfully be invested in a participation therein at that time, or that such investment would be contrary to the provisions of this subsection, funds of such trust shall not be so invested.

At the time of making the first investment of funds of a trust in any Mortgage Investment Fund, the bank shall send a notice of such investment to each person to whom a regular periodic accounting ordinarily would be rendered, except that such notices need not be sent to a court unless required by the court, and except that such notices need not be sent where the trust instrument specifically authorizes investments in Mortgage Investment Funds.

(3) Mortgage Investment Fund to be audited annually.—Each Mortgage Investment Fund shall be subject to the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection (c) of this section.

(4) Value of assets to be determined periodically.—Not less frequently than once during each period of three months, the trust investment committee of a bank administering a Mortgage Investment Fund shall determine the value of the assets in the Mortgage Investment Fund. No participation shall be admitted to or withdrawn from the Mortgage Investment Fund except on the date of determination of such valuation or, if permitted by the Plan, within two business days subsequent to the date of such determination; and no participation shall be admitted to or with-

drawn from the Mortgage Investment Fund unless, on the basis of such valuation, the value of the assets of the Mortgage Investment Fund, exclusive of accrued income, is at least equal to the amount of the outstanding participations. No participation shall be admitted or withdrawn unless, in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, prior to the date of the determination of such valuation, notice of intention to participate or to make such withdrawal shall have been given in writing to the bank administering the Mortgage Investment Fund, or a written notation of the contemplated participation or withdrawal shall have been made in the records of the bank.

The real estate securing each obligation contained in a Mortgage Investment Fund and any real estate contained in the Mortgage Investment Fund shall be appraised at least once every three years by two persons, one of whom shall not have participated in the last preceding appraisal of the particular property for the purposes of the Mortgage Investment Fund. Such persons shall be appointed by the bank's board of directors and shall, in the opinion of the board, be familiar with real estate values in the vicinity in which any such real estate is situated and qualified to make such ap-The persons appointed shall acpraisals. tually inspect such real estate and shall so certify in a written certificate of appraisal, which shall be filed and preserved in the bank's records.

The trust investment committee shall require more frequent appraisals of all properties or any particular property if such action is deemed by the committee to be necessary to enable it properly to discharge the duties imposed upon it by this subsection.

(5) Miscellaneous limitations.—No funds of any trust shall be invested in a participation in a Mortgage Investment Fund if such investment would result in such trust's having an interest in the Mortgage Investment Fund in excess of the sum of \$1,200 or 2 per cent of the amount of the outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund, whichever is greater at the time of investment, or in any event in excess of the sum of \$10,000. If the bank administers more than one Mortgage Investment Fund, no investment shall be made which would cause any one trust to

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have an interest in all such Mortgage Investment Funds in excess of the sum of \$10,000; and, if the bank administers Funds under both subsections (c) and (d) of this section, no investment shall be made which would cause any one trust to have an interest in all such Funds in excess of the sum of \$25,000. In applying the limitations contained in this paragraph, if two or more trusts are created by the same settlor or settlors and as much as one-half of the income or principal or both of each trust is payable or applicable to the use of the same person or persons, such trusts shall be considered as one.

No investment for a Mortgage Investment Fund shall be made in obligations of any one person, firm, or corporation which would cause the total amount of investment in obligations issued or guaranteed by such person, firm, or corporation to exceed 10 per cent of the amount of the outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund, provided that this limitation shall not apply to investments in obligations of the United States or for the payment of the principal and interest of which the faith and credit of the United States shall be pledged.

The unpaid balance of any obligation secured by real estate in which the funds of a Mortgage Investment Fund are invested shall not exceed \$10,000 on the date of the investment therein unless the aggregate amount of all outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund exceeds \$200,000, in which event the unpaid balance of such obligation shall not exceed 5 per cent of the amount of such outstanding participations or \$50,000, whichever amount is less.

Any bank administering a Mortgage Investment Fund shall have the responsibility of maintaining in cash such part of the assets of the Mortgage Investment Fund as shall be deemed by the bank to be necessary to provide adequately for the needs of participating trusts and to prevent inequities between such trusts. No investment of the moneys of a Mortgage Investment Fund shall be made if following such investment the cash balance, exclusive of collected income on hand, in the Mortgage Investment Fund would be less than an amount equal to 5 per cent of the total amount of all outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund. Unless, upon computing

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the amount of the admissions and withdrawals which are to be made as of any valuation date pursuant to notice given as required in subdivision (4) of this subsection, the trust investment committee determines that there will be sufficient cash in the Mortgage Investment Fund to permit all such withdrawals, no admissions to or withdrawals from the Mortgage Investment Fund shall be permitted as of such valuation date.

Unless the trust investment committee determines that, after effecting the admissions and withdrawals which are to be made as of any valuation date pursuant to notice given as required in subdivision (4) of this subsection, the amount of investments of a Mortgage Investment Fund represented by assets in which moneys of the Mortgage Investment Fund could not then be invested under the provisions of subdivision (8) of this subsection will not exceed 10 per cent of the amount of the outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund, no admissions to or withdrawals from the Mortgage Investment Fund shall be permitted as of such valuation date.

(6) Reserve account and distribution of income.—In each Mortgage Investment Fund the bank shall establish and maintain a reserve account as part of the principal thereof, to which, to the extent available, all realized losses shall be charged. Any realized gain in the value of assets of a Mortgage Investment Fund, other than income, shall be credited to such reserve account.

At least semiannually a bank administering a Mortgage Investment Fund shall determine the net income of the Mortgage Investment Fund during the period since the last determination thereof. At the close of each earning period, if the total amount contained in such reserve account is less than 10 per cent of the total amount of all outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund, the bank shall transfer to the reserve account, out of the net income of the Mortgage Investment Fund, such amount as the bank shall determine to be proper under the circumstances. The total amount so to be transferred to the reserve account during any year shall not be less than 10 per cent of the amount of the gross income of the Mortgage Investment Fund for such year or more than one per

cent of the average of the total amounts of all outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund at the close of each earning period. No such transfers to the reserve account shall be made which will cause the amount contained therein to exceed 10 per cent of the amount of all outstanding participations.

The balance of the net income remaining after transferring the appropriate part thereof, if any, to the reserve account, shall thereupon be distributed to the owners of the outstanding participations in the Mortgage Investment Fund in proportion to the amounts of their participations and the period of time owned since the previous determination of net income.

(7) Withdrawal of participation in a Mortgage Investment Fund.—Upon the withdrawal of a participation of any trust prior to termination and final liquidation of a Mortgage Investment Fund, such trust shall be entitled to be paid in cash the total amount of the funds of such trust invested in the participation, with net income thereon to the date of such payment, but such income shall not be paid until the amount thereof shall have been determined at the close of the current earning period.

Upon the termination and final liquidation of a Mortgage Investment Fund, all assets of the Mortgage Investment Fund shall be distributed among the owners of the participations at that time in proportion to the amounts thereof.

(8) Investment of moneys of Mortgage Investment Funds.—The moneys of a Mortgage Investment Fund shall be invested in—

(A) Obligations secured by real estate which, at the date of the investment, are legal for investment of trust funds under the laws of the State in which the bank is located and are insured by the Federal Housing Administrator, having been insured prior to the first day of July 1939, pursuant to the provisions of Title II of the National Housing Act, approved the 27th day of June 1934, as amended, or having been so insured thereafter, with like force and effect, pursuant to any revision or extension of the provisions of the said Act; or

(B) Obligations secured by real estate which, at the date of the investment, are legal for investment of trust funds under the laws of the State in which the bank is located and are of the kind which might be acquired by a national bank under the provisions for making amortized loans contained in the third sentence of section 24 of the Federal Reserve Act; or

(C) Obligations secured by real estate which, at the date of the investment, are legal for investment of trust funds under the laws of the State in which the bank is located, which are payable within 20 years, and which either provide for semiannual payments reducing the principal thereof annually in an amount equal to at least 5 per cent of the amount of the principal on the date of investment, or provide for the amortization of the total unpaid principal amount of such mortgage on the date of investment by equal monthly payments during the term of such mortgage, such monthly payments being fixed at an amount which will include the interest due on such mortgage on the date of such payments and an additional amount to be applied in the reduction of the unpaid principal amount of such mortgage. In the case of a renewal or extension of any such obligation held by a Mortgage Investment Fund, the date upon which the Mortgage Investment Fund originally acquired the obligation shall be considered the date of investment.

If in the judgment of the trust investment committee such obligations are not available for investment of moneys of a Mortgage Investment Fund, such moneys may be invested temporarily in obligations of the United States or of the State in which the bank is located or for the payment of the principal and interest of which the faith and credit of the United States or of such State shall be pledged, and which are legal for investment of trust funds under the laws of the State in which the bank is located. As soon as obligations secured by real estate in which the moneys of the Mortgage Investment Fund may be invested are available, such securities shall be disposed of and the proceeds invested in such obligations if this can be accomplished without disadvantage to the Mortgage Investment Fund.

(9) Management of Mortgage Investment Fund and fees.—Each Mortgage Investment Fund shall be subject to the provisions of subdivision (8) of subsection (c) of this section.

(10) Effect of mistakes.—Each Mortgage Investment Fund shall be subject to the provisions of subdivision (9) of subsection (c) of this section.

Authority of the President to Regulate Transactions in Property in Which Foreigners Have an Interest

There is set forth below the text of an amendment to section 5(b) of the Act of October 6, 1917 (known as the Trading with the Enemy Act), approved May 7, 1940. This amendment is intended to remove any doubt as to the authority of the President to regulate transactions in evidences of indebtedness and evidences of ownership of property in which foreigners have an interest, and to require reports concerning all foreign-owned property.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 69—76TH CONGRESS]

[CHAPTER 185-3D SESSION]

[S. J. Res. 252]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section 5 (b) of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of subdivision (b) of section 5 of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411), as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"During time of war or during any other period of national emergency declared by the President, the President may, through any agency that he may designate, or otherwise, investigate, regulate, or prohibit, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, by means of licenses or otherwise, any transactions in foreign exchange, transfers of credit between or payments by or to banking institutions as defined by the President, and export, hoarding, melting, or earmarking of gold or silver coin or bullion or currency, and any transfer, withdrawal or exportation of, or dealing in, any evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property in which any foreign state or a national or political subdivision thereof, as defined by the President, has any interest, by any person within the United States or any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof; and the President may require any person to furnish under oath, complete information relative to any transaction referred to in this subdivision or to any property in which any such foreign state, national or political subdivision has any interest, including the production of any books of account, contracts, letters, or other papers, in connection therewith in the custody or control of such person, either before or after such transaction is completed."

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SEC. 2. Executive Order Numbered 8389 of April 10, 1940, and the regulations and general rulings issued thereunder by the Secretary of the Treasury are hereby approved and confirmed.

SEC. 3. Nothing in this Joint Resolution shall be deemed to repeal or to modify in any manner any of the provisions of the Act of April 13, 1934, 48 Stat. 574 (the Johnson Act) or of the Neutrality Act of 1939 (Public Resolution Numbered 54, Seventy-sixth Congress).

Approved, May 7, 1940.

Executive Order and Regulations on Transfers of Property of Belgium, Luxembourg, and the Netherlands

The Executive Order of April 10, 1940, and the Treasury Regulations issued thereunder on the same day providing that transfers of credit, foreign exchange transactions, the export or earmarking of coin, bullion, or currency, or other similar operations, by persons or institutions in the United States which involve Danish or Norwegian property shall be subject to license by the Secretary of the Treasury, were amended on May 10, 1940, so as to include property of Belgium, Luxembourg, and the Netherlands, or any national thereof. Applications for licenses shall be filed with the Federal Reserve Banks or. in certain circumstances, with persons described in the Regulations.

The amended Regulations also require the filing of reports by persons and institutions in the United States with respect to all property of Belgium, Luxembourg, and the Netherlands, or any national thereof, situated in the United States. Such reports shall be filed not later than June 10, 1940, with the Federal Reserve Banks or, in certain circumstances, with persons described in the Regulations.

The texts of the Executive Order and accompanying Regulations of April 10 are quoted in full on pages 390-393 of the Federal Reserve BULLETIN for May 1940, and the texts of the May 10 amendments are as follows:

EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 8405

Amendment of Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, Amending Executive Order No. 6560, Dated January 15, 1934

Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, is amended to read as follows:

"Amendment of Executive Order No. 6560, Dated January 15, 1934, Regulating Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Transfers of Credit, and the Export of Coin and Currency

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"By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 5(b) of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411), as amended, and by virtue of all other authority vested in me, I, Franklin D. Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 6560, dated January 15, 1934, regulating transactions in foreign exchange, transfers of credit, and the export of coin and currency by adding the following sections after section 8 thereof:

"'Section 9. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of sections 1 to 8, inclusive, of this Order, all of the following are prohibited, except as specifically authorized in regulations or licenses issued by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to this Order, if involving property in which Norway or Denmark or any national thereof has at any time on or since April 8, 1940, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect, or if involving property in which the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or any national thereof has at any time on or since May 10, 1940, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect:

"'A. All transfers of credit between any banking institutions within the United States; and all transfers of credit between any banking institution within the United States and any banking institution outside the United States (including any principal, agent, home office, branch, or correspondent outside of the United States, of a banking institution within the United States);

"B. All payments by or to any banking institution within the United States;

"C. All transactions in foreign exchange by any person within the United States;

"D. The export or withdrawal from the United States, or the earmarking of gold or silver coin or bullion or currency by any person within the United States;

"'E. All transfers, withdrawals or exportations of, or dealings in, any evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property by any person within the United States; and

"'F. Any transaction for the purpose or which has the effect of evading or avoiding the foregoing prohibitions.

"'Section 10. Additional Reports.

"'A. Reports under oath shall be filed on such forms, at such time or times and from time to time, and by such persons, as provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, with respect to all property of any nature whatsoever of which Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or any national thereof is or was the owner, or in which Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or any national thereof has or had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect, and with respect to any acquisition, transfer, disposition, or any other dealing in such property.

"'B. The Secretary of the Treasury may require the furnishing under oath of additional and supplemental information, including the production of any books of account, contracts, letters or other papers with respect to the matters concerning which reports are required to be filed under this section.

"Section 11. Additional Definitions. In addition to the definitions contained in section 7, the following definitions are prescribed:

"'A. The terms "Norway" and "Denmark," respectively, mean the State and the Government of Norway and Denmark on April 8, 1940, the terms "the Netherlands," "Belgium," and "Luxembourg," mean the State and the Government of the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg on May 10, 1940, and any political subdivisions, agencies and instrumentalities of any of the foregoing, including territories, dependencies and possessions, and all persons acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly for the benefit or on behalf of any of the foregoing. The terms "Norway," "Denmark," "the Netherlands," "Belgium" and "Luxembourg" respectively, shall also include any and all other governments (including political subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities thereof and persons acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly for the benefit or on behalf thereof) to the extent and only to the extent that such governments exercise or claim to exercise de jure or de facto sovereignty over the area which, on April 8, 1940, constituted Norway and Denmark and which on May 10, 1940, constituted the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg.

"'B. The term "national" of Norway or Denmark shall include any person who has been or whom there is reasonable cause to believe has been domiciled in, or a subject, citizen or resident of Norway or Denmark at any time on or since April 8, 1940, but shall not include any individual domiciled and residing in the United States on April 8, 1940, and shall also include any partnership, association, or other organization, including any corporation organized under the laws of, or which on April 8, 1940, had its principal place of business in Norway or Denmark or which on or after such date has been controlled by, or a substantial part of the stock, shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of which has been owned or controlled by, directly or indirectly, one or more persons, who have been, or whom there is reasonable cause to believe have been, domiciled in, or the subjects, citizens or residents of Norway or Denmark at any time on or since April 8, 1940, and all persons acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly for the benefit or on behalf of the foregoing.

"C. The term "national" of the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg shall include any person who has been or whom there is reasonable cause to believe has been domiciled in, or a subject, citizen or resident of the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg at any time on or since May 10, 1940, but shall not include any individual domiciled and residing in the United States on May 10, 1940, and shall also include any partnership, association, or other organization, including any corporation organized under the laws of, or which on May 10, 1940, had its

principal place of business in the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg, or which on or after such date has been controlled by, or a substantial part of the stock, shares, bonds, debentures, or other securities of which has been owned or controlled by, directly or indirectly, one or more persons, who have been, or whom there is reasonable cause to believe have been, domiciled in, or the subjects, citizens or residents of the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg, at any time on or since May 10, 1940, and all persons acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly for the benefit or on behalf of the foregoing.

"'D. The term "banking institution" as used in section 9 includes any person engaged primarily or incidentally in the business of banking, of granting or transferring credits, or of purchasing or selling foreign exchange or procuring purchasers and sellers thereof, as principal or agent, or any person holding credits for others as a direct or incidental part of his business, or brokers; and, each principal, agent, home office, branch or correspondent of any person so engaged shall be regarded as a separate "banking institution."

"'Section 12. Additional Regulations. The Regulations of November 12, 1934, are hereby modified insofar as they are inconsistent with the provisions of sections 9 to 11, inclusive, of this Order, and except as so modified are hereby continued in full force and effect. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and empowered to prescribe from time to time regulations to carry out the purposes of sections 9 to 11, inclusive, of this Order as amended, and to provide in such regulations or by rulings made pursuant thereto, the conditions under which licenses may be granted by such agencies as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate."

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

The White House,

May 10, 1940, 7:55 A. M., E. S. T.

AMENDMENT TO REGULATIONS

The Regulations of April 10, 1940, are amended to read as follows:

"Regulations

"Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Transfers of Credit, Payments, and the Export or Withdrawal of Coin, Bullion and Currency, and Transfers, Withdrawals and Exportations of, or Dealings in, Evidences of Indebtedness or Ownership; and to Reports of Foreign Property Interests in the United States.*

"Section 130.1. Authority for regulations. These regulations are prescribed and issued under authority of Section 5(b) of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411), as amended, and Executive Order No. 6560, dated January 15, 1934, as amended.*

"Section 130.2. Definitions.

"(a) The term 'Order' shall refer to Executive Order No. 6560, of January 15, 1934, as amended.

"(b) The term 'regulations' shall refer to these regulations.

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"(c) The terms 'property' and 'property interest' or 'property interests' shall include, but not by way of limitation, money, checks, drafts, bullion, bank deposits, savings accounts, any debts, indebtedness or obligations, financial securities commonly dealt in by bankers, brokers, and investment houses, notes, debentures, stocks, bonds, coupons, bankers' acceptances, mortgages, pledges, liens or other right in the nature of security, warehouse receipts, bills of lading, trust receipts, bills of sale, any other evidences of title, ownership or indebtedness, goods, wares, merchandise, chattels, stocks on hand, ships, goods on ships, real estate mortgages, vendors' sales agreements, land contracts, real estate and any interest therein, leaseholds, ground rents, options, negotiable instruments, trade acceptances, royalties, book accounts, accounts payable, judgments, patents, trademarks, copyrights, insurance policies, safe deposit boxes and their contents, annuities, et cetera.

"(d) Safe deposit boxes shall be deemed to be in the 'custody' not only of all persons having access thereto but also of the lessors of such boxes whether or not such lessors have access to such boxes. The foregoing shall not in any way be regarded as a limitation upon the meaning of the term 'custody'.

"(e) For the meaning of other terms reference should be made to the definitions contained in the Order.*

"Section 130.3. Licenses to engage in foreign exchange transactions, etc. Applications for licenses to engage in foreign exchange transactions, transfers of credit, payments, the export or withdrawal from the United States or the earmarking of gold or silver coin or bullion or currency, or the transfer, withdrawal or exportation of, or dealing in, any evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property, involving property in which Norway or Denmark or any national thereof has at any time on or since April 8, 1940, had any interest of any na-ture whatsoever, direct or indirect, or in which the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or any national thereof has at any time on or since May 10, 1940, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect, shall be filed in duplicate with the Federal Reserve bank of the district or the Governor or High Commissioner of the territory or possession of the United States in which the applicant resides or has his principal place of business or principal office or agency, or with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York if the applicant has no legal residence or principal place of business or principal office or agency in a Federal Reserve district or a territory or possession of the United States. Application Application forms may be obtained from any Federal Reserve bank, mint or assay office, or the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C. Applications shall be executed under oath before an officer authorized to administer oaths, or if executed outside of the United States, before a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States. The applicant shall furnish such further information as shall be requested of him by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Fed-eral Reserve bank or other agency at which the application is filed. Licenses will be issued by the Sec-retary of the Treasury, acting directly or through any agencies that he may designate, and by the

* Sections 130.1 to 130.6: Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; Public Resolution No. 69, 76th Congress; 12 U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Ex. Order 8405, May 10, 1940. Federal Reserve banks acting in accordance with such rules, regulations, and instructions as the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time prescribe, in such cases or classes of cases as the Secretary of the Treasury may determine in rules, regulations, and instructions prescribed by him. The Federal Reserve bank or other agency at which an application is filed will advise the applicant of the granting or denial of the license. Licenses for the export or withdrawal of currency or gold or silver coin or bullion or evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property, after having been cancelled by the collector of customs or the postmaster through whom the exportation or withdrawal was made, may be returned by such collector of customs or postmaster to the licenses. Appropriate forms for applications and licenses will be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. Licensees may be required to file reports upon the consummation of the transactions. The decision of the Secretary of the Treasury with respect to the approval or disapproval of an application shall be final.*

"Section 130.4. Reports of Property Interests of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg and Nationals Thereof.

"(a) On or before May 15, 1940, reports shall be filed on Form TFR-100, duly executed under oath, containing the information called for in such Form, with respect to all property situated in the United States on April 8, 1940, in which Norway or Denmark or any national thereof has at any time on or since April 8, 1940, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect. Within thirty days of the publication of these regulations in the Federal Register, reports shall be filed on Form TFR-100, duly executed under oath, containing the information called for in such Form, with respect to all property situated in the United States on May 10, 1940, in which the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or any national thereof has at any time on or since May 10, 1940, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect. Such reports shall be filed by:

"(1) Every person in the United States directly or indirectly holding, or having title to, or custody, control, or possession of such property including, without any limitation whatsoever of the foregoing, every partnership, association, or corporation organized under the laws of the United States or any state or territory of the United States or having its principal place of business in the United States, in the shares of whose stock or in whose debentures, notes, bonds, coupons, or other obligations or securities Norway or Denmark or any national thereof has at any time on or since April 8, 1940, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect, or in which the Netherlands, Belgium, or Luxembourg or any national thereof has at any time on or since May 10, 1940, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect; and

"(2) Every agent or representative in the United States for Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or any national thereof having any information with respect to any such property.

"Provided, That no report on Form TFR-100 need be filed where the total value of all property interests to be reported is less than \$250.

ests to be reported is less than \$250. "(b) Reports shall be executed and filed in triplicate with the Federal Reserve bank of the district or the Governor or High Commissioner of the territory or possession of the United States in which the party filing the report resides or has his principal place of business or principal office or agency, or if such party has no legal residence or principal place of business or principal office or agency in a Federal Reserve district or a territory or possession of the United States, then with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. A report shall be deemed to have been filed when it is received by the proper Federal Reserve bank or other agency or when it is properly addressed and mailed and bears a postmark dated prior to midnight of the date upon which the report is due. The Federal Reserve bank and other agencies shall properly forward two copies of every report filed with it to the Secretary of the Treasury.

"(c) (1) All spaces in the report must be properly filled in. Reports found not to be in proper form, or lacking in essential details, shall not be deemed to have been filed in compliance with the Order.

"(2) Where space in the report form does not permit full answers to questions, the information required may be set forth in supplementary papers incorporated by reference in the report and submitted therewith. Supplementary documents and papers must be referred to in the principal statement in chronological or other appropriate order and be described in such manner that they can be identified.

"(d) A separate report under oath must be filed by each person required to file a report except that persons holding property jointly may file a joint report.

"(e) The Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, grant such extensions of time as he deems advisable for the making of any or all of the reports required by these regulations.

"(f) Report Form TFR-100 may be obtained from any Federal Reserve bank, mint or assay office and the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.*

"Section 130.5. *Penalties.* Section 5(b) of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended by Section 2 of the Act of March 9, 1933, provides in part:

""* * Whoever willfully violates any of the provisions of this subdivision or of any license, order, rule or regulation issued thereunder, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$10,000, or, if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or both; and any officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both. As used in this subdivision the term 'person' means an individual, partnership, association, or corporation.'*

^{*} Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; Public Resolution No. 69, 76th Congress; 12 U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Ex. Order 8405, May 10, 1940; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended May 10, 1940.

^{*} Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; Public Resolution No. 69, 76th Congress; 12 U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Ex. Order 8405, May 10, 1940; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended May 10, 1940.

"Section 130.6. Modification or Revocation. These regulations and any Forms or instructions issued hereunder may be modified or revoked at any time.'

HENRY MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved: May 10, 1940, 7:55 A. M., E. S. T. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

General Rulings and General Licenses Issued By Secretary of the Treasury

The following General Rulings and General Licenses have been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury under authority of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and Regulations issued pursuant thereto, relating to transactions in foreign exchange, etc.:

General Ruling No. 1 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, and Regulations Issued Pur-suant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.

The Secretary of State has advised me as follows:

"Denmark and Iceland are two separate political entities. Acting under the authority of a provision of the Icelandic Constitution the Icelandic Parliament has within the past few days passed a resolution stating that since the King of Iceland is not now in a position to carry out his Constitutional duties with respect to Iceland, the Icelandic Government has assumed for the time being the exercise of the Royal prerogatives and the entire control of Icelandic foreign relations.

"In view of the foregoing it would not appear that Iceland falls within the definition of the term 'Denmark' in Section 11 of the above-mentioned Executive Order.'

In view of the foregoing, the Treasury Depart-ment construes the term "Denmark" as used in the above-mentioned Executive Order and Regulations as not applying to Iceland.

> H. MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

Dated April 15, 1940.

General Ruling No. 2 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.

Inquiry has been made as to whether the following are prohibited by the Executive Order and the Regulations issued thereunder except under license:

The transfer by a banking institution within the United States of stock certificates from or into the names of "nationals" of Norway or Denmark; and

(b) The delivery out of custody accounts or the receipt in custody accounts, by a banking institution within the United States, of securities held or to be held in custody for "nationals" of Norway or Denmark.

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The Treasury Department construes the Executive Order and Regulations as prohibiting such transactions, except under license.

H. MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

Dated April 19, 1940.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary April 30, 1940.

General License No. 1, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, and Regulations Issued Pur-suant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.[†]

A general license is hereby granted authorizing payments and transfers of credit to accounts in banking institutions within the United States in which Norway or Denmark or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940 and the Regulations issued thereunder; provided that the payments or transfers of credit are not made from accounts in which Norway or Denmark or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of such Order and Regulations.

D. W. BELL. Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, May 10, 1940

Amendment to General License No. 1 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

General License No. 1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"A general license is hereby granted authorizing payments and transfers of credit to accounts in banking institutions within the United States in which Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium, or Luxembourg, or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder; provided that the payments or transfers of credit are not made from accounts in which Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of such Order and **Regulations.**'

HERBERT E. GASTON, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

May 10, 1940

General License No. 2 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

† Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 43 Stat. 1; 12
U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Regulations, April 10, 1940.
* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; Public Resolution No. 69, 76th Congress; 12 U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Ex. Order 8405, May 10, 1940; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended, May 10, 1940.

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A general license is hereby granted authorizing banking institutions within the United States to debit accounts with such banking institutions in which Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, in payment or reimbursement for (a) interest due to such banking institutions, (b) cable, telegraph or telephone charges, or postage costs, (c) custody fees and service charges, and (d) protest fees, provided that all banking institutions making any such debits shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank weekly reports showing the details of such debits.

HERBERT E. GASTON, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, May 10, 1940

General License No. 3 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing banking institutions within the United States:

- (a) to make payments from accounts in which Norway or Denmark or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, of checks, drafts, and other payment orders drawn or issued prior to April 8, 1940, and to accept and pay and debit to such accounts drafts drawn prior to April 8, 1940, under letters of credit, and
- (b) to effect transfers of credit or payments between accounts in banking institutions within the United States in which Norway or Denmark or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, under instructions issued prior to April 8, 1940,
- (c) to make payments from accounts in which the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, of checks, drafts, and other payment orders drawn or issued prior to May 10, 1940, and to accept and pay and debit to such accounts drafts drawn prior to May 10, 1940, under letters of credit, and
- (d) to effect transfers of credit or payments between accounts in banking institutions within the United States in which the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order

of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, under instructions issued prior to May 10, 1940.

HERBERT E. GASTON, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

May 10, 1940

General License No. 4 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing the bona fide purchase and sale of securities by banking institutions within the United States, for the account of nationals of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, pursuant to the instructions of such nationals, and the making and receipt of payment for and the transfer of such securities, provided that:

- (a) in the case of the purchase of securities the securities purchased are held in an account in a banking institution within the United States in the name of the national of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg whose account was debited to purchase such securities, and
- (b) in the case of the sale of securities the proceeds of the sale are credited to an account in a banking institution within the United States in the name of the national of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg for whose account the sale was made.

Each banking institution making such a purchase or sale is required to file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank weekly reports showing the details of the transactions, including a description of the securities purchased or sold, of the person for whose account the purchase or sale was made, and the price at which the purchase or sale was made.

HERBERT E. GASTON, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, May 10, 1940

General License No. 5, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing the payment to the United States and agencies and instrumentalities thereof of taxes, fees, charges, and other items payable to the United States and agencies and instrumentalities thereof from accounts in which Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or a national thereof has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder.

HERBERT E. GASTON, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

^{*} Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; Public Resolution No. 69, 76th Congress; 12 U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Ex. Order 8405, May 10, 1940; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended May 10, 1940.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, May 13, 1940

General License No. 6 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing all payments, transfers and withdrawals from accounts of the Government of the Netherlands.

H. MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, May 13, 1940

General License No. 7 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing all payments, transfers and withdrawals from accounts of the Government of Belgium and the Banque Nationale de Belgique.

H. MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

May 13, 1940

General License No. 8 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing banking institutions within the United States to make all payments, transfers and withdrawals from accounts in the name of any of the following: Javasche Bank, Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, Nederlandsch Indische Handelsbank and Nederlandsch-Indische Escompto Maatschappij. Banking institutions within the United States

Banking institutions within the United States making such payments, transfers, or withdrawals shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank weekly reports showing the details of the transactions during such period.

H. MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

May 14, 1940

General License No. 9 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing the bona fide purchase and sale of commodities futures contracts and of evidences of ownership of actual commodities by banking institutions within the United States, for the account of nationals of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg, within the meaning of the Executive

Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, pursuant to the instructions of such nationals, and necessary transfers of credit and payments between accounts in banking institutions within the United States as required in connection with such purchases or sales or because of fluctuation in the market value of the commodities covered by such contracts or evidences of ownership, provided that:

(a) in the case of the purchase of commodities futures contracts or evidences of ownership of actual commodities, the contracts or evidences of ownership purchased are held in an account in a banking institution within the United States in the name of the national of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg, whose account was debited in connection with such purchase.

(b) in the case of the sale of commodities futures contracts or evidences of ownership of actual commodities, the proceeds of the sale are credited to an account in a banking institution within the United States in the name of the national of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg for whose account the sale was made.

Each banking institution making such a purchase or sale is required to file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank weekly reports showing the details of the transactions including a description of the commodities futures contracts or evidences of ownership of actual commodities purchased or sold, of the person for whose account the purchase or sale was made, and the price at which the purchase or sale was made.

> HERBERT E. GASTON, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

May 14, 1940

General License No. 10 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing banking institutions within the United States to make make all payments, transfers and withdrawals from accounts in the name of the Banque Belge pour l'Etranger, Overseas, Ltd., including its New York agency, the Banque Belge pour l'Etranger in Paris, the Banque Belge pour l'Etranger et Internationale in Egypt, the Banque Italo-Belge in Argentine, the Banque Belge pour l'Etranger in the Far East, and the Banque du Congo Belge.

Banking institutions within the United States making such payments, transfers, or withdrawals shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank weekly reports showing the details of the transactions during such period.

> HERBERT E. GASTON, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

May 15, 1940

General License No. 11 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

^{*} Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; Public Resolution No. 69, 76th Congress; 12 U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Ex. Order 8405, May 10, 1940; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended May 10, 1940.

A general license is hereby granted authorizing payments and transfers of credit in the United States from accounts in banking institutions within the United States in which a national of Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg has a property interest within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, to or upon the order of the person in whose name the account is held, provided that (a) the banking institution making any such payments or transfers of credit satisfies itself that such payments and transfers of credit are needed for living, traveling and similar personal expenses in the United States. (b) such payments and transfers of credit by such banking institution do not exceed \$500 in any one month to or for the account of any one depositor, and (c) each banking institution making any such payments or transfers of credit shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank monthly reports showing the details of such payments and transfers of credit.

> D. W. BELL, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary,

May 16, 1940

Revocation of General License No. 6 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

General License No. 6 authorizing all payments, transfers and withdrawals from accounts of the Government of the Netherlands is hereby revoked.

> H. MORGENTHAU, JR., Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, May 20, 1940

General License No. 12 Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.*

A general license is hereby granted authorizing access to safe deposit boxes leased by Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or a national thereof within the meaning of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, or containing property in which any of the foregoing has an interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect, and the deposit therein or removal therefrom of any property, but in each case only on the following terms and conditions:

* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; Public Resolution No. 69, 76th Congress; 12 U. S. C. 95a; Ex. Order 6560, Jan. 15, 1934; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940; Ex. Order 8405, May 10, 1940; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended May 10, 1940.

(1) Such access shall be permitted only in the presence of an authorized representative of the lessor of such box;

(2) In the event that any money or evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property are to be removed from such box, such access shall be permitted only in the presence of an authorized representative of a banking institution within the United States, which may be the lessor of such box, which receives into its custody immediately upon removal from such box the money or evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property removed from such box and which holds the same subject to the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued thereunder, for the account of the lessee of such box and subject to the property interests therein as of April 8, 1940, of Norway or Denmark or any national thereof, or subject to the property interests therein as of May 10, 1940, of the Netherlands, Belgium or Luxembourg or any national thereof;

(3) In the event that any money or evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property are removed from such box the banking institution which receives into its custody any money or evidences of indebtedness or evidences of ownership of property removed from such box shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank a report showing the details of the transactions; and

(4) The lessee of such box or other person granted access to such box shall furnish to the lessor of such box a certificate in triplicate, one copy of which shall be executed under oath, that he has filed or will promptly file a report on Form TFR-100 with respect to such box and the contents thereof; and the lessor of such box shall deliver the sworn copy of such certificate, and one conformed copy thereof, to the appropriate Federal Reserve bank.

D. W. BELL, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Financial Transactions Under Neutrality Act of 1939

The President of the United States on May 11, 1940, issued a proclamation under authority of section 1 (a) of the Neutrality Act of 1939 (Pub. Res. No. 54, 76th Cong.), approved November 4, 1939, proclaiming that a state of war exists between Germany, on the one hand, and Belgium, Luxembourg, and the Netherlands, on the other hand. Section 7 of the Neutrality Act of 1939, with respect to financial transactions by persons within the United States relating to countries named in the Presidential proclamation, is quoted in full on page 1054 of the Federal Reserve BULLETIN for December 1939.

Inter-American Bank

The convention for the establishment of the Inter-American Bank was signed on behalf of the United States by the Undersecretary of State, the Honorable Sumner Welles, on May 10, 1940 at the Pan American Union in Washington. Representatives of Colombia, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador Mexico, Nicaragua, Paraguay, and Bolivia, also signed the convention on May 10, and it was signed by a representative of Brazil on May 13.

Ratification of the convention by all these countries would insure sufficient participation to bring the convention into effect, since these nine countries represent a minimum of 205 shares in the Bank, and Article VI of the convention provides that it shall come into effect between the ratifying parties when it has been ratified by at least five countries who have agreed to subscribe for at least 145 shares.

Ratification of the convention by the United States will depend on the advice and consent of the United States Senate by a two-thirds vote. In addition, since the proposed Bank would be set up under a charter granted by the United States, the Department of State has indicated that Congress will be requested to issue such a charter in accordance with the convention.

There are set forth below a statement which was released to the press with respect to the Bank by the Department of State on May 9, 1940, and also the relevant documents relating to the Bank, i.e., the convention, and the proposed charter and by-laws.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

May 9, 1940

THE INTER-AMERICAN BANK

The Secretary of State in a letter dated March 13, 1940 (press release no. 111) informed the Chairman of the Inter-American Financial and Economic Ad-

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visory Committee that the Government of the United States is prepared to sign a proposed convention for the establishment of an Inter-American Bank. The Inter-American Financial and Economic Advisory Committee on April 16 approved a resolution adopting definitive texts of convention, charter and by-laws for the establishment of such bank, fixed May 10, 1940 as the date for the signature of the convention, and requested the nomination of plenipotentiaries for the purpose.

The Secretary of State has announced that the convention in its definitive text as adopted by the Inter-American Committee on April 16 will be signed on behalf of the United States by the Undersecretary of State, The Honorable Summer Welles, on Friday, May 10, at noon at the Pan American Union.

History of the Project

The present project for the establishment of an Inter-American Bank is the result of several months of intensive work in the Inter-American Financial and Economic Advisory Committee and is the outcome of many years of discussion of the desirability of creating such an institution. The first International Conference of American States discussed the matter of providing adequate inter-American banking facilities, and on April 14, 1890 adopted a resolution recommending that the governments grant liberal concessions to facilitate inter-American banking and especially such as might be necessary for the establishment of an International American Bank. This resolution was approved by a vote of fourteen to zero, Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Peru, the United States and Venezuela all indicating their concurrence. The Secretary of State, James G. Blaine, in transmitting the resolution to President Harrison indicated his approval of passage of a law by the United States incorporating such an International American Bank, and President Harrison transmitted the resolution and letter of Secretary Blaine to the Congress for appropriate action.

The second International Conference of American States on January 21, 1902 recommended that a powerful Inter-American Bank be set up in New York, Chicago, San Francisco, New Orleans, Buenos Aires, or any other important mercantile center and that it be assisted in every manner compatible with the internal legislation of each of the American republics. This resolution was signed by Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Peru, the United States and Uruguay.

The provision of inter-American banking facilities, especially in view of the dislocations occasioned by the European war, was discussed at length at the first Pan American Financial Conference which met from May 24 to 29, 1915.

In 1933 the Seventh International Conference of American States, upon the initiative especially of the delegations of Peru and Uruguay, unanimously adopted a resolution recommending the creation of an Inter-American Bank to establish and promote inter-American credit and the interchange of capital, to collaborate in the reconstruction of national monetary conditions, and to perform such other tasks as the Third Pan American Financial Conference might entrust to it. The Third Pan American Financial Conference did not take place, and the Eighth International Conference of American States in 1938 considered a number of resolutions which had been presented to the Seventh Conference and to the Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Peace. It resolved to request the Pan American Union to study the possibilities of establishing an organization to carry out the purposes envisaged.

In 1939 the Meeting of the Foreign Ministers of the American Republics at Panama adopted a resolution creating the Inter-American Financial and Economic Advisory Committee to study, among other things, the need, form and conditions for the establishment of an inter-American banking institution. Later in the same year the First Meeting of Finance Ministers of the American Republics at Guatemala recommended to the urgent attention of the Inter-American Financial and Economic Advisory Committee a study of the desirability of creating such a Bank.

The Inter-American Financial and Economic Advisory Committee began its work in Washington on November 15, 1939, and immediately turned its attention to the matter of an Inter-American Bank. After several months of intensive effort in which the delegates representing the twenty-one American republics were assisted by a group of experts from the United States Departments of State and Treasury, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and the Federal Loan Agency, the Inter-American Committee on February 7 adopted a resolution recommending to the governments of the American republics the establishment of such a bank, and submitted for their consideration drafts of a convention, charter and by-laws for its establishment. Comments and suggestions were received from a number of the governments and were carefully studied, and on April 16 the Inter-American Committee approved the final texts mentioned above.

Motives for and purposes of the proposed Bank

The establishment of an Inter-American Bank would be a step of major importance in the development of inter-American financial and economic cooperation and the economic implementation of the Good Neighbor policy. It has been apparent for some time that there has existed a wide zone of economic and financial activity among the American republics for which the existing machinery of cooperation has been inadequate.

The Bank, generally speaking, is designed to promote the fuller exploitation of the natural resources of the Americas, to intensify economic and financial relations among the American republics, and to mobilize for the solution of economic problems the best thought and experience in the Americas. The purposes of the Bank are enumerated in more detail in Section 5 A of the by-laws.

Organization of the Bank

The charter and Sections 2 and 3 of the by-laws provide in considerable detail for the organization of the proposed Bank. The Bank is to be an intergovernmental organization. All of the shares are to be subscribed by governments of the American republics, and none of the shares may pass to others than governments of the American republics. The minimum number of shares to be subscribed by each of the American republics in order to participate in the Bank is specified in Section 2 B of the by-laws; this schedule is based upon the foreign trade of each of the American republics in the year 1938. According to this schedule the United States is in Group H with Argentina and Brazil; the members of this group are required to subscribe to a minimum of fifty shares, or \$5,000,000 each. The liability of shareholding governments on their shares is limited to the issue price thereof.

Voting among participating nations is distributed as follows, in accordance with Section 2 H of the bylaws: twenty votes for each government for its minimum shares, and one vote for each additional share which it may subscribe. Important decisions require a four-fifths vote. It is thus possible that one or more governments may acquire sufficient shares to possess more than twenty per cent of the total vote and thus be able to exercice a veto power on important decisions.

The directors of the Bank are all to be appointed by the shareholding governments, and are to be responsible to them alone. Generally speaking, moreover, the Bank may take no action which may affect a particular nation until after that nation has been given an opportunity to object to, or to give its consent, approval or guarantee to the operation. This safeguard of the interests of individual nations is inherent in the entire plan, and appears throughout the drafting. In addition, it is specifically provided in Section 5 C that:

"The operations of the Bank shall at all times be conducted in conformity with the laws of the territory where the Bank is acting and, so far as possible, be conducted in conformity with the policies of the participating government directly concerned."

United States participation in the establishment of the Bank

The appropriate convention will be signed on behalf of the United States on May 10, 1940. Ratification of this convention by the United States will of course depend on the advice and consent of the United States Senate by a two-thirds vote. In addition, since the proposed Bank would be set up under a federal charter granted by the United States, Congress will in accordance with the convention be requested to issue such a charter. Moreover, certain additional legis-

pation of this Government in the Bank. Specifically, the United States must subscribe to at least the minimum number of shares required for participation by a country in Group H. Consideration of all these matters in the Senate and the House of Representatives will provide ample opportunity for a full discussion of the proposal.

Section 4 of the proposed charter provides that the Bank shall have succession for a period of twenty years, which may be extended, or until such earlier time as it shall be lawfully dissolved, in accordance with the terms of the by-laws, and that the United States agrees not to repeal or a mend the charter ex-cept upon the request of the Bank pursuant to a four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors of This charter and the by-laws of the the Bank. proposed institution are to be annexed to the convention and to be integral parts of it. It is obviously not feasible to permit one party to an international convention ratified in each country according to its constitutional procedure to be free to change an integral part of the convention without the agreement of all of the other parties thereto.

Powers of the Bank

The powers with which it is proposed to endow the projected institution are specified in Section 5 B of the by-laws. In general it may be said that the Bank is given rather broad powers, subject to restrictions which will be mentioned immediately below, to engage in all usual banking operations. In keeping with the intergovernmental character of the institution, it is specified that all extensions of credit by the Bank, either direct or indirect, must be to a participating government or to a fiscal agency, central bank, political subdivision or national of a participating government with the guarantee of that government, or, in the case of extensions of credit having a maturity not exceeding two years to any such fiscal agency, central bank, political subdivision or national, only if the government thereof does not make a timely objection. In this way, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 C of the by-laws, which was quoted above, special care has been taken to ensure to each country the ability to bar any activity of the Bank within its territory which such country may deem undesirable.

While the purposes and powers of the projected Bank have been stated in fairly broad and elastic terms, as is both customary and essential in the organic laws of such institutions, discussions during the drafting of the convention and by-laws indicated that it was the intention of the Inter-American Financial and Economic Advisory Committee to complement existing financial institutions rather than to provide a substitute for them.

Rights, privileges, immunities and exemptions granted to the Bank

In view of the intergovernmental character of the Bank, arising especially from the fact that all the participants are sovereign governments, Article II of the convention would grant to the proposed Bank certain rights, privileges, immunities and exemp-tions which would permit the Bank to carry on any tions which would permit the Bank to carry on any in any period of emergency and in any other situa-operations to which the governments concerned have tion, the rights, privileges, immunities and exemp-

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lation will be necessary in order to permit the partici- | indicated no objection without being liable to subsequent unilateral action against the Bank by any of the governments. Special care has been taken in the drafting to concede such rights, privileges, imthe dratting to concede such rights, privaces, in-munities and exemptions which are essential to the proper functioning of the Bank without permitting abuses to occur. Thus Article II, A and D of the convention permits legal action in regard to ad-judicated claims against the Bank and its depositors. Similarly, Article II, C specifically excludes general non-discriminatory taxation, such as income taxation, upon individuals dealing with the Bank from any tax exemption accorded by the convention. Moreover, Article II, B assures the Bank that, where exchange restrictions or controls exist, it shall be accorded facilities for transferring out from a country, on the most favorable basis, amortization, interest, and other returns only from loans and investments of funds to which the government concerned had not previously made the timely objection which it is privileged to make.

CONVENTION FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INTER-AMERICAN BANK

Pan American Union, Washington, D. C., April 17, 1940

The Governments of the American Republics

CONSIDERING

First, that economic and financial cooperation among the American Republics is an essential factor in fostering the welfare of and maintaining solidarity among these Republics;

Second, that such cooperation would be greatly facilitated by the establishment of an Inter-American Bank;

have resolved to conclude a Convention as follows:

Article I

The High Contracting Parties agree to the creation of an institution to be known as the "Inter-American Bank" for the purposes and with the powers stated in the proposed Charter and By-Laws annexed hereto. The High Contracting Parties agree that the Bank shall be accorded the powers, rights and privileges to engage in the various activities, transactions and operations envisaged in such Charter and By-Laws and further agree to enact any legislation and to take any other action necessary to effectuate and protect such powers, rights and privileges to the Bank. The United States of America also agrees to grant to the Bank a Charter substantially in accordance with the proposed Charter annexed hereto. Each High Contracting Party hereby agrees to subscribe for the minimum number of shares required of such Party for participation in the Bank as provided in the annexed By-Laws.

Article II

The High Contracting Parties grant, within their respective territories, in time of peace or war and

tions enumerated in this Article; and agree also to enact any legislation and to take any other action necessary to effectuate and protect such rights, privileges, immunities and exemptions.

A. The Bank, its assets, obligations to it and its real and personal property of whatsoever nature, including any property deposited with it on a custody basis or otherwise, shall wheresoever located and by whomsoever held, be exempt and immune from (1) requisition, seizure, attachment, execution, confiscation, moratoria and expropria-tion; (2) prohibitions, restrictions, regulations and controls of withdrawal, transfer, or export; and (3) currency, monetary, exchange and debt regula-tion and control, by the High Contracting Parties or any political subdivision thereof, whether or not compensation is offered; provided, however, that not being this provided to the provided of the provi that nothing in this paragraph shall prevent a High Contracting Party or political subdivision thereof from attaching or levying execution, subject to any prior lien or claim of the Bank, upon admitted or adjudicated claims of its nationals against the Bank or upon property admitted or adjudicated to be held by the Bank for such nationals.

B. Where restrictions, regulations, prohibitions or controls exist or are hereafter imposed in the territory of a High Contracting Party in regard to the conversion or exchange of its currency into foreign currencies, the High Contracting Party shall make available to the Bank, by sale or otherwise, as provided in the next sentence, foreign exchange and precious metals, requested by the Bank, for such local currency acquired by the Bank as a result of loans, discounts, extensions of credit (including those in the form of deposits), guaran-ties thereof, or investments, made by the bank to such High Contracting Party, in its securities and obligations, or with its guarantee, express approval or consent, or to which it has made no timely objection as defined in and when expressly pro-vided for by the by-laws of the Bank, including principal, interest, and other returns thereon. Such foreign exchange and precious metals shall be so made available to the Bank on a basis, as to amount, rate, and all other factors, no less favorable than the most favored treatment extended under any circumstances by the High Contracting Party to any government including its own or to any political subdivision, individual, partnership, association, corporation or other or-ganization or entity of whatsoever nature.

C. The Bank and its assets and real and personal property of whatsoever nature, including without limitation of the foregoing, its Charter, franchise, capital, reserves, surplus, income and profits; its activities, transactions and operations; its shares of stock and all notes, debentures, bonds and other such obligations issued by the Bank, including dividends and interest thereon, by whomsoever held; any remunerations or salaries paid by the Bank; and any individual, partnership, corpora-tion, association or other entity in its dealings and relations with the Bank in any of the foregoing matters and in its acquisitions, holdings transfers or dispositions of any such shares and obligations of the Bank, shall be exempt and immune from all taxation by a High Contracting Party or a political subdivision thereof now or hereafter imposed and

limitation of the foregoing, excises, duties and imposts; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not be construed as preventing the imposition by a High Contracting Party or any political sub-division thereof of non-discriminatory taxes upon nationals of such High Contracting Party with respect to any of the foregoing. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, neither a High Contracting Party nor any political subdivision thereof shall impose any tax on or measured by salaries or remunerations paid by the Bank to its officers or employees who are citizens of any other High Contracting Party. Nothing in this paragraph shall make the Bank or any other party referred to above exempt or immune from any customs duties or imposts or other taxation imposed on or in connection with the importation or exportation of any article; provided, however, that the expor-tation of (1) coin, currency and of intangible property, including, without limitation of the foregoing, shares of stock, credit instruments, securities, and evidences of indebtedness, and (2) precious metals, other than precious metals produced in the territory of the High Contracting Party and being exported for the first time, owned or held by the Bank, or deposited with it on a custody basis or otherwise, and by whomsoever held, shall be exempt and immune from any customs duties or imposts or other taxation. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to restrict in any manner any exemption, deduction, credit or other allowance accorded by the laws of any of the High Contracting Parties in the determination of a tax imposed by such party.

D. The Bank, its assets, obligations to it and its real and personal property of whatsoever nature, shall, wheresoever located and by whomsoever held, be subject to attachment or execution by a private party only after final judgment or decree in a suit, action, or proceeding in a court of a High Contracting Party or political subdivision thereof.

E. The shares of stock and the notes, debentures, bonds and other securities and obligations issued by the Bank shall be exempt and immune from prohibitions, restrictions, regulations, or con-trols now or hereafter imposed by any High Con-tracting Party or any political subdivision thereof, with respect to the registration, issue and sale of stock, notes, debentures, bonds and other securi-ties and obligations; provided that notes, deben-tures, bonds and other securities and obligations issued by the Bank shall not be issued or sold by the Bank in the territory of a High Contracting Party which makes a timely objection, as provided in the By-Laws of the Bank.

Article III

As used in this Convention and the annexed By-Laws of the Inter-American Bank "nationals" of a High Contracting Party or of a participating coun-try or government shall include any person who is domiciled in, or a citizen or resident of, such High Contracting Party or such participating country or government; and shall also include any individual, partnership, association, corporation or other entity organized under the laws of such High Contracting Party or such participating country or government by whatever name described, including, without or political subdivision thereof or having a permanent

establishment, such as a branch, office, agency or other fixed place of business, in the territory of such High Contracting Party or of such participating country or government; but shall not include the Bank.

As used in this Convention and the annexed By-Laws of the Inter-American Bank, "political subdivision" shall include territories, dependencies, possessions, states, departments, provinces, counties, municipalities, districts, and other similar governmental organizations and bodies and agencies and instrumentalities thereof.

Article IV

The original of the present Convention in English, Spanish, Portuguese and French shall be deposited in the Pan American Union, in Washington, and opened for signature on behalf of the American Republics.

Article V

The present Convention shall be ratified and effectuated by the High Contracting Parties in conformity with their respective constitutional methods. The Pan American Union shall transmit authentic certified copies of the original of the Convention to the High Contracting Parties for the purpose of ratification. The instruments of ratification shall also be deposited in the archives of the Pan American Union, which shall notify the signatory governments of such deposit. Such notification shall be considered as an exchange of ratifications.

Article VI

The present Convention shall come into effect as between such ratifying High Contracting Parties if and when ratifications of this Convention shall have been deposited with the Pan American Union by at least five of the High Contracting Parties which have agreed to subscribe for at least a total of 145 shares of stock of the Bank. Each deposit of ratification shall be accompanied by the designation of a person to serve on the Organizing Committee of the Bank, which Committee shall meet forthwith after the Convention shall have come into effect as provided herein and proceed with all arrangements necessary for prompt organization of the Bank.

Article VII

Each High Contracting Party shall remain bound under this Convention for one year after such Party ceases to participate in the Bank and ceases to be in any way obligated to the Bank.

Article VIII

This Convention shall remain open to the adherence of American Republics which are not original signatories. The corresponding instruments shall be deposited in the archives of the Pan American Union which shall communicate them to the other High Contracting Parties.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF: the undersigned plenipotentiaries, having deposited their full powers found to be in due and proper form, sign this Convention on behalf of their respective Governments, and affix thereto their seals on the dates appearing opposite their signatures.

JUNE 1940

PROPOSED CHARTER OF THE INTER-AMERICAN BANK

(Such Charter would be granted by an Act of the Congress of the United States of America)

Sec. 1. There is hereby created a body corporate with the name "Inter-American Bank", hereinafter referred to as "the Bank".

Sec. 2. The structure, operations and activities of the Bank shall be as defined by the By-Laws, which are annexed to the Convention relating to the establishment of the Bank. The Bank shall also have all incidental powers necessary and proper to carry out the powers now or hereafter expressly authorized herein or in the By-Laws of the Bank.

Sec. 3. The Bank may begin operations when at least a total of 145 shares of stock of the Bank are subscribed for by at least five governments which have also deposited their ratifications of the aforementioned Convention with the Pan American Union.

Sec. 4. The Bank shall have succession for a period of twenty years from the date of enactment hereof or until such earlier time as it shall be lawfully dissolved. The United States agrees not to repeal or amend this charter except upon the request of the Bank pursuant to a four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors of the Bank. The United States may extend the charter for additional twenty year periods upon the request of the Bank pursuant to a four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors of the Bank.

Sec. 5 Amendments to the By-Laws of the Bank, consistent with the aforementioned Convention, this Charter, and the purposes of the Bank as now set out in Article 5 A of the By-Laws of the Bank, may be adopted by the Bank pursuant to a four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors, provided, however, that Article 5 A of the By-Laws may not be amended, and provided further, that a unanimous vote of the representatives of all the participating governments (and not merely unanimity of the votes cast) shall be required to increase or decrease the minimum holdings of participating governments in the stock of the bank and to amend the provisions of the By-Laws relating to the manner and effect of the making of a timely objection by a participating government. As used in this act four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors shall mean four-fifths of the votes cast.

Sec. 6. The Bank shall have power to adopt, alter and use a corporate seal; and to make such contracts and to acquire, own, hold, use or dispose of such real and personal property, as may be necessary for the transaction of its business.

Sec. 7. The Bank may sue and be sued, complain and defend, in any court of competent jurisdiction. Any civil suit at law or at equity, brought within the United States, its territories and possessions, to which the Bank shall be a party shall be deemed to arise under the laws of the United States, and the district courts of the United States shall have original jurisdiction of all such suits; and the Bank in any such suit may, at any time before the trial thereof, remove such suit into the district court of the United States for the proper district by following the procedure for the removal of causes otherwise provided by law. PROPOSED BY-LAWS OF THE INTER-AMERICAN BANK

Pan American Union, Washington, D. C., April 17, 1940

DRAFT OF BY-LAWS OF THE INTER-AMERICAN BANK

1. Location

The principal office of the Bank shall be in the United States of America and at least one branch or agency of the Bank shall be established in the territory of every other participating government. Additional branches and agencies may also be established.

2. Capital structure and participation

A. The capital stock shall be expressed in United States dollars (hereafter referred to as dollars) and shall be authorized in the amount of \$100,000,000 consisting of 1000 shares having a par value of \$100,000 each, to be paid for in gold or in dollars. Fifty per cent of the issue price of each share shall be paid up at the time of subscription for such share and the balance may be called up at a later date or dates at the discretion of the Board of Directors of the Bank; Provided, however, that with respect to the minimum shares of governments in groups A, B, and C, 25 per cent of the issue price of each share shall be paid up at the time of subscription, an additional 25 per cent of the issue price of such share shall be paid up at the terme of the issue price of such minimum shares within any 12-month period. Three months' notice shall be given of any calling up of any balance on any shares. Upon the formation of the Bank the shares of stock shall be sold at par. Thereafter the issue price of shares shall be fixed by a fourfifths majority vote of the Board of Directors.

B. Stock shall be available for subscription only to the Governments of the American Republics which have subscribed or adhered to the Convention relating to the Bank. For a Government to participate in the Bank it must subscribe for a minimum number of shares, determined in relation to the dollar value of the total foreign trade of each of the American Republics during the year 1938, as follows:

n dollars: uador, El Sal- onduras, Nica- aguay 5 shares
n dollars and ion dollars: public, Guate- ama
on dollars and ion dollars:
n dollars and llion dollars:
on dollars and lion dollars:
on dollars and lion dollars: a and Cuba 30 shares
on dollars and llion dollars: nezuela

Group H: Over 500 million dollars: Argentina, Brazil and United

States of America..... 50 shares

Each participating government may subscribe for stock in addition to the minimum. Where the demand for such additional stock exceeds the amount available for issue by the Bank, such demand will be met on an equal basis from such available shares.

C. Governments of American Republics which do not participate in the Bank at the time of its formation or which shall have at any time ceased to participate in the Bank, shall be permitted to participate in the Bank upon adhering to the Convention relating to the Bank, subscribing for the minimum number of shares, and complying with any other terms and conditions designated in regulations of the Bank.

D. Liability of a shareholder on its shares shall be limited to the issue price of the shares held by it.

E. (1) The shares of stock held by each government shall be security for all the obligations of such government to the Bank and shall not be otherwise pledged or encumbered by the shareholder.

(2) If a government fails to make payment on a share on the day appointed for such payment, the Bank may, after giving reasonable notice to such government, vest in itself title to such share, paying to the defaulting shareholder an amount equal to the fair value of such share as determined by the Bank less any amount which the Bank considers necessary as additional collateral for any outstanding obligation or liability of such government to the Bank. Failure to make payment on a share on the day appointed for such payment shall deprive the defaulting government of its right to exercise a vote in respect of such share so long as such government remains in default, provided that the failure of a government to make payment on the minimum number of shares required to be subscribed by it shall deprive such government of the right to exercise any voting power during the period of default.

(3) If a government defaults on any other obligation to the Bank, the Bank may, after taking reasonable action to realize on any other collateral given to secure such obligation and after giving reasonable notice to such government, vest in itself title to an appropriate number of shares belonging to such government and apply to the defaulted obligation the fair value of such shares, as determined by the Bank. Any amount remaining, less any amount which the Bank considers necessary as additional collateral for any outstanding obligation or liability of such government to the Bank, shall be paid by the Bank to the defaulting government.

(4) If, after a government has had a reasonable opportunity to present its position to the Board of Directors, the Board by a four-fifths majority vote finds that such government has violated any provision of the Convention relating to the Bank, such government shall cease to participate in the Bank, but its obligations and duties with respect to the Bank shall continue and the Bank may vest in itself title to an appropriate number of shares belonging to such government and apply the fair value of such shares as determined by the Bank to compensate the Bank for such damages as the Bank determines it suffered by reason of such violation. Any amount remaining, less any amount which the Bank considers necessary as additional collateral for any outstanding loan or

liability of such government to the Bank shall be paid | for reelection and may be removed for cause at any by the Bank to such government.

F. Shares of stock may be transferred only to the Bank or to other participating governments at a price to be agreed upon between the parties and upon the approval of the transfer by a four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors. If, as a result of the transfer of shares of stock or acquisition by the Bank, or for any other reason, a government holds less than the minimum amount of shares of stock required of it, such government shall cease to participate in the Bank, but its obligations and duties with respect to the Bank shall continue.

G. The capital structure of the Bank, including the number and par value of shares may be increased or decreased by a four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors, except that a unanimous vote of the representatives of all the participating governments (and not merely unanimity of the votes cast) shall be required to increase or decrease the minimum holdings of participating governments.

H. The voting power of the participating governments on the Board of Directors shall be distributed as follows: 20 votes for each government for its minimum shares, and 1 vote for each additional share. However, regardless of the amount of stock owned by it, no government shall have a voting power in excess of 50 per cent of the total voting power of all the other participating governments.

3. Management

A. The administration of the Bank shall be vested in the Board of Directors composed of one director and one alternate appointed by each participating government. Each government shall appoint its director and alternate and any nominee or proxy in a manner to be determined by it. Such director shall serve for a period of two years, subject to the pleas-ure of his government. An alternate and a nominee or proxy shall serve for such period as shall be de-termined by his government. The Bank shall pay such reasonable expenses as are incurred by the directors and alternates and nominees or proxies in attending any meetings of the Board or any com-mittee of the Bank. The voting power held by a participating government shall be exercised by the director and in his absence by the alternate and in the absence of both the director and alternate by the nominee or proxy of such government in such manner as the Board may provide by regulations. The alternate may otherwise participate in the activities of the Board.

B. Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held not less than four times a year and may be held either at the principal or any branch office or at may other city in a participating country as the Board may determine. The president may call special or extraordinary meetings of the Board at any time. All meetings, regular, special or extraordinary, shall be held upon such reasonable notice as the Board may provide by regulations.

C. The Board of Directors shall select a president of the Bank who shall be the chief of the operating staff of the Bank and who also shall be ex-officio chairman of the Board, and one or more vice presidents, who shall be ex-officio vice chairman of the Board. The president and vice presidents of the Bank shall hold office for two years, shall be eligible ernments; the issuance of debentures and other

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time by the Board. The Board of Directors shall determine the order in which vice presidents shall serve as acting president and chairman in the ab-sence of the president. D. The departmental organization of the Bank

shall be determined by the Board of Directors. The heads of departments and other similar officers shall be appointed by the Board on the recommendation of the president. The remainder of the staff shall be appointed by the president.

E. The Board of Directors may also appoint from among its members an executive committee. The Board may at any meeting, by a four-fifths majority vote, authorize the president or the executive committee or any other committee of the Bank to exer-cise any specified powers of the Board; provided, however, that such powers shall be exercised only policies and practices of the Board. The Board may also, by a four-fifths majority vote, delegate to desig-nated officers and committees of the Bank, for such periods as it may determine, power to make loans and extend credit in such small amounts as may be fixed by the Board.

F. The Board of Directors may appoint advisory committees chosen wholly or partially from persons not regularly employed by the Bank.

G. The Board of Directors, within a year after its first meeting, shall by regulations prescribe the re-serves to be established and maintained against demand deposits and other obligations of the Bank and shall prescribe a limitation on the amount of intermediate and long-term assets in relation to capital and surplus; and such regulations shall not be amended, modified or revoked except by a four-fifths majority vote of the Board.

H. Before the Bank finally approves an intermediate or long-term loan or extension of credit, a full written report on the merits of the proposed transaction shall be prepared by a committee of ex-perts which may include persons other than officers and employees of the Bank.

I. Except as herein otherwise provided, decisions of the Board of Directors shall be by simple majority of the votes cast. In the case of equality of votes, the chairman, or in his absence the vice chairman serving in his stead, shall have a deciding vote. When deemed by the president to be in the best interests of the Bank, decisions of the Board may be made, without a meeting, by polling the directors on specific questions submitted to them in such manner as the Board shall by regulations provide. The Board shall by regulations determine what constitutes a quorum for a meeting.

J. Authorization or approval by four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors shall be required for the making and granting of intermediate and long-term loans and credits, including the assumption of the obligation of a guarantor on intermediate and long-term loans and credits; the acquisition and sale of, and dealing in intermediate and long-term obligations and securities; the discounting and re-discounting of intermediate and long-term paper; engaging in bullion and foreign exchange transactions and guaranteeing the availability and the rates of exchange of the currencies of participating gov-

securities and obligations of the Bank; the payment | of interest on deposits of governments, fiscal agencies of interest on deposits of governments, fiscal agencies and political subdivisions thereof and central banks; the selection or removal of a president, the vice presidents, heads of departments and other similar officers of the Bank; the determination of the de-partmental organization of the Bank and of the functions and duties of the officers and principal employees of the Bank and the executive and other committees; the calling up of the balances due on stock; the establishment, creation, change or dis-continuance of the principal office and branches and continuance of the principal office and branches and agencies of the Bank, and for amending the By-Laws, except that Article 5 A of these By-Laws may not be amended, and except that the provisions of these By-Laws relating to the manner and effect of the making of a timely objection by a participating government may not be amended except by a unani-mous vote of the representatives of all the participating governments (and not merely unanimity of the votes cast).

K. Authorization or approval of specified series, classes, groups or other categories of transactions may be made in advance by the Board of Directors by the vote required in such cases by these By-Laws.

4. Accounts and Profits

A. The financial year of the Bank shall end on December 31.

B. The books and accounts of the Bank shall be

expressed in terms of dollars. C. The Bank shall publish an annual report and at least once a month a statement of account in such form as the Board of Directors may prescribe. The Board shall cause to be prepared a profit and loss account and a balance sheet for each financial year. All published documents shall be printed in the official languages of the participating governments. The Board shall designate a committee of Directors to arrange for examination, at least once a year, of the books and accounts of the Bank by competent ex-perts to be selected by the committee. D. The yearly net profits of the Bank shall be applied as follows:

- 1. Not less than 25 per cent of such net profits shall be paid into surplus until the surplus is equal in amount to the par value of the authorized capital stock of the Bank.
- 2. The remainder of such net profits shall be applied towards the payment of a dividend of not more than 3 per cent per annum on the paid up amount of the stock of the Bank; provided, and no dividends shall be paid so long as the capital of the Bank is impaired.
- 3. The balance of such profits shall be paid into surplus and be designated a dividend reserve.

E. The Board of Directors by a four-fifths majority vote may declare dividends out of the dividend reserve in surplus of the Bank, provided, however, that total dividends in any one year, including divi-dends paid pursuant to paragraph D2 above, shall not be more than 3 per cent of the paid-up amount of the stock.

F. The Bank may not be liquidated except by a four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors. Upon liquidation of the Bank and after discharge of or in part as to principal or interest.

all the liabilities of the Bank, the assets remaining shall be divided among the shareholders.

G. The shares shall carry equal rights to partici-pate in the profits of the Bank and in any distributions of assets upon liquidation of the Bank.

5. Purposes and Powers

A. The Bank is created by the American Republics

to carry out the following purposes: (1) Facilitate the prudent investment of funds and stimulate the full productive use of capital and credit.

(2) Assist in stabilizing the currencies of American Republics; encourage general direct exchanges the maintenance of adequate monetary reserves; promote the use and distribution of gold and silver; and facilitate monetary equilibrium.

(3) Function as a clearing house for, and in other ways facilitate, the transfer of international payments.

(4) Increase international trade, travel and exchange of services in the Western Hemisphere.

(5) Promote the development of industry, public utilities, mining, agriculture, commerce and finance in the Western Hemisphere.

(6) Foster cooperation among the American Republics in the fields of agriculture, industry, public utilities, mining, marketing, commerce, transporta-tion and related economic and financial matters.

(7) Encourage and promote research in the technology of agriculture, industry, public utilities, mining and commerce.

(8) Engage in research and contribute expert advice on problems of public finance, exchange, banking and money as they relate specifically to the problems of American Republics.

(9) Promote publication of data and information relating to the purposes of the Bank.

B. In order to carry out the foregoing purposes, the Bank shall have specific power to:

(1) Make and grant short-term, intermediate and long-term loans and credits in any currency and in precious metals to participating governments and to fiscal agencies, central banks, political subdivisions and nationals thereof; provided that any such loan or credit having a maturity exceeding two years to any such fiscal agency, central bank, political sub-division or national shall be guaranteed by the gov-ernment thereof, and provided further that any such loan or credit having a maturity not exceeding two years shall not be made or granted by the Bank to any such fiscal agency, central bank, political sub-division or national if the government thereof makes a timely objection.

(2) Buy, sell, hold and deal in the obligations and securities of any participating government and of fiscal agencies, central banks, political subdivisions and nationals thereof, unless such government makes a timely objection to the purchase thereof; provided that such obligations and securities having maturities exceeding two years as are not the direct liability of such government are guaranteed by such government; and provided, further, that the Bank shall not buy obligations and securities that are in default in whole

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(3) Guarantee in whole or in part credits and loans made from any source to any participating government and to fiscal agencies, central banks, political subdivisions and nationals thereof, provided that such credits and loans having maturities exceeding two years as are not direct obligations of such government are guaranteed by such government, and provided further that such credits and loans having maturities not exceeding two years as are not direct obligations of such government shall not be guaranteed by the Bank if such government makes a timely objection.

(4) Act as a clearing house of funds, balances, checks, drafts and acceptances.

(5) Buy, sell, hold and deal in precious metals, currencies and foreign exchange for its own account and for the account of others; provided, however, that no such transaction shall be entered into with a fiscal agency, central bank, political subdivision, or national of a participating government, if such government makes a timely objection; and guarantee the availability and the rates of exchange of the currencies of participating governments.

(6) Issue or sell debentures and other securities and obligations of the Bank to obtain assets for the purposes of the Bank, provided that such debentures and other securities and obligations shall not be issued or sold by the Bank in the territory of any participating government which makes a timely objection. The Bank may also borrow in any other manner from participating governments, and from political subdivisions and banking institutions thereof unless the government of the lender makes a timely objection.

(7) Accept demand, time, and custody deposits and accounts from others, including participating governments and fiscal agencies, central banks, political subdivisions and nationals thereof unless the participating government makes a timely objection; provided that the Bank shall pay interest, if any, only on deposits of governments, fiscal agencies and political subdivisions thereof and central banks.

(8) Discount and rediscount bills, acceptances and other obligations and instruments of credit of participating governments and fiscal agencies, central banks, political subdivisions and nationals thereof, provided that such paper having maturity exceeding two years as is not the direct obligation of such government is guaranteed by the government, and provided further that such paper having a maturity not exceeding two years as is not the direct obligation of such government shall not be discounted or rediscounted by the Bank if such government makes a timely objection.

(9) Rediscount with any government, fiscal agency or banking institution bills, acceptances and instruments of credit taken from the Bank's portfolio; provided, however, that the Bank may not rediscount with a fiscal agency or a banking institution in the territory of a participating government which makes a timely objection.

(10) Open and maintain demand, time, and custody deposits and accounts with governments and banking institutions and arrange with governments and banking institutions to act as agent or correspondent for the Bank, unless such banking institution is situated in the territory of a participating government and such government makes a timely objection.

(11) Act as agent or correspondent for any participating government and for fiscal agencies, central banks and political subdivisions thereof, unless the government makes a timely objection.

(12) Engage in financial and economic studies and publish reports thereof.

(13) Buy, sell and deal in cable transfers, accept bills and drafts drawn upon the Bank, and issue letters of credit; all subject to the limitations herein provided with respect to loans, extensions of credit, discounting and rediscounting of paper, and dealing in obligations and securities.

(14) Adopt, alter and use a corporate seal; acquire, own, hold, use or dispose of such real and personal property as may be necessary for the transaction of its business; and make contracts subject to the limitations herein provided.
(15) Exercise incidental powers necessary and

(15) Exercise incidental powers necessary and proper to carry out the powers expressly authorized herein.

C. The Board of Directors shall determine the nature of the operations which may be undertaken by the Bank in the exercise of its powers and in order to effectuate its purposes. The operations of the Bank shall at all times be conducted in conformity with the laws of the territory where the Bank is acting and, so far as possible, be conducted in conformity with the policies of the participating government directly concerned.

6. Interpretations and Definitions.

As used herein:

A. Four-fifths majority vote of the Board of Directors shall mean four-fifths of the votes cast.

B. "Short-term" shall mean a period less than one year; "intermediate" shall mean a period from one to five years; and "long-term" shall mean a period longer than five years; and the period applicable to any outstanding obligation shall be the period remaining to its maturity rather than the period from its issuance to maturity.

C. A government shall be deemed to make a timely objection only if such government, after its director is notified by the Bank of the Bank's proposed action or course of action, presents to the Bank within the reasonable period of time fixed by the Board, through such government's director, alternate, nominee or proxy its objection to such action or course of action. The Bank shall notify the directors representing the governments concerned when the Bank contemplates action or a course of action as to which provision for such timely objection is made in these By-Laws.

N connection with the call reports as of De- Automobile loans accounted for \$388 million cember 30, 1939, a special report of retail installment loans held on December 30, 1939 was called for by the Federal bank supervisory agencies—the Comptroller of the Currency for national banks, the Board of Governors for State member banks, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for insured nonmember banks. Reported figures were "the unpaid balances of all installment loans arising from the retail sale of, and secured by, automobiles, household appliances, furniture, clothing, jewelry, etc.; i.e., retail installment paper purchased from or rediscounted for dealers and finance companies and installment loans made directly to individuals to finance the purchase of, and secured by, such goods". The figures do not include loans made to dealers and finance companies on their own notes even if secured by the pledge of installment paper, nor installment loans made directly to individuals for purposes other than the purchase of goods. Because of its relative importance, automobile installment paper was reported apart from the other types of retail installment paper. The retail installment loans of all insured commercial banks by States and geographic divisions and for 25 leading cities are shown in the tables on pages 586-587 of this BULLETIN.

Of the 13,498 insured commercial banks from which reports were received, 10,382 or 77 per cent of the total held \$541 million of retail installment loans. This is 1.4 per cent of total loans and investments of these banks and 5 per cent of all their so-called customer loans, i.e. of all loans other than open market paper, real estate loans, and land, New York, Illinois, Delaware, Kentucky, loans for purchasing and carrying securities. and Louisiana.

or almost 72 per cent of all retail installment loans.

Banks in the smaller localities held relatively larger amounts of installment paper than the large city banks. As shown in the following table, insured nonmember banks reported retail installment loans equal to 9.0 per cent of their customer loans, "country" member banks 6.3 per cent, reserve city member banks 4.8 per cent, and central reserve city member banks 1.9 per cent.

Although automobile loans are a very large part of retail installment loans their importance varies widely from place to place. Automobile installment loans were 80 per cent of the retail installment loans of insured nonmember banks but were less than 25 per cent at central reserve city member banks. As shown in the table on page 587 the larger cities, particularly those on the Eastern seaboard, reported relatively smaller amounts of automobile installment loans; in the smaller cities, particularly in the Mid-west and Western areas, automobile loans were very large parts of the totals.

Retail installment loans were reported by banks in all sections of the country, but they were relatively most important in the Pacific States where they amounted to more than 12 per cent of customer loans. The States of Nevada, Oregon, California, Michigan, New Mexico, and Indiana reported retail installment loans of more than 10 per cent of customer loans. At the other extreme retail installment loans were 3 per cent or less of customer loans in Massachusetts, Rhode Is-

	Number	of banks	Retail (In th	Ratio of			
Classes of banks		Report- ing no retail in- stallment paper	Total	Arising from retail sales of and secured by automotive vehicles	sales of and secured by	total in- stallment paper to customer loans ¹	
All insured commercial bankstotal	10, 382	3, 116	541, 367	387, 647	153, 720	5. 1	
Member banks—total	5, 021	1, 330	400, 695	274, 758	125, 937	4.4	
Central reserve city banks Other reserve city banks Country banks	18 271 4, 732	32 85 1, 213	51, 065 169, 276 180, 354	12, 366 122, 564 139, 828	38, 699 46, 712 40, 526	1.9 4.8 6.3	
Insured nonmember banks-total	5, 361	1, 786	140, 672	112, 889	27, 783	9.0	

RETAIL INSTALLMENT PAPER HELD BY INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS

[By classes of insured commercial banks, December 30, 1939]

1 "Customer loans" as used here consists of total loans less open market paper, real estate loans, and loans for purchasing or carrying securities.

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Member Bank Operating Ratios, 1939

A VERAGES of operating ratios of member banks for 1939, grouped by Federal Reserve districts, by size of bank, and by proportionate holdings of time deposits, are presented on pages 588-601 of this BULLETIN. These averages of member bank operating ratios are intended to reflect the operating experience of so-called "typical" member banks in the various groupings, and differ from corresponding percentages based on totals of dollar amounts published in the May BULLETIN.

Comparison of the averages for all member banks with similar averages available for the two preceding years shows that the rate of net current earnings on capital accounts was practically unchanged, but that the excess of charge-offs over the total of recoveries and of profits on securities sold declined, with the result that the average rate of net profits on capital accounts was higher in 1939 than in either 1937 or 1938. The average rate of interest on loans was unchanged from 1937 through 1939, while that on securities declined somewhat.

The average ratio of net profits to combined capital accounts shown in the table below was 6.6 per cent in 1937 and 7.0 per cent in 1939, whereas the ratio of aggregate profits of all member banks to capital, shown in the chart on page 395 of the May BUL-LETIN, was 6.3 per cent in both 1937 and 1939. These differences reflect the fact that net profits were considerably higher in 1939 than in 1937 at small banks and moderately higher at most other banks but were proportionately lower at the very large banks. Percentages based on the aggregate figures reflect primarily the experience of those banks in each group whose figures are largest. Among the 6,300 member banks, for example, the 100 largest account for approximately half of aggregate dollar earnings. In the present analysis equal weight is given the ratios of each bank-regardless of its sizeand the figures may therefore be said to indicate the typical operating characteristics of banks, particularly when broken down by size groups, more nearly than other similar figures based on aggregates, since the influence of the many small and medium-sized banks in the averages here shown is much greater than it is in aggregate dollar amounts and ratios based on them.

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Comparisons with previous years.—In 1939, as in 1938, interest on loans accounted for an increasing proportion of the total income received by member banks, and interest on securities continued to decline. As shown in the table below, the average ratio of interest on loans to total earnings for all member banks was about 55 per cent in 1939, compared with 50 per cent in 1937, and the ratio of income from securities to total earnings was 30 per cent, compared with 35 per

SELECTED OPERATING RATIOS-MEMBER BANKS

[Percentage figures; averages of individual bank ratios]

Item	1937	1938	1939
Ratios to total earnings:			
Interest and discount on loans	49.7	52. 2 32. 3	54.5
Interest and dividends on securities Service charges	34.8	32.3 5.2	29.8 5.4
All other earnings	} 15.5{	10.3	10. 3
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages	28.1	28.9	29. 2
Interest on time deposits	19.1	18.3	17.1
All other expenses	25.6	24.6	25. 2
Total expenses	72.8	71.8	71. 5
Net earnings	27.2	28.2	28.5
Net charge-offs, etc	5.8	r9.8	4.6
Net profits	21.4	r18.4	23.9
Ratios to total capital accounts:			
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	8.6	r8.7	8.6
Net charge-offs, etc	2.0	3.1	1.6
Net profits	6.6	5.6	7.0
Ratios to total assets:1			
Total earnings	3.9	4.0	3.8
Total expenses	2.8	2.9	2.7
Net earnings	1.1	1.1	1, 1
Net charge-offs, etc	.2	.4	.2
Net profits	.9	.7	. 9
Loans	(2)	34.2	34.7
Securities	(2)	35.7	32, 5
Total capital accounts	(2)	14.2	13.9

¹ For the years 1937 and 1938 these ratios are to total available funds (i. e., capital accounts, deposits, and borrowed money) instead of total assets. The effect of this difference on the averages shown is negligible. ³ Not computed. r Revised.

cent in the earlier year. This shift resulted partly from a decline in the average rate of income from securities. It appears that another influence has been a moderate increase in the average proportion of loans to total assets.¹

¹Average ratios of loans and securities to total assets were not computed for 1937, but it is estimated that the average of loan holdings rose from 1937 to 1938, while security holdings declined. Since the increased loan holdings in both 1938 and 1939 were not participated in by the very large banks as a group, the rise is not reflected in the total dollar amounts reported for member banks (as for example those shown on page 465 of the May 1940 BULLETN).

The following table shows that the average rates of income, both gross and net, received by member banks on their loans did not change during 1937-1939. However, the average rate of interest income from securities declined slightly over this period. The rate of interest on loans averaged 6.2 per cent for all member banks in each of the three years, and the rate of net return on loans (after allowing for charge-offs and recoveries) was likewise constant at 5.9 per cent. Interest on securities was at an average rate of 3.3 per cent in 1939, as compared with 3.4 per cent in 1938 and 3.5 per cent in 1937. In 1939 recoveries on securities and profits on securities sold exceeded charge-offs on securities by a larger amount than in 1937; in 1938 there was an excess of charge-offs.

INCOME RATES ON LOANS AND SECURITIES-MEMBER BANKS

[Percentage figures: averages of individual bank ratios]

Item	1937	1938	1939
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	6.2	6.2	6.2
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	(1) (1)	.5 .8	.5
Net charge-offs on loans	. 3	. 3	. 3
Net return on loans	5.9	5.9	5.9
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	· 3.5	3.4	3. 3
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	(1) (1).7	.2 .8 1.2	.4 1.1 1.1
Net charge-offs on securities ²	+.2	.2	+.4
Net return on securities	3.7	3.2	3. 7

¹ Not computed. ² A plus indicates net recoveries, etc.

Regional comparisons.-With minor exceptions, it appears that the operating ratios of banks located in the various Federal Reserve districts keep about the same relationships year after year. This is also true as among banks in different size groups. The persistence of these relationships suggests that the differences are not the result of acci-Differences in average dental influences. asset holdings of banks in various parts of the country, as well as in various size groups and time deposit groups, are shown in the chart on the following page. Some of the wide geographic variations in the operating characteristics of banks are brought out by the table on page 588, which shows averages of the operating ratios for 1939, by Federal ²Similar averages for 1937 were published on p. 682 of the Aug. 1938 BULLETIN and for 1938 on p. 481 of the June 1939 BULLETIN.

Reserve districts.¹ For example, banks in the Southern and Western districts on the whole are shown to have smaller than average proportions of their assets in securities, with larger than average loan holdings and also larger holdings of cash assets. Banks in these areas have higher than average rates of earnings and profits in relation to both capital accounts and total assets, which reflect among other things their larger income from loans, lower time deposit holdings with consequently smaller interest expense, and smaller than average rates of net charge-offs on assets. Banks in the Northeastern and East North Central areas earn at lower rates than the nation-wide average, notwithstanding their relatively large holdings of earning assets, partly because their assets—particularly loans-are of a lower-yield character. Average rates of net profits on total capital accounts are relatively high in the South and West and lower in the North and Northeast. Dividend rates vary somewhat similarly among Federal Reserve districts.

Size-of-bank comparisons.—The table on page 589 shows averages of the 1939 ratios of banks grouped by amounts of total deposits ² and by proportions of time deposits. On the succeeding pages these averages are shown for the member banks in each Federal Reserve district separately. From the sizeof-bank classification of the figures it is seen that the ratios of earnings, expenses, net charge-offs, and net profits to total assets were consistently lower for large banks than for small banks. The higher earnings rates on total assets of small and medium-sized banks reflect both higher rates of interest income on loans and securities and larger proportionate holdings of loans. As compared with capital accounts, the net earnings and net profits of banks in the smallest, as well as the largest, size group were lower than for banks in other size groups. This results from the much larger proportion of capital to assets in the smallest size group. Net chargeoffs, etc. (i.e., the difference between net earnings and net profits, representing the excess or deficiency of charge-offs over the total of recoveries and of profits on securities sold), whether related to total assets, capital accounts, or total earnings, were highest for

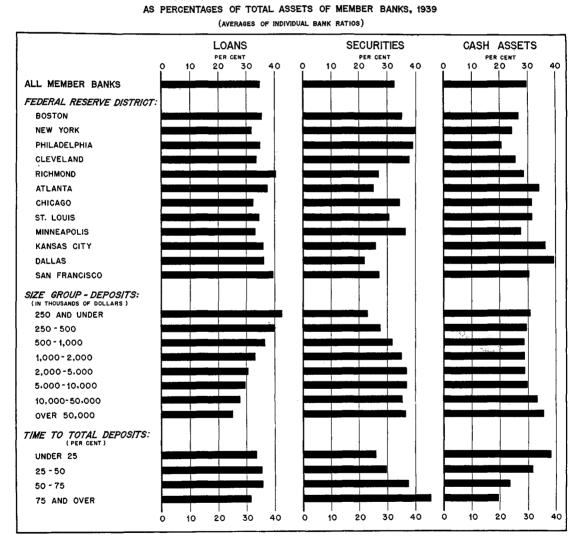
¹ Average ratios for 1937, by Federal Reserve districts and by size groups by Federal Reserve districts, were published on pp. 689-696 of the August 1938 BULLETIN. Similar averages for 1938

small banks and tended to decline as the size | with large time deposit holdings. The banks of banks increased. The larger profits obtained by large banks from the sale of securities accounted in part for this tendency.

Comparisons by proportionate holdings of time deposits.—So far as the influence of proportionate holdings of time deposits can be appraised apart from the influences of geographic location and size of bank, the following conclusions seem to be deducible from the figures. Except for a few large banks in tral areas than elsewhere, and are more typithe money market cities, large proportionate cal of medium-sized than of either small or holdings of securities tend to be associated very large banks.

with relatively large time deposits have less salary expense, but, as would be expected, more interest expense than banks with small proportions of time deposits. Rates of net earnings and net profits average lowest at the banks that have large proportions of time deposit holdings.

Large proportionate time deposit holdings are more common in Eastern and North Cen-



LOANS, SECURITIES, AND CASH ASSETS

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Commercial Banks Eligible and Ineligible for Federal Reserve Membership

mercial banks ¹ with deposits of \$56,754,000,- higher capital requirements than banks with-000 in operation in the United States. Member banks of the Federal Reserve System numbered 6.362 and had deposits of \$49,340,-000.000. Outside the Federal Reserve System. there were 7,983 commercial banks with deposits of \$7,414,000,000. Member banks constituted 44 per cent of the number and held 87 per cent of the deposits of all operating commercial banks as of the end of 1939.

An analysis was made as of December 31, 1939 in order to determine how many of the 7,983 nonmember commercial banks had sufficient capital for Federal Reserve membership. Detailed statistics showing the results of this analysis are given in tables on pages 602-606 of this BULLETIN. It was found that 5,209 banks with deposits of \$5,994,000,000 had sufficient capital stock to meet the minimum statutory requirements for membership in the Federal Reserve System and 2,774 with deposits of \$1,420,000,000 had less than the minimum amount required.

In order to be eligible for membership in the Federal Reserve System, banks are required to have varying amounts of capital. depending upon the size of the place in which located. Except for banks located in places with a population of 3,000 or less, these capital requirements are the same as for the organization of national banks. Both national and State member banks operating branches outside their respective head office cities established after February 25, 1927, the date

At the end of 1939 there were 14,345 com- of the McFadden Act, are subject to special out such branches. All of these requirements are set forth in detail in the Board's Regulation H.²

> Of the 5,209 banks with sufficient capital for Federal Reserve membership, 4,870 were insured banks; and of the 2,774 banks with capital insufficient for Federal Reserve membership, 2,279 were insured. About 3,700 of the 5,209 banks eligible for membership on the basis of capital stock were on the Federal Reserve par list and about 1,500 were non-par banks. The 2,774 banks with capital stock insufficient for Federal Reserve membership consisted of 1,701 banks on the par list and 1,073 banks not on the par list. The analysis also shows that, of the total of 2,774 banks with capital stock less than the minimum requirements for membership, 429 were operating branches outside their respective head office cities and, accordingly, were subject to the higher capital requirements applicable to such banks.

> The distribution of nonmember banks by amount of deposits shows that of the 5,209 banks with capital sufficient for membership, 1,089 had deposits of \$1,000,000 or more and 164 had deposits of \$5,000,000 or more. The banks with capital stock insufficient for membership were, of course, smaller banks: of the 2,774 ineligible banks, 2,357 had deposits of less than \$1,000,000. The distribution of the 2,774 ineligible banks by amount of capital stock shows that 573 had capital stock of less than \$15,000 and 1,674 had capital stock of less than \$25,000, the minimum required for Federal Reserve membership.

¹Comprises national banks, State member banks, other State banks, Morris Plan : nd other industrial banks, and trust com-panies (a few of which have no deposits). Does not include 551 mutual savings banks, 63 private banks, 10 branches of foreign banks, 44 cash depositories (in South Carolina), and 21 inactive banks and miscellaneous financial institutions some-times included in State banking statistics.

² Certain provisions of Regulation H relating to the amounts of capital required for Federal Reserve membership are quoted in footnote 6 on page 606.

From the Board's Correspondence

THE character and volume of inquiries addressed to the Board in recent years reflect the public's growing interest in problems related to money and banking. The inquiries cover a wide range of subjects representing many points of view, and it is believed that some of the questions raised, together with the Board's replies, may be of interest to the readers of the BULLETIN. Selections for publication are made on the basis of frequency of inquiry, timeliness, and importance of subject matter.

Utilization of the Monetary Gold Stock

In last month's issue of the Federal Reserve BULLETIN there was reprinted a letter written by the Chairman of the Board of Governors to Senator Carter Glass on the subject of ownership of the monetary gold stock. In view of the public's interest in the gold problem as reflected in an increasing volume of inquiries addressed to the Board on the subject, it seems desirable to publish also the following account of the transactions by which gold becomes the property of the United States and is put to monetary use.

THE process by which the Treasury acquires gold and puts it into use involves a number of technical steps, partly the result of custom, partly the result of law and regulation. Reduced to simple terms they are as follows:

1. The Treasury receives the gold—usually at a United States Assay Office or Mint—and issues a check in payment for it.

2. The check is deposited by the seller of the gold at his bank, which gives him credit in his deposit account.

3. The bank deposits the check in the Federal Reserve Bank and receives credit in its reserve account.

4. The Federal Reserve Bank charges the check to the balance which the Treasury maintains with it.

5. The Treasury replenishes this balance by crediting gold certificates to the Federal Reserve Bank in exchange for deposit credit.

At the conclusion of these five steps the out still again and to pass on successively matter stands as follows: The Treasury has possession of the gold; bank deposits and of the constant stream of payments flowing

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In last month's issue of the Federal Rerve BULLETIN there was reprinted a letter ritten by the Chairman of the Board of by biget of ownership of the monetary gold ock. In view of the public's interest in the

The purchase of the gold has cost the Treasury nothing, for after the transaction it has the same amount in its checking balance that it had before. It has not borrowed an additional cent. It has acquired the gold and it has put the gold to use. It has put the gold to use not by paying it out in the form of coin, not by depositing it in the Federal Reserve Bank, but by the use of credits based upon it payable in gold certificates, and in exchange for these credits representing the monetary equivalent of the gold, the Treasury is credited on the books of the Federal Reserve Banks with funds to check against. The Treasury transfers these funds by check to those to whom it has payments to maketo farmers, Government employees, suppliers, contractors, and others. The use of the gold continues so long as the funds to which the gold gives rise are in existence, no matter in whose hands the funds may be.

The net effect of these operations is the same as if currency were issued against the gold and paid out into circulation either directly by the Government or indirectly through the banking system. Most Americans prefer to deposit their funds with banks and draw checks against them. When checked out, the funds are redeposited to be checked out still again and to pass on successively from depositor to depositor, to become part of the constant stream of payments flowing to person after person through bank after and the reserve balances they owe their mem-They become part of the constantly bank.

Meanwhile, beneath this volume of circulating funds by means of which the country's monetary payments are being effected lies the gold stock of the United States, safeguarded in the Treasury's vaults. Its monetary value is represented by the gold certificates credited by the Treasury to the Federal valuable property of the United States while Reserve Banks. These gold certificate credits it continues to perform its function as reconstitute Federal Reserve Bank assets be- serves behind the circulating currency and hind the Federal Reserve notes they issue bank deposits of the public.

ber banks. These reserve balances are mainshifting, circulating deposits of banks stand-ing in the names of the millions of bank de-positors in the United States. tained with the Federal Reserve Banks as member banks have behind the deposits they owe their customers.

Gold therefore is as fully utilized while held in the Treasury's vaults as it would be were it actually paid out. Its being "buried in the ground" does not mean that it is unused but that it is being safeguarded as

Effect of Margin Requirements on Customer's Position

ments require stockbrokers to sell customers' securities?"

HE margin requirements prescribed by the Board apply to the buying of securities, but once a purchase has been made and the broker has obtained the required margin from the customer, the Board's regulation does not under any circumstances require the broker to sell the customer's securities.

The margin requirements of the Board are contained in its Regulations T and U, both of which were issued pursuant to the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Regulation T is applicable to brokers, dealers, and members of national securities exchanges, and Regulation U is applicable to Both regulations prescribe the banks. amount of margin which the person subject thereto must obtain from the purchasers of securities to whom they extend credit for this purpose. This margin must be obtained under Regulation T within a prescribed period after the purchase is made, and it is only in the event that it is not deposited before the end of that period that any securities are required by the regulation to be sold. In this event, the regulation requires that securities be sold in an amount sufficient to release to the customer's account the margin amount by which the value of the securities which he failed to deposit, and supporting purchased may decline after their purchase rules have been adopted by the leading securi- before the broker or bank will feel called

"When do the Board's margin require-|ties exchanges that are designed to limit the number of such cases.

> The Board has not prescribed the amount of margin which brokers or banks must maintain in their customers' accounts after the initial margin has been deposited. So far as the Board's regulations are concerned, a broker or bank, once having obtained the margin initially required to be deposited, need not call for any additional margin from customers even though declines in the market value of the customers' securities result in the impairment of margins.

> Brokers and banks for their own protection usually have maintenance margin requirements of their own, which are usually considerably less than the initial margin required by the Board's regulations. In order to prevent loss to themselves on accounts or on loans, it is their practice to demand additional margin from their customers when the margins are reduced below a point that they themselves consider to be entirely safe and, unless the additional margin is obtained, to sell securities and reduce the loan.

> The difference between the amount of margin prescribed by the Board's regulations on new purchases of securities and the amount of margin commonly required by brokers and banks for their own protection is sometimes referred to as the "cushion". This is the

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upon, for its own protection, to demand addi- requirements prescribed by the Board under this tional margin. This amount may differ considerably in different cases, since standards of maintenance may differ from broker to broker or from bank to bank, but is at present frequently as much as 20 per cent of the original cost of the securities.

The principal provisions of Regulation T that are relevant to this question are sections 7(b) and 7(e) which are given below:

"(b) Maintenance of credit. Except as otherwise specifically forbidden by this regulation, any credit initially extended without violation of this regulation may be maintained regardless of (1) reductions in the customer's equity resulting from changes in mar-ket prices, (2) the fact that any security in an account ceases to be registered or exempted, and (3) property held as collateral for any loan or credit any change in the maximum loan values or margin extended by him."

regulation. In maintaining any such credit, the creditor may accept or retain for his own protection additional collateral of any description, including un-registered securities."

"(e) Additional requirements by exchanges and creditors. Nothing in this regulation shall (1) prevent any exchange from adopting and enforcing any rule or regulation further restricting the time or manner in which its members must obtain initial or additional margin in customers' accounts because of transactions effected in such accounts, or requiring such members to secure or maintain higher margins, or further restricting the amount of credit which may be extended or maintained by them, or (2) modify or restrict the right of any creditor to require additional security for the maintenance of any credit, to refuse to extend credit, or to sell any securities or

Current Events

National Defense Advisory Commission

On May 30 the President of the United States appointed a National Defense Advisory Commission for the purpose of expediting and coordinating production, distribution and transportation of the nation's resources in preparation for any emergency the United States may face as the result of war abroad. The members of the Commission are William S. Knudsen, President of General Motors Corporation; Edward R. Stettinius, Jr., previously Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation; Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union; Chester C. Davis, member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Ralph Budd, President of the Chi-cago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad; Leon Henderson, member of the Securities and Exchange Commission; Miss Harriet Elliott, Dean of Women at the University of North Carolina. Temporary offices for the Commission have been provided in the Federal Reserve Building in Washington.

Meeting of the Federal Advisory Council

The second meeting of the Federal Advisory Council during the current year was held in Washington on May 19-21. On May 20 and 21 the members of the Council met with the Board of Governors for discussion of various matters which the Council had under consideration.

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Meeting of the Presidents' Conference

The Presidents of all Federal Reserve Banks met in Washington on May 27 for the purpose of discussing subjects relating to the operations of the Federal Reserve Banks.

Meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee

The Federal Open Market Committee held its second meeting of the year in Washington on May 27 and 28 at which consideration was given to the open market policies of the System in the light of current conditions affecting the securities market.

Resignation of Branch Director

The Board of Governors on May 18, 1940, accepted the resignation of George S. Harris as a director of the Charlotte Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond. Mr. Harris, who tendered his resignation because he ceased to be a resident of the territory served by the Charlotte Branch, had served as a director of that Branch since his appointment by the Board on December 31, 1936. Previously Mr. Harris had served as a Class C director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta during the period January 1, 1928-July 22, 1933.

Death of Managing Director

Ralph H. Buss, Managing Director of the Detroit Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago since July 1, 1934, died on May 26, 1940.

Admissions of State Banks to Membership in the Federal Reserve System

The following State banks have been admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period January 1, 1940 to May 15, 1940, inclusive.

Alabama

Montgomery-Union Bank & Trust Company.

Illinois

Dupo—Dupo State Savings Bank. Mounds—The First State Bank of Mounds.

Indiana

Berne—First Bank of Berne. Bloomfield—Bloomfield State Bank. Linden—Linden State Bank.

Oldenburg—The Farmers and Merchants State Bank.

Pendleton—The Pendleton Banking Co. Roachdale—Roachdale Bank and Trust Com-

Roachdale—Roachdale Bank and Trust Company.

Scottsburg-The Scott County State Bank.

Kansas

Kinsley-The Kinsley Bank.

Michigan

Bark River—The Bark River State Bank. Caledonia—The State Bank of Caledonia. Morrice—The Morrice State Bank.

Minnesota

Sleepy Eye-State Bank of Sleepy Eye.

Missouri

California—The Farmers and Traders Bank of California, Mo. Crane—The Bank of Crane.

Keytesville—Bank of Keytesville.

New Jersey

Egg Harbor City—Egg Harbor City Trust Company.

New York

Nyack-Nyack Bank and Trust Company.

Wadesboro-The Bank of Wadesboro. Ohio Arlington-The Farmers and Merchants Bank Company. Bowling Green-The Bank of Wood County Company. Canton-The First Trust & Savings Bank of Canton. Lorain-The City Bank Company. Marblehead-Marblehead Bank Company. Minerva—The Minerva Banking Company. The Minerva Savings & Bank Company. Mount Sterling—The Sterling State Bank. New Knoxville—The Peoples Savings Bank. Pennsylvania Paradise-State Bank of Paradise. South Dakota Sioux Falls-Union Savings Bank. TexasBrenham-Washington County State Bank. Dumas-First State Bank. Kerrville-First State Bank. Monahans—First State Bank. Muleshoe—Muleshoe State Bank. Rankin—The First State Bank of Rankin. Roby—Citizens State Bank. Spur—Spur Security Bank. Talpa—The First State Bank.

North Carolina

Virginia

Christiansburg-Bank of Christiansburg. Waynesboro-The Citizens-Waynesboro Bank and Trust Company.

Washington Ridgefield—Ridgefield State Bank.

West Virginia Quinwood—The Bank of Quinwood. Union—The Bank of Monroe.

Wisconsin Menomonie—The Kraft State Bank.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

Foreign Banking Laws and Reports

Annual Report of the Bank of France

for the year ending December 21, 1939, was submitted to the general meeting of stockholders on January 31, 1940. The main text of the address of the Governor of the Bank, M. Pierre Fournier, is given in translation herewith: 1

At the moment when, for the second time within a quarter century, France found herself forced to take up arms, she began to reap the fruits of the strenuous effort which she had undertaken to restore her economy and her finances, to stabilize her currency, and to speed the adjustment of her activities to the new conditions created by the events of recent years. Important results were achieved; they contributed largely to the power of resistance which the country was to demonstrate in the face of the difficulties involved in the mobilization and the first months of hostilities.

The franc and the exchanges.---These results were to appear first and almost immediately in the monetary field, sensitive above all to influences of a psychological nature. Beginning in November 1938, the foreign exchange market confirmed the movement of confidence inspired, at home as well as beyond our borders, by the new recovery program which the Government had just outlined, and by the energy of the actions which immediately followed. From that time on, the franc showed a firmness which continued to increase during the first eight months of 1939.

Rates on the pound sterling, without having at any time exceeded the figure of 179 francs which the President of the Council assigned in May 1938 as the limit of depreciation of the franc, reached a level in November of the same year somewhat above

The annual report of the Bank of France 178 francs. In January 1939, the monthly average fell to 177.03; thereafter it experienced a small but continuous decline, partly in response to the movements which affected the British exchange on the New York market; by August the average had dropped to 176.42. The dollar, which in the autumn of 1938 had reached the peak rate of 38.46, in January moved between a maximum of 38.17, and a minimum of 37.811/2; from then until the eve of the war it fluctuated only within narrow limits, the monthly average becoming stabilized from February on between 37.77 and 37.74. The slightness of these variations testifies to the stability attained by our currency in relation to gold.

This trend was paralleled on the forward exchange market, relieved of all speculative activity from November on. The threemonths' discount on the pound and the dollar, which had risen to 18.4 per cent and 19.2 per cent respectively on October 4, 1938, declined in November and December to considerably more moderate levels. During the first eight months of the year 1939, the discount on the pound ranged between 2.1 per cent and parity, even reaching a premium at times; for the dollar the discount only once touched 4.7 per cent and on some days fell below 1 per cent.

The disappearance of the abnormal differences between the spot and forward rates emphasized the entirely spontaneous character of the improvement which occurred in the position of the franc. The Stabilization Fund, which has endeavored, as in preceding years, to moderate the fluctuations of the market, has repeatedly found its interventions rewarded by a return flow of gold, the result of the movement which since November 1938 has brought capital back to France. During this entire period, indeed, the inflow of capital did not cease: the grave political events which have repeatedly disturbed the interna-

¹The report, available in French, contains in addition a section on personnel and tables showing the operations of the Bank in detail. Brief passages relating to administration of the Bank, war service of the staff, etc., have been omitted from the trans-lation. For earlier reports see BULLETIN for April 1939, 1938, 1937, March 1936, etc.

several European countries, have sometimes retarded the flow; they have never stopped it for long. In the absence of statistics concerning the capital thus repatriated, it is possible to make a rough estimate of its volume from the movements of the gold reserve of the Stabilization Fund. From the end of October to the end of December 1938 it showed net receipts amounting to 8,700,000,-000 francs; for the period from January 1, 1939, to the end of August, net receipts were more than 17,000,000,000 francs.

To absorb quantities of gold which exceeded its original resources, the Stabilization Fund found a supplementary supply of liquid funds in the advances without interest which the Treasury was authorized to grant to it, and in the proceeds of temporary sales of bullion to the Fund for the Support of Rentes. It proceeded on the other hand, for similar reasons, to sell to the Bank in April a quantity of gold equivalent to 5,000,000,000 francs; another sale of equal amount was made at the end of July. Consequently our reserve which, since November 14, 1938, had appeared on the balance sheet as 87,264,000,-000 francs, rose to 97,266,000,000 francs. At the outbreak of war, it represented a weight of gold double that held by the central bank in July 1914.

Interventions on the money market.—This repatriation of capital could not fail to affect the volume of market funds through the automatic creation of francs which it involved. If part of these francs served to repay discounts or advances granted earlier by the central bank, the remainder went into circulation in the form of notes, or was deposited in commercial and savings banks, in which deposits and current accounts showed a marked and consistent increase during the first eight months of 1939.

The mere abundance of funds, however, is not sufficient to enable a money market to discharge in full the responsibility resting upon it. It is also necessary that it be protected against the disturbance to its activity which may be caused by the repercussions of foreign events, abrupt displacements of funds, or maturities of large amounts. In this respect, the French money market was for a long time imperfectly organized; it did not possess the flexibility necessary to cope with the volume which the total of credit instruments had attained, especially by reason | the extraordinary expenses, devoted princi-

tional markets and caused loss of gold from of the issues of short term paper by the Treasury, nor to respond to the volume and rapidity of the transactions which this entailed.

Efforts for the correction of this situation had been begun by the Bank in February 1935 with the inauguration of the system of thirty-day advances on Treasury bills. Α similar purpose moved us when, in 1938, we undertook open-market purchases and sales of short-term public bills and eligible private bills, as authorized by the decree-law of June

17, 1938. Throughout the year 1939 we have conket whenever circumstances appeared to re-quire them. Our portfolio of "bills bought in France," which appeared as 1,909,000,000 francs on the last balance sheet for 1938, had risen to 2,530,000,000 francs by January 26, 1939, thereafter fluctuating around the fig-ure of 2,300,000,000 francs up to the end of March; at that time it rose to 3,200,000,000 francs, but it was to fall below 3,000,000,000 francs some weeks later and to remain there until the middle of August.

These interventions of the Bank directly and indirectly favored the free play of the money market and contributed to the ease which it has manifested throughout the year. They have effectively aided the lowering of money rates which had already become evident at the end of 1938, and have made it possible to avoid abrupt reactions which, in a market left to itself, might have been precipitated on several occasions by the vicissitudes of international politics. In this connection it is significant that the monthly average of rates for day-to-day money varied during the entire year only between 1.26 and 1.84 per cent, compared with 1.31 and 2.81 per cent in 1938; not for one day did the rate exceed 2 per cent.

Government finance.—The firmness of the franc, the abundance of funds flowing into a money market aided by technical support. and the reasonableness and stability of shortterm money rates provided eminently favorable conditions for the restoration of public finances, which constituted one of the essential features of the Government's program.

Equilibrium of the ordinary budget having been achieved, thanks to an economy program and to the creation of fiscal receipts to a total amount of 16,000,000,000 francs, there remained to be covered by borrowing only pally to the execution of a vast program of its balance and to respond more fully to the armament, the extension of which was rendered imperative by circumstances. Though the burden thus imposed on the Treasury was heavy, these extraordinary expenses were easily financed by normal means of credit, with no new call upon the Bank for advances until after the outbreak of hostilities. On August 31, 1939, the net amount which the State had thus obtained since the beginning of the year exceeded 25,000,000,000 francs. These funds had been raised largely through repeated issues of short-term Treasury bills. The strength of the demand for these securities enabled the State to find purchasers at very moderate terms. The rate for ordinary bills, reduced from 3 per cent to $2\frac{7}{8}$ per cent on November 18 and then by successive steps to $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on December 12, 1938, underwent only one increase, of onehalf of one per cent, up to the end of August; within the same period rates for bills maturing in 6 months, 1 year, and 18 months did not exceed the maxima of $2\frac{1}{4}$, $2\frac{3}{4}$, and $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent respectively.

While making use of the opportunity afforded to the Treasury by the expansion of the floating debt, the Minister of Finance was properly desirous of lengthening its maturities. It was with this purpose that the Autonomous Office of Amortization began on May 1 the issue of three-year notes and suspended on July 1 the issue of its two-year notes, which were promptly replaced by Armament Notes of the Autonomous Office of National Defence.

Similar considerations, as well as the growing popular favor shown to relatively longterm Government issues, prompted the Treasury, in the spring of 1939, to enter the capital market for a large long-term credit operation. A 5 per cent loan maturing in 40 years, issued on May 15 at 98, supplied in a few hours the sum of 6,000,000,000 francs, the announced limit of cash subscriptions, and assured in addition the direct consolidation of 4,500,-000,000 francs of the outstanding floating debt which was accepted in payment of a second tranche. The success of this issue, in the marketing of which the Bank actively participated, testifies most convincingly to the strength of our resources and the patriotic fervor of the nation.

time any issue of long-term loans, the State sponding period of the preceding year. had given the financial market time to recover the same time steel production increased 22

needs of private business. Private concerns utilized the occasion thus provided to increase their resources, as is evidenced by the considerable volume of obligations issued during the first half of 1939. Beginning in December 1938, a sharp revival occurred on the Paris Bourse affecting French securities in general. A reaction followed, under the influence of uneasiness over the foreign situation, and in the course of further fluctuations prices failed to return to the level reached at the beginning of the year.

The terrain won was not, however, to be entirely lost, so long as hope for the continuation of peace could still be held. The index of French securities of variable income. which from 205 in October 1938 had risen to 244 in December, still held at 234 in July 1939; the index of fixed-income securitiesobligations and rentes-moved from 78.3 to 88.3 and then to 84.3; one month before the war, the 4 per cent loan of 1918 offered a yield of 5.11 per cent, against 5.55 to 6.31 per cent for the first eight months of the preceding year, 5.48 in October 1938 and 4.68 in December.

These various figures show the power of recovery which our financial market had in reserve and which only adverse circumstances prevented it from exercising in full. Furthermore if it was forced to give ground to some degree, it was thereby only the better prepared to resist the test which the war was soon to impose upon it.

Economic activity.---While monetary and financial recovery was being consolidated, the general economy showed a most promising, if somewhat slower, improvement. The readjustments in the fields of prices and labor, the reestablishment of more harmonious relations between employers and employees, measures to encourage the spirit of enterprise, fiscal relief, and more favorable credit conditions were so many separate factors calculated to stimulate the progress of production and trade.

The index of production of the Statistique Générale of France, based on 1928, marked a consistent advance continuing the trend begun in November 1938; from 86 in December it rose to 100 in June. The production of coal in the first half of 1939 reached 26,-Security markets.—By postponing for a 013,000 tons, against 23,690,000 for the corre-In per cent, rising from 3,230,000 to 3,962,000 with our overseas territories. Their vast retons. Production in the chemical and automobile industries was maintained at the level reached in 1938 after a considerable advance. In the textile industries and in construction, the indexes rose from 87 and 63, respectively, in December 1938, to 105 and 84 in July 1939.

The index of wholesale prices registered only slight changes during this period; from 684 in December 1938 it had fallen to 674 in August after touching the maximum of 689 in January. Its components had, indeed, shown divergent movements in the interval, agricultural products falling 10 per cent while prices of industrial products increased on the average by 6 per cent. Retail prices, after the advance they had made the preceding year, showed a tendency toward stability; the index stood at 764 in August against 754 in December 1938.

On the whole, French prices remained, at the current rates of exchange, markedly lower than those in the principal foreign markets. They offered to our foreign commerce opportunities which improved conditions of production enabled it to utilize to the full.

Balance of payments.—The deficit in our balance of payments, which had risen in the first seven months of 1938 to 7,977,000,000 francs, was only 5,627,000,000 francs in the corresponding period of 1939. The value of imports showed an increase of 893,000,000 francs, say 6 per cent, arising entirely from the change which had occurred in the international value of our currency; their volume, however, underwent a decrease of 12 per cent, affecting chiefly raw materials, thanks to the development of our mineral production. By contrast the increase of 28 per cent in the value of our exports, which rose from 11,777,-000,000 to 15,020,000,000 francs, coincided with an increase of 5 per cent in the tonnage of goods dispatched.

The progress thus manifested in our commercial relations with foreign markets was still more marked in the interchange between the mother country and the colonies. This affected both imports, which were expanded by more than 1,000,000,000 francs, and exports, which increased by 1,430,000,000 francs, the percentage of increase in value being, in both cases, about equal to that in the tonnage. It cannot be too earnestly hoped that there may be a continuation and increase of this happy development of our commerce pensation Offices.

sources of foodstuffs and raw materials could contribute to a further lightening of the burden of our foreign payments.

Banking service to business.—Faithful to its traditions, the Bank has not failed to lend its full cooperation to the effort for business recovery. It has utilized all possible means of benefiting production and commerce by the lowering of money rates, to which it contributed directly by reducing its discount rate on January 3, 1939, from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 per cent and maintaining it at this level throughout the year.

The facilities which the Bank has freely offered, within the scope of its statutes, for discounting short-term commercial paper were utilized only in relatively restricted amounts, however, up to the approach of war, the abundance of funds in the market allowing holders of bills to limit their recourse to the central bank.

During the period from the beginning of the year to the second half of August, our portfolio of commercial bills and of public bills ranged between 6,213,000,000 francs on January 26, and 3,784,000,000 francs on June 1. The average figure was about 4,900,-000,000 francs.

As heretofore, agriculture has obtained from the Bank all necessary credits for financing the wheat harvest. The portfolio of bills arising out of the 1938 harvest, endorsed by the cooperatives and guaranteed by the Wheat Office, rose to 1,804,000,000 francs at the beginning of the year; after reaching the maximum of 2,408,000,000 francs on August 10, it was reduced to 1,708,000,000 francs on August 31, the date of final maturity. The unabsorbed surplus of the 1938 harvest rendered difficult the immediate retirement of these obligations. The Bank agreed to lend its assistance to the National Agricultural Credit Bank, under the terms of the decree of July 29, 1939, for the payment of bills which the latter had negotiated at the Bank. The total of warrants thus discounted, the amortization of which will be completed in the course of the year 1940, was 1,700,-000,000 francs.

Foreign trade profited by the aid which we began to give several years ago in mobilizing both acceptance credits opened by banks for exporters and frozen credits at the Com-

ing the early part of 1939 the volume of the Bank's credit operations did not expand, the total of notes in circulation showed a marked increase. After fluctuating for several weeks around a figure of 110,000,000,000 francs, it rose suddenly during the month of March and by the end of April reached the figure of 125,000,000,000 francs. There was no significant change until shortly before the outbreak of war; on August 17 the figure was 123,134,-000,000 francs.

The date on which this trend became evident indicates its character. It appeared, indeed, as the consequence of apprehensions aroused by events abroad which occurred in March, and of the anxiety felt by many private citizens and business concerns to supply themselves in advance with liquid funds ready for use in any eventuality.

While the fiduciary circulation thus expanded during the first part of 1939 by some 13,000,000,000 francs, this increase differed from such expansions as have occurred at other times in that it was strongly secured, having an almost complete counterpart in the 10,000,000,000 francs added to the Bank's cash reserves; also it remained much smaller than the amount by which, in the same period, the gold reserves of the nation had been enlarged through the return flow of capital.

Adjustment to war conditions.—The war imposed on the Bank new and heavy obligations. The Bank was ready to assume them, thanks to the experience of the past and to the unceasing vigilance long made imperative by the trend of international political developments.

The abrupt aggravation of diplomatic tension in the last ten days of August, the measures of mobilization which followed, and finally the outbreak of hostilities, aroused urgent demands for liquid funds. Nevertheless, however urgent the demand may have been, at no time did it degenerate into panic. Not for a single day did the Stock Exchange close its doors; trading was carried on in an orderly manner, both for cash and for future delivery, without outside aid. The inevitable weakening of prices was confined within limits which may fairly be described as moderate, and it did not extend beyond a brief period; it was to be followed by a marked recovery, led by the rise in quotations for rentes and other Treasury securities. The to the level at the beginning of the year. country was spared the ordeal of a mora- On the other hand the item 30-day advances

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Pre-war note circulation.—Although dur- torium. Only mobilized reservists were authorized to postpone the payment of their For all other categories of debtors, debts. settlement dates were maintained, with only a brief postponement for the dates of presentation of commercial bills, because of the difficulties confronting their payment on the due date.

> In these critical hours the French credit mechanism gave proof of its power and flexibility. Commercial and savings banks freely paid out over the counter all withdrawals of deposits which were called for; the volume of such demands, though not inconsiderable, was kept within limits by the promptness with which they were met.

> The cooperation of the Bank with these institutions and, in general, the aid given to the national economy to enable it to cross a particularly difficult pass, were evidenced by a marked expansion of its portfolio. Between August 17 and September 7, the increase was more than 14,000,000,000 francs. At the same time the item for 30-day advances rose from less than 400,000,000 francs to more than 2,400,000,000 francs.

> The character of the credit demands we were meeting and the imperative need which created them, decided us against any change in our discount rate, especially since no flight of capital was occurring. Accordingly this remained fixed at 2 per cent, whereas on August 1, 1914, it had had to be raised to 6 per cent and later was held at 5 per cent for a number of years.

> Events were to justify this decision. Thanks to the calm and self-possession maintained by the nation, withdrawals from the commercial and savings banks stopped early in September. They were soon succeeded by a steady stream of deposits, and by the end of that month the balance sheets of the principal financial institutions were already showing figures higher than those of August 31. The savings banks also benefited by a similar return of funds.

> At the same time, as a result of these movements, the Bank found its volume of discounts reduced. Its portfolio, which in the September 14 statement already showed a decrease of 2,000,000,000 francs, continued this trend until the middle of November; from that time on it remained in the neighborhood of 7,000,000,000 francs, comparable

had fallen again by the end of September to less than 1,000,000,000 francs; at the close of the year it was no higher than 236,-000,000 francs. The rapid and continuous shrinkage of our portfolio is indicative both of the regularity with which our debtors as a class have honored their signatures. It is not in any degree to be ascribed to a restriction of the facilities accorded by the Bank to commerce and industry. These facilities, on the contrary, have been notably extended.

The Bank has applied in the most liberal spirit the decree of September 1 which postponed the maturity of debts contracted by mobilized reservists. In cases where the original debtor has been called to the colors, the Bank has not only avoided imposing on its remitters the penalty charge on bills not collected for this reason, but it has further offered to such debtors who met their bills the privilege of presenting them again for rediscount, for successive periods of 90 days, according to their need of cash. Similarly, giving consideration to the difficulties met by certain business men not directly affected by the mobilization, the Bank has shown its willingness to accept from its remitters bills arising from extensions or renewals agreed upon in good faith by the coobligors thereunder. Putting into use the power granted by the decree of September 9, the Bank has also admitted to discount, with waiver of one of the signatures required by its statutes, bills guaranteed by the pledge of requisition bills. Finally, with the purpose of encouraging export trade so far as we were able, we decided to extend to bills drawn on foreigners and payable in foreign currencies the facilities for discount already granted to such bills drawn in francs.

Advances to the Government.—Not only did the Bank owe its support to private economy to permit it to surmount a momentary crisis and to adapt itself to new conditions created by the war. An equally important duty toward the State rested upon it at a time when the Nation was putting its utmost strength into a struggle on which its very existence depended.

The extent and the nature of the charges for which the Treasury had to provide in the existing circumstances did not permit it to find, by normal financing methods, the great amount of funds which it immediately required; only the cooperation of the central

amount. All arrangements had been made to provide for such a situation. On September 29, 1938, a Convention had been signed according to which the Bank was to place at the disposal of the State in case of general mobilization, temporary advances up to 25,-000,000,000 francs. It was ratified by the decree of September 1, 1939. These advances bear interest, fixed originally at 1 per cent, but to be raised to 3 per cent one year after the cessation of hostilities. From the interest determined as above the Bank will retain a commission of one-half of one per cent of the amount of the advances as reimbursement for the costs incurred by it. The Convention stipulates that the rest of the interest shall be entered in a special reserve account earmarked to cover the losses which the Bank may sustain on bills frozen by legal measures, or on exceptional transactions authorized by The balance standing in this special law. reserve account at the time of its definitive liquidation will revert to the State.

The credit thus opened to the Treasury came into use on September 21. Drawings made on it from that date until December 21 amounted to 11,800,000,000 francs.

Although the Bank granted to the State the advances required for the general mobilization, it is obviously necessary that no effort be spared to limit to a strict minimum the future use of these facilities. The Bank's concern in this respect harmonizes fully with the viewpoint of the public authorities. The equilibrium of the budget of civil expenditures, swollen by the heavy cost of allowances to the families of mobilized reservists, has been fully assured by the ordinary accruing revenues, but military expenditures have had to be met by calling upon the funds accumulated in the country and constantly renewed by the payments made by the State itself. In the first days of September the flow of capital to the Treasury was resumed and since then has continued without interruption. Large subscriptions to public bills, added to the resources formerly accumulated, enabled the State to meet the initial expenses of the campaign without resorting to advances from the Bank until the end of the third week of war. Remarkably moderate interest terms were maintained by the Treasury on the strength of the success of its issues. From April 1939 to the end of the year, the rates

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rise, which was no higher than one-fourth of 1 per cent. The rates ranged, according to maturities, between 2 per cent for ordinary bills and $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent for 2-year Armament notes. It seems, however, that it must also be attributed in part to the building up of private reserves which occurred on the eve

The Bank devoted itself to encouraging this inflow of funds. It was in this spirit that it continued and intensified its regulatory action on the money market, which has an increasingly important role to play in wartime, in proportion to the growth in the floating debt. Our portfolio of "negotiable bills bought in France" which, on September 7, amounted to 4,331,000,000 francs, reached 6.014.000.000 francs on December 14; in the closing balance for the year it amounted to 5,779,000,000 francs. The Bank cooperated actively in the placing of securities designed to attract not only money market funds but also the capital funds of the public. Total subscriptions to Armament notes obtained by our efforts from November 1 to the end of the year exceeded 4,500,000,000 francs.

War-time note circulation.—The need of liquid capital at the end of August, and the resulting increase of credit operations of the Bank had important and lasting repercussions on the volume of the fiduciary circulation. Large demands for notes occurred, which the Bank could immediately satisfy throughout the country, thanks to the cash reserves already held at various regional centers. The total of notes issued, which stood at 123,135,-000,000 francs on our balance for August 17, increased sharply to 146,149,000,000 francs on September 7. Thereafter its fluctuations were within relatively narrow limits, the minimum having been 143,937,000,000 francs on September 21 and the maximum 149,456,-000,000 francs on December 7. At the close of the year the circulation stood at 149,416,-000,000 francs. This figure includes about 1,000,000,000 francs in small notes which the Bank held in reserve and which it had placed in circulation as provided by the decree of September 1, 1939. It should be noted that there was no hoarding of small coin, as in July-August 1914—a further proof of the calm observed by the Nation in passing from peace to war conditions.

The maintenance in circulation of some 25,000,000,000 francs in notes issued in the course of the weeks preceding the opening of hostilities doubtless responds, in some degree, to a need for monetary instruments resulting from the considerable movement of

example, in the service of the Treasury to the armies. It seems, however, that it must also be attributed in part to the building up of private reserves which occurred on the eve of the conflict. If considerations of prudence, born of the memory of moratorium measures adopted in 1914, could explain the precau-tions thus taken, there is no justification at present for individual hoarding; prompt payments by banks and savings institutions being assured, the funds which were temporarily withdrawn should resume their place in the normal capital circuit. In the form of subscription to Armament notes these funds would not only obtain advantageous interest and a guarantee against the risks involved in holding liquid funds, but above all, by lending their support to financing the war, they would render the most valuable cooperation in the national defense.

Banking services in war-time.—The Bank was not unaware of the extent of the new duties which, in the material sphere, the war would impose upon it, or of the inevitable changes in the conditions surrounding its activity. Accordingly, careful preparations had been made for its mobilization. A plan of evacuation and of regrouping of our services had been drawn up in great detail. When the hour arrived it was executed without difficulty, in spite of the complexity of operations involved. The measures taken at the home office evacuated from Paris almost a thousand employees and assured the removal of about 3,600,000 securities. In districts close to the frontier, we have firmly maintained the activity of our branch offices without curtailment. Only one auxiliary office, that of Sarreguemines, was evacuated on military orders. The Strasbourg branch, transferred to a location nearby, continues its operations. In all cities where our services remain, public offices and private customers continue to find, in spite of the measures of precaution which we have adopted, the usual reception and services from a personnel whose courage and composure cannot be adequately praised.

From August 22 until the beginning of October, 161,500 deposits of securities, comprising more than a million pieces, were received at our various offices. This movement continued thereafter: at the present time we are holding 1,575,000 pieces more than last year.

The rapid expansion of our commercial

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portfolio, the volume of which was increased tive, and thus entirely incompatible with by more than 14,000,000,000 francs during the weeks preceding the war, has complicated and intensified the labor involved in our payment and accounting services. Withdrawals of notes at Paris alone rose to the neighborhood of 10,000,000,000 francs between August 22 and September 30, and attained their maximum on August 25 with a figure of 2,105,000,000 francs for a single day. Also, as in September 1938, the public utilized our services for transfers of funds, opening and transferring accounts, renting safe deposit boxes, and for other purposes.

The problems of furnishing funds to public offices throughout the country, rendered more difficult and more pressing by reason of the costs of mobilization and requisitioning, and of supplying the army's financial agencies, even within the zone of military operations, forced us to increase the shipment of notes and coins, at the very moment when the calling in of nickel coins for replacement by small notes of 5 and 10 francs necessitated more frequent trips between the home office and the branches.

Finally, new duties devolved upon us because of the inauguration of exchange control, the administration of which was turned over to us, and because of the supervision set up over dealing in gold.

Exchange control.-In the realm of international monetary relations, the war has entailed considerable changes and necessitated the adoption of a policy entirely different from that which France formerly followed. During the first three weeks of August, our currency profited by the favor which | ied and perfected the mechanism which would it had met for several months past. Repatriation of capital continued, resulting in considerable acquisitions of gold. On August 21 the dollar was quoted in Paris at 37.75, the pound at 176.72.

The events which, at this moment, suddenly revealed the imminence of the conflict. necessarily disturbed the exchange market. At the beginning of September, stability was restored: the dollar rate was fixed at Paris around 43.50; the pound was quoted in New York at 4.04, while in relation to the franc it was kept at about 176 francs.

Up to that time exchange transactions had remained entirely free. While this régime of liberty was incontestably the only type befitting, in normal times, a country with an economic structure based on individual initia- of which had been worked out in secret; the

universal regimentation, it was none the less obvious that it no longer met the requirements of war time. In a struggle which demands the mobilization of vast material means, the national life is entirely dominated by the needs of national defense. All powers, all resources, must contribute to it. Against this supreme interest, no private interest, however worthy, can be allowed to prevail. To assure the regular financing of war expenditures, existing funds, constantly replenished by these same expenditures, must flow into the Treasury, to be immediately restored to circulation in the form of new They should not be permitted to payments. break this circuit by leaving France. Indeed, any export of capital would deprive the State of resources which it would be forced to replace by advances from the central bank; this would necessitate drawing upon a gold stock of which no particle may be legitimately utilized for any purposes other than payments for purchases indispensable to the army or the entire nation: it would thus tend doubly to imperil the security of the currency. It is equally necessary that the currency be not exposed to fluctuation likely to arouse foreign speculation prejudicial to the currency. Thus arose the necessity of strict surveillance of exchange operations, a surveillance rendered possible and effective in war time by the controls necessarily applied under war conditions to the movements of goods as well as of persons.

For several months, the Ministry of Finance had, with the Bank's cooperation, studinsure the proper performance of this function if need should arise. On September 10 decrees were published in the Journal Officiel prohibiting the exportation of capital of French origin in any form, establishing exchange control, and placing its administration in charge of an office managed by the Bank of France for the account and under the authority of the State. The Bank was at the same time directed to control dealings in gold, the purchase and sale, import and export of which thereafter became subject to its authorization.

The full functioning of the organization which the Bank was directed to create could not be easily realized in a short time. The complexity of the new legislation, the details flood of cases, most of which made urgent of its defenses, prepared through the effort calls for solution despite the lack of legal precedents; the inexperience of the hastily recruited staff; all these rendered very difficult the task of the Exchange Office and of the institutions appointed by it as authorized agents. On September 11 the Exchange Office began to function. Since then exchange rates have shown only very slight fluctuations, being determined by the Bank of France where all the orders for and sales of foreign exchange are finally executed. For the pound and the dollar they have been maintained firmly at $176.62\frac{1}{2}$ and 43.80. During the same period, rates on the New York market where the franc has been freely traded, showed only moderate divergence from the official rates of our market. The New York quotation, which rose at one time to 46.19, returned to 44.54 on December 30.

The stability of our currency has been supported by the repatriation of capital which, though interrupted for a few days at limits of the outstanding monetary circuthe opening of hostilities, was shortly after-Stimulated by the option, ward resumed. open for a certain limited period to French citizens to declare or to bring home their holdings abroad, these repatriations brought a new access of gold and foreign exchange to the Stabilization Fund; they enabled it to remain abundantly supplied after four months of war, in spite of the volume of purchases for national defense needs which it had to cover abroad.

A new element of strength was added to the currency by the close economic and financial cooperation which recent agreements have established between Great Britain and France. The resolution to maintain the solidarity of the pound and the franc, the freedom of exchange between the two Empires, the pooling of their resources in products necessary to the conduct of the war, a unified policy for purchases abroad, an equitable apportionment of costs; these constitute in the interests of both nations achievements of extreme importance which form a mutual pledge of success.

Defense of the franc.—Forced into a war in which the preservation of independ-ence demands the unlimited use of all its wealth and energy, our country finds itself in a strong position in the financial field, where the conflict, less spectacular than in the military field, but equally crucial, will have to be pursued relentlessly to victory. The strength manifold proof of its patriotism.

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which the nation has wisely imposed upon itself, enabled it to surmount the difficulties inseparable from the beginning of a great conflict and to pass safely from a peacetime régime to a war economy. Firmly secured on a strengthened metallic base, its currency has survived the shock. In the fifth month of hostilities it is still unshaken.

The public authorities have affirmed their desire to safeguard this essential element of national strength. Measures have been adopted which tend to reduce purchases abroad, to direct them preferably toward markets where settlement is least burdensome, to encourage exports, to develop production, and to restrict consumption. Increased taxes covering the normal budgetary expenditures will contribute to the same result. The appeal to existing funds to finance the costs of war should enable the State to conduct its borrowing operations within the lation.

Realizing its responsibilities, the Bank will devote itself to the limit of its powers to prosecuting the work of monetary defense. This undertaking, however, cannot be accomplished without the participation of the whole nation. Its success requires the spontaneous and intelligent cooperation of all Frenchmen. Every citizen must be convinced that freely accepted privations and material sacrifices are necessary at an hour when still heavier sacrifices are demanded of those at the front; that to forego a satisfaction, to restrict consumption, is to release forces for the production of war materials, reduce the deficit in the balance of payments, economize our gold reserves, and participate in the defense of the currency. A generous response to the Treasury's call for funds is the most effective form of participation. No one in the present circumstances is justified in hoarding unproductive funds. All capital, all resources, should be placed at the service of the national defense.

There is not the slightest doubt that the nation understands the duty resting upon it, and the magnitude of the effort which remains to be accomplished. However hard and long this effort may perhaps become, it does not exceed the potentialities of a people which is characterized by industry and thrift and which has given throughout a glorious history

BALANCE SHEET OF THE BANK OF FRANCE AS OF DECEMBER 21, 1939, AND DECEMBER 22, 1938

[In thousands of frances]								
Assets	Dec. 21, 1939	Dec. 22, 1938	Liabilities	Dec. 21, 1939	Dec. 22, 1938			
Gold reserve (coin and bullion) Silver and copper coins Funds available on demand abroad	905,047	87, 264, 778 540, 236 16, 450	Demand liabilities: Notes in circulation Current account of the Treasury		108, 531, 713 3, 669, 388			
Foreign bills: Negotiable Other Domestic bills:	29, 335	781, 381 22, 158	Current account of the Caisse Auto- nome d'Amortissement Other current accounts and deposits Other demand liabilities	1, 897, 612 13, 143, 401 243, 921	2, 241, 047 26, 163, 055 126, 052			
Negotiable (decree of June 17, 1938) Other Agricultural bills and warehouse receipts	5, 779, 067 4, 677, 203	1, 909, 067 7, 442, 274	Capital. Surplus (laws of June 9, 1857, and Nov. 17, 1897)	182, 500 303, 231	182, 500 303, 231			
endorsed or guaranteed by the National Wheat Board (law of Aug. 15, 1936, decree of July 29, 1939). Advances against securities. Advances for 30 days against Government	2, 345, 000 3, 563, 775	1, 793, 577 3, 639, 626	Reserve invested in legal securities (law of May 17, 1834; decree of Apr. 27 and May 2, 1848; law of June 9, 1857)	22, 106 4, 000	22, 106 4, 000			
Securities having a maturity of not more than 2 years	236, 365 1, 134, 401	447, 526 641, 281	Provision for pensions to staff Amortization of bills in suspense Provision for payment to the Govern- ment of an amount equal to excess of	8, 000 7, 193				
d'Amortissement (convention of June 23, 1928, and Dec. 7, 1931)	5, 455, 380	5, 530, 254	annual dividend over 240 francs net Gross dividends (160 francs per share) ¹ Carried forward Miscellaneous liabilities	29, 200 13, 800 2, 429, 303	29, 200 13, 760			
1878; law of June 13, 1878, extended; laws of Nov. 17, 1897, Dec. 29, 1911, Dec. 20, 1918, and June 25, 1928; convention of Nov. 12, 1938; decree of Nov. 12, 1938)	10,000,000	10, 000, 000	Total liabilities					
Temporary noninterest bearing advances to the Government, redeemable in accord- ance with Art. 8 of the convention of Nov. 12, 1938 (decree of Nov. 12, 1938)	20, 472, 990	20, 627, 441						
Temporary advances to the Government (convention of September 29, 1938, ap- proved by the decree of September 1, 1939). Rentes earmarked for special purposes	11, 800, 000							
Bank buildings and equipment	4,000 3,930,842	4,000 2,814,925	Total demand liabilities	164, 797, 158	140, 731, 255			
Total assets		143, 587, 956	Ratio of gold reserve to demand liabilities (per cent)	59. 02	62. 01			

¹ For the second half year 1939. Gross dividend for first half year 1939, 160 frances per share. In accordance with the decree-law of Nov. 12, 1938, which established the new rate of taxation on the income from French registered shares, the net dividend for the year on shares of the Bank of France was 233.60 francs for shares subject to 27 per cent tax, and 262.40 frances on shares subject to 18 per cent tax.

Revaluation of the Gold Stock of the Netherlands Bank

A bill providing for the revaluation of the gold stock of the Netherlands Bank and for the utilization of the resulting gold profit was enacted on March 16 and came into force on March 31, 1940. The new rate of valuation of bullion and coin held by the Bank is 2,009.00 guilders per fine kilogram, as against the rate of 1,647.50 guilders per fine kilogram at which the gold had been valued since the abandonment of the gold standard in September 1936. This change resulted in an increase in the book value of the Bank's gold holdings of about 222,000,000 guilders.

At the new rate the guilder is valued for the Bank's purposes at the equivalent of approximately 56.01 U. S. cents, representing a depreciation of about 18 per cent below the former level assigned to the guilder in valuing the gold stock. No stabilization of the unit at the gold valuation rate, however, was attempted in the new measure. The exchange quotation of the guilder on the New York market in March and April 1940 fluctuated slightly above 53 U. S. cents.

An unofficial translation of the Act of March 16, furnished by the Netherlands Bank, is given herewith:

Act of March 16, 1940 (Staatsblad No. 402), containing temporary provisions with regard to the valuation of the stock of gold coins and gold bullion of The Netherlands Bank and regulation of the consequences of those provisions.

Article 1—The Netherlands Bank shall revalue its stock of gold coins and gold bullion at 2,009.00 guilders per fine kilogram.

Article 2—The additional value, resulting from the revaluation referred to in article 1, is appropriated as follows:

(a) 7,629,959.16 guilders is credited in the books of The Netherlands Bank to the account "Netherlands Government (Act of May 27, 1932 Staatsblad No. 221)", which account shall be closed by this entry;

(b) 3,302,654.57 guilders is added to the reserve fund of the Bank;

(c) 3,000,000.00 guilders is added to the special reserves of the Bank;

(d) 132,506,208.49 guilders is credited to the account of the Treasury in the books of The Netherlands Bank in order to be used for a purpose to be indicated by law;

(e) the sum which remains after the entries referred to under (a), (b), (c) and (d) have been made, is credited to the fund established by the Act of September 30, 1936 (Staatsblad No. 402).

Article 3—This act comes into force on March 31, 1940.

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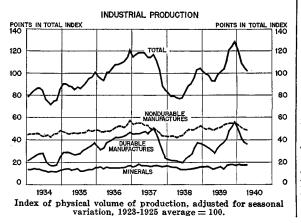
National Summary of Business Conditions

Compiled May 15 and released for publication May 17. Figures shown on charts may differ from preliminary figures used in text. Later developments are discussed on pages 489-494 of this BULLETIN.

NDUSTRIAL activity was steady during April after three months of sharp decline, and in the first half of May increases appeared in some lines, particularly steel. Prices of basic commodities showed mixed changes toward the middle of May, accompanying the extension of active warfare in Europe, while stock prices declined sharply.

Production

The Board's seasonally adjusted index of industrial production for the month of April was 102, compared with 104 for March and 109 for February. Steel ingot production was steady during April at slightly over 60 per cent of capacity as compared with an average rate of 64 per cent in March; in the first half of May output rose sharply and currently is scheduled at about 70 per cent of capacity. Automobile production in April continued at about the March rate, although ordinarily there is an increase at this season, and in early May declined somewhat. Retail sales of new cars approximated production in April and dealers' stocks of both new and used cars remained at earlier high levels. Output of plate glass, used largely by the automobile industry, declined considerably in April, and lumber production showed some-



NDUSTRIAL activity was steady during April after three months of sharp decline, in the first half of May increases appeared some lines, particularly steel. Prices of of other recent months.

> In the textile industry activity at cotton and woolen mills declined somewhat further in April, following considerable reductions in March. At silk mills activity remained at a low level, while rayon production was maintained at a high rate. Output at meat-packing establishments continued in large volume. There was some further curtailment in shoe production in April; in most other industries producing nondurable goods changes in output were largely seasonal in character.

> Coal production, which usually declines sharply in April, showed only a small decrease this year. Output of crude petroleum, which had reached record high levels in March, was largely maintained in April and the first half of May, although stocks of crude oil were increasing and gasoline stocks were unusually large.

> Value of construction contract awards increased further in April, reflecting principally a rise in contracts for private building, according to figures of the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Awards for private residential building were in somewhat larger volume than a year ago. Private nonresidential building was about one-third greater than at this season last year and was near the previous peak level reached in mid-1937. Awards for public construction, however, were considerably below the level of last spring.

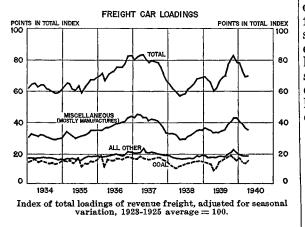
Distribution

Distribution of commodities to consumers showed little change in April and the first half of May. The Board's seasonally adjusted index of department store sales was 90 per cent of the 1923-1925 average in April, about the level that has prevailed since the first of the year but below the peak of 96 reached last December.

Total freight-car loadings in April were in

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about the same volume as in March. Ship-|advanced from May 10 to May 14. Increases ments of coal declined less than seasonally, while loadings of miscellaneous freight, which include most manufactured products, showed



less than the sharp rise that is customary at this season. In the early part of May increases were reported in shipments of most classes of freight.

Foreign Trade

Exports of United States merchandise, which have been at a high level since last December, declined somewhat in April. A large part of the decrease in April was accounted for by the complete cessation of shipments to northern European countries after outbreak of hostilities there, but declines were also reported in shipments to most other countries. Exports to Canada, the Union of South Africa, and France, however, increased.

Shipments of commercial vehicles declined sharply, following a considerable rise in March, and exports of iron and steel products, which had been increasing steadily since last summer, also showed a decline. Exports of cotton and copper decreased further from earlier high levels, while machinery and aircraft shipments continued in large volume.

During April, the monetary gold stock of the United States increased by \$337,000,000, the largest increase since August 1939. Acquisitions of gold in the first two weeks of May totaled \$169,000,000.

Commodity Prices

which had been declining after a rise in April, high levels.

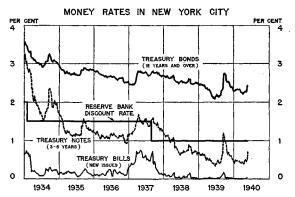
in this period were particularly marked for imported materials, such as rubber, tin, and silk. Grain prices rose at first but subsequently showed sharp declines. Price changes for other commodities were mixed; steel scrap advanced, while cotton declined considerably. Prices of certain steel products, which had been reduced early in April, were restored to earlier levels on May 1, and producers announced that steel purchased at the lower prices must be taken by the buyers on or before June 30.

Government Security Market

Prices of United States Government securities declined sharply from May 10 to May 14, accompanying the further spread of war in Europe. Prices of long-term Treasury bonds on May 14 were $3\frac{3}{4}$ points below the high point reached on April 2. The yield on the 1960-65 23/4 per cent bonds rose from 2.26 per cent on April 2 to 2.48 per cent on May 14.

Bank Credit

Total loans and investments at reporting member banks in 101 leading cities increased during the four weeks ending May 8. Most



rate on rediscounts for and advances to member Minimum banks by Federal Reserve bank; weekly averages of daily yields of 3- to 5-year Treasury notes and Treasury bonds callable after years, and average discount on new issues of 91-day Treasury For weeks ending January 6, 1934, bills offered within week. to May 18, 1940.

of this increase was at New York City banks and reflected purchases of United States Government obligations. Deposits and reserves Prices of a number of basic commodities, of banks in leading cities continued at record

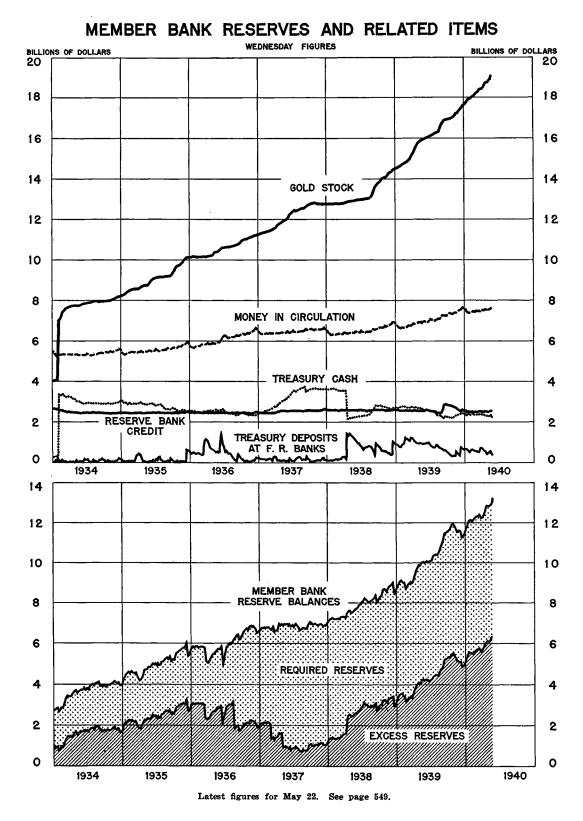
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FINANCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS UNITED STATES

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to the Federal Reserve Banks and the member banks of the Federal Reserve System are derived from regular reports made to the Board; index numbers of production are compiled by the Board on the basis of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, money in circulation, Treasury finance, and operations of Government credit agencies are obtained principally from statements of the Treasury or of the agencies concerned; data on money and security markets and commodity prices and other series on business activity are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures may in most cases be obtained from earlier BULLETINS and from Annual Reports of the Board of Governors for 1937 and earlier years. Current figures compiled by the Board are generally released prior to publication in the BULLETIN and press statements will be sent without charge to those wishing them. For a list of current releases see FEDERAL RESERVE PUBLICATIONS at the back of this BULLETIN.

JUNE 1940



MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS [In millions of dollars]

Reserve bank credit outstanding Member bank reserve Treas Other Fedbalances Treasury de posits U. S. Government securities Treas ury cur-Money Nonde ury cash holdwith Fed-eral Re-Gold in cirmem-ber eral Re-Date Other rency Bills stock cula-Reserv outdis Ma Ma Total serve action de standings Excounted turing turing posits Total credit ing serve Banks cess 2 Total with in 5 after counts 5 years vears Monthly averages of daily figures: 2, 567 2, 567 2, 567 2, 477 2, 476 2, 467 1, 807 1, 768 1, 736 1, 213 1, 209 1, 205 2, 594 2, 590 2, 593 2, 546 2, 539 2, 527 14, 778 15, 014 15, 509 2, 820 2, 832 2, 844 2, 976 2, 986 2, 994 6, 697 6, 764 6, 867 7, 426 7, 488 2, 758 2, 720 2, 703 2, 361 2, 362 8, 925 9, 021 9, 624 12, 215 -Feb. Mar.... 760 799 1, 055 $255 \\ 256$ 1939-22 5023, 373 53373 20 23 1,155 519 3, 432 3, 926 Apr. -Feb. Mar. 495 732 759 830 256 $\frac{62}{59}$ 18, 061 18, 310 600 612 248 252 5, 626 5, 734 6, 003 1940~ 1, 264 , 267 12, 362 Apr..... 2 1.26258 18,608 7,532 2.327 554 757 256 12,703 End of month figures: 2, 564 2, 564 2, 571 2, 477 2, 475 2, 467 2, 598 2, 587 2, 595 2, 547 2, 529 2, 518 14, 874 15, 258 15, 791 18, 177 18, 433 18, 770 2, 824 2, 839 2, 849 2, 981 2, 990 8, 936 9, 157 9, 900 12, 328 12, 423 6, 731 6, 817 6, 905 7, 455 7, 511 2, 740 2, 691 2, 699 2, 372 2, 371 3, 387 3, 559 4, 098 5, 692 5, 828 6, 149 1939—Feb. 28..... Mar. 31.... 760 30 19 21 1, 148 1, 229 931 562 488 533 545 740 691 4 4 254 257 . 804 1, 804 1, 734 1, 740 1, 209 1, 209 830 Apr. 30.... -Feb. 29.... Mar. 30.... 255 247 255 830 3 7 4 3 1940-1, 268 63 50 1,266 702 Apr. 30 1, 205 1, 262 48 2, 999 7. 559 2. 320 446 787 256 12, 919 Wednesday figures: 2, 551 2, 535 2, 515 2, 488 2, 569 2, 569 2, 537 2, 512 2, 880 2, 885 2, 890 2, 893 7, 100 7, 041 7, 022 7, 002 2, 577 2, 552 2, 530 2, 506 4, 292 4, 447 4, 485 4, 485 1939—July 5..... July 12..... 830 13 16, 136 16, 174 16, 191 1,720 820 678 $257 \\ 257$ 10, 151 5 5 5 5 5 791 764 742 10, 350 10, 412 10, 436 638 634 690 1,705 830 29 17 July 19_____ July 26_____ 257 257 830 1, 658 830 19 16, 227 2, 476 2, 462 2, 453 2, 441 2, 448 2, 895 2, 897 2, 900 2, 903 2, 905 2, 370 2, 354 2, 366 2, 334 2, 327 2, 453 2, 443 2, 423 16, 248 16, 270 16, 335 10, 41310, 50910, 63310, 829Aug. 2.... 1,623 830 18 7,054 863 662 2574, 462 555 Aug. 9 Aug. 16 Aug. 23 7,070 7,091 7,098 7,141 $1,613 \\ 1,592$ 844 776 724 4, 533 4, 590 4, 741 4, 799 830 15597 256 565 604 256 256 830 25 2,423 2,426 1,592 16,50116,6385 6 830 13 Aug. 30 832 16 709 608 25510,951 2, 594 2, 824 2, 826 **2**, 804 2, 908 2, 911 2, 915 2, 914 7, 261 7, 235 7, 236 7, 238 2, 264 2, 227 2, 272 2, 260 42 2, 643 Sept. 6____ 6 1,667 928 16, 726 676 688 247 11, 141 4,969 2, 873 2, 883 2, 846 Sept. 13.... Sept. 20.... Sept. 27.... 1, 652 1, 615 1, 585 1, 171 1, 211 1, 219 16, 808 16, 902 16, 925 755 781 771 11, 526 11, 549 5, 271 5, 275 5, 332 42 615 619 234 242 7 6 6 51 36 242 55211,621 2, 785 2, 765 2, 748 2, 736 2, 837 2, 810 2, 817 2, 771 Oct. 4..... Oct. 11..... Oct. 18..... Oct. 25..... 1, 219 1, 219 1, 219 1, 219 1, 219 2, 920 2, 924 2, 927 2, 929 7, 309 2, 250 2, 238 2, 216 776 742 698 1, 566 **4**6 16, 958 469 239 11,672 5, 359 7 7 6 6 1, 546 1, 530 1, 517 16, 973 16, 997 17, 039 7, 346 7, 330 7, 302 5, 399 5, 509 5, 534 238 241 11, 739 11, 907 39 404 63 30 349 2, 230 326 692 240 11,950 2, 721 2, 687 2, 649 2, 593 2, 552 1, 219 1, 219 1, 210 1, 191 1, 191 1, 191 2, 765 2, 721 2, 715 2, 645 2, 605 2, 932 2, 935 2, 939 2, 942 2, 947 7, 352 7, 409 7, 384 7, 434 11, 814 11, 749 11, 587 11, 619 5, 376 5, 354 5, 166 5, 171 5, 135 $1,502 \\ 1,468$ 38 28 17,099 2, 250 2, 263 $\frac{241}{241}$ Nov. 1.... 6 6 6 8 8 349 790 17, 132 17, 235 17, 257 Nov. 8..... Nov. 15.... Nov. 22.... 779 772 727 727 776 348 60 44 45 1, 439 1, 403 2, 341 2, 357 564 466 241 241 Nov. 29____ 17, 347 1, 362 7, 462 2, 359 441 241 11,6202, 512 2, 512 2, 496 2, 489 1, 189 1, 189 1, 173 1, 270 2, 568 2, 543 2, 645 2, 568 2, 949 2, 954 2, 959 2, 963 5, 154 4, 849 4, 900 5, 046 Dec. 6..... Dec. 13..... Dec. 20..... 47 23 17, 408 17, 464 17, 576 7, 545 7, 564 7, 679 7, 663 2, 391 2, 398 2, 411 2, 417 1,324 346 785 11,617 8888 241 1, 324 1, 324 1, 324 1, 220 753 694 646 240 253 255 719 765 11, 288 11, 378 140 71 Dec. 27____ 17, 620 678 11.493 2, 484 2, 477 2, 477 2, 477 2, 477 2, 477 1, 265 1, 258 1, 258 1, 258 1, 258 1, 258 2, 564 2, 504 2, 515 2, 514 2, 503 11, 721 1940--Jan. 3 77777 1,220 73 17,697 2,963 7,581 2,367 651 653 251 5, 271 5, 377 5, 502 5, 592 5, 559 Jan. 10 Jan. 17 Jan. 24 1, 220 1, 220 1, 220 1, 220 1, 220 1, 220 17, 747 17, 805 17, 879 17, 931 7, 463 7, 405 7, 365 7, 376 20 2, 965 2, 968 2, 969 2, 341 2, 361 655 575 507 677 678 713 723 250 250 249 11, 830 12, 020 12, 148 31 30 2, 381 2, 358 Jan. 31..... 18 2, 971 549 248 12, 150 2, 477 2, 477 2, 477 2, 477 2, 477 2, 518 2, 530 2, 523 2, 537 7, 403 7, 411 7, 450 7, 439 2, 365 2, 385 2, 358 2, 374 Feb. 7..... 1,218 1.259 **3**3 17.998 2.973 632 743 249 12,097 5, 523 7 7 6 7 Feb. 14..... Feb. 21..... 1, 215 1, 209 1, 209 1, 263 1, 263 1, 268 1, 268 18,063 18,108 18,166 2, 977 2, 977 2, 977 2, 980 733 716 744 5, 580 5, 629 5, 689 **4**6 40 642 596 249 12, 151 12, 241 248 Feb. 28_. 54 561248 12, 318 5, 733 5, 777 5, 594 5, 679 Mar. 6..... Mar. 13.... Mar. 20.... Mar. 27.... 2, 477 2, 477 2, 475 2, 475 2, 475 1,2681,2681,2661,2662, 515 2, 524 2, 520 2, 510 18, 220 18, 282 18, 360 18, 413 7, 481 7, 463 7, **48**4 7, 471 2, 358 2, 362 2, 374 2, 382 731 754 791 808 $246 \\ 247 \\ 256 \\ 256 \\ 256$ 1, 209 35 2, 984 536 12, 367 3 3 2 2 1, 209 1, 209 1, 209 1, 209 2, 984 2, 985 2, 989 2, 990 44 42 32 12, 439 12, 256 12, 294 526 707 700 2, 467 2, 467 2, 467 2, 467 1, 262 1, 262 1, 262 1, 262 1, 262 2, 512 2, 500 2, 514 2, 501 2, 991 2, 993 2 992 2, 997 7, 521 7, 509 7, 536 7, 520 5, 815 5, 949 6, 048 6, 116 Apr. 3..... Apr. 10..... Apr. 17..... Apr. 24..... 2, 372 2, 353 2, 313 2, 305 1, 205 42 18, 470 692 737 25612, 395 $\begin{array}{c}
 3 \\
 2 \\
 2 \\
 2
 \end{array}$ 733 762 773 1, 205 1, 205 1, 205 1, 205 12,575 31 18, 523 590 25645 32 18, 631 513 470 257 256 12,883 18,708 6, 107 6, 131 6, 300 6, 373 2, 467 2, 467 2, 474 2, 477 7, 570 7, 589 7, 598 7, 613 12, 870 12, 877 13, 094 13, 223 3 1, 205 1, 262 30 2,500 2, 293 490 793 256May 1..... 18,771 3,000 2,507 2,518 2,520 May 8..... May 15..... May 22..... 1, 205 1, 205 1, 206 1, 262 1, 269 1, 271 18, 835 18, 949 19, 071 2, 309 2, 223 2, 204 256 254 254 3 38 3,004 3,004 512802 32 41 425 878 935 41 3,007 370

¹ Includes industrial advances and bills bought.

² End of month and Wednesday figures estimated.

Note.—For description of figures in this table and discussion of their significance, see BULLETIN for July 1935, pp. 419–429. Reprints of article together with available back figures, may be obtained upon request from Division of Research and Statistics. Back figures are also shown in Annual Report for 1937 (tables 3 and 4) and for excess reserves in BULLETIN for August 1935, pp. 499–500. Back figures for end of month and Wednesday dates since January 6, 1937 on maturity distribution of security holdings will be supplied on request.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES

[Per cent per annum]

	Rediscounts and advances under sections 13 and 13a of the Federal Reserve Act except last paragraph of Section 13					ces under Sec-	Advances secured by direct obligations of the United States (last paragraph of Section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act)			
Federal Reserve Bank	eligible	by direct and guaranteed ob- is of the U. S.	v direct and ranteed ob- All other Fed			10(b) of the al Reserve Act	г	'o banks	т	o others
	Rate May 29	In effect beginning—	Rate May 29	In effect beginning—	Rate May 29	In effect beginning—	Rate May 29	In effect beginning—	Rate May 29	In effect beginning—
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	$1\frac{1}{2}$ 1 1 1 1 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 27, 1937 Sept. 4, 1937 May 11, 1935 Aug. 27, 1937 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 24, 1937 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 3, 1937		Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 27, 1937 Sept. 4, 1937 May 11, 1935 Aug. 27, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 24, 1937 Sept. 2, 1937 Aug. 24, 1937 Sept. 3, 1937 Sept. 3, 1937	222222222222222	Sept. 2, 1937 Oct. 10, 1935 Sept. 4, 1937 Oct. 19, 1935 Sept. 10, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 24, 1937 Sept. 3, 1937 Aug. 31, 1937 Sept. 17, 1937	$1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\$	Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 25, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939	$ \begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 21 \\ 32 \\ 32 \\ 32 \\ 4 \\ 21 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4$	Apr. 29, 1938 Feb. 8, 1934 Sept 1, 1939 May 11, 1935 Feb. 19, 1934 Apr. 23, 1938 Oct. 16, 1933 Apr. 16, 1938 Apr. 16, 1938 Apr. 16, 1938

¹ Two and one-half per cent to lenders other than banks. NOTE.—Rates applicable to United States Government securities' repurchase agree-ments are as follows: New York, one per cent; Cleveland, Kansas City, and Dallas, one and one-half per cent. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 40).

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BUYING RATES ON ACCEPTANCES

[Per cent per annum]

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL ADVANCES

Rates in effect May 29, 1940, on advances and commitments under Sec. 13b of the Federal Reserve Act

[Per cent per annum except as indicated by footnote 3]

Maturity	Rate in effect on May 29	In effect be- ginning—	Previous rate
1–15 days 1 16-30 days 31–45 days 46-60 days 61-90 days 91–120 days 121–180 days	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 3/4 1	Oct. 20, 1933 do do do do do do	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ³ /4

¹ This rate also applies to acceptances bought under repurchase agree-ments, which agreements are always for a period of 15 days or less. NorE.—Minimum buying rates at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on prime bankers' acceptances payable in dollars; higher rates may be charged for other classes of bills. The same minimum rates apply to purchases, if any, made by other Federal Reserve Banks. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 41).

MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

[Per cent of deposits]

		-			
Classes of deposits and banks	June 21, 1917– Aug. 15, 1936	Aug. 16, 1936– Feb. 28, 1937	Mar. 1, 1937– Apr. 30, 1937	May 1, 1937- Apr. 15, 1938	Apr. 16, 1938– and after
On net demand deposits: ¹ Central reserve city Reserve city Country On time deposits: All member banks	13 10 7 3	$ \begin{array}{r} 19^{1} \\ 15 \\ 10^{1} \\ 4^{1} \\ 4 \end{array} $	$223_4 \\ 171_2 \\ 121_4 \\ 51_4 $	26 20 14 6	223/4 171/2 12 5

¹ See footnote to table on p. 556 for explanation of method of com-puting net demand deposits.

MARGIN REQUIREMENTS 1

Prescribed by Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 [Per cent of market value]

	Apr. 1, 1936- Oct. 31, 1937	Nov. 1, 1937 and after
For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities, under Regulation T For short sales, under Regulation T For loans by banks on stocks, under Regulation U	55 (1) 3 55	40 50 40

Regulations T and U limit the amount of credit that may be extended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of the extension; the "market value (100%) and the maximum loan value.
Requirement under Regulation T was the margin "customarily required" by the broker.
Regulation U became effective May 1, 1936.
NOTE.—Regulations T and U also provide special margin requirements for "omnibus" accounts and loans to brokers and dealers.

	Advances	Advances ing instit			
Federal Reserve Bank	direct to industrial or com- mercial or- ganizations	On por- tion for which institu- tion is obligated	On re- maining portion	Commit- ments to make advances	
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	$\begin{array}{r} 4-6\\ 41/2-6\\ 5-6\\ 5-6\\ 4-5-6\\ 4-51/2\\ 6\\ 4-6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\3\\(1) & 21\\2\\31\\2\\4-6\\5\\(1) & 21\\2\\31\\2\\4\\1\\2-5\\4\\4\\3-4\\3-4\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 31/2 \\ 4-5 \\ (3) \\ 4 \\ 4-6 \\ 5 \\ 5-6 \\ 4^{1/2-5} \\ 4 \\ 5-6 \\ 4-5 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 1&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&\\ 1-2&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&\\ 1-2&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&&&&&\\ 1&&$	

Authorized rate one per cent above prevailing discount rate.
 Same as to borrower but not less than four per cent.
 Minimum charge one-half of one per cent.

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1937 (table 40).

MAXIMUM RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS

Maximum rates that may be paid by member banks as established by the Board of Governors under provisions of Regulation Q.

[Per cent per annum]

	Nov. 1, 1933 to Jan 31, 1935	Feb. 1, 1935 to Dec. 31, 1935	In effect beginning Jan. 1, 1936
Savings deposits Postal savings deposits Other time deposits pay-	3 3	21/2 21/2	21/2 21/2
able in: 6 months or more 90 days to 6 months Less than 90 days	3 3 3	21_{2} 21_{2} 21_{2} 21_{2}	21/2 2 1

NOTE.—Maximum rates that may be paid by insured nonmember banks as established by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, effective February 1, 1936, are the same as those in effect for member banks. In some States the maximum rates established by the Board and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation are superseded by lower maximum rates established by State authority.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF ALL FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[In thousands of dollars]

	Wednesday figures						E	th		
	1940					19	1939			
	May 22	May 15	May 8	May 1	Apr. 24	Apr. 17	Apr. 10	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Assets										
Gold certificates on hand and due from U. S. Treasury	7,737	9,089	9,087	9,640	9,140	9,275	8,672	9,639	8,239	8, 345
Total reserves	17, 224, 087	17, 079, 675	16, 872, 140	16, 832, 580	16, 777, 242	16, 686, 178	16, 555, 056	16, 808, 808	16, 450, 885	13, 475, 578
Bills discounted: For member banks For nonmember banks, etc	2, 317 10						1, 083 1, 010		2, 688 1, 010	
Total bills discounted	2, 327	2, 822	2, 795	2, 668	2, 372	2, 463	2, 093	2, 704	3, 698	3, 258
Bills bought: Payable in foreign currencies										562
Industrial advances. U. S. Government securities, direct and guaranteed:	9, 232	9, 292	9, 296	9, 333	9, 918	9, 852	9, 875	9, 357	10, 350	13, 292
Bonds Bulls		1, 344, 845 1, 129, 225	1, 337, 495 1, 129, 225	1, 337, 495 1, 129, 225 	1, 337, 495 1, 129, 225	1, 342, 045 1, 133, 225				
Total U. S. Government securi- ties, direct and guaranteed Other Reserve Bank credit	2, 477, 120 31, 541	2, 474, 070 31, 966	2, 466, 720 28, 510			2, 466, 720 34, 859	2, 466, 720 21, 457	2, 466, 720 39, 125	2, 475, 270 39, 811	2, 570, 668 6, 830
Total Reserve Bank credit out- standing	2, 520, 220	2, 518, 150	2, 507, 321	2, 500, 056	2, 501, 317	2, 513, 894	2, 500, 145	2, 517, 906	2, 529, 129	2, 594, 610
Liabilities										
F. R. notes in actual circulation	4, 984, 611	4, 968, 735	4, 954, 783	4, 945, 500	4, 918, 503	4, 931, 115	4, 923, 425	4, 941, 165	4, 930, 814	4, 457, 868
Deposits: Member bank—reserve account U. S. Treasurer—general account. Foreign bank Other deposits	13, 222, 502 370, 008 449, 854 484, 761	13, 093, 674 424, 634 400, 930 476, 886	512, 185 360, 819	490, 106 357, 212	469, 974 376, 402	512, 521 384, 229	590, 460 372, 802	446, 408 367, 239	702, 219 362, 383	931, 062 224, 832
Total deposits	14, 527, 125	14, 396, 124	14, 191, 301	14, 153, 146	14, 125, 705	14, 031, 710	13, 898, 308	14, 152, 433	13, 815, 304	11, 375, 575
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined (per cent)	88. 3	88. 2	88. 1	88. 1	88. 1	88.0	88.0	88.0	87.8	85.1

MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF BILLS AND U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

HELD BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Within 15 days	16 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 days to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 years to 5 years	Over 5 years
Bills discounted: Apr. 24. May 1 May 8. May 82. Industrial advances: Apr. 24. May 10. May 10. May 10. May 10. May 10. May 10. May 22. U. S. Government securities, direct and guaranteed: Apr. 24. May 15. May 15. May 15. May 22. May 22.	2, 668 2, 795 2, 822 2, 327 9, 918 9, 333		51 1,059 1,137 250 167 84 77 86 87 9 142				22 7 5 5 1,461 1,329 1,250 1,126 1,146 224,796 224,796 224,796 224,796		2, 175 2, 121 2, 115 2, 112 731, 708 731, 708 731, 708 731, 708 731, 708	

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, BY WEEKS

[In thousands of dollars]

						•							
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Assets													
Gold certificates on hand and							ļ						
due from U. S. Treasury: Apr. 17 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22. Redemption fund — Federal Reserve notes:	16, 288, 976	888, 941	8,078,757	897, 744	1,016,433	412, 124	324, 915	2, 519, 445 2, 517, 492 2, 559, 398 2, 572, 461 2, 600, 608 2, 634, 384	371, 469	250, 827	358,055	228, 870	941, 396 950, 220
Apr. 24 May 1	16, 378, 477 16, 442, 978	884,786 888,133	8, 167, 190 8, 221, 053	905, 236 904, 183	1, 018, 356 1, 032, 549	413, 621 416, 966	316, 893 307, 959	2,517,492 2,559,398	367, 819	246, 568	356, 523	234, 103	928.837
May 8 May 15	16, 496, 977	904, 905 904, 582	8, 134, 966 8, 296, 724 8, 411, 417	924, 840 931, 442	1,049,567	414, 258	325, 861 326, 710	2, 572, 461	370, 297	280, 574	359, 912	230, 710	933, 982 948, 248 955, 637
Redemption fund - Federal	10, 841, 970	911,717	8, 411, 417	929, 008	1, 000, 283	414, 313	325, 725	2, 034, 384	309, 379	230, 072	552, 790	229, 991	900,001
Reserve notes: Apr. 17	9, 275	422 380	1,678	1,000	658 601		652		597 568	626 616		258 248	1, 024 1, 481
May 1	9, 140 9, 640 9, 087	380 380 301	1, 559 1, 559 1, 253	870 870 755	601 506		574	771	568	616	280	748 736	1, 481 1, 481 1, 454
Apr. 17. Apr. 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 22.	9,089 7,737	301 301 301	1, 253 1, 253 944	756 756	506 506 413	1, 511	528	632	544	605	263	736 736	1, 454 1, 426
Other cash:	387, 927	30, 184	106, 700	31, 036	29, 412		1		1				34, 057
Apr. 24	389, 625 379, 962	31, 273	112,808	29,759 29,482	25, 876 25, 533	22,403	20,008	50,456	17, 843 17, 330 17, 089	10,085	17,850	16, 785	34, 992 33, 649
Other cash: Apr. 17	366, 076 378, 611	32,078	109, 594	28, 420 28, 723	24, 252	19,977	18, 506	48,042	16, 851	8.411	16,977		27,611 29,500
May 22 Total reserves:	374, 374	32, 523	111, 986	27, 362	24, 659	21, 104	18, 411	49, 546	18, 146	7,928		15,026	29, 545
Total reserves: Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 15 May 15 May 22. Bills discounted: Scoured by U.S. Govern	16,686,178 16,777,242	919, 547 916, 439	8, 187, 135 8, 281, 557	929,780 935,865	1,046,503 1,044,833	437, 695 437, 216	346,669 337,475	2, 567, 721 2, 568, 719 2, 607, 895 2, 621, 135 2, 648, 234 2, 684, 444	389, 909 385, 717	261,488 257,269	377,681 374,323	245, 573 251, 136	976, 477 986, 693
May 1 May 8	16,832,580 16,872,140	920, 083 937, 284	8, 328, 511 8, 245, 813	934, 535 954, 015	1,058,683 1,074.325	441, 440 435, 746	329,637 344.895	2,607,895 2,621,135	379, 113 377, 439	243, 872 289, 590	376, 153 377, 152	248, 691 251, 699	963, 967 963, 047
May 15 May 22	17,079,675	938, 420 944, 541	8, 407, 887 8, 524, 347	960, 921 957, 786	1,070,674 1,081,355	440, 400 436, 223	347, 788 344, 616	2, 648, 234 2, 684, 444	388, 486 388, 047	272, 584 259, 194	378, 320 371, 173	2469759 245,753	979, 202 986, 608
becured by 0. 5. Govern-													
ment obligations, direct and guaranteed:													
Apr. 17. Apr. 24.	632 443	67	55 65	125 5	23	90	36	69		30		35	38 23 23 23 23 23 23
May 1 May 8	621 742	62		30 46	23	75	19	54	50	30	15	35	23 23
Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Other bills discounted:	. 680 1, 093			44 61	23 23	120 30			25 500	30 80	15 15		23 23
Apr. 17	1,831		522	98				128	90	22 22	181	265	135
Apr. 24. May 1	1,929 2,047		509 590	132 130	130		106	128	140	1 62	243	275 270	135 135
May 8 May 15	2,053		567 604	130 130	119	113	88	128	140	62	282	305 331	145 145 71
Apr. 17. Apr. 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 22. Total bills discounted:	1, 234 2, 463			29 223			1	1	120 90	1		305 300	173
Apr. 24	2,405	67	577 574 860	223 137 160	151 153 143	203	170	197	90	52	261	310	158 158
May 8 May 8	2, 003	62	877	176	142	188	97	182	190	92	240 281 297	340 365	168 168
Total bills discounted: Apr. 17 May 1 May 18 May 15 May 22 Industrial advances: Apr. 17	2, 327	53	439	90	60		87		620	145	265		94
Apr. 17	9, 852 9, 918		2,040 2,030	2, 742 2, 731	314 364				61	186 176			687 677
May 1 May 8	9, 333 9, 296	1, 199	2 028	2, 731 2, 708 2, 688 2, 678	353 359	910	301	339	60	172	111	479	673 673
Industrial advances: Apr. 17. Apr. 24. May 1 May 8. May 15. May 22. U. S. Government securities, direct and gnaranteed:	9, 292	1, 192	2,028	2, 678 2, 657	364 363			337	60		110		673 673
Ponde:													
Apr. 17 Apr. 24	1, 337, 495 1, 337, 495	97, 529 97, 529	400,969	106, 802 106, 802	136, 778 136, 778	68, 248 68, 248	56, 495 56, 495	146, 385	61, 325 61, 325	40,271 40,271	61, 738 61, 738	51, 517 51, 517	109, 438 109, 438
May 1 May 8	1, 337, 495 1, 337, 495	97, 529 97, 529	400.969	106, 802 106, 802 106, 802	136,778	68, 248 68, 248	8 56, 495 8 56, 495	146, 385 146, 385	61, 325 61, 325	$ \begin{array}{c} 40,271 \\ 40,271 \\ 40,271 \end{array} $	61, 738 61, 738	51, 517 51, 517	109, 438 109, 438
Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Notee:	1, 344, 845	98, 049 98, 199	403,476	107, 418 107, 604	137, 530 137, 752	68, 575 68, 663	5 56, 774	147, 151 147, 369	61, 599 61, 672	40, 459	62,020 62,096	51, 517 51, 517 51, 517 51, 517 51, 517 51, 767 51, 835	109, 438 110, 027 110, 197
Notes: Apr. 17	1, 129, 225	82, 343	1	90, 170			1		1	1			
Apr. 24 May 1	1, 129, 225 1, 129, 225	82, 343 82, 343 82, 343 82, 343 82, 343	338, 532 338, 532	90, 170 90, 170	115, 478	57,622	2 47, 700	123, 590 123, 590	51, 775	34,000 34,000) 52, 123	43, 495 43, 495	92, 397 92, 397 92, 397 92, 397 92, 397 92, 386
May 8 May 15	1, 129, 225 1, 129, 225	82, 343 82, 328	0 338,780	90, 170 90, 197	115, 478 115, 482	57, 622 57, 580	47,072	123, 007	51, 775	5 34,000 3 33,972	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	43, 495 43, 466	92, 397 92, 386
Notes: Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 2 May 25 Total U. S. Government securities direct and quar-	1, 130, 125	82, 387	339, 160	90, 279	115, 574	57, 610	47, 699	123, 644	51, 742	2 33, 987	52, 098	8 43, 490	92, 455
bocurnics, uncer and guar-	1												
Apr. 17 Apr. 24	2,466,720 2,466,720	179, 872 179, 872	739, 501	196, 972 196, 972	252, 256	125, 870	104, 195 104, 195	6 269,975	113, 100 113, 100	74, 271	113, 861 113, 861	95,012	201, 835 201, 835
May 1 May 8	2,466,720	179, 872 179, 872	739, 501	196, 972 196, 972	252, 256	125, 870) 104, 195) 104, 195	6 269, 975	5113, 100 5113, 100	74, 271	113,861 113,861	95,012	201,835 201,835
anteeo: Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1. May 8. May 15. May 22.	2, 474 , 070 2, 477, 120	180, 377 180, 586	742, 262 743, 407		253,012	1126.153	$5 104, 446 \\ 8 104, 550$	SI 270, 708	$ \begin{array}{c} 113, 322 \\ 113, 414 \end{array} $	2 74, 431 74, 497	l 114, 096 7 114, 194		202, 413 202, 652
	1		1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Federal Reserve Banks—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

Freedom	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Assets-Continued													
Total bills and securities: Apr. 17 May 1 May 15 May 15 May 22 Due from foreign banks:	2, 479, 035 2, 479, 010 2, 478, 721 2, 478, 811 2, 486, 184 2, 488, 679	181, 153 181, 168 181, 148 181, 130 181, 681 181, 807	742, 105 742, 389 742, 406 745, 094	199, 840 199, 840	252.773	127, 073 126, 988 126, 933 126, 968 127, 295 127, 285	105, 167 104, 621 104, 580	270, 511 270, 496 270, 494	113, 251 113, 325 113, 350	74, 479 74, 499 74, 535 74, 533 74, 702 74, 816	114, 234 114, 220 114, 252	95, 804 95, 796 95, 829	202, 666 202, 676 203, 254
Apr. 24 May 1. May 8. May 15. May 22.	47 47 47 47 47 47 47	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4 4 4	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	$^{2}_{2}$	6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 1 1	* * * *	1 1 1 1 1 1		4
Pederal Reserve hotes of other banks: Apr. 17	$19, 461 \\ 22, 113 \\ 21, 751 \\ 22, 197 \\ 21, 255 \\ 21, 377$	575 589 848 693 672 852	1, 319 1, 810 1, 584 1, 631 1, 602 1, 612	816 963 910 936 968 884	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{1,\ 614}\\ \mathbf{1,\ 569}\\ \mathbf{1,\ 672}\\ \mathbf{1,\ 698}\\ \mathbf{1,\ 334}\\ \mathbf{1,\ 546} \end{array}$	4, 357 5, 175 3, 994 4, 453 3, 561 3, 082	2, 247 2, 567 2, 598 2, 111 1, 468 2, 209	2, 345 2, 730 3, 213 3, 370 2, 780 2, 741	2,287	433 749 1, 032 909	1, 411 1, 539	385 680 708 482 578 585	1, 474 1, 899 2, 228 2, 108 2, 952 2, 204
Apr. 17	763, 669 638, 721 688, 329 599, 213 788, 124 664, 147	70, 814 62, 972 66, 641 59, 317 73, 234 63, 313	168, 013 139, 926	54, 667 44, 342 53, 749 47, 170 57, 834 52, 973	91, 470 75, 782 81, 766 66, 878 99, 611 76, 799	64, 762 51, 657 53, 516 52, 144 63, 026 55, 438	32, 617 24, 421 30, 606 21, 926 30, 611 26, 480	$\begin{array}{c} 104, 692\\ 83, 676\\ 96, 423\\ 87, 782\\ 111, 110\\ 92, 949 \end{array}$	32, 480 27, 793 29, 214 28, 183 35, 883 30, 086	17, 896 17, 570 15, 969 19, 222	34, 229 31, 702 28, 659 34, 977	32, 210 24, 831 22, 482 28, 559	38, 018 32, 591 34, 298 28, 777 38, 741 36, 473
A pr. 17 A pr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 8 May 15 May 22 Other assets:	$\begin{array}{r} 41, 625\\ 41, 621\\ 41, 533\\ 41, 536\\ 41, 553\\ 41, 553\\ 41, 595\end{array}$	2, 875 2, 875 2, 871 2, 871 2, 871 2, 871 2, 871	9, 840 9, 840 9, 821 9, 823 9, 839 9, 839	$\begin{array}{r} 4,541\\ 4,541\\ 4,530\\ 4,530\\ 4,530\\ 4,530\\ 4,530\end{array}$	5, 510 5, 498 5, 498 5, 498 5, 499 5, 485	2, 526 2, 526 2, 519 2, 519 2, 519 2, 519 2, 519	2, 023 2, 022 2, 019 2, 019 2, 019 2, 019 2, 019	3, 373 3, 373 3, 367 3, 367 3, 367 3, 367 3, 367 3, 367	2, 263 2, 272 2, 268 2, 269 2, 269 2, 325	1, 389 1, 386 1, 386 1, 386 1, 386	3, 197 3, 197 3, 181 3, 181 3, 181 3, 181 3, 181	$\begin{array}{c} 1,159\\ 1,159\\ 1,153\\ 1,153\\ 1,153\\ 1,153\\ 1,153\end{array}$	2, 929 2, 929 2, 920 2, 920 2, 920 2, 920 2, 920
Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22	58, 082 59, 145 59, 524 60, 293 61, 760 62, 465	$\begin{array}{c} 3,926\\ 3,977\\ 4,026\\ 4,089\\ 4,184\\ 4,241 \end{array}$	17, 036 17, 095 17, 342 17, 892 18, 036	4, 650 4, 890 4, 711 4, 784 4, 889 4, 951	6, 526 6, 592 6, 668 6, 745 6, 889 6, 955	3, 399 3, 438 3, 467 3, 517 3, 580 3, 613		6, 009 6, 118 6, 172 6, 264 6, 398 6, 524	2, 520 2, 562 2, 601 2, 637 2, 698 2, 731	1, 812 1, 835 1, 858 1, 897 1, 929	2, 676 2, 733 2, 769	2, 566 2, 584 2, 641 2, 647	5, 138 5, 206 5, 254 5, 314 5, 413 5, 493
Total assets: Apr. 17	20, 048, 097 20, 017, 899 20, 122, 485 20, 074, 237 20, 478, 598 20, 502, 397	$\begin{matrix} 1,178,893\\ 1,168,023\\ 1,175,620\\ 1,185,387\\ 1,201,065\\ 1,197,628 \end{matrix}$	9, 152, 354 9, 203, 518 9, 267, 431 9, 156, 959 9, 377, 648 9, 461, 389	$\begin{array}{c} 1,194,396\\ 1,190,446\\ 1,198,280\\ 1,211,276\\ 1,229,614\\ 1,221,759 \end{array}$	1, 404, 348 1, 387, 051 1, 407, 043 1, 407, 905 1, 437, 529 1, 425, 893	639, 814 627, 002 631, 871 625, 349 640, 383 628, 162	491, 156 474, 091 471, 958 478, 016 489, 275 482, 818	2, 954, 655 2, 935, 133 2, 987, 572 2, 992, 418 3, 043, 103 3, 061, 417	542, 059 533, 883 528, 230 525, 708 545, 379 539, 259	358, 995 353, 298 339, 947 384, 368 370, 700 356, 090	531, 686 530, 003 529, 450 527, 775 535, 651 521, 750	373, 006 383, 459 373, 746 374, 230 375, 765 369, 111	$\begin{array}{c}1,226,735\\1,231,992\\1,211,337\\1,204,846\\1,232,486\\1,237,121\end{array}$
Liabilities													
Federal Reserve notes in ac- tual circulation: Apr. 17	4, 931, 115 4, 918, 503 4, 945, 500 4, 954, 783 4, 968, 735 4, 984, 611	405, 444 404, 864 405, 301 406, 251 406, 304 407, 516	$\begin{array}{c} 1,287,810\\ 1,278,131\\ 1,289,308\\ 1,286,607\\ 1,306,676\\ 1,313,809 \end{array}$	344, 729 345, 268 345, 472 346, 097 346, 627 347, 693	450, 501 451, 407 452, 834 456, 441 454, 428 455, 052	216, 478 218, 105 218, 645 217, 972 217, 259 216, 032	159, 584 159, 278 160, 356 160, 355 160, 385 160, 936	1, 084, 200 1, 083, 799 1, 088, 560 1, 091, 644 1, 092, 557 1, 095, 845	193, 083 192, 143 192, 777 192, 422 192, 065 192, 162	141, 634 141, 524 142, 507 143, 059 142, 364 142, 357	182, 672 181, 754 182, 466 182, 376 182, 455 182, 373	79, 439 79, 152 79, 959 79, 580 78, 714 78, 576	385, 541 383, 078 387, 315 391, 979 388, 901 392, 260
Member bank—reserve ac- count: Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 U. S. Treasurer-general	12, 757, 391 12, 883, 034 12, 869, 916 12, 877, 017 13, 093, 674 13, 222, 502	621, 877 624, 150 627, 747 634, 796 641, 547 647, 487	7, 013, 375 7, 073, 238 7, 055, 987 6, 963, 746 7, 116, 129 7, 213, 805	675, 057 690, 016 692, 572 709, 860 706, 451 700, 067	755, 574 754, 668 765, 069 763, 144 779, 984 792, 972	287, 585 295, 758 294, 504 299, 022 302, 841 302, 378	235, 063 233, 681 225, 799 239, 655 240, 207 231, 565	$\begin{array}{c} 1,590,182\\ 1,623,077\\ 1,656,493\\ 1,664,747\\ 1,700,064\\ 1,726,653\end{array}$	255, 726 254, 187 249, 989 248, 704 258, 613 266, 689	148, 250 142, 135 131, 255 176, 768 164, 304 156, 254	265, 006 265, 028 264, 018 268, 466 272, 053 264, 638	208, 443 212, 604 213, 489 215, 370 213, 494 214, 657	701, 253 714, 492 692, 994 692, 739 697, 987 705, 337
Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 5 May 22	512, 521 469, 974 490, 106 512, 185 424, 634 370, 008	24, 400 19, 136 20, 193 29, 524 21, 594 16, 929	150, 837 167, 353 159, 612 119, 150	33, 299 26, 973 22, 153 26, 407 26, 037 25, 481	30, 238 28, 903 31, 106 48, 947 29, 194 21, 894	23, 875 29, 160 21, 050 22, 991	23, 339 23, 938 24, 767 26, 847	80, 908 46, 457 52, 998 61, 898 39, 522 36, 588	30,248 28,271	30, 992 31, 625 28, 049 28, 426 24, 888 17, 921	30, 715 26, 033 29, 641 26, 665 24, 384 23, 912	32, 479 28, 156 31, 557 28, 985	
Foreign Dank: Apr. 17 Apr. 24. May 1 May 2 May 15 May 22	$\begin{array}{c} 384,229\\ 376,402\\ 357,212\\ 360,819\\ 400,930\\ 449,854 \end{array}$	27, 360 27, 205 25, 628 25, 617 28, 351 32, 519	126, 259 129, 876 145, 097	37, 492 37, 162 35, 104 35, 104 38, 892 44, 580	35, 580 35, 266 33, 312 33, 313 36, 907 42, 305	17,065	12,537 12,537 13,890	45, 909 45, 504 42, 984 42, 984 47, 622 54, 587	11, 376 10, 746 10, 746	7,880 7,880 8,731	10, 997 10, 388 10, 388	11, 376 10, 746 10, 746 11, 906	29,054

* Less than \$500.

Federal Reserve Banks—Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

			[In thousa	nds of dol	lars]							
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Liabilities—Continued													
Deposits—Continued: Other deposits:													
Apr. 17	377, 569	6, 594	288, 397	17, 548	9, 817	10, 702	6,847	3, 397	7,917	5, 234	1,740	2,007 2,103	17, 369
May 1	396, 295 435, 912	6, 928 6, 656	309, 630 350, 668	15,905 13,769	8.839	6,428	6, 531	5,059	6,825	4,979 5,688	1,706	2, 103	21, 075 17, 937
May 8 May 15	441, 280 476, 886	6, 501 6, 561	361, 664 386, 313	13, 622 21, 645	8,685	5, 229 4, 575	5,630	3, 616	6, 617 6, 431	5, 131 4, 894	1,739 1,120	3,623	18, 888 23, 793
Apr. 17. Apr. 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 15. May 22. Total deposits:	484, 761	7, 201	389, 749	18, 378	8, 151			, i	5,905				23, 151
Apr. 24	14, 125, 705	677, 419	7, 559, 709 7, 665, 558	763, 396 770, 056	827,685	345, 625	278, 145	1, 720, 396 1, 718, 732 1, 757, 534 1, 773, 366 1, 790, 824 1, 825, 725	305, 727	192, 893	308, 550	258, 562	781, 650 793, 379 766, 245
May 8	14, 191, 301	696, 438	7, 700, 267 7, 614, 898 7, 766, 689	763, 598 784, 993	853, 548	340, 703	208, 805	1, 757, 534	295, 851	218, 205	307, 258	261, 474	762, 108 781, 950
May 22.	14, 396, 124	704, 136	7, 766, 689 7, 878, 004	793, 025 788, 506	865, 322	347, 472 342, 912	280, 574 283, 836	1, 790, 824 1, 825, 725	306, 876 305, 662	189, 415	309,000	255, 978 255, 978	785, 453
Total deposits: Apr. 17. Apr. 24. May 1. May 2. Deferred availability items: Apr. 17. Apr. 22. Deferred availability items: Apr. 17. May 2. May 1. May 2. Other liabilities, including ac- crued dividends: Apr. 17.	728, 857	68, 410 60, 918		53, 100 41, 683	89, 027 74, 305	62, 279 51, 257	31, 151 23, 678	104,669	32, 221	15, 152 15, 355	29, 786 33, 345	27, 334 34, 342	34, 018 29, 946
May 1	667,041	65, 248 57, 849	154,623	56, 012 46, 937	82, 231 64, 235	52, 287 51, 204	29,808	96,055	27, 994 28, 582 27, 068	15, 228	30, 558	24, 195	32, 214 25, 136
May 15 May 15	756, 205	71, 791 61, 060	180, 616	56, 709		60, 185	29, 308 25, 010	114, 281 94, 317	00,011	16, 169 14, 944	33,458 26,503	27,615	36, 027 33, 732
Other liabilities, including ac-	002,000	01,000	140,071	52, 238	11,012	00,710	20,010	54, 517	00, 012	11, 711	20,000	20, 111	00, 702
Apr. 17	3, 902 4, 566	378 382	1, 048 1, 214	386 641	456 483	114 141	149 171	476 537	124 129	154 167	259 265	142 165	216 271
May 1 May 8	4,064	416	1, 108	384 424	460 474	130 153			112 130	166	257	146 164	228 276
May 15 May 22	4, 500 4, 728	468		413 462	462 485	135 160	171	467	118 133	170	255	167 175	251 299
Other Habilities, Including accured dividends: Apr. 17	19 695 584												
Apr. 24 May 1	19, 665, 235	1, 143, 583	9, 081, 395	1, 157, 648	1, 353, 880	611, 672	461, 272	2,890,214	522, 974	344, 127	519, 575	372, 221	1, 206, 674
Total inspirities: Apr. 17. Apr. 24. May 1. May 18. May 15. May 22.	19, 721, 318	1, 160, 956	9,034,775	1, 178, 451 1, 196, 774	1, 374, 698	610, 032 625, 051	465, 184	2,947,460	514, 764 534 436	375, 188 361 520	517, 334	362, 977 364, 504	1, 179, 499
May 22	20, 149, 117	1, 173, 152	9, 339, 087	1, 188, 899	1, 392, 671	612, 817	469, 972	3, 016, 429	528, 299	346, 902	511, 305	357, 840	1, 211, 744
Capital Accounts													
Capital paid in: Apr. 17	136, 132	9, 341	51, 075	11, 905		5, 276	4, 632		4, 121	2, 950	4, 378		10, 707
Apr. 24 May 1	136, 125 136, 113	9,336	51, 068 51, 049	11,911 11,911	14, 011 14, 013	5, 276 5, 276	4,632 4,632	13, 624 13, 624	4, 121 4, 122	2, 955 2, 955	4,377 4,377	4, 108 4, 111	10, 707 10, 707
May 8 May 15	136, 117 136, 108	9, 331 9, 332	51, 049 51, 049	11, 911 11, 912	14, 016 13, 994	5, 276 5, 276 5, 276	4,632 4,632	13, 624 13, 625	4, 128 4, 131	2, 955 2, 955 2, 955 2, 957 2, 956	4,377	4, 111 4, 116	10, 707 10, 707
Apr. 24. May 1. May 8. May 8. May 15. May 22. Surplus (section 7): Apr. 17	136, 127	9, 332	51, 045	11, 918			1	13, 629	4, 131				10, 714
Apr. 17 Apr. 24	151, 720 151, 720	10,405	53, 326	14, 198 14, 198	14, 323	5, 247 5, 247	5, 725 5, 725	22, 824	4, 709 4, 709	3, 152	3, 613 3, 613	3, 974	10, 224 10, 224
May 1 May 8	151, 720 151, 720	10, 405 10, 405	53, 326	14, 198 14, 198	14, 323	5, 247 5, 247	5,725	22, 824	4, 709 4, 709	3,152	3, 613 3, 613	3, 974	10, 224 10, 224
Apr. 17. Apr. 24. May 1. May 15. May 22. Surprus (section 13b):	151, 720 151, 720	10, 405 10, 405	53, 326 53, 326	14, 198 14, 198	14, 323 14, 323	5, 247 5, 247	5, 725 5, 725	22, 824 22, 824	4, 709 4, 709	3, 152 3, 152	3, 613 3, 613	3, 974 3, 974	10, 224 10, 224
Surplus (section 13b): Apr. 17	26, 839	2, 874	7, 109	4, 393	1, 007	3, 246			538		1, 142	1, 266	2, 121
Apr. 24 May 1	26, 839 26, 839	2,874	7, 109 7, 109	4, 393 4, 393	1.007	3, 246 3, 246	713	1, 429	538 538	1,001	1, 142 1, 142	1,266	2, 121 2, 121
May 8 May 15	26, 839 26, 839	2, 874 2, 874	7, 109 7, 109	4, 393 4, 393	1,007 1,007	3, 246 3, 246	713	1, 429	538 538 538	1,001	1,142	1,266	2, 121 2, 121 2, 121
Apr. 24. May 1. May 1. May 2. May 22. Other capital accounts:	26, 839 37, 822		7, 109 10, 567	4, 393 2, 289	1, 007 3, 814	3, 246 1, 549		· ·		1,001 2,059	1, 142 1, 280		2, 121
Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1	37, 980 38, 062	1,826	10,620	2, 289 2, 296 2, 312	3, 830	1, 561	1,749	7,032	1, 541	2,063	1,296	1,890	2, 266
May 8 May 15	38, 243 38, 367	1, 821	10, 700	2, 323 2, 337	3, 861 3, 876 3, 895	1,548	1,762	7,081 7,081 7,096 7,106	1, 569 1, 565	2 072	1 1 300	1,902	2, 295
May 22. Total liabilities and capital ac-	38, 594	1, 838 1, 865	10, 700	2, 351	3, 895	1, 576	1, 776	7,106	1, 582	2, 070 2, 079	1, 200	1, 912	2, 318
	20 048 007	1 179 902	0 159 254	1 104 306	1 404 348	630 814	401 156	2 054 855	549 050	358 005	531 696	373 006	1 996 735
Apr. 24	20,017,899	1, 168, 023	9, 203, 518	1, 190, 446	1, 387, 051	627, 002	474,091	2, 935, 133	533, 883	353, 298	530,003	383, 459	1, 231, 992
May 1 May 8	20, 122, 485	1, 175, 820	9, 207, 431	1, 211, 276	1,407,905	625, 349	478,016	2,997,572	525, 250 525, 708	384, 368	527, 775	374, 230	1, 204, 846
counts: Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22. Commitments to make indus-	20, 478, 598	1, 197, 628	9, 461, 389	1, 229, 014 1, 221, 759	1, 425, 893	628, 162	482, 818	3, 043, 103	539, 259	356, 090	521, 750	369, 111	1, 237, 121
trial advances: Apr. 17				1, 145									3, 818
Apr. 17 Apr. 24 May 1	8, 805 8, 725 9, 225	331 330 330	853 852 849	1, 145 1, 146 1, 145	1, 181	717	16	18	120	59	468		3, 818 3, 818 3, 778
May 8	8, 965	329 326	848	1, 145 1, 145 1, 145	1, 185	701	516	18	179	58	175	i	3, 811 3, 803
May 15 May 22	8, 933 8, 883	320		1, 145							175		3, 803 3, 775
					•	<u> </u>		1		<u> </u>			·

INDUSTRIAL ADVANCES BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Number Amount Number Amount Number Amount Number Amount Number Amount (amount) (amount) (amount) 1934—Dec. 26 4, 386 146, 972 71 2, 955 984 49, 634 13, 589 8, 225 20, 966 5, 558 1, 249 Dec. 31	Date (last Wednesday of each month)		cations ived	Applicati conside		Applie appr	eations oved	Advances out- standing ¹ (amount)	out- standing	but not com- pleted 2	or with- drawn by appli-	Partici- pations out- standing ²
1935—June 26 6325 227, 581 668 11, 349 1, 646 98, 778 27, 518 20, 579 11, 248 24, 900 4.5 Dec. 31 4 7, 437 293, 684 28 2, 523 1, 903 124, 403 32, 493 27, 649 11, 548 44, 905 8, 7 Dec. 30 8, 006 314, 471 12 1, 880 2, 183 133, 343 30, 484 24, 454 9, 381 61, 425 8, 7 Dec. 30 8, 247 238, 998 5 1, 245 2, 282 139, 829 25, 528 20, 959 8, 226 77, 910 7, 2 June 30 8, 474 333, 909 10 1, 223 2, 361 146, 758 23, 059 18, 611 7, 683 85, 210 67, 79 7, 248 7, 248 7, 27, 843 7, 27, 843 7, 27, 843 7, 283 7, 23, 584 7, 310 7, 23, 88 7, 20, 216 12, 780 3, 369 107, 384 7, 27 7, 285 7, 20, 216 12, 780 3, 369 107, 384 7, 27 193 13, 10 3, 119 11, 111, 193 7, 84 7, 24 <		Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	(amount)	(amount)	(amount)		(amount)
1940 Jan. 9,433 406,097 2 76 2,793 188,879 12,860 8,376 2,604 154,629 10,5 Feb. 28 9,456 407,392 4 32 2,805 190,055 12,997 8,966 1,454 155,674 11,0 Mar. 27 9,476 410,192 7 199 2,814 192,665 12,272 8,224 2,471 155,110 11,1	1935—June 26		$\begin{array}{c} 237, 581\\ 293, 084\\ 314, 471\\ 328, 998\\ 333, 500\\ 339, 500\\ 339, 500\\ 3341, 842\\ 350, 551\\ 358, 936\\ 359, 553\\ 378, 974\\ 389, 553\\ 378, 974\\ 389, 553\\ 378, 974\\ 389, 554\\ 392, 230\\ 394, 055\\ 394, 070\\ 399, 780$	68 28 29 10 1 7 19 8 8 5 8 7 14 7 6 5 6 7 2 1 3 2 2 4	$\begin{array}{c} 11,349\\ 2,823\\ 1,880\\ 1,245\\ 1,322\\ 1,263\\ 800\\ 550\\ 1,299\\ 476\\ 146\\ 247\\ 999\\ 964\\ 344\\ 495\\ 400\\ 532\\ 370\\ 700\\ 702\\ 92\\ 411\\ 76\\ 32\\ 199\\ 919\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 646\\ 1, 903\\ 2, 183\\ 2, 280\\ 2, 361\\ 2, 361\\ 2, 361\\ 2, 406\\ 2, 466\\ 2, 667\\ 2, 666\\ 2, 667\\ 2, 666\\ 2, 667\\ 2, 667\\ 2, 667\\ 2, 667\\ 2, 677\\ 2, 673\\ 2, 771\\ 2, 783\\ 2, 783\\ 2, 772\\ 2, 783\\ 2, 772\\ 2, 783\\ 2, 783\\ 2, 814\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 88,778\\ 124,493\\ 133,348\\ 133,829\\ 141,645,758\\ 144,758\\ 144,758\\ 146,724\\ 146,724\\ 146,724\\ 146,724\\ 146,724\\ 146,728\\ 175,611\\ 175,902\\ 175,611\\ 175,902\\ 176,631\\ 175,633\\ 176,633\\ 176,633\\ 177,895\\ 177,895\\ 177,895\\ 178,833\\ 179,778\\ 183,354\\ 183,354\\ 184,152\\ 185,234\\ 187,257\\ 188,879\\ 190,055\\ 188,879\\ 192,665\\ 19$	$\begin{array}{c} 27, 518\\ 32, 493\\ 30, 484\\ 25, 526\\ 23, 059\\ 23, 019\\ 21, 415\\ 20, 216\\ 19, 371\\ 18, 444\\ 17, 567\\ 17, 567\\ 17, 567\\ 15, 817\\ 15, 817\\ 15, 817\\ 15, 817\\ 15, 817\\ 15, 384\\ 14, 567\\ 15, 384\\ 14, 667\\ 14, 454\\ 14, 545\\ 14, 067\\ 12, 860\\ 12, 997\\ 12, 723\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,679\\ 27,649\\ 24,454\\ 20,959\\ 16,611\\ 16,331\\ 14,880\\ 12,780\\ 13,614\\ 13,604\\ 12,780\\ 13,604\\ 13,604\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 13,004\\ 12,907\\ 14,161\\ 14,160\\ 14,1$	$11, 248 \\ 11, 548 \\ 9, 381 \\ 8, 226 \\ 7, 898 \\ 1, 470 \\ 53, 369 \\ 3, 084 \\ 5, 737 \\ 1, 948 \\ 5, 737 \\ 1, 948 \\ 1, 203 $	24, 900 44, 025 61, 425 77, 910 97, 663 102, 583 107, 583 107, 583 107, 583 117, 555 122, 447 128, 639 133, 001 135, 004 136, 606 137, 922 139, 281 142, 943 144, 812 144, 156 144, 037 149, 911 155, 574 158, 629 154, 629	$\begin{array}{c} 1,296\\ 4,533\\ 8,778\\ 8,77599\\ 7,208\\ 6,767\\ 7,275\\ 7,304\\ 7,285\\ 7,825\\ 8,426\\ 9,032\\ 12,722\\ 12,534\\ 12,413\\ 12,414\\ 12,413\\ 12,243\\ 12,079\\ 12,818\\ 12,444\\ 12,4169\\ 12,818\\ 12,444\\ 12,169\\ 12,818\\ 12,444\\ 13,169\\ 11,064\\ 11,064\\ 11,166\\ $

¹ Includes industrial advances past due 3 months or more which are not included in industrial advances outstanding in weekly statement of condition of the Federal Reserve Banks.
 ¹ Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.
 ³ Does not include financing institution guaranties of advances and commitments made by Federal Reserve Banks, which amounted to \$1,023,536 May 15, 1940.
 ⁴ Tuesday.
 ⁵ Latest date for which figures are available.

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES-FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS, BY WEEKS

[In thousands of dollars]

	1		1	1				<u></u>	1	1	1	1	1
	Total	Bos- ton	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Federal Reserve notes:													
Issued to F. R. bank by F. R. agent:	:												
Apr. 24	5, 245, 738	417, 541	1, 388, 966	361, 877	475, 452	234,758	173, 942	1, 126, 072	202, 470	145, 773	190, 180	86, 863	441, 844
May 1	5, 246, 984	419,046	1, 386, 426	362, 503	474, 951	234, 476	173, 345	1, 129, 275	202, 923	145, 814	190, 525	86, 240	441, 460
May 8	5, 275, 419	424, 021	1, 392, 823	304, 811	478, 370	235, 388	174, 786	1, 132, 160	202, 710	147, 544	194, 502	80, 535	441,769 446,121
May 15	5, 296, 011 5, 318, 607	421, 803	1,410,000	302, 033	470, 930	234, 143	174,730	1, 132, 590	203, 701	147, 181	193, 523	80, 120	440, 121
May 22 Held by Federal Reserve Bank:	. 5, 318, 007	424, 228	1, 421, 510	304, 002	482,048	200, 222	174, 313	1, 138, 343	204,098	147, 499	194, 935	80, 207	447, 000
Apr. 24	397 935	12,677	110,835	16 600	24 045	16 653	14 664	42 273	10.327	4, 249	8,426	7 711	58, 766
May 1	301, 484	13, 745		17,031	22, 117	15, 831	12, 989	40, 715	10, 146		8,059		
May 8	320, 636	17, 770	106, 216	18,714	21, 929	17, 416	14, 431	40, 516	10, 288		12, 126		49, 790
May 15	327, 276	15, 499	109, 889	15,906	22, 507	16, 884	14,345	40,033	11,696	4,817	11,068	7,412	57, 220
May 22	333, 996	16, 712	107, 707	16, 969	26, 996	17, 190	13, 377	42, 498	11, 936	5, 142	12, 562	7, 631	55, 276
In actual circulation:1													
Apr. 24	4, 918, 503 4, 945, 500	404, 864	1, 278, 131	345, 268	451, 407	218, 105	159, 278	1, 083, 799	192, 143	141, 524	181, 754	79, 152	383, 078
May 1	4, 945, 500	405, 301	1, 289, 308	345, 472	452, 834	218, 645	160, 356	1, 088, 560	192, 777	142, 507	182, 466	79,959	387, 315
May 8	4, 954, 783 4, 968, 7 3 5	406, 251	1, 286, 607	346, 097	456, 441	217, 972	160, 355	1,091,644	192, 422	143,059	182, 376	79, 580	391, 979
May 15	4, 968, 735	406, 304	1,306,676	340, 027	454, 428	217, 259	160, 385	1,092,557	192,065	142, 304	182, 455	78,714	388, 901 392, 260
May 22 Collateral held by agent as security for	4, 984, 011	407, 510	1, 515, 809	341, 093	400, 002	210, 032	100, 990	1, 099, 849	192, 102	142, 507	184, 373	10,010	382, 200
notes issued to bank:	1 1	i :											
Gold certificates on hand and due													
from U. S. Treasury:													
Apr. 24	5, 375, 500	440.000	1,405,000	375,000	479.000	250,000	180,000	1.140.000	209.000	147.500	195.000	91,000	464.000
May 1	5, 375, 500 5, 374, 500	440,000	1,405,000	375,000	479,000	250,000	180,000	1, 140, 000	209,000	147,500	195, 000	90,000	464,000
May 8	5. 375. 500	440.000	1.405.000	375.000	479,000	250.000	180.000	1, 140, 000	209.000	148, 500	195.000	90.000	464, 000
May 15	5, 420, 500	440,000	1, 435, 000	375,000	479,000	250,000	180,000	1, 150, 000	209,000	148, 500	200,000	90,000	464,000
May 22	5, 435, 500	440,000	1, 445, 000	375, 000	484,000	250,000	180,000	1, 150, 000	209,000	148, 500	200,000	90,000	464, 000
Eligible paper: Apr. 24									•				
Apr. 24	719	67	147	39		160			50		226		
May 1			433	62		110			90		217		
May 8	1, 170		450 367	18		140			115 90		200		
May 15 May 22	1, 171 1, 657	53				190			90 565		200		
Total colleteral:	1,054		409	90		100			000	140	200		···
Total collateral: Apr. 24	5, 376, 219	440.067	1,405,147	375.030	479.000	250 160	180, 000	1 140 000	209.050	147, 530	195, 226	91 000	464,000
May 1	5, 375, 559	440, 077	1, 405, 433	375, 062	479,000	250, 110	180,000	1, 140, 000	209, 090	147, 570	195, 217		464,000
May 8	5, 376, 670	440, 062	1, 405, 450	375, 078	479,000	250, 145	180,000	1, 140, 000	209, 115	148, 570	195, 250		464,000
May 15	5, 421, 671	440, 112	1, 435, 367	375, 076	479,000	250, 190	180,000	1, 150, 000	209,090	148, 570	200, 266	90,000	464,000
May 22	5, 437, 157	440, 053	1, 445, 439	375, 090	484,000	250, 100	180,000	1, 150, 000	209, 565	148, 645	200, 265	90,000	464,000
•					,	, -						,	

1 Includes Federal Reserve notes held by the United States Treasury or by a Federal Reserve Bank other than the issuing bank.

RESERVE POSITION OF MEMBER BANKS, APRIL, 1940

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

MEMBER BANK RESERVE BALANCES BY CLASSES OF BANKS

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

Classes of banks and districts	Gross de- mand	Net de- mand	Time de-	Fede	erves w eral Res Banks			All mem- ber		reserve banks Chi-	Re- serve city banks	Coun- try banks ¹
	de-	de- posits 1	posits	Re-	Held	Ex-		banks ¹	York	cago	Danks	
All member banks Central reserve city banks: New York Philadelphia district Philadelphia district Richmond district Atlanta district St. Louis district St. Louis district St. Louis district San Francisco district San Francisco district New York district San Francisco district New York district New York district San Francisco district San Francisco district New York district New York district New York district New Sork district St. Louis district New Sork district New Sork district New Sork district New Sork district St. Louis district St. Louis district St. Louis district St. Louis district San Francisco district San Francisco district Atlanta district San Francisco district San Fran	38, 560 14, 740 2, 791 1, 234 228 1, 428 1,	31, 475 14, 060 2, 457 1, 111 177 1, 436 554 9, 988 655 306 600 461 1, 825 9, 969 653 974 428 410 339 573 228 228 231 219 4, 989 4, 989 4, 989	inches o	quired 6, 700 3, 237 584 199 39 220 288 113 104 203 123 58 129 87 418 1, 982 106 187 95 53 106 187 53 106 187 40 898 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	n bank	cess 6,003 3,312 388 225 24 272 294 81 39 165 56 56 56 56 56 206 1,494 88 231 86 74 32 206 1,494 88 231 86 74 88 231 86 74 88 231 86 74 39 41 310 21 809 9 9 9 9 9 9 809 9 9 9 <td>Total reserves held: 1939 — A pril</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c} 11, 473\\ 11, 985\\ 12, 215\\ 12, 362\\ 12, 703\\ 12, 742\\ 12, 703\\ 13, 937\\ 12, 919\\ 12, 552\\ 12, 742\\ 12, 893\\ 13, 037\\ 3, 926\\ 4, 212\\ 4, 202\\ 4, 607\\ 5, 198\\ 5, 490\\ 5, 259\\ 5, 0511\\ 5, 464\\ 6, 003\\ 5, 899\\ 6, 019\\ 6, 134\\ \end{array}$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c} 4,889\\ 5,094\\ 5,049\\ 5,195\\ 5,366\\ 5,866\\ 5,866\\ 6,5866\\ 6,5958\\ 6,232\\ 6,428\\ 6,548\\ 6,548\\ 6,549\\ 6,632\\ 6,634\\ 6,549\\ 2,302\\ 2,465\\ 2,302\\ 2,465\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 3,199\\ 3,248\\ 3,302\\ 3,278\\ 3,302\\ 3,375\\ 3,346\\ \end{array}$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c} 794\\ 878\\ 878\\ 893\\ 848\\ 923\\ 1,009\\ 1,112\\ 1,111\\ 1,141\\ 1,141\\ 1,141\\ 940\\ 901\\ 899\\ 972\\ 899\\ 899\\ 9972\\ 899\\ 899\\ 9942\\ 980\\ 1,061\\ 1,039\\ 1,061\\ 1,039\\ 1,061\\ 305\\ 360\\ 362\\ 360\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363$</td> <td>$\begin{array}{c} 2,544\\ 2,630\\ 2,728\\ 2,827\\ 2,883\\ 3,009\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,505\\ 3,567\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,567\\ 3,$</td> <td>$[1, 397 \\ 1, 395 \\ 1, 431 \\ 1, 456 \\ 1, 559 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 658 \\ 1, 658 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 608 \\ 1, 706 \\ 1, 704 \\ 1, 725 \\ 1, 721 \\ 1, 721 \\ 1, 724 \\ 531 \\ 529 \\ 546 \\ 581 \\ 611 \\ 677 \\ 581 \\ 611 \\ 677 \\ 777 \\ 747 \\ 771 \\ 809 \\ 9 \\ 770 \\ 807 \\ 8228 \\ 821 \\ 8$</td>	Total reserves held: 1939 — A pril	$\begin{array}{c} 11, 473\\ 11, 985\\ 12, 215\\ 12, 362\\ 12, 703\\ 12, 742\\ 12, 703\\ 13, 937\\ 12, 919\\ 12, 552\\ 12, 742\\ 12, 893\\ 13, 037\\ 3, 926\\ 4, 212\\ 4, 202\\ 4, 607\\ 5, 198\\ 5, 490\\ 5, 259\\ 5, 0511\\ 5, 464\\ 6, 003\\ 5, 899\\ 6, 019\\ 6, 134\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4,889\\ 5,094\\ 5,049\\ 5,195\\ 5,366\\ 5,866\\ 5,866\\ 6,5866\\ 6,5958\\ 6,232\\ 6,428\\ 6,548\\ 6,548\\ 6,549\\ 6,632\\ 6,634\\ 6,549\\ 2,302\\ 2,465\\ 2,302\\ 2,465\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 2,504\\ 3,199\\ 3,248\\ 3,302\\ 3,278\\ 3,302\\ 3,375\\ 3,346\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 794\\ 878\\ 878\\ 893\\ 848\\ 923\\ 1,009\\ 1,112\\ 1,111\\ 1,141\\ 1,141\\ 1,141\\ 940\\ 901\\ 899\\ 972\\ 899\\ 899\\ 9972\\ 899\\ 899\\ 9942\\ 980\\ 1,061\\ 1,039\\ 1,061\\ 1,039\\ 1,061\\ 305\\ 360\\ 362\\ 360\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363\\ 363$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,544\\ 2,630\\ 2,728\\ 2,827\\ 2,883\\ 3,009\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,203\\ 3,505\\ 3,567\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,345\\ 3,567\\ 3,$	$[1, 397 \\ 1, 395 \\ 1, 431 \\ 1, 456 \\ 1, 559 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 658 \\ 1, 658 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 588 \\ 1, 608 \\ 1, 706 \\ 1, 704 \\ 1, 725 \\ 1, 721 \\ 1, 721 \\ 1, 724 \\ 531 \\ 529 \\ 546 \\ 581 \\ 611 \\ 677 \\ 581 \\ 611 \\ 677 \\ 777 \\ 747 \\ 771 \\ 809 \\ 9 \\ 770 \\ 807 \\ 8228 \\ 821 \\ 8$
							 P Preliminary. r Revise ¹ Weekly figures of excess r banks are estimates. 		f all men	iber banl	cs and of	country

DEPOSITS OF MEMBER BANKS IN LARGER AND SMALLER CENTERS

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]												
		All mem	ber bank	5		er banks places ov				r banks in places un		
Federal Reserve district	Gross d	lemand	Ti	me	Gross d	lemand	Ti	me	Gross o	lemand	Ti	me
	April	March	April	March	April	March	April	March	April	March	April	March
Boston New York Philadelphia. Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago. St. Louis Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas. San Francisco.	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 153\\ 16, 339\\ 2, 111\\ 2, 460\\ 1, 429\\ 1, 399\\ 5, 142\\ 1, 287\\ 733\\ 1, 497\\ 1, 341\\ 2, 668\end{array}$	2, 123 16, 145 2, 057 2, 437 1, 409 1, 371 5, 113 - 1, 287 745 1, 541 1, 350 2, 586	$\begin{array}{r} 648\\ 2,327\\ 1,112\\ 1,441\\ 584\\ 418\\ 1,860\\ 420\\ 369\\ 316\\ 232\\ 2,262\end{array}$	648 2, 329 1, 109 1, 439 580 415 1, 848 424 368 316 235 2, 259	2, 023 1, 301 1, 870 2, 214 1, 229 1, 211 1, 995 1, 048 537 1, 151 1, 033 2, 545	1, 995 1, 353 1, 815 2, 192 1, 210 1, 187 1, 983 1, 049 546 1, 190 1, 038 2, 464	517 1,062 655 1,130 379 327 1,053 301 179 201 188 2,160	517 1 1, 058 654 1, 129 377 326 1 1, 045 304 179 201 188 2, 158	130 297 241 246 201 188 356 239 196 346 308 123	128 299 241 244 200 . 184 354 238 198 350 312 122	$131 \\ 502 \\ 456 \\ 311 \\ 204 \\ 90 \\ 307 \\ 119 \\ 190 \\ 116 \\ 45 \\ 101$	$131 \\ 500 \\ 456 \\ 310 \\ 203 \\ 89 \\ 305 \\ 119 \\ 189 \\ 189 \\ 115 \\ 47 \\ 101$
Total	38, 560	38, 164	11, 987	11, 970	¹ 18, 158	118, 023	1 8, 152	1 8, 137	2, 871	2, 871	2, 573	2, 565

¹ Excluding central reserve city banks, for which figures for latest month are shown in table above.

KINDS OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION

[Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. In millions of dollars]

End of month	Total	Gold certifi- cates	Silver dollars	Silver certifi- cates	Treas- ury notes of 1890	Subsid- iary silver coin	Minor coin	United States notes	Federal Reserve notes	Federal Reserve bank notes	Na- tional bank notes
1939—March April May June July August September October November December 1940—Jantiary February March	6,905 6,967 7,047 7,049 7,171 7,293 7,342 7,483 7,598 7,376	74 73 72 71 71 71 71 70 69 69	41 42 42 43 43 43 43 43 44 44 45 44	$1,378\\1,385\\1,417\\1,454\\1,446\\1,465\\1,488\\1,488\\1,488\\1,485\\1,530\\1,554\\1,554\\1,469\\1,500$	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	352 354 358 361 362 365 369 373 379 381 372 373	151 152 154 155 156 157 159 161 163 164 163 164	251 255 259 266 264 267 269 267 269 272 265 271	4, 350 4, 426 4, 449 4, 484 4, 496 4, 595 4, 688 4, 739 4, 826 4, 912 4, 796 4, 839	27 26 26 25 25 25 24 24 24 24 23 23 23	193 191 189 186 184 182 180 178 177 175 173 171
March April	7, 511 7, 559	68 68	45 45	1, 508 1, 557	1	375 377	164 166	260 248	4, 896 4, 906	23 23	170 168

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1937 (table 35).

PAPER CURRENCY, BY DENOMINATIONS, AND COIN IN CIRCULATION

			Outside	Treasu	ry and I	Federal	Reserv	e Banks	. In mi	llions of	dollars					<u> </u>
	Total in cir-	0	Coin and	small d	lenomir	nation c	urrency	•		Larg	ge denor	ninatio	n currei	ncy 2		Un-
End of month	cula- tion 1	Total	Coin	\$1 3	\$2	\$5	\$10	\$20	Total	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10, 000	assort- ed ¹
1939—March. April June July. August. September October November December	6, 817 6, 905 6, 967 7, 047 7, 049 7, 171 7, 293 7, 342 7, 483 7, 598	$\begin{array}{c} 5,049\\ 5,069\\ 5,109\\ 5,164\\ 5,169\\ 5,253\\ 5,329\\ 5,363\\ 5,478\\ 5,553\end{array}$	544 548 554 558 561 566 571 577 586 590	503 505 513 514 514 521 532 535 545 559	33 32 33 33 33 34 34 34 35 36	928 929 937 947 947 966 980 982 1,004 1,019	1, 594 1, 602 1, 614 1, 638 1, 644 1, 681 1, 706 1, 710 1, 752 1, 772	1, 448 1, 453 1, 458 1, 473 1, 470 1, 487 1, 507 1, 526 1, 557 1, 576	1,770 1,838 1,861 1,887 1,885 1,922 1,965 1,981 2,007 2,048	411 418 422 428 426 433 440 445 452 460	799 829 836 848 847 857 857 857 857 857 857 857 857 919	165 170 172 176 175 180 185 186 188 188	349 370 380 388 391 405 413 415 420 425	17 18 17 17 17 17 20 20 20 20	28 33 39 29 28 30 30 30 30 32 32	2 3 3 3 4 4 1 2 2 2 2
1940—January February March April	7,376 7,455 7,511 7,559	5, 332 5, 397 5, 414 5, 437	579 581 584 588	526 530 531 534	34 34 33 34	970 986 989 992	1, 692 1, 723 1, 731 1, 739	1, 532 1, 543 1, 546 1, 551	2,047 2,061 2,101 2,126	457 459 460 463	920 930 941 951	191 191 194 195	426 427 432 439	20 20 24 30	33 34 49 48	3 4 4 4

¹ Total of amounts of coin and paper currency shown by denominations less unassorted currency in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. ² Includes unassorted currency held in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and currency of unknown denominations reported by the Treas-ury as destroyed. ³ Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin. *Back figures.*—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 36).

Fed-

Na-

tional

bank

notes

eral Re-serve bank

notes

 $\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 26\\ 26\\ 26\\ 25\\ 25\\ 25\\ 25\\ 24\\ \end{array}$

United States

notes

347 347 347

347

347 347

347

Minor

coin

160

169

170 171

172

TREASURY CURRENCY OUTSTANDING

Snb.

sid-iary silver

coin

399

400 401 401

400

SHIPMENTS AND RECEIPTS OF UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY

[Held by Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and in circulation. In millions of dollars]

Silver

dollars

and silver

bul-

lion 1

1,733 1,746 1,759 1,778 1,794 1,804 1,814 1,814 1,825 1,835

1,845

1, 855 1, 866 1, 876 1, 886

Total

2,839 2,849 2,862 2,881 2,895 2,907 2,919 2,932 2,947 2,963

2, 971 2, 981 2, 990 2, 999

End of month

1939-March.....

April..... May..... June.....

July_____ August____ September.

October..... November.

December.

February____ March

April.....

1940-January

[By selected banks and financial institutions in New York City. In millions of dollars]

			•		
la- nal nk	Year or month	Ship- ments to Europe	Receipts from Europe	Net ship- ments	Net receipts
otes	1937 1938 1939	21. 5 33. 1 110. 2	47.6 34.4 9.8	100.4	28.1 1.3
196 193 191 189 186 185 183 181 179	1939—April May June July August September October November	3.8 2.9 2.2 4.7 .8 1.8 4.5	$ \begin{array}{r} .3 \\ .7 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.0 \\ .9 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ 1.3 \\ .1 \\ .2 $	45.8 3.1 1.8 1.2 3.8 .7 1.6 3.2	
178 175 173 172 171	December 1940—January February March April	4.7 1.4	.3 (1) (1) (1) (1)	6.3 5.3 4.7 1.4 3.5	

¹ Includes silver held against silver certificates amounting to \$1,818, 000,000 on April 30, 1940 and \$1,640,000,000 on April 30, 1939.

¹ Less than \$50,000.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 38). Description.—See BULLETIN for January 1932, pp. 7-8.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF UNITED STATES

[In millions of dollars]

Period	Gold si end of Total		In- crease in total gold stock	Net gold import	Net gain or loss (-) through ear- marking trans- actions ¹	Do- mes- tic gold pro- duc- tion
1934 ² 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	8, 238 10, 125 11, 258 12, 760 14, 512 17, 644	26. 5 1, 227. 9	1, 887. 2 1, 132. 5 1, 502. 5	1, 133. 9 1, 739. 0 1, 116. 6 1, 585. 5 1, 973. 6 3, 574. 2	82. 6 .2 -85. 9 -200. 4 -333. 5 -534. 4	96.0 110.7 131.6 143.9 148.6 159.8
1938—May June July August September October December	12, 919 12, 963 13, 017 13, 136 13, 760 14, 065 14, 312 14, 512		49. 8 44. 2 54. 5 118. 3 623. 8 305. 0 247. 5 199. 6	166.0 520.9 562.4 177.8	$\begin{array}{r} -53.9 \\ -15.5 \\ -20.9 \\ -28.8 \\ -13.3 \\ -110.2 \\ -7.4 \\ -62.4 \end{array}$	11.5 9.6 14.2 14.7 14.1 13.5 15.5 13.3
1939-January February April June July July August September November December	14, 682 14, 874 15, 258 15, 791 15, 957 16, 110 16, 238 16, 646 16, 932 17, 091 17, 358 17, 644		170.0 192.7 383.8 532.3 166.2 153.3 128.0 407.6 285.6 159.9 267.1 285.1	156. 3 223. 3 365. 4 605. 8 429. 4 240. 4 278. 6 259. 9 326. 1 69. 7 168. 0 451. 2	$\begin{array}{r} 14.1\\-48.6\\10.7\\-114.8\\-251.6\\-104.8\\-164.0\\152.1\\2.8\\79.5\\90.9\\-200.8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12.\ 2\\ 10.\ 5\\ 11.\ 1\\ 13.\ 1\\ 12.\ 6\\ 10.\ 7\\ 13.\ 1\\ 14.\ 1\\ 15.\ 7\\ 18.\ 5\\ 14.\ 8\\ 13.\ 2 \end{array}$
1940—January February March A pril May 1-29	17, 931 18, 177 18, 433 18, 770 19, 162	 	287. 5 246. 0 256. 0 336. 9 392. 3	201. 4 459. 8 249. 9	40. 0 37. 0 -213. 4 67. 2 -54. 6	13.6 11.4 12.1 12.8

MOVEMENT OF GOLD TO AND FROM UNITED STATES 1

[In thousands of dollars]

	1940										
From or to-	Ap	ril	Ma	rch	JanApr.						
	Im- ports	Ex- ports	Im- ports	Ex- ports	Im- ports	Ex- ports					
Belgium France. Hungary. Italy. Netherlands. Norway. Sweden Sweizerland. United Kingdom. U. S. S. R. Canada. Mexico. Central America. Argentina. Colombia. Ecuador. Peru. Venezuela. Nustralia. British India. China. Coloma and Hong	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\ 5,984\\ 16,108\\ 3,273\\ 39,654\\ 32,617\\ 43,567\\ 2,396\\ 2,396\\ 2,396\\ 2,396\\ 77\\ 1,176\\ 2,111\\ 157\\ 4715\\ 471\\ 475\\ 3,374\\ 3,139\\ 1,700\\ \end{array}$	32	35 2, 939 11, 760 282 282 249, 873 2, 215 2,	15	$\begin{array}{c} 977\\ 134\\ 8, 923\\ 35, 687\\ 50, 151\\ 33, 405\\ 154, 694\\ 76, 665\\ 124, 061\\ 5, 76, 665\\ 124, 061\\ 5, 76, 665\\ 124, 061\\ 3, 818\\ 4, 234\\ 4, 234\\ 1, 281\\ 1, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 12, 767\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 21, 179\\ 31, 418\\ 11, 262\\ 31, 120\\ $						
Japan Philippine Islands - South Africa	4, 710 3, 376 28, 798 1, 042	2	5, 797 4, 139 24, 503 1, 251	2	53, 106 12, 772 92, 470 5, 115						
Total	249, 885	33	459, 845	18	1, 147, 618	12					

¹ Figures represent customs valuations which, with some exceptions, are at rate of \$35 a fine ounce. ² Includes all movements of unreported origin or destination.

Back figures.—See table, p. 611, and Annual Report for 1937 (tables 31 and 32).

Preliminary.
 Gold held under earmark at Federal Reserve Banks for foreign account on April 30, 1940, in millions of dollars: 1,232.3.
 Figures based on rate of \$20.67 a fine ounce in January 1934 and \$35 a fine ounce thereafter.
 NOTE.—Figures for domestic production of gold are those published in table, p. 611, adjusted to exclude Philippine Islands production received in United States. Adjustment based on annual figures reported by Director of Mint and monthly imports of gold to U. S. from Philippines. For back figures see Annual Report for 1937 (table 29).

BANK SUSPENSIONS 1

	Total.	Men bar		Nonmember banks			
	all banks	Na- tional	State	In- sured ³	Not insured		
Number of banks suspended: 1934	57 34 44 59 55 42 10	1 4 1 4 1 4	2 2 1 3 3	8 22 40 47 47 25 9	48 8 3 6 10 1		
Deposits of suspended banks (in thousands of dollars): # 1936	36, 937 10, 015 11, 306 19, 723 13, 012 34, 998 3, 560	40 5, 313 507 7, 379 36 1, 341	1, 708 211 24, 629	11, 721	939 592 480 1, 044		

Represents banks which, during the periods shown, closed temporarily or permanently on account of financial difficulties; does not include banks whose deposit liabilities were assumed by other banks at the time of closing (in some instances with the aid of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation loans).
 Federal deposit insurance became operative January 1, 1934.
 Deposits of member banks and insured nonmember banks suspended are as of dates of suspension, and deposits of noninsured nonmember banks are based on the latest data available at the time the suspensions were reported.

were reported.

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1937 (table 76).

BANK DEBITS [Debits to individual deposit accounts, at banks in principal cities.] [In millions of doilars]

Year and month	Total, all report- ing centers	New York Oity	140 other lead- ing centers 1	133 other report- ing centers *
1929 1935 1936 1937 1937 1937 1938 1939	469, 463	603, 089 184, 006 208, 936 197, 836 168, 778 171, 382	331, 938 190, 165 219, 670 235, 206 204, 745 218, 298	47, 504 28, 547 33, 283 36, 421 32, 406 34, 252
1939—March April	34, 656 36, 883 33, 245 33, 314 36, 594 35, 830 34, 666	16, 274 13, 311 14, 165 15, 312 12, 794 13, 118 15, 138 13, 683 13, 041 17, 633	18, 211 16, 832 17, 763 18, 676 17, 683 17, 496 18, 526 19, 029 18, 636 22, 386	2, 837 2, 679 2, 728 2, 895 2, 768 2, 768 2, 768 2, 768 2, 701 2, 930 3, 119 2, 990 3, 428
1940—January February March. A pril		14, 739 12, 138 15, 201 15, 519	19, 978 17, 344 19, 537 19, 250	3, 069 2, 715 3, 031 3, 010

¹ Comprises centers for which bank debit figures are available begin-ning with 1919, except that one substitution was made in 1920 and one in 1928. ² Centers (other than the 141 centers) for which bank debits are current-ly reported. The number has changed very little since 1934 and has numbered 133 since 1936.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (Table 71), which also gives a definition of bank debits. Figures for individual reporting cities and totals by Federal Reserve districts are available in mimeographed form.

ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES

Comprises all national banks in the continental United States and all State commercial banks, trust companies, mutual and stock savings banks and such private and industrial banks as are included in abstracts issued by State banking departments. Also includes, during the period June 1934-June 1935, private banks which, pursuant to the provisions of sec. 21 (a) of the Banking Act of 1933, submitted condition reports to the Comptroller of the Currency. Under the amended provisions of sec. 21 (a) private banks no longer report to the Comptroller of the Creater rency. For comparative figures of private banks included in the figures from June 1934 to December 1935, see Federal Reserve BULLETIN for December 1935, p. 883, and July 1936, p. 535. Figures for nonmember banks are for dates indicated or nearest thereto for which figures from available.

NUMBER OF BANKS

DEPOSITS, EXCLUSIVE OF INTERBANK DEPOSITS 1

	Member banks Nonmember banks						[In millions of dollars]							
Call date	Total Total State Savings mem banks ber					Other			Member banks			Nonmember banks		
		non- mem-	Call date	All banks	Total	Na- tional	State	Mutual savings banks	Other nonmem- ber banks					
1929—June 29	25, 110	8, 707	7, 530	1, 177	611	15, 792	1929—June 29	53, 852	32, 284	19, 411	12, 873	8, 983	12, 584	
Dec. 31	24, 630	8, 522	7, 403	1, 119	609	15, 499	Dec. 31	55, 289	33, 865	20, 290	13, 575	8, 916	12, 508	
1933—June 30	14, 519	5, 606	4, 897	709	576	8, 337	1933—June 30	37, 998	23, 338	14, 772	8, 566	9, 713	4, 946	
Dec. 30	15, 011	6, 011	5, 154	857	579	8, 421	Dec. 30	38, 505	23, 771	15, 386	8, 385	9, 708	5, 026	
1934—June 30	15, 835	6, 375	5, 417	958	578	8, 882	1934—June 30	41, 870	26, 615	17, 097	9, 518	9, 780	5, 475	
Dec. 31	16, 039	6, 442	5, 462	980	579	9, 018	Dec. 31	44, 770	28, 943	18, 519	10, 424	9, 828	6, 000	
1935—June 29	15, 994	6, 410	5, 425	985	571	9, 013	1935—June 29	45, 766	29, 496	19, 031	10, 465	9, 920	6, 350	
Dec. 31	15, 837	6, 387	5, 386	1, 001	570	8, 880	Dec. 31	48, 964	32, 159	20, 886	11, 273	9, 963	6, 842	
1936—June 30	15, 752	6, 400	5, 368	1, 032	566	8, 786	1936—June 30	51, 335	34, 098	21, 986	12, 112	10, 060	7, 178	
Dec. 31	15, 628	6, 376	5, 325	1, 051	565	8, 687	Dec. 31	53, 701	35, 893	23, 107	12, 786	10, 143	7, 666	
1937—June 30	15, 527	6, 357	5, 293	1, 064	564	8, 606	1937June 30	53, 287	35, 440	22, 926	12, 514	10, 213	7, 635	
Dec. 31	15, 393	6, 341	5, 260	1, 081	563	8, 489	Dec. 31	52, 440	34, 810	22, 655	12, 155	10, 257	7, 37 3	
1938—June 30	15, 287	6, 338	5, 242	1, 096	563	8, 386	1938—June 30	52, 195	34, 745	22, 553	12, 193	10, 296	7, 153	
Dec. 31	15, 206	6, 338	5, 224	1, 114	556	8, 312	Dec. 31	54, 054	36, 211	23, 497	12, 71 4	10, 365	7, 478	
1939—June 30	1 5, 082	6, 330	5, 203	1, 127	553	8, 199	1939—June 30	55, 992	38, 027	24, 534	13, 493	10, 521	7, 444	
Oct. 2	15, 061	6, 339	5, 196	1, 143	552	8, 170	Oct. 2	57, 437	39, 287	25, 248	14, 039	10, 520	7, 630	
Dec. 30 ³	15, 035	6, 362	5, 187	1, 175	552	8, 121	Dec. 30 ³	58, 344	39, 930	25, 661	14, 269	10, 613	7, 801	

For footnotes see table below.

For footnotes see table below.

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS [In millions of dollars]

	All banks			Member banks			Nonmember banks					
Call date					Loans	Invest- ments	Mutual savings banks			Other nonmember banks		
	Total	Loans	Invest- ments	Total			Total	Loans	Invest- ments	Total	Loans	Invest- ments
1929—June 29	58, 474	41, 531	16, 943	35, 711	25, 658	10, 052	9, 556	5, 892	3, 664	13, 207	9, 981	3, 227
Dec. 31	58, 417	41, 918	16, 499	35, 934	26, 150	9, 78 4	9, 463	5, 945	3, 518	13, 020	9, 823	3, 197
1933—June 30	40, 076	22, 203	17, 872	24, 786	12, 858	11, 928	1 0, 044	5, 941	4, 103	5, 246	3, 404	1, 841
Dec. 30	40, 319	21, 977	18, 342	25, 220	12, 833	12, 386	9, 985	5, 906	4, 079	5, 115	3, 238	1, 877
1934—June 30	42, 502	21, 278	21, 224	27, 175	12, 523	14, 652	9, 904	5, 648	4, 256	5, 423	3, 108	2, 315
Dec. 31	43, 458	20, 473	22, 984	28, 150	12, 028	16, 122	9, 782	5, 491	4, 291	5, 526	2, 955	2, 571
1935—June 29	44, 416	20, 272	24, 145	28, 785	11, 928	16, 857	9, 852	5, 341	4, 511	5, 779	3, 003	2, 777
Dec. 31	45, 717	20, 329	25, 388	29, 985	12, 175	17, 810	9, 804	5, 210	4, 594	5, 927	2, 944	2, 983
1936June 30	48, 458	20, 679	27, 778	32, 259	12, 542	19, 717	9, 961	5, 105	4, 856	6, 238	3, 032	3, 206
Dec. 31	49, 524	21, 449	28, 075	33, 000	13, 360	19, 6 4 0	10, 060	5, 027	5, 034	6, 464	3, 062	3, 402
1937—June 30	49, 696	22, 514	27, 182	32, 739	14, 285	18, 454	10, 180	5, 002	5, 178	6, 778	3, 227	3, 550
Dec. 31	48, 566	22, 198	26, 368	31, 752	13, 958	17, 794	10, 187	4, 996	5, 191	6, 627	3, 244	3, 383
1938—June 30.	47, 381	21, 130	26, 252	30, 721	12, 938	17, 783	10, 196	4, 961	5, 235	6, 465	3, 231	3, 234
Dec. 31 ²	48, 929	21, 35 4	27, 575	32, 070	13, 208	18, 863	10, 255	4, 930	5, 325	6, 604	3, 217	3, 387
1939—June 30	49, 616	21, 318	28, 299	32, 603	13, 141	19, 462	10, 342	4, 931	5, 411	6, 671	3, 245	3, 425
Oct. 2	49, 954	21, 634	28, 320	33, 075	13, 470	19, 605	10, 333	4, 936	5, 397	6, 546	3, 228	3, 318
Dec. 30 *	50, 882	22, 167	28, 714	33, 941	13, 962	19, 979	10, 332	4, 961	5, 371	6, 610	3, 244	3, 365

¹ Prior to Dec. 30, 1933, member-bank figures include interbank deposits not subject to immediate withdrawal, which aggregated \$103,000,000 on that date. The nonmember bank figures include interbank deposits to the extent that they are not shown separately in a few State bank abstracts.
 ³ Beginning December 1933 figures of loans and investments exclude approximately \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000, heretofore reported as loans and investments, respectively, which indirectly represent bank premises or other real estate and are now classified in condition reports among "Other assets."
 ³ Figures for "All banks" are preliminary. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 48-49).

CONDITION OF ALL MEMBER BANKS-LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

					Loa	ns 1							Investn	nents 1			
	Total loans		Com- mer- cial,		purch or can	ns for nasing rying					U.		···	obligati	ons	Obli- gations of	
Call date	and in- vest- ments	Total 1	in- dus- trial, and agri- cul- tural ?	Open mar- ket paper	To brok- ers and deal- ers	To others [‡]	Real estate loans	Loans to banks	Other loans 4	Total	Total	Din Bills ⁵	Notes	Bonds	Guar- an- teed	States and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Other secur- ities ¹
Total—All Member Banks																	
1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—Mar. 7 June 30 Sept. 28. Dec. 31 1939—Mar. 29 June 30	24, 786 31, 521 30, 721 31, 627 32, 070 32, 095 32, 603	26, 150 12, 858 13, 546 12, 938 12, 937 13, 208 13, 047 13, 141	 5, 448 5, 531 5, 571	583 595 607 492 484 442 427 420	2, 463 953 878 701 713 973 838 731	7, 685 3, 752 2, 665 2, 614 2, 590 775 733 736	3, 191 2, 372 2, 556 2, 613 2, 661 2, 716 2, 749 2, 828	714 330 96 120 126 125 99 58	6, 397 6, 364 2, 728	9, 784 11, 928 17, 975 17, 783 18, 689 18, 863 19, 462 19, 462	3, 863 6, 887 10, 625 10, 215 10, 713 10, 882 10, 691 10, 946	249 1, 113 797 316 313 286 303 441	520 2, 049 4, 297 3, 653 3, 707 3, 389 2, 604 2, 720	3, 094 3, 725 5, 531 6, 246 6, 693 7, 208 7, 783 7, 783 7, 786	1, 827 2, 128 2, 298 2, 340 2, 660 2, 831	1, 393 1, 744 2, 209 2, 143 2, 317 2, 448 2, 555 2, 555	4, 528 3, 297 3, 314 3, 296 3, 361 3, 192 3, 142 3 131
Oct. 2 ⁶ . Dec. 30. 1940-Mar. 26 ⁶ New York	33, 941 34, 163	13, 470 13, 962 13, 939	6, 115	455	790	700	2, 957	56	2,888	19, 605 19, 979 20, 224	10, 891 11, 184 11, 314	563	2, 223	8, 398	2 920 3, 144 3, 107	2, 764 2, 692 2, 905	3, 030 2, 959 2, 898
City ¹ . 1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—Mar.7 June 30 Sept. 28.	8, 774 7, 133 8, 317 8, 013 8, 355	6, 683 3, 424 3, 532 3, 172 3, 146		195 364 168 141 153	1, 257 758 696 556 564	2, 145 1, 044 727 717 702	169 157 140 132 132	322 162 60 85 95 99	2, 595 937 1, 741 1, 541 1, 499	2, 091 3, 709 4, 785 4, 840 5, 209	1, 112 2, 551 3, 180 3, 031 3, 153	58 638 505 222 251	166 987 1, 529 1, 358 1, 342	889 926 1, 145 1, 451 1, 550	432 709 834	222 478 485 394 495	758 680 688 707 727
Dec. 31 1939—Mar. 29 June 30 Oct. 2 • Dec. 30 1940—Mar. 26 •	8, 335 8, 408 8, 688 9, 044 9, 339 9, 594	3, 262 3, 086 2, 988 3, 116 3, 296 3, 211	1, 461 1, 456 1, 479 	$ \begin{array}{r} 138 \\ 126 \\ 128 \\ 120 \end{array} $	787 668 555 611	220 209 215 188	121 124 130 133	99 77 41 	436 427 440 425	5,072 5,322 5,700 5,928 6,043 6,383	2, 963 2, 939 3, 360 3, 401 3, 497 3, 686	158 68 168 315	1, 142 831 908 797	1, 663 2, 040 2, 284 2, 385	894 1,086 1,123 1,157 1,275 1,286	517 582 480 662 579 726	698 714 736 708 693 686
City of Chicago	.,	-,								.,	-,				-, 200		
1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—Mar. 7 June 30 Sept. 28 Dec. 31 1939—Mar. 29 June 30 Oct. 2 ⁶ Dec. 30 1940—Mar. 26 ⁶	1, 757 1, 287 1, 997 1, 806 1, 889 1, 965 2, 052 2, 050 2, 105 2, 222	1,448 677 614 525 522 539 545 544 563 569 564	 336 361 348 372	19 70 27 15 18 16 14 14 17	251 61 39 29 31 43 32 39 41	533 251 113 109 111 70 70 71 66	21 30 11 10 10 12 12 12 11 11 13	88 30 1 	535 237 423 361 351 62 57 59 60	309 610 1, 382 1, 281 1, 367 1, 430 1, 420 1, 507 1, 487 1, 536 1, 658	116 384 1,008 859 921 1,005 992 1,040 1,017 1,031 1,180	3 206 153 12 1 59 121 185 	19 82 371 313 310 291 212 234 176	94 97 484 535 611 655 660 621 	100 122 126 109 108 135 155 172 139	96 87 136 140 144 141 149 154 147 147 147 147	96 138 139 159 175 176 171 179 168 168 168 164
Reserve City Banks	2, 222									1,000	1, 100				100	110	101
1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—Mar. 7 June 30 Sept. 28 Dec. 31 1939—Mar.29	8,492 11,250 11,150 11,426 11,654 11,624	9,084 4,482 5,031 4,853 4,870 4,963 4,936	 2, 121 2, 116	168 126 197 163 156 149 145	664 108 118 95 96 119 115	2,775 1,340 1,020 998 992 242 228 228	1, 538 1, 131 1, 173 1, 201 1, 217 1, 230 1, 249	258 99 25 26 22 20 17	3,679 1,678 2,498 2,369 2,387 1,081 1,066	2, 944 4, 011 6, 219 6, 298 6, 556 6, 691 6, 688	1, 368 2, 483 3, 962 3, 940 4, 088 4, 278 4, 181	91 205 115 69 47 57 100	165 681 1, 610 1, 268 1, 290 1, 224 977	1, 112 1, 597 2, 236 2, 603 2, 752 2, 997 3, 105	648 718 743 740 823	448 598 708 732 775 808 823	1, 128 930 901 908 950 866 860
June 30 Oct. 2 4 Dec. 30 1940Mar. 26 6 Country, Banks	112.272	5, 004 5, 127 5, 329 5, 305	2, 118	138 155	115 119	221 	1, 284 1, 335	12 9 	1, 116	6, 751 6, 752 6, 943 6, 848	4, 102 4 089 4, 222 4, 107	78 63	1, 014 819	3, 010 3, 339	889 909 972 963	895 897 890 928	866 856 860 850
1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—Mar. 7 June 30 Sept. 28 . Dec. 31 1939—Mar. 29	7,873 9,958 9,752 9,958 10,113 10,098	8, 936 4, 275 4, 369 4, 388 4, 399 4, 444 4, 480	1, 531 1, 597	201 35 215 173 156 138 142	291 25 24 21 21 25 24 24	2, 231 1, 117 804 790 784 243 226	1,462 1,055 1,233 1,269 1,303 1,353 1,363	45 38 11 9 9 5 6	4,705 2,005 2,083 2,126 2,127 1,149 1,121	4, 439 3, 598 5, 589 5, 364 5, 558 5, 669 5, 618	1, 267 1, 469 2, 477 2, 385 2, 550 2, 636 2, 578	97 64 24 13 15 11 15	171 299 787 715 766 732 585	999 1, 106 1, 665 1, 657 1, 770 1, 893 1, 978	647 579 596 597 643	627 581 880 878 903 982 1,001	2, 546 1, 549 1, 585 1, 522 1, 509 1, 453 1, 397
June 30 Oct. 2 • Dec. 30 1940—Mar. 26 •	10, 102	4, 605 4, 665 4, 768 4, 860	1, 626	140 163	22 20	229 224	1, 402 1, 477	5 4	1, 180 1, 234	5, 504 5, -37 5, 456 5, 334	2, 444 2, 383 2, 434 2, 341	11 31	563 431	1, 870 1, 972	683 699 725 719	1,025 1,058 1,061 1,076	1, 351 1, 297 1, 236 1, 197

¹ Classifications indicated were revised as of Dec. 31, 1938: for explanation see BULLETIN for January 1939, pp. 22-23, and BULLETIN for April, 1939, pp. 259-264, 332. Beginning June 30, 1939, detailed classifications available on June and December dates only.
 ³ Not reported separately prior to December 1938 except for weekly reporting banks in leading cities.
 ⁴ Frigures in this column prior to Dec. 31, 1938, represent all loans on securities, regardless of purpose, excepting only loans on securities to banks and to brokers and dealers.
 ⁴ This is a residual item and, because of the revised loan classifications, figures beginning Dec. 31, 1938, are not comparable with earlier figures,
 ⁶ Breakdown of loans and investments not reported separately.
 ⁷ Central reserve city banks.
 Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 52-58).

CONDITION OF ALL MEMBER BANKS-RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

Demand deposits, except interbank Time deposits, except interbank Interbank deposits Reserves Bal-De Indi Indi Domestic ances with domand vid-States Certi vid-States banks Cap-ital Fed-eral de-posits fied and and polit-Cash uals, and polituals, Bor-Call date U. S. Gov-Postal partpart in rowac vault ical sub-divi-Re mestic ad-justed nerical offinersav-ings4 For ings counts serve Banks banks ships sub-divicers' ships, erneign Deand ment and bank Time corsions etc.3 corsions mand pora-tions pora-tions Total—All Member Banks 2, 374 2, 235 7, 249 8, 004 8, 193 8, 694 9, 112 2, 168 2, 008 3, 561 4, 084 3, 937 95 89 137 1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—Mar. 7 June 30 16, 647 12, 089 20, 513 17, 526 1, 335 1. 087 2, 237 1, 681 657 566 12, 267 7, 803 10, 845 122 788 90 3, 517 6, 709 4, 837 5, 352 5, 368 5, 410 5, 424 5, 467 5, 496 5, 530 5, 522 558 143 595 698 879 405 604 11,830 806 3,057 146 300 191 5, 615 6, 096 6, 088 6, 510 2, 237 2, 314 2, 080 2, 386 2, 467 2, 532 2, 390 2, 321 2, 499 752 512 28 11 12 377 377 331 466 511 629 607 19, 116 19, 816 20, 439 21, 119 20, 893 21, 596 662 533 10,874 454 464 712 775 746 777 712 774 841 862 543 83 70 61 68 59 135 707 790 775 694 Sept. 28 1304, 240 4, 403 4, 674 5, 304 5, 506 547 533 790 666 563 10, 946 10, 940 11, 063 462 461 441 418 Dec. 31 Mar. 29 22 293 132 675532 21, 119 20, 845 22, 448 23, 983 24, 604 132 133 142 6142 144 6145 22, 364 23, 587 6,816 7,097 1939 10,011 June 30 675 743 725 68, 243 8, 507 68, 717 11 617 11.604 25, 118 25, 681 11, 104 11, 215 51 51 52 4757 759 Oct. 2 Dec. 30 432 12, 279 5,634 26, 461 24, 965 558 11, 368 411 6737 5, 562 1940-Mar. 26 New York City 5 128 96 185 273 2, 105 1, 582 1, 596 827 68 46 179 4,750 4,358 6,336 6,698 7,026 7,168 7,605 8,012 8,676 8,899 9,562 $\begin{array}{c} 5,847\\ 4,676\\ 6,429\\ 6,900\\ 7,128\\ 7,273\\ 7,677\\ 8,281\\ 8,812\\ 9,030\\ 9,652 \end{array}$ 1, 180 461 20 1, 112 33 18 1, 198 40 22 597 179 1929-Dec. 31 1, 255 2, 173 2, 514 2, 498 2, 687 2, 731 2, 992 5 3, 568 3, 542 5 3, 629 1933 – June 30 1938 – Mar. 7 $3\bar{3}2$ 671 694 110 8 12 846 101 4 67 1282,941 3,517 3,743 4,104 95 119 327 367 334 291 59 65 70 68 63 61 85 360 123 181 139 135 --------694 32 587 June 30 ----1. 196 280 260 653 652 655 411 442 553 2 91 280 195 64 36 53 46 52 43 35 589 Sept. 28 --------1, 593 1, 592 109 4, 104 4, 582 4, 975 5, 929 ---------Dec. 31 272 472 349 156 --------1939 Mar 29 112 • 109 288 321 653 683 524 670 1,586 84 72 74 68 June 30 Oct. 2 ---------1 --------5, 915 6, 386 80 125 251 178 603 1 605 509 Dec. 30 -----• 163 219 260 742 •1 1,601 84 6672 1940 -Mar. 26 ----------City of Chicago 58 1 19 33 2 7 316 1929-Dec. 31 169 13 133 957 1.041 42 32 332 2 310 41 8 232 566 34 22 87 170 16 17 204 1933 245 1938 –June 30 –Mar. 7 203 912 870 1, 270 46 92 358 445 6 259 16 135 1.372 576 ---------31 32 35 1, 386 23 24 29 936 856 208 523 585 221 204 86 62 83 83 60 60 443 439 16 21 628 ė 249 June 30 Sept. 28 --------- - - - -198 235 10 256 1,455 636 --------181 141 197 452 884 1,688 9 658 9 257 Dec. 31 -------------30 22 26 37 42 29 26 22 27 12 17 21 10 834 746 6853 705 897 1,250 1, 182 Mar. 178 452 10 261 1939 29 -------------June 30 235 • 237 471 12 ---------270614 9 37 080 993 1, 747 1,6321,676195 469 335 -----270 Oct. 2 Dec. 30 1 ----283 167 24 80 483 879 3997 250 --------\$195 253 1940 1,503-Mar. 26 909 251.544 133 18 80 482 11 -----Reserve City Banks 751 705 2, 376 2, 289 2, 311 2, 354 2, 459 2, 735 5, 22) 3, 761 6, 848 6, 934 7, 078 7, 214 7, 326 7, 654 1,604 1,315 2,461 2,514 2,557 2,719 2,813 2,920 30 59 116 113 Dec. 31 947 1,002 $\begin{array}{c} 5.547\\ 3.708\\ 6.455\\ 6.668\\ 6.843\\ 7.034\\ 6.899\\ 7.331\\ 7.803\\ 8.002\\ 7.978\end{array}$ 433 941 $371 \\ 208$ 292 16 2,029 1929 1,533 1933 156 122 213 300 322 321 342 318 423 300 76 41 388 64 15 34 32 4 -June 30 -Mar. 7 312 349 108 1,632 1,951 121 146 234 266 4, 198 4, 238 269 262 33 31 1,736 1938 1,753 809 5 812 June 30 1, 951 1, 862 1, 940 2, 106 2, 210 6 2, 485 2, 485 6 2, 632 4, 238 4, 209 4, 233 4, 276 4, 320 4, 319 4, 362 120 170 123 160 43 57 64 69 711 356 424 420 415 410 435 233 269 243 233 107 1, 764 1, 777 1, 795 1, 812 Sept. 28 23 17 22 19 14 14 12 796 889 917 108 108 115 2 Dec. Mar. 31 29 939 June 30 2, 135 3, 053 3, 118 3, 336 323 348 8, 017 8, 176 8, 400 801 813 158 2, 520 43, 307 3, 516 \$3, 525 6116 117 6115 671 53 656 Oct. 2 Dec. 30 198 821 240 -----1,828 1940-Mar. 26 364 942 150 431 4, 386 214 1.833 Country Banks 5, 711 3, 054 5, 957 5, 738 5, 908 2, 258 1929—Dec. 31 1, 517 1933 -June 30 1, 774 1938—Mar. 7 1, 778 June 30 6, 390 3, 833 5, 508 627 321 908 $5.091 \\ 2.576$ 742 169 39 116 133 $\frac{61}{285}$ 405 3 367 167 6 702 , 700 , 806 228 403 380 555 452 20372 86 1 1, 366 1, 263 1, 282 1, 353 1, 367 310 316 351 159 144 147 1, 1, 4, 963 4, 863 1,073 101 66 68 5, 5, 56 52 $\frac{20}{22}$ 122222211 11 126 114 154 114 135 131 499 4, 853 5, 013 5, 215 5, 087 5, 272 5, 736 5, 896 5, 832 108 143 137 5 46 44 46 398 446 23 23 23 25 26 ĩĩ 1, 801 1, 798 786 969 488 Sept. 28 1 1,786 1,956 1,963 2,117 2,473 2,614 5, 908 6, 224 6, 183 6, 255 6, 677 6, 866 1, 798 1, 798 1, 818 1, 828 1, 852 322 350 1, 128 509 557 Dec. 31 Mar. 29 5 147 6 5 5 438 439 1939 5. 153 5, 619 5, 632 5, 677 5, 757 1, 403 1, 555 136 133 154 307 1, 130 1, 073 145 40 35 June 30 3 4 3 2 329 148 140 6515 626 26 •2 2 Oct. 2 1,090 1,205 1, 578 1, 648 35 35 363 172 571 1 851 Dec. 30 389 ⁶ 2, 645 6,954 131 151 ¢566 629 62 1, 875 1940--Mar. 26 147

[In millions of dollars]

¹ Prior to Dec. 31, 1935, excludes balances with private banks to the extent that they were then reported in "Other assets." Since Oct. 25, 1933, includes time balances with domestic banks which on that date amounted to \$80,000,000 and which prior to that time were reported in "Other assets", ³ Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection and, prior to Dec. 31, 1935, less eash items reported on hand but not in process of collection
 ³ Includes "Due to Federal Reserve Banks (transit account)," known as "Due to Federal Reserve Banks (deferred credits)" prior to Dec. 31, 1935, U. Pressure's time deposits, open account, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.
 ⁴ Central reserve eity banks

⁶ Partly estimated

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 52-58).

WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars.]

					Loar	15						Inv	zestmen	ts		
	Total loans		Com- mer- cial,		purch or can	ns for nasing rrying rities					U. 8		rnment 	obligat	ions	
Date or month	and in- vest- ments	Total	in- dus- trial, and agri- cul- tural	Open mar- ket paper	To brok- ers and deal- ers	To others	Real estate loans	Loans to banks	Other loans	Total	Total	Bills		Bonds	Guar- an- teed	Other secu- rities
Total—101 Cities																
1939—April. December 1940—January. February. March. April	21, 727 23, 353 23, 157 23, 220 23, 380 23, 489	8, 127 8, 802 8, 587 8, 520 8, 604 8, 646	3, 848 4, 400 4, 331 4, 317 4, 371 4, 414	305 319 320 328 335 335	697 759 651 611 634 624	537 506 496 481 476 474	1, 144 1, 189 1, 184 1, 184 1, 186 1, 186 1, 182	69 46 49 54 51 48	1, 583 1, 556	13, 600 14, 551 14, 570 14, 700 14, 776 14, 843	8, 225 8, 774 8, 833 8, 862 8, 904 8, 941	342 672 658 642 627 575	2,011 2,039 1,757 1,746 1,776 1,839	5, 872 6, 063 6, 418 6, 474 6, 501 6, 527	2, 033 2, 412 2, 410 2, 419 2, 384 2, 398	3, 342 3, 365 3, 327 3, 419 3, 488 3, 504
Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27		8, 591 8, 616 8, 606 8, 603	4, 355 4, 367 4, 379 4, 383	335 333 338 335	638 659 628 609	477 476 473 478	1, 184 1, 183 1, 185 1, 192	56 48 50 49		14, 764 14, 821 14, 792 14, 726	8, 900 8, 943 8, 941 8, 830	672 673 645 516	1, 725 1, 780 1, 796 1, 802	6, 503 6, 490 6, 500 6, 512	2, 400 2, 387 2, 369 2, 379	3, 464 3, 491 3, 482 3, 517
Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24	23, 315 23, 466 23, 599 23, 584	8, 649 8, 631 8, 653 8, 650	4, 414 4, 393 4, 430 4, 419	337 339 331 332	625 630 619 623	476 474 474 473	1, 185 1, 179 1, 1 8 3 1, 182	51 49 47 43	1, 567 1, 569	14, 666 14, 835 14, 936 14, 934	8, 848 8, 938 9, 002 8, 975	509 587 608 596	1, 821 1, 822 1, 840 1, 871	6, 518 6, 529 6, 554 6, 508	2, 380 2, 379 2, 406 2, 427	3, 438 3, 518 3, 528 3, 532
May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22		8, 661 8, 654 8, 643 8, 562	4, 409 4, 404 4, 414 4, 391	326 331 328 327	626 618 602 544	474 473 473 474	1, 187 1, 193 1, 191 1, 193	52 51 43 44	$1,584 \\ 1,592$	14, 881 14, 922 14, 949 14, 982	8, 960 9, 032 9, 088 9, 105	593 646 650 673	1, 871 1, 900 1, 909 1, 919	6, 496 6, 486 6, 529 6, 513	2, 427 2, 434 2, 387 2, 389	3, 494 3, 456 3, 474 3, 488
New York City																
1939—A pril December 1940—January February March April	8,010 9,057 8,752 8,810 9,000 9,108	2, 795 3, 108 2, 980 2, 918 2, 964 2, 965	1, 379 1, 700 1, 671 1, 650 1, 676 1, 686	117 114 110 112 115 111	555 590 503 465 485 482	195 176 171 161 160 160	110 113 112 112 112 114 119	56 37 41 48 45 41	383 378 372 370 369 366	5, 215 5, 949 5, 772 5, 892 6, 036 6, 143	2, 946 3, 525 3, 365 3, 368 3, 466 3, 585	146 499 274 187 182 170	741 806 710 722 789 888	2, 059 2, 220 2, 381 2, 459 2, 495 2, 527	1, 045 1, 227 1, 228 1, 268 1, 249 1, 253	1, 224 1, 197 1, 179 1, 256 1, 321 1, 305
Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27	9.013	2, 953 2, 980 2, 970 2, 953	1, 664 1, 675 1, 684 1, 679	117 116 115 112	482 504 485 467	159 159 159 164	112 113 113 119	50 43 45 43	369 370 369 369	5, 941 6, 033 6, 066 6, 104	3, 373 3, 465 3, 520 3, 505	190 180 185 174	710 785 830 831	2, 473 2, 500 2, 505 2, 500	1, 263 1, 247 1, 236 1, 251	1, 305 1, 321 1, 310 1, 348
Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24	9, 025 9, 084 9, 165 9, 159	2, 976 2, 956 2, 967 2, 961	1, 693 1, 670 1, 691 1, 689	112 112 110 109	481 489 479 480	162 160 159 159	118 119 119 119	44 42 42 37	366 364 367 368	6, 049 6, 128 6, 198 6, 198 6, 198	3, 543 3, 574 3, 619 3, 604	176 175 165 163	867 873 892 921	2, 500 2, 526 2, 562 2, 520	1, 241 1, 234 1, 258 1, 278	1, 265 1, 320 1, 321 1, 316
May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22	9,174	2, 958 2, 958 2, 936 2, 869	1, 679 1, 676 1, 680 1, 671	108 111 108 107	476 477 458 403	$160 \\ 160 \\ 159 \\ 160$	$120 \\ 120 $	46 44 37 37	369 370 374 371	6, 163 6, 216 6, 244 6, 296	3, 601 3, 681 3, 729 3, 767	$185 \\ 237 \\ 244 \\ 258$	917 944 956 962	2, 499 2, 500 2, 529 2, 547	1, 278 1, 296 1, 259 1, 268	1, 284 1, 239 1, 256 1, 261
Outside New York City																
1939—April. December 1940—January. February March. April	14, 405	5, 332 5, 694 5, 607 5, 602 5, 640 5, 681	2, 469 2, 700 2, 660 2, 667 2, 695 2, 728	188 205 210 216 220 224	142 169 148 146 149 142		1,034 1,076 1,072 1,072 1,072 1,072	13 9 8 6 6 7	1, 144 1, 205 1, 184 1, 175 1, 182 1, 203	8, 385 8, 602 8, 798 8, 808 8, 740 8, 700	5, 279 5, 249 5, 468 5, 494 5, 438 5, 356	196 173 384 455 445 405	1, 270 1, 233 1, 047 1, 024 987 951	3, 813 3, 843 4, 037 4, 015 4, 006 4, 000	988 1, 185 1, 182 1, 151 1, 135 1, 145	2, 118 2, 168 2, 148 2, 163 2, 167 2, 199
Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27	14, 302	5, 638 5, 636 5, 636 5, 636 5, 650	2, 691 2, 692 2, 695 2, 704	218 217 223 223	156 155 143 142	318 317 314 314	1,072 1,070 1,072 1,073	6 5 5 6	1, 177 1, 180 1, 184 1, 188	8, 823 8, 788 8, 726 8, 622	5, 527 5, 478 5, 421 5, 325	482 493 460 342	1, 015 995 966 971	4, 030 3, 990 3, 995 4, 012	1, 137 1, 140 1, 133 1, 128	2, 159 2, 170 2, 172 2, 169
Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24	14, 382 14, 424 14, 425	5, 673 5, 675 5, 686 5, 689	2, 721 2, 723 2, 739 2, 730	225 227 221 223	144 141 140 143	314 314 315 314 314	1,067 1,060 1,064 1,063	7 7 5 6	1, 195 1, 203 1, 202 1, 210	8, 617 8, 707 8, 738 8, 736	5, 305 5, 364 5, 383 5, 371	333 412 443 433	954 949 948 950	4, 018 4, 003 3, 992 3, 988	1, 139 1, 145 1, 148 1, 149	2, 173 2, 198 2, 207 2, 216
May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22	14, 421 14, 402 14, 412 14, 379	5, 703 5, 696 5, 707 5, 693	2, 730 2, 728 2, 734 2, 720	218 220 220 220	150 141 144 141	314 313 314 314	1,067 1,073 1,071 1,073	6 7 6 7	1, 218 1, 214 1, 218 1, 218 1, 218	8, 718 8, 706 8, 705 8, 686	5, 359 5, 351 5, 359 5, 338	408 409 406 415	954 956 953 957	3, 997 3, 986 4, 000 3, 966	1, 149 1, 138 1, 128 1, 121	2, 210 2, 217 2, 218 2, 227

NOTE.—For description of figures see BULLETIN for November 1935 (pp. 711-738) or reprint, which may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics, and BULLETIN for June 1937 (pp. 530-531). For back figures see BULLETIN for November 1935 (pp. 711-738) or reprint, BULLETIN for December 1935 (p. 876), Annual Report for 1937 (tables 65-67) and corresponding tables in previous Annual Reports.

WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE **RESERVES AND LIABILITIES**

				[]	Monthly	7 data ai	e avera	ges of W	/ednesd	ay figur	es. In	millions	s of dolls	ars.]		
					Demand except i			Tin exce	me depo pt inter	osits, bank	I	nterban deposits	k 3			
Re- serves with Fed-	Cash	Bal- ances with	De- mand de-	Indi- vid-	States	Certi-		Indi- vid-	States			nestic nks		Bor-	Cap- ital	Date or month
eral Re- serve Banks	in vault	do- mestic	posits	uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	fied and offi- cers' checks, etc.	U. S. Gov- ern- ment ²	uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Postal sav- ings 2	De- mand	Time	For- eign banks	row- ings	ac- counts	
																Total 101 Cities
7, 973 9, 630 10, 065 10, 273 10, 394 10, 661	424 532 484 473 468 465	3, 063 3, 087 3, 104 3, 184	16, 455 18, 862 18, 946 19, 210 19, 344 19, 515	16,000 18,673 18,690 18,836 18,945 19,058	1, 372 1, 316 1, 247 1, 336 1, 371 1, 403	428 501 465 458 440 461	620 558 566 561 560 561	4, 974 5, 043 5, 057 5, 067 5, 133 5, 147	235 207 202 199 193 186	18 17 17 17 17 18 20	6, 473 7, 838 7, 955 7, 997 8, 144 8, 295	116 122 124 124 124 124 117	638 740 740 745 736 725	1 1 1 1 1 1	3, 695 3, 713 3, 713 3, 719 3, 721 3, 735	1939—April December 1940—January February March April
10, 411 10, 477 10, 318 10, 371	457 476 461 479	3, 111 3, 181 3, 191 3, 253	19, 341 19, 507 19, 251 19, 276	18, 895 19, 158 18, 829 18, 898	1, 344 1, 345 1, 362 1, 435	448 416 419 478	560 560 559 560	5, 099 5, 142 5, 146 5, 147	201 198 185 188	15 16 19 21	8, 094 8, 142 8, 158 8, 180	125 126 126 119	728 730 751 735	1 1 1	3, 725 3, 719 3, 722 3, 718	Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27
10, 437 10, 611 10, 729 10, 869	452 473 462 471	3, 299 3, 185 3, 239 3, 194	19, 175 19, 462* 19, 655 19, 764	18, 743 18, 968 19, 288 19, 234	1, 351 1, 430 1, 400 1, 433	455 449 457 482	562 560 559 562	5, 165 5, 168 5, 128 5, 127	188 189 182 185	20 21 20 19	8, 306 8, 212 8, 348 8, 316	118 116 116 116	726 722 717 734	1 1 1 1	3, 732 3, 733 3, 734 3, 741	Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24
10, 859 10, 851 11, 050 11, 196	447 479 472 485	3,284	19, 696 19, 741 19, 928 20, 2 01	19, 253 19, 073 19, 620 19, 659	1, 594 1, 489 1, 513 1, 528	524 384 531 510	560 560 562 559	5, 121 5, 120 5, 118 5, 117	183 196 196 193	19 20 19 20	8, 344 8, 369 8, 499 8, 371	116 115 115 115	720 714 709 692	1 1 1	3, 748 3, 752 3, 750 3, 752 3, 752	May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22
																New York City
4, 651 5, 361 5, 853 6, 055 6, 153 6, 259	56 91 78 79 77 78	82 84 80 81 96 95	7, 287 8, 391 8, 515 8, 796 8, 979 9, 087	7, 348 8, 555 8, 663 8, 887 9, 112 9, 154	257 240 200 230 210 246	268 304 280 298 276 282	110 50 47 44 44 45	583 620 617 613 658 661	43 36 38 33 30 27		2, 785 3, 406 3, 471 3, 473 3, 529 3, 640	1 1 1 1	561 674 675 682 672 663		1, 483 1, 482 1, 487 1, 490 1, 490 1, 496	1939—April December 1940—January February March April
6, 198 6, 156 6, 124 6, 134	75 79 75 79	80 82 85 138	8, 977 8, 992 8, 908 9, 037	9, 061 9, 111 9, 027 9, 248	215 205 194 226	285 252 252 315	44 44 44 44	619 670 672 672	31 31 28 29		3, 502 3, 525 3, 567 3, 521	1 1 1 1	665 665 686 672	 	1, 492 1, 489 1, 489 1, 490	Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27
6, 201 6, 254 6, 246 6, 335	76 78 81 77	131 82 83 81	9, 054 9, 067 9, 106 9, 121	9, 126 9, 106 9, 205 9, 178	216 288 238 242	271 286 265 304	46 44 45 44	683 686 637 639	27 27 27 27		3, 576 3, 595 3, 680 3, 711	1	664 660 655 672		1, 494 1, 495 1, 495 1, 498	Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24
6, 336 6, 235 6, 388 6, 499	74 77 77 81	81 82 87 87	9, 082 9, 059 9, 147 9, 332	9, 239 9, 078 9, 312 9, 415	327 234 266 251	320 215 341 326	44 44 43 44	$\begin{array}{c} 633 \\ 631 \\ 632 \\ 632 \end{array}$	$27 \\ 27 \\ 25 \\ 25 \\ 25$		3, 724 3, 707 3, 786 3, 725		659 655 652 636		1, 502 1, 503 1, 502 1, 502 1, 502	May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22
						ĺ										Outside New York City
3, 322 4, 269 4, 212 4, 218 4, 241 4, 402	368 441 406 394 391 387	3,007 3,023	10, 414 10, 365	8, 652 10, 118 10, 027 9, 949 9, 833 9, 904	1, 115 1, 076 1, 047 1, 106 1, 161 1, 157	160 197 185 160 164 179	510 508 519 517 516 516	4, 391 4, 423 4, 440 4, 454 4, 475 4, 486	192 171 166 166 163 159	18 17 17 17 18 20	3, 688 4, 432 4, 484 4, 524 4, 615 4, 655	116 121 123 123 123 123 117	77 66 65 63 64 62	1 1 1 1 1 1	2,231	1939—April December 1940—January February March April
4, 213 4, 321 4, 194 4, 237	382 397 386 400	3,099 3,106	10, 364 10, 515 10, 343 10, 239	9, 834 10, 047 9, 802 9, 650	1, 129 1, 140 1, 168 1, 209	163 164 167 163	516 516 515 516	4, 480 4, 472 4, 474 4, 475	170 167 157 159	15 16 19 21	4, 592 4, 617 4, 591 4, 659	124 125 125 118	63 65 65 63	1 1 1	2, 233 2, 230 2, 233 2, 228	Mar. 6 Mar. 13 Mar. 20 Mar. 27
4, 236 4, 357 4, 483 4, 534	376 395 381 394	3, 103 3, 156		9, 617 9, 862 10, 083 10, 056	1, 135 1, 142 1, 162 1, 191	184 163 192 178	516 516 514 518	4, 482 4, 482 4, 491 4, 488	161 162 155 158	20 21 20 19	4, 730 4, 617 4, 668 4, 605	117 116 116 116 116	62 62 62 62	1 1 1 1	2, 238 2, 238 2, 239 2, 243	Apr. 3 Apr. 10 Apr. 17 Apr. 24
4, 523 4, 616 4, 662 4, 697	373 402 395 404	3, 103	10, 682 10, 781	10, 014 9, 995 10, 308 10, 244	1, 267 1, 255 1, 247 1, 277	204 169 190 184	516 516 519 515	4, 488 4, 489 4, 486 4, 485	156 169 171 168	19 20 19 20	4, 620 4, 662 4, 713 4, 646	116 115 115 115	61 59 57 56	1 1 1	2, 246 2, 249 2, 248 2, 250	May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars.]

r Revised.

Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
 U. S. Treasurer's *time* deposits, open account, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.

WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

					Loa	ns						Inv	estment	s		
	Total		Com-		Loan purch	asing					U. 8	S. Gove	rnment	obligati	ons	
Federal Reserve district and date	loans and		mer- cial, in-	Open	or car secur		Baal	Tanna				Dire	et			
(1940)	in- vest- ments	Total	dus- trial, and agri- cul- tural	mar- ket paper	To bro- kers and deal- ers	To others	Real estate loans	Loans to banks	Other loans	Total	Total	Bills	Notes	Bonds	Guar- an- teed	Other secu- rities
Boston (6 cities) April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 New York (8 cities)*	1, 192 1, 191 1, 194	620 621 620 622 618	298 296 299 298 298 298	69 68 68 70 69	21 24 20 21 17	19 19 19 19 19	81 81 81 80 81	1 1 1 1	131 133 132 133 133	575 571 571 572 573	397 393 392 394 394 394	16 16 16 16 15	38 38 38 38 38 38	343 339 338 340 341	50 50 50 49 48	128 128 129 129 131
April 24. May 1 May 8. May 15. May 22. Philadelphia (4 cities)	1 9 999	3, 305 3, 302 3, 303 3, 282 3, 214	1,802 1,793 1,791 1,794 1,784	116 115 118 115 115 114	487 481 482 463 408	211 212 212 212 212 212 212	195 196 196 196 197	37 46 44 37 37	457 459 460 465 462	6, 694 6, 664 6, 718 6, 751 6, 804	3, 875 3, 879 3, 960 4, 011 4, 049	$173 \\ 195 \\ 246 \\ 252 \\ 265$	957 953 980 992 998	2, 745 2, 731 2, 734 2, 767 _2, 786	1, 356 1, 355 1, 372 1, 334 1, 343	1,463 1,430 1,386 1,406 1,412
A pril 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 15. May 22. Cleveland (10 cities)	1, 159 1, 164 1, 164 1, 164 1, 169 1, 172	439 445 446 445 446	210 212 213 210 209	29 29 30 30 31	24 25 25 26 26	31 32 32 32 33	49 50 50 50 50	1 1 1 1 1	95 96 95 96 96	720 719 718 724 726	342 342 347 355 355		31 31 31 31 31 31	311 311 316 324 324	102 101 94 92 91	276 276 277 277 277 280
April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Richmond (12 cities)	1, 936 1, 923 1, 920	708 709 709 709 711	277 275 276 276 275 275	9 8 8 8 8	21 21 20 20 23	25 25 24 25 24	173 174 174 175 175	2 2 2 1 2	$201 \\ 204 \\ 205 \\ 205 \\ 204$	1, 229 1, 227 1, 214 1, 211 1, 187	818 816 804 805 779	11 11 11 11 11	156 15 15	651 649 637 638 612	123 124 124 124 124 125	288 287 286 282 283
A pril 24	685 692 691	272 272 270 269 270	123 124 122 122 122	12 11 11 11 11	3 3 3 3 3	15 15 15 14 14	42 42 42 42 42 42 42		77 77 77 77 77 78	412 413 422 422 421	293 294 303 305 303		137 136 141 142 141	$156 \\ 158 \\ 162 \\ 163 \\ 162$	52 52 52 52 52 53	67 67 67 65 65
April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Chicago (12 cities)*	- 634 - 631 - 626	309 307 308 307 306	160 159 158 158 158 156	4 4 4 4	5 5 5 5 5	11 10 11 10 11	31 31 32 32 32 32	1 1 1	98 97 97 97 97 98	323 327 323 319 318	149 151 149 149 150	1 1 1 1 1	34 35 35 35 35	114 115 113 113 114	69 71 69 66 64	105 105 105 104 104
April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 St. Louis (5 cities)	- 3, 335 - 3, 331 - 3, 339	939 940 936 953 947	564 563 562 574 569	38 38 38 39 39	38 39 36 39 37	74 75 75 75 75 74	114 115 117 118 118		111 110 108 108 108 110	2, 420 2, 395 2, 395 2, 386 2, 386 2, 386	1, 619 1, 595 1, 590 1, 583 1, 586	291 270 267 262 261	290 291 290 288 289	$\begin{array}{c} 1,038\\ 1,034\\ 1,033\\ 1,033\\ 1,033\\ 1,036\end{array}$	276 276 276 271 267	525 524 529 532 533
April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Minneapolis (8 cities)	- 748 - 750 - 750	330 332 331 330 329	188 189 188 189 189	11 11 10 10	5 5 5 4	13 13 12 13 13	53 53 54 53 53	1 1 1 1	59 60 60 59 59	411 416 419 420 425	235 240 242 244 244 249	51 55 57 59 66	33 33 33 33 32	151 152 152 152 152 151	69 68 69 68 68	107 108 108 108 108
May 1 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Kansas City (12 cities)	- 401	199 199 200 195 190	104 104 102 97 97	4 4 4 4 4		7 7 7 7 7 7	10 10 11 11 10		73 73 75 75 75 71	231 218 213 212 211	156 147 144 143 143	10 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 31 \\ 31 \\ 29 \\ 29 \\ 30 \end{array} $	115 115 115 114 113	22 22 22 22 22 22 22	53 49 47 47 46
April 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 15. May 22. Dallas (9 cities)	- 694 - 695 - 694 - 692	307 307 306 304 303	182 181 181 180 179	23 23 24 22 22	4 5 4 4 4	10 10 10 10	29 29 29 29 29		59 59 58 58 59 59	387 388 388 388 388 393	178 179 178 175 179	18 18 18 17 21	67 68 68 69 69	93 93 92 89 89	70 70 70 69 69	139 139 140 144 145
April 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 15. San Francisco (7 cities)	- 527 - 525 - 522 - 524	267 269 271 267 267	176 175 176 176 176 175	2 2 2 2 2 2	3 5 5 2 3	13 13 13 13 13 13	22 22 23 22 22 22	1 1 1 1	50 51 51 51 51 51	260 258 254 255 257	$152 \\ 150 \\ 148 \\ 151 \\ 152$	23 21 25 27 28	40 40 40 40 41	89 89 83 84 83	50 49 47 46 46	58 59 58 58 58
April 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 15. City of Chicago*	2, 227 2, 243 2, 241 2, 241 2, 249	955 958 954 960 961	335 338 336 341 338	15 13 13 13 13 13	11 12 12 13 13	44 43 43 43 43 44	383 384 384 383 383 384	1	167 168 166 167 168	$\begin{array}{c} 1,272\\ 1,285\\ 1,287\\ 1,289\\ 1,281\\ \end{array}$	761 774 775 773 766	2 5 5 5 5 5	57 59 59 56 59	702 710 711 712 702	188 189 189 194 193	323 322 323 323 322 322 322
April 24. May 1. May 8. May 15. May 22.	$\begin{array}{c c} 2,220\\ 2,217\\ 2,227\end{array}$	582 579 578 594 590	405 403 403 413 411	18 18 19 19	32 31 30 34 33	64 65 64 65 64	14 14 17 17 17 17		49 48 46 46 46	1, 665 1, 641 1, 639 1, 633 1, 635	1, 165 1, 143 1, 137 1, 132 1, 134	290 270 267 262 261	160 161 160 159 159	715 712 710 711 711 714	142 141 141 135 135	358 357 361 366 366

* Separate figures for New York City are shown in the immediately preceding table, and for the city of Chicago in this table. The figures for the New York and Chicago districts, as shown in this table, include New York City and Chicago, respectively.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

[In millions of dollars]

						deposit iterbani			ne depo pt inter			nterban deposit:				
Re- serves with	Cash	Bal- ances	De- mand	Indi- vid-	States	Cer ti-		Indi- vid-	States		Don ba	nestic nks		Bor-	Çap-	Federal Reserve
Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	in vault	with do- mestic banks	de- posits ad- justed ¹	uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	fied and offi- cers' checks, etc.	U. S. Gov- ern- ment ²	uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Postal sav- ings ?	De- mand	Time	For- eign banks	row- ings	ital ac- counts	district and date
523 520 527 533 544	142 141 143 143 143 144	170 174 173 172 169	1, 223 1, 216 1, 222 1, 220 1, 233	1, 172 1, 175 1, 169 1, 183 1, 189	95 99 95 90 91	18 18 14 19 17	13 13 13 13 13 13	233 233 233 233 233 233	3 3 3 3 3 3	1 1 1 1 1	342 346 349 358 352		$22 \\ 21 \\ 20 \\ 19 \\ 18$	1 1 1 1	248 248 248 248 246 246	Boston (6 cities) April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22
6, 521 6, 506 6, 401 6, 549 6, 651	96 91 96 95 100	223 218 215 221 215	9, 772 9, 735 9, 725 9, 822 10, 017	9, 678 9, 734 9, 560 9, 808 9, 904	413 516 437 472 464	321 338 231 361 344	64 64 64 64 64	1,008 1,002 1,000 1,000 999	36 36 36 34 33	4 4 4 4	3, 790 3, 808 3, 790 3, 867 3, 803	$ \begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \end{array} $	673 660 656 653 638		$1, 620 \\ 1, 624 \\ 1, 626 \\ 1, 625 \\ 1, 625 \\ 1, 625$	New York (8 cities)* April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Philodenbig (4 cities)
527 527 543 536 531	20 18 20 20 20	216 222 212 215 215	1,017 1,017 1,018 1,026 1,033	964 967 956 978 980	104 117 116 119 120	7 11 7 7 10	53 54 54 53 53 54	263 262 260 259 259	3 3 3 3 3		422 431 439 434 424	$12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\$	5 5 5 5 5		$215 \\ 216 \\ 216 \\ 216 \\ 216 \\ 216 \\ 216$	Philadelphia (4 cities) April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Cleveland (10 cities)
604 617 611 625 640	44 43 46 45 46	327 335 329 341 346	1, 354 1, 366 1, 348 1, 365 1, 372	1, 314 1, 327 1, 301 1, 347 1, 334	101 113 107 107 111	$20 \\ 20 \\ 17 \\ 19 \\ 23$	47 47 47 47 47 47	723 724 724 722 722 722	$24 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 25 \\ 26$		425 433 429 436 426	39 39 38 37 37	1 1 1 1 1		380 380 380 380 380 380	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Richmond (12 cities)
196 192 195 198 197	22 19 22 21 22	265 257 251 251 251 257	514 510 515 514 522	493 491 491 502 502	56 59 57 54 55	$11 \\ 12 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ $	35 33 33 33 33 33	199 199 199 199 199	3 3 3 3 3	1 1 1 1 1	311 305 308 311 308	6 6 6 6	1 1 		96 96 97 98	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Atlanta (8 cities)
137 132 144 145 137	14 12 13 13 14	238 236 238 241 242	416 410 419 413 417	387 388 386 398 389	72 73 74 69 75	4 5 5 4 4	43 43 43 46 43	185 185 185 186 186	6 5 5 5 5	2 2 2 2 2	309 310 313 313 304	3 3 3 3 3	1 1 1 1 1		94 94 95 95	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Chicago (12 cities)*
1, 351 1, 386 1, 395 1, 422 1, 450	65 62 68 69 71	$585 \\ 585 \\ 580 \\ 602 \\ 604$	2, 687 2, 690 2, 678 2, 710 2, 759	2, 552 2, 563 2, 535 2, 612 2, 623	272 273 265 275 285	-35 41 37 46 45	$128 \\ 128 $	953 953 955 955 955	$ \begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\$	7 7 7 7 7	1, 217 1, 224 1, 237 1, 264 1, 242	10 10 10 10 10	9 9 10 9 8		393 395 396 396 396	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 St. Louis (5 cities)
178 175 174 185 194	$12 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\$	188 178 180 176 169	477 470 471 471 465	475 469 468 479 468	42 42 43 44 43	7 8 6 8 6	15 15 15 15 15 15	188 188 188 188 188 188	2 3 3 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	354 354 356 362 376	1 1 1 1 1			96 96 95 95	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Minneapolis (8 cities)
86 74 117 105 100	7 6 7 7 7	$ \begin{array}{c} 72 \\ 68 \\ 94 \\ 109 \\ 116 \end{array} $	263 232 293 293 293 294	233 193 253 266 264	55 63 57 53 54		$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 1\\ 2\\ 1\\ 2\\ 1\end{array}$	117 117 117 117 117 117 117		1 1 1 1 1	$159 \\ 160 \\ 166 \\ 162 \\ 158$	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1 1		59 59 59 59 59	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Kansas City (12 cities)
191 190 196 198 191	$ \begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ \end{array} $	307 306 304 317 312	525 527 532 544 542	509 502 502 529 516	74 78 75 75 75	10 10 10 10 10	23 23 23 23 23 23	143 143 143 143 143 143	3 3 2 3 2	1 1 1 1	422 418 418 418 418 411	6 6 6 7			105 105 105 105 105	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 Dallas (9 cities)
136 136 137 135 137	11 10 12 11 11	295 297 302 314 307	470 479 477 479 479 479	458 453 450 471 460	49 54 53 47 46	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 13 \\ 10 \\ 9 \\ 10 \end{array} $	31 30 31 31 31 31	127 127 127 127 127 127 127	8 9 9 9 9	 1 1	269 261 267 272 268		1 1 1 1 1		88 88 88 88 88 88	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 San Francisco (7 cities)
419 404 411 419 424	22 20 24 22 23	308 301 307 325 317	1,046 1,044 1,043 1,071 1,068	999 991 1,002 1,047 1,030	100 107 110 108 109	32 40 25 25 22	108 108 108 107 107	988 988 989 989 989 989	85 82 96 96 95		296 294 297 302 299	$21 \\ 21 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 21 \\ 21 \\ 21 \\$	20 20 19 19 19		347 347 348 348 348 349	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22 City of Chicago
1,023 1,055 1,074 1,100 1,119	31 32 35 36 37	262 259 256 269 282	1, 818 1, 818 1, 818 1, 844 1, 893	1, 772 1, 774 1, 755 1, 808 1, 827	133 138 140 154 162	21 25 21 29 30	79 79 79 80 79	493 494 494 493 493	11 11 11 11 11	5 5 5 5 5	925 928 942 967 952		8 8 9 8 7	 	252 253 254 254 254 254	April 24 May 1 May 8 May 15 May 22

* See note on preceding page.
¹ Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
² U. S. Treasurer's *time* deposits, open account, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.

JUNE 1940

COMMERCIAL PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING

[In millions of dollars]

						Dolla	r accepts	ances out	standing				
	Com-				Hel	d by		-			Based o	n	
End of month	mer- cial paper	Total	Acc	epting be	nks	Federal Ba	Reserve aks						ored in or between
	out- stand-	out- stand-					For ac-		Im- ports	Exports		poin	ts in
	ing 1	ing	Total	Own bills	Bills bought	For own ac- count	count of foreign corre- spond- ents	Others	into U. S.	from U. S.	ex- change	U. S.	Foreign coun- tries
1939—January	195	255	204	122	82			52	89	57	2	52	55
February	195	248	198	122	76			50	87	57	2	48	55 54 56 57 59 60 61
March April	191 192	245 238	191 189	117 118	74 72			54 49	87 86	58 56	2	42 38	57 57
Мау	189	247	192	124	68			55	82	51	19	36	59
June	181	245	191	122	69			53	81	45	20	39	60
July August	194	236 235	188 191	119 128	69 63			48	75	41	19	39	61
September	201 209	235	177	115	62			44 39	79 78	40 40	18 18	40 43	59 36
October	205	221	179	111	67		() () ()	42	85	40	18	46	32
November	214	223	172	103	69			51	96	37	16	50	32 24 22
December	210	233	175	105	70			57	103	39	16	54	22
1940—January	219	229	179	111	68			50	101	38	16	51	23
February	226								95				27
March April	233 239	230 223	184 178	121 118	63 61			46 45	90 86	47	14 13	49 46	30 33
1940—January February March April	226 233	233 230	188 184	123 121	65 63			45 46	95 90	44 47	15 14	51 49	23 27 30 33

¹ As reported by dealers; includes some finance company paper sold in open market.

² Less than \$500,000.

Back figures .- See Annual Report for 1937 (table 70).

CUSTOMERS' DEBIT BALANCES, MONEY BORROWED, AND PRINCIPAL RELATED ITEMS OF STOCK EXCHANGE FIRMS CARRYING MARGIN ACCOUNTS

[Member firms of New York Stock Exchange. Ledger balances in millions of dollars]

		Debit ba	alances				Credit	balances		
		Debit	Debit			Custo credit ba		Other	r credit bal	ances
End of month	Customers' debit balances (net) ¹	balances in partners' investment and trading accounts	balances in firm investment and trading accounts	Cash on hand and in banks	Money bor- rowed ²	Free	Other (net)	In partners' invest- ment and trading accounts	In firm invest- ment and trading accounts	In capital accounts (net)
1937—June September December	1, 489 1, 363 985	55 48 34	161 128 108	214 239 232	1, 217 1, 088 688	266 256 278	92 96 85	25 26 26	13 12 10	397 385 355
1938—March June September December	831 774 823 991	29 27 29 32	95 88 76 106	215 215 213 190	576 495 559 754	239 258 257 247	81 89 68 60	25 22 20 22	9 11 7 5	315 298 300 305
1939-March April June July September November December	828	27 26 26 24 24 22 20 21 21 20 16	84 83 76 73 84 71 64 72 72 77 78	174 190 183 178 183 202 217 200 195 207	699 579 561 570 589 556 520 577 623 637	225 236 230 238 235 305 289 272 266	59 60 70 67 58 87 76 67 69	20 20 21 21 20 20 22 21 21 21 23	9 7 6 6 11 9 8 7	294 290 284 275 283 275 283 284 284 282 277
1940—January February March April	886 893 886 910	15 16 15 15	70 72 78 72	198 195 186 192	602 616 615 626	262 253 247 252	71 74 70 73	22 23 21 21	6 7 7 9	272 271 270 271

¹ Excluding balances with reporting firms (1) of member firms of New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and (2) of firms' own partners.

³ Includes both money borrowed from banks and trust companies in New York City and elsewhere in the United States and also money borrowed from other leaders (not including member firms of national securities exchanges).

NOTE.-For explanation of these figures see "Statistics on Margin Accounts" in BULLETIN for September 1936. The article describes the method by which the figures are derived and reported, distinguishes the table from a "statement of financial condition," and explains that the last column is not to be taken as representing the actual net capital of the reporting firms.

Back figures .-- See BULLETIN for March 1938, p. 196, and (for data in detail) Annual Report for 1937 (table 69).

OPEN-MARKET RATES IN NEW YORK CITY

[Per cent per annum]

COMMERCIAL LOAN RATES

AVERAGES OF RATES CHARGED CUSTOMERS BY BANKS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES [Per cent per annum]

Total 19 cities

1934 average

Monthly figures

------1936 average 1937 average..... 1938 average..... 1939 average ¹.....

1935 average.

1938

3. 45 2. 93 2. 68 2. 59

2.53 2.53 2.78

2.60

7 other North-

ern and Eastern

cities

3. 71 3. 39 3. 04 2. 88 2. 75 2. 87

New

York City

2.45 1.76 1.72 1.73 1.69 2.07

11 South-

ern and Western

cities

4. 32 3. 76 3. 40 3. 25 3. 26 3. 51

Year, month, or week Prime com- mercial paper, 4 to 6 Prime com- ers' accept bank- gamer, 4 to 6 Prime bank- ers' accept bank- gamer, accept bank, bank- gamer, accept bank, bank- gamer, accept bank, days ex- change call bans, gamer, bank,		Prevail	ing rate	1 on—	Aver	age rate	on	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					ex-			age yield on U. S.
1038 average .81 .44 1.25 1.00 .053 .07 .88 1039 average .59 .44 1.25 1.00 .022 .05 .56 1039 average .59 .44 1.25 1.00 .022 .05 .56 1039 Agy .56 .44 1.25 1.00 .019 .03 .44 1019		mercial paper, 4 to 6	ers' accept- ances, 90	change time loans, 90	call loan re- new-	issues of- fered within	day deal- ers' quo-	ury 3-to-5 year
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$. 44					1.40 .83
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1939 average	. 59	. 44	1.25	1.00	. 022	. 05	. 59
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	May June	. 56 . 56	. 44 . 44	1.25 1.25	1.00 1.00	.006	. 03 . 03	. 50 . 42 . 39 . 45
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Aug Sept Oct	. 56 . 69 . 69	. 44 . 44 . 44	1, 25 1, 25 1, 25	1.00 1.00 1.00	.046 .102 .028	. 05 . 14 . 05	.48 1.07 .77 .64
Week ending:	Dec 1940—Jan. Feb Mar	. 56 . 56 . 56 . 56	.44 .44 .44 .44	1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	.012 .001 .004 (³)	.04 .01 .02 .02	. 51 . 47 . 46 . 42 . 45
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	April 27 May 4 May 11 May 18 May 25 May 25	1/2-9/8	7/16 7/16 7/16 7/16		1.00 1.00 1.00	.007 .008 .016 .032 .067	. 03 . 06 . 08	. 49 . 45 . 48 . 70 . 77

¹ Monthly figures are averages of weekly prevailing rates. ² Series comprises 273-day bills to October 15, 1937, bills maturing about March 16, 1938, from October 22, to December 10, 1937, and 91-day bills thereafter. * Rate negative.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 43 and 44). Figures for Treasury bills and Treasury notes available on request.

 $\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 70\\ 1.\ 70\\ 1.\ 65\\ 1.\ 70\$ $\begin{array}{c} 2.92\\ 2.65\\ 2.64\\ 2.64\\ 2.78\\ 2.78\\ 2.78\\ 2.78\\ 2.71\\ 2.74\\ 2.90\\ 2.68\\ 2.95\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 3.\ 28\\ 3.\ 21\\ 3.\ 28\\ 3.\ 25\\ 3.\ 20\\ 3.\ 31\\ 3.\ 35\\ 3.\ 28\\ 3.\ 26\\ 3.\ 21\\ 3.\ 20\\ 3.\ 23\\ \end{array}$ 2.49 2.48 2.48 2.48 2.56 2.57 2.52 2.57 2.52 2.57 2.49 2.60 October_____ November_____ December_____ 2.64 2.52 1.73 1.70 2.97 1939-–January February 3.32 3.26 2.69 Quarterly figures 1 1938—September 1939—March 2,65 2,95 2,91 2,68 2,59 2.00 2.13 2.15 2.04 1.96 2.75 3.05 3.05 2.78 2.59 3. 25 3. 77 3. 62 3. 31 3. 32 3. 35 June_ Juné September December -March 1940-2.65 2.03 2.67

¹ Averages for 1939 and quarterly figures are on revised basis and are therefore not strictly comparable with the earlier series of annual and monthly figures.

Back figures.—See November 1939 BULLETIN, pp. 963-969 for description and for back figures.

BOND YIELDS 1

[Per cent per annum]

						Corp	oorate 4			
Year, month, or week	U.S. Treas-	Munic- ipal ³			By ra	tings			By groups	
	ury 2		Total	Aaa	Aa	A	Ваа	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility
Number of issues	2-6	15	120	30	30	30	30	40	40	40
1937 average 1938 average 1939 average	2, 68 2, 56 2, 36	3. 10 2. 91 2. 76	3. 94 4. 19 3. 77	3, 26 3, 19 3, 01	3. 46 3. 56 3. 22	4.01 4.22 3.89	5. 03 5. 80 4. 96	3. 55 3. 50 3. 30	4. 34 5. 21 4. 53	3. 93 3. 87 3. 48
1939—April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December. 1940—January. February. March. April.	2. 17 2. 13 2. 16 2. 21 2. 65 2. 60 2. 46 2. 35 2. 30 2. 32	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 75\\ 2.\ 66\\ 2.\ 63\\ 2.\ 75\\ 3.\ 29\\ 3.\ 08\\ 2.\ 69\\ 2.\ 56\\ 2.\ 54\\ 2.\ 60\\ 2.\ 58\\ 2.\ 56\\ 2.\ 56\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.84\\ 3.78\\ 3.71\\ 3.66\\ 3.67\\ 3.95\\ 3.83\\ 3.70\\ 3.69\\ 3.63\\ 3.60\\ 3.58\\ 3.54\end{array}$	3, 02 2, 97 2, 92 2, 89 3, 25 3, 15 3, 00 2, 94 2, 88 2, 86 2, 84 2, 82	$\begin{array}{c} 3,22\\ 3,16\\ 3,13\\ 3,08\\ 3,11\\ 3,49\\ 3,35\\ 3,16\\ 3,14\\ 3,08\\ 3,05\\ 3,04\\ 2,99\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.97\\ 3.92\\ 3.86\\ 3.83\\ 3.80\\ 4.05\\ 3.94\\ 3.78\\ 3.78\\ 3.78\\ 3.69\\ 3.68\\ 3.68\\ 3.65\\ 3.59\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5. \ 15 \\ 5. \ 07 \\ 4. \ 91 \\ 4. \ 84 \\ 4. \ 85 \\ 5. \ 00 \\ 4. \ 88 \\ 4. \ 85 \\ 4. \ 92 \\ 4. \ 86 \\ 4. \ 83 \\ 4. \ 80 \\ 4. \ 80 \\ 4. \ 74 \end{array}$	3. 35 3. 30 3. 23 3. 18 3. 21 3. 57 3. 43 3. 25 3. 21 3. 14 3. 12 3. 09 3. 05	4.66 4.60 4.47 4.42 4.41 4.58 4.51 4.44 4.47 4.39 4.37 4.33	$\begin{array}{c} 3.\ 51\\ 3.\ 45\\ 3.\ 39\\ 3.\ 40\\ 3.\ 70\\ 3.\ 57\\ 3.\ 41\\ 3.\ 38\\ 3.\ 35\\ 3.\ 35\\ 3.\ 35\\ 3.\ 32\\ 3.\ 29\\ 3.\ 24\\ \end{array}$
Week ending: April 27 May 4 May 11 May 18 May 25	2.28	2.56 2.55 2.54 2.94 3.01	3. 54 3. 52 3. 50 3. 63 3. 77	2, 83 2, 82 2, 82 2, 92 3, 02	2, 99 2, 98 2, 97 3, 07 3, 17	3.58 3.55 3.53 3.64 3.75	4.75 4.71 4.68 4.90 5.13	3. 05 3. 05 3. 04 3. 19 3. 32	4. 33 4. 30 4. 27 4. 40 4. 60	3. 23 3. 21 3. 19 3. 30 3. 38

Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds, which are based on Wednesday figures.
 Average of yields of all outstanding bonds due or callable after 12 years; see BULLETIN for December 1938, pp. 1045-1046 for description.
 Standard Statistics Co.
 Moody's Investors Service, week ending Friday. Because of limited number of suitable issues, the industrial Aaa and Aa groups have each been reduced from 10 to 4, and the railroad Aaa group from 10 to 5.

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1937 (table 80). Figures for U.S. Treasury bonds available on request.

JUNE 1940

BOND PRICES¹

STOCK MARKET

	U. S.	Munic-		Corpo	orate 3				St	ock price	S 1		Vol- ume of
Year, month, or date	Treas- ury ³	ipal 3	Total	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	Year, month, or date	Pre-	Com	mon (ind	lex, 1926	=100)	trad- ing ³ (in
Number of issues	2-6	15	60	20	 20	20		ferred ²	Total	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	thou- sands of shares)
1937 average 1938 average 1939 average	101.7 103.4 106.0	110.3 113.7 116.3	93.4 78.9 81.6	90. 1 82. 9 86. 0	89.6 58.6 58.0	100. 4 95. 3 100. 9	Number of issues	20	420	348	32	40	
1939—April May	106.6 108.3	116. 4 118. 1	79.4 80.2	83. 8 84. 8	54. 5 54. 8	99.7 101.0	1937 average 1938 average 1939 average	136. 2 135. 6 141. 2	112 83 89	131 99 105	49 26 28	95 73 85	1, 519 1, 100 973
June. July August September	109.1 108.9 108.2 101.9	118.6 118.3 116.5 107.1	81.4 81.6 81.0 80.9	86.2 86.3 85.8 85.0	56.2 56.4 55.5 59.0	101.6 102.1 101.7 98.6	1939—April May June	140. 4 141. 8 143. 9	82 83 86	96 97 101	25 25 26	80 82 85	964 548 507
October November December	102.6 104.6 106.1	110.7 117.5 119.9	82.9 83.0 82.1	86.4 87.0 86.8	61.6 60.2 58.0	100.5 101.8 101.6	July August September	143.7 142.3 136.2	86 86 92	101 101 109	26 25 30	85 87 84	821 706 2, 595
1940—January February March April	106.8 106.6 107.5 107.6	120.2 119.1 119.7 119.8	82.4 82.2 82.1 82.5	87.3 87.3 87.3 87.5	58.2 57.8 57.2 58.2	101.8 101.6 101.8 101.7	October November December 1940—January	137. 7 140. 7 141. 4 143. 0	95 94 92 93	113 111 108 109	33 32 30 30	86 87 87 88	1,050 907 808 678
Apr. 24 May 1	107. 1 107. 5	119.9 120.1	82. 3 82. 3	87.4 87.4	57. 9 57. 9	101. 5 101. 5	February March April	142.9 141.8 142.3	92 92 93	103 107 108 109	29 29 29	88 87 88	654 740 1, 131
May 8 May 15 May 22	107.5 104.8 104.4	120.3 113.0 111.8	82. 3 78. 8 76. 7	87.3 84.7 83.5	58. 1 52. 5 49. 2	101. 4 99. 1 97. 3	Apr. 24 May 1 May 8	143. 0 143. 1 143. 1	92 91 92	109 107 108	29 28 29	87 87 87	856 741 1,001
¹ Monthly data are ave				pt fo r mi	inicipal	bonds,	May 15 May 22	143. 1 139. 4 133. 7	92 79 70	93 82	29 24 21	87 77 71	3, 167 1, 922

Monthly data are averages of daily figures except for municipal bonds, which are averages of Wednesday figures.
 A verage prices of all outstanding bonds due or callable after 12 years, based on quotations from Treasury Department. Prices expressed in decimals.
 Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard Sta-tistics Co.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 79). Figures for U. S. Treasury bonds available on request.

¹ Standard Statistics Co. Monthly data are averages of Wednesday

A verage prices of industrial high-grade preferred stocks, adjusted to a \$7 annual dividend basis.
A verage daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange. Weekly figures are averages for the week ending Saturday. Back figures.-For stock prices, see Annual Report for 1937 (table 79).

CAPITAL ISSUES

[In millions of dollars]

					For new capital Domestic				-				For refu	unding			
	Total (new	Tratal			Don	estic							Don	nestic			
Year or month	and re- fund-	Total (do- mestic		State	Fed-	0	orporat	:0	For-	Total (do- mestic		State	Fed-		Corporat	e	For-
	ing)	and for- eign)	Total	and mu- nici- pal	eral agen- cies ¹	Total	Bonds and notes	Stocks	eign ‡	and for- eign)	Total	and mu- nici- pal	eral agen- cies ¹	Total	Bonds and notes	Stocks	eign ²
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938	7, 619 4, 038 1, 751 1, 063 2, 160 4, 699 6, 214 3, 937 4, 448 5, 825	6, 912 3, 095 1, 197 720 1, 386 1, 457 1, 972 2, 138 2, 359 2, 276	6, 004 2, 860 1, 165 708 1, 386 1, 409 1, 949 2, 094 2, 323 2, 227	1, 434 1, 235 762 483 803 855 735 712 971 931	87 75 77 64 405 150 22 157 481 924	4, 483 1, 551 325 161 178 404 1, 192 1, 225 872 371	2, 980 1, 239 305 40 144 334 839 817 807 280	$1,503 \\ 311 \\ 20 \\ 120 \\ 35 \\ 69 \\ 352 \\ 408 \\ 65 \\ 92$	908 235 32 12 0 48 23 44 35 50	706 944 554 343 774 3, 242 4, 242 1, 799 2, 089 3, 548	527 893 498 283 765 3, 216 4, 123 1, 680 2, 061 3, 460	53 21 87 37 136 365 382 191 129 195	0 51 93 26 317 987 353 281 665 1,537	474 821 319 219 312 1,864 3,387 1,209 1,267 1,728	451 789 315 187 312 1, 782 3, 187 856 1, 236 1, 591	23 32 4 32 0 81 200 352 31 137	179 51 56 60 9 26 119 119 28 88
1939-Apr June July Aug Sept Oct Dec 1940-Jan Feb Mar Apr	$\begin{array}{r} 358 \\ 1, 313 \\ 586 \\ 590 \\ 449 \\ 180 \\ 740 \\ 218 \\ 330 \\ 279 \\ 451 \\ 241 \\ 345 \end{array}$	144 117 274 318 102 42 336 89 95 91 104 70 118	69	64 94 234 65 56 16 42 67 68 59 58 34 58	2 203 203 0 10 276 0 0 0 1 6 6	78 22 30 50 26 16 18 21 27 32 45 29 54	48 18 22 40 23 14 14 15 21 18 43 15 31	31 3 9 10 3 2 4 6 6 14 3 15 23	(⁸) 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	214 1, 196 312 272 347 138 404 129 235 189 347 171 227	$\begin{array}{c} 161\\ 1, 180\\ 312\\ 272\\ 332\\ 138\\ 403\\ 129\\ 235\\ 189\\ 347\\ 171\\ 227\\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 11\\ 8\\ 39\\ 18\\ 13\\ 8\\ 10\\ 13\\ 22\\ 26\\ 114\\ 49\\ 18\\ \end{array} $	21 1, 021 74 18 51 235 26 19 29 29 22 17 17	$129 \\ 151 \\ 252 \\ 180 \\ 301 \\ 79 \\ 157 \\ 91 \\ 194 \\ 133 \\ 211 \\ 106 \\ 192$	$106 \\ 131 \\ 249 \\ 143 \\ 292 \\ 79 \\ 157 \\ 88 \\ 188 \\ 98 \\ 196 \\ 92 \\ 154$	23 20 2 38 9 0 (³) 36 14 14 14 38	53 16 0 15 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Includes publicly-offered issues of Federal credit agencies, but excludes direct obligations of U. S. Treasury.
 Includes issues of noncontiguous U. S. Territories and Possessions.
 Less than \$500,000.

Source.-For domestic issues, Commercial and Financial Chronicle; for foreign issues, U. S. Department of Commerce. Monthly figures subject to revision.

Back figures -- See Annual Report for 1937 (table 78).

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT-VOLUME AND KIND OF DIRECT OBLIGATIONS

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

						Interest	bearing						iterest- ring
	Total				Publicly	-offered ¹							
End of month	gross debt	Total			Bonds				Ad- justed service	Social se- curity	All other*	Ma- tured	Other
		interest bearing	Total	Pre- war	Treas- ury ²	U.S. savings	Notes	Bills	issues*	issues ⁴		debt	
1932—June 1933—June	22, 539 27, 053 28, 701 33, 779	19, 161 22, 158 26, 480 27, 645 32, 989 35, 800 36, 576	•18, 816 •21, 782 •26, 006 26, 910 31, 297 33, 734 33, 463	753 753 753 753 753 79 79 79	13, 460 13, 417 15, 679 14, 019 17, 168 19, 936 21, 846	62 316 800 1,238	1, 261 4, 548 6, 653 10, 023 11, 381 10, 617 9, 147	616 954 1, 404 2, 053 2, 354 2, 303 1, 154	105 92 118 156 1,071 926 868	 19 579 1, 601	240 284 356 580 601 560 644	60 66 54 231 169 119 141	266 315 518 825 620 506 447
1939—March April	40,063 40,282 40,440 40,661 40,891 40,858 41,036 41,305 41,942 42,110 42,365 42,540	$\begin{array}{c} 39,442\\ 39,525\\ 39,751\\ 39,886\\ 40,114\\ 40,351\\ 40,342\\ 40,526\\ 40,807\\ 41,445\\ 41,601\\ 41,839\\ 41,983\\ 42,117 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{35, 579} \\ \textbf{35, 627} \\ \textbf{35, 627} \\ \textbf{35, 715} \\ \textbf{35, 718} \\ \textbf{35, 798} \\ \textbf{35, 862} \\ \textbf{35, 886} \\ \textbf{36, 026} \\ \textbf{36, 123} \\ \textbf{36, 826} \\ \textbf{36, 826} \\ \textbf{36, 957} \\ \textbf{37, 097} \\ \textbf{37, 127} \\ \textbf{37, 236} \end{array}$	79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79	25, 218 25, 218 26, 881 26, 896 26, 908 26, 908	1, 701 1, 751 1, 806 1, 868 1, 949 2, 015 2, 051 2, 092 2, 140 2, 209 2, 473 2, 610 2, 707 2, 818	7, 270 7, 270 7, 243 7, 243 7, 243 7, 232 7, 232 7, 232 6, 203 6, 203 6, 203 6, 125 6, 125	1, 311 1, 309 1, 308 1, 308 1, 307 1, 306 1, 405 1, 405 1, 455 1, 307 1, 308 1, 309 1, 306	827 826 839 833 829 795 791 791 787 787 787 785 784 782	2, 257 2, 294 2, 442 2, 511 2, 542 2, 722 2, 746 2, 981 3, 021 3, 049 3, 152 3, 269 3, 282	779 780 805 820 941 938 915 912 911 809 807 805 803 816	$125 \\ 122 \\ 117 \\ 142 \\ 140 \\ 133 \\ 112 \\ 109 \\ 98 \\ 99 \\ 114 \\ 132 \\ 165 \\ 150 \\ 150 \\ 125 \\ 150 \\ 125 \\ $	419 416 414 408 406 404 401 400 3)8 395 394 392 391

Excludes postal savings bonds, formerly sold to depositors in the Postal Savings System.
 Includes Liberty bonds.
 Includes adjusted service bonds of 1945 and special issues of adjusted service bonds and of notes to Government Life Insurance Fund series

and of certificates to the adjusted service fund.
 ⁴ Includes special issues to Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, unemployment trust fund, and railroad retirement account.
 ⁵ Includes postal savings bonds and special issues to retirement funds, to Postal Savings System and to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
 ⁴ Includes certificates of indebtedness not shown separately: 1932-\$2,726,000,000, 1933-\$2,108,000,000; 1934-\$1,517,000,000

MATURITIES OF PUBLICLY-OFFERED DIRECT OBLIGATIONS. APRIL 30, 1940

FULLY GUARANTEED OBLIGATIONS, BY AGENCIES 1 [In millions of dollars]

[In millions of dollars] Maturing

				1			
Date maturing or callable				Во	nds	Bonds call- able 1	
	Total	Bills	Notes	U. S. Sav- ings	Other		1934 1938
1940—Before July 1 July 1-Sept. 30 Oct. 1-Dec. 31	1, 278 401 737	905 401	20			353	1936 1937
1941—Jan. 1-Mar. 31 Apr. 1-June 30			677 504			545	1938
July 1-Dec. 31 1942.	1,039 1,001		204 1,001		834	834	1938
1943	1, 595 1, 214 2, 834 1, 854 2, 800 1, 990 1, 654 1, 138 1, 223 2, 436 2, 904 2, 663 755 489		1,050 1,214 718 		755 489 982	1,855 2,555 1,755 2,359 1,473 2,246 3,500 2,611 982 919	1939 1940
1960 1961 1963 1965	2, 611 50 919 1, 485				2, 611 50 919 1, 485	1, 485 50	1] pal.
Total	37, 236	1, 306	6, 125	2, 818	26, 986	26, 986	pub Hot

End of Month	Total	Federal Farm Mortgage Corpora- tion	Home Owners' Loan Corpora- tion ³	Recon- struction Finance Corpora- tion	Com- modity Credit Corpora- tion	U.S. Hous- ing Author- ity
1934—June_	681	312	134	235		
Dec	3,063	980	1. 834	249		
1935-June_	4, 123	1,226	2, 647	250		
Dec.	4, 494	1, 387	2,855	252		
1936-June_	4,718	1, 422	3,044	252		
Dec	4,662	1,422	2,988	252		
1937—June.	4,665	1,422	2, 987	255		
Dec	4,645	1, 410	2, 937	297		
1938—June	4, 853	1, 410	2, 937	299	206	
1938—Nov	4,993	1, 388	2,888	511	206	
Dec	4,992	1.388	2,888	509	206	
1939-Jan	4, 987	1, 383	2, 888	509	206	
Feb	5,410	1, 381	2,888	819	206	114
Mar.	5, 410	1, 381	2,888	819	206	114
Apr	5, 410	1,380	2, 888	819	206	114
May	5, 409	1,379	2, 888	820	206	114
June.	5,450	1, 379	2, 928	820	206	114
July	5, 480	1, 379	2, 958	820	206	114
Aug	5, 583	1, 379	2, 858	820	409	114
Sept	5, 455	1, 279	2, 830	820	409	114
Oct	5, 448	1, 279	2, 823	820	409	114
Nov	5, 707	1, 269	2,817	1,096	407	114
Dec	5, 703	1,269	2,813	1,096	407	114
1940-Jan.	5,699	1, 269	2,809	1,096	407	114
Feb	5,673	1, 269	2, 783	1,096	407	114
Mar.	5, 663	1, 269	2,770	1,096	407	114
Apr	5, 657	1, 269	2, 763	1, 096	407	114
(1			L	L

Principal amount of obligations guaranteed as to interest and princi-Excludes obligations held by U. S. Treasury and reflected in the blic debt. The total includes guaranteed debentures of the Federal

Housing Administrator, amounting to \$6,600,000 on April 30, 1940. • Excludes obligations guaranteed as to interest only. For August 1939 and subsequent months includes matured bonds not presented for retirement amounting to \$32,000,000 on April 30, 1940.

¹ Excludes U. S. savings bonds. Other bonds in the amount of \$2,606,-000,000 not callable prior to maturity are shown as of date of maturity. Bonds that have been called are shown as maturing on date of call. ² Includes unclassified U. S. savings bonds.

JUNE 1940

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SUMMARY OF TREASURY OPERATIONS [On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

					Ge	eneral ar	nd speci	al accou	nts		<u> </u>					
			Receipt	8	_			Exper	nditures	1				Trust ac-	Increase crease d peri	luring
								General					Excess of re-	counts, etc. ⁶ excess of re-		
Period Fiscal year ending: June 1937 June 1939	Total	In- come taxes	Social secur- ity taxes ³	Miscel- laneous inter- nal reve- nue	All other	Total	Inter- est on debt	Na- tional de- fense and Vet- erans' Adm. ³	All other	Re- cov- ery and relief	Re- volv- ing funds (net) 4	Trans- fers to trust accts., etc. ⁵	ceipts (+) or ex- pendi- tures (-)	ceipts (+) or er- pendi- tures (-)	General fund balance ⁶	Gross debt
June 1938	5, 294 6, 242 5, 668	2, 163 2, 640 2, 189	253 755 740	2, 181 2, 279 2, 232	697 567 507	8, 442 7, 626 9, 210	866 926 941	1, 436 1, 556 1, 627	1, 994 2, 178 2, 761	3, 073 2, 238 3, 105	204 121 92	868 607 685	-3, 149 -1, 384 -3, 542	+374 +306 +890	$-128 \\ -338 \\ +622$	+2, 646 +740 +3, 275
10 months ending: April 1938 April 1939 April 1940	5, 092 4, 659 4, 741	2, 049 1, 789 1, 621	619 591 669	1, 926 1, 853 1, 965	499 426 486	6, 128 7, 514 7, 868	685 658 726	1, 290 1, 351 1, 646	1, 740 2, 258 2, 808	1, 717 2, 591 2, 031	93 77 50	604 579 607	-1, 035 -2, 856 -3, 127	+85 +785 +280	+828	+1, 085 +2, 898 +2, 218
1939—A pril June July September October November December 1940—January February March April	268 397 613 308 420 719 322 407 569 315 444 934 304	40 43 356 42 38 329 38 34 319 45 63 665 48	30 124 25 36 119 27 36 130 29 45 178 30 39	155 187 192 187 217 311 198 191 171 167 154 192 175	42 42 39 43 46 52 50 52 50 57 49 46 42	785 744 951 807 822 784 764 691 880 712 668 956 783	66 10 272 15 18 151 68 12 190 38 19 146 69	$133 \\ 136 \\ 140 \\ 145 \\ 152 \\ 147 \\ 154 \\ 157 \\ 164 \\ 173 \\ 169 \\ 184 \\ 202$	258 279 259 254 261 305 282 275 317 299 276 280	266 262 252 321 170 175 182 194 185 168 210 206	8 7 8 1 11 5 9 5 * 1 4 4 6 6	55 50 56 167 66 50 53 53 53 58 8 5 10 135 20	$\begin{array}{r} -517\\ -348\\ -339\\ -499\\ -402\\ -65\\ -442\\ -284\\ -311\\ -398\\ -224\\ -22\\ -479\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} +93 \\ +99 \\ +95 \\ -113 \\ -44 \\ +46 \\ -11 \\ +267 \\ -16 \\ +37 \\ +36 \\ +111 \\ +58 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} -346\\ -119\\ -86\\ -391\\ -216\\ -53\\ -264\\ +252\\ +311\\ -194\\ +67\\ +164\\ -303\end{array}$	+78 +219 +158 +222 +230 -34 +178 +269 +637 +167 +256 +175 +118

				Ľ	etails o	f trust acc	ounts, etc.				Deta	ils of ge (en	neral fu 1 of per	nd bala iod)	nce
Period	trust fu	age insu Ind and ment ac	railroad		employ trust fu		checki	ng account ng account nment ager	s of	All other, excess of re-			In-		Work-
	Re- ceipts	In- vest- ments	Bene- fit pay- ments	Re- ceipts	In- vest- ments	With- drawals by States	Recon- struction Finance Corpora- tion	Com- modity Credit Corpora- tion	All other	ceipts (+) or expen- ditures (-) *	Total	In- active gold	cre- ment on gold	Seign- iorage	ing bal- ance
Fiscal year ending: June 1937 June 1938 June 1939	267 550 639	267 461 516	(7) 85 120	294 763 838	293 560 395	1 191 442	* 329 * 9 * 658	* 112 * 184 136	127 ⁸ 11 ⁸ 246	+60 +87 +116	2, 553 2, 216 2, 838	1, 087	141 142 142	356 446 536	970 1, 628 2, 160
10 months ending: April 1938 April 1939 April 1940	530 504 520	450 393 398	68 98 104	552 669 768	428 300 373	118 369 402	⁸ 1 ⁸ 575 ⁸ 245	38 141 ⁸ 35	⁸ 26 ⁸ 255 109	+77 +83 +98	2, 689 3, 044 2, 210		142 142 143	433 522 581	2, 114 2, 380 1, 486
1939—April May June July August September	55 50 85 65 66 50	50 40 83 45 51 43	10 11 11 10 10 10	34 137 32 58 154 13	⁸ 13 108 ⁸ 13 ⁸ 14 129 ⁸ 19	41 32 41 42 41 40	⁸ 60 3 8 86 16 29 22	5 8 4 (⁸)(⁷) 6 8 86 5	* 27 12 * 2 144 96 * 74	+11 +23 +11 +13 +5 +10	3,044 2,924 2,838 2,447 2,231 2,178		142 142 142 142 142 142 142	522 528 536 544 549 554	2, 380 2, 254 2, 160 1, 761 1, 539 1, 481
October November December 1940 - January February March April	53 53 58 10 10 135 20	43 43 43 	10 10 10 10 10 11 12	54 144 29 79 155 30 53	7 142 8 3 28 103 8 18 18	24 29 32 58 45 47 45	15 ⁸ 297 ⁸ 5 ⁸ 20 ⁸ 5 ² ⁸ 3	19 27 11 * 6 * 3 * 4 * 4	4 ⁸ 19 10 ⁸ 11 ⁸ 4 ⁸ 12 ⁸ 25	+15 +6 -4 +7 +18 +7 +21	1, 913 2, 166 2, 476 2, 282 2, 350 2, 514 2, 210		143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143	558 561 565 568 573 577 581	1, 213 1, 462 1, 768 1, 571 1, 634 1, 794 1, 486

Excludes debt retirements.
Includes taxes under Social Security Act and on carriers and their employees.
Excludes expenditures for adjusted service which are included under "Transfers to trust accounts, etc."
Includes revolving funds of Public Works Administration and Farm Credit Administration.
Includes expenditures for retirement funds, adjusted service certificate fund, old-age insurance trust fund and railroad retirement account;
Poteils given in lower section of table.
Includes other trust accounts, increment resulting from reduction in weight of the gold dollar, expenditures chargeable against increment on gold (other than retirement of national bank notes) and receipts from seigniorage.

GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES, MARCH 31, 1940

[Based on compilation by U. S. Treasury Department from reports received from organizations concerned. In millions of dollars]

·····	Recon- struction		mortgag ing ager		F	arm credit	agencie	s	Ten-				Total	
	Finance Corpo- ration and Public Works Admin- istration	Home Owners' Loan Corpo- ration	Other mort- gage agen- cies	United States Hous- ing Au- thority	Farm mort- gage agen- cies	Other Farm Credit Adm. banks and cor- porations	Com- modity Credit Corpo- ration	Other	nes- see Val- ley Au- thor- ity	In- sur- ance agen- cies		Mar. 31, 1940	Feb. 28, 1940	Mar. 31, 1939
Assets														
Loans and preferred stock: Loans to financial institutions Preferred stock, etc Loans to railroads Home and housing mortgage	189 472 487	203	138 34			75 		(1)		67 	1 30	394 786 517	405 791 509	858
loans Farm mortgage loans Other agricultural loans All other loans	1 1 46 4	2, 0 22	216 (¹)	139 	2, 568	280	651 	195 3 348			5 4 328	2, 377 2, 568 1, 131 1, 140	2, 580 1, 120	2,694 762
Total loans and preferred stock U. S. Govt. direct obligations Obligations of Government credit	1,614 25 48	2, 2 25 176 4	388 69 40	139 5 3	2, 568 84 93	355 51 170	651 2	543 14	14 	67 50 4 03	364 14 4	8, 914 504 765	494	511
agencies: Fully guaranteed by U. S Other f Accounts and other receivables Business property Property held for sale Other assets	8 22 (1) 41 2	8 3 478 1	14 6 (1) 1 (1)	2 128 (1)	(*) 1 203 6 104 8	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	32 8 (1)	(1) 6	6 312	105 64 1 4 12	69 96 1 126	130 45 417 555 629 157	43 415 552 644	44 333 468 712
Total assets other than inter- agency 6	1, 761	2, 895	517	278	3, 066	629	693	564	332	708	674	12, 116	12, 078	11, 696
Liabilities														
Bonds, notes, and debentures: Guaranteed by United States Other f Other liabilities (including reservee).	1, 096 	2, 771 (1) 96	134 40	114 5	1,270 \$980 107	191 8	407 186	193	8 7	6 1 234	9 60	5, 664 1, 323 1, 065	1, 321	
Total liabilities other than interagency ⁶ ,	1, 225	2, 867	174	119	2, 357	199	593	193	16	241	69	8, 052	8, 053	7, 592
Excess of assets over liabilities, ex- cluding interagency transactions. Privately owned interests	536	28	343 52	158	709 206	430 4	100	3 71	317	467 139	605	4, 064 401		4, 104
U. S. Government interests	536	28	292	158	503	426	100	371	317	328	605	3, 663	3, 625	3, 718

Less than \$500,000.
 Includes \$55,000,000 loans of Public Works Administration.
 Includes \$220,000,000 loans of Farm Security Administration.
 Includes \$220,000,000 loans of Rural Electrification Administration.
 Excludes Federal land bank bonds held by Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation.
 Includes, Federal land bank bonds held by Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation.
 Includes, investments in securities of agencies (other than mentioned in footnote 5) and deposits of agencies with Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

NOTE -For explanation of table, see BULLETIN for October 1938, p. 882.

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[Amounts outstanding. In thousands of dollars]

	Apr. 30, 1939	Oct. 31, 1939	Nov. 30, 1939	Dec. 31, 1939	Jan. 31, 1940	Feb. 29, 1940	Mar. 31, 1940	Apr. 30, 1940
Loans to financial institutions Loans on preferred stock of banks and insurance companies Preferred stock, capital notes, and debentures Loans to railroads (including receivers) Loans to self-liquidating projects Loans to industrial and commercial businesses Loans to drainage, levee, and irrigation districts Other loans Securities purchased from Public Works Administration	528, 024 443, 840 111, 391 112, 531 82, 966 27, 129	33, 127 513, 200 436, 650 89, 872 126, 863 83, 482 23, 274	33, 094 490, 099 444, 314 93, 068 130, 026 83, 750 4, 046	33, 029 488, 673 448, 792 79, 440 130, 625 83, 998 4, 081	32, 319 484, 211 454, 194 65, 873 130, 378 83, 814 4, 093	29, 994 476, 395 458, 841 66, 501 131, 919 83, 874 4, 180	29, 840 472, 345 467, 887 66, 753 130, 704 83, 966 4, 260	29, 749 474, 475 471, 747 58, 578 130, 466 83, 723 4, 235
Total loans and investments, other than interagency	1, 663, 744	1, 608, 911	1, 579, 050	1, 561, 599	1, 539, 557	1, 532, 160	1, 529, 174	1, 521, 365
Preferred stock of Export-Import bank Loans to Rural Electrification Administration Capital stock of, and loans to R. F. C. Mortgage Co Capital stock of, and loans to Fed. Natl. Mtge. Assn Loans to Tennessee Valley Authority	55,066	146, 498 55, 102 50, 323	146, 498 56, 047 54, 538	146, 498 57, 081 58, 729	146, 498 58, 045 63, 233	146, 498 58, 124 65, 806	146, 498 59, 198 68, 616	146, 498 59, 355 70, 385
Total loans and investments	1, 852, 906	1, 914, 133	1, 889, 433	1, 877, 207	1, 860, 632	1, 884, 888	1, 885, 786	1, 879, 903

NOTE.-For explanation of table and back figures, see BULLETIN for April 1936, p. 220.

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FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS OUTSTANDING, BY INSTITUTIONS

[In thousands of dollars]

<u> </u>	Farm mort by		Federal int credit ban and discor	k loans to			-	Loans to	o cooperativ	es by—
End of month	Federal land banks Land Bank Commis- sioner c cr pp pr an for sioner 1,915,792 616,825 - 2,064,185 838,779 -		Regional agri- cultural credit cor- porations, production credit as- sociations, and banks for cooper- atives ¹	Other financing institu- tions, except coopera- tives	Produc- tion credit associa- tions	Regional agricul- tural cred- it corpo- rations	Emer- gency crop and drought loans	Federal inter- mediate credit banks	Banks for cooper- atives, including Central Bank	Agricul- tural Market- ing Act revolv- ing fund
1934—December 1935—December 1936—December 1937—December 1938—December	2.064.158	794, 726	99, 675 104, 706 129, 872 165, 194 168, 392	55, 672 47, 162 41, 017 40, 464 33, 545	60, 852 94, 096 105, 212 138, 169 148, 037	87, 102 43, 400 25, 288 15, 592 11, 081	111, 238 172, 863 165, 369 172, 701 171, 489	33, 969 2, 731 1, 641 1, 813 920	27, 851 50, 013 69, 647 87, 633 87, 496	54, 863 44, 433 53, 754 30, 982 23, 723
1939—A pril. May. June. July. August. September. October November. December. 1940—January. February March. April.	1, 947, 944 1, 940, 586 1, 934, 013 1, 928, 166 1, 922, 577 1, 916, 431 1, 910, 336 1, 904, 655	728, 489 723, 187 717, 622 712, 823 708, 426 703, 840 699, 274 695, 101 690, 880 687, 191 683, 694 677, 717 673, 696	182, 643 186, 588 190, 359 189, 044 187, 968 179, 674 169, 731 165, 368 165, 236 161, 753 165, 106 174, 152 185, 373	36, 483 38, 124 39, 794 40, 657 37, 645 33, 996 33, 417 33, 354 33, 620 34, 738 36, 326 37, 921	177, 792 183, 351 187, 712 187, 844 185, 215 174, 032 166, 526 154, 496 153, 949 160, 003 173, 840 186, 276	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 298\\ 10, 286\\ 10, 235\\ 9, 599\\ 9, 127\\ 8, 351\\ 8, 042\\ 8, 005\\ 7, 904\\ 7, 926\\ 7, 888\\ 7, 904 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 179,756\\ 180,434\\ 180,166\\ 179,356\\ 178,271\\ 175,667\\ 171,819\\ 169,460\\ 168,330\\ 167,957\\ 170,020\\ 176,045\\ 179,801 \end{array}$	1, 256 596 359 263 127 778 1, 493 1, 696 1, 835 1, 756 2, 002 1, 754 1, 603	61, 363 60, 465 59, 577 62, 124 61, 404 65, 160 70, 422 73, 120 76, 252 73, 238 71, 272 69, 311 67, 454	23, 190 23, 061 22, 592 22, 189 22, 422 21, 663 21, 582 20, 589 20, 547 20, 038 19, 763 18, 537

¹ Some of the loans made by the regional agricultural credit corporations (prior to October 1935) and by the banks for cooperatives and most of the loans made by the production credit associations are discounted with the Federal intermediate credit banks. The amounts in this column are thus included in the three columns under those headings. Such loans are not always discounted in the same month in which the original credit is extended.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD LOANS OUTSTANDING, BY INSTITUTIONS

POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM [In millions of dollars]

			1						As	sets		
	Home m	Fadaral se	ans by-	Federal home loan	End of month	Depos- itors		Cash	1 8	Gover		Cash
End of month	Home Owners' Loan Cor- poration		Loans 1	bank loans to member institu- tions ²		bal- ances ¹	Total	in de- posi- tory		Di- rect obli- ga- tions	Guar- an- teed obli- ga- tions	re- serve funds, etc. ¹
1934—December	$\begin{array}{c} 2897,162\\ 2,765,098\\ 2,397,647\\ 2,168,920\\ 2,149,038\\ 2,134,261\\ 2,117,598\\ 2,105,824\\ 2,091,324\\ 2,091,324\\ 2,080,512\\ 2,067,844\\ 2,059,792\\ 2,054,865\\ 2,049,421\\ 2,043,288\\ 2,038,186\\ 2,031,341\\ \end{array}$	1, 381 1, 383 1, 386 1, 385 1, 392 1, 394 1, 394 1, 401 1, 410 1, 403	\$1, 300 348, 000 586, 700 1, 034, 162 1, 040, 770 1, 051, 109 1, 067, 887 1, 089, 879 1, 117, 228 1, 136, 289 1, 157, 536 1, 156, 784 1, 206, 887 1, 231, 685 1, 252, 559 1, 271, 161 1, 280, 200	86, 651 102, 791 145, 394 200, 092 198, 840 178, 852 170, 614 161, 614 157, 176 159, 962 161, 537 159, 470 163, 687 168, 822 181, 313 156, 788	1935-June	1, 268 1, 252 1, 266 1, 264 1, 264 1, 262 1, 268 1, 271 1, 262 1, 268 1, 271 1, 270 1, 270 1, 274 1, 279 1, 290 \$	1, 236 1, 265 1, 307 1, 290 1, 309 1, 306 1, 305 1, 304 1, 314 1, 314 1, 317 1, 319 1, 331	80 76 73 68 58 56 55 55 54 54 54 53	1, 157	1,036 1,036 1,036 1,046	147 167 167 167 166 166 146 146 146 146 146 146	74 95 71 72 76 76 75 79 80 84 70 75 80 75 80 74 84
February March April	2, 026, 614 2, 021, 951 2, 020, 572	1,413	1, 296, 464 1, 317, 975 1, 348, 072	144, 515 137, 642 133, 811	 Preliminary. ¹ Outstanding prin 	cipal, r) present	ed by	certific	ates of	l deposit.	Does

¹Federal Home Loan Bank Board estimates for all Federal savings and loan associations. ³Excludes loans to other than member institutions which are negli-

gible in amount.

Preliminary.
 Preliminary.
 Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit. Does not include accrued interest nor outstanding savings stamps.
 Includes working cash with postmasters, 5-per cent reserve fund and miscellaneous working funds with the Treasurer of the United States, accrued interest on bond investments, and accounts due from late post-masters.

Back figures.-See BULLETIN for August 1935, p. 502.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT, AND TRADE

[Index numbers; 1923-25 average=100. The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation]

	Indus	trial pro	duction	ı (physi	ical vol	ume)1*	Cons	truction	contra	icts awa	rded (v	value) ?				1			
Year and month	 T	otal		ufac- ires	Mir	erals	T	otal	Resid	lential	All	other		ory em- ment ³	Fac- tory pay- rolls ³	Freig loadi	ght-car ngs 4 *	store	rtment sales lue)
	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1926 1926 1927 1928 1928 1929		83 87 67 85 101 95 104 108 106 111 119 96		84 87 67 86 101 94 105 108 106 112 119 95		77 89 70 105 96 99 108 107 106 115 99		63 63 56 79 84 94 122 129 129 129 135 117 92		44 30 44 68 81 95 124 121 117 126 87 50		79 90 65 88 94 120 135 139 139 142 142 142		107 107 82 91 104 96 100 102 100 100 100 106 92	98 117 76 81 103 96 101 104 104 102 104 110 89		84 91 78 85 100 98 103 107 104 104 107 92		78 94 87 88 98 99 103 106 107 108 111 102
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1939 1937		81 64 76 79 90 105 110 86 105		80 63 75 78 90 105 109 84 105		84 71 82 86 91 105 116 98 108		63 28 25 32 37 55 59 64 72		37 13 11 12 21 37 41 45 60		84 40 37 48 50 70 74 80 81		78 66 73 86 91 99 109 90 97	68 47 50 65 74 86 103 78 91	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	74 55 58 62 64 75 78 62 70		92 69 67 75 79 88 92 85 90
Mar April June June July Aug Sept Oct Dec	118 118 118 114 114 117 111 102 88 88 84	122 122 115 111 115 109 102 90 80	117 118 118 114 114 117 110 100 85 79	122 125 123 114 110 114 106 99 86 75	128 115 117 115 112 113 116 113 109 115	119 105 118 118 116 121 125 123 113 109	56 53 56 61 67 62 56 52 56 61	56 61 68 72 75 66 56 49 50 49	45 44 42 44 40 37 36 32 30	47 51 52 47 45 40 37 35 31 25	64 66 77 86 81 71 65 76 87	63 68 81 92 99 87 72 61 65 68	110 111 112 111 112 112 112 110 108 104 98	110 111 112 110 111 112 112 110 104 97	106 110 108 105 109 105 105 93 85	83 84 80 78 80 79 78 76 71 67	80 79 80 79 82 81 87 84 72 62	93 93 93 92 93 94 93 91 89	90 89 95 90 65 72 100 103 101 156
1938 Jan Feb Mar June June July Aug Sept Oct Dec	81 79 77 76 77 83 88 90 96 103 104	79 80 78 77 77 81 87 91 97 104 98	76 75 73 73 73 74 82 87 89 95 103 104	75 76 77 75 75 85 89 95 103 98	108 103 104 100 92 93 93 95 97 98 102 110	104 99 96 91 90 92 93 97 102 106 105 103	52 51 52 51 54 59 66 82 96 96	42 44 46 59 61 63 65 69 79 78 85 77	26 32 33 37 42 49 53 56 57 56 57	22 28 35 43 44 46 49 52 56 56 56 48	73 66 56 65 64 68 77 96 102 128 128	59 56 55 73 76 76 78 84 97 96 111 100	93 92 90 88 86 85 86 88 89 90 93 94	91 91 89 86 85 85 92 92 93 94	75 78 75 73 71 71 77 82 84 84 84	65 62 60 57 58 61 62 64 68 69 69	59 57 55 57 58 62 63 71 75 70 64	90 88 86 83 78 82 83 83 83 83 86 84 89 89	70 70 77 86 80 79 58 65 91 92 99 156
1939 Jan Feb April July July Sept Oct Dec 1940	*102 99 98 92 98 101 103 111 121 124 128	100 99 100 95 94 98 97 99 112 124 124 124	100 97 96 92 91 97 100 7105 111 121 124 7130	99 99 90 96 94 97 95 99 110 *123 123 121	110 110 794 98 104 106 91 114 121 124 120	105 105 102 787 97 105 107 96 123 132 127 113	86 73 69 67 63 63 67 73 73 73 76 83 86	70 63 69 75 73 73 73 73 72 74 69	55 58 55 58 55 58 62 67 68 68 61 60	45 51 58 68 65 64 66 68 66 68 66 59 51	111 85 80 74 68 67 71 78 76 82 101 107	90 72 79 83 84 80 81 84 77 77 87 84	95 94 94 93 94 95 96 98 101 103 105	92 94 94 93 93 93 94 96 100 104 104	84 86 88 85 87 84 90 94 102 102 104	69 67 66 60 62 67 69 70 77 80 82 78	63 62 63 62 67 70 71 85 89 83 73	88 87 88 85 86 86 89 91 90 95 96	69 69 82 88 87 83 60 69 97 99 106 168
Jan. Feb Mar April	119 109 104 104 102	117 110 106 P104	118 108 101 ₽99	116 +110 105 #103	125 120 121 122 122	120 115 112 9110	75 63 62 ₽63	61 54 63 ₽73	53 56 57 ₽63	44 50 60 ₽74	93 68 66 264	75 58 65 972	104 102 100 999	101 101 101 101 100	98 98 98 ₽96	78 73 69 70	72 68 67 67	92 89 89 89	71 71 86 86

Preliminary. r Revised. * Average per working day.
 For indexes of groups and separate industries see pp. 574-575; for description see BULLETIN for February and March, 1927.
 3-month moving average of F. W. Dodge Corporation data, centered at second month; for description see p. 358 of BULLETIN for July 1931.
 The indexes for factory employment and payrolls unadjusted for seasonal variation are compiled by the Burcau of Labor Statistics. For description of the seasonally adjusted index of factory employment compiled by F. R. Board of Governors see BULLETIN for October 1928, pp. 835-806, and separate industries see pp. 576-579. Underlying figures are for payroll period ending nearest middle of month.
 For indexes of groups see p. 581.
 Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 81). For department store sales see BULLETIN for October 1938, p. 918; for factory employment and payrolls see BULLETIN for October 1938, pp. 838-866, and for October 1939, p. 879-887.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1923-25 average=100]

						19	940							
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Manufactures—Total Durable Nondurable	96 80 110	92 76 106	91 71 108	97 82 110	100 789 110	7105 793 115	111 103 +118	121 123 119	124 130 118	+130 141 120	118 r123 114	108 +104 111	101 94 107	299 290 2106
Iron and Steel ² Pig iron Steel ingots ²	83 75 84	*80 66 *81	73 55 75	89 73 r91	7101 81 7103	r 106 91 107	r122 101 r124	*158 119 *162	r168 125 r172	r174 126 r179	7144 119 7146	+112 102 +113	r97 91 97	92 90 92
Transportation Equipment: Automobiles Locomotives	91 14	87 14	73 15	81 15	87 15	89 19	85 23	78 24	90 20	127 18	128 19	127 21	110 	105
Nonferrous Metals: Tin deliveries ¹ Zinc Lead	76 90 69	92 91 71	102 89 82	93 90 70	87 91 68	99 93 71	97 98 71	95 110 70	119 117 83	165 121 78	181 114 87	140 116 78	136 115 82	147 115 60
Cement and Glass: Cement Glass, plate	90 130	81 83	75 89	79 124	82 87	76 121	78 165	87 222	91 191	96 232	80 200	71 165	87 164	84 136
Coke: Byproduct Beehive	106 5	94 2	77 2	103 5	110 5	120 5	130 7	143 23	147 29	148 26	148 17	132 11	127 10	129 8
Textiles Cotton consumption Wool Consumption Machinery activity Carpet and rug loom activity 1 Silk deliveries.	110 114 105 119 91 84 108	97 105 85 91 80 78 88	104 110 105 120 98 73 76	111 115 116 138 105 70 84	111 117 114 136 105 64 84	120 128 123 150 103 79 87	121 129 118 138 103 84 107	125 129 125 138 120 94 120	126 135 128 140 129 92 96	123 145 116 124 120 85 72	114 130 108 114 109 86 74	108 125 99 103 99 86 63	98 117 81 89 70 78 66	95 113 76 80 69 78 64
Leather and Products Tanning Cattle hide leathers Calf and kip leathers Goat and kid leathers Boots and shoes	122 95 93 103 94 140	116 96 91 101 105 128	115 93 91 89 103 128	110 91 88 91 102 121	115 88 89 69 106 133	118 98 106 73 102 131	105 87 93 71 87 117	109 93 98 73 103 119	115 98 103 83 99 126	121 95 102 85 87 138	120 99 98 94 107 133	116 93 796 81 795 132	*106 83 86 71 90 120	⊅101 113
Food Products: Slaughtering and meat packing Hogs Cattle Cattle Sheep Wheat flour Sugar meltings	89 73 106 110 156 97 78	90 81 99 105 135 100 94	94 84 104 108 142 95 72	87 73 103 104 143 100 66	89 77 102 107 145 96 81	92 84 100 104 139 88 77	100 95 102 111 146 103 96	99 99 95 110 144 91 91	100 100 94 110 154 82 85	99 99 95 100 147 91 128	100 95 102 108 158 90 105	100 95 105 102 145 92 79	99 94 103 105 139 94 74	103 96 109 106 144 95 75
Tobacco Products Cigars Cigarettes Manufactured tobacco	164 78 236 80	164 77 236 81	170 75 246 85	170 75 247 84	158 73 227 80	168 76 241 89	164 76 235 85	166 75 240 83	172 74 250 87	186 79 273 89	167 83 239 74	170 77 247 79	160 75 229 79	181 76 267 85
Paper and Printing: Newsprint production Newsprint consumption	62 126	63 130	65 127	63 132	63 126	63 130	65 142	63 137	64 131	65 140	64 129	68 132	69 136	68 133
Petroleum Refining. Gasoline ¹ Kerosene. Fuel oll ¹ Lubricating oil ¹	202 256 122 140 111	209 265 122 143 115	211 269 124 143 119	218 276 122 144 121	212 273 117 139 115	218 280 123 140 128	221 284 118 148 123	232 296 118 155 149	228 293 109 150 141	221 280 108 150 145	214 265 106 162 138	217 268 125 159 139	217 268 136 157 139	
Rubber Tires and Tubes 1 Tires, pneumatic 1 Inner tubes 1	113 118 77	106 111 73	103 108 67	114 120 76	113 118 74	122 127 81	125 130 85	125 130 89	118 122 84	110 115 72	115 120 76	118 123 78	118 124 80	118 123 82
Minerals-Total	110	r94	98	104	106	91	114	121	124	120	125	120	121	p122
Bituminous coal Anthracite Petroleum, crude Iron ore	77 61 173	728 80 174	46 73 175 55	71 59 170 67	75 53 174 74	77 53 127 78	84 71 174 97	94 58 181 128	91 60 187 155	83 59 189	91 75 189	87 51 190	79 66 194	292 254 2190
Zinc Lead Silver	90 69 86	91 71 101	89 82 71	90 70 107	91 68 70	93 71 79	98 98 71 104	128 110 70 91	100 117 83 91	121 78 105	114 87 89	116 78 103	115 82 98	115 60

¹ Without seasonal adjustment. ^p Preliminary.

r Revised.

² Revised figures 1939: durable, Jan., 89; iron and steel, Jan., 94; steel ingots, Jan., 96, Feb. 90.

NOTE.—Descriptive material and tables giving back figures may be obtained upon request from the Division of Research and Statistics. Series on shipbuilding, silk-loom activity, and on production of book paper, wrapping paper, fine paper, boxboard, mechanical wood pulp, chemical wood pulp, paper boxes, and lumber, included in the total index, are withheld from publication pending revision.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

(Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1923-25 average=100]

		-					1940							
Industry	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Manufactures-Total ¹ Durable Nondurable	100 *87 111	96 84 106	94 78 107	97 85 108	95 *84 106	99 *86 111	110 7100 119	7123 123 122	123 *126 122	121 129 114	116 117 116	7110 104 114	105 102 108	p103 p99 p106
Iron and Steel Pig iron Steel ingots ¹	* <u>94</u> 79 95	*88 70 *90	79 56 *82	89 72 r91	*94 77 *96	⁺ 104 87 105	r121 98 r123	*153 119 *157	155 126 158	*153 124 *156	138 118 1140	*117 104 *118	7109 96 7110	102 95 102
Transportation Equipment: Automobiles Locomotives	105 14	106 13	88 15	91 14	66 15	28 20	59 24	93 24	108 22	142 19	128 17	127 21	128	128
Nonferrous Metals: Tin deliveries Zinc Lead	76 96 70	92 94 70	102 90 80	93 87 71	87 84 65	99 87 68	97 93 67	95 106 72	119 117 86	165 123 79	181 121 88	140 124 81	136 122 83	147 120 60
Cement and Glass: Cement	65 137	79 91	88 93	98 112	100 78	98 121	98 165	99 222	90 191	75 232	49 200	43 165	63 172	82 149
Coke: Byproduct Beehive	109 6	95 2	76 2	101 8	107 4	116 4	128 7	143 22	150 30	150 29	149 20	136 14	131 12	130 9
Textiles Ootton consumption Wool. Oonsumption Machinery activity Oarpet and rug loom activity Silk deliveries.	112 119 106 122 91 84 104	100 113 84 88 80 78 87	104 114 100 111 98 73 75	105 111 109 124 105 70 75	103 106 106 121 105 64 80	112 115 118 139 103 79 91	121 125 122 145 103 84 113	129 133 132 151 120 94 120	131 140 135 153 129 92 98	117 133 116 125 120 85 64	119 137 110 118 109 86 84	114 134 104 112 99 86 67	101 122 82 91 70 78 63	98 121 75 77 69 78 64
Leather and Products	128 94 94 91 96 147	113 94 91 91 104 126	106 88 87 85 96 117	105 90 86 88 102 115	114 88 86 81 98 130	131 100 104 88 100 151	121 92 97 82 91 140	120 99 101 87 107 133	110 96 102 79 97 120	103 92 99 73 94 109	111 95 99 78 102 121	118 96 103 74 99 133	109 83 87 63 91 126	999 111
Food Products: Slaughtering and meat packing Hogs Cattle Oalves. Sheep. Wheat flour Sugar meltings	84 74 92 111 142 91 92	81 72 87 114 127 91 109	92 81 101 122 139 90 81	86 76 96 108 140 88 78	84 69 101 104 145 94 98	80 64 98 96 140 94 86	91 71 114 107 170 122 102	97 84 111 116 158 102 87	111 110 108 112 152 89 66	118 129 100 95 144 87 73	119 127 103 100 160 89 69	102 106 92 94 136 89 77	94 94 89 106 126 88 87	92 86 96 115 135 86 87
Tobacco Products Cigars Cigarsttes Manufactured tobacco	156 71 224 81	151 72 215 78	172 78 248 85	186 81 272 86	171 76 249 80	180 80 261 91	181 87 259 93	179 92 252 86	175 88 247 85	151 59 224 73	158 64 234 75	155 66 225 80	$152 \\ 68 \\ 218 \\ 80$	166 71 243 81
Paper and Printing: Newsprint production Newsprint consumption	61 131	64 139	66 131	64 131	62 112	61 116	64 139	63 146	63 140	65 144	65 124	68 131	68 142	69 143
Petroleum Refining Gasoline Kerosene Fuel ol Lubricating oil	201 256 119 140 111	208 265 121 143 115	211 269 119 143 119	215 276 113 144 121	211 273 108 139 115	217 280 116 140 128	221 284 121 148 123	233 296 124 155 149	229 293 117 150 141	222 280 117 150 145	214 265 108 162 138	217 268 128 159 139	217 268 132 157 139	
Rubber Tires and Tubes	113 118 77	106 111 73	103 108 67	114 120 76	113 118 74	122 127 81	125 130 +85	125 130 789	118 122 84	110 115 72	115 120 76	118 123 78	118 124 80	118 123 82
Minerals—Total	102	*87	97	105	107	96	123	132	127	113	120	115	112	P110
Bituminous coal Anthracite Petroleum, crude Iron ore Zinc	77 50 171	*23 83 174	40 73 177 82	63 51 173 132	68 44 178 150	*76 53 129 159	90 72 179 187	104 74 183 218	102 62 185 130	88 58 184	101 81 1 8 1	92 54 186	79 55 192	p77 p56 p190
Iron ore Zinc Lead Silver	96 70 94	94 70 102	82 90 80 69	132 87 71 105	150 84 65 59	159 87 68 78	93 67 98	218 106 72 90	130 117 86 98	123 79 106	121 88 90	124 81 111	122 83 106	120 60

Preliminary. r Revised.

¹ Revised figures, Feb. 1939: manufactures, 99; steel ingots, 94.

NOTE.—Descriptive material and tables giving back figures may be obtained upon request from the Division of Research and Statistics. Series on shipbuilding, silk-loom activity, and on production of book paper, wrapping paper, fine paper, boxboard, mechanical wood pulp, chemical wood pulp, paper boxes, and lumber, included in the total index, are withheld from publication pending revision.

FACTORY EMPLOYMENT, BY INDUSTRIES

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

					19	39				ļ		19	40	
Industry and group	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Total Durable goods Nondurable goods	94. 0 83. 7 103. 8	93. 8 83. 9 103. 3	93. 3 82. 9 103. 3	94. 3 83. 9 104. 2	95. 3 84. 7 105. 3	95. 9 85. 3 105. 9	97. 5 88. 9 105. 7	101. 2 94. 6 107. 6	103. 4 97. 3 109. 2	104, 5 100, 0 108, 9		102. 1 97. 4 106. 6	95.9	95.0
Iron, Steel, Products	90.7 94 97 73 90 54 87 74 147 75 85 67 95 84 151	90.5 95 94 73 90 55 84 74 144 75 84 67 96 84 84 148	89.6 94 93 73 86 55 80 75 142 74 85 67 95 84 142	90.3 96 93 71 91 54 72 76 147 75 86 66 95 84 135	90.6 96 94 72 91 56 70 77 147 78 89 67 95 81 128	92.5 97 98 73 94 56 78 78 78 78 78 78 88 69 98 88 69 98 85 121	96.4 101 102 74 97 59 95 80 159 80 86 71 97 87 149	105.9 115 113 77 102 66 99 81 162 84 90 75 103 91 164	110.8 122 118 79 107 70 106 83 166 86 91 76 103 94 171	$112.1 \\ 124 \\ 120 \\ 79 \\ 109 \\ 72 \\ 106 \\ 85 \\ 166 \\ 87 \\ 93 \\ 76 \\ 100 \\ 96 \\ 176 \\ 176 \\ 100 \\ 176 \\ 100$	110.4 122 117 75 107 72 104 83 160 86 93 75 101 96 172	$\begin{array}{c} 107.0\\ 117\\ 113\\ 78\\ 103\\ 71\\ 101\\ 81\\ 161\\ 85\\ 91\\ 75\\ 100\\ 96\\ 162\\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 110 \\ 112 \\ 76 \\ 101 \\ 67 \\ 98 \\ 81 \\ 158 \\ 85 \\ 91 \\ 72 \\ 98 \\ 93 \\ 161 \\ \hline 161 \end{array} $	100.8 107 108 75 102 67 97 82 155 85 85 89 71 98 93 158
Machinery. Agricultural implements. Cash registers, etc. Electrical machinery Foundry, machines, etc. Machine tools. Radios, phonographs. Textile machinery. Typewriters.	94.8 124 131 86 91 82 134 130 72 129	94, 9 122 127 87 91 82 138 124 73 129	94.4 119 126 86 93 81 140 121 75 126	95.4 118 128 87 95 83 144 122 75 126	96. 1 115 127 87 95 83 149 131 77 122	97.3 121 125 88 97 85 146 126 78 119	99.8 123 127 92 99 86 155 129 78 122	105. 7 125 126 97 108 91 170 145 81 123	$110.\ 6\\128\\127\\100\\116\\95\\183\\160\\85\\125$	$112.9 \\ 131 \\ 129 \\ 103 \\ 124 \\ 97 \\ 191 \\ 153 \\ 86 \\ 125 $	113.4 133 127 103 133 98 197 *144 86 123	113.6 137 128 102 134 98 204 +144 85 119	$113. \ 3 \\ 136 \\ 128 \\ 102 \\ 132 \\ 97 \\ 209 \\ 145 \\ 85 \\ 115 \\ 115 \\ 115 \\ 116 \\ 116 \\ 100 \\ 1$	113. 4 133 128 102 133 97 215 153 84 114
Transportation Equipment Aircraft Automobiles Cars, electric-, steam-railroad Locomotives Shipbuilding	91. 2 968 97 36 16 111	91. 1 1, 075 96 34 18 112	87.2 1, 169 89 34 21 118			88.3 1,414 88 31 29 125	99.5 1,512 102 34 28 128	105.6 1,605 108 42 25 132	$101. \ 3 \\ 1,767 \\ 100 \\ 48 \\ 26 \\ 133 \\ 133 \\$	112.61,9051125328139	113. 1 2, 050 111 57 30 140	+110. 8 2, 062 107 61 30 146	$111. 1 \\ 2,075 \\ 107 \\ 60 \\ 28 \\ 148 \\$	109.7 2101 106 54 27 149
Nonferrous Metals, Products Aluminum Brass, bronze, copper Clocks, watches Jewelry Lighting equipment Silverware, plated ware Smelting, refining	93. 4 140 104 84 92 80 69 77	93. 2 143 103 85 93 77 68 78	92.8 142 104 84 90 76 68 77	92.8 145 105 82 91 73 68 77	94.6 153 106 84 94 75 70 76	96. 2 157 109 85 95 77 70 75	99. 2 152 115 85 91 88 71 77	107. 0 166 130 87 92 95 70 83	110. 1 172 137 88 95 89 72 85	111. 3 170 138 89 96 95 74 86	111. 7 173 137 92 95 95 74 87	107. 5 170 128 91 93 88 71 87	106. 6 168 127 91 95 84 70 87	105. 9 170 124 90 96 86 70 86
Lumber, Products Furniture Lumber, millwork Lumber, sawmills	63. 2 85 56 56	64. 2 85 57 57	64.8 84 56 59	65.3 85 59 59	66. 0 86 59 60	66.4 86 60 60	67.4 87 61 61	69.4 89 63 63	72. 2 93 64 66	72.4 93 64 66	72.0 94 65 65	70.0 91 63 63	68. 1 90 62 61	67. 1 90 61 59
Stone, Clay, Glass Products Brick, tile, terra cotta Cement Glass Marble, granite, slate Pottery	66 95 53	77.9 58 67 97 53 84	75.4 55 63 96 52 84	77.5 57 66 98 50 87	78. 4 58 67 98 51 88	78, 1 57 67 99 50 87	79.0 59 66 100 48 86	81.9 61 68 106 49 90	85.0 64 70 109 49 93	85.4 65 71 109 50 94	85, 8 66 68 111 46 95	80. 8 61 66 103 48 93	80.0 59 65 105 45 90	80.3 59 68 104 46 90
Textiles, Products Fabrics Carpets, rugs Cotton goods Cotton small wares Dyeing, finishing textiles Hats, fur-felt Hosiery Knitted outerwear Knitted cloth Silk, rayon goods Woolen, worsted goods Wearing apparel Clothing, men's Clothing, women's Corsets, allied garments Men's furnishings Millinery Shirts, collars	91.0 77 85 80 122 87 154 70 70 134 75 81 119.2 104 171 107 132 84	90. 1 77 85 78 121 86 154 . 67 70 133 75 77	99.6 90.9 74 85 80 124 153 68 73 128 76 81 115.2 102 161 111 125 80 120	91.9 73 86 79 120 89 152 72 74 138 73 86	94.3 74 80 83 128 93 154 75 77 138 72 89		103.4 93.9 78 91 86 129 75 149 75 149 75 140 70 83 120.4 106 172 116 136 80 121	106.0 97.7 83 94 91 133 86 151 76 151 76 151 76 148 75 90 120.4 107 171 117 138 80 0 121	99.7 85 96 92 132 90 151 75 80 155 77 95	$\begin{array}{c} 105.8\\ 96.9\\ 84\\ 95\\ 91\\ 131\\ 92\\ 146\\ 68\\ 79\\ 146\\ 74\\ 89\\ 121.6\\ 112\\ 171\\ 117\\ 122\\ 75\\ 123\\ 123\\ \end{array}$	95. 0 85 94 88 127 91 145 62 80 142 71 85	83 93 83 124 90 145 68 77 134 66 81	88.6 78 89 77 123 84 139 65 77 132 65 71	79 89 76 121 65 140 59 74 128 65 70

· Revised.

Factory Employment (Adjusted)—Continued

					19	39						19	40	
Industry and group	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Leather, Manufactures Boots, shoes Leather	99. 2 98 86	97.7 97 85	93.7 92 84	97. 1 96 86	98.7 98 87	97. 4 96 87	96. 8 95 87	97.4 96 88	99. 1 98 88	96. 9 96 86	97.3 96 87	95. 4 94 85	93. 8 93 83	92. 4 91 83
Food, Products Baking Beverages Canning, preserving Confectionery Flour Ice cream Slaughtering, meat packing Sugar, beet Sugar refining, cane	127 3 144 270 94 158 82 78 78 78 96 107 96	$127.0 \\ 144 \\ 270 \\ 95 \\ 157 \\ 81 \\ 77 \\ 78 \\ 96 \\ 103 \\ 102 \\$	128. 4 146 272 96 159 81 80 77 98 107 87	129. 4 147 275 95 162 80 81 77 100 104 89	127, 9 147 269 95 150 82 81 75 101 99 94	129.7 146 269 96 160 86 79 75 101 105 96	128. 1 146 269 95 147 82 82 76 102 131 90	126.9 146 271 95 137 82 80 78 103 107 100	$\begin{array}{c} 129.\ 6\\ 145\\ 279\\ 97\\ 150\\ 86\\ 77\\ 79\\ 106\\ 105\\ 95 \end{array}$	131. 4 145 285 97 154 86 79 79 79 108 118 98	r130, 7 144 280 r95 149 85 80 r79 108 r162 94	130.7 144 278 96 154 86 80 79 109 7102 93	$130.\ 2\\145\\275\\96\\151\\83\\80\\80\\110\\102\\97$	128.7 144 273 96 150 82 79 79 79 107 98 94
Tobacco Manufactures Tobacco, snuff Cigars, cigarettes	61.4 62 62	64. 5 63 65	65. 1 62 65	65. 5 62 66	65.7 61 66	65. 2 62 66	64. 4 62 65	63. 5 62 64	63. 1 60 63	64.7 60 65	64. 2 62 65	62. 7 60 63	64. 3 60 65	65. 0 59 66
Paper, Printing Boxes, paper Paper, pulp Book, job printing Newspaper, periodical printing	111. 4 112 106 100 114	111.5 111 106 100 114	111 5 111 107 99 115	111 1 111 106 99 114	111 8 113 106 101 114	112.0 115 107 99 115	112.8 116 109 98 116	115.0 121 114 99 116	115.7 122 115 100 115	116. 4 121 115 101 116	115.5 121 114 102 114	114.7 118 113 100 116	114.8 116 113 100 117	114.3 115 112 101 116
Chemicals, Petroleum, and Coal Products Petroleum refining Other than petroleum Chemicals Cottonseed oil, cake, meal Druggists' preparations Explosives Fertilizers Paints, varnishes Rayon, allied products	113. 4 119 112. 2 120 96 108 86 98 120 299 79	114. 2 118 113. 3 118 103 109 86 110 121 309 78	114.4 119 113.4 117 110 111 87 115 119 302 79	113. 1 120 111. 4 117 88 112 90 107 120 295 80	113. 7 121 111. 9 115 85 114 92 105 122 298 84	111. 9 122 109. 4 119 81 112 93 103 125 254 87	116. 4 122 115. 2 122 92 112 98 111 123 297 87	119. 9 122 119. 4 132 98 113 102 109 125 309 87	121. 3 123. 8 120. 8 137 91 114 104 106 126 310 86	121. 9 122 121. 8 138 91 116 106 111 126 311 87	121, 4 122 121, 3 138 92 119 104 105 127 310 86	<pre>r120. 5 122 r120. 2 r138 85 118 108 99 124 309 84</pre>	$119.9 \\123 \\119.3 \\137 \\82 \\117 \\109 \\102 \\124 \\304 \\81$	121. 0 122 120. 8 136 94 119 116 109 122 312 81
Rubber Products	82. 2 60 67 134	81. 3 60 67 131	81. 1 61 67 129	80. 8 59 66 131	79. 7 47 67 134	83.6 58 68 138	86. 1 58 70 144	91. 2 60 74 154	93. 0 61 75 159	92. 4 61 75 157	90, 2 59 74 152	87.9 57 73 145	$\begin{array}{c} 86.7 \\ 56 \\ 72 \\ 142 \end{array}$	83.7 57 70 136

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

r Revised. NOTE.-Figures for April 1940 are preliminary. For description and back data see the BULLETIN for October 1938, pages 835-866, and for October 1939, pages 878-887. Underlying figures are for payroll period ending nearest middle of month.

FACTORY EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS, BY INDUSTRIES

(Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

			Factor	y emplo	yment					Fact	ory pay	rolls		
Industry and group		1939			19	40			1939			19	4 0	
	Mar.	Apr.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Total Durable goods Nondurable goods	94. 3 84. 1 104. 0	94. 1 84. 8 103. 0	104, 1 100, 0 108, 0	101. 4 97. 4 105. 3	101.4 96.5 106.0	100, 8 96, 4 105, 0	99. 9 96. 0 103. 5	87.6 79.4 96.7	85. 5 79. 5 92. 2	103. 7 104. 6 102. 8	98. 3 98. 2 98. 4	r97. 8 r96. 7 r99. 1	98. 2 97. 5 99. 0	97.2
Iron, Steel, Products Blast furnaces, steel works Bolts, nuts, washers, rivets Cast-iron pipe Cutlery, edge tools Forgings Hardware Plumbers' supplies Stamped, enameled ware Steam, hot-water heating Stores Structural, ornamental Tin cans, tinware Tools Wirework	91. 3 96 97 72 92 54 87 75 150 75 83 66 90 85 153	91. 3 96 95 73 92 55 85 74 148 75 86 69 84 151	111. 4 123 120 78 109 73 106 84 166 86 89 75 95 95 97 176	108.3 121 117 74 105 72 104 82 158 83 78 83 78 94 96 172	$\begin{array}{c} 106.\ 7\\ 117\\ 114\\ 76\\ 104\\ 72\\ 101\\ 82\\ 161\\ 84\\ 86\\ 72\\ 93\\ 96\\ 162\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 103.\ 4\\ 112\\ 112\\ 75\\ 103\\ 68\\ 99\\ 82\\ 161\\ 85\\ 90\\ 70\\ 93\\ 95\\ 163\\ \end{array}$	101. 7 108 109 75 104 67 98 82 160 85 91 70 94 94 94 161	83. 6 87 102 59 81 56 85 63 153 60 73 56 94 82 154	82.0 85 91 62 79 57 79 64 147 60 76 58 95 80 148	115.3 129 142 72 102 88 117 78 174 80 79 67 100 102 204	106. 3 119 124 65 93 86 109 71 160 74 65 63 97 98 189	r100.9 110 126 68 91 84 101 71 162 76 75 r60 93 93 96 175	96. 4 102 117 60 91 77 105 71 164 75 80 60 98 93 180	94.9 99 114 62 94 75 104 72 163 76 82 61 100 91 175
Machinery Agricultural implements Cash registers, etc Electrical machinery Engines, turbines, etc Foundry, machine-shop products. Machine tools Radio, phonographs Textile machinery Typewriters	94.6 131 131 86 93 82 136 109 72 129	95. 0 129 128 87 96 82 139 105 74 129	$113.1 \\131 \\128 \\103 \\120 \\97 \\192 \\162 \\86 \\127$	112, 4 135 126 102 125 97 197 136 86 123	$113.1 \\ 141 \\ 128 \\ 102 \\ 133 \\ 98 \\ 205 \\ 126 \\ 86 \\ 118 \\$	$113.1 \\ 144 \\ 128 \\ 102 \\ 135 \\ 97 \\ 211 \\ 122 \\ 86 \\ 115$	113, 61411291021409721612885114	93. 4 146 121 90 109 74 146 93 68 134	92.8 145 121 89 112 74 152 89 69 132	$122.1 \\ 152 \\ 132 \\ 114 \\ 157 \\ 99 \\ 256 \\ 149 \\ 86 \\ 122$	119. 1 156 129 112 162 95 259 122 84 111	119.3 164 131 112 172 94 271 113 81 110	$121. 4 \\ 168 \\ 134 \\ 114 \\ 173 \\ 96 \\ 282 \\ 110 \\ 82 \\ 111 \\$	121. 4 166 134 113 181 95 285 116 80 112
Transportation Equipment Aircraft Automobiles Cars, electric-, steam-railroad Locomotives Shipbuilding	96.5 978 104 36 16 112	96. 1 1, 096 102 36 18 116	116.5 1,886 118 52 28 139	115, 5 2, 030 116 53 28 138	+114.8 2,042 113 59 29 143	117.0 2,096 114 61 28 151	115.3 2,143 112 57 28 154	91.7 980 97 31 14 119	94. 2 1, 054 100 30 16 121	$124.1 \\ 1,778 \\ 128 \\ 47 \\ 28 \\ 152$	118.3 1,901 120 47 27 148	r118, 6 1, 884 119 54 27 150	124. 4 2, 011 123 58 26 169	123. 0 2, 060 121 52 26 173
Nonferrous Metals, Products Aluminum Brass, bronze, copper Clocks, watches Jewelry Lighting equipment Silverware, plated ware Smelting, refining	93. 8 143 105 84 89 82 69 77	92. 9 144 104 84 87 78 69 78	112.9 170 138 93 99 98 77 87	109. 8 170 136 91 89 93 72 87	107. 1 171 128 91 91 88 71 87	$\begin{array}{c} 107.\ 1\\ 171\\ 129\\ 91\\ 92\\ 86\\ 70\\ 87\end{array}$	105, 5 172 126 90 90 86 70 86	86. 2 156 103 82 73 64 64 72	83. 2 156 100 81 68 57 58 72	116, 5 197 159 97 87 85 76 88	108. 7 193 150 93 73 74 61 87	103. 4 195 136 95 69 71 59 86	104. 8 196 137 95 75 74 60 85	102.9 199 132 91 72 75 63 84
Lumber, Products Furniture Lumber, millwork Lumber, sawmills	62. 1 83 56 55	63. 9 82 57 58	71. 1 95 64 63	67.3 90 62 60	66.7 89 61 59	66. 8 89 61 60	66.7 87 61 60	53.6 70 43 46	55.4 67 43 50	65.2 86 52 55	58.8 75 47 51	r60.0 r77 47 52	61. 0 78 47 53	61. 0 75 47 55
Stone, Clay, Glass Products Brick, tile, terra cotta Cement Glass Marble, granite, slate Pottery	75. 1 53 61 96 51 87	78, 5 58 67 98 53 88	83. 6 63 66 109 49 95	77.7 57 58 106 39 92	75.5 53 55 103 43 93	77.7 54 59 106 43 93	80. 9 59 68 105 46 93	65.5 40 54 100 37 81	66, 4 43 61 94 42 79	76.4 52 63 119 35 90	66, 9 43 51 113 24 81	65.3 40 48 108 29 84	68.3 42 54 113 30 85	72.6 46 64 114 35 85
Textiles, Products	127 89 156 71 72 136 77 81 127.0 109	$\begin{array}{c} 101.8\\ 90.6\\ 78\\ 87\\ 82\\ 126\\ 87\\ 155\\ 67\\ 73\\ 133\\ 74\\ 73\\ 122.8\\ 106\\ 178\\ 112\\ 132\\ 91\\ 122 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 105.\ 6\\ 98.\ 5\\ 84\\ 97\\ 91\\ 133\\ 91\\ 148\\ 65\\ 79\\ 144\\ 75\\ 91\\ 144\\ 75\\ 165\\ 165\\ 116\\ 129\\ 66\\ 123\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 103.5\\ 95.9\\ 82\\ 96\\ 88\\ 130\\ 91\\ 144\\ 59\\ 75\\ 137\\ 73\\ 87\\ 116.1\\ 106\\ 162\\ 115\\ 112\\ 79\\ 120\\ \end{array}$	$105.5 \\ 95.5 \\ 82 \\ 96 \\ 85 \\ 130 \\ 92 \\ 145 \\ 68 \\ 77 \\ 134 \\ 769 \\ 85 \\ 7123.7 \\ 110 \\ 176 \\ 116 \\ 121 \\ 90 \\ 125 \\ 125 \\ 100 \\ 125 \\ 100 \\ $	90.6 80 92 81 128 87 140 65 79 134 66 71	89.6 80 91 79 125 66 141 59 77 128 64 67	$\begin{array}{c} 67 \\ 76 \\ 80 \\ 111 \\ 70 \\ 170 \\ 56 \\ 64 \\ 108 \\ 59 \\ 66 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 63\\ 73\\ 73\\ 106\\ 55\\ 158\\ 52\\ 64\\ 101\\ 54\\ 56\end{array}$	$76 \\ 92 \\ 87 \\ 116 \\ 89 \\ 159 \\ 50 \\ 72 \\ 116 \\ 61 \\ 78 $	$\begin{array}{c} 87.5\\ 84.8\\ 72\\ 89\\ 81\\ 110\\ 85\\ 146\\ 66\\ 112\\ 57\\ 73\\ 87.5\\ 80\\ 113\\ 112\\ 95\\ 59\\ 98\end{array}$	71 87 75 109 84 151 57 69 107 54 72	89.4 78.4 67 83 76 109 69 69 145 53 72 107 52 57 105.6 88 141 119 116 103 113	82.0 75.7 88 81 73 105 39 145 47 68 98 53 89.1 72 120 119 100 74 111

rRevised.

Factory Employment and Payrolls—Continued [Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

			Factor	y emplo	yment					Fact	ory pay	rolls		
Industry and group		1939			19	40			1939			19	40	
	Mar.	Apr.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Leather, Manufactures Boots, shoes Leather	103, 9 104 87	100.2 100 86	93. 2 91 87	97.4 96 87	99. 3 98 87	98. 2 98 84	94. 7 94 83	89.4 88 85	79. 8 77 81	75.4 70 87	82. 3 79 86	82.6 80 83	80. 3 78 80	71. 0 67 79
Food, Products Baking Beverages Butter Canning, preserving Confectionery Flour Ice cream Slaughtering, meat packing Sugar, beet Sugar refining, cane	$115. 4 \\ 143 \\ 256 \\ 89 \\ 92 \\ 81 \\ 78 \\ 68 \\ 94 \\ 42 \\ 95$	$117. \ 6 \\ 143 \\ 265 \\ 92 \\ 108 \\ 76 \\ 76 \\ 76 \\ 74 \\ 93 \\ 46 \\ 102 \\$	$126.0 \\ 145 \\ 261 \\ 93 \\ 101 \\ 96 \\ 79 \\ 68 \\ 112 \\ 192 \\ 95$	$119.5 \\ 141 \\ 255 \\ 89 \\ 91 \\ 83 \\ 79 \\ 66 \\ 112 \\ r70 \\ 90$	r118.7 142 254 89 91 84 79 67 109 r38 92	$118.7 \\ 143 \\ 261 \\ 90 \\ 87 \\ 82 \\ 80 \\ 70 \\ 107 \\ 40 \\ 96$	$119. \ 6 \\ 142 \\ 268 \\ 94 \\ 103 \\ 77 \\ 78 \\ 75 \\ 103 \\ 44 \\ 94$	$111.8\\131\\283\\75\\80\\76\\72\\58\\98\\47\\89$	$112. 1 \\ 129 \\ 303 \\ 77 \\ 88 \\ 68 \\ 70 \\ 62 \\ 97 \\ 49 \\ 88 \\ 88 \\$	$124. 4 \\134 \\299 \\78 \\89 \\100 \\72 \\57 \\122 \\174 \\76$	*117. 0 131 279 75 81 *80 73 56 119 63 71	*115.5 132 284 76 78 81 74 57 111 *44 77	117.2 134 300 78 76 77 76 60 112 45 79	117. 7 134 311 80 83 74 74 63 109 48 77
Tobacco Manufactures Tobacco, snuff Cigars, cigarettes	60. 9 62 61	63. 1 62 63	65.8 61 66	59.0 *63 58	$ \begin{array}{r} 61.7 \\ 62 \\ 62 \end{array} $	63.6 61 64	63. 8 59 64	53.3 66 52	55.0 64 54	62.3 67 62	52.9 68 51	54.0 *69 52	58. 0 67 57	58.7 65 58
Paper, Printing Boies, paper Paper, pulp Book, job printing Newspaper, periodical printing	111. 1 111 106 99 114	111. 1 109 106 99 115	118.5 125 115 104 119	115. 1 117 114 103 114	114.6 115 113 101 115	114.4 114 113 100 117	113.9 113 112 100 117	105. 4 119 106 87 107	104.5 116 105 85 108	116.8 137 123 94 115	110.0 122 118 92 106	108.6 119 117 87 108	$110.0 \\ 122 \\ 115 \\ 88 \\ 111$	109.7 121 115 88 111
Chemicals, Petroleum, and Coal Products Petroleum refining	$116.0\\117\\115.7\\119\\101\\109\\85\\146\\120\\304\\81$	116. 6 117 116. 4 117 85 109 84 177 123 302 79	$122. 3 \\ 122. 3 \\ 122. 3 \\ 138 \\ 115 \\ 119 \\ 108 \\ 102 \\ 124 \\ 312 \\ 85$	$\begin{array}{c} 121.\ 0\\ 122\\ 120.\ 9\\ 136\\ 103\\ 119\\ 104\\ 105\\ 124\\ 314\\ 84 \end{array}$	121	121	$123. 2 \\121 \\123. 7 \\135 \\77 \\119 \\114 \\175 \\124 \\306 \\82$	$120.\ 6\\132\\117.\ 3\\133\\82\\119\\96\\104\\123\\287\\96$	119. 5 129 116. 7 130 67 119 94 136 126 279 95	$133. 4 \\ 138 \\ 132. 0 \\ 162 \\ 110 \\ 132 \\ 129 \\ 82 \\ 131 \\ 314 \\ 102 \\ 131 \\ 102 \\$	$131. 0 \\ 134 \\ 130. 3 \\ 160 \\ 99 \\ 129 \\ 121 \\ 83 \\ 129 \\ 320 \\ 100 \\ 100 \\$	r131, 4 134 r130, 4 r160 89 130 128 84 r128 321 100	132. 5 136 131. 5 159 80 131 129 113 131 131 316 100	133. 5 137 132. 4 160 70 131 133 136 132 311 99
Rubber Products Rubber boots, shoes Rubber tires, inner tubes Rubber goods, other	82.8 60 67 136	82. 1 59 67 134	93. 0 63 75 157	90. 0 59 74 150	88.0 57 73 145	87.3 56 72 144	84.5 56 70 139	83. 2 57 74 128	81.0 57 72 124	100, 5 66 90 155	94. 1 56 86 145	r88.3 53 r81 135	88.4 56 79 138	85. 8 54 78 132

" Revised.

NOTE -- Figures for April 1940 are preliminary. Back data may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Underlying figures are for payroll period ending nearest middle of month.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF WAGE EARNERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

[Compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics]

		۸ve	rage hou	ırs work	ed per	week		A	verage l	ourly e	arnings	(cents p	per hou	;)
Industry group		19	39	1		1940			19	039			1940	
	Feb.	Mar.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
Total	37.1	37. 3	38.5	38.6	37.4	37.3	37.5	64.3	64.5	65. 3	66. 2	66.3	66. 3	66. 5
Durable goods	36.6	36.8	39.6	39.6	38.1	37.9	38. 3	70.9	71.1	71.5	72.7	72.7	72.6	72.8
Iron, Steel, Products Machinery Transportation Equipment Nonferrous Metals, Products Lumber, Products Stone, Clay, Glass Products	37.6	35. 8 38. 0 34. 4 38. 3 38. 5 36. 2	39.6 40.9 37.6 41.0 39.7 37.9	39. 4 41. 3 38. 5 40. 9 38. 6 37. 5	37.6 40.4 37.4 39.2 36.9 35.1	36. 5 40. 1 *37. 6 38. 4 38. 0 *35. 3	36. 1 40. 7 38. 4 38. 9 38. 4 35. 7	75, 3 72, 5 89, 7 66, 6 48, 7 64, 9	75. 2 72. 8 90. 0 66. 7 49. 2 65. 2	76. 7 72. 3 88. 6 69. 0 51. 4 65. 7	77. 2 73. 2 90. 1 70. 3 51. 3 66. 0	76. 6 73. 5 89. 4 70. 1 51. 2 66. 4	76. 4 73. 7 *89. 6 69. 6 51. 3 66. 2	76. 3 73. 9 90. 0 69. 7 51. 5 66. 4
Nondurable goods	37.5	37.7	37.6	37.7	36. 9	36.8	36, 9	59.1	59.1	59.9	60.5	60.7	60.8	61.0
Textiles, Products Fabrics Wearing apparel Leather, Manufactures Food, Products Tobacco Manufactures Paper, Printing Chemicals, Petroleum, and Coal Products Petroleum refining Other than petroleum refining. Rubber Products	34.4	$\begin{array}{c} 36.3\\ 36.7\\ 35.7\\ 38.2\\ 40.1\\ 34.2\\ 38.3\\ 38.3\\ 38.5\\ 36.3\\ 39.4\\ 36.1\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 36.1\\ 37.4\\ 33.7\\ 33.8\\ 40.1\\ 36.6\\ 39.5\\ 38.9\\ 36.0\\ 39.8\\ 38.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 35.9\\ 37.2\\ 33.5\\ 35.7\\ 40.5\\ 35.8\\ 39.4\\ 39.0\\ 36.4\\ 39.8\\ 38.1\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 34.8\\ 36.0\\ 32.5\\ 37.2\\ *39.6\\ 33.3\\ 38.1\\ 38.4\\ 35.5\\ 39.4\\ 36.6\end{array}$	35. 1 35. 7 34. 0 36. 7 *39. 4 32. 8 37. 8 38. 4 35. 9 39. 2 35. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 35.\ 1\\ 35.\ 2\\ 35.\ 6\\ 39.\ 8\\ 34.\ 5\\ 38.\ 0\\ 38.\ 4\\ 36.\ 2\\ 39.\ 2\\ 35.\ 9\end{array}$	48.8 46.1 53.8 52.2 63.2 47.3 76.8 73.8 97.0 65.4 76.1	48. 9 45. 9 54. 1 52. 4 62. 9 47. 4 77. 1 72. 8 97. 3 64. 3 76. 3	49.3 47.7 52.5 53.9 62.5 47.9 77.4 75.1 97.2 67.4 76.8	49.7 47.9 53.3 53.7 63.3 48.9 78.3 75.1 97.2 67.5 77.6	49. 9 48. 1 53. 4 53. 4 64. 1 49. 6 78. 3 75. 6 97. 4 68. 0 77. 6	50. 5 48. 4 54. 4 53. 7 63. 9 r49. 1 78. 3 r75. 6 97. 5 r68. 1 77. 7	50. 5 48. 2 54. 3 54. 1 64. 1 49. 0 78. 9 74. 6 97. 1 67. 0 78. 0

"Revised.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars.]

	T.	tal	Resid	ential			No	onresiden	tial buil	ding				works
Month	10	nai	buil	ding	Fact	ories	Comn	nercial	Educa	tional 1	Oth	ier 1	and p utili	
	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940
January February March. April. May June. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	251. 7 220. 2 300. 7 330. 0 308. 5 288. 3 299. 9 312. 3 323. 2 261. 8 299. 8 354. 1	196. 2 200. 6 272. 2 300. 5	80. 2 79. 0 125. 2 114. 4 133. 8 111. 9 109. 3 127. 2 129. 7 118. 3 116. 6 88. 7	77. 4 74. 9 121. 7 135. 4	7.1 9.5 13.0 17.5 13.0 15.8 17.4 10.4 20.7 16.8 18.5 15.3	12. 9 15. 4 21. 8 23. 5	17. 3 13. 5 17. 4 21. 3 19. 5 26. 8 22. 9 21. 1 26. 6 20. 4 17. 4	15. 9 20. 2 23. 1 24. 0	31. 7 21. 8 27. 6 21. 1 16. 4 12. 5 19. 4 13. 8 10. 1 9. 5 9. 7 7. 7	6. 1 8. 1 9. 3 17. 4	28. 9 24. 7 39. 8 34. 8 27. 8 37. 8 28. 7 24. 6 24. 9 23. 8 23. 8 29. 2 17. 4	17. 7 26. 9 19. 6 24. 0	86. 5 71. 6 77. 7 121. 0 97. 9 83. 6 102. 1 115. 3 111. 1 70. 8 105. 5 207. 7	66. 3 55. 2 76. 7 76. 3
Year	3, 550. 5		1, 334. 3		174.8		246. 9		201.4		342.5		1, 250. 6	

¹ Not strictly comparable with data for earlier years due to changes in classification.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPES OF FINANCING

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars.]

Month			То	tal				Pu	ıblicly-	finance	d 1			Pri	vately	financ	ed 1	
Month	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940
January February March April May June June July August September October November December	100 75 123 124 127 148 159 169 167 201 188 264	215 140 199 235 216 233 295 275 234 226 208 208 200	243 188 231 270 244 318 322 281 207 202 198 209	192 119 227 222 283 251 240 313 301 358 358 358 389	252 220 301 330 308 288 300 312 323 262 300 354	196 201 272	55 38 68 53 47 64 67 92 97 114 118 196	149 79 96 105 94 116 153 153 116 101 89 82	112 69 66 74 93 137 131 104 80 78 93 115	118 51 95 99 144 108 98 171 160 203 179 279	148 111 128 160 135 128 137 158 144 92 144 225	93 82 95 	45 37 55 71 80 84 93 76 70 87 70 87 70 68	66 62 103 130 122 116 141 122 119 125 119 117	130 119 165 195 151 180 191 178 127 124 106 94	75 68 132 123 139 143 142 142 141 154 154 123 110	104 109 173 170 174 161 163 154 179 170 156 129	119 177
Year					3, 551		1,007	1, 334	1,152		1, 708			1, 341		1, 492	1,842	

¹ Back figures -See BULLETIN for February 1938, p. 159. Data for years prior to 1932 not available.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICTS

COMMERCIAL FAILURES, BY DISTRICTS

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in thousands of dollars.]

	19	40	1939
Federal Reserve district	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Boston	19, 155	22, 193	26, 549
New York	48, 962	55, 207	67, 406
Philadelphia	17, 575	16, 170	17, 326
Cleveland	31, 241	28, 004	38, 015
Richmond	31, 625	31, 542	42, 008
Atlanta	30, 608	24, 225	22, 146
Chicago	59, 820	43, 646	51, 858
St. Louis	17, 145	19, 287	21, 069
Minneapolis	9, 416	5, 473	10, 627
Kansas City	14, 803	12, 486	14, 735
Dallas	20, 154	13, 945	18, 291
Total (11 districts)	300, 504	272, 178	330, 030

[Figures reported by Dun & Bradstreet. Amounts in thousands of dollars.]

		Number]	Liabilitie	3
Federal Reserve district	194	10	1939	19	40	1939
	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Boston	106	97	84	1, 391	895	1, 246
New York	440	399	501	6, 320	3, 383	6,01
Philadelphia	99	76	90	1,466	734	1, 26
Cleveland	46	78	92	497	1,432	2,09
Richmond	48	44	55	348	500	52
Atlanta	70	55	66	829	680	948
Chicago	201	180	199	2, 215	1,535	2, 393
St. Louis	38	27	32	438	130	1, 69
Minneapolis	19	22	20	272	504	21
Kansas City	55	58	50	422	466	43
Dallas	23	22	31	215	167	414
San Francisco	146	139	111	1, 834	1, 255	1, 33
Total	1, 291	1, 197	1, 331	16, 247	11, 681	18, 57

New series. Includes cases of discontinuances where loss to creditors was involved even though actual legal formalities were not invoked. Back figures, available for 1939 only, may be obtained from Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

[In millions of dollars]

		Mercha	andise e	xports 1			Merchs	ndise ir	nports ²	3		Exce	ss of exp	po rts	
Month	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940
January February March	199 182 195	223 233 257	289 262 275	213 219 268	370 347 351	187 193 199	240 278 307	171 163 173	178 158 190	242 200 217	11 -11 -4	-18 -45 -51	118 99 102	35 61 77	128 147 135
April May June	193 201 186	269 290 265	274 257 233	231 249 236	#324	203 192 191	287 285 286	160 148 146	186 202 179	₽212	-10 9 -5	$-18 \\ 5 \\ -21$	115 109 87	45 47 57	P112
July August September	180 179 221	268 277 297	228 231 246	230 250 288		195 193 216	265 246 233	141 166 168	169 176 182		-15 -14 5	3 31 63	87 65 79	61 74 107	
October November December	265 226 230	333 315 323	278 252 269	332 292 368		213 196 245	224 223 209	178 176 171	215 235 247		52 30 -15	108 92 115	100 76 98	117 57 121	
Year	2, 456	3, 349	3, 094	3, 176		2, 423	3, 084	1, 960	2, 318		33	265	1, 134	858	

P Preliminary.
 Including both domestic and foreign merchandise.
 2 General imports, including merchandise entered for immediate consumption and that entered for storage in bonded warehouses. Source.—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
 Back figures.—See BULLETIN for January 1931, p. 18; July 1933, p. 431; and February 1937, p. 152.

FREIGHT-CAR LOADINGS, BY CLASSES

[Index numbers; 1923-25 average==100]

DEPARTMENT STORE SALES AND STOCKS

[Index numbers based on value figures; 1923-25 average=100]

	19	39		194	0	
	Apr.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	A	djuste	l for se	asonal	variati	on
otal	60	78	78	73	69	70
Coal	43	71	83	68	66	75
Coke	56	92	90	65	70	73
Grain and grain products Livestock	76 40	87	73	75 40	75	79 37
Livestock	38	40 51	39 47	40	39 43	43
Ore.	75	116	114	107	105	102
Miscellaneous	70	89	86	83	77	74
Merchandise 1	61	62	62	61	60	59
	·	Withou	t seaso	nal adj	ustme	nt
'otal	58	73	72	68	67	67
Coal	36	79	95	80	70	63
Coke	47	101	106	88	73	62
Grain and grain products	68	75	66	69	69	70
Livestock Forest products	37 39	39 44	38 41	33 43	31 44	34 44
Ore.	39	29	25	26	26	44 42
Miscellaneous.	72	81	74	71	74	76
Merchandise 1						

		Sal	es 1		Stocl	as (end	lofmo	onth)
Month	for sea	isted asonal ation	seas	hout onal tment	for se	isted asonal ation	seas	hout onal tment
	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940	1939	1940
January February March	88 87 88	92 89 89	69 69 82	71 71 86	67 68 68	68 71 70	60 65 69	61 68 71
April May June	88 85 86	89 	88 87 83	86	67 66 67	69 	69 68 64	71
July August September	86 89 91	 	60 69 97		67 67 68		60 65 71	
October November December	90 95 96	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	99 106 168		69 71 68		77 82 64	
Year			90				68	

¹ Based on daily average sales—with allowance for changes from month to month in number of Saturdays and in number of Sundays and holidays. Adjustment for seasonal variation makes allowance in March and April for the effects upon sales of changes in the date of Easter.

Back figures.—Department store sales, see BULLETIN for August 1936, p. 631, and for October 1938, p. 918; department store stocks, see BULLETIN for March 1938, p. 232.

¹ In less-than-carload lots. NOTE.—For description and back data see pp. 522-529 of BULLETIN for June 1937. Based on daily average loadings. Basic data compiled by Association of American Railroads. Total index compiled by com-bining indexes for classes with weights derived from revenue data of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. 1926=100]

	All			•			-	Oth	er commo	lities				_ <u> </u>	
Year, month, or week	com modi- ties	Farm prod- ucts	Foods	Total	lea	s and ther lucts	Textile products	Fuel and lighting materials	Metals and metal products	Building materia	cals	emi- and ied lucts ¹	House furnish ing good		fiscel- neous
1929 1930	95. 3 86. 4 73. 0 64. 8 65. 9 74. 9 80. 0 80. 8 86. 3 78. 6 77. 1	104. 9 88. 3 64. 8 48. 2 51. 4 65. 3 78. 8 80. 9 86. 4 68. 5 65. 3	99. 9 90. 5 74. 6 61. 0 60. 5 70. 5 83. 7 83. 7 83. 7 85. 5 73. 6 70. 4	91. 6 85. 2 75. 0 70. 2 71. 2 78. 4 77. 9 79. 6 85. 3 81. 7 81. 3		109, 1 100, 0 86, 1 72, 9 80, 9 86, 6 89, 6 95, 4 104, 6 92, 8 95, 6	90. 4 80. 3 66. 3 54. 9 64. 8 72. 9 70. 9 71. 5 76. 3 66. 7 69. 7	83.0 78.5 67.5 70.3 66.3 73.3 73.5 76.2 77.6 76.5 76.5 73.1	100. 5 92. 1 84. 5 80. 2 79. 8 86. 9 86. 4 87. 0 95. 7 95. 7 94. 4	95. 4 89. 9 79. 2 71. 4 77. 0 86. 2 85. 3 86. 7 95. 2 90. 3 90. 5		94. 0 88. 7 79. 3 73. 9 72. 1 75. 3 79. 0 78. 7 82. 6 77. 0 76. 0	94. 92. 84. 75. 75. 81. 80. 81. 89. 86.	7 9 1 8 5 6 7 7 8	82.6 77.7 69.8 64.4 62.5 69.7 68.3 70.5 77.8 73.3 74.8
1939March April June July August September October November December	76. 7 76. 2 76. 2 75. 6 75. 4 75. 0 79. 1 79. 4 79. 2 79. 2	65.8 63.7 63.7 62.4 62.6 61.0 68.7 67.1 67.3 67.6	70. 2 68. 6 68. 2 67. 6 67. 5 67. 2 75. 1 73. 3 72. 3 71. 9	80. 4 80. 5 80. 6 80. 2 80. 2 80. 1 82. 1 83. 8 84. 0 83. 9		91. 8 90. 9 91. 6 92. 3 92. 5 92. 7 98. 5 104. 6 104. 0 103. 7	66.6 66.9 67.5 67.3 67.6 67.8 71.7 75.5 76.4 78.0	73. 1 73. 4 73. 9 73. 0 72. 8 72. 6 72. 8 73. 9 74. 1 72. 8	94. 3 94. 0 93. 5 93. 2 93. 2 93. 2 94. 8 95. 8 96. 0 96. 0	89. 8 89. 6 89. 5 89. 5 89. 7 89. 6 90. 9 92. 8 93. 0 93. 0 93. 0		76.0 75.6 75.2 74.5 74.2 76.6 77.6 77.4 77.7	85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 85. 86. 87. 88. 88.	4 5 6 6 6 8 4	74. 1 -74. 4 74. 2 73. 8 73. 4 73. 3 76. 6 77. 6 77. 0 77. 4
1940—January February March April	79. 4 78. 7 78. 4 78. 6	69. 1 68. 7 67. 9 69. 4	71. 7 71. 1 70. 2 71. 6	83. 9 83. 2 82. 9 82. 5		103. 6 102. 4 101. 8 101. 8	77. 9 75. 4 74. 0 72. 9	72. 7 72. 4 72. 2 71. 8	95.8 95.3 95.5 94.5	93. 4 93. 2 93. 3 92. 5		77.7 77.5 77.0 76.8	87. 88. 88. 88.	000	77.7 77.3 76.9 77.7
Week ending	78. 8 78. 5 78. 3 78. 6 78. 4 78. 3 78. 2 77. 9 77. 6 78. 5 79. 0 78. 5 79. 0 78. 5 78. 4 78. 5 77. 8	69. 6 68. 9 69. 4 68. 8 68. 5 68. 0 67. 5 68. 1 67. 5 68. 0 69. 6 71. 6 71. 3 69. 2 68. 2 66. 8	71. 7 70. 9 70. 5 71. 0 70. 5 69. 9 70. 4 69. 9 69. 8 69. 7 70. 8 71. 9 72. 8 71. 6 71. 7 71. 6 71. 7	83. 6 83. 5 83. 3 83. 3 83. 2 83. 1 83. 0 82. 9 82. 7 82. 6 82. 5 82. 5 82. 5 82. 5 82. 5 82. 7		103. 0 103. 2 103. 1 102. 7 102. 8 102. 5 102. 5 102. 5 102. 5 102. 5 102. 5 102. 5 102. 5 102. 4 102. 4 102. 4 102. 4 101. 4	$\begin{array}{c} 75.\ 3\\ 75.\ 3\\ 74.\ 4\\ 74.\ 2\\ 73.\ 6\\ 73.\ 3\\ 73.\ 6\\ 73.\ 3\\ 73.\ 0\\ 72.\ 7\\ 71.\ 9\\ 71.\ 9\\ 71.\ 9\\ 71.\ 5\\ 72.\ 3\\ 72.\ 6\\ 72.\ 3\\ 72.\ 6\\ 72.\ 4\end{array}$	73. 3 73. 0 73. 0 73. 0 72. 8 72. 8 72. 8 72. 6 72. 3 72. 5 •72. 5 •72. 5 •72. 5 •72. 2 •72. 3 72. 4	95. 6 95. 5 95. 3 95. 5 95. 5 95. 5 95. 4 95. 4 95. 4 95. 4 95. 4 95. 4 95. 0 94. 9 94. 9 94. 7 94. 7	93. 1 93. 1 93. 2 93. 2	2	$\begin{array}{c} 77.5\\ 77.5\\ 77.5\\ 77.4\\ 77.4\\ 77.1\\ 77.0\\ 76.9\\ 76.7\\ 76.5\\ 76.6\\ 76.8\\ 76.8\\ 76.8\\ 76.8\\ 76.8\\ 76.8\\ 76.8\\ 76.6\\ \end{array}$	89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89.	56556655549999999999999999	$\begin{array}{c} 77.\ 1\\ 77.\ 2\\ 77.\ 2\\ 76.\ 9\\ 76.\ 9\\ 76.\ 5\\ 76.\ 6\\ 76.\ 6\\ 76.\ 6\\ 76.\ 8\\ 76.\ 9\\ 76.\ 8\\ 76.\ 9\\ 76.\ 8\\ 76.\ 9\\ 76.\ 8\\ 78.\ 2\\ 77.\ 4\end{array}$
		193	9	19-	10						1939		19	40	
Subgroups		Ap	r. Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.		Subg	groups		Apr.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Farm Products: Grains. Livestock and poultr. Other farm products. Foods: Dairy products Cereal products Fruits and vegetables		58. 58.	5 67.2 5 68.6 1 81.9 2 80.4	65.6 68.9 80.0	73. 4 67. 1 66. 3 78. 6 82. 4	77. 2 68. 4 67. 4 77. 4 83. 2	Ag Iro Mo No Ph	Farm mach n and stee otor vehic nferrous m umbing an	implement ninery les netals d heating		93. 3 94. 6 96. 1 93. 4 74. 7 79. 3	93. 4 94. 6 96. 3 94. 7 82. 6 79. 3	94.6 96.3 94.7 79.2	93. 4 94. 7 96. 4 94. 8 79. 7 81. 0	94.7 94.3 94.8 79.2
Fruits and vegetables Meats Other foods Hides and Leather Product Shoes Hides and skins Leather Other leather product	la:	81. 61. 101. 68. 82.	0 69.9 6 65.8 2 107.8 3 102.6 8 96.0	68. 4 66. 3 108. 2 97. 0	94.3 93.5	65.7 71.1 63.2 108.2 94.8 93.2 100.0	Br Ce Lu Pa Plu Stu	ment mber int and pa umbing an uctural sto ber buildin	e int materia d heating eel	uls	93. 0 91. 5 91. 5 81. 3 79. 3 107. 3 89. 7	91. 6 91. 4 97. 6 87. 2 79. 3 107. 3 93. 2	91. 4 97. 6 86. 8 79. 1 107. 3	90. 4 91. 2 97. 8 87. 2 81. 0 107. 3 92. 7	90.3 96.1 86.7 80.9 107.3
Textile Products: Clothing Cotton goods Hosiery and underwe Silk ¹ Rayon ¹ Woolen and worsted 1 Other textile product:	ar	81. 63. 60. 41. 28. 75.	6 84.5 4 75.4 2 68.4 1 61.8 5 29.5 2 90.4	84. 9 73. 6 64. 5 51. 6 29. 5 87. 2	85. 1 71. 8 62. 2 49. 9 29. 5 84. 5 74. 9	84.7 70.2 61.7 45.4 29.5 83.8 74.6	Chemia Ch Dr Dr Fe M Oi House	cais and All emicals ¹ ugs and pl rtilizer ma- ixed fertiliz s and fats urnishing (harmaceuti terials 1 ters 1	cals ¹	84. 6 77. 4 68. 1 72. 9 45. 9 89. 6	85. 3 81. 3 71. 3 73. 9 52. 4 94. 0	85.3 81.3 71.0 74.2 51.0	85. 1 81. 4 70. 6 73. 9 47. 8	85.0 81.8 70.7 73.8 46.8
Fuel and Lighting Materia Anthracite. Bituminous coal Coke Electricity Gas. Petroleum products.	d: 	74. 98. 104. 81. 84.	7 78.7 6 98.0 2 109.8 4	79. 2 98. 2 109. 7 81. 6	79. 2 97. 3	77.4 96.4 109.0	Fu Miscel Au B Ca Pa Ru	rniture laneous: lto tires an ttle feed per and pu lbber, crud	d tubes ilp le laneous		60. 5 92. 1 81. 1 33. 3 81. 4	55. 6 93. 0 89. 8 39. 6 87. 4	81.9 55.6 93.7 89.5 389.5 38.7	55. 6 95. 2 89. 0 38. 3 85. 8	81.9 36.2 58.0 100.1 89.5 39.4

1 Revised series

² New series. • Corrected. Back figures.—For monthly and annual indexes of groups, see Annual Report for 1937 (table 86); for indexes of subgroups, see Annual Report for 1937 (table 87).

STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOK-CURRENT SERIES

	Chart			1940				Chart	[1940	
	book page	Apr. 24	May 1	May 8	May 15	May 22		book page	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
WEEKLY FIGURES RESERVES, GOLD, AND CURRENCY		W	ednesday	figures; dollars	in billion	s of	MONTHLY FIGURES BUSINESS CONDITIONS Wholesale commodity prices:	4		lex numbe 23—25=10	
Reserve Bank credit—total Bills discounted U. S. Gov't securities Gold stock Money in circulation Treasury cash Treasury deposits	5 5 3,9 3,9	2.50 (1) 2.47 18.71 7.52 2.31 .47 .47	$ \begin{array}{c} 2.50 \\ (1) \\ 2.47 \\ 18.77 \\ 7.57 \\ 2.29 \\ .49 \end{array} $	$ \begin{vmatrix} 2.51 \\ (1) \\ 2.47 \\ 18.84 \\ 7.59 \\ 2.31 \\ .51 \end{vmatrix} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2.52 \\ (1) \\ 2.47 \\ 18.95 \\ 7.60 \\ 2.22 \\ .43 \end{array} $	2.52 (1) 2.48 19.07 7.61 2.20 .37	United States: All commodities Farm products Foods Other commodities England France	31 31 31 32	78. 7 68. 7 71. 1 83. 2 103. 7	78. 4 67. 9 70. 2 82. 9 104. 5	78. 6 69. 4 71. 6 82. 5 107. 1
Member bank balances Required reserves * Excess reserves - total ^{3*} New York City ³ Chicago ³ Reserve city banks ³ Country banks ^{3*}	3, 6 7 7 7 7	12.88 6.77 6.13 3.34 .41 1.56 .82	12.87 6.76 6.16 3.37 .43 1.54 .81	12.88 6.75 6.14 3.31 .45 .57 .82	13.09 6.79 <i>p</i> 6.25 3.35 .47 1.61 <i>p</i> .82	13. 22 6. 85 <i>P</i> 6. 41 3. 47 . 49 1. 64 <i>P</i> . 81	France	32 35 37 37 43 43 43 45	80.7 109 108 48 60 101.4 97.8 73	81.4 104 101 44 57 100.8 98.2 69	<i>p</i> 102 <i>p</i> 99 <i>p</i> 42 <i>p</i> 57 <i>p</i> 99. 9 <i>p</i> 96. 4
WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS		ļ					Department store sales ⁵ Department store stocks ⁵	47 47	89 71	89 70	70 89 69
Total, 101 cities: Loans and investments_ Investments		23. 58 14. 93	23. 54 14. 88	23. 58 14. 92	23. 59 14. 95	23. 54 14. 98	Construction contracts awarde	d:1	In mil	tions of de	ollars
Loans Adjusted demand deposits Time deposits	$15 \\ 15$	8.65 19.76 5.31	8.66 19.70 5.31	8.65 19.74 5.32	8.64 19.93 5.32	8.56 20.20 5.31	Total Residential Other Exports and imports:	41 41 41	258 103 155	$255 \\ 105 \\ 150$	p261 p116 p145
U. S. Gov't deposits Domestic bank balances Foreign bank balances New York City:	$15 \\ 15$. 58 8. 43 . 73	. 58 8. 46 . 72	. 58 8. 48 . 71	. 58 8. 61 . 71	. 58 8. 49 . 69	Exports (incl. re-exports) General imports Excess of exports	49 49 49	347 200 147	351 217 135	2324 212 212 212
U. S. Gov't obligations_ Other securities Commercial loans Brokers' loans 100 cities outside New York:	16 16	$\begin{array}{c} 4.88 \\ 1.32 \\ 1.69 \\ .48 \end{array}$	4.88 1.28 1.68 .48	4.98 1.24 1.68 .48	$\begin{array}{c} 4.99\\ 1.26\\ 1.68\\ .46\end{array}$	5.04 1.26 1.67 .40	Income payments: Total ⁶ Total unadjusted Salaries and wages ⁶ Other ⁶	50 50 50 50	6, 015 5, 567 3, 752 2, 263	5, 926 5, 938 3, 735 2, 191	p5, 885 p5, 906 p3, 709 p2, 176
U. S. Gov't obligations_ Other securities_ Commercial loans	17 17 17	6. 52 2. 22 2. 73	6. 51 2. 21 2. 73	6. 49 2. 22 2. 73	6. 48 2. 22 2. 73	6. 46 2. 23 2. 72	Cash farm income; Total ⁸ Crops ⁸ Livestock and products ⁹ .	51 51 51	643 221 324	604 201 336	p625 p187 p372
MONEY RATES AND SECURITY MARKETS		Ave		daily figu der annur		cent	Government päyments	51	98	67	₽66
F. R. Bank discount rate, N. Y.	19	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	OTHER Central gold reserves:		In bill	ions of do	llars
Commercial paper Bankers' acceptances U. 8. Treasury bills U. 8. Treasury notes U. S. Treasury bonds Corporate Aaa bonds	19 19 21 21 21, 25 25	.56 .44 .02 .49 2.28 2.83	.56 .44 .02 .45 2.25 2.82	.56 .44 .03 .48 2.28 2.82	.56 .44 .06 .70 2.43 2.92	. 56 . 44 . 08 . 77 2. 47 3. 02	United States England France Netherlands U. S. Gov't interest-bearing	8 8 8	18. 18 (¹) 2. 71 . 69	18. 43 (¹) 2. 00 . 69	18.77 (¹) <i>p</i> 2.00 <i>p</i> .65
Corporate Baa bonds	25	4.75	4. 71	4.68 gures; in	4.90	5. 13	debt—total Bonds Notes	20 20 20	41. 84 29. 59 6. 20	41, 98 29, 69 6, 13	$\begin{array}{r} 42.12 \\ 29.80 \\ 6.13 \end{array}$
Stock prices, total 4 Industrial	27, 29 27	92 109	91 107	92 108	79 93	70 82	Bills Special issues	20 20	1.31 4.74	1.31 4.86	1. 31 4. 88
Railroad- Public utility	27 27 29	29 87 . 86	28 .87 .74	29 87 1.00	24 77 3. 17	21 71 1. 92	QUARTERLY FIGURES		July- Sept. 1939	Oct Dec. 1939	Jan Mar. 1940
shares) Brokers' loans (mill. dollars) BUSINESS CONDITIONS	29	623	626	618	602	544			In mi	illions of c	ioilar s
Wholesale commodity prices:	4	Figt	ires jor u	eek ³ ; in u	init indic	atea	Domestic corporation security issues, total	28	653	509	557
All commodities Farm products Foods Other commodities	33 33 33	79.0 71.6 72.8	78.9 71.3 72.5	78.4 69.2 71.6	78. 5 68. 2 71. 7	77.8 66.8 70.7	New Refunding	28 28	92 560	67 442	107 450
Steel plant operations (per cent of capacity)	33 38	82. 5 60. 0	82.6 61.8	82, 5 65, 8	82. 9 70. 0	82. 7 73. 0	Guitant		Per ce	ent per an	num
Automobile production (thous. cars)	38	101.4	99. 3	98. 5	99.0	96.8	Customers' rates: New York City 7 other Northern and	23	2.04	1.96	2.03
Electric power production (mill. kw. hrs.) Total freight-car loadings (thous. cars)	39 39	2, 398 644. 5	2, 386 665. 5	2, 388 680. 7	2, 422 679. 0	2, 449 687. 4	Eastern cities 11 Southern and Western cities	23 23	2. 78 3. 31	2, 59 3, 32	. 2.67 3.35
	99	044.0	000.0	000.7	010.0	007.4			1		

P Preliminary. * Estimated.
P Preliminary. * Estimated.
P Statistics.
P Preliminary. * Estimated.
P Preliminary. * Preliminary.
P Preliminary. * Estimated.
P Preliminary. * Preliminary.
P Preliminary. * Estimated.
P Preliminary. * Estimated.
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NOTE .- Copies of this chart book can be obtained from the Board at a price of 50 cents each

STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL	RESERVE (CHART BOOK—	-QUARTERLY	BANKING SERIES

[In billions of dollars]

									~~ · · · · ·			
	Chart	19	37		19	38			19	39		1940
	book page	June 30	Dec. 31	Mar. 7	June 30	Sept. 28	Dec. 31	Mar. 29	June 30	Oct.	Dec. 30	Mar. 26
All banks in the United States: Total deposits and currency Time deposits. Demand deposits adjusted. Currency outside banks.	10 10 10 10	57. 42 25. 96 25. 26 5. 53	56. 83 26. 26 24. 05 5. 69	56. 78 26. 34 24. 13 5. 50	26.27	p26. 27	^p 59. 12 ^p 26. 38 ^p 26. 01 ^p 5. 83	P26.01	P26.83	^p 63. 03 ^p 26. 91 ^p 29. 10 ^p 6. 23	p64. 40 p27. 00 p30. 05 p6. 50	P65.05 P27.30 P30.60 P6.30
Member banks: Demand deposits adjusted Time deposits Interbank balances Loans and investments	11 11 11 11	21. 40 11. 35 5. 30 32. 74	20. 39 11. 52 5. 44 31. 75	$20.51 \\ 11.59 \\ 5.62 \\ 31.52$	$20.89 \\ 11.56 \\ 6.10 \\ 30.72$	21. 60 11. 46 6. 09 31. 63	$\begin{array}{c} 22.\ 29\\ 11.\ 51\\ 6.\ 51\\ 32.\ 07 \end{array}$	22. 36 •11. 62 6. 82 32. 10	$\begin{array}{c} 23.\ 59\\ 11.\ 72\\ 7.\ 10\\ 32.\ 60\end{array}$	25. 12 11. 73 4 8. 24 33. 08	25. 68 11. 85 8. 51 33. 94	26. 46 11. 98 4 8. 72 34. 16
Investments, total U.S. Government obligations, total Direct obligations Other securities, total State and local government securities Other domestic. Foreign securities	13 13 12 13 13	$18.45 \\ 12.69 \\ 10.87 \\ 1.82 \\ 5.77 \\ 2.13 \\ 3.40 \\ .23$	$17.79 \\ 12.37 \\ 10.57 \\ 1.80 \\ 5.42 \\ 2.03 \\ 3.21 \\ .18$	17. 98 12. 45 10. 63 1. 83 5. 52 2. 19 3. 15 . 18	$17.78 \\ 12.34 \\ 10.22 \\ 2.13 \\ 5.44 \\ 2.13 \\ 3.13 \\ .18 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 18.\ 69\\ 13.\ 01\\ 10.\ 71\\ 2.\ 30\\ 5.\ 68\\ 2.\ 30\\ 3.\ 19\\ .\ 18 \end{array}$	18.86 13.22 10.88 2.34 5.64 2.45 3.01 .18	$\begin{array}{c} 19.\ 05\\ 13.\ 35\\ 10.\ 69\\ 2.\ 66\\ 5.\ 70\\ 2.\ 55\\ 2.\ 96\\ .\ 18\end{array}$	$19. \ 46 \\ 13. \ 78 \\ 10. \ 95 \\ 2. \ 83 \\ 5. \ 69 \\ 2. \ 55 \\ 2. \ 94 \\ . \ 19$	19. 61 13. 81 10. 89 2. 92 5. 79 2. 76 (⁵) (⁵)	$\begin{array}{c} 19.\ 98\\ 14.\ 33\\ 11.\ 18\\ 3.\ 14\\ 5.\ 65\\ 2.\ 69\\ 2.\ 77\\ .\ 19\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20.\ 22\\ 14.\ 42\\ 11.\ 31\\ 3.\ 11\\ 5.\ 80\\ 2.\ 90\\ (6)\\ (5)\end{array}$
Loans, total Security loans, total ¹ ² Brokers' loans Loans on securities (excluding brokers'	11 12 13	14. 29 4. 37 1. 54	13. 96 3. 70 . 95	13. 55 3. 54 . 88	12.94 3.32 .70	12.94 3.30 .71	13. 21 2 1. 75 . 97	13.05 1.57 .84	13. 14 1. 47 . 73	13. 47 (5) (5)	13.96 1.49 .79	13.94 (5) (5)
Ioans) 1 Real estate loans Other loans, total 1 Commercial loans 2 Open-market paper Loans to banks All other loans 3	12, 13 12 13 13 13 13	$2.83 \\ 2.51 \\ 7.41 \\ 6.66 \\ .64 \\ .12$	2.75 2.55 7.71 7.00 .64 .07	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 67\\ 2.\ 56\\ 7.\ 45\\ 6.\ 75\\ .\ 61\\ .\ 10\\ \end{array}$	2. 61 2. 61 7. 01 6. 40 . 49 . 12	2.59 2.66 6.97 6.36 .48 .13	² .78 2.72 ² 8.74 ² 5.45 .44 .12 ³ 2.73	.73 2.75 8.73 5.53 .42 .10 2.67	$\begin{array}{c c} .74\\ 2.83\\ 8.85\\ 5.57\\ .42\\ .06\\ 2.80\end{array}$	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	$\begin{array}{c c} .70\\ 2.96\\ 9.51\\ 6.12\\ .45\\ .06\\ 2.89\end{array}$	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)

Preliminary. Corrected.
 In chart 12 loans to banks on securities are included in the total of "security loans" prior to June 30, 1937 and in the total of "other loans" since that date.
 Figures are reported on somewhat different basis beginning December 31, 1938. For detailed explanation of the changes and for estimates on old basis as of December 31, 1938, see BULETIN for April 1939, page 332.
 Not originally plotted in chart book.
 Patily estimated.
 Detailed breakdown of loans and investments now available on June and December dates only.

NUMBER OF BANKS AND BRANCHES IN UNITED STATES, 1933-1940

[Figures for 1940 are preliminary]

	Membe	r banks		Nonmem	ber banks			Brar	ahaa
End of year figures except where otherwise indicated	National	State	savin	n mutual gs and e banks	Mutual	Private 2	Total	In	Outside
	Ivational	State	Insured ¹	Not insured 1	savings	1111/210		head- office cities	head- office cities
Number of Banking Offices									
1933	6, 705 6, 715 6, 723	1, 817 1, 961 1, 953 2, 032 2, 075 2, 106 2, 177 2, 195	9, 39, 8,556 8,436 8,340 8,224 8,098 8,052	041 579 1, 088 1, 043 997 958 931 926	704 705 698 693 691 690 683 4 684	103 246 143 139 79 73 69 \$ 67	17, 940 19, 196 19, 153 19, 066 18, 927 18, 774 18, 663 18, 621		
Number of Banks (Head Offices)									
1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1937 1938 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1940 (March 31)	5, 154 5, 462 5, 386 5, 325 5, 260 5, 224 5, 187 5, 177	857 980 1,001 1,051 1,081 1,114 1,175 1,198	8, 7, 693 7, 728 7, 588 7, 449 7, 316 7, 171 7, 125	341 1, 108 1, 046 1, 004 960 917 887 881	579 579 565 563 555 551 551	98 241 138 134 74 68 63 61	15, 029 16, 063 15, 869 15, 667 15, 387 15, 194 15, 034 14, 993		
Number of Branches				1					
1933	1, 121 1, 243 1, 329 1, 398 1, 485 1, 499 1, 518 1, 520	960 981 952 981 994 992 1,002 997	7 7 828 848 891 908 927 927	00 78 39 37 41 41 44 45	125 126 128 128 128 135 132 133	5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6	2, 911 3, 133 3, 284 3, 399 3, 540 3, 580 3, 629 3, 628	1, 784 1, 776 1, 754 1, 749 1, 757 1, 743 1, 738 1, 729	1, 127 1, 357 1, 530 1, 650 1, 783 1, 837 1, 891 1, 899

¹ Federal deposit insurance did not become operative until January 1, 1934.
 ¹ The figures for December 1934 include 140 private banks which reported to the Comptroller of the Currency under the provisions of Section 21(a) of the Banking Act of 1933. Under the provisions of the Banking Act of 1935, private banks no longer report to the Comptroller of the Currency and, accordingly, only such private banks as report to State banking Act of 1935, private banks no longer report to the Comptroller of the Currency and, accordingly, only such private banks as report to State banking Act of 1935. Under the provisions of insured and not insured banks.
 ⁴ Separate figures not available for branches of insured and not insured banks.
 ⁴ Comprises 51 insured banks with 25 branches and 500 uninsured banks with 108 branches. The figures beginning with 1939 exclude one bank with 4 branches which theretofore was classified as an insured mutual savings bank but is now included with "Nonmember banks other than mutual savings and private banks."
 ⁶ Comprises 1 insured bank with no branches and 60 uninsured banks with 6 branches.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NUMBER OF BANKS AND BRANCHES, JANUARY 1-MARCH 31, 1940

[Preliminary figures]

		Membe	r banks		Nonmem	ber banks	
	Total	National	State	savin	an mutual gs and e banks	Mutual	Private
				Insured	Not insured	savings	
Analysis of Bank Changes							
Number of banks on December 31, 1939.	15, 034	5, 187	1, 175	7, 171	887	551	63
Increases in number of banks: Primary organization (new banks) 1 Reopenings of suspended banks		+ 1		+ 7 + 1			
Decreases in number of banks: Suspensions. Voluntary liquidations ² Consolidations, absorptions, etc	-14	$-2 \\ -12$	- 5	$-5 \\ -11 \\ -12$	- 2		-1
Inter-class bank changes: Conversions— National into State State into national Private into State Federal Reserve membership— ³		-3 + 6	$+ \frac{1}{-3}$	$+\frac{2}{-3}$	+ 1		- 1
Admissions of State banks. Withdrawals of State banks. Federal deposit insurance— 4 Admissions of State banks. Withdrawals of State banks.			+30	-28 + 3	-2 -3	 	
Net increase or decrease in number of banks	-41	-10	+23	-46	- 6		- 2
Number of banks on March 31, 1940	14, 993	5, 177	1, 198	7, 125	881	551	61
Analysis of Branch Changes							
Number of branches on December 31, 1939	3, 629	1, 518	1,002	927	44	132	6
Increases in number of branches: De novo branches. Banks converted into branches. Decreases in number of branches: Branches discontinued.	+ 5 +11 -17	+ 1 + 3 -11	- 1	+3 + 7 - 5	+ 1	+ 1	
Inter-class branch changes: Branches of a State member bank which became branches of a na- tional bank.		+ 6	- 6				
Branches of a nonmember bank which became a national bank Branches of nonmember banks which became State member banks		+ 3	+ 2	$-3 \\ -2$			
Net increase or decrease in number of branches	- 1	+ 2	- 5	 	+ 1	+ 1	
Number of branches on March 31, 1940	3, 628	1, 520	997	927	45	133	6

¹ Exclusive of new banks organized to succeed operating banks.
 ² Exclusive of liquidations incident to the succession, conversion and absorption of banks.
 ³ Exclusive of conversions of national banks into State bank members, or vice versa, as such conversions do not affect Federal Reserve membership.
 ⁴ Exclusive of conversions of member banks into insured nonmember banks, or vice versa, as such conversions do not affect Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation membership.
 Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1939 (table 16) and BULLETIN for February 1939, p. 110.

RETAIL INSTALLMENT PAPER HELD BY INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS DECEMBER 30, 1939, BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS AND STATES

[Dollars	amounts	in	thousan ds]

		[Donars and	iounts in thous	andsj			
		of insured al banks ¹	Total loans other than		Retail instal	lment paper	
Geographic division and State	Reporting some retail installment paper	Reporting no retail installment paper	open market paper, real estate loans, and loans for purchasing or carrying securities	Total	Arising from retail sales of and secured by automotive vehicles	Arising from retail sales of and secured by other goods	Ratio of total to customer loans
Total, all States	10, 382	3, 116	10, 619, 926	541, 367	387, 647	153, 720	5.1
New England		129	697, 859	21, 361	14,731	6,630	3.1
Maine	44	16	42, 983	1,722	1, 364	358	4.0
New Hampshire Vermont	40 54	16 21	21, 084 22, 364	$1,132 \\ 1,245$	683 787	449 458	5.4 5.6
Massachusetts	149	43	461, 307	13, 450	9, 884	3, 566	2.9
Rhode Island	13 72	330	54,652 95,469	$711 \\ 3, 101$	$580 \\ 1,433$	131 1,668	1.3 3.2
Connecticut Middle Atlantic	1.287	858	3, 884, 555	119,430	51,718	67,712	3.1
New York	487	244	2, 768, 040	69,403	23,932	45, 471	
New Jersey Pennsylvania		148	266, 329	19, 134	11,853	7, 281	2.5 7.2
		466	850, 186	30, 893	15,933	14,960	3.6
East North Central	2,438	532	1, 675, 485	89,737	73, 540	16, 197	5.4
Ohio Indiana	544 338	135 137	464, 830 152, 855	22,947 15,436	$18,198 \\ 13,450$	4,749 1,986	4.9 10.1
Illinois	692	137	677, 740	16, 414	12,858	3, 556	2.4
Michigan Wisconsin	413 451	15 108	214,501 165,559	26,465 8,475	$22,571 \\ 6,463$	3, 894 2, 012	12.3 5.1
West North Central	2, 549	403	1,051,582	72,885	55, 991	16, 894	6.9
Minnesota	619	26	264, 277	22, 288	14, 326	7,962	8.4
Iowa	527	56	186,976	14, 703	12, 179	2, 524	7.9
Missouri North Dakota	476	111 28	331, 204 29, 636	18,453 2 581	$14,434 \\ 2,015$	4,019 566	5.6 8.7
South Dakota	148	16	34, 178	2,581 2,855	2, 332	523	8.4
Nebraska Kansas	266 384	98 68	102, 254 103, 057	3, 496 8, 509	3,007 7,698	489 811	3.4 8.3
South Atlantic	998	482	881,644	50,076	37, 532	12, 544	5.7
Delaware	18	24	31, 748	623	483	140	2.0
Maryland	77	97	98,006	5,495	2, 139	3, 356	5.6
District of Columbia Virginia	17 234	10 79	62, 893 208, 981	6, 153 11, 949	5,124 8,927	1,029 3,022	9.8 5.7
West Virginia	97	75	72,692	4, 251	2,977	1.274	5.8
North Carolina South Carolina	139	79 49	118, 359 42, 721	4, 901 1, 438	3,603 1,365	1, 298 73	4.1 3.4
Georgia	217	48	169, 308	10, 251	9,269	982	6.1
Florida	138	21	76,936	5,015	3,645	1,370	6.5
East South Central	716	349	486, 754	16,017	12, 916	3, 101	3.3
Kentucky Tennessee	197 237	175 54	141, 714 204, 984	4, 234 7, 366	2, 806 6, 338	1,428 1,028	3.0 3.6
Tennessee Alabama	154	54	96, 234	2,951	2, 536	415	3.1
Mississippi West South Central	128	66	43,822	1,466	1,236		3.3
Arkansas	1, 204	52	<u>745, 708</u> 49, 017	39, 224 2, 686	34,711 2,290	4, 513	5.3
Louisiana	114	28	132, 959	3,912	2, 290	606	2.9
Oklahoma	347 647	33 128	130, 910	10,485	8,815	1,670	8.0
Texas Mountain	411	66	432,822 228,157	22, 141	20,300	1,841 3,597	5.1 7.2
Montana	96	15	30, 672	10, 470	12,873	429	4.9
Idaho	39	. 10	23, 880	2, 166	1, 741	425	9.1
Wyoming Colorado	47 120	11 17	20, 334 69, 750	$1,198 \\ 4,281$	1, 081 3, 907	117 374	$5.9 \\ 6.1$
New Mexico	35	5	16,205	1,675	1,143	532	10.3
Arizona Utah	9 54	3 5	25, 578 35, 142	2,077 2,506	1,052 2,087	$1,025 \\ 419$	8.1 7.1
Nevada	11		6, 596	1,053	2,087	276	16.0
Pacific	347	56	968, 182	116, 167	93, 635	22, 532	12.0
Washington	127	7	141, 415	12, 937	10, 493	2,444	9.1
Oregon California	$61 \\ 159$	10 39	78, 749 748, 018	10,173 93,057	8, 732 74, 410	1, 441 18, 647	12.9 12.4
	100	50	710,010	20,007	73, 310	10, 017	12.4

Exclusive of 41 banks from which reports on "Retail installment paper" were not received.
 "Customer loans" as used here consists of total loans less open market paper, real estate loans, and loans for purchasing or carrying securities.

RETAIL INSTALLMENT PAPER HELD BY INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS

[In cities with population of 300,000 or more, December 30, 1939]

	Number	of banks	Retai (In th	l installment ousands of d	paper ollars)
Cities	Report- ing some retail in- stallment paper	Report- ing no retail in- stallment paper	Total	sales of and	Arising from retail sales of and secured by other goods
Baltimore Boston Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati	6 6 5 37 9	10 8 3 19 6	4, 241 6, 691 2, 150 4, 179 1, 618	1, 120 4, 854 517 3, 017 1, 127	3, 121 1, 837 1, 633 1, 162 491
Cleveland Detroit Indianapolis Jersey City Kansas City, Mo	8 6 8 2 24	3 8 4	4, 544 5, 975 289 120 2, 304	3, 421 4, 715 248 109 1, 954	$1, 123 \\ 1, 260 \\ 41 \\ 11 \\ 350$
Louisville. Los Angeles. Milwaukee. Minneapolis. Newark.	8	3 3 4 5	$\begin{array}{c} 1,452\\ 18,529\\ 1,289\\ 4,936\\ 10,267\end{array}$	1, 171 14, 044 790 3, 391 6, 197	281 4, 485 499 1, 545 4, 070
New Orleans New York Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Portland, Oreg	4 27 27 11 3	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 46 \\ 16 \\ 26 \\ 1 \end{array} $	408 52, 860 13, 661 3, 554 3, 398	276 14, 542 4, 817 1, 113 3, 032	13238, 3188, 8442, 441366
Rochester St. Louis. San Francisco. Seattle. Washington.	5 25 7 7 17	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\5\\2\\1\\10\end{array}$	2, 521 9, 204 12, 463 3, 152 6, 153	401 6, 677 10, 506 2, 546 5, 124	$2, 120 \\ 2, 527 \\ 1, 957 \\ 606 \\ 1, 029$
Total, 25 leading cities	301	186	175, 958	95, 709	80, 249

NOTE.—Retail installment paper held by out-of-town branches is distributed in this table according to the location of the branches, not according to the location of the head offices of such banks.

MEMBER BANK OPERATING RATIOS. 1939. BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

(Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages)

						Fede	eral Res	erve dis	trict				
Item	All dis- tricts	Bos- ton	New York	Phil- adel- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges. All other earnings.	54. 5 29. 8 5. 4 10. 3	50.7 33.0 6.5 9.8	47. 3 36. 5 6. 3 9. 9	49. 4 39. 5 2. 6 8. 5	51.7 36.0 3.7 8.6	61. 9 25. 4 4. 1 8. 6	60.3 23.6 4.9 11.2	50. 6 31. 2 7. 3 10. 9	55. 3 29. 3 4. 8 10. 6	47.9 30.3 4.3 17.5	61. 2 21. 2 7. 7 9. 9	66. 0 19. 1 5. 7 9. 2	61. 1 22. 9 5. 5 10. 5
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	$\begin{array}{r} 29.2 \\ 17.1 \\ 2.5 \\ 3.9 \\ 18.8 \end{array}$	30.4 16.0 2.6 3.7 20.3	28.6 19.8 3.2 2.1 20.6	$ \begin{array}{r} 22.9 \\ 25.2 \\ 2.2 \\ 4.3 \\ 17.1 \end{array} $	25.323.11.85.216.3	$\begin{array}{r} 26.1 \\ 22.4 \\ 1.9 \\ 4.1 \\ 16.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 29.6 \\ 14.7 \\ 3.1 \\ 3.7 \\ 19.1 \end{array}$	30.0 17.6 1.8 3.7 19.5	$ \begin{array}{r} 28.1 \\ 16.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 4.9 \\ 18.6 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 30.1 \\ 18.5 \\ 2.6 \\ 3.7 \\ 19.1 \end{array} $	34.2 9.1 2.0 4.1 19.0	$ \begin{array}{r} 34.5\\ 4.9\\ 4.5\\ 4.4\\ 20.2 \end{array} $	31. 3 16. 7 1. 9 3. 2 18. 4
Total expenses	71.5	73.0	74.3	71.7	71.7	71.2	70.2	72.6	70.7	74.0	68.4	68.5	71.5
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	$\begin{array}{c} 28.5\\ 4.6\end{array}$	27.0 4.9	25. 7 9. 7	28.3 10.6	28.3 3.4	$\begin{array}{c} 28.8\\ 2.1\end{array}$	29.8 2.9	27.4 .2	29.3 2.8	26.0 6.8	31.6 4.0	31.5 1.9	28.5 3.7
Net profits	23.9	22.1	16.0	17.7	24.9	26.7	26.9	27.2	26.5	19.2	27.6	29.6	24.8
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings. Net charge-offs, etc Net profits	8.6 1.6	6.3 1.2	7.1	6.7 2.6	7.7	8.3 .7 7.6	9.0 1.0 8.0	8.9 .5 8.4	8.9 1.2 7.7	9.7 2.6 7.1	10.9 1.6 9.3	10.0 .9 9.1	10.3 1.7 8.6
Cash dividends declared	7.0	5.1	4.0	4.1	6.7	2.8	3.4	2.3	$\frac{7.7}{3.1}$	3.0	<u></u>	4.3	3.5
Real estate assets	2.9 24.4	2.4	1, 9 30, 6	32.4	24.6	2. 8	27.2	20.4	24.2	24, 1	16.8	20.4	25.5
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3.8	3.6	3, 5	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.3	3.6	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.1
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc		$\frac{2.6}{1.0}$	$\frac{2.6}{.9}$	2.7	2.6 1.0 .1	2.6 1.1 .1	2.7 1.2 .2	2.4 .9 3.0	2. 5	<u> </u>	1.4 .2	1.4 .1	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.9 \\ \hline 1.2 \\ .2 \end{array}$
Net profits	.9	.8	. 5	.7	. 9	1.0	1.0	. 9	1.0	.8	1.2	1.3	1.0
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	34.7 32.5 3.2 29.4	35.2 35.0 2.9 26.7	31.7 40.0 3.8 24.2	34.8 39.0 5.3 20.7	33.4 37.7 3.3 25.5	40.4 27.0 3.7 28.7	$\begin{array}{r} 37.2 \\ 25.0 \\ 3.6 \\ 33.9 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 32.1 \\ 34.3 \\ 2.2 \\ 31.3 \end{array} $	34.4 30.8 3.0 31.6	33.0 36.3 2.9 27.5	$ \begin{array}{r} 35.9 \\ 25.9 \\ 2.1 \\ 36.0 \\ \end{array} $	36.0 21.9 2.8 39.1	39.6 27.0 3.0 30.2
Total capital accounts	13.9	17.0	13.8	17.1	14.2	13.7	14.1	11.0	13. 1	12.1	13.4	15.5	12. 2
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	20.0	23.6	18.6	21.7	19.3	19.5	21.6	16.3	19.5	17.1	21.3	25.9	18. 1
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	16.7 43.0	22. 7 39. 4	16, 6 56, 9	21. 1 64. 4	16.9 53.5	16.1 48.5	16.9 35.3	12.5 43.7	15.5 37.7	14.1 48.8	15.9 23.9	19.2 12.5	14. 3 42. 6
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.8	1. 9	1.8	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.7
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	6.2	5.2	5.4	5. 5	5.7	5.8	6.5	5, 4	6.0	6.2	7.5	8.3	6.5
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.5	.3	.5	.1	.3	.3	.3	.5	.3	.7 .9	.8 1.0	.9 1.1	.4
Net charge-offs on loans	.8	.5	.9		. 2	. 2	.4	.1	. 3	.2		.2	.3
Net return on loans	5.9	4.7	5.0	4.8	5.5	5.6	6.1	5.3	5.7	6.0	7.3	8.1	6.2
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 3	3. 2	3. 1	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.5	2.9	3. 3	3. 3	3. 2	3.6	3.3
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.4 1.1 1.1	.6 1.3 1.5	.4 1.4 1.9	.3 1.2 1.5	.4 1.1 1,1	.3 1.0 .8	.4 1.1 .6	. 3 1. 1 1. 1	.4 1.3 .9	.4 .7 1.1	.3 .7 .4	.2 .9 .4	.3 .9 .6
Net charge-offs on securities!	+.4	+.4	. 1	3+.0	+.4	+.5	+.9	+.3	+.8	3.0	+.6	+.7	+.6
Net return on securities	3.7	3.6	3.0	3.8	3.8	3. 9	4.4	3.2	4, 1	3.3	3.8	4.3	3.9
Number of banks ²	6, 252	351	753	649	618	403	313	782	381	457	734	535	276

¹ A plus indicates net recoveries, etc. ² The ratios for 110 member banks in operation at the end of 1939 were excluded from the compilations because of mergers or reorganizations, unavailability of data covering the complete year's operations, certain accounting adjustments, lack of comparability, and other similar reasons. ³ Less than 0.05 per cent.

Note.—These ratios, being arithmetic averages of the operating ratios of individual member banks, differ in many cases from corresponding ratios computed from aggregate dollar amounts. Such differences result from the fact that each bank's figures have an equal weight in calculation of the averages whereas the figures of the many small and medium-sized banks have but little influence on the aggregate amounts of all member banks.

Danks. The calculations of individual bank ratios were made at the Federal Reserve Banks. Figures of earnings, expenses, etc., used in the calculations were taken from the two semiannual earnings and dividends reports for 1939. Balance sheet figures used in the calculations were obtained by averaging the amounts shown in each bank's official condition reports submitted for the four call dates in 1939 (namely, March 29, June 30, October 2, and December 30), except that time deposits were averaged for the March, June, and December dates only, not being readily available for October 2. (Continued on following page.)

MEMBER BANK OPERATING RATIOS, 1939, BY SIZE OF BANK AND BY RATIO OF TIME TO TOTAL DEPOSITS

All Districts Combined

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages,

	All	Siz						of dolla	:s)	Ratio total	of time deposit:	deposit s (per ce	s to ent)
Item	groups	250 and under	250- 500	500- 1,000	1, 000- 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	54.5 29.8 5.4 10.3	67.5 18.4 5.0 9.1	$\begin{array}{c} 62.\ 2\\ 23.\ 9\\ 4.\ 9\\ 9.\ 0 \end{array}$	56.8 29.1 5.1 9.0	52. 4 33. 0 5. 7 8. 9	48. 3 34. 7 6. 1 10. 9	45.7 33.4 6.6 14.3	44.6 32.5 5.7 17.2	39.6 36.3 3.4 20.7	57.9 23.6 7.0 11.5	55.8 26.5 6.3 11.4	52, 5 34, 3 4, 2 9, 0	46. 0 45. 7 1. 8 6. 5
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes. Other taxes. All other expenses	$29.2 \\ 17.1 \\ 2.5 \\ 3.9 \\ 18.8$	$\begin{array}{r} 34.4\\ 10.0\\ 2.6\\ 4.5\\ 20.6\end{array}$	30. 8 15. 2 2. 3 4. 2 19. 3	$28.2 \\ 18.5 \\ 2.3 \\ 3.9 \\ 18.0$	$27.8 \\ 19.3 \\ 2.5 \\ 3.8 \\ 17.6$	$27.7 \\ 19.6 \\ 2.7 \\ 3.7 \\ 18.1$	$ \begin{array}{r} 29.4 \\ 17.7 \\ 2.9 \\ 3.4 \\ 20.2 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 30.\ 7\\ 13.\ 7\\ 3.\ 0\\ 3.\ 7\\ 21.\ 0\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 31.3\\ 8.9\\ 2.5\\ 4.4\\ 22.2 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 35.1 \\ 4.8 \\ 2.9 \\ 4.7 \\ 20.7 \end{array}$	30. 3 15. 2 2. 5 3. 8 19. 2	25.624.52.43.517.5	21.8 32.9 1.9 3.9 15.6
Total expenses	71.5	72.1	71.8	70.9	71.0	71.8	73.6	72.1	69.3	68.2	71.0	73.5	76.1
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	$28.5 \\ 4.6$	$\begin{array}{c} 27.9\\ 6.8\end{array}$	$28.2 \\ 4.5$	$29.1 \\ 5.0$	29.0 4.7	$28.2 \\ 5.1$	26.4 3.7	27.9 .5	30.7 2.8	31. 8 2. 4	29.0 3.9	26. 5 6. 7	23. 9 5. 1
Net profits	23.9	21.1	23.7	24.1	24.3	23.1	22.7	27.4	27.9	29.4	25.1	19.8	18.8
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	8.6 1.6	7.1 1.9	8.7 1.6	9. 2 1. 7	9.0 1.6	8.4 1.7	8.1 1.3	8.2 .4	7.4 1.0	9.2 .9	9.3 1.5	8.0 2.1	6. 2 1. 3
Net profits	7.0	5.2	7.1	7.5	7.4	6.7	6.8	7.8	6.4	8.3	7.8	5.9	4.9
Cash dividends declared	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.4	2. 9	3.8	4.0	3.0	2.2	2.0
Real estate assets	24.4	16.9	19.6	22.8	24.8	28.5	31.1	34.3	27.9	18.2	24.6	28.4	23.7
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3. 8 2. 7	4.9 3.5	4.4 3.1	4.0 2.8	$3.7 \\ 2.6$	3. 5 2. 5	3. 2 2. 3	2.8 2.0	2.3 1.6	3. 8 2. 6	3. 8 2. 7	3. 8 2. 8	3.7 2.8
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	1.1 .2	1.4	1.3 .2	1.2	1.1 .2	1.0 .2	.9 .2	.8 .1	.7	1.2 .1	1.1 .2	1.0 .3	. 9 . 2
Net profits	. 9	1.0	1.1	1.0	. 9	.8	.7	.7	. 6	1.1	. 9	.7	. 7
Loans. Securities. Real estate assets. Cash assets.	32.5	42.6 23.0 3.4 30.9	40.0 27.5 2.9 29.4	36. 4 31. 7 3. 0 28. 6	$\begin{array}{r} 33.1\\ 35.0\\ 3.1\\ 28.7\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 30.7 \\ 36.8 \\ 3.5 \\ 28.7 \end{array} $	29.6 36.7 3.6 29.7	$\begin{array}{c c} 27.7\\ 35.1\\ 3.6\\ 33.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25.0\\ 36.3\\ 2.7\\ 35.3\end{array}$	33.5 25.9 2.5 38.0	35.4 29.7 3.1 31.6	$35.5 \\ 37.3 \\ 3.7 \\ 23.4$	31. 5 45. 3 3. 6 19. 5
Total capital accounts	13.9	21.3	15.7	13.8	13.0	12, 5	11.5	10.2	9.7	14.9	13.1	13.7	15, 2
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	20.0	31.6	22.7	19.8	18.5	17.8	16.6	15.6	15.4	24.4	19.4	18.0	19.0
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits		28. 3 28. 3	19. 2 38. 6	16. 4 45. 2	15. 2 47. 8	14.6 49.6	13. 4 45. 4	11.6 33.5	11.0 20.6	18.7 12.2	15, 5 37, 9	16. 2 61. 9	18. 4 80. 3
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1, 6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.8
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	6.2	8.0	7.0	6.4	6.0	5.6	5.1	4.6	3.6	6.8	6.2	5.7	5.6
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.5	.7 1.1	.5 .7	.4	.4	.4	.4	.6	.3	.6	.5	.4 .7	.2
Net charge-offs on loans		.4	. 2	. 3	. 3	.4	. 3	. 2	. 5	. 2	.3	.3	. 5
Net return on loans	5.9	7.6	6.8	6.1	5.7	5.2	4.8	4.4	3.1	6.6	5.9	5.4	5.1
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3.3	3.7	3.6	3.5	3. 3	3. 2	2.8	2.5	2. 2	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.7
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	. 4 1.1 1.1	$ \begin{array}{c} .2 \\ .8 \\ .6 \end{array} $.4 1.0 .9	.3 1.0 1.1	.4 1.1 1.1	.4 1.1 1.2	.4 1.2 1.1	$ \begin{array}{r} .5 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.2 \end{array} $. 3 1. 1 . 9	.3 .9 .6	.4 1.1 .9	.4 1.1 1.4	$ \begin{array}{r} .5 \\ 1.2 \\ 1.5 \\ \hline 1.5 \end{array} $
Net charge-offs on securities ¹	+.4	+.4	+.5	+.2	+.4	+.3	+.5	+.6	+.5	+.6	+.6	+.1	+.2
Net return on securities	3.7	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.7	3. 5	3. 3	3, 1	2.7	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.9
Number of banks ²	6, 252	462	1,087	1, 491	1, 308	1,042	416	326	120	1, 507	2,066	2, 329	350

(For footnotes see page 588.) (Nore.—Continued from preceding page.) Savings deposits are included in the time deposits figures used in these tables. Banks with no time deposits (205 in number) are included in the group of banks having ratios of time to total deposits of less than 25 per cent. A verage rates of interest on time deposits are probably understated somewhat; the amount of understatement is negligible except in the Boston and Dallas districts. Real estate assets are comprised of banking house and equipment, other real estate owned, and items indirectly representing bank premises or other real estate. Cash assets are comprised of cash, balances with other banks (including reserve balances), and cash items in process of collec-tion. Total capital accounts are comprised of the aggregate book value of capital stock, capital notes and debentures, surplus, undivided profits, reserves for contingencies, and other capital reserves.

JUNE 1940

Boston Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

				ú		-							
	All	Siz	ze group	-total	deposit	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)			e deposi ts (per c	
Item	groups	250 and under	250- 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000- 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	2550	50–75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings.	50. 7 33. 0 6. 5 9. 8	62. 0 28. 2 6. 6 3. 2	52. 5 32. 4 6. 9 8. 2	55. 0 30. 0 7. 0 8. 0	48. 3 36. 7 7. 1 7. 9	50. 2 34. 7 6. 4 8. 7	48.7 31.9 6.2 13.2	45. 8 29. 6 5. 6 19. 0	42. 6 31. 5 3. 7 22. 2	48.9 31.2 7.4 12.5	49. 4 31. 0 8. 9 10. 7	53.8 33.9 4.8 7.5	46. ! 45, 2 2, 6 5, 6
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes. Other taxes. All other expenses	30.4 16.0 2.6 3.7 20.3	39.7 1.8 1.1 5.4 21.8	34.0 10.3 2.6 4.9 23.6	31. 4 13. 3 2. 4 4. 2 20. 4	29. 2 18. 6 2. 4 3. 5 20. 3	27.7 20.9 2.7 3.3 18.3	27.8 20.0 3.3 3.1 19.1	32.7 11.7 3.3 3.3 21.5	33. 2 4. 8 2. 8 3. 5 23. 7	37. 4 1. 7 2. 6 4. 3 23. 2	32.0 14.7 3.1 2.4 21.1	24.926.22.54.018.0	20. 3 32. 5 1. 5 5. 1 15. 9
Total expenses	73.0	69.8	75.4	71.7	74.0	72.9	73.3	72.5	68.0	69. 2	73. 3	75.6	75. 3
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	27.0 4.9	30. 2 6. 7	24.6 4.0	28.3 9.4	26.0 .6	27.1 5.9	26.7 5.3	27.5 2.8	32, 0 5, 0	30, 8 6, 9	26.7 3.6	24.4 5.8	· 24. 7 +4. 8
Net profits	22.1	23.5	20.6	18.9	25.4	21. 2	21. 4	24.7	27.0	23.9	23.1	18.6	29. (
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	6.3 1.2	3.7 1.0	4.1 .7	5.8 1.9	6.5 .3	7.4 1.9	7.1 1.6	6.9 1.0	6. 1 1. 0	5.3 1.2	7.1 1.2	6.7 1.9	6.3 +1.6
Net profits	5.1	2.7	3.4	3.9	6.2	5. 5	5. 5	5.9	5.1	4.1	5.9	4.8	7.9
Cash dividends declared	2.4	1.9	1.7	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.6	3. 3	3.4	4.6	· 2. 5	2.1	2. 1
Real estate assets	20.3	5.4	14.4	16.7	19.7	22.3	26.3	29.0	24.0	14.9	25. 2	22.4	14. (
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3.6 2.6	4.1 2.8	3.9 2.9	3. 8 2. 7	3.6 2.7	3.5 2.5	3.4 2.5	3.0 2.2	2.0 1.4	3.4 2.3	3.5 2.5	3.6 2.7	3. 8 2. 8
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	1.0 .2	1.3 .3	1.0 .2	1.1 .4	3.0 3.0	1.0 .2	.9 .2	.8 .1	.6 .1	1, 1 . 3	1,0 .2	.9 .2	1.0 +.3
Net profits	.8	1.0	.8	.7	.9	.8	.7	.7	. 5	.8	.8	.7	1. :
Loans. Securities. Real estate assets. Cash assets.	35. 2 35. 0 2. 9 26. 7	38.9 31.3 1.8 27.	35.4 34.0 2.8 27.6	38.2 31.1 3.0 27.6	33.5 38.0 2.8 25.6	34.6 36.1 2.8 26.4	36.3 35.9 3.3 24.3	32.6 35.9 3.6 27.5	28.4 31.4 2.6 37.0	33. 3 31. 6 2. 7 32. 2	34. 3 34. 4 3. 4 27. 7	37. 8 36. 6 2. 9 22. 5	32. 9 45. 4 2. 1 19. 4
Total capital accounts	17.0	37, 4	24.9	20.0	15.0	13.6	13. 2	12.4	10.3	23.0	14.1	14.1	15.
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	23.6	51.8	35. 0	28.2	20.6	18.9	17.8	17.5	16.8	33. 7	19. 9	18.4	19.
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	22. 7 39. 4	79.0 5.9	36. 5 27. 9	26.4 34.0	18. 1 46. 3	16. 1 49. 8	15.5 46.9	14.5 30.3	11.6 12.3	35. 4 5. 4	16. 8 38. 5	16. 9 62. 3	18. (79. (
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.4	. 2	.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.2	.9	.7	1.5	1.8	1.1
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	5.2	6.6	5.8	5.5	5. 3	5.2	4.7	4.4	2.9	5.1	5.1	5. 3	5. (
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.3 .8	.1	.3 .8	.3 1.0	.2 .7	.4 .8	.4 .7	.8 .9	.2 .8	.3 1.0	.5 .7	.2 .6	
Net charge-offs on loans	. 5	. 5	. 5	.7	. 5	.4	. 3	.1	. 6	.7	.2	.4	.1
Net return on loans	4.7	6.1	5. 3	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.4	4.3	2.3	4.4	4.9	4.9	4.8
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities		3. 5	3. 6	3.6	3. 3	3. 2	2. 9	2.6	2.0	3. 2	3.2	3. 3	3. 1
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.6 1.3 1.5	.1 .8 1.7	.4 1.1 1.1	.8 1.1 1.7	.6 1.5 1.4	.7 1.4 1.6	.6 1.3 1.6	.5 1.4 1.5	.2 .8 .6	.5 1.0 1.3	.8 1.6 1.9	.4 1.3 1.4	1.3 1.1 1.5
Net charge-offs on securities ¹	+.4	.8	+.4	+.2	+.7	+. 5	+.3	+.4	+.4	+.2	+.5	+.3	+1.5
Net return on securities	3.6	2.7	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.7	3. 2	3.0	2.4	3.4	3.7	3.6	4. 1
Number of banks ²	351	14	37	62	76	85	41	28	8	109	93	126	23

New York Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

	All	Siz	ze groug	-total	Ratio of time deposits to total deposits (per cent)								
Item	groups	250 and under	250- 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000		Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	6.3	54. 1 34. 5 5. 4 6. 0	55. 4 33. 7 5. 2 5. 7	51. 5 35. 4 6. 3 6. 8	47. 4 39. 1 6. 0 7. 5	44. 4 37. 5 7. 2 10. 9	44.0 36.2 7.6 12.2	41. 6 33. 4 6. 2 18. 8	34. 8 34: 5 3. 2 27. 5	38.4 36.8 6.4 18.4	47.5 31.9 8.9 11.7	48.9 36.2 6.0 8.9	39.6 50.6 3.0 6.8
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	$28. \ 6 \\ 19. \ 8 \\ 3. \ 2 \\ 2. \ 1 \\ 20. \ 6$	32.7 18.2 2.0 1.6 22.9	30. 8 19. 7 2. 3 2. 0 21. 7	28.5 19.6 2.6 2.3 20.4	27. 2 21. 9 3. 0 2. 3 19. 1	27.6 21.2 3.8 1.8 20.4	29.3 19.9 3.4 1.9 20.7	29.7 16.0 4.6 2.4 22.2	33. 6 5. 0 3. 7 3. 0 25. 0	38. 3 2. 3 2. 2 3. 2 25. 0	31. 8 14. 6 3. 6 1. 8 23. 5	27.3 21.6 3.2 2.1 19.9	24.9 30.4 3.2 2.2 16.6
Total expenses	74.3	77.4	76.5	73.4	73. 5	74.8	75.2	74.9	70.3	71.0	75.3	74.1	77. 3
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	25.7 9.7	22.6 10.4	$23.5 \\ 11.5$	26. 6 9. 6	26.5 10.5	25. 2 11. 4	24.8 7.0	25. 1 3. 8	$29.7 \\ 5.8$	29.0 2.5	24.7 7.8	25. 9 11. 5	22.7 3.4
Net profits	16.0	12.2	12.0	17.0	16. 0	13. 8	17.8	21. 3	23. 9	26.5	16.9	14.4	19.3
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	7. 1 3. 1	4.6 2.7	5.6 3.4	7. 1 2. 8	7.7 3.5	7.4 3.8	7.6 2.5	7.1 1.6	6. 2 1. 6	5.2 .5	7.0 2.6	7.5 3.7	5.8 1.1
Net profits	4.0	1.9	2. 2	4.3	4. 2	3. 6	5. 1	5. 5	4.6	4.7	4.4	3.8	4.7
Cash dividends declared	1.9	1.0	1. 3	1.7	1.9	1.9	2. 1	2.1	4.0	3. 0	1.7	1, 8	2.1
Real estate assets	30.6	18.1	18.4	23.8	31.7	35. 7	31. 9	51. 5	29.9	15.2	33. 6	32, 0	24. 5
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3. 5 2. 6	4.1 3.2	4.0 3.0	3. 7 2. 7	3. 5 2. 5	3. 4 2. 5	3.4 2.5	3. 1 2. 3	2. 2 1. 6	2.7 1.9	3. 4 2. 5	3.6 2.7	3. 3 2. 5
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	.9 .4	.9 .5	1.0 .5	1.0 .4	1.0 .4	.9 .4	.9 .3	.8 .1	.6 .2	.8 .1	.9 .3	.9 .4	.8 .2
Net profits	. 5	. 4	. 5	. 6	. 6	. 5	. 6	.7	.4	. 7	. 6	. 5	.6
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	31.740.03.824.2	37. 7 35. 9 3. 5 22. 8	38. 7 35. 5 3. 0 22. 8	34. 5 37. 9 3. 4 24. 0	30. 8 41. 2 3. 8 24. 1	29. 5 42. 5 4. 2 23. 5	29.3 42.2 3.6 24.2	28. 8 40. 9 5. 2 24. 5	24. 4 36. 9 2. 9 35. 0	26.3 37.0 1.9 34.0	31. 9 35. 6 4. 3 27. 8	32. 9 40. 2 3. 9 22. 8	24.6 51.7 2.9 20.6
Total capital accounts	13.8	21.7	17.7	15.5	13.4	12.6	12.0	11.1	10.4	16.3	13.6	13.7	13. 7
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	18.6	28.9	23. 2	20.8	17.8	16.7	16. 3	14.9	16.7	25. 0	19.2	17.9	17.4
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	16. 6 56. 9	29. 0 51. 6	22. 2 57. 0	18. 9 57. 1	15. 8 63. 1	14.6 60.7	13. 9 55. 2	12.7 46.9	11. 9 15. 3	21.6 8.1	16. 2 41. 8	16. 2 62. 9	16. 1 79. 3
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.3	1. 3	1. 1	. 7	. 6	1.4	1.4	1. 5
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	5.4	6.0	5. 9	5.8	5.7	5.3	5. 2	4.4	3.0	3.9	5.3	5. 5	5. 5
Recoveries on loans	.5	.1	. 5	. 4 . 7	. 4 . 8.	. 5 1. 1	. 5 . 9	.7 1.1	.3	.4	.5	.5	.6
Net charge-offs on loans	. 4	.7	. 3	. 3	. 4	.6	.4	.4	. 6	.3	.4	. 4	.3
Net return on loans	5.0	5. 3	5.6	5. 5	5.3	4.7	4.8	4.0	2.4	3.6	4.9	5.1	5. 2
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 1	3.9	3.7	3. 4	3. 2	2. 9	2.8	2.4	1.9	2.6	3. 0	3.2	3. 3
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.4 1.4 1.9	.3 1.0 1.6	. 4 1. 2 2. 5	.4 1.4 2.2	.5 1.4 1.9	.4 1.5 1.7	.6 1.4 1.8	.5 1.7 1.6	.4 1.2 1.3	.4 1.3 1.5	.4 1.7 1.9	.4 1.3 2.0	.6 1.1 1.6
Net charge-offs on securities ¹	.1	. 3	. 9	. 4	3.0	+.2	+.2	+.6	+.3	+.2	+.2	. 3	+.1
Net return on securities	3.0	3.6	2.8	3.0	3. 2	3. 1	3.0	3.0	2.2	2.8	3. 2	2. 9	3.4
Number of banks ²	753	19	74	152	179	179	75	47	28	50	128	521	54

Philadelphia Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

Item		Siz	e group	-total	Ratio of time deposits to total deposits (per cent)								
	All groups	250 and under	250- 500	500 1, 000	1, 000– 2, 000	2, 000– 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	49. 4 39. 5 2. 6 8. 5	60.9 31.7 2.6 4.8	56. 0 37. 0 2. 0 5. 0	52. 2 39. 0 2. 3 6. 5	48. 2 41. 6 2. 7 7. 5	46.0 41.1 3.1 9.8	42.8 37.7 3.0 16.5	39. 8 37. 3 2. 9 20. 0	33.141.31.624.0	39. 4 · 37. 0 5. 1 18. 5	47. 0 34. 1 5. 2 13. 7	51. 7 37. 7 2. 5 8. 1	46. 3 46. 4 1. 3 6. 0
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	$\begin{array}{c} 22.\ 9\\ 25.\ 2\\ 2.\ 2\\ 4.\ 3\\ 17.\ 1\end{array}$	28.724.91.24.719.7	23.726.51.64.418.2	22. 6 27. 0 2. 0 3. 9 17. 8	21. 9 25. 9 2. 2 4. 0 16. 4	21.525.62.54.815.7	24.120.73.44.716.7	$27.8 \\ 16.2 \\ 3.9 \\ 3.8 \\ 17.6$	$29.1 \\ 5.9 \\ 1.9 \\ 5.4 \\ 20.2$	33. 2 5. 3 2. 4 5. 9 21. 3	27.8 15.0 2.8 4.4 18.9	22.724.92.24.217.4	20. 0 32. 8 1. 9 4. 3 15. 1
Total expenses	71.7	79.2	74.4	73.3	70.4	70.1	69.6	69.3	62.5	68.1	68.9	71.4	74.1
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	28.3 10.6	20.8 4.5	25.6 9.1	26.7 11.0	29.6 11.5	29.9 10.0	30.4 14.4	30. 7 9. 0	$37.5 \\ 15.2$	31. 9 8. 4	31. 1 9. 9	28.6 11.5	25. 9 9. 1
Net profits	17.7	16, 3	16.5	15.7	18.1	19.9	16.0	21.7	22.3	23.5	21. 2	17.1	16.8
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	6.7 2.6	4.3 .9	5. 8 2. 2	6.7 2.8	7.1 2.9	7.0 2.4	7. 1 3. 2	7.0 2.4	7. 9 3. 2	6. 5 2. 0	7.8 2.4	6.8 2.9	6. 1 2. 3
Net profits	4.1	3.4	3.6	3. 9	4.2	4.6	3.9	4.6	4.7	4.5	5.4	3.9	3. 8
Cash dividends declared	1.9	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.9	2.4	2.3	2,6	5.1	3.5	1.9	1.8	1.9
Real estate assets	32.4	26.0	25.1	32.1	31.5	31. 9	48.6	49.9	34.5	26.0	40.0	32.9	28, 3
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3.8 2.7	4.1 3.2	4.0 3.0	3.9 2.9	3. 8 2. 7	3.7 2.6	3.6 2.5	3.0 2.1	2.8 1.8	2, 8 1, 9	3.7 2.5	3. 9 2. 8	3. 9 2. 9
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	1.1 .4	.9 .2	1.0 .4	1.0 .4	1.1 .5	1.1 .4	1.1	.9 .3	1, 0 . 4	.9 .3	1.2	1.1 .5	1.0 .4
Net profits	. 7	.7	. 6	. 6	.6	.7	.6	. 6	. 6	. 6	.8	. 6	. 6
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	34.8 39.0 5.3 20.7	42.8 32.2 5.5 19.4	39.5 36.2 4.6 19.6	37.0 38.2 5.3 19.4	34.0 40.4 5.1 20.4	$\begin{array}{r} 32.0 \\ 41.0 \\ 5.2 \\ 21.6 \end{array}$	31. 1 39. 3 7. 4 21. 6	26.738.96.827.0	23. 0 40. 1 4. 9 31. 1	25.7 34.6 4.0 34.9	$\begin{array}{r} 32.4\\ 34.1\\ 6.2\\ 26.8\end{array}$	36. 6 37. 8 5. 4 20. 0	32.8 44.5 4.7 17.9
Total capital accounts	17.1	21.9	18.6	16.9	16.8	17.0	16.1	14.0	13.2	14.9	16.1	17.4	17. 1
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	21.7	27.4	23.3	21.0	21.2	21.8	20.7	19.5	19.5	23.0	22.4	21.8	20.9
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	21.1 64.4	28.5 63.1	23. 2 65. 7	20. 7 67. 8	20.5 67.8	20. 9 64. 5	19.5 58.3	16.6 42.9	15.6 18.5	18.2 14.5	19.9 42.2	21.5 64.3	20. 9 80. 9
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.0	1, 1	1.5	1.8	1.9
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans		5.9	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.0	4, 5	3.7	4.2	5, 3	5.5	
Recoveries on loans	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2 1.1	.2 1.4	.3	.2 1.2	.1	.1	. 1
Net charge-offs on loans	.7	.2	.4	.5		.7	.9	1.1	1.7	1.0		.6	. 6
Net return on loans	4.8	5.7	5. 3	5. 1	4.8	4.8	4.1	3.3	2.0	3.2	4.6	4.9	4.9
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3.8	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.4	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.5	3.8	3.9
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.3 1.2 1.5	.2 1.4 1.4	.3 1.3 1.7	.4 1.1 1.6	. 3 1. 3 1. 6	.3 1.2 1.4	.3 1.2 1.2	.3 1.2 1.1	.6 1.1 1.1	.3 1.2 1.1	.3 1.5 1.4	.3 1.1 1.5	.4 1.2 1.5
Net charge-offs on securities ¹	3+.0	+.2	.1	. 1	3+.0	+.1	+.3	+.4	+.6	+.4	+.4	.1	+.1
Net return on securities	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	3. 3	3.4	3.2	3.9	3.7	4.0
Number of banks ²	649	22	97	157	160	139	41	23	10	20	75	389	165

Cleveland Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

		Siz	e group	total	deposit	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)		Ratio of time deposits to total deposits (per cent)			
Item	All groups	250 and under	250- 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000- 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000		10, 000– 50, 000	Over 50,000		25-50	50-75	75 and over	
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	36.0	$ \begin{array}{r} 61.3\\ 28.4\\ 3.9\\ 6.4 \end{array} $	56. 9 34. 0 2. 8 6. 3	55. 9 34. 5 3. 1 6. 5	50. 8 37. 8 4. 0 7. 4	48. 6 37. 2 4. 3 9. 9	43. 2 38. 5 4. 3 14. 0	45. 7 34. 9 4. 4 15. 0	33. 442. 73. 320. 6	32.9 4.4	51. 8 33. 7 4. 6 9. 9	$52.1 \\ 36.4 \\ 3.4 \\ 8.1$	45. 9 47. 2 1. 7 5. 2	
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	$\begin{array}{c} 23.1 \\ 1.8 \\ 5.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 28.\ 2\\ 17.\ 6\\ 1.\ 0\\ 5.\ 6\\ 18.\ 5\end{array}$	26.521.61.35.017.0	23.925.21.75.015.2	$\begin{array}{c} 25.\ 2\\ 23.\ 6\\ 2.\ 0\\ 5.\ 0\\ 15.\ 8\end{array}$	25.024.41.95.316.3	$25. \ 4 \\ 22. \ 5 \\ 2. \ 6 \\ 5. \ 1 \\ 17. \ 9$	$28.9 \\ 17.6 \\ 2.3 \\ 5.8 \\ 16.5$	$26.5 \\ 13.1 \\ 2.4 \\ 6.3 \\ 20.5$	5.4 1.9 6.8	$27.9 \\ 17.0 \\ 1.7 \\ 5.7 \\ 17.2$	$23. \ 6 \\ 26. \ 9 \\ 1. \ 9 \\ 4. \ 8 \\ 15. \ 7$	21.7 35.1 1.4 4.8 14.3	
Total expenses	71.7	70.9	71.4	71.0	71.6	72.9	73. 5	71.1	68.8	66. 3	69.5	72.9	77.3	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	$\begin{array}{c} 28.3\\ 3.4 \end{array}$	29. 1 7. 5	$28.6 \\ 2.4$	29.0 2.1	28.4 3.1	$27.1 \\ 5.7$	26.5 2.9	28. 9 3. 2	31. 2 +. 3		30.5 2.1	$\begin{array}{c} 27.1\\ 4.8\end{array}$	22.7 + 1.0	
Net profits	24.9	21.6	26.2	26. 9	25. 3	21.4	23.6	25. 7	31.5	33. 8	28.4	22.3	23. 7	
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	7.7 1.0	6. 1 2. 1	7.1	8.5 .8	7.8 .9	7.7 1.7	7, 3 1, 1	7.5	$6.5 \\ .2$		8.0 .6	7.8 1.4	6.5 ³ .0	
Net profits	6.7	4.0	6.4	7.7	6.9	6.0	6. 2	6.7	6.3	6. 1	7.4	6.4	6.5	
Cash dividends declared	2.1	1.2	1.8	2.3	2. 2	2.0	2.1	2. 2	2. 9	2.6	2.6	1. 9	1.6	
Real estate assets	24.6	12.4	18.0	22.6	22.4	29.7	36.2	32.1	33.4	16.2	22.0	27.4	19.2	
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses		4.4 3.1	3.9 2.8	3.8 2.7	3.6 2.6	3.5 2.5	3.4 2.5	3. 1 2. 2	2.4 1.7		3. 5 2. 4	3.7 2.7	3. 9 3. 0	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	1.0 .1	1.3 .4	1.1 .1	1.1 .1	1.0 .1	1.0 .2	.9 .1	.9 .1	·7 3.0		1.1 .1	1.0 .2	₃.9 ₃.0	
Net profits	. 9	. 9	1, 0	1.0	. 9	. 8	. 8	. 8	.7	1.1	1.0	. 8	. 9	
LoansSecurities Real estate assets Cash assets	33. 4 37. 7 3. 3 25. 5	45. 3 31. 3 2. 5 20. 8	38.5 34.4 2.9 24.1	36. 6 35. 9 3. 1 24. 4	$\begin{array}{r} 32.\ 0\\ 39.\ 1\\ 3.\ 0\\ 25.\ 8\end{array}$	$29.8 \\ 40.1 \\ 3.7 \\ 26.1$	27.5 41.5 4.7 26.1	28.9 36.8 4.2 29.6	21. 2 40. 4 3. 4 34. 6	. 32. 6 2. 5	$\begin{array}{r} 32.\ 6\\ 36.\ 0\\ 3.\ 0\\ 28.\ 2\end{array}$	34. 1 38. 4 3. 6 23. 8	31. 5 44. 7 2. 7 21. 0	
Total capital accounts	14.2	22.2	17.0	13.9	13.6	12.9	13.0	12.9	11.6	17.4	14.4	13. 7	14.2	
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	19.3	28.1	23.0	18.6	18.6	17.8	17.7	18. 5	17.8	26.6	20.3	18. 1	18.1	
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	16. 9 53. 5	29. 4 50. 8	21.0 51.9	16.4 57.6	16. 0 52. 9	15. 0 56. 1	15. 2 52. 9	15, 1 41, 2	13. 5 28. 5		17.3 40.2	16. 1 62. 0	16. 9 79. 1	
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.8	1.9	1.8	1. 9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.3	1. 2	1.7	1.9	2.0	
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	5.7	6.0	5.8	6. 0	5. 7	5.8	5.4	4.9	3.8	5. 2	5.6	5.8	5.8	
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.3	.2	.2 .3	.3	.46	.4	.3 .7	. 5 . 7	.3		.3	. 3	. 6	
Net charge-offs on loans	. 2	. 4	. 1	. 2	. 2	. 4	. 4	. 2	. 2		. 2	.3	. 2	
Net return on loans	5. 5	5. 6	5. 7	5.8	5. 5	5.4	5.0	4.7	3.6	5. 2	5.4	5.5	5.6	
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3.4	4.0	3. 7	3.6	3.4	3. 3	3. 1	2. 8	2.4	3. 0	3. 3	3. 5	3. 8	
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.4 1.1 1.1	.1 1.0 1.6	.5 1.2 1.3	. 3 1. 2 1. 1	. 3 1. 0 . 9	.7 1.1 1.0	. 2 1. 1 . 9	.6 .9 1.0	.1 1.1 .7	1.2	.6 1.0 1.0	.3 1.0 1.0	.4 1.7 1.7	
Net charge-offs on securities ¹	+.4	. 5	+.4	+.4	+.4	+.8	+.4	+.5	+.5	+.5	+.6	+.3	+.4	
Net return on securities	3.8	3.5	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.1	3. 5	3. 3	2.9	3.5	3. 9	3.8	4. 2	
Number of banks ²	618	22	78	160	149	124	42	29	14	37	185	361	35	

Richmond Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

						-						_	
		Siz	æ group	-total	deposit	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)			e deposi is (per c	
Item	All groups	250 and under	250 500	500 1, 000	1, 000– 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	61. 9 25. 4 4. 1 8. 6	67. 7 25. 0 2. 2 5. 1	67. 0 23. 2 3. 3 6. 5	62. 7 26. 2 3. 9 7. 2	63. 1 25. 5 3. 9 7. 5	62. 6 23. 2 4. 9 9. 3	57.3 26.3 5.0 11.4	49. 2 27. 6 5. 5 17. 7	34. 2 45. 2 2. 9 17. 7	50. 0 28. 5 6. 0 15. 5	59. 8 24. 7 5. 4 10. 1	66. 1 24. 9 2. 9 6. 1	63. 2 31. 1 . 7 5. 0
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100. 0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	26. 1 22. 4 1. 9 4. 1 16. 7	28.0 20.0 2.4 3.1 19.2	25. 5 23. 7 1. 4 4. 2 18. 4	25. 0 24. 3 1. 6 3. 7 16. 0	24. 2 25. 2 2. 0 3. 9 14. 9	26.9 20.4 1.8 4.4 16.6	29.3 20.9 2.5 5.0 17.8	32.3 13.1 2.5 4.3 20.4	28.5 9.4 1.7 4.3 20.8	33.6 7.3 2.3 4.5 20.8	27.7 18.1 2.2 3.8 17.7	23.5 28.1 1.6 4.1 15.2	22.4 37.1 1.1 5.4 14.7
Total expenses	71.2	72.7	73.2	70.6	70.2	70.1	75. 5	72.6	64.7	68.5	69.5	72.5	80.7
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	28.8 2.1	27.3	26. 8 1. 7	29. 4 3. 3	29.8 3.4	29.9 .1	24.5 +.8	27.4 +.7	35. 3 13. 0	31. 5 1. 4	30. 5 1. 2	27.5 2.8	19.3 2.3
Net profits	26.7	27.0	25. 1	26.1	26.4	29.8	25.3	28.1	22.3	30.1	29.3	24.7	17.0
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	8.3 .7	5.6 ³ .0	7.7	8.8 1.2	8.7 1.0	8.6 .3	6.9 ³ .0	7.7 +.1	9.5 3.7	8. 4 . 7	8.5 .5	8.3 .9	5.3 .8
Net profits	7.6	5.6	7.0	7.6	7.7	8.3	6.9	7.8	5.8	7.7	8.0	7.4	4.5
Cash dividends declared	2.8	1.7	2.1	2.7	2.9	3. 1	2.9	3.5	4.6	3. 3	2.9	2.7	2, 0
Real estate assets	28.0	20.9	23. 5	28.6	29.0	26.2	31. 4	36.0	33.0	23.3	29.1	28.6	21.1
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings. Total expenses		4.1 3.0	4.1 3.0	4.0 2.8	3. 8 2. 6	3.6 2.5	3. 1 2. 3	2. 8 2. 0	2.1 1.4	2.8 1.9	3.7 2.5	4.0 2.9	3. 8 2. 9
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	1.1 .1	1.1 \$.0	1.1 .1	1.2 .1	1.2 .2	1.1 ³ .0	3 +. 0	3.0	.7 .2	3.0	1.2 .1	1.1 .1	.9 .1
Net profits	1.0	1, 1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	. 8	.8	. 5	. 9	1.1	1.0	. 8
Loans. Securities. Real estate assets. Cash assets.	40. 4 27. 0 3. 7 28. 7	44.7 27.6 4.3 23.3	44. 4 25. 6 3. 5 26. 4	42.4 27.6 3.8 26.1	40. 8 27. 2 3. 9 28. 0	40.6 24.1 3.4 31.4	34.6 29.2 3.7 32.1	29. 2 28. 9 4. 2 37. 3	21.0 40.9 2.8 34.9	29.6 27.0 2.6 40.6	37. 8 26. 1 4. 0 31. 9	44. 8 27. 4 3. 8 23. 8	41. 2 30, 9 3. 4 24. 4
Total capital accounts	13. 7	20.5	15. 3	14.0	13.4	13. 2	12. 2	10.6	8.2	11.4	14.0	13.8	15.7
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	19. 5	26.8	20. 9	19. 4	19.0	19. 5	18.6	17.2	12. 7	19. 9	20.6	18.3	21. 5
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	16. 1 48. 5	26.6 49.5	18. 2 52. 4	16. 5 53. 6	15. 8 53. 0	15. 5 44. 2	14. 2 42. 6	12. 1 28. 7	9. 1 18. 8	13. 2 16. 6	16. 5 39. 2	16. 3 60. 7	19.5 81.8
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.9	2.1	2. 1	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1. 3	1.3	1. 9	2.1	2.0
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	5.8	6.4	6. 3	6.0	5. 9	5.6	5. 2	4.6	3. 5	4.8	5. 9	6. 0	5.9
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.3 .5	.5 .7	.1 .4	.3	.2 .5	.3	.4 .8	.2 .5	.2 .3	.3 .3	.3 .4	.2 .5	.1 .6
Net charge-offs on loans	. 2	.2	.3	. 1	.3	. 2	.4	. 3	.1	3.0	. 1	. 3	. 5
Net return on loans	5.6	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.4	4.8	4.3	3.4	4.8	5.8	5. 7	5.4
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 4	3.5	3. 7	3. 7	3. 4	3. 3	2.6	2.5	2. 3	2. 9	3. 3	3. 5	3. 8
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.3 1.0 .8	.2 .8 .2	.3 1.0 .6	.2 .9 .6	.3 1.1 1.0	.3 1.1 .7	.2 1.4 .7	.5 1.2 .9	.4 .9 1.4	.4 .9 .7	.2 1.1 .8	.3 1.0 .7	.3 1.0 .6
Net charge-offs on securities ¹	+.5	+.8	+.7	+.5	+.4	+.7	+.9	+.8	.1	+.6	+.5	+.6	+.7
Net return on securi' 95	3. 9	4.3	4.4	4. 2	3.8	4.0	3. 5	3. 3	2. 2	3. 5	3. 8	4.1	4. 5
Number of banks ²	403	12	61	98	99	75	26	25	7	44	152	193	14

Atlanta Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

Item	All	Siz	e group	—total	rs)	Ratio of time deposits to total deposits (per cent)							
	groups	250 and under	250- 500	500 1, 000	1, 000– 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	5075	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	60. 3 23. 6 4. 9 11. 2	71. 3 16. 9 3. 7 8. 1	70. 8 16. 9 3. 0 9. 3	65. 4 20. 5 4. 6 9. 5	58.426.25.210.2	54.9 27.3 6.5 11.3	50. 8 25. 9 6. 2 17. 1	40. 4 34. 6 5. 3 19. 7	50. 8 27. 8 4. 4 17. 0	53.0 26.2 6.7 14.1	62.3 22.3 4.5 10.9	64. 8 24. 7 3. 2 7. 3	
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes. Other taxes. All other expenses	29.6 14.7 3.1 3.7 19.1	30.6 11.3 3.5 3.6 17.4	$\begin{array}{r} 31.\ 2\\ 14.\ 6\\ 3.\ 2\\ 5.\ 0\\ 19.\ 2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 27.2 \\ 15.9 \\ 2.7 \\ 3.5 \\ 17.6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 30.\ 1\\ 16.\ 5\\ 3.\ 6\\ 3.\ 3\\ 18.\ 6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 30.4 \\ 14.9 \\ 3.2 \\ 2.9 \\ 18.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 30.\ 0\\ 12.\ 5\\ 2.\ 6\\ 4.\ 0\\ 21.\ 6\end{array}$	27. 4 11. 2 2. 9 2. 9 22. 2	31.0 9.4 2.3 5.5 25.5	33. 2 6. 6 2. 8 4. 5 21. 3	29.0 15.9 3.1 3.5 18.8	25.524.13.82.816.4	
Total expenses	70.2	66.4	73.2	66. 9	72.1	70.1	70.7	66. 6	73. 7	68.4	70.3	72.6	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. 1	29.8 2.9	33.6 14.8	26.8 2.9	33.1 4.0	27.9 1.6	29.9 3.7	29.3 +.3	33.4 +2.0	$26.3 \\ +3.1$	31.6 ³ .0	29.7 3.7	27.4 4.9	
Net profits	26.9	18.8	23.9	29.1	26.3	26.2	29.6	35.4	29.4	31.6	26.0	22.5	
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings	9.0 1.0	8.0 3.1	7.6 .9	11.0 1.5	8.3 .9	9.2 1.1	9.3 +.1	10.6 +.2	7.0 +.5	8.7 .1	9.2 1.2	8.9 1.7	
Net profits	8.0	4.9	6.7	9.5	7.4	8.1	9.4	10.8	7.5	8.6	8.0	7.2	
Cash dividends declared	3.4	2.8	3.5	3.9	3.2	3.2	2.6	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.1	
Real estate assets	27.2	20.1	23.4	24.3	28.1	31.5	25.3	39.7	27.1	19. 9	28.5	34.9	
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3.9 2.7	4.9 3.2	4.5 3.3	4.5 3.0	3. 8 2. 7	3.6 2.5	3. 2 2. 2	2.9 1.9	2.3 1.6	3.4 2.3	4.0 2.8	4.4 3.2	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	1.2 .2	1.7 .8	1.2 .1	1.5 .2	1.1 .1	1.1 .2	1.0 ³ .0	1.0 3+.0	·.7 +.0	1.1 ³ .0	1.2 .2	1.2 .2	
Net profits	1.0	.9	1.1	1.3	1.0	.9	1.0	1.0	.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	37. 2 25. 0 3. 6 33. 9	44. 4 19. 2 5. 0 31. 3	43. 6 19. 2 3. 6 33. 4	41.6 23.2 3.2 31.8	35. 3 27. 4 3. 7 33. 4	$\begin{array}{r} 33.\ 3\\ 27.\ 5\\ 3.\ 6\\ 35.\ 1\end{array}$	30. 8 26. 7 2. 8 39. 3	25. 4 33. 7 3. 7 36. 1	30, 9 27, 8 2, 6 38, 2	30. 6 26. 7 2. 4 40. 0	39.0 23.8 3.8 33.0	$\begin{array}{r} 41.\ 6\\ 26.\ 8\\ 4.\ 6\\ 26.\ 8\end{array}$	
Total capital accounts	. 14. 1	24.0	16.8	14.2	13.8	12.0	10.7	9.2	9.2	13. 5	14.3	14.2	
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	21. 6	35.6	25. 9	21. 3	21.0	18.8	17.8	14.8	14.9	22. 8	21. 5	19.7	
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	16. 9 35. 3	34. 1 33. 5	20. 6 36. 6	16. 9 40. 0	16. 3 37. 8	13. 9 35. 1	12. 1 29. 5	10. 3 23. 9	10. 3 17. 6	16, 1 16, 0	17.3 38.1	16. 9 58. 3	
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	1. 4	1. 9	2.1	
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	6.5	8.1	7.5	7.1	6.3	6.0	5. 3	4.6	3.8	5.9	6. 6	7.0	
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.3 .7	.2 1.2	. 2 . 7	.3 .6	.3 .7	.2 .6	.2 .3	.3 .5	.2 .5	. 2 . 4	.3	.3 .8	
Net charge-offs on loans	.4	1.0	. 5	. 3	.4	. 4	.1	. 2	.3	. 2	.4	. 5	
Net return on loans	6.1	7.1	7.0	6.8	5. 9	5.6	5. 2	4.4	3.5	5.7	6.2	6.5	
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 5	4.2	3.7	3. 7	3. 5	3.5	2. 9	2.8	2. 2	3. 1	3.6	4. 0	
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.4 1.1 .6	³ .0 .3 .4	1.5 1.2 .5	.1	.4 1.2 .6	.2 1.0 .7	$ \begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 1.1 \\ .8 $.5 1.3 1.0	.3 1.1 .7	1.2 .9 .6	.2 1.1 .6	.1 1.1 .6	
Net charge-offs on securities 1	+.9	.1	+2.0	+.6	+1.0	+.5	+.5	+.8	+.7	+1.5	+.7	+.6	
Net return on securities	4.4	4.1	5.7	4.3	4.5	4.0	3.4	3.6	2.9	4.6	4.3	4.6	
Number of banks ²	313	17	57	64	74	52	19	22	8	82	184	47	Ne.e

Chicago Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

	All	Siz	e group	total	deposits	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)	Ratie total	o of tim I deposi	e deposi ts (per c	its to cent)
Item	groups	250 and under	250 500	500 1, 000	1, 000– 2, 000	2, 000– 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	$50.\ 6\\31.\ 2\\7.\ 3\\10.\ 9$	$\begin{array}{c} 63.\ 1\\ 23.\ 3\\ 5.\ 2\\ 8.\ 4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62.\ 2\\ 22.\ 6\\ 6.\ 6\\ 8.\ 6\end{array}$	56. 5 27. 6 6. 4 9. 5	50. 2 33. 2 7. 5 9. 1	42. 3 37. 9 8. 0 11. 8	38. 9 34. 6 10. 1 16. 4	39.136.78.216.0	30. 0 46. 6 3. 9 19. 5	52.626.59.111.8	51. 2 28. 7 8. 5 11. 6	48. 7 36. 0 5. 6 9. 7	51, 0 36, 6 3, 2 9, 2
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	30. 0 17. 6 1. 8 3. 7 19. 5	31.8 13.3 1.5 6.0 19.5	30. 4 16. 1 1. 5 4. 3 19. 8	29. 1 19. 2 1. 8 3. 7 18. 7	29.6 18.4 1.8 3.8 18.4	29. 1 19. 3 2. 1 3. 5 18. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 31.\ 4\\ 15.\ 6\\ 2.\ 2\\ 2.\ 8\\ 22.\ 4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 31.\ 7\\ 15.\ 1\\ 1.\ 8\\ 3.\ 2\\ 21.\ 5\end{array}$	35.710.91.34.120.8	$35.1 \\ 5.9 \\ 1.6 \\ 5.2 \\ 21.9$	$30.7 \\ 15.1 \\ 1.8 \\ 4.2 \\ 19.8$	27.224.81.92.618.0	25.032.31.62.417.7
Total expenses	72.6	72.1	72.1	72.5	72.0	72.8	74.4	73.3	72.8	69.7	71.6	74.5	79.0
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. 1	27.4 .2	27.9 +.7	27.9 2.0	$27.5 \\ 1.7$	28.0 +.1	27.2 +.1	25.6 +1.5	26.7 + 3.6	$27.2 \\ +8.3$	30.3 +.2	28.4 .5	25.5 +.3	21. 0 2. 5
Net profits	27.2	28.6	25. 9	25.8	28.1	27.3	27.1	30. 3	35.5	30.5	27.9	25.8	18. 5
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	8.9 .5	6.9 .2	8.5 .8	9.3 1.3	9. 2 . 2	8.9 .4	9.2 ³ .0	8.4 +.7	7.6 +.9	8.7 .4	9.1 .6	9.0 .4	7.3 .8
Net profits	8.4	6.7	7.7	8.0	9.0	8.5	9.2	9. 1	8.5	8.3	8.5	8.6	6. 5
Cash dividends declared	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.3	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.9	2.3	1.9	2. 4
Real estate assets	20.4	13.4	17.0	20.0	19.0	22.8	26.5	25.4	10.9	17.6	19.6	23.0	18.6
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3.3 2.4	3. 8 2. 7	3.8 2.7	3.5 2.5	3. 2 2. 3	3. 1 2. 2	3. 1 2. 3	2.6 1.9	1. 9 1. 4	3.0 2.1	3. 3 2. 3	3.5 2.6	3. 9 3. 0
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	3.0	1.1 ³ .0	1.1 .1	1.0 .1	3.0	3.0 3.0	3+:0	.7 +.1	.5 +.1	•.9 ₹.0	1.0 .1	3.0	.9 .1
Net profits	. 9	1.1	1.0	. 9	. 9	. 9	.8	.8	. 6	. 9	.9	. 9	. 8
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	$\begin{array}{r} 32.1\\ 34.3\\ 2.2\\ 31.3\end{array}$	37.8 27.7 2.2 32.2	41.0 28.0 2.2 28.7	36. 2 30. 9 2. 1 30. 7	31. 1 35. 0 2. 0 31. 8	26.7 40.0 2.2 30.9	25. 4 38. 7 2. 6 32. 9	23. 6 39. 5 2. 2 34. 4	17. 1 44. 6 .8 37. 0	$\begin{array}{r} 32.2\\ 27.6\\ 2.0\\ 38.0 \end{array}$	32.7 31.8 2.1 33.3	31. 1 39. 7 2. 4 26. 7	34. 2 42. 7 2. 0 21. 0
Total capital accounts	11.0	17.1	13. 3	11.1	10.6	10.0	9.4	8.6	6.9	11.4	11.0	10.6	11. 7
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	16.3	26.4	19. 1	16.3	16.2	14.7	14. 2	13.4	11. 1	18.9	16.8	14.6	14.9
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	12.5 43.7	20. 9 33. 7	15.6 41.8	12.6 44.6	12.0 44.3	11. 2 49. 1	10.7 43.6	9.5 38.5	7.5 20.2	13. 1 14. 5	12.5 38.0	12.0 60.5	13. 9 81. 7
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1. 5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1. 2	1.4	1.6	1.6
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	5.4	6.6	5.9	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.8	4.5	3. 2	5.1	5. 3	5.6	5.8
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.5	.7	.4	.6 .7	.4 .5	.6	.5	.4	.4.4	.4	. 4 . 5	.7 .7	. 2
Net charge-offs on loans ¹		+.4	3.0	.1	.1	3.0	. 1	.1	3+.0	3.0	.1	\$.0	. 3
Net return on loans	5.3	7.0	5. 9	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.4	3.2	5, 1	5. 2	5.6	5. 5
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	2.9	3. 3	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.3	1.9	2.8	2.8	3.0	2. 9
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.3 1.1 1.1	.2 .8 .8	.2 1.0 1.1	.3 1.1 1.2	.4 1.3 1.1	. 3 1. 1 1. 1	. 3 1. 1 . 9	.3 1.3 .9	.1 .9 .7	.2 .9 .8	.3 1.1 1.0	. 3 1. 2 1. 2	. 3 1. 5 1. 7
Net charge-offs on securities 1	+.3	+.2	+.1	+.2	+.6	+.3	+.5	+.7	+.3	+.3	+.4	+.3	+.1
Net return on securities	3.2	3.5	3. 1	3.2	3.6	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.2	3.1	3.2	3. 3	3. 0
Number of banks ²	782	28	117	195	169	134	75	53	11	136	334	284	28

St. Louis Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

	All	Siz	e group	-total	deposit	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)			e deposi ts (per c	
Item	groups	250 and under	250- 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000		Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	55.329.34.810.6	67. 9 19. 3 4. 2 8. 6	61. 7 26. 1 3. 7 8. 5	56. 3 30. 0 4. 0 9. 7	53.429.76.310.6	47. 9 34. 2 6. 6 11. 3	45. 1 34. 6 5. 3 15. 0	49.3 29.1 3.9 17.7	45. 0 36. 5 2. 6 15. 9	54.7 25.9 5.7 13.7	57. 3 27. 1 5. 2 10. 4	53. 0 35. 0 3. 6 8. 4	37.3 56.6 1.0 5.1
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	$28.1 \\ 16.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 4.9 \\ 18.6$	29.8 12.0 2.6 5.2 21.9	$28.3 \\ 16.1 \\ 2.2 \\ 5.7 \\ 18.8 $	26. 6 18. 8 2. 4 4. 9 18. 2	$27.8 \\ 16.3 \\ 2.7 \\ 5.1 \\ 17.2$	28.9 17.1 2.8 3.9 18.0	29. 4 18. 4 3. 3 2. 6 18. 4	$\begin{array}{c c} 30.1\\ 13.6\\ 2.2\\ 4.6\\ 21.7\end{array}$	31. 48. 32. 45. 322. 8	32. 5 5. 9 2. 7 6. 0 20. 5	28.4 17.0 2.5 4.8 18.6	24.0 24.5 2.6 4.0 16.8	21. 1 37. 2 .9 3. 1 16. 1
Total expenses	70.7	71.5	71.1	70.9	69.1	70.7	72.1	72.2	70.2	67.6	71.3	71.9	78.4
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	29.3 2.8	28.5 4.2	28.9 1.4	29. 1 2. 3	30.9 4.4	29.3 1.6	27.9 3.6	27.8 5.0	29.8 + 1.2	32.4 1.5	28.7 2.7	28.1 4.6	21.6 +4.5
Net profits	26.5	24.3	27.5	26.8	26.5	27.7	24.3	22.8	31.0	30.9	26.0	23.5	26.1
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings	8.9 1.2	6. 2 1. 1	8.5 .9	9. 1 1. 1	9.8 1.7	9.1 .8	8.6 1.1	9.2 1.7	7.8 .1	9.4 .8	8.7 1.2	8.9 1.6	6.4 +1.5
Net profits	7.7	5.1	7.6	8.0	8.1	8.3	7.5	7.5	7.7	8.6	7.5	7.3	7.9
Cash dividends declared	3.1	2.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.4	2.7	3.6	4.2	4.1	3.1	2.4	. 9
Real estate assets	24. 2	21.6	20.7	22.1	25.6	29.6	27.0	30.1	17.2	19.6	26.1	25.3	16.3
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	3.6 2.5	4.5 3.2	3. 8 2. 7	3. 9 2. 7	3. 5 2. 4	3. 2 2. 3	3. 1 2. 2	2. 7 2. 0	2. 0 1. 4	3. 4 2. 3	3. 7 2. 6	3. 7 2. 6	3. 4 2. 7
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. 1	1.1 .1	1.3 .3	1.1 .1	1.2	1.1 .2	.9 3.0	.9 .2	.7	3.0	1.1 .1	1.1	1.1 .2	.7 +.2
Net profits	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	. 9	. 9	.7	. 6	. 6	1.0	1.0	. 9	. 9
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	34. 4 30. 8 3. 0 31. 6	43. 4 21. 8 4. 9 29. 9	35.7 28.3 2.8 33.2	35. 4 31. 7 2. 8 29. 9	$ \begin{array}{r} 33.1 \\ 31.3 \\ 2.9 \\ 32.5 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 30.8 \\ 34.6 \\ 3.2 \\ 31.1 \end{array} $	29. 437. 62. 829. 9	31.9 29.4 2.8 35.6	$\begin{array}{r} 29.\ 6\\ 32.\ 1\\ 1.\ 4\\ 36.\ 5\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 33.8 \\ 26.7 \\ 2.6 \\ 36.7 \\ 36.7 \end{array} $	34. 4 28. 8 3. 3 33. 3	35. 6 37. 4 3. 0 23. 9	24.7 54.4 1.9 19.0
Total capital accounts	13.1	22.0	14.0	13.3	11.8	11. 1	10. 9	8.6	7.8	13.4	13. 2	12.5	12.4
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	19.5	32. 7	21. 7	19. 2	17.9	16. 7	15.9	13. 6	12.3	22. 0	19. 9	16.6	15.4
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	15.5 37.7	29. 0 32. 5	16. 6 34. 0	15.6 42,1	13.6 36.8	12.9 41.5	12.8 45.6	9.5 27.2	8.5 15.4	16. 1 13. 4	15.7 37.6	14.6 58.6	14. 2 78. 7
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.8	1.9	1. 9	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.9	1.7	1.8
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	6.0	7.4	6.7	6.2	5.9	5.2	4.9	4.2	3. 1	5.7	6.3	5.7	5.2
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	. 3 . 6	.4 1.0	. 3 . 6	.3.7	. 5 . 6	. 3 . 5	. 3 . 9	.3 .4	.3 .3	. 3 . 5	.4 .7	.2 .7	.3
Net charge-offs on loans	. 3	. 6	. 3	. 4	. 1	. 2	. 6	.1	3.0	. 2	. 3	. 5	. 3
Net return on loans	5.7	6.8	6.4	5.8	5.8	5.0	4.3	4.1	3.1	5. 5	6.0	5. 2	4.9
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 3	3.9	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.7	2. 2	3.2	3.4	3.2	3. 5
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.4 1.3 .9	.5 1.5 .2	.3 1.4 .6	.3 1.5 1.0	.2 1.1 .9	.7 1.1 1.1	.4 1.2 1.1	.6 1.1 1.5	.6 1.1 1.5	.4 1.3 .8	.3 1.3 .7	.6 1.2 1.3	.6 1.1 1.2
Net charge-offs on securities 1	+. 8	+1.8	+1.1	+.8	+.4	+.7	+.5	+.2	+.2	+.9	+.9	+.5	+.5
Net return on securities	4.1	5.7	4.5	4.3	3.6	3.9	3.4	2.9	2.4	4.1	4.3	3.7	4.0
Number of banks ²	381	30	65	108	81	54	18	18	7	91	190	93	7

Minneapolis Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

	All	Si	ze grou	-total	deposit	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)			e depos sits (pei	
Item	groups	250 and under	250 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000- 2, 000	2,000- 5,000	5, 000 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	30.3	54. 5 20. 8 4. 7 20. 0	55.6 22.9 3.2 18.3	47.3 31.9 3.8 17.0	41.7 37.2 5.1 16.0	37.7 39.5 5.9 16.9	39.4 36.5 6.5 17.6	42. 6 38. 9 4. 6 13. 9	42. 9 33. 1 2. 3 21. 7	43. 3 28. 4 5. 8 22. 5	50. 0 26. 1 5. 2 18. 7	47. 8 32. 7 3. 4 16. 1	36. 3 51. 9 2. 1 9. 7
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes. Other taxes. All other expenses	$\begin{array}{c} 30.\ 1\\ 18.\ 5\\ 2.\ 6\\ 3.\ 7\\ 19.\ 1\end{array}$	34. 3 13. 6 3. 6 4. 3 20. 5	29. 1 19. 0 2. 4 3. 5 18. 8	28.6 22.0 2.6 3.3 17.9	29. 2 19. 0 2. 3 4. 0 18. 6	31. 0 17. 3 2. 9 3. 2 19. 6	33. 9 11. 9 2. 6 3. 5 23. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 33.\ 0\\ 11.\ 6\\ 2.\ 1\\ 7.\ 0\\ 21.\ 0\end{array}$	34.6 8.9 2.0 4.1 22.5	34. 1 6. 7 3. 5 5. 1 20. 9	31. 8 14. 5 2. 9 3. 5 20. 4	28. 223. 12. 33. 517. 8	26. 0 33. 7 1. 3 3. 8 15. 5
Total expenses	74.0	76.3	72.8	74.4	73.1	74.0	75.2	74.7	72.1	70. 3	73.1	74.9	80. 3
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	$26.0 \\ 6.8$	23.7 15.0	27. 2 7. 1	25.6 6.5	26. 9 6. 0	26.0 3.1	24.8 5.5	25. 3 +10. 7	27.9 4.7	29.7 9.4	26.9 6.6	$25.1 \\ 6.5$	19. 7 6. 5
Net profits	19.2	8.7	20.1	19.1	20. 9	22.9	19.3	36.0	23. 2	20.3	20.3	18.6	13. 2
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	9.7 2.6	6. 6 4. 0	10.7 2.8	10. 5 2. 8	10. 1 2. 4	9.1 1.5	8.1 1.4	7.6 +2.5	7.0 1.0	9. 1 2. 5	9.7 2.3	10. 0 2. 8	7. 1 2. 0
Net profits	7.1	2.6	7.9	7.7	7.7	7.6	6.7	10.1	6.0	6.6	7.4	7.2	5. 1
Cash dividends declared	3.0	1.3	3.4	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.1	5.0	3. 3	2.8	2.7	3.2	3. 2
Real estate assets	24.1	25.0	23. 0	24.6	23.4	27.0	22.8	17.5	21.3	19. 9	25.7	24.3	13. 3
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	4. 2 3. 1	5.0 3.8	4. 8 3. 5	4. 2 3. 1	3.8 2.7	3. 3 2. 4	2.9 2.1	2.6 1.9	2. 2 1. 6	3. 8 2. 6	4. 2 3. 0	4. 3 3. 2	3. 7 2. 9
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	1.1 .3	1.2 .7	1.3 .3	1.1 .3	1.1 .3	.9	.8 .2	.7 +.2	.6 .1	1.2 .4	1.2 .3	1. 1 . 3	. 8 . 2
Net profits	.8	. 5	1.0	. 8	. 8	. 8	. 6	. 9	. 5	. 8	. 9	. 8	. 6
Loans	33.0 36.3 2.9 27.5	39.4 27.2 4.6 28.7	39.8 30.6 2.9 26.5	32.7 38.3 2.7 26.0	$27. \ 6 \\ 43. \ 1 \\ 2. \ 5 \\ 26. \ 6$	24.6 43.1 2.7 29.2	24.7 38.7 2.1 34.0	23. 4 38. 3 1. 6 36. 3	27.8 31.5 1.9 38.2	28. 1 31. 4 2. 5 37. 7	34. 1 32. 6 3. 2 29. 8	33. 8 39. 4 2. 8 23. 8	24. 6 51. 3 1. 5 22. 4
Total capital accounts	12.1	19. 1	12.8	11.1	10.6	9.9	9.1	9.2	8.8	13. 1	12.5	11.6	11.3
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	17.1	27.1	17.8	15. 3	14.6	14.4	14. 2	15.1	14.5	21. 5	18. 2	15.4	14. 7
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	14. 1 48. 8	24. 1 39. 0	14. 8 49. 3	12. 5 54. 7	11.9 51.6	11. 1 49. 2	10. 1 35. 2	10. 1 29. 7	9.8 17.9	15.7 18.4	14. 6 38. 7	13. 3 61. 4	12. 8 78. 9
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.7	2.0	2. 1	1.8	1. 5	1. 3	1. 1	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.8	1. 7
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	6.2	7.0	6. 8	6. 2	5.8	5. 2	4.7	5.7	3.4	6.0	6.3	6. 2	5.6
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.7	.7	.6	.5	.7	1.0	.7	3.6 3.1	.9	1.0 1.8	.9 1.0	. 5	. 3
Net charge-offs on loans ¹		1.2	.3	. 2	+.1	+.2	.2	+.5	+.3	.8	.1	. 3	.1
Net return on loans	6.0	5.8	6. 5	6.0	5.9	5.4	4.5	6.2	3.7	5. 2	6.2	5.9	5. 5
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 3	3. 5	3. 6	3. 3	3. 2	2. 9	2.5	2.4	2. 4	3. 1	3. 2	3. 3	3.8
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.4 .7 1.1	. 2 . 5 . 5	.4 .8 1.0	.4 .9 1.5	.3 .7 1.0	.5 .7 1.2	.2 .9 .9	.3 1.0 .8	.3 .6 1.0	.3 .4 .7	.3 .7 .8	.4 .9 1.3	. 2 1. 2 1. 6
Net charge-offs on securities 1	3+.0	+.2	+. 2	. 2	3.0	3+.0	+.2	+.5	.1	3.0	+.2	3.0	. 2
Net return on securities	3.3	3.7	3.8	3. 1	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.3	3.1	3.4	3. 3	3. 6
Number of banks ²	457	54	120	122	81	51	18	8	3	43	185	212	17

Kansas City Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

		Siz	e group	-total	deposits	in tho	usands	of dolla	rs)	Rati tota	o of tim I deposi	ie depos ts (per	sits to cent)
Item	All groups	250 and under	250 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000– 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	61. 2 21. 2 7. 7 9. 9	69.7 14.9 6.5 8.9	66.3 17.4 7.3 9.0	60. 3 22. 1 8. 0 9. 6	56. 1 24. 8 9. 1 10. 0	50. 8 28. 9 9. 1 11. 2	50. 3 30. 1 7. 6 12. 0	42. 4 34. 4 6. 3 16. 9	46. 5 31. 1 4. 4 18. 0	59.6 21.8 8.3 10.3	63. 5 19. 9 7. 2 9. 4	58.3 27.4 4.2 10.1	
Total earnings	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	34. 2 9. 1 2. 0 4. 1 19. 0	37. 2 7. 6 2. 0 4. 6 20. 3	34. 4 9. 1 2. 0 3. 9 18. 9	32.8 9.5 1.8 4.0 17.1	32.7 11.1 2.1 3.9 17.6	33.6 9.4 2.2 3.9 19.7	33. 6 9. 3 2. 0 4. 3 22. 5	33. 9 6. 9 3. 1 3. 9 25. 1	30. 0 5. 3 1. 5 5. 4 23. 9	35.8 5.6 2.1 4.3 19.9	32.4 12.8 1.9 3.8 18.2	29.5 21.9 2.9 3.0 14.2	
Total expenses	68.4	71.7	68.3	65.2	67.4	68.8	71.7	72.9	66.1	67.7	69.1	71.5	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	31.6 4.0	28.3 5.9	31.7 6.3	34.8 5.2	32.6 .9	31. 2 . 7	28.3 2.6	27.1 +6.8	33.9 +10.0	32. 3 2. 3	30. 9 6. 1	28.5 6.8	
Net profits	27.6	22.4	25.4	29.6	31.7	30. 5	25.7	33. 9	43. 9	30, 0	24.8	21.7	
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. 1	10. 9 1. 6	8.2 1.9	11.6 2.3	12. 1 1. 9	12.4 .5	· 10. 7 . 6	9.8 1.6	8.0 +.9	7.8 +2.1	10.4 .9	11.6 2.3	10. 0 2. 7	
Net profits	9.3	6.3	9. 3	10.2	11.9	10.1	8.2	8.9	9.9	9.5	9. 3	7.3	
Cash dividends declared	4.7	3.8	5.2	5.1	5.3	4.0	2.9	2.9	3.5	4.8	4.4	5. 0	
Real estate assets	16.8	14.3	15.8	16.3	17.1	22.4	21.3	20.1	18.7	16. 1	17.6	18.6	
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	4.3 2.9	5.0 3.5	4.8 3.2	4. 2 2. 7	3. 9 2. 6	3. 4 2. 3	2.8 2.0	2. 2 1. 6	1.9 1.2	4. 1 2. 7	4, 5 3, 1	4.1 2.9	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. 1	1.4 .2	1.5 .3	1.6 .3	1.5 .2	1.3 ³ .0	1.1	.8 .1	+.1	+.2	1.4 .2	1.4 .3	1.2 .3	
Net profits	1.2	1.2	1.3	1. 3	1.3	1.0	. 7	. 7	. 9	1.2	1.1	. 9	
Loans Securities. Real estate assets Cash assets	35.9 25.9 2.1 36.0	42.6 21.4 2.6 33.3	40. 7 23. 3 2. 2 33. 8	34. 2 27. 0 2. 0 36. 7	31. 4 29. 2 1. 9 37. 4	27.0 30.3 2.3 40.2	26.8 31.8 1.7 39.5	23.8 32.4 1.6 41.9	22.726.91.648.6	33.6 26.0 2.1 38.2	38.8 25.2 2.2 33.6	35. 3 32. 3 2. 4 30. 0	
Total capital accounts	13.4	18.7	14.1	12.6	11.0	10.4	8.4	8.2	8.5	13.6	13. 2	13.1	
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	21.3	28.8	21.6	20.4	18.0	17.9	14.0	14.8	16.7	22.4	20.1	19.0	
Ratio to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	15. 9 23. 9	23. 5 22. 1	16. 8 23. 9	14.7 24.1	12.4 27.8	11. 6 25. 4	9.3 23.4	9.0 14.8	9.4 12.3	16. 1 14. 9	15.6 33.5	15. 4 54. 1	
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.7	2.0	1, 9	1. 7	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.9	1.9	
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	7.5	8.5	8.1	7.7	7. 1	6.6	5. 2	4.2	3.9	7.5	7.6	7. 2	
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.8 1.0	.8 1.1	.7 1.0	.7 1.0	.7 .8	.7.7	.7 .5	1.4 1.3	.6 .3	.7 .8	.8 1.1	1.0 .9	
Net charge-offs on loans 1	. 2	. 3	. 3	. 3	. 1	3+.0	+.2	+.1	+.3	.1	. 3	+.1	
Net return on loans	7.3	8.2	7.8	7.4	7.0	6.6	5.4	4.3	4.2	7.4	7.3	7.3	
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 2	3.4	3.4	3. 2	3. 2	3.1	2.5	2.3	2. 2	3. 2	3.3	3.3	
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.3 .7 .4	$\begin{array}{c} .1\\ .7\\ .2\end{array}$.5 .7 .3	. 2 . 5 . 4	.3 .9 .5	.4 .7 .7	.2 .7 .8	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.5 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.0 \end{array} $.1 1.2 .3	.3 .7 .5	.4 .7 .4	.4 .5 1.1	
Net charge-offs on securities 1	+.6	+.6	+.9	+.3	+.7	+.4	+.1	+.7	+1.0	+.5	+.7	. 2	
Net return on securities	3.8	4.0	4. 3	3. 5	3.9	3.5	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.7	4.0	3.1	
Number of banks ²	734	137	208	160	105	71	25	22	6	402	310	22	None

Dallas Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

		Siz	e group	-total	deposits	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)			a"deposi ts (per o	
Item	All groups	250 and under	250– 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000 2, 000	2, 000– 5, 000	5, 000- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25~50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	19.1 5.7	78. 9 10. 3 3. 8 7. 0	69.3 17.1 5.2 8.4	64. 3 20. 2 6. 2 9. 3	61. 8 22. 9 7. 2 8. 1	$56.\ 4 \\ 25.\ 4 \\ 6.\ 0 \\ 12.\ 2$	53.326.77.812.2	53.5 26.2 5.9 14.4	57. 5 19. 5 2. 8 20. 2	67. 1 17. 9 5. 9 9. 1	59. 9 25. 8 4. 8 9. 5	41. 9 47. 1 2. 3 8. 7	
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes. Other taxes. All other expenses	4.9 4.5 4.4	$\begin{array}{r} 36.5 \\ 2.8 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.2 \\ 21.4 \end{array}$	36. 6 2. 8 4. 3 5. 1 20. 5	33. 8 4. 9 4. 4 4. 8 19. 7	32. 8 6. 1 4. 1 3. 8 19. 1	$ \begin{array}{r} 31.4 \\ 8.1 \\ 4.9 \\ 3.7 \\ 18.6 \end{array} $	34. 2 8. 9 5. 9 3. 5 22. 1	32. 5 9. 5 4. 8 3. 5 22. 1	$\begin{array}{r} 28.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.3 \\ 5.1 \\ 20.8 \end{array}$	34. 9 3. 5 4. 4 4. 6 20. 4	31. 9 12. 7 4. 9 3. 2 19. 4	29. 1 25. 2 2. 7 4. 2 18. 5	
Total expenses	68.5	69.4	69.3	67.6	65. 9	66.7	74.6	72.4	64.7	67.8	72.1	79.7	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. ¹	31. 5 1. 9	30. 6 5. 9	30.7 +.1	32.4 .9	34. 1 4. 2	33. 3 3. 7	25. 4 +3. 3	27.6 +2.7	35.3 +8.4	32. 2 2. 1	27.9 1.8	20.3 +18.6	
Net profits	29.6	24.7	30. 8	31. 5	29.9	29.6	28.7	30, 3	43.7	30.1	26.1	38.9	
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. 1	10.0 .9	7.7 1.7	9.3 .4	11.0 .5	12.0 1.8	11.5 1.5	8.3 +.7	8.4 +.6	7.8 +1.1	10. 1 . 9	9.2 .8	8.1 + 5.2	
Net profits	I	6.0	8.9	10.5	10.2	10.0	9.0	9.0	8.9	9.2	8.4	13.3	
Cash dividends declared	4.3	3.6	4.6	4.9	4.5	4.2	3.2	3.4	4.2	4.3	3. 9	9.2	
Real estate assets	20.4	15.0	18.0	19. 9	20.1	25. 7	34.6	31. 2	35. 5	19.7	24.8	9.3	
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	4.4 3.0	5.7 3.9	4.9 3.4	4.4 2.9	3. 9 2. 6	3.5 2.3	2.8 2.1	2.3 1.6	2. 2 1. 4	4.5 3.0	4.0 2.9	3. 0 2. 4	
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc. 1	1.4	1.8	1.5 $^{3}.0$	1.5 .1	1.3 .2	1.2	.7	.7 3+.0	.8 +.1	1.5 .2	1, 1 . 1	.6 +.6	
Net profits	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.0	. 8	.7	. 9	1.3	1.0	1.2	
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	36.0 21.9 2.8 39.1	45. 2 14. 4 3. 3 36. 9	39. 2 20. 3 2. 9 37. 6	34. 9 23. 3 2. 7 39. 0	32. 6 25. 7 2. 3 39. 3	28.526.72.941.7	$ \begin{array}{r} 26.8 \\ 24.6 \\ 3.1 \\ 45.1 \end{array} $	26. 1 26. 1 2. 6 44. 9	29.7 22.3 3.9 43.9	36. 6 20. 9 2. 8 39. 5	32. 9 26. 5 3. 0 37. 4	21.3 53.6 .8 24.2	
Total capital accounts	15.5	24.2	17. 2	14.1	11.8	11, 2	9.3	7.9	10.6	15.9	12.9	11.8	<u> </u>
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	25. 9	39.1	28.0	23. 9	19.9	19.8	18.2	14.7	19.6	26.8	20.8	16.2	
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	19.2 12.5	33. 2 9. 3	21.4 8.9	16.7 12.0	13.6 14.0	12.8 20.7	10.3 21.5	8.7 18.1	11.9 11.2	19.9 9.0	15.3 32.3	13. 8 60. 8	
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	. 1.6	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.4.	1.7	1.4	
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	8.3	10. 1	9.0	8.4	7.6	7.0	6.0	4.9	4.3	8.4	7.7	6.5	
Recoveries on loans Charge-offs on loans	.9 1.1	1.1 1.6	1.0 1.0	.8 .9	.7 .9	.6 .9	.8 .7	.4 .6	.4 .5	.9 1.1	.6 .9	.8 .4	
Net charge-offs on loans 1	. 2	. 5	3+.0	.1	. 2	. 3	+.1	. 2	.1	. 2	. 3	+.4	
Net return on loans	8.1	9.6	9.0	8.3	7.4	6.7	6.1	4.7	4. 2	8.2	7.4	6.9	
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 6	4.0	4.0	3.7	3. 4	3. 3	2.8	2. 2	2.1	3.6	3.6	2.8	
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	. 2 . 9 . 4	.3 .7 .3	.1 1.0 .2	.1 .9 .4	.1 .7 .3	. 2 1. 2 1. 0	.3 1.5 .7	.6 1.4 1.3	.6 1.3 .4	. 2 . 9 . 4	.3 1.0 .7	.0 1.2 .3	
Net charge-offs on securities 1	+.7	+.7	+.9	+.6	+.5	+.4	+1.1	+.7	+1.5	+.7	+.6	+.9	
Net return on securities	4.3	4.7	4.9	4.3	3.9	3.7	3.9	2.9	3.6	4.3	4.2	3.7	
Number of banks ²	535	95	127	131	84	46	19	29	4	458	74	3	None

(For footnotes see page 588.)

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San Francisco Federal Reserve District

[Averages of individual bank ratios expressed as percentages]

		Siz	e group	—total	deposit:	s (in the	ousands	of dolla	rs)			e depos ts (per c	
Item	All groups	250 and under	250- 500	500- 1, 000	1, 000– 2, 000	2, 000- 5, 000	5, 000– 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	Over 50, 000	Under 25	25-50	50-75	75 and over
Ratios to total earnings: Interest and discount on loans Interest and dividends on securities Service charges All other earnings	22.9 5.5	$\begin{array}{c} 66.\ 6\\ 15.\ 0\\ 6.\ 9\\ 11.\ 5\end{array}$	66, 4 18, 2 5, 8 9, 6	62. 2 22. 9 5. 8 9. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 63.8\\ 22.2\\ 4.8\\ 9.2\end{array}$	56.627.16.010.3	56. 9 23. 1 4. 5 15. 5	53.2 26.1 5.5 15.2	50. 8 32. 7 4. 2 12. 3	56.623.98.311.2	61.3 21.7 5.7 11.3	62.7 24.5 4.2 8.6	63. 5 25. 2 2. 0 9. 3
Total earnings	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0
Salaries and wages Interest on time deposits Real estate taxes Other taxes All other expenses	16.7 1,9 3.2	34.8 10.4 1.4 3.7 22.1	34. 4 14. 9 2. 6 2. 5 19. 2	30.3 17.5 1.7 3.1 18.5	30.9 16.5 1.8 3.4 17.8	30. 2 18. 1 1. 7 3. 4 16. 5	32.4 20.6 1.9 2.9 17.2	28.9 16.1 1.9 4.3 19.1	31.0 17.6 1.8 3.5 18.1	34.2 7.6 1.8 4.3 19.0	31. 5 14. 8 2. 0 2. 9 19. 2	30. 4 23. 3 1. 7 3. 2 16. 8	23.7 31.2 1.2 4.3 16.3
Total expenses	71.5	72.4	73.6	71.1	70.4	69. 9	75.0	70.3	72.0	66. 9	70.4	75.4	76.7
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	28.5 3.7	27.6 1.8	26.4 2.6	28, 9 5, 3	29.6 3.3	30, 1 . 6	25, 0 3, 9	29.7 3.2	28.0 7.5	33. 1 4. 2	29.6 4.4	24.6 1.4	23.3 8.6
Net profits	24.8	25, 8	23.8	23.6	26.3	29.5	21, 1	26.5	20.5	28.9	25. 2	23. 2	14.7
Ratios to total capital accounts: Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	10.3 1.7	7.8 1.0	9.2 1.4	10. 5 2. 3	11.7 1.7	10.6 .7	9.6 1.6	10.6 1.1	10. 1 2. 7	9.6 1.7	11. 2 2. 1	9.2 .9	7. 1 2. 1
Net profits	8.6	6.8	7.8	8.2	10.0	9.9	8.0	9, 5	7.4	7.9	9.1	8.3	5.0
Cash dividends declared	3, 5	2.3	3. 5	3.5	3.6	3.2	2.8	4.0	4.3	3.8	3.4	3.6	2.4
Real estate assets	25. 5	15.2	24.9	22.1	24.3	26.4	34.5	33.7	35.3	19.5	25.1	29.4	22, 2
Ratios to total assets: Total earnings Total expenses	4.1 2.9	5. 2 3. 8	4.7 3.4	4, 3 3, 0	4. 2 2. 9	3.7 2.6	3. 7 2. 7	3. 3 2. 3	3.0 2.2	3.6 2.4	4.2 2.9	4. 2 3. 1	4. 3 3. 3
Net earnings Net charge-offs, etc	1.2	1.4	1.3 . 2	1.3 .3	1.3	1.1 ³ .0	1.0 .2	1.0	.8	1.2 .2	1.3 .2	1.1 .1	1.0
Net profits	1.0	1.3	1, 1	1.0	1.1	1, 1	. 8	. 9	. 6	1.0	1, 1	1.0	. 6
Loans Securities Real estate assets Cash assets	39.6 27.0 3.0 30.2	47. 1 19. 5 2. 8 30. 4	43. 2 21. 7 3. 6 31. 4	40. 4 26. 8 2. 8 29. 8	41. 5 26. 2 2. 8 29. 4	35.3 30.6 2.8 31.1	38. 2 27. 5 3. 4 30, 6	$\begin{array}{r} 33.7\\31.2\\3.3\\31.5\end{array}$	31.2 38.8 2.9 26.6	30.926.42.640.0	39.5 25.9 2.9 31.5	43. 1 28. 9 3. 5 24. 3	45. 4 31. 8 3. 4 19. 2
Total capital accounts	12.2	19. 2	14.6	12.7	11.5	11.1	9.9	9.5	8.3	13.8	11.8	12.3	14.0
Ratio to loans, secs., and real estate assets: Total capital accounts	18.1	28.4	21.8	18.5	17.2	16.6	14.5	14.2	11.5	24.4	17.6	16.3	17.4
Ratios to total deposits: Total capital accounts Time deposits	14.3 42.6	24. 4 33. 2	17.5 40.3	14. 9 44. 3	13. 2 42. 5	12.6 45.7	11, 2 48, 7	10. 6 37. 9	9.1 42.0	16. 6 16. 0	13. 7 38. 7	14. 4 58. 9	16. 6 80. 9
Ratio to time deposits: Interest on time deposits	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1, 6	1, 4	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9
Ratios to loans: Interest and discount on loans	6.5	7.5	7.4	6. 7	6.6	6, 0	5. 5	5. 2	4.8	6.6	6, 6	6. 3	6. 2
Recoveries on loans	.4	1.4	.5	.5	.5	.2	.3	.3	. 3 1. 0	. 6	.5.8	.2	.1
Net charge-offs on loans ¹	. 3	+.9	.1	.3	.8	.2	. 2	.1	.7	+.1	.3		.4
Net return on loans	6.2	8.4	7.3	6.4	6.3	5.8	5.3	5, 1	4.1	6.7	6. 3	6, 0	5.8
Ratios to securities: Interest and dividends on securities	3. 3	4.2	3.6	3. 5	3. 5	3. 1	2.9	2.6	2.3	3. 2	3.4	3. 3	3. 1
Recoveries on securities Profits on securities sold Charge-offs on securities	.3 .9 .6	³ .0 1.4 .7	.3 1.1 .6	.2 .8 .5	.8 .8 .7	$\begin{smallmatrix}&&2\\1.0\\&.7\end{smallmatrix}$.4 1.0 1.3	.3 .7 .8	$\overset{\cdot}{\overset{\cdot}{\overset{}_{}}}_{\overset{\cdot}{\overset{}}\overset{}{\overset{}}}_{\overset{\cdot}{\overset{}}\overset{}{\overset{}}}$. 2 . 3 . 6	. 3 . 9 . 7	.4 1.2 .6	.9 1.0 1.6
Net charge-offs on securities 1	+.6	+.7	+.8	+.5	+.9	+.5	+.1	+.2	+.4	. 1	+.5	+1.0	+.3
Net return on securities	3.9	4.9	4.4	4.0	4.4	3.6	3.0	2, 8	2.7	3.1	-3. 9	4, 3	3.4
Number of banks ²	276	12	46	82	51	32	17	22	14	35	156	78	7

NUMBER OF COMMERCIAL¹ BANKS AND NUMBER OF NONMEMBER BANKS WITH CAPITAL STOCK SUFFICIENT AND INSUFFICIENT, RESPECTIVELY, TO MEET MINIMUM STATUTORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE MEMBERSHIP⁶, DEC. 31, 1939

,,,,	A	ll comme	rcial ban	ks		icient ca	commerc pital stor e membe	ek for Fe			fficient c	ommerci apital sto e membe	ock for F	
Federal Reserve District and State	(Trata)		G4.4.	Num	(Data)		ured nks	Unins ba	sured nks	Tetal		ired iks	Unin bai	
	Total num- ber	Na- tional	State mem- ber	Non- mem- ber	Total num- ber	On Par List	Not on Par List	On Par List	Not on Par List	Total num- ber	On Par List	Not on Par List	On Par List	Not on Par List
Boston New York Philadelphia	528 1, 032 894	311 596 586	42 172 66	175 264 242	141 224 225	107 214 218		34 10 7		34 40 17	15 32 14		19 8 3	
Cleveland Richmond Atlanta	1, 217 1, 001 1, 047	504 333 264	135 77 51	578 591 732	475 394 484	455 220 49	1 157 417	19 12 3	5 15	103 197 248	98 100 38	1 79 187	4 9 5	9 18
Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis	2, 446 1, 513 1, 299	539 314 386	265 78 81	1, 642 1, 121 832	1, 219 664 420	1, 024 412 74	126 222 339	55 22 4	14 8 3	423 457 412	311 233 47	65 165 325	35 33 8	12 26 32
Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	1, 860 951 557	660 481 213	76 63 69	1, 124 407 275	487 282 194	334 155 163	73 98 12	68 19 19	12 10	637 125 81	344 56 60	56 38 15	$202 \\ 22 \\ 5$	35 9 1
Total New England:	14, 345	5, 187	1, 175	7,983	5, 209	3, 425	1,445	272	67	2,774	1, 348	931	353	142
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	69 64 76 196 26 129	38 52 42 125 12 53	5 1 29 2 5	26 11 34 42 12 71	22 7 31 36 6 56	15 2 31 33 2 37		7 5 3 4 19		4 3 6 6 15	2 1 2 5 7		2 3 1 1 6 8	
Middle Atlantic: New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	741 364 1, 073	437 226 693	126 51 82	178 87 298	160 69 274	156 64 264		4 5 10		18 18 24	15 15 23		3 3 1	
East North Central: Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	847	244 125 327 82 105	100 23 77 131 29	344 344 443 239 440	298 286 372 202 297	292 269 349 183 193	3 13 94	6 14 10 19 8	2	46 58 71 37 143	46 55 52 33 78	 13 61	3 5 4 3	ī ī
West North Central: Minnesota Iowa Missouri. North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas.	680 646 631 167 165 423 674	191 108 86 50 41 135 182	18 35 56 23 13 21	471 503 489 117 101 275 471	206 284 248 60 53 158 183	22 204 184 	179 55 56 60 49 71	2 13 7 7 53	3 12 1 12 	265 219 241 57 48 117 288	31 150 167 2 3 33 119	206 32 38 45 44 44 1	$5 \\ 26 \\ 25 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 168$	23 11 11 9
South Atlantic: Delaware Maryland. District of Columbia. Virginia West Virginia North Carolina South Carolina Georgia. Florida	314 181 228 106 285	$ \begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 63 \\ 9 \\ 130 \\ 77 \\ 42 \\ 20 \\ 52 \\ 52 \\ 52 \end{array} $	4 10 5 32 19 9 5 18 4	25 104 8 152 85 177 81 215 113	20 77 4 102 73 100 48 134 74	20 75 4 74 62 12 2 8 8	27 5 84 41 119 63	2 1 6 4 2	 5 7 1	5 27 4 50 12 77 33 81 39	$3 \\ 26 \\ 4 \\ 34 \\ 9 \\ 31 \\ 2 \\ 8 \\ 12$	16 1 42 20 62 23	2 1 	 9 11
East South Central: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi	412 300 217 205	95 71 66 24	17 6 16 2	300 223 135 179	179 130 105 102	161 31 2 3	3 97 96 96	15 1 	1 7 3	121 93 30 77	93 19 3 1	5 67 26 68	19 1	4 6 1 8
West South Central: Arkansas. Louisiana. Oklahoma. Texas.	393	49 29 211 445	7 7 9 56	160 109 173 337	98 86 49 234	30 4 45 150	64 81 2 56	1 2 19	3 1 9	62 23 124 103	17 1 104 47	41 22 10 25	1 10 22	3
Mountain: Montana Idaho Wyoming Colorado. New Mexico Arizona. Utah Nevada.	58 145 41 12 59	43 18 26 78 22 5 13 6	25 10 9 13 5 2 20 1	43 23 23 54 14 5 26 4	41 17 14 29 7 3 20 4	$22 \\ 15 \\ 14 \\ 26 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 20 \\ 4$	19 	2		2 6 9 25 7 2 6	1 6 7 19 7 2 6	1 2 1 	5	
Pacific: Washington Oregon California	73	45 27 100	15 7 15	78 39 102	46 20 85	33 19 70	11	2 15		32 19 17	16 16 15	14 1	2 1 2	1

DEPOSITS OF COMMERCIAL³ BANKS AND DEPOSITS OF NONMEMBER BANKS WITH CAPITAL STOCK SUFFICIENT AND INSUFFICIENT, RESPECTIVELY, TO MEET MINIMUM STATUTORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE MEMBERSHIP⁶, DEC. 31, 1939 [In thousands of dollars]

				[In tl	ousands o	of dollars]								
	Depos	its of all co	mmercial	banks	banks	ts of nonz with suff deral Res	icient ca	apital st	ock	Deposits banks w for Fed	ith insu	fficient	capital	stock
Federal Reserve District and State						Insu ban		Unins bar	sured iks			ured nks	Unin bai	sured nks
	Total	Na- tional	State member	Non- member	Total	On Par List	Not on Par List	On Par List	Not on Par List	Total	On Par List	Not on Par List	On Par List	Not on Par List
Boston New York Philadelphia	3, 268, 478 18, 717, 326 3, 795, 900	2, 102, 959 7, 466, 827 2, 228, 532	638, 076 10, 218, 440 1, 002, 842	527, 443 1, 032, 059 564, 526	469, 330 981, 529 550, 836	256, 010 956, 874 547, 781		213, 320 24, 655 3, 055		58, 113 50, 530 13, 690	34, 997 49, 616 12, 387		23, 116 914 1, 303	
Cleveland Richmond Atlanta	2, 626, 308 2, 159, 669		$1,574,622\\621,469\\232,398$	675, 498	577, 670 481, 555 302, 655	524, 789 313, 805 70, 881	303 81, 517 225, 703	52, 578 82, 642 106	5, 965		110, 942 85, 567 37, 724	171 102, 828 73, 414	359 3, 334 2, 384	2, 214 3, 208
Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis	8, 387, 783 2, 301, 673 1, 447, 024	5, 330, 778 1, 195, 740 1, 040, 770	1, 621, 660 529, 098 84, 411	1, 435, 345 576, 835 321, 843	428, 385	970, 388 296, 810 53, 167	52, 492 115, 556 134, 666	84, 076 12, 301 272	3, 718	148,450	273, 182 87, 454 41, 966	31, 725 52, 756 79, 026	13, 263 4, 050 7, 383	2, 889 4, 190 4, 243
Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	2, 221, 174 1, 783, 097 5, 490, 632		270, 506 69, 986 917, 694	206, 353 598, 305	198, 993 154, 549 545, 398	508, 733	41, 496 3, 630	12, 416 33, 035	3, 028	52,907	37, 711 48, 229	7, 936 3, 065	35, 080 4, 747 1, 541	1, 410 72
Total	56, 754, 341	31, 558, 950	17, 781, 202	7, 414, 189	5, 994, 411	4,751,174	<u>673, 401</u>	542, 501	27, 335	1, 419, 778	942,006	358, 770	97, 474	21, 528
New England: Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	111,670	$119,890 \\74,032 \\57,800 \\1,488,179 \\106,968 \\318,843$	33, 468 1, 383 377, 863 145, 637 79, 725	51, 786 15, 331 53, 870 187, 112 71, 288 244, 840	44, 290 13, 002 51, 049 166, 509 63, 987 223, 318	6, 970 51, 049 107, 205		6, 032 59, 304		2,821 20,603	5, 452 1, 635 2, 821 16, 818		2, 044 694 3, 785 7, 301 9, 292	
Middle Atlantic: New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	17, 094, 600	6, 748, 497 872, 643 3, 038, 927	9, 687, 747 575, 804	658, 356 367, 267 695, 138	636, 780 342, 272 667, 138			19, 580 2, 562 50, 006					848	
East North Central: Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	2, 487, 474 937, 345 4, 781, 676 1, 621, 732 957, 718	1, 138, 257 517, 272 3, 508, 912 877, 081 536, 460	1, 009, 273 98, 051 875, 498 475, 764 107, 085	339, 944 322, 022 397, 266 268, 887 314, 173	265, 062 265, 842 361, 552 231, 906 223, 228	263, 372 255, 709 344, 698 183, 555 173, 064	909 6, 200	1, 690 9, 224 10, 654			74, 882 55, 300 30, 879 35, 129 61, 656	4, 332	880 349 1, 852 520	154 101
West North Central: Minnesota Missouri North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas	673, 233 1, 617, 521 76, 600 99, 393 334, 964	$744, 933 \\ 252, 220 \\ 736, 619 \\ 50, 886 \\ 61, 507 \\ 266, 001 \\ 245, 391 \\$	14, 083 100, 388 630, 084 12, 202 5, 507 23, 213	196, 733 320, 625 250, 818 25, 714 25, 684 63, 456 143, 695	107, 273 167, 457 180, 291 14, 448 14, 579 41, 362 69, 674	20,089	85, 453 23, 490 28, 021 14, 448 12, 269 17, 457		2. 583	89, 460 153, 168 70, 527 11, 266 11, 105 22, 094 74, 021	29, 463 125, 709 57, 968 1, 302 2, 404 11, 091 44, 167	8, 163 6, 039	6, 705 10, 183 3, 236 87 538 1, 833 29, 707	3, 131
South Atlantic: Delaware Dist. of Columbia Virginia. West Virginia. North Carolina Georgia. Florida.	732, 120 361, 541 635, 018 296, 833 506, 547 159, 052	$19, 145 \\ 387, 285 \\ 210, 659 \\ 386, 091 \\ 163, 176 \\ 114, 252 \\ 86, 057 \\ 338, 459 \\ 315, 000 \\ 15, 000$	$136,806\\144,428\\118,232\\112,745\\63,998\\200,633\\10,384\\70,749\\13,663$	49, 295 200, 407 32, 650 136, 182 69, 659 191, 662 62, 611 93, 329 83, 095	47, 769 179, 605 24, 741 104, 972 58, 858 79, 687 46, 464 65, 027 57, 887	47, 769 106, 174 24, 741 89, 497 55, 359 28, 331 22, 475 14, 320 18, 104	15, 270	205 1, 774 7, 232		$1, 526 \\ 20, 802 \\ 7, 909 \\ 31, 210 \\ 10, 801 \\ 111, 975 \\ 16, 147 \\ 28, 302 \\ 25, 208 \\ 1000 \\ 25, 208 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 2000 \\$	$1, 223 \\ 20, 739 \\ 7, 909 \\ 24, 057 \\ 7, 460 \\ 28, 021 \\ 2, 282 \\ 8, 424 \\ 11, 168 \\$	7, 153 563 83, 596 11, 516 18, 151 13, 049	303 63 2, 778 358 135	2, 214 1, 727
East South Central: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi	491, 696 577, 495 331, 671 210, 481	266, 208 439, 252 235, 344 71, 541	68, 540 39, 603 46, 874 14, 215	156, 948 98, 640 49, 453 124, 725	120, 474 68, 192 37, 227 82, 481	110, 923 30, 466 1, 696 2, 742	544 36, 731 33, 497 77, 596		889 2, 034 2, 143	36, 474 30, 448 12, 226 42, 244	33, 420 15, 668 5, 743 1, 499	12,847		303 540 15 3, 025
West South Central: Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	200, 758 551, 163 461, 299 1, 611, 383	116, 217 382, 191 407, 112 1, 409, 821	27, 126 59, 357 4, 912 46, 510	57, 415 109, 615 49, 275 155, 052	40, 682 89, 861 19, 261 117, 005	14, 800 14, 140 18, 262 85, 229	25, 498 75, 349 581 16, 704	418 12, 416	384 372 2, 656	16, 733 19, 754 30, 014 38, 047	6, 203 973 27, 086 27, 800	9, 938 18, 781 1, 436 4, 090	58 1, 492 4, 747	534 1, 410
Mountain: Montana Idaho Wyoming Colorado. New Mexico Arizona. Utah Nevada	$149, 913 \\100, 788 \\70, 032 \\344, 493 \\66, 136 \\91, 127 \\163, 566 \\41, 010$	85, 392 50, 812 50, 451 283, 941 52, 320 63, 955 74, 804 37, 776	43, 891 35, 479 5, 062 32, 768 2, 281 9, 789 59, 776 771	20, 630 14, 497 14, 519 27, 784 11, 535 17, 383 28, 986 2, 463	19, 947 12, 959 12, 553 16, 896 4, 678 9, 113 24, 692 2, 463	12, 553 15, 643 4, 182 9, 113 24, 692				$\begin{array}{c} 683\\ 1, 538\\ 1, 966\\ 10, 888\\ 6, 857\\ 8, 270\\ 4, 294 \end{array}$	370 1, 538 1, 656 9, 985 6, 857 8, 270 4, 294			
Pacific: Washington Oregon California	494, 900 313, 647 4, 305, 542	438, 001 278, 187 3, 034, 183	25, 694 4, 388 791, 262	31, 205 31, 072 480, 097	19, 063 23, 541 457, 294	15, 771 22, 947 428, 235	3, 036 594	256 29, 059		12, 142 7, 531 22, 803	9, 249 7, 207 21, 342	2, 813 252	80 . 1, 461 .	72

NONMEMBER COMMERCIAL BANKS WITH INSUFFICIENT CAPITAL STOCK TO MEET THE MINIMUM STATUTORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE MEMBERSHIP⁶, DECEMBER 31, 1939

		h insuffic		nmercial ital for F pership 6		Ban the	head offic	ing no bi ce city es uary 25,	ranches o tablished 1927	utside l after	Ban the	ks opera e head of after F	fice city	nches of establis 25, 1927	hed
Federal Reserve District and State	Num-	Cap- ital re-		al and de cember 3		Num-	Cap- ital re-		l and de æmber 3		Num-	Cap- ital re-	Capita on Dec	l and d cember 3	eposits 81, 1939
District and State	ber of banks	quired for mem- ber- ship ⁶	Cap- ital stock ²	Total cap- ital ac- counts ³	De- posits	ber of banks	quired for mem- ber- ship 6	Cap- ital stock ²	Total cap- ital ac- counts ³	De- posits	ber of banks	quired for mem- ber- ship ⁶	Cap- ital stock ²	Total cap- ital ac- counts ³	De- posits
Boston New York Philadelphia	34 40 17	8, 150 8, 200 2, 475	3, 704 7, 251 1, 418	10,529 9,661 2,779	58, 113 50, 530 13, 690	22 36 17	3, 750 6, 200 2, 475	1, 740 6, 476 1, 418	6, 731 8, 404 2, 779	$36, 500 \\ 42, 065 \\ 13, 690$	12 4	4, 400 2, 000	1, 964 775	3, 798 1, 257	21, 613 8, 465
Cleveland Richmond Atlanta	103 197 248	16, 625 42, 800 27, 750	7, 712 12, 532 9, 651	15, 934 27, 944 17, 685	111, 472 193, 943 116, 730	89 136 219	9, 625 11, 000 13, 250	5, 582 5, 695 6, 796	11, 975 13, 112 12, 857	84, 834 70, 485 83, 297	14 61 29	7, 000 31, 800 14, 500	2, 130 6, 837 2, 855	3, 959 14, 832 4, 828	26, 638 123, 458 33, 433
Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis	423 457 412	119, 200 35, 250 31, 925	21, 470 12, 097 9, 901	36, 859 21, 022 17, 721	321, 059 148, 450 132, 618	419	15, 700 16, 100 15, 425	8, 251 9, 162 7, 778	14, 908 16, 243 14, 396	124,799 111,201 111,238	207 38 45	$103, 500 \\ 19, 150 \\ 16, 500$	13, 219 2, 935 2, 123	$21,951 \\ 4,779 \\ 3,325$	196, 260 37, 249 21, 380
Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	637 125 81	28, 500 8, 650 9, 975	13, 579 4, 303 3, 709	25, 251 7, 306 6, 817	168, 462 51, 834 52, 907	637 117 70	28, 500 6, 400 4, 725	13, 579 3, 737 2, 341	25, 251 6, 205 4, 187	168, 462 40, 754 29, 095	8 11	2, 250 5, 250	566 1, 368	1, 101 2, 630	11,050 23,812
Total	2, 774	339, 500	107, 327	199, 508	1, 419, 778	2, 345	133, 150	72, 555	137, 048	916, 420	429	206, 350	34, 772	62, 460	503, 358
New England: Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut	3 6 6	2, 100 1, 800	625 175 286 1, 128 530 1, 383	1, 166 632 583 3, 526 1, 357 3, 939	7, 496 2, 329 2, 821 20, 603 7, 301 21, 522	3 1 3 4	500 100 600 800 2, 450	125 25 350 280 1, 383	542 57 2, 106 761 3, 939	1, 885 13, 280 3, 772 21, 522	2 3 2	1,500	625 50 261 778 250	$1, 166 \\ 90 \\ 526 \\ 1, 420 \\ 596 \\$	7, 496 444 2, 821 7, 323 3, 529
Middle Atlantic: New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	18 18		2, 274 4, 554 2, 200	4, 186 4, 801 4, 962	21, 576 24, 995 28, 000	15 17	2, 800 2, 700 3, 350	1, 799 4, 254 2, 025	3, 409 4, 321 4, 614	16, 148 21, 958 26, 600	1	500	475 300 175	777 480 348	5, 428 3, 037 1, 400
East North Central: Ohio Indiana Illinois Michigan Wichigan	58 71 37	17, 875 3, 775 12, 300	4, 738 4, 176 2, 219 3, 256	9, 686 7, 040 4, 096 5, 173	74, 882 56, 180 35, 714 36, 981	71 16	4, 700 3, 875 3, 775 1, 800 5, 325	2, 933 1, 769 2, 219 1, 042 2, 925	6, 313 2, 962 4, 096 1, 750 4, 856	51, 357 23, 771 35, 714 9, 378 37, 623	21	14,000 10,500	2, 407 2, 214	3, 373 4, 078 3, 423 7, 363	23, 525 32, 409 27, 603 53, 322
Wisconsin West North Central: Minnesota. Iowa Missouri. North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska. Kansas.	265 219 241 57 48 117	$12,200 \\ 63,300 \\ 11,150 \\ 4,700 \\ 3,675 \\ 4,550$	8, 153 5, 622 8, 220 5, 566 1, 129 1, 102 2, 175 6, 005	12, 219 10, 918 15, 785 9, 790 1, 710 1, 830 3, 747 11, 392	90, 945 89, 460 153, 168 70, 527 11, 266 11, 105 22, 094 74, 021	265 102 241 43 38	$\begin{array}{c} 3,323\\ 12,200\\ 4,800\\ 11,150\\ 1,200\\ 1,175\\ 4,550\\ 12,225\end{array}$	2, 920 5, 622 2, 560 5, 566 805 847 2, 175 6, 005	10, 918 4, 969 9, 790 1, 222 1, 451 3, 747	89, 460 44, 939 70, 527 7, 949 8, 572 22, 094 74, 021	117 14 10	2, 500	5, 660 324		
South Atlantic: Delaware	27 4 50 12 77 33 81	4, 700 800 10, 975 2, 150 21, 650 3, 425 5, 400	443 1, 662 395 2, 503 1, 013 6, 141 1, 318 2, 457	654 3, 964 1, 094 4, 727 1, 982 14, 638 2, 507 4, 691 3, 693	$\begin{array}{c} 1,526\\ 20,802\\ 7,909\\ 31,210\\ 10,801\\ 111,975\\ 16,147\\ 28,302\\ 25,208\end{array}$	20 4 32 11 45 30 80	825 1, 200 800 1, 975 1, 650 4, 350 1, 925 4, 900 3, 475	791 395 1, 055 963 2, 103 888 2, 382	2, 460 1, 094 2, 053 1, 781 4, 763 1, 929 4, 573	27,013	7 18 1 32 3 1	3, 500 9, 000 500 17, 300 1, 500 500	50 4, 038	1, 504 2, 674 201 9, 875 578 118 227	10, 515 17, 509 1, 024 90, 307 4, 103 1, 289 538
East South Central: Kentucky Tennessee Alabama Mississippi	93	1,725	888	5, 921 4, 725 2, 025 5, 317	36, 474 30, 448 12, 226 42, 244	83 83		1, 869 888	2,025	12, 226	10	5, 000	885		4, 075 10, 994
West South Central: Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	23	6, 850 4, 600	1, 744 2, 244	2, 687 2, 934 4, 211 5, 791	16, 733 19, 754 30, 014 38, 047	10 124	350 4,600	201 2, 244	392 4, 211	2, 543	13	6,000	636		6, 873 17, 211
Mountain: Montana Idaho Wyoming Colorado	26	50 150 225	40 95 95 613	88 209 259 1, 322	683 1, 538 1, 966 10, 888	2 6 9 25	50 150 225 1, 350	40 95 95 613	88 209 259 1, 322	683 1, 538 1, 966 10, 888					
New Mexico Arizona Utah Nevada		750 450 1, 850	200		6, 857 8, 270 4, 294					1, 787 1, 421	2	450	200		5, 070 8, 270 2, 873
Pacific: Washinton Oregon California	. 19	1,900	662	1, 565 989 3, 184	12, 142 7, 531 22, 803	31 17 13	900	488	681	4,764		500 1,000 2,000	174	1 308	3, 400 2, 767 10, 173

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

NUMBER OF NONMEMBER COMMERCIAL BANKS WITH SUFFICIENT CAPITAL STOCK TO MEET THE MINIMUM STATUTORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE MEMBERSHIP, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS®, DECEMBER 31, 1939

	Total				Numb	er with dep	osits of			
Federal Reserve District	number ⁴	Under \$100,000	\$100,000- 249,000	\$250,000- 499,000	\$500,000- 999,000	\$1,000,000- 1,999,000	\$2,000,000- 4,999,000	\$5,000,000- 9,999,000	\$10,000,000- 49,999,000	\$50,000,000- and over
Boston New York Philadelphia. Cleveland. Richmond Atlanta. Chicago St. Louis. Minneapolis. Kansas City Dallas. San Francisco.	225 475 394 484 1, 219 664	$egin{array}{cccc} 3 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 9 & 9 & 17 & 7 & 9 & 19 & 17 & 26 & 22 & 22 & 22 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 $	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\5\\16\\70\\83\\140\\245\\183\\114\\193\\78\\34\end{array}$	9 22 35 147 109 154 482 209 160 175 97 63	$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 48\\ 48\\ 108\\ 100\\ 104\\ 272\\ 167\\ 100\\ 65\\ 56\\ 40\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 32\\ 60\\ 61\\ 78\\ 60\\ 45\\ 113\\ 55\\ 22\\ 22\\ 22\\ 20\\ 16\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 45\\ 49\\ 40\\ 52\\ 19\\ 18\\ 68\\ 19\\ 4\\ 4\\ 5\\ 18\\ \end{array} $	10 17 7 9 7 2 19 4 1 2 4 3	7 18 13 6 7 2 9 3 	1 3 1 1 2
Total	5, 209	128	1, 165	1,662	1, 137	584	341	85	72	7
Insured banks on par list Uninsured banks on par list Insured banks not on par list 'Uninsured banks not on par list.	3,425 272 1,445 67	50 20 53 5	652 54 430 29	1, 044 71 533 14	760 44 318 15	469 17 95 3	306 20 14 1	78 6 1	58 13 1	6 1
Total	5, 209	128	1, 165	1,662	1, 137	584	341	85	72	7

NUMBER OF NONMEMBER COMMERCIAL BANKS WITH INSUFFICIENT CAPITAL STOCK TO MEET THE MINIMUM STATUTORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE MEMBERSHIP, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS 9, DECEMBER 31, 1939

	Total		Numb	er with depo	sits of—	
Federal Reserve District	number ⁵	Under \$100,000	\$100,000- 249,000	\$250,000 499,000	\$500,000- 999,000	\$1,000,000 and over
Boston New York Philadelphia. Cleveland. Richmond. Atlanta. Chicago St. Louis. Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas. San Francisco.	$ \begin{array}{r} 40 \\ 17 \\ 103 \\ 197 \\ 248 \\ 423 \\ 457 \\ 412 \\ 637 \\ \end{array} $	1 1 11 54 13 111 44 185 30 9	2 3 200 47 85 82 202 213 284 43 284 43 27	7 3 1 12 49 38 112 66 94 94 84 17 9	5 9 25 44 34 110 45 39 48 19	$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 26\\ 4\\ 444\\ 37\\ 103\\ 33\\ 22\\ 33\\ 16\\ 15\\ 15\\ \end{array}$
Total	2, 774	460	1,008	492	397	397
Insured banks on par list Uninsured banks on par list Insured banks not on par list. Uninsured banks not on par list Total	353 931	124 125 144 67 460	386 123 446 53 1,008	238 48 190 16 492	$ \begin{array}{r} 281 \\ 16 \\ 95 \\ 5 \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ \overline{} \\ $	318 22 56 1 397

NUMBER OF NONMEMBER COMMERCIAL BANKS WITH INSUFFICIENT CAPITAL STOCK TO MEET THE MINIMUM STATUTORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE MEMBERSHIP, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO AMOUNT OF CAPITAL STOCK ⁶, DECEMBER 31, 1939

•	Total		Nu	mber with ca	pital stock ²	of—	
Federal Reserve District	number	Under \$15,000	\$15,000- 24,900	\$25,000- 49,900	\$50,000 99,900	\$100,000- 199,900	\$200,000 and over
Boston New York Philadelphia	$\begin{array}{r} 40\\ 17\\ 103\\ 197\\ 248\\ 423\\ 457\\ 412\\ 637\end{array}$	1 1 16 31 28 120 108 242 14 12	$\begin{array}{c} & 1 \\ 21 \\ 47 \\ 112 \\ 106 \\ 229 \\ 216 \\ 275 \\ 61 \\ 33 \end{array}$	4 . 1 15 43 32 107 44 42 49 23 8	8 7 53 53 50 116 41 36 53 18 14	17 25 9 25 29 20 58 22 8 18 9 13	4 8 3 9 3 8 1 2
San Francisco	2, 774	573	1, 101	368	440	253	39
Insured banks on par list Uninsured banks on par list Insured banks not on par list Uninsured banks not on par list	353		417 125 491 68	236 18 109 5	316 33 87 4	188 43 21 1	27 1 11
Total	2, 774	573	1, 101	368	440	253	39

COMMERCIAL BANKS ELIGIBLE AND INELIGIBLE FOR FEDERAL RESERVE MEMBERSHIP

Footnotes to tables appearing on pages 602-605.

¹ Comprises national banks, State member banks, other State banks, Morris Plan and other industrial banks, and trust companies (a few of which have no deposits). Does not include 551 mutual savings banks, 63 private banks, 10 branches of foreign banks, 44 cash depositories (in South Carolina), and 21 inactive banks and miscellaneous financial institutions sometimes included in State banking statistics.

² Including capital notes and debentures sold to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

^a Capital stock, surplus, undivided profits, and reserves. ⁴ These totals include, and the distribution by amount of deposits excludes, 28 banks with no deposits or for which deposit figures were not available.

These totals include, and the distribution by amount of deposits excludes, 20 banks with no deposits or

for which deposit figures were not available. ⁶ The amounts of capital required for Federal Reserve membership are set forth in Regulation H. The following selected paragraphs are taken from that regulation:

A State bank, other than a mutual savings bank, must possess a paid-up, unimpaired * capital sufficient to entitle it to become a national banking association in the place where it is situated under the provisions of the National Bank Act, except in the following circumstances, in which case such a bank may be admitted to membership with a lesser capital as indicated:

Any such institution organized prior to June 16, 1933 (the date of the approval of the Banking Act of 1933) situated in a place the population of which does not exceed 3,000 inhabitants and at the time of admission having a capital of not less than \$25,000;

Any such institution (whether or not organized prior to June 16, 1933) situated in a place the population of which does not exceed 3,000 inhabitants and which at the time of admission is entitled to the benefits of insurance under section 12B of the Federal Reserve Act and has a capital of not less than \$25,000.

The minimum capital required for the organization of a national bank, referred to hereinbefore in connection with the capital required for admission to membership in the Federal Reserve System, is as follows:

If located in a city or town with a population	Minimum Capital
Not exceeding 6,000 inhabitants	\$ 50,000
Exceeding 6,000 but not exceeding 50,000 inhabitants	100,000
Exceeding 50,000 inhabitants (except as stated below)	200,000
In an outlying district of a city with a population exceeding 50,000 inhabitants; provided State law permits organization of State banks in such location with a capital of \$100,000 or less	100,000

Before any nonmember State bank having a branch or branches established after February 25, 1927, beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the bank is situated is admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System, it must obtain the approval of the Board for the retention of such branches; and any provisions contained in this section of this regulation which by their terms relate to the establishment or retention of branches by member State banks are equally applicable to the retention by a nonmember State bank applying for membership and having any branches previously established.

* * a member State bank which establishes a branch beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which it is situated must have a paid-in and unimpaired capital stock of not less than \$500,000, except that, in a State with a population of less than 1,000,000, and which has no city located therein with a population exceeding 100,000, the capital stock shall be not less than \$250,000, and except that, in a State with a population of less than 500,000, and which has no city located therein with a population exceeding 50,000, the capital stock shall be not less than \$100,000. In any such case, the aggregate capital stock of the member State bank and its branches shall at no time be less than the aggregate minimum capital stock required by law for the establishment of an equal number of national banking associations situated in the various places where such member State bank and its branches are situated.

^{*} Section 345 of the Banking Act of 1935 provides in part that: "If any part of the capital of a national bank, State member bank, or bank applying for membership in the Federal Reserve System consists of preferred stock, the determination of whether or not the capital of such bank is impaired and the amount of such impairment shall be based upon the par value of its stock even though the amount which the holders of such preferred stock shall be entitled to receive in the event of retirement or liquidation shall be in excess of the par value of such preferred stock. If any such bank or trust company shall have outstanding any capital notes or deben-tures of the type which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to purchase pursuant to the provisions of section 304 of the Emergency Banking and Bank Conservation Act, approved March 9, 1938, as amended, the capital of such bank may be deemed to be unimpaired if the sound value of its assets is not less than its total liabilities, including capital stock, but excluding such capital notes or debentures and any obligations of the bank expressly subordinated thereto."

ALL MEMBER BANKS—CONDITION ON SELECTED CALL DATES

MARCH 4, 1935, TO MARCH 26, 1940

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	1935 March 4	1936 March 4	1937 March 31	1938 March 7	1939 March 29	1939 Dec. 30	1940 March 26
Assets							
Loans (including overdrafts) ¹ United States Government direct obligations Obligations guaranteed by United States Government Obligations of States and political subdivisions Other bonds, notes, and debentures, including obliga- tions of Government corporations and agencies not	11, 953, 152 9, 820, 993 1, 199, 664 2, 016, 709	12, 098, 516 10, 564, 400 1, 879, 722 2, 270, 099	13, 699, 294 10, 856, 351 1, 861, 336 2, 350, 032	13, 546, 245 10, 625, 221 1, 826, 966 2, 208, 781	13, 047, 275 10, 690, 610 2, 660, 145 2, 554, 651	13, 961, 820 11, 184, 195 3, 143, 960 2, 691, 687	13, 939, 408 11, 313, 710 3, 107, 056 2, 904, 862
guaranteed by United States ¹ Corporate stocks (including Federal Reserve bank stock). Total loans and investments Reserve with Federal Reserve banks Cash in vault	2, 756, 402 524, 530 28, 271, 450 4, 517, 625 534, 293	2, 971, 585 503, 666 30, 287, 988 5, 784, 077 623, 518	3, 215, 554 542, 436 32, 525, 003 6, 613, 340 662, 310	2, 768, 800 545, 156 31, 521, 169 7, 248, 811 603, 541	2, 687, 973 454, 331 32, 094, 985 9, 112, 434 776, 978	2, 519, 369 439, 477 33, 940, 508 11, 603, 504 841, 215	2, 464, 916 433, 105 34, 163, 057 12, 279, 162 862, 162
Demand balances with banks in United States (except) private banks and American branches of foreign banks). Other balances with banks in United States and foreign	3, 266, 060	3, 813, 065	3, 312, 519	3, 461, 582	4, 280, 654	5, 370, 257	5, 499, 427
countries ³	⁶ 255, 524 38, 083 ⁷ 1, 474, 792 1, 003, 788 324, 369	213, 532 3,000 1, 718, 306 998, 653 371, 344	185, 494 3, 787 1, 973, 621 981, 712 368, 868	$181, 263 \\ 2, 326 \\ 1, 406, 710 \\ 971, 875 \\ 341, 875$	168, 179 3, 551 1, 481, 467 941, 876 314, 835	159,9087,8271,807,370924,273287,709	157, 902 3, 400 1, 561, 722 922, 049 271, 712
Investments and other assets indirectly representing bank premises or other real estate ¹	217, 545	167, 534	202,067	134, 473	146, 451 106, 764	130,774 107,543	132, 005 97, 936
Customers' liability on acceptances Income accrued but not yet collected Other assets	} 362, 026	252, 460	226, 756	252, 212	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 105,397\\ 111,097\end{array}\right.$	100, 159 79, 902	105, 442 177, 061
Total assets	40, 265, 555	44, 233, 477	47, 055, 477	46, 125, 837	49, 644, 668	55, 360, 949	56, 233, 037
Liabilities							
Demand deposits—Total Individuals, partnerships, and corporations United States Government ³ States and political subdivisions Banks in United States and foreign countries ²	24, 008, 376 14, 872, 114 1, 269, 713 1, 861, 412 5, 264, 483	28, 021, 554 17, 927, 045 599, 587 2, 173, 455 6, 542, 170	29, 950, 160 20, 084, 779 414, 722 2, 564, 303 6, 209, 707	28, 652, 321 19, 116, 334 752, 141 2, 236, 537 5, 980, 911	32, 051, 080 20, 845, 004 774, 701 2, 466, 695 7, 431, 195	37, 487, 815 24, 603, 982 742, 566 2, 321, 334 9, 256, 645	38, 197, 036 24, 965, 017 725, 496 2, 498, 759 9, 449, 292
Certified and officers' checks, cash letters of credit and travelers' checks, etc	740, 654 10, 945, 297 9, 203, 139 399, 113 290, 033 153, 012 34, 053, 673 957	779, 297 10, 451, 894 9, 783, 716 167, 114 343, 873 157, 191 38, 473, 448 70, 831	676, 649 11, 164, 318 10, 639, 144 97, 371 268, 739 159, 064 41, 114, 478 84, 142	566, 398 11, 594, 357 10, 845, 173 89, 588 512, 129 147, 467 40, 246, 678 129, 332	533, 485 11, 615, 416 10, 939, 547 68, 276 461, 156 146, 437 43, 666, 496 151, 175	563, 288 11, 852, 337 11, 215, 109 51, 330 432, 173 153, 725 49, 340, 152 150, 938	558, 472 11, 980, 466 11, 367, 680 51, 924 411, 210 149, 652 50, 177, 502 142, 555
Due to own foreign branches. Bills payable, rediscounts, and other liabilities for bor- rowed money. Acceptances outstanding. Dividends declared but not yet payable 4. Income collected but not yet earned. Expenses accrued and unpaid. Other liabilities.	24, 683 235, 166 12, 674 831, 093	24, 269 183, 582 16, 830 282, 292	23, 613 226, 089 33, 216 249, 264	32, 866 145, 231 17, 762 202, 121	$\begin{array}{c} 7, 455\\ 120, 768\\ 30, 951\\ (\ \ 48, 168\\ \{ \ \ 92, 205\\ \ \ 60, 381 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,241\\ 123,755\\ 37,968\\ 56,310\\ 68,690\\ 58,136\end{array}$	2, 247 108, 670 30, 500 60, 492 88, 916 60, 479
Total liabilities	35, 158, 246	39, 051, 252	41, 730, 802	40, 773, 990	44, 177, 599	49, 839, 190	50, 671, 361
Capital Accounts							
Capital Surplus Undivided profits 4 Reserves for contingencies and other capital accounts 2	2, 679, 659 1, 654, 606 419, 272 353, 772	$2, 621, 711 \\1, 721, 348 \\493, 141 \\346, 025$	$2, 454, 266 \\1, 952, 805 \\580, 907 \\336, 697$	$2, 427, 058 \\2, 020, 279 \\611, 508 \\293, 002$	2, 394, 184 2, 096, 664 670, 798 305, 423	2, 363, 229 2, 166, 392 674, 734 317, 404	2, 348, 205 2, 179, 505 714, 549 319, 417
Total capital accounts	5, 107, 309	5, 182, 225	5, 324, 675	5, 351, 847	5, 467, 069	5, 521, 759	5, 561, 676
Total liabilities and capital accounts	40, 265, 555	44, 233, 477	47, 055, 477	46, 125, 837	49, 644, 668	55, 360, 949	56, 233, 037
Net demand deposits subject to reserve Demand deposits—adjusted ⁵ Number of banks	19, 508, 098 15, 999, 388 6, 422	22, 498, 578 19, 161, 491 6, 377	24, 668, 338 21, 352, 110 6, 367	23, 789, 968 20, 512, 559 6, 335	26, 301, 964 22, 363, 717 6, 331	30, 325, 868 25, 681, 234 6, 362	31, 159, 647 26, 460, 526 6, 377

ALL MEMBER BANKS-CONDITION ON MARCH 26, 1940

BY CLASSES OF BANKS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	All member	All national	All State member		eserve city banks 1	Reserve city	Country member
	banks	member banks	banks	New York	Chicago	member banks ¹	banks 1
Assets							
Loans (including overdrafts) United States Government direct obligations Obligations guaranteed by United States Government Obligations of States and political subdivisions Other bonds, notes, and debentures, including obliga- tions of Government corporations and agencies not	13, 939, 408 11, 313, 710 3, 107, 056 2, 904, 862	9, 038, 281 7, 063, 908 1, 891, 018 1, 917, 214	4, 901, 127 4, 249, 802 1, 216, 038 987, 648	3, 211, 095 3, 685, 522 1, 286, 161 725, 635	564, 172 1, 180, 194 138, 954 174, 725	5, 304, 505 4, 106, 618 962, 874 928, 460	4, 859, 636 2, 341, 376 719, 067 1, 076, 042
tions of Government corporations and agencies not guaranteed by United States ² . Corporate stocks (including Federal Reserve bank stock). Total loans and investments. Reserve with Federal Reserve banks	2, 464, 916 433, 105 34, 163, 057 12, 279, 162	1, 674, 256 217, 862 21, 802, 539 6, 948, 128	790, 660 215, 243 12, 360, 518 5, 331, 034	526, 998 158, 950 9, 594, 361 6, 385, 822	136, 994 27, 146 2, 222, 185 908, 760	699, 612 150, 868 12, 152, 937 3, 336, 320	1, 101, 312 96, 141 10, 193, 574 1, 648, 260
Cash in vault. Demand balances with banks in United States (except	862, 162	622, 890	239, 263	0, 385, 822 83, 786	25, 186	364, 479	388, 711
private banks and American branches of foreign banks)	5, 499, 427	4, 250, 215	1, 249, 212	160, 139	181, 812	2, 572, 350	2, 585, 126
countries ² Due from own foreign branches	157, 902 3, 400 1, 561, 722	114, 511 2, 590	43, 391 810	16, 238 810	14, 538	65, 175 2, 590	61, 951
Cash items in process of collection	$1,561,722 \\922,049 \\271,712$	985, 523 598, 059 127, 651	576, 199 323, 990 144, 061	568, 419 205, 640 28, 444	109, 161 20, 181 4, 197	670, 953 319, 427 96, 577	213, 189 376, 801 142, 494
premises or other real estate	132,005 97,936 105,442	66, 980 52, 118 63, 485	65, 025 45, 818 41, 957	11, 437 68, 567 34, 066	831 3, 513 9, 263	91, 645 24, 079 43, 522	28, 092 1, 777 18, 591
Other assets	177, 061 56, 233, 037	38, 613 35, 673, 311	138, 448 20, 559, 726	16, 421 17, 174, 150	6, 966 3, 506, 593	29, 561 19, 769, 615	124, 113 15, 782, 679
Liabilities							
Demand deposits —Total Individuals, partnerships, and corporations United States Government ³ States and political subdivisions Banks in United States and foreign countries ² Certified and officers' checks, cash letters of credit and travelers' checks, etc	38, 197, 036 24, 965, 017 725, 496 2, 498, 759 9, 449, 292 558, 472	23, 699, 938 15, 117, 711 525, 913 1, 804, 798 5, 925, 638 325, 878 8, 241, 100	14, 497, 098 9, 847, 306 199, 583 693, 961 3, 523, 654 232, 594	14, 495, 291 9, 652, 110 68, 284 218, 541 4, 296, 213 260, 143	2, 737, 097 1, 502, 646 79, 651 133, 103 1, 004, 097 17, 600	13, 082, 506 7, 978, 343 430, 518 942, 025 3, 581, 427 150, 193 4, 727, 566	7, 882, 142 5, 831, 918 147, 043 1, 205, 090 567, 555 130, 536
Time deposits Total Individuals, partnerships, and corporations ² Postal savings ³ Postal savings ³ States and political subdivisions Banks in United States and foreign countries ² Total deposits Due to own foreign branches Due to own foreign branches	50 177 502	8,241,100 7,767,615 41,669 327,753 104,063 31,941,938 111,055	3, 739, 366 3, 600, 065 10, 255 83, 457 45, 589 18, 236, 464 31, 500	782, 833 741, 601 35, 176 6, 056 15, 278, 124 142, 555	498, 162 482, 467 4, 500 11, 195 3, 235, 259	4, 727, 566 4, 386, 178 12, 269 214, 290 114, 829 17, 810, 072	5, 971, 905 5, 757, 434 35, 155 150, 549 28, 767 13, 854, 047
Due to own foreign branches. Bills payable, rediscounts, and other liabilities for bor- rowed money. Acceptances outstanding. Dividends declared but not yet payable. Income collected but not yet earned. Expenses accrued and unpaid. Other liabilities.	108,670	1, 794 58, 325 17, 206 40, 762 54, 076 19, 451	453 50, 345 13, 294 19, 730 34, 840 41, 028	75, 313 12, 228 10, 206 16, 850 37, 498	3, 622 1, 380 1, 960 10, 841 716	$127 \\ 27, 877 \\ 14, 429 \\ 30, 095 \\ 40, 056 \\ 14, 219$	2, 120 1, 858 2, 463 18, 231 21, 169 8, 046
Total liabilities	50, 671, 361	32, 243, 707	18, 427, 654	15, 572, 774	3, 253, 778	17, 936, 875	13, 907, 934
Capital Accounts					-		
Capital Surplus. Undivided profits. Reserves for contingencies and other capital accounts ²	2, 348, 205 2, 179, 505 714, 549 319, 417	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	827, 032 956, 237 239, 871 108, 932	548, 476 814, 610 179, 605 58, 685	$\begin{array}{c} 101,500\\ 87,260\\ 31,476\\ 32,579\end{array}$	783, 707 677, 630 245, 963 125, 440	914, 522 600, 005 257, 505 102, 713
Total capital accounts	5, 561, 676	3, 429, 604	2, 132, 072	1, 601, 376	252, 815	1, 832, 740	1, 874, 745
Total liabilities and capital accounts		35, 673, 311	20, 559, 726	17, 174, 150	3, 506, 593	19, 769, 615	15, 782, 679
Net demand deposits subject to reserve Demand deposits—adjusted 4 Number of banks	31, 159, 647 26, 460, 526 6, 377	18, 480, 038 16, 262, 864 5, 178	12, 679, 609 10, 197, 662 1, 199	13, 766, 733 9, 562, 375 36	2, 447, 743 1, 544, 188 13	9, 845, 386 8, 399, 608 345	5, 099, 785 6, 954, 355 5, 98

Excluding member banks in outlying sections of some cities authorized to carry lower reserves.
 This is a combination of two or more items shown separately on June and December call dates.
 United States Treasurer's time deposits, open account, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.
 Demand deposits other than interbank and United States Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to gold, international capital transactions of the United States, and financial developments abroad. The data are compiled for the most part from regularly published sources such as central and commercial bank statements and official statistical bulletins; some data are reported to the Board directly. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Back figures may in most cases be obtained from earlier BULLETINS and from Annual Reports of the Board of Governors for 1937 and earlier years. Daily and monthly press releases giving daily and monthly average foreign exchange rates will be sent without charge to those wishing them. Other data on the following pages are not regularly released prior to publication.

JUNE 1940

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GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS

						[In mi	llions of	dollars]								
	,				Cou	ntries in	Tripart	ite Acco	rd				Othe	r countri	85	
End of mo:	nth		Total ¹ (52 coun- tries)	United States	United King- dom	France	Bel- gium ¹	Neth- er- lands	Switze Na- tional Bank	B.I.S.	Ar- gen- tina	Bra	azil Br is Inc	h bu		Ohile
1934—December 1935—December 1936—December 1937—December 1938—December			21, 051 21, 604 22, 630 23, 964 25, 468	8, 238 10, 125 11, 258 12, 760 14, 512	1, 584 1, 648 2, 584 2, 689 2, 690	5, 445 4, 395 2, 995 2, 564 2, 435	590 611 632 597 581	573 438 490 930 995	624 454 655 648 699	4 8 11 5 14	403 444 501 469 431		17 2 25 2 32 2	175 1 176 1 1775 2 1774 2 1774 2	9 189 0 188 4 184	29 29 29 30 30
1939—April May June July August September October November December			$\begin{array}{c} 24,944\\ 25,119\\ 25,270\\ 25,492\\ 26,097\\ 25,234\\ 25,303\\ 25,513\\ 25,702\\ \end{array}$	15, 791 15, 957 16, 110 16, 238 16, 646 16, 932 17, 091 17, 358 17, 644	1,066 1,067 1,067 1,162 1,162 1,162 1 1 1 1	2, 574 2, 574 2, 574 2, 574 2, 714 2, 714 2, 714 2, 714 2, 714 2, 714	520 524 540 573 614 615 611 608 609	834 823 800 769 769 752 754 700 690	598 598 595 585 585 585 579 559 547	14 21 20 18 9 5 6 7 7	428 428 428 427 431 449 449 453 466		33 34 34 35 35 36 37 38	174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2 174 2	4 214 4 213 4 212 4 212 4 218 4 218 4 218 4 218 4 212 4 213	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30
1940—January February March April			25, 698	17, 931 18, 177 18, 433 18, 770	1 1 1 1	2, 714 2, 714 2, 000 <i>p</i> 2, 000	609 609 609 609	690 690 90 9650	535 525 519 514	10 10 10 9	466 472 482 \$\$482		42 2 42 2	274 2 274 2 274 2 2 274 2 2 274 2 2	4 213 4 211	30
						0	ther cou	intries	Continu	ed	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>				
End of month	Co- lombia	Czecho- Slo- vakia	Den- mark	Egypt	Ger- many ³	Greece	Hun- gary	Italy4	Japan	Jav	a Mic		New Zea- land	Nor- way	Peru	Po- land
1934—Dec 1935—Dec 1936—Dec 1937—Dec 1938—Dec	19 16 19 16 24	112 112 91 92 83	60 54 54 53 53	55 55 55 55 55 55	32 33 27 28 29	40 34 26 24 27	23 23 25 25 37	518 270 208 210 193	394 425 463 261 164		77 54 60 79 80	23 44 46 24 29	25 23 23 23 23 23 23	61 84 98 82 94	19 20 20 20 20 20	96 84 75 83 85
1939 — A pril May June Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	21 20 21 20 21. 21 21 21 21	66 65 62 60 60 58 57 56 56	53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	29 31 30 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193	164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164		80 80 80 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 90	32 33 28 29 29 30 32 34 32	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	107 107 107 107 107 107 107 103 103 94	19 19 19 20 20 19 19 19	84 84 84 84 84
1940—Jan Feb Mar Apr	23 24 23 23	56 56 56 56	53 53 53 53	55 55 \$55 \$55 \$55	29 29 29 29	28 28 28 28	24 24 24 24	144 144 137 137	164 164 164 164		90 90 90 90	27 23 25 27	23 23 23 #23	84 p84 p84 p84	¢20 \$\$20 \$\$20 \$\$20 \$\$20 \$\$20	
1				Other co	ountries-	-Continu	led							reserves ¹ res for 52		
End of month	Portu gal	- Ruma- nia	South		s Swe- den	Tur- key	Uru gua			n-	End of month		United States	United King- dom	France	Bel- gium
1934—Dec 1935—Dec 1936—Dec 1938—Dec 1938—Dec	- 68 - 68	109 114 120	184 212 203 189 220	734	5 18 8 24 8 24	5 24 0 20 4 21		17 4 17 4 14 1		$ \begin{bmatrix} 61 \\ 68 \\ 19 \\ 83 \\ 85 \\ 19 \end{bmatrix} $)34—De)35—De)36—De)37—De)38—Ma Jui	c c c	444	³ 934 ³ 1, 395 1, 489		31 53 93 81 62
1939— A pril June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	69 69 69 69) 136) 137) 137) 148) 149) 150) 151	218 219 219 222 • 234 243 254	52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	5 34 5 34 5 34 5 35 5 35 5 33 5 33	4 30 6 30 8 30 5 30 7 22 2 22 3 22		38 1 38 1 38 1 38 1 38 1 38 1 38 1 38 1	57 1 57 1 57 1 57 1 57 1 59 1 59 1 59 1	26 26 34 35 36 19 31 56 56 56	Ser Oci No De Jar Fel Ma Ap Ma)t t c l b v v v v	80	(5) (5) (759 (5) (752 (752)	4 103 130 331 381 465 559 455 477	44
1940—Jan Feb Apr	69 269 269) 153) 153) 154	253 268 272 279	52 52	5 210 5 173	8 93 3 88	2 p(3 p(51 p] 51 p]	139 150 151 152	Jul Ser De	c	85 164 156	(*) (*)		17

Preliminary. Corrected.
 Data reported monthly incomplete. For additional data see section at end of table.
 Figure for Dec. 1939 officially reported and carried forward.
 Figure for May 1939 officially reported and carried forward.
 Figure for Coc. 1938 officially reported and carried forward through Nov. 1939; figure for Dec. 1939 officially reported and carried forward through Nov. 1939; figure for Dec. 1939 officially reported and carried forward through Nov. 1939; figure for Dec. 1939 officially reported and carried forward through Nat. 20, 1940, officially reported and carried forward through Mar. 20, 1940, officially reported and carried forward.
 Figure officially reported and carried forward.
 These countries are: Albania, Algeria, Australia, Austria through Mar. 7, 1938, Belgian Congo, Bolivia, China, Danzig through Aug. 31, 1939, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Guatemala, Finland, Latvia, Lithuania, Morocco, and Thailand (Siam). NOTE. For back figures and description of table see BULLETIN for August 1936, pp. 644-547; also see footnotes to table in BULLETIN for August 1936, p. 667, and December 1937, p. 1262.

¹ Reported at infrequent intervals or on de-layed basis: U. S.—Exchange Stabilization Fund (Special A/c No. 1); U. K.—Exchange Stabilization Fund and Rentees Fund; Belgium—Treasury. Gold in Swiss and Dutch Funds and in some other central reserves not reported.
 ³ Figure for Mar. 1937, first date reported.
 ⁴ First date reported.
 ⁴ First date reported.
 ⁴ Transferred: from Bank to Account, \$1,648, 000,000 on Jan. 6, and \$1,162,000,000 on Mar.
 ¹ and \$94,000,000 on July 12, 1939.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

GOLD PRODUCTION

Outside U.S.S.R. [In thousands of dollars]

	1 22-44-1												
	Estimated world				Pi	roduction	reported	monthly			•		
Year or month	produc- tion		_	Afr	ica]]	North and	i South	America		Otl	her
	outside U.S.S.R.	Total	South Africa	Rho- desia	West Africa	Belgian Congo	United States 1	Canada	Mexico	Colom- bia	Chile	Austra- lia	British India
	1		\$1==\$5-	8/10 grai	ns of gold	9/10 fine	; i. e., an	ounce of fi	ne gold==	\$20.67		<u> </u>	
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933	401,088	352, 237 365, 258 386, 293 413, 459 411, 208	215, 242 221, 526 224, 863 238, 931 227, 673	11,607 11,476 11,193 12,000 13,335	4, 297 4, 995 5, 524 5, 992 6, 623	2, 390 2, 699 3, 224 3, 642 3, 631	45, 651 47, 248 49, 527 50, 626 52, 842	39, 862 43, 454 55, 687 62, 933 60, 968	13, 463 13, 813 12, 866 12, 070 13, 169	2,823 3,281 4,016 5,132 6,165	683 428 442 788 3,009	8,712 9,553 12,134 14,563 16,873	7, 508 6, 784 6, 814 6, 785 6, 919
			\$1	=15-5/21	grains of	gold 9/10) fine; i. e.	, an ounce	of fine go	ld=\$35			
1933 1934 1935 1936 1936 1937 1938 1939	823, 003 882, 533 971, 514 1, 041, 576 1, 132, 856	696, 218 707, 288 751, 979 833, 088 892, 535 957, 212 1, 018, 319	385, 474 366, 795 377, 090 396, 768 410, 710 425, 649 448, 753	22, 578 24, 264 25, 477 28, 053 28, 296 28, 532 28, 009	11, 214 12, 153 13, 625 16, 295 20, 784 24, 670 28, 515	6, 148 6, 549 7, 159 7, 386 8, 018 8, 470 8, 759	89, 467 108, 191 126, 325 152, 509 168, 159 178, 143 195, 298	103, 224 104, 023 114, 971 131, 181 143, 367 165, 379 178, 225	22, 297 23, 135 23, 858 26, 465 29, 591 32, 306 32, 300	10, 438 12, 045 11, 515 13, 632 15, 478 18, 225 19, 951	5, 094 8, 350 9, 251 9, 018 9, 544 10, 290 11, 376	28, 568 30, 559 31, 240 40, 118 46, 982 54, 264 56, 127	11, 715 11, 223 11, 468 11, 663 11, 607 11, 284 11, 008
1939—February April May June July August September October November December	94,600 98,545 99,511 102,822 107,257 106,867 107,138 103,527	76, 810 82, 717 79, 789 83, 476 83, 602 87, 150 91, 415 89, 930 90, 889 87, 372 84, 948	34, 505 37, 558 35, 613 37, 970 37, 065 37, 952 38, 494 37, 817 38, 459 38, 600 38, 534	2,069 2,202 2,252 2,355 2,369 2,395 2,431 2,442 2,452 2,452 2,452 2,330	2, 221 2, 346 2, 349 2, 323 2, 277 2, 395 2, 379 2, 432 2, 479 2, 497 2, 589	688 767 729 779 756 731 705 715 686 709	$\begin{array}{c} 13,214\\ 14,424\\ 15,320\\ 15,227\\ 14,520\\ 16,159\\ 16,856\\ 19,637\\ 21,693\\ 17,421\\ 15,845\\ \end{array}$	13, 684 14, 498 14, 238 15, 133 15, 287 15, 402 15, 722 14, 752 15, 144 14, 818 15, 151	3, 421 2, 542 1, 733 1, 794 3, 216 3, 638 6, 519 2, 302 1, 832 2, 333 1, 209	1, 562 1, 752 1, 513 1, 614 1, 551 1, 551 1, 735 1, 803 1, 677 1, 873 1, 367	568 1, 198 830 696 968 1, 583 777 1, 012 1, 111 934 1, 044	4,016 4,492 4,301 4,649 4,684 4,399 4,849 6,140 4,392 4,881 5,246	863 938 912 936 910 936 923 888 934 903 925
1940—January February March	p104, 877 p97, 912 p102, 850	₽88, 773 ₽81, 624 ₽86, 460	39, 777 38, 575 40, 162	2, 384 ¤2, 345 ¤2, 345	2, 662 2, 667 2, 717	739 728 732	16, 972 13, 317 16, 217	14, 853 14, 188 14, 188 14, 188	3, 078 p1, 890 p1, 890	1, 958 1, 633 1, 717	р974 р974 р974	4,486 \$\$\$4,416 \$\$\$4,626	891 2891 2891

Gold production in U. S. S. R.: No regular Government statistics on gold production in U. S. S. R. are available, but data of percentage changes irregularly given out by officials of the gold mining industry, together with certain direct figures for past years, afford a basis for estimating annual production, in millions of dollars, as follows—at \$20.67 per fine ounce: 1929, \$15; 1930, \$31; 1931, \$34; 1932, \$40; 1933, \$56; at \$35 per fine ounce: 1933, \$95 1934, \$135; 1935, \$156; 1936, \$185; 1937, \$180; 1938 (preliminary), \$184.

Preliminary.
 Includes Philippine Islands production received in United States.
 NOTE.—For monthly figures back to January 1929 and for explanation of table see BULLETIN for March 1939, p. 227; February 1939, p. 151; June 1938, [pp. 539-540; and April 1933, pp. 233-85.

 For annual figures of world production back to 1873 (including Russia-U. S. S. R.), see Annual Report of Director of Mint for 1938, pp. 108-109, and 1939, p. 106.

GOLD MOVEMENTS

[In thousands of dollars at approximately \$35 a fine ounce]

· ·	United States Total Net imports from or net exports () to:															
	Total net				Net in	aports	from or 1	iet expor	ts (—) t	0:						
Year or month	imports or net exports (-)	United King- dom	France	Bel- gium	Neth- er- lands	Swe- den	Switz- er- land	Can- ada	Mex- ico	Colom- bia	Philip- pine Islands	Aus- tralia	South Africa	Japan	British India	All other coun- tries
1934 ¹ 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	1, 131, 994 1, 739, 019 1, 116, 584 1, 585, 503 1, 973, 569 3, 574, 151	315,727 174,093	934, 243 573, 671 	3, 351	227, 185 71, 006 6, 461 163, 049	2 6 60, 146	1, 363	86, 829 95, 171 72, 648 111, 480 76, 315 612, 949	38, 482 36, 472	10, 899 11, 911 18, 397 10, 557	15, 335 21, 513 25, 427 27, 880	3, 498 23, 280 34, 713 39, 162	65 8 181 401	246, 464 168, 740	16, 159	32, 304 46, 989 39, 735 29, 998 2 67, 975 3102, 404
1939 Feb Apr June Juny Aug Sept Oct Dec 1940	223, 281 365, 384 605, 797 429, 404 240, 430 278, 636 259, 921 326, 074 69, 726 167, 980 451, 172	384, 925 302, 667 128, 196 177, 805 163, 738 162, 450 10, 182 18, 556 10, 417	816 21 3 2 1 2 86 	37, 179 84, 603 41, 651	44, 564 40, 449 55, 081 45, 554 22, 640 1 2, 990 8, 781 31, 526	8 10 5, 113 19, 743	8, 227 55, 680 2, 284 5, 644 5, 628 1, 482 2, 990 5, 119	12,066 17,191 15,196 34,299 120,837 9,940 65,067 308,773	2, 496 3, 822 1, 649 2, 050 3, 280 4, 150 3, 956 653 1, 794 3, 445 3, 972	4, 234 2, 114 2, 117 2, 107 2, 123 2, 120 2, 102 2, 102 2, 117 2, 116	2, 646	4, 303 4, 844 5, 295 5, 677 5, 034 5, 689 5, 474 8, 420 12, 505 6, 472	10 100 41 50 50 52 11 2, 142 10, 449 9, 885	11, 410 5, 528 10, 931 14, 093 10, 938 10, 931 16, 425 12, 497 9, 487 20, 101	3, 685 4, 944 3, 390 2, 244 2, 760 9, 259 4, 065 2, 703 10, 138 7, 592	4 15, 870 16, 662 7 22, 812
Jan Feb Mar Apr	236, 391 201, 422 459, 827 249, 851	21, 321 35, 268	40	974	282	16, 601 32, 448 65, 991 39, 654	28, 907	52, 716 46, 866 249, 858 54, 967	2, 550 2, 006 2, 215 2, 396	3 2, 116	3, 360 1, 896 4, 137 3, 376	4, 241 7, 409	18, 872	4, 919 5, 797	6, 722 11, 813	* 31, 698 * 31, 001 10 21, 493 11 27, 866

Differs from official customhouse figures in which imports and exports for January 1934 are valued at approximately \$20.67 a fine ounce. Differs from official customhouse figures in which imports and exports for January 1934 are valued at approximately \$20.4
Includes \$31,830,000 (revised) from Argentina.
Includes \$45,057,000 from China and Hong Kong; \$15,719,000 from Italy; \$10,953,000 from Norway; \$10,077,000 from Chile.
Includes \$5,157,000 from Hong Kong.
Includes \$5,157,000 from Italy; \$4,087,000 from Hong Kong.
Includes \$19,527,000 from Italy; \$4,542,000 from Hong Kong.
Includes \$19,527,000 from Italy; \$1,3878,000 from Hong Kong.
Includes \$19,527,000 from Italy; \$1,3878,000 from Hong Kong.
Includes \$11,760,000 from Italy; \$1,5984,000 from Hungary.
Nore.—For gross import and export figures and for additional countries see table on p. 558.

Gold Movements—Continued

[In thousands of dollars at approximately \$35 a fine ounce]

						1	United K	ingdom						
	Total				Ne	t import	s from or	net expo	orts (—) t	o:				
Year or month	net im- ports or net exports (-)	United States	France	Ger- manyı	Bel- gium	Nether- lands	U.S.S.R.	Austra- lia	South Africa, Rho- desia, West Africa	British India	Other British coun- tries	Swe- den	Switz- erland	All other coun- tries
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938	1, 169, 931 420, 427	-435,502 -276,830	142, 137 756, 215 541, 187	-4,726 23,292 46,147	-21,993	32, 575 10, 796 -21, 215 -16, 572 -46, 463	199, 965	41, 790 37, 981 26, 723 24, 165 27, 831	404, 295 488, 814 464, 837	181, 602	28, 067 22, 079	-50,661 -10,129	-9, 123 53, 465 3, 998 -16, 596 -78, 029	² 88, 228 14, 126 37, 708 ³ - 55, 032 4, 922
1938—June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	24,119 -73,132	$\begin{array}{c c} -10, 529 \\ -93, 660 \\ -360, 016 \\ -308, 528 \\ -105, 220 \end{array}$	685 69, 604	57 47 6, 164 14, 358 4, 077 6, 005 2, 057	23, 212 258 120, 075 33, 982	-10,041 -7,498 535 -5,245	5, 665 8	2, 490 2, 102 2, 839 705 155	31, 192 16, 831 6, 530 2, 695	3, 725 6, 418 10, 356 3, 023 4, 204 4, 260 1, 815	3, 035 -4, 750 -20, 792 618	-11, 429 -11, 151 -22, 763 -4, 671	-16,521 -10,498	421 -920 -312 -1, 955 1, 353 1, 603 1, 347
1939—Jan Feb Apr May June July Aug. ⁵	$\begin{array}{r} -36, 514 \\ -148, 005 \\ -259, 984 \\ -121, 188 \\ -294, 077 \\ -51, 591 \\ -147, 332 \\ -318, 511 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -160, 218 \\ -306, 839 \\ -357, 518 \\ -287, 762 \\ -127, 293 \\ -182, 145 \end{array}$	-68 -183 -1,431 -262	-33 11 88 29 4,018 -38 -1 1	396 23, 477 176, 451	22, 968 8, 856			5, 559 12, 656 45, 394 52, 636 38, 423	2, 388 3, 078	4 -145, 856	-1 -32 -437 -3, 793 -2 -1, 138	399 3, 845 73, 394 32, 921 153 575	$\begin{array}{r} 3,762\\ 1,847\\ 3,618\\ -425\\ 1,504\\ -3,318\\ -14,393\\ -8,980\end{array}$

	Ger- many				Swi	tzerland						Briti	ish Ind	lia	
Year or	Total	Total		Net	imports f	rom or n	et expo	rts (—) 1	:0:		(T) - 4-1		In	crease in 1	India:
month	net im- ports or net exports ¹ (-)	net imports or net exports (-)	United States	United King- dom	France	Bel- gium	Italy	Neth- er- lands	Ger- many ¹	All other coun- tries	Total net imports or net exports (-)	Gold produc- tion in India	111-	In gold earmark- ed for foreign account	In private hold- ings *
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	-90, 920 42, 969 -1, 868 -3, 718 -35, 224	-230,788 122,278 -56,946	$ \begin{array}{c c} 647 \\ -9, 127 \\ -51, 608 \\ -1, 128 \end{array} $	-45, 955 -54, 858 -1, 714 11, 940 76, 620 -105, 104	-181, 725 39, 305 -45, 061	-13,940	25, 542 51, 299 -657 11, 314	342 4,600 6,553 25,125	-9,607 -2,990 -16,461	9 2, 812 10 26, 368 10, 609 -4, 989	-161,872 -121,066 -61,723 -54,696	11, 468 11, 663 11, 607 11, 284	-6 -41		$\begin{array}{r} -219, 670 \\ -150, 398 \\ -109, 403 \\ -50, 075 \\ -55, 490 \\ -119, 396 \end{array}$
1938—July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec		-1, 338 9, 024 1, 454 913	$ \begin{array}{c} -2 \\ -7 \\ -1, 140 \\ 228 \end{array} $	16, 128 10, 464 15, 940 907 13 -1, 854	-14,071 -8,382 418 -616 33 -139	-117	-2	3, 824 924	$\begin{array}{r} -8,893 \\ -6,267 \\ 1,884 \\ -56 \\ -265 \\ -438 \end{array}$	$-10, \frac{342}{251}$	-10,988-7,082-957-7,661-2,279211	949		1, 909 5, 690 4, 479	$ \begin{array}{r} -10,034 \\ -6,121 \\ -8 \\ -8,611 \\ -7,036 \\ -3,270 \end{array} $
1939—Jan Feb Apr June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	33 11, 940 9, 999 9, 967 5, 807 284 11 11 11 11 11	-2, 112 -37, 332 -162, 645 8, 059	$-888 \\ -3,880$	4, 334 1, 030 44 85		864 73 6 2 91 -1 -5 -9	556 - 576 10, 819 19, 585 -8 10, 800 2, 815 -25 -4, 583	-8,327 -3,876 -718 725 355 1,234 89 -1,463	$\begin{array}{r} -1,274\\ -97\\ -14,830\\ -2,431\\ -1,138\\ -3,116\\ -171\\ -887\\ -243\\ 1,617\\ -2,743\\ 121\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,573 \\ -239 \\ -76 \\ -244 \\ -204 \\ -11 \\ 2,965 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} -5,113\\ -3,394\\ -4,202\\ -2,049\\ -10,264\\ -5,274\\ -5,213\\ -12,365\\ -7,691\end{array}$	863 938 912 937 910 936 923 888 934 903	3	11, 423 7, 749 4, 812 5, 197 1, 839 5, 749 942 2, 512 6, 096 4, 563 31	-6,863
1940—Jan	11	12									-25, 082	891			-24, 191

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¹ Beginning April 1938 figures refer to Greater Germany.
¹ Includes \$17,455,000 exported to Rumania and unspecified net imports of \$95,937,000.
² Includes \$67,655,000 exported to Central and South America, excluding British countries.
⁴ Figures for April and May include exports to Canada of \$45,972,000 and \$144,910,000 respectively.
⁴ No figures published since August 1939.
⁴ Includes net import of \$19,926,000 from Czecho-Slovakia and net export of \$15,374,000 to Austria.
⁴ Includes net import of \$28,555,000 from Czecho-Slovakia.
⁴ No figures published since June 1939.
⁴ No figures published since December 1939.
⁴ No figures published since December 1939.
⁴ No figures published since December 1939.
⁴ No figures annual aggregates of official monthly figures differ somewhat from revised official totals published for more supplication of the published since December 1939.

NOTE.-Switzerland.-In some cases annual aggregates of official monthly figures differ somewhat from revised official totals published for year as a whole.

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935

[In millions of dollars. Minus sign indicates net movement from United States]

TABLE 1 .- TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT

			e in foreign b funds in U. S.		Decrease in U. S.	Foreign securities:	Domestic securities:	Inflow in
From Jan. 2, 1935, through-	Total	Total	Central bank funds in N. Y.	Other	banking funds abroad	Return of U.S. funds	foreign funds	brokerage balances
1935—Dec. 31	1, 412. 5	603.3	9.8	593. 5	361. 4	125. 2	316. 7	6.0
1936—Dec. 30	2, 608. 4	930.5	81.1	849. 4	431. 5	316. 2	917. 4	12.9
1937—Dec. 29	3, 410. 3	1, 168.5	243.9	924. 6	449. 1	583. 2	1, 162. 0	47.5
1938—Sept. 28	3, 452, 9	1, 161. 2	168. 0	993. 2	477. 2	625. 0	1, 125. 4	64. 1
Oct. 26	3, 672, 2	1, 298. 9	205. 3	1, 093. 6	496. 3	638. 4	1, 182. 4	56. 2
Nov. 30	3, 709, 2	1, 392. 1	220. 1	1, 172. 1	472. 7	598. 4	1, 194. 4	51. 5
Dec. 28	3, 779, 2	1, 432. 7	216. 3	1, 216. 5	478. 1	610. 0	1, 210. 9	47. 6
1939—Feb. 1	3, 852, 6	1, 478. 2	197. 5	1, 280. 7	496. 5	634. 6	1, 181. 4	61. 9
Feb. 8	3, 876, 0	1, 507. 8	243. 3	1, 264. 5	484. 3	635. 3	1, 187. 0	61. 7
Feb. 15	3, 912, 9	1, 512. 9	278. 1	1, 234. 8	514. 7	634. 8	1, 189. 0	61. 4
Feb. 22	3, 940, 7	1, 517. 8	239. 6	1, 278. 2	535. 0	637. 5	1, 190. 6	59. 8
Mar. 1	3, 986. 0	1, 544. 9	265. 1	1, 279. 7	548. 5	641. 3	1, 192. 6	58. 8
Mar. 8	3, 997. 4	1, 560. 5	281. 1	1, 279. 3	543. 3	644. 5	1, 190. 0	59. 2
Mar. 15	4, 015. 6	1, 568. 1	287. 3	1, 280. 8	553. 4	643. 6	1, 189. 5	61. 1
Mar. 22	4, 083. 1	1, 648. 3	247. 2	1, 401. 1	549. 5	644. 3	1, 174. 5	66. 5
Mar. 29	4, 134. 7	1, 693. 0	256. 8	1, 436. 2	550. 5	646. 7	1, 180. 6	63. 9
Apr. 5	4, 241. 8	1, 759. 6	251, 3	1, 508. 3	572. 0	652.6	1, 191. 7	65, 9
Apr. 12	4, 317. 6	1, 819. 8	278, 6	1, 541. 2	582. 2	652.9	1, 193. 8	68, 9
Apr. 19	4, 402. 9	1, 892. 9	243, 8	1, 649. 0	587. 5	655.3	1, 194. 3	72, 9
Apr. 28	4, 479. 6	1, 934. 4	240, 9	1, 693. 5	611. 8	657.5	1, 202. 9	73, 0
May 3	4, 523. 7	2, 019. 6	245. 9	1, 773. 6	596. 1	621. 8	1, 211. 9	74. 4
May 10	4, 544. 5	2, 030. 7	264. 5	1, 766. 2	591. 3	637. 1	1, 210. 2	75. 3
May 17	4, 567. 6	2, 042. 8	292. 8	1, 750. 0	597. 3	642. 3	1, 211. 8	73. 4
May 24	4, 570. 0	2, 046. 3	299. 1	1, 747. 3	596. 0	644. 1	1, 209. 3	74. 2
May 31	4, 570. 8	2, 041. 5	302. 1	1, 739. 5	599. 8	647. 6	1, 209. 2	72. 7
June 7	4, 550. 0	2, 008. 2	327. 8	1, 680. 4	601. 3	658. 4	1, 210. 6	71.6
June 14	4, 555. 9	2, 019. 8	364. 4	1, 655. 5	593. 7	661. 5	1, 208. 3	72.6
June 21	4, 584. 2	2, 031. 7	364. 5	1, 667. 3	608. 7	664. 3	1, 205. 6	73.8
June 28	4, 593. 6	2, 048. 3	361. 8	1, 686. 5	607. 5	664. 5	1, 199. 3	74.0
July 5	4, 611. 6	2, 049. 7	306. 9	1, 742. 9	608. 0	678.5	1, 199. 3	76. 1
July 12.	4, 588. 9	2, 031. 2	293. 6	1, 737. 5	607. 9	677.1	1, 194. 4	78. 4
July 19.	4, 591. 0	2, 042. 5	288. 6	1, 753. 9	604. 5	677.0	1, 185. 0	81. 9
July 28	4, 613. 4	2, 066. 2	301. 2	1, 765. 0	606. 9	678.0	1, 180. 0	82. 3
Aug. 2	4, 635. 1	2, 093. 9	327. 1	1, 766, 8	596. 8	680. 2	1, 182. 2	82, 1
Aug. 9	4, 662. 7	2, 139. 1	323. 2	1, 815, 8	609. 9	652. 8	1, 176. 5	84, 5
Aug. 16	4, 709. 8	2, 182. 2	305. 5	1, 876, 7	622. 8	654. 5	1, 164. 9	85, 4
Aug. 23	4, 827. 9	2, 287. 3	352. 5	1, 934, 9	633. 0	656. 9	1, 165. 1	85, 5
Aug. 30	4, 863. 3	2, 334. 2	371. 6	1, 962, 6	620. 6	657. 8	1, 165. 7	85, 0
Sept. 6	4, 882. 3 4, 940. 3 4, 976. 0 4, 955. 4	2, 341. 5 2, 389. 3 2, 434. 6 2, 412. 4	409. 0 464. 7 510. 7 485. 1	1, 932. 5 1, 924. 6 1, 923. 9 1, 927. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 623.5\\ 621.7\\ 612.5\\ 618.4 \end{array}$	661. 7 668. 9 674. 4 676. 9	1, 171. 3 1, 181. 3 1, 173. 4 1, 164. 4	84. 2 79. 2 81. 1 83. 1
Oct. 4	4, 896. 8	2, 386. 5	483. 6	1, 902. 9	594. 6	684. 6	1, 150. 2	80, 9
Oct. 11	4, 872. 8	2, 370. 6	462. 8	1, 907. 7	598. 1	685. 2	1, 144. 4	74, 6
Oct. 18	4, 871. 2	2, 360. 6	441. 6	1, 919. 0	601. 7	686. 7	1, 141. 7	80, 5
Oct. 25	4, 882. 0	2, 384. 7	442. 9	1, 941. 9	601. 0	687. 3	1, 130. 6	78, 5
Nov. 1	4, 858. 6	2, 366. 9	494. 8	1, 872. 0	$599. \ 6 \\ 597. \ 3 \\ 618. \ 8 \\ 615. \ 3 \\ 622. \ 0$	688.7	1, 123. 7	79.8
Nov. 8	4, 825. 0	2, 341. 6	490. 3	1, 851. 3		690.4	1, 115. 9	79.9
Nov. 15	4, 862. 7	2, 362. 4	481. 6	1, 880. 8		693.2	1, 109. 2	79.2
Nov. 22	4, 822. 9	2, 329. 3	433. 9	1, 895. 3		694.3	1, 107. 1	76.9
Nov. 29	4, 875. 6	2, 377. 4	435. 9	1, 941. 5		695.4	1, 103. 7	77.1
Dec. 6	4, 867. 6	2, 366. 9	430. 9	1, 936. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 626.8\\ 619.7\\ 619.6\\ 612.8\end{array}$	699.0	1, 098. 9	75, 9
Dec. 13	4, 860. 0	2, 366. 6	413. 3	1, 953. 3		700.7	1, 096. 5	76, 5
Dec. 20.	4, 904. 8	2, 398. 5	441. 0	1, 957. 5		711.8	1, 096. 8	78, 1
Dec. 27.	4, 893. 0	2, 383. 5	430. 0	1, 953. 5		720.1	1, 098. 5	78, 1
1940—Jan. 3	4, 880, 4	2, 321. 8	433. 5	1, 888. 3	650. 4	725. 7	1, 102. 6	79, 9
Jan. 10	4, 919, 8	2, 360. 2	445. 2	1, 915. 0	644. 5	731. 7	1, 102. 3	81, 0
Jan. 17	4, 921, 9	2, 368. 4	435. 2	1, 933. 2	636. 1	733. 7	1, 100. 6	83, 1
Jan. 24	4, 942, 3	2, 384. 2	456. 1	1, 928. 2	640. 1	736. 1	1, 099. 0	82, 8
Jan. 31	4, 918, 0	2, 368. 5	449. 6	1, 918. 9	626. 1	738. 0	1, 098. 1	87, 3
Feb. 7.	4, 911. 7	2, 363. 4	427. 8	1, 935. 6	623. 3	741. 0	1, 097. 4	86. 7
Feb. 14.	4, 929. 4	2, 380. 8	452. 0	1, 928. 7	621. 5	743. 3	1, 097. 8	86. 0
Feb. 21.	4, 902. 1	2, 343. 1	409. 9	1, 933. 3	627. 0	745. 5	1, 099. 1	87. 4
Feb. 28.	4, 930. 1	2, 365. 4	432. 9	1, 932. 5	627. 7	748. 7	1, 102. 0	86. 3

NOTE.-Statistics reported by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. For back figures and description of the statistics, see BULLETIN for April 1939, pp. 284-296; April 1938, pp. 267-277; and May 1937, pp. 394-431.

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO THE UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935-Continued

[In millions of dollars. Minus sign indicates net movement from United States]

TABLE 2.- TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT, BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia 1	All other ¹
1935—Dec. 31	1, 412. 5	554. 9	210, 2	114. 5	130, 4	36. 6	24. 0	130. 0	1, 200. 6	(2)	70. 9	128. 3	12. 7
1936—Dec. 30	2, 608. 4	829. 3	299, 5	229. 7	335, 5	83. 1	45. 6	228. 5	2, 051. 3	150. 5	201. 2	184. 0	21. 4
1937—Dec. 29	3, 410. 3	993. 7	281, 7	311. 9	607, 5	123. 9	22. 1	312. 2	2, 653. 0	106. 3	410. 6	224. 6	15. 9
1938—Dec. 28	3, 779. 2	1, 186. 1	339, 5	324. 6	554, 0	140. 7	33. 0	463. 8	3, 041. 7	157. 2	389. 5	156. 8	34. 1
1939—Apr. 26 May 31 June 28 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	4, 479. 6 4, 570. 8 4, 593. 6 4, 613. 4 4, 863. 3 4, 955. 4 4, 882. 0 4, 875. 6 4, 893. 0	1, 303. 3 1, 337. 6 1, 360. 2 1, 312. 9 1, 326. 3 1, 368. 1 1, 301. 4 1, 157. 2 1, 117. 3	421. 6 431. 1 439. 7 441. 9 473. 4 459. 6 430. 9 453. 1 442. 3	405. 4 391. 1 401. 0 407. 6 412. 1 448. 4 446. 8 457. 8 469. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 595. \ 6\\ 595. \ 3\\ 599. \ 2\\ 607. \ 0\\ 647. \ 2\\ 671. \ 1\\ 686. \ 5\\ 719. \ 1\\ 759. \ 1\end{array}$	146. 9 148. 7 149. 5 150. 1 148. 8 151. 1 159. 1 162. 9 163. 3	26. 0 29. 1 29. 5 30. 9 26. 1 32. 9 48. 0 55. 8 55. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 595. \ 9\\ 606. \ 5\\ 604. \ 2\\ 616. \ 9\\ 665. \ 1\\ 686. \ 0\\ 710. \ 3\\ 725. \ 3\\ 753. \ 8\end{array}$	3, 494. 7 3, 539. 4 3, 583. 3 3, 567. 1 3, 699. 1 3, 817. 2 3, 783. 1 3, 731. 2 3, 761. 5	216. 8 241. 0 230. 5 248. 8 291. 8 260. 9 239. 0 263. 2 229. 2	480. 6 507. 4 500. 2 512. 3 536. 1 528. 0 522. 2 504. 0 505. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 231.\ 4\\ 226.\ 4\\ 223.\ 8\\ 224.\ 1\\ 259.\ 4\\ 276.\ 4\\ 260.\ 2\\ 287.\ 3\\ 299.\ 4\end{array}$	56. 2 56. 6 55. 8 61. 2 76. 9 72. 9 77. 5 89. 9 96. 9
1940Jan. 31	4, 918. 0	1,029.3	471. 2	466. 1	798, 3	166, 3	61. 7	811. 3	3, 804. 2	226. 6	503. 9	297. 3	86. 1
Feb. 7	4, 911. 7	1,031.1	470. 2	462. 0	799, 8	165, 5	61. 8	812. 1	3, 802. 5	219. 7	500. 9	302. 6	86. 1
Feb. 14	4, 929. 4	1,015.9	471. 6	463. 8	816, 8	167, 0	60. 9	833. 8	3, 829. 8	220. 5	509. 9	286. 4	82. 9
Feb. 21	4, 902. 1	1,001.7	464. 4	467. 7	824, 4	166, 0	60. 1	822. 0	3, 806. 4	217. 3	507. 5	287. 1	83. 9
Feb. 28	4, 930. 1	1,006.4	468. 1	469. 0	826, 3	166, 0	60. 8	838. 1	3, 834. 8	224. 2	507. 8	285. 7	77. 5

TABLE 3.-FOREIGN BANKING FUNDS IN UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia ¹	All other ¹
1935—Dec. 31 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. 28	603. 3 930. 5 1, 168. 5 1, 432. 7	128. 6 163. 5 189. 3 366. 7	129.6 144.2 111.8 158.8	55. 7 65. 9 76. 3 84. 4	72. 4 109. 8 288. 4 203. 7	8 2.7 9.6 -9.8	7.3 23.0 6.9 3.8	60. 7 79. 7 109. 4 203. 0	453. 5 588. 9 791. 7 1, 010. 6	46. 0 86. 8 76. 3 135. 1	33. 5 149. 3 166. 3 134. 0	58. 8 90. 4 126. 2 132. 7	11.5 15.2 8.0 20.4
1939—Apr. 26 May 31 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	1, 934. 4 2, 041. 5 2, 048. 3 2, 066. 2 2, 334. 2 2, 412. 4 2, 384. 7 2, 377. 4 2, 383. 5	476. 7 505. 8 535. 2 495. 3 522. 3 584. 5 558. 5 429. 4 396. 2	236. 8 243. 2 252. 3 252. 1 283. 7 263. 8 227. 8 244. 1 231. 6	141. 0 123. 2 132. 0 139. 9 144. 8 172. 0 172. 0 180. 7 190. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 230.\ 6\\ 224.\ 7\\ 227.\ 1\\ 235.\ 1\\ 270.\ 0\\ 286.\ 2\\ 293.\ 8\\ 320.\ 4\\ 352.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -15.7 \\ -14.0 \\ -14.5 \\ -15.9 \\ -18.5 \\ -21.9 \\ -20.0 \\ -18.4 \\ -22.2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.7 \\ -4.4 \\ -6.6 \\ -6.0 \\ -7.4 \\ -1.6 \\ 12.8 \\ 16.7 \\ 16.7 \end{array} $	318. 4 323. 6 320. 0 332. 7 384. 1 399. 5 428. 7 446. 9 473. 1	1, 445. 5 1, 433. 2 1, 579. 0 1, 682. 5 1, 673. 5	166. 9 209. 3 191. 5 193. 5 256. 1 225. 2 209. 0 227. 4 185. 0	209. 6 250. 7 242. 0 254. 5 268. 9 262. 0 258. 1 240. 0 243. 6	140. 4 142. 8 131. 5 142. 6 172. 8 188. 5 186. 4 218. 5 238. 9	35. 3 36. 6 37. 8 42. 4 57. 5 54. 3 57. 6 71. 4 77. 8
1940—Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	2 , 368. 5 2, 363. 4 2, 380. 8 2, 343. 1 2, 365. 4	332. 3 333. 5 321. 8 302. 6 304. 4	258.5 256.7 259.1 252.8 256.4	186. 3 180. 9 182. 7 186. 1 186. 2	381. 8 381. 6 395. 1 398. 2 397. 3	$\begin{array}{r} -20.5 \\ -21.2 \\ -21.3 \\ -21.1 \\ -21.2 \end{array}$	24. 9 24. 9 23. 9 24. 3 25. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 522.\ 1\\ 524.\ 0\\ 546.\ 3\\ 531.\ 7\\ 546.\ 6\end{array}$	1, 685. 4 1, 680. 3 1, 707. 5 1, 674. 6 1, 695. 4	166. 8 161. 5 161. 4 159. 8 168. 5	231. 2 229. 6 235. 6 234. 2 233. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 226.\ 2\\ 232.\ 8\\ 220.\ 0\\ 217.\ 7\\ 217.\ 4 \end{array}$	58.9 59.2 56.2 56.8 50.4

TABLE 4.--UNITED STATES BANKING FUNDS ABROAD, BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia 1	All other 1
1935—Dec. 31 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. 28	361. 4 431. 5 449. 1 478. 1	208. 8 178. 0 207. 4 204. 5	48. 1 62. 0 65. 3 65. 5	4 -3.3 -4.4 -6.9	1. 6 2. 7 2. 6 2. 6	29. 7 66. 0 105. 1 140. 3	13. 7 16. 3 6. 5 13. 9	8. 8 22. 0 26. 9 33. 0	310. 2 343. 7 409. 3 453. 0	-4.6 36.9 -21.7 30.6	20, 1 24, 9 51, 6 66, 8	37. 3 30. 4 18. 7 -65. 0	-1.6 -4.4 -8.7 -7.2
1939— Apr. 26 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	$\begin{array}{c} 611.8\\ 599.8\\ 607.5\\ 606.9\\ 620.6\\ 618.4\\ 601.0\\ 622.0\\ 612.8\end{array}$	227. 9 236. 8 236. 7 237. 0 225. 2 226. 1 227. 7 245. 6 247. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 67.1\\ 68.1\\ 68.1\\ 71.5\\ 70.0\\ 70.0\\ 70.2\\ 73.3\\ 73.8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} .7\\1\\ -1.0\\ -3.0\\ 8.4\\ 9.1\\ 9.3\\ 12.0\\ 12.0\end{array}$	4.5 4.7 3.6 4.9 5.6 5.2 4.2 3.4 3.1	151. 7 152. 0 153. 8 156. 5 158. 2 164. 1 170. 5 172. 7 177. 2	13. 7 15. 3 17. 7 17. 9 14. 6 15. 1 15. 4 17. 8 16. 3	35. 1 38. 7 39. 9 40. 7 35. 1 38. 2 31. 3 27. 8 26. 8	500, 8 515, 4 518, 8 525, 4 517, 2 527, 7 528, 6 552, 6 555, 0	$\begin{array}{r} 48.3\\ 46.9\\ 42.2\\ 43.6\\ 52.3\\ 46.6\\ 45.2\\ 52.7\\ 50.0\end{array}$	71. 154. 855. 754. 1 $61. 957. 454. 052. 048. 5$	$\begin{array}{r} -6.0\\ -13.0\\ -2.9\\ -11.1\\ -5.7\\ -6.4\\ -20.0\\ -26.7\\ -34.3 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.4 \\ -4.3 \\ -5.1 \\ -5.0 \\ -6.9 \\ -6.7 \\ -8.5 \\ -8.4 \\ \end{array} $
1940—Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	$\begin{array}{c} 626.\ 1\\ 623.\ 3\\ 621.\ 5\\ 627.\ 0\\ 627.\ 7\end{array}$	236. 0 240. 1 239. 5 246. 3 247. 4	73. 5 74. 0 73. 3 72. 6 73. 4	11. 4 12. 2 11. 7 11. 8 12. 9	3.0 2.8 3.2 2.9 2.6	178. 9 178. 8 180. 4 179. 2 179. 4	13.5 13.4 13.6 12.4 11.7	30. 3 28. 9 27. 6 29. 8 30. 5	546. 7 550. 3 549. 2 554. 9 557. 8	56. 2 54. 3 54. 9 53. 0 52. 1	55. 8 53. 9 56. 5 55. 3 56. 2	$-32.0 \\ -34.1 \\ -37.9 \\ -35.5 \\ -37.7$	6 -1.0 -1.3 8 7

¹ Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures shown under Asia represent the Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other." ² Inflow less than \$50,000.

Nore.—Statistics reported by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. For back figures and description of the statistics, see BULLETIN for April 1939, pp. 284-296; April 1938, pp. 267-277; and May 1937, pp. 394-431.;

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO THE UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935-Continued

[In millions of dollars. Minus sign indicates net movement from United States]

TABLE 5.-FOREIGN SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES

Net Purchases by Foreigners

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia 1	All other :
1935—Dec. 31 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. 28		67. 8 116. 1 136. 8 129. 1	6. 8 18. 2 22. 8 26. 2	7.4 10.4 21.2 27.3	-1.2 13.7 30.4 37.1	13, 3 22, 5 26, 6 33, 1	2. 9 9. 4 13. 5 20. 5	46. 1 87. 9 115. 2 165. 9	143. 1 278. 3 366. 4 439. 1	-39.7 1.7 10.5 -38.9	12. 7 15. 7 175. 0 166. 3	7. 9 17. 0 24. 5 33. 8	1. 1 3. 5 6. 8 9. 7
1939— A pril 26 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	647.6 664.5 678.0 657.8	$128.7 \\ 128.1 \\ 128.2 \\ 126.4 \\ 127.4 \\ 124.9 \\ 124.8 \\ 124.3 \\ 125.6 \\ 125.6 \\ 128.7 \\ 128.$	27. 5 27. 9 28. 2 28. 3 28. 3 33. 8 41. 1 41. 7 42. 1	29. 3 29. 6 29. 4 29. 5 29. 7 29. 7 29. 7 29. 4 29. 2 29. 4	40. 1 41. 3 41. 7 42. 3 43. 2 43. 4 43. 3 43. 3 43. 3 44. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 35.\ 2\\ 35.\ 4\\ 35.\ 8\\ 35.\ 9\\ 36.\ 4\\ 36.\ 4\\ 36.\ 4\\ 36.\ 5\\ 36.\ 6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23.\ 2\\ 23.\ 6\\ 23.\ 8\\ 24.\ 3\\ 24.\ 4\\ 24.\ 8\\ 24.\ 9\\ 26.\ 1\\ 27.\ 6\end{array}$	178. 2 179. 8 180. 4 179. 9 181. 8 183. 1 185. 0 186. 5 188. 6	462. 0 465. 7 467. 4 466. 5 471. 2 476. 0 485. 0 485. 0 487. 6 494. 6	$\begin{array}{r} -24.3 \\ -40.3 \\ -26.5 \\ -13.7 \\ -41.5 \\ -29.5 \\ -29.7 \\ -26.7 \\ -11.5 \end{array}$	173. 5 175. 2 176. 0 177. 2 178. 8 180. 4 181. 1 182. 3 183. 0	35. 9 36. 6 37. 1 38. 1 38. 8 39. 3 39. 8 40. 8 42. 8	10. 3 10. 4 10. 4 10. 0 10. 5 10. 7 11. 1 11. 4 11. 3
1940—Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	738. 0 741. 0 743. 3 745. 5 748. 7	126. 2 126. 6 127. 0 128. 0 129. 0	42. 5 42. 5 42. 6 42. 6 42. 6	29.6 29.8 30.1 30.2 30.2	46. 0 46. 4 46. 8 47. 2 47. 7	36, 5 36, 4 36, 4 36, 4 36, 4	27. 8 27. 9 27. 9 27. 9 27. 9 27. 9	190. 6 190. 9 191. 1 191. 4 191. 7	499, 1 500, 5 501, 9 503, 7 505, 5	$\begin{array}{r}2 \\ .7 \\ 1.2 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.7 \end{array}$	184. 5 184. 8 185. 2 185. 2 185. 6	43. 2 43. 5 43. 6 43. 7 44. 2	11. 3 11. 3 11. 4 11. 5 11. 6

TABLE 6.-DOMESTIC SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES

Net Purchases by Foreigners

					100 2 0100		or organit						<u> </u>
From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia 1	All other 1
1935—Dec. 31 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. 28	316. 7 917. 4 1, 162. 0 1, 210. 9	149.8 367.7 448.7 472.6	23. 4 64. 7 70. 3 76. 5	50. 5 157. 6 213. 8 212. 9	55. 1 200. 2 275. 3 301. 7	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.4 \\ -7.5 \\ -17.4 \\ -22.7 \end{array} $	1 -3.3 -4.9 -5.4	12, 9 38, 5 55, 7 56, 6	286. 2 818. 0 1, 041. 6 1, 092. 3	2. 8 32. 6 37. 6 27. 8	3.7 15.5 18.2 23.4	21. 4 44. 1 54. 7 56. 4	2.6 7.1 9.8 11.0
1939—Apr. 26 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	1, 202, 9 1, 209, 2 1, 199, 3 1, 180, 0 1, 165, 7 1, 164, 4 1, 130, 6 1, 103, 7 1, 098, 5	452. 6 448. 9 442. 0 434. 2 433. 5 408. 4 369. 8 338. 2 328. 2	73. 9 75. 6 74. 4 72. 6 72. 2 73. 7 72. 9 74. 9 76. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 224. \ 1\\ 228. \ 9\\ 231. \ 0\\ 229. \ 0\\ 220. \ 6\\ 228. \ 2\\ 227. \ 0\\ 226. \ 2\\ 227. \ 1\end{array}$	310. 0 313. 9 315. 0 312. 0 313. 4 320. 9 329. 1 336. 3 342. 8	$\begin{array}{r} -24.2 \\ -24.6 \\ -25.2 \\ -26.3 \\ -27.1 \\ -27.4 \\ -27.6 \\ -28.0 \\ -28.2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.5 \\ -5.6 \\ -5.5 \\ -5.5 \\ -5.7 \\ -5.5 \\ -5.4 \\ -4.9 \\ -4.9 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 56.\ 7\\ 57.\ 2\\ 56.\ 9\\ 56.\ 0\\ 56.\ 7\\ 58.\ 3\\ 59.\ 4\\ 59.\ 1\\ 60.\ 1\end{array}$	1,087.6 1,094.4 1,088.4 1,072.0 1,063.6 1,056.7 1,025.1 1,001.8 1,001.4	16. 7 16. 6 13. 9 16. 5 13. 0 8. 9 5. 3 . 7 -3. 1	25. 6 25. 8 25. 7 25. 3 24. 7 26. 1 27. 0 28. 6 29. 8	60. 4 59. 0 57. 6 52. 6 50. 6 58. 5 59. 2 58. 7 56. 1	12.5 13.5 13.7 13.4 13.7 14.1 13.9 13.8 14.3
1940—Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	1,098.1 1,097.4 1,097.8 1,099.1 1,102.0	315. 7 312. 1 308. 7 306. 0 306. 5	77. 1 77. 3 77. 4 77. 4 76. 8	229, 4 229, 9 230, 2 230, 5 230, 4	349, 2 350, 9 353, 8 356, 8 359, 7	$\begin{array}{r} -28.3 \\ -28.4 \\ -28.4 \\ -28.4 \\ -28.4 \\ -28.4 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -4.7 \\ -4.6 \\ -4.7 \\ -4.7 \\ -4.7 \\ -4.7 \\ \end{array} $	62. 4 62. 7 63. 0 63. 3 63. 4	1,000.8 999.9 1,000.1 1,001.1 1,003.8	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.9 \\ -6.4 \\ -6.5 \\ -6.7 \\ -7.5 \\ \end{array} $	30. 6 30. 8 31. 3 31. 3 31. 5	58. 2 58. 5 58. 5 58. 9 59. 8	14. 5 14. 5 14. 5 14. 5 14. 5 14. 4

TABLE 7.-BROKERAGE BALANCES,² BY COUNTRIES

				1					1	1	1	1 [.] .	
From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia i	All other 1
1935—Dec. 31 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. 28	6. 0 12. 9 47. 5 47. 6	(3) 4.0 11.5 13.2	2.4 10.4 11.5 12.6	1.3 9 5.0 6.8	2.5 9.1 10.8 8.8	2 7 (³) 2	.1 .3 .1 .2	1.4 ,4 5.0 5.3	7.6 22.6 44.0 46.7	4.5 7.6 3.5 2.6	1.0 -4.2 5 9	2.9 2.1 .5 -1.0	() () () 2
1939—Apr. 26 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	73. 0 72. 7 74. 0 82. 3 85. 0 83. 1 78. 5 77. 1 78. 1	17. 418. 018. 120. 017. 824. 220. 719. 619. 5	16. 3 16. 3 16. 8 17. 5 19. 1 18. 4 19. 0 19. 0 18. 5	10. 3 9. 5 9. 6 12. 2 8. 6 9. 4 9. 0 9. 6 10. 7	10. 5 10. 8 11. 9 12. 7 15. 0 15. 3 16. 1 15. 7 16. 4	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\3\\2\\1\\1\\1\\ (3)\\2\\ \end{array}$.3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .1 .1	7.5 7.3 7.0 7.6 7.4 7.0 6.0 5.0 5.2	62. 2 61. 9 63. 2 70. 0 68. 0 74. 3 70. 9 69. 1 70. 2	9.1 8.7 9.3 8.9 11.9 9.7 9.2 9.0 8.9	.7 .8 .8 1.1 1.9 2.1 2.0 1.1 1.1	$\begin{array}{r} .6\\ 1.0\\ .4\\ 1.9\\ 3.0\\ -3.6\\ -5.2\\ -4.0\\ -4.0\end{array}$.4 .3 .5 .3 .7 1.5 1.8 2.0
1940—Jan, 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	87.3 86.7 86.0 87.4 86.3	19. 1 18. 8 18. 9 18. 7 19. 1	19.6 19.7 19.3 19.1 19.0	9.4 9.2 9.3 9.3	18. 3 18. 1 17. 8 19. 2 19. 1	2 2 2 2 2	.2 .2 .3 .2	5.8 5.6 5.8 5.8 5.9	72. 2 71. 4 71. 1 72. 1 72. 3	9.7 9.6 9.5 9.8 9.3	1.7 1.6 1.3 1.3 .9	1.7 2.0 2.1 2.3 2.0	2.0 2.1 2.1 1.9 1.9

¹ Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures shown under Asia represent the Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All ¹ Frior to Jan. 9, 2020, 2020 - 2021
² For explanation see BULLETIN for May 1937, pp. 395-396.
³ Inflow less than \$50,000.
⁴ Outflow less than \$50,000.

OUTSTANDING SHORT-TERM ACCOUNTS, BY COUNTRIES

[Outstanding amounts in millions of dollars]

TABLE 8.---SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS---BY COUNTRIES

Date	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia 1	All other ¹
		·			Repo	rted by Ba	nks in Ne	w York C	ity				
1929—Dec. 31 1930—Dec. 31 1931—Dec. 30 1932—Dec. 28 1933—Dec. 27 1934—Nov. 28 ²	2, 672, 7 2, 335, 0 1, 303, 5 745, 6 392, 0 466, 7	301. 5 214. 5 104. 9 169. 7 48. 9 59. 1	923. 7 799. 4 549. 2 71. 1 27. 0 32. 7	99.1 122.2 44.6 11.9 8.0 12.7	105. 2222. 266. 078. 011. 59. 7	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{204.5} \\ \textbf{161.0} \\ \textbf{41.1} \\ \textbf{32.9} \\ \textbf{17.5} \\ \textbf{25.8} \end{array}$	157. 4 111. 2 33. 2 39. 8 11. 7 14. 3	281.3 122.2 66.2 31.1	961. 2 469. 6 155. 7	241. 8 216. 8 148. 3 98. 2 86. 1 91. 9	188. 2 130. 8 103. 3 121. 7 96. 7 106. 6	49.0 38.2 69.0 43.5 42.7 60.3	31.0 37.5 21.6 12.6 10.9 11.9
					Re	ported by 1	Banks in 1	United Sta	tes				
1934—Dec. 5 ³ 1935—Jan. 2	584. 8 597. 0	79.6 76.9	36. 1 33. 9	13. 5 12. 9	12. 1 13. 7	28.4 29.9	16. 8 18. 8	40.6 46.8	$227.1 \\ 232.9$	103. 3 99. 3	117. 4 122. 8	125. 1 130. 1	12.0 12.0
1935—Mar. 27 June 26 Sept. 25 Dec. 31	635. 6 839. 0 922. 9 1, 200. 2	$\begin{array}{r} 92.4\\ 153.2\\ 162.4\\ 205.5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 38.1\\ 98.4\\ 84.1\\ 163.5\end{array}$	18. 8 43. 9 51. 2 68. 6	16. 0 35. 4 50. 7 86. 1	25.3 25.3 27.4 29.0	14.3 16.9 16.5 26.1	51.2 55.1 68.1 107.5	256. 2 428. 4 460. 6 686. 3	106. 5 132. 4 144. 3 145. 3	137.4 145.7 155.4 156.3	120. 5 115. 7 144. 9 188. 9	15. 0 16. 8 17. 7 23. 4
1936—Mar. 25 June 24 Sept. 30 Dec. 30	1, 177. 2 1, 426. 2 1, 459. 6 1, 491. 6	186. 6 270. 5 293. 7 235. 7	145. 8 157. 8 163. 2 176. 3	65. 8 102. 8 76. 8 78. 8	86, 3 128, 3 147, 3 123, 5	$21. \ 6 \\ 20. \ 6 \\ 19. \ 2 \\ 32. \ 0$	18.7 25.3 29.2 41.7	118.3 123.1 128.8 126.3	643, 1 828, 2 858, 3 814, 3	144. 2 160. 6 170. 7 186. 1	189. 3 207. 4 200. 5 263. 9	183. 1 208. 2 210. 2 200. 2	17.5 21.7 19.8 27.1
1937—Mar. 31 June 30 Sept. 29 Dec. 29	2,173.6 2.304.8	$\begin{array}{c} 226.\ 9\\ 373.\ 1\\ 385.\ 8\\ 261.\ 5\end{array}$	$173.\ 0\\206.\ 2\\197.\ 3\\143.\ 9$	60. 4 145. 0 167. 6 89. 1	113. 1 331. 4 425. 5 302. 1	53. 9 40. 3 48. 7 39. 0	36. 6 23. 0 27. 5 25. 7	140. 8 177. 9 223. 4 156. 0	804. 7 1, 296. 9 1, 475. 9 1, 017. 1	210. 0 190. 1 219. 3 175. 6	441. 0 448. 8 353. 8 280. 9	204. 6 210. 4 229. 9 236. 0	22, 5 27, 4 25, 8 20, 0
1938—Mar. 30 June 29 Sept. 28 Dec. 28	1,357.4 1,732.4	248. 1 217. 4 308. 5 438. 8	126. 3 102. 2 165. 6 190. 9	48. 5 48. 6 82. 2 98. 4	236. 7 173. 8 191. 0 217. 4	25. 7 27. 3 17. 6 19. 9	14. 9 18. 2 17. 2 22. 6	135. 7 121. 9 232. 8 249. 9	835. 8 709. 4 1, 015. 0 1, 237. 8	186. 4 173. 5 190. 8 235. 2	257, 9 261, 7 285, 0 254, 9	219. 5 194. 4 207. 9 243. 7	21. 3 18. 4 33. 7 32. 4
1939—Jan. 25 Feb. 22 Mar. 29 April 26 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	2, 264. 2 2, 505. 6 2, 612. 7 2, 619. 5 2, 637. 4 2, 905. 4	419, 2 445, 2 473, 9 548, 9 578, 0 607, 4 567, 5 594, 5 656, 7 630, 6 501, 6 468, 4	199, 9 216, 5 219, 5 269, 0 275, 3 284, 4 284, 2 315, 9 259, 9 259, 9 259, 9 259, 9 259, 9 256, 3 263, 7	103, 4 119, 4 143, 9 154, 9 137, 1 146, 0 153, 8 158, 7 186, 0 186, 0 194, 7 204, 7	226, 8 238, 4 247, 1 244, 2 238, 4 240, 8 248, 8 248, 8 248, 8 299, 9 307, 4 334, 1 365, 6	16. 8 16. 7 18. 7 15. 7 15. 7 15. 1 13. 8 11. 1 7. 8 9. 6 11. 3 7. 5	18. 4 13. 0 14. 8 13. 1 14. 3 12. 2 12. 8 11. 4 17. 1 31. 6 35. 5 35. 5	$\begin{array}{c} 269.\ 1\\ 257.\ 7\\ 314.\ 7\\ 365.\ 3\\ 370.\ 5\\ 366.\ 9\\ 379.\ 6\\ 431.\ 0\\ 446.\ 4\\ 475.\ 6\\ 493.\ 8\\ 520.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{matrix} 1, 253, 6\\ 1, 306, 8\\ 1, 432, 7\\ 1, 609, 3\\ 1, 629, 3\\ 1, 672, 7\\ 1, 660, 4\\ 1, 806, 2\\ 1, 909, 7\\ 1, 909, 7\\ 1, 900, 7\\ 1, 847, 2\\ 1, 865, 4 \end{matrix}$	205. 3 223. 2 236. 6 267. 0 309. 4 291. 7 293. 6 356. 2 325. 3 309. 2 327. 6 285. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 250.\ 0\\ 264.\ 6\\ 300.\ 7\\ 330.\ 6\\ 371.\ 7\\ 363.\ 0\\ 375.\ 5\\ 389.\ 8\\ 383.\ 0\\ 379.\ 0\\ 361.\ 0\\ 364.\ 5\end{array}$	247. 2 258. 5 250. 9 251. 4 242. 5 253. 6 283. 7 299. 5 352. 4 384. 5 404. 9	36, 4 35, 9 43, 3 47, 3 48, 6 49, 7 54, 4 69, 4 66, 2 69, 6 83, 4 89, 7
1940—Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	2, 994. 7 2, 989. 6 3, 007. 0 2, 969. 3 2, 991. 6	404. 5 405. 6 393. 9 374. 8 376. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 290.\ 6\\ 288.\ 8\\ 291.\ 2\\ 284.\ 9\\ 288.\ 5\end{array}$	200. 3 194. 8 196. 7 200. 0 200. 1	395, 5 395, 2 408, 8 411, 9 411, 0	9.1 8.4 8.4 8.5 8.4	43 . 7 43. 7 42. 7 43. 0 44. 5	569. 0 570. 9 593. 2 587. 6 593. 5	1, 912, 6 1, 907, 5 1, 934, 7 1, 901, 8 1, 922, 6	266. 9 261. 6 261. 6 260. 0 268. 7	352.2 350.5 356.6 355.2 354.6	392. 1 398. 8 386. 0 383. 7 383. 4	70. 9 71. 2 68. 1 68. 7 62. 4

Additional Detail Available from Jan. 3, 1940 4

		5 Euro	opean co	ountrie	s			6 1	Latin A	merica	n counti	ries			4 Asia	tic cour	ntries	,
Date	Total	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land	Nor- way	Swe- den	Total	Ar- gen- tina	Bra- zil	Chile	Cuba	Mex- ico	Pan- ama and C. Z.	Total	China	Hong Kong		Philip- pine Islands
1940-Jan. 3.	407.1	159.2	28.1	21.4	56.3	142.2	250.7	57.7	36.4	26.8	37.0	58.8	34.0	323. 9	165.4	71.4	58.0	29.1
Jan. 31. Feb. 7 Feb. 14. Feb. 21. Feb. 28.	448. 1 448. 8 461. 9 446. 9 458. 8	172.9 175.0 173.6	26.7 27.8 27.8	21.8	68.7 68.5	153.4 165.5 153.8	264.9 263.2	65.4 66.7 66.0	31.9 29.5	26.1 26.7 25.7	38.4 38.4 38.4	61.0 67.6 65.8	35.9 36.5	338.1 331.4	174.2 174.6 173.2	72.5 70.0 70.0	55, 4 53, 9 52, 8	36.0 32.9 31.4

Prior to January 3, 1940, the figures shown under Asia represent the Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other."
Last report date on old basis.
First report date on new basis.
The figures in this supplementary table represent a partial analysis, available from Jan. 3, 1940, of the figures in the main table under the head-ings of Other Europe, Latin America, and Asia.

NOTE.—The figures given in this table are not fully comparable throughout as a result of certain changes or corrections in the reporting prac-tice of reporting banks which occurred on August 12, 1936, January 5, 1938, and October 18, 1939 (see BULLETIN for May 1937, p. 425; April 1939, p. 295; and April 1940, p. 362).

OUTSTANDING SHORT-TERM ACCOUNTS, BY COUNTRIES

[Outstanding amounts in millions of dollars]

TABLE 9.—SHORT-TERM FOREIGN ASSETS—BY COUNTRIES

Date	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia 1	All other 1
					Rep	orted by E	Banks in 1	New York	City	L	L		
1931—Dec. 30 1932—Dec. 28 1933—Dec. 27 1934—Nov. 28 ²	$1, 103.3 \\937.9 \\898.8 \\827.1$	87.3 192.5	29. 5 62. 9 66. 9 94. 1	20. 9 13. 0 18. 4 15. 9	12.6 6.2 12.3 8.5	467. 2 434. 9 260. 9 178. 8	18.7 11.8 16.7 10.7	149. 2 97. 0 83. 2 60. 2	864.3 713.1 651.0 569.5	58. 1 42. 2 32. 3 84. 4	136. 5 155. 2 159. 7 124. 4	41. 8 24. 0 49. 7 46. 2	2.6 3.5 6.2 2.6
					Rep	orted by B	anks in L	Inited State	8				
1934—Dec. 5 ³	1, 137. 8	266.4	108.2	19.2	8.3	239. 6	26.5	81.3	749.5	91.2	170.7	118. 1	8.3
1935—Jan. 2	1, 139. 9	296.9	80.5	18.6	8.2	231. 7	27.2	80.0	743.2	96.3	174.6	117. 4	8.5
1935—Mar. 27	962. 5	192. 2	53. 9	14.5	5.7	226. 5	23. 2	75.7	591. 6	100. 8	169, 9	90. 3	10.0
June 26	829. 2	88. 8	32. 0	13.4	6.3	213. 8	24. 6	79.1	457. 9	108. 2	165, 0	88. 8	9.3
Sept. 25	765. 2	87. 3	62. 7	16.5	7.8	199. 9	21. 0	65.9	461. 0	77. 9	153, 0	64. 3	9.1
Dec. 31	778. 6	88. 1	32. 5	19.0	6.6	202. 0	13. 5	71.2	433. 0	100. 9	154, 5	80. 1	10.1
1936—Mar. 25	736. 3	82.7	26. 5	22. 9	5.4	198. 6	12.6	64. 8	413. 5	78.7	158.7	74. 3	11. 2
June 24	691. 6	77.3	23. 9	21. 2	4.5	187. 0	12.7	57. 8	384. 4	78.0	144.0	73. 9	11. 4
Sept. 30	647. 9	75.8	81. 5	21. 5	5.2	160. 6	11.0	52. 0	407. 6	49.1	126.6	54. 4	10. 2
Dec. 30	672. 6	114.1	16. 8	21. 9	5.4	165. 1	10.9	57. 8	392. 1	59.4	141.1	67. 2	12. 9
1937—Mar. 31	693. 1	99. 7	15, 8	17. 1	4.9	162. 2	13. 0	58. 1	370. 7	71.7	135. 3	100. 0	15.5
June 30	637. 7	75. 6	13, 2	13. 7	3.5	143. 9	14. 8	55. 2	319. 9	87.8	132. 0	83. 6	14.5
Sept. 29	586. 0	75. 3	11, 1	19. 1	4.2	132. 0	16. 8	52. 8	311. 3	82.5	107. 0	71. 7	13.5
Dec. 29	655. 0	84. 8	13, 5	23. 0	5.5	126. 1	20. 8	52. 9	326. 5	118.0	114. 4	78. 9	17.2
1938—Mar. 30	669. 7	120. 6	11. 4	23. 5	4.8	112. 0	18. 1	51, 0	341. 4	93. 3	113.5	104. 1	17.4
June 29	700. 8	141. 4	16. 2	25. 2	5.9	102. 6	16. 1	49, 0	356. 4	87. 6	116.6	126. 4	13.8
Sept. 28	626. 9	121. 9	11. 4	22. 6	4.4	99. 1	17. 0	46, 3	322. 7	84. 0	94.2	113. 6	12.4
Dec. 28	626. 0	87. 7	13. 3	25. 5	5.4	90. 9	13. 3	46, 7	282. 8	65. 7	99.2	162. 6	15.7
1939—Jan. 25 Feb. 22 Mar. 29 A pril 26 July 26 July 26 July 26 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	$\begin{array}{c} 603.\ 2\\ 569.\ 1\\ 553.\ 6\\ 492.\ 3\\ 504.\ 3\\ 496.\ 6\\ 497.\ 2\\ 483.\ 5\\ 485.\ 7\\ 558.\ 1\\ 537.\ 1\\ 546.\ 3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 98.5\\ 82.0\\ 83.0\\ 64.2\\ 55.4\\ 55.4\\ 55.2\\ 66.9\\ 66.0\\ 64.5\\ 46.5\\ 44.4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8.7\\ 12.4\\ 13.8\\ 11.7\\ 10.7\\ 10.7\\ 7.3\\ 8.7\\ 8.6\\ 5.4\\ 5.0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23.8\\ 22.4\\ 20.1\\ 17.9\\ 18.7\\ 19.7\\ 21.7\\ 10.3\\ 9.6\\ 9.3\\ 6.6\\ 6.6\end{array}$	4.52 3.6 3.4 4.52 2.9 3.5 2.9 4.7 4.9	88. 6 84. 0 81. 4 79. 2 77. 4 74. 7 73. 0 67. 1 60. 7 58. 5 53. 9	14. 4 13. 3 16. 4 13. 5 11. 9 9. 5 9. 3 12. 6 12. 2 11. 8 9. 4 10. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 43.9\\ 48.0\\ 48.8\\ 44.7\\ 41.1\\ 39.9\\ 39.1\\ 44.7\\ 41.6\\ 48.5\\ 52.0\\ 53.0\\ \end{array}$	282. 4 266. 3 267. 1 235. 0 220. 4 217. 0 210. 3 218. 6 208. 1 207. 2 183. 1 178. 7	52. 449.046. 348. 049. 454. 052. 744. 049. 751. 143. 646. 3	95. 7 98. 3 99. 5 94. 9 111. 1 110. 3 111. 8 104. 1 108. 5 112. 0 114. 0 117. 5	157. 9 140. 4 125. 7 103. 6 110. 6 100. 5 108. 7 103. 3 104. 0 172. 6 179. 3 186. 9	14. 8 15. 0 14. 9 10. 9 12. 8 14. 8 13. 6 13. 5 15. 4 15. 2 17. 0 16. 9
1940—Jan. 31	533. 0	56. 2	5.3	7.2	5. 1	52. 3	13. 7	49. 5	189. 1	40. 1	110. 2	184. 6	9. 1
Feb. 7	535. 8	52. 0	4.7	6.5	5. 3	52. 3	13. 8	50. 8	185. 5	42. 0	112. 0	186. 7	9. 5
Feb. 14	537. 6	52. 7	5.5	7.0	4. 9	50. 8	13. 6	52. 2	186. 5	41. 4	109. 5	190. 5	9. 8
Feb. 21	532. 1	45. 8	6.2	6.8	5. 2	52. 0	14. 8	50. 0	180. 8	43. 2	110. 6	188. 1	9. 3
Feb. 28	531. 4	44. 7	5.4	5.7	5. 5	51. 8	15. 5	49. 3	177. 9	44. 2	109. 8	190. 3	9. 2

Additional Detail Available from Jan. 3, 1940 ⁴

		5 Euro	opean co	ountrie	s			6]	Latin A	merica	n count	ries			4 Asia	tic cour	tries	
Date	Total	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land	Nor- way	Swe- den	Total	Ar- gen- tina	Bra- zil	Chile	Cuba	Mex- ico	Pan- ama and C. Z.	Total	China	Hong Kong	Japan	Philip- pine Islands
	23. 4	6.5	3.2	1.4	3.6	8.7	76. 1	16.8	32. 2	9.7	10. 5	5.9	1.0	152. 5	22.0	1.9	102.1	26.4
Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	22.4	7.5 8.4 7.7	3.6 3.6 2.8	1.1 1.0	3.8 4.0 4.0	5.9 5.4	72.5 70.0	12.7 12.1 11.6	34.2 31.6 32.2	9.7 9.5 9.6	10.2 11.2	4.7 4.7	1.0 .9 .9	165.3 168.5 167.3	24.7 25.1 25.4	1.6 1.8 2.6	114.4 114.5	25.8 27.2 24.9

¹ Prior to January 3, 1940, the figures shown under Asia represent the Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other."

¹⁴All other.⁷⁷ ³ Last report date on old basis. ³ First report date on new basis. ⁴ The figures in this supplementary table represent a partial analysis, available from January 3, 1940, of the figures in the main table under the headings Other Europe, Latin America, and Asia. NOTE.—The figures given in this table are not fully comparable throughout as a result of certain changes or corrections in the reporting prac-tice of reporting banks which occurred on August 12, 1936, and October 18, 1939 (see BULLETIN for May 1937, p. 431, and April 1940, p. 363).

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CENTRAL BANKS

Bank of England	A	ssets of ue dept.		Asset	ts of bankir	ıg departı	nent		Li	abilities	of banki	ing depart	ment
(Figures in millions of pounds sterling)	Gold	Oth	er		Notes	Dis- counts and ad- vances	Securi- ties	Note circula- tion	Bank		blic	Other	Other liabili- ties
1929—Dec. 25	145. 147. 120. 119. 190. 192. 200. 313. 326. 326.	6 26 7 27 8¥ 27 7 26 3 26 1 26 7 20 4 22	0.0 0.0 5.0 5.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	.2 .6 .6 .8 1.0 .5 .6 .6 .8 .8	26.3 38.8 31.6 23.6 58.7 47.1 35.5 46.3 41.1 51.7	22, 3 49, 0 27, 3 18, 5 16, 8 7, 6 8, 5 17, 5 9, 2 28, 5	84.9 104.7 133.0 120.1 101.4 98.2 94.7 155.6 135.5 90.7	379. 6 368. 8 364. 2 371. 2 392. 0 405. 2 424. 5 467. 4 505. 3 504. 7	13 12 10 10 8 7 7 15 12	1.0 2.4 6.4 2.4 9.1 2.1 0.6 0.6 1.0	8.8 6.6 7.7 8.9 22.2 9.9 12.1 12.1 11.4 15.9	35. 8 36. 2 40. 3 33. 8 36. 5 36. 4 37. 1 39. 2 36. 6 36. 8	17. 9 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0 18. 0
1939—Feb. 22 April 26 May 31 June 28 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 27	² 126. ³ 226. 226. 226. 226. 4 246. 263. ⁵	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0	$1.0 \\ 1.1 \\ .9 \\ .6 \\ .7 \\ .6 \\ .7 \\ .9 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.0$	53. 7 44. 2 37. 1 26. 4 27. 4 35. 5 33. 5 38. 3 53. 0 51. 6 25. 6	17.5 4.8 6.2 8.0 6.8 8.0 6.4 2.5 4.6 4.5 4.3	100. 6 124. 8 129. 5 140. 7 136. 7 128. 0 137. 8 144. 2 147. 7 132. 1 176. 1	472. 7 482. 0 489. 1 499. 8 499. 0 510. 9 529. 5 541. 8 527. 1 528. 7 554. 6	99 9 10 9 9 10 11 10	3. 1 8. 5 1. 4 2. 4 1. 4 0. 1 7. 1 6. 8 3. 5 7. 3	16. 3 21. 8 27. 0 38. 3 15. 4 26. 0 31. 1 19. 8 12. 6 27. 8 29. 7	35. 1 36. 3 37. 6 37. 1 37. 0 36. 7 39. 0 40. 5 39. 2 40. 2 42. 0	18. 2 18. 2 17. 7 17. 8 17. 9 18. 1 18. 2 18. 3 17. 7 17. 8 17. 9
1940—Jan. 31 Feb.28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24		$ \begin{array}{c c} 2 & 58 \\ 2 & 58 \end{array} $	80.0 80.0 80.0 80.0	.8 1.0 1.1 1.0	52. 5 49. 0 37. 1 43. 1	3. 1 2. 8 6. 1 4. 9	143. 9 149. 4 157. 2 153. 5	527. 7 531. 2 543. 1 537. 1	9	8. 1 9. 4 8. 0 3. 4	39. 7 45. 7 43. 1 40. 7	44. 3 38. 9 42. 2 40. 6	18.0 18.1 18.2 17.7
					Assets						Lia	bilities	
Bank of France			Do	mesti	e bills	Ad-	Loans	on—			D	eposits	
(Figures in millions of frances)	Gold 6	For- eign ex- change	Open market 7	Sp cia	e-]ŧ Other	vances to Gov- ern- ment *	Short- term Govern- ment se- curities	Other securi- ties	Other assets	Note circula- tion	Gover		Other liabili- ties
1929—Dec. 27	82, 124	25, 942 26, 179 21, 111 4, 484 1, 158 963 1, 328 1, 460 911 821	5, 612 5, 204 7, 157 6, 802 6, 122 5, 837 5, 800 5, 640 5, 580 7, 422	 1, 8 1, 7	552 10,066	 17, 698 31, 909	573 715 675 443	2, 521 2, 901 2, 730 2, 515 2, 921 3, 211 3, 253 3, 583 3, 781 3, 612	5,603 6,609 8,545 9,196 8,251 8,288 7,879 8,344 7,277 14,442	68, 571 76, 436 85, 725 85, 028 82, 613 83, 412 81, 150 89, 342 93, 837 110, 935	11, 7 12, 6 5, 8 2, 3 2, 3 3, 7 2, 8 2, 0 3, 4 5, 0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 2,241 3 1,989 2 2,041 4 1,940 9 1,907 8 2,113 5 2,557 3 3,160
1939—Feb. 23		759 758 756 754 722 722 218 212 85 120 112	7, 801 8, 631 8, 609 8, 164 8, 316 9, 396 9, 734 10, 038 10, 565 11, 273	2,0 2,0 2,1 2,2 2,2 1,5 1,6 2,0 1,6 2,3	054 5, 733 165 6, 012 276 4, 774 279 5, 009 275 5, 009 275 5, 009 058 14, 830 007 8, 298 326 5, 206	20, 627 20, 577 20, 577 20, 577 20, 577 20, 577 20, 577 22, 777 25, 473 30, 473	73 172 127 78 374 472 2,412 930 336 454 174	3, 317 3, 332 3, 362 3, 401 3, 471 3, 461 3, 576 3, 581 3, 482	14, 308 14, 558 14, 452 14, 264 14, 753 14, 458 16, 016 16, 482 17, 100 17, 769 16, 438	$\begin{array}{c} 111, 162\\ 119, 748\\ 124, 666\\ 121, 391\\ 122, 611\\ 123, 239\\ 142, 359\\ 144, 562\\ 144, 379\\ 149, 370\\ 151, 322 \end{array}$	5, 0 3, 9 3, 7 4, 5 5, 1 5, 4 3, 3 2, 3 2, 0 1, 9 1, 9	55 16, 70: 55 17, 25: 73 17, 57: 88 16, 90: 68 16, 05: 94 18, 03: 42 18, 02: 04 14, 79: 53 12, 39:	2 2,726 5 2,649 0 3,020 2 2,816 3 2,781 3 2,781 3 2,708 2 2,926 0 3,006 2 3,346
1940—Jan. 25 Feb. 29	97, 268 97, 275 ¹⁰ 84,614 84, 615	111 109 111 112	11, 861 12, 505 42, 645 (¹¹)	2, 2 1, 8 1, 8 1, 7	10 4,630 70 5,005	35, 673 40, 523 20, 550 20, 900	229 465 320 228	3, 444 3, 403 3, 376 3, 411	15, 963 16, 917 15, 970 (¹¹)	$\begin{array}{c} 151,738\\ 156,150\\ 156,032\\ 156,285\end{array}$	1, 8 1, 2 1, 1 1, 1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3, 156 2 3, 014

Preliminary.
Securities and silver coin held as cover for fiduciary issue, which has been fixed at £580,000,000 since Sept. 6, 1939; for information concerning previous status of fiduciary issue see BULLETIN for December 1939, p. 1140, and April 1939, p. 339.
On Jan. 6, 1939, £200,000,000 of gold transferred to British Exchange Equalization Account.
Effective Mar. 1, 1939, gold valued at current prices instead of legal parity and about £5,500,000 transferred from Exchange Account to Bank.
On July 12, 1939, £279,000,000 of gold transferred from Exchange Account.
By decree of Feb. 29, 1940 (see BULLETIN for May 1940, pp. 406-407), gold revalued on basis of 23.34 milligrams gold 0.900 fine per franc. Increment of about 17,000,000,000 frances supplemented by certain other funds was applied to the full repayment of advances to the Government granted under authority of the decree of Nov. 12, 1938, in the amount of 20,473,000,000 frances. Gold also revalued in Oct. 1936, July 1937, and Nov. 1938.
For further details see BULLETIN for December 1939, p. 1140, and December 1938, p. 1091.
Negotiable bills of Caisse Autonome, bills bought under authority of decree of June 17, 1938 (see BULLETIN for August 1938, p. 650) and, from Mar. 28, 1940, 30,000,000,000,000,000 trances of Aug. 19, 1936—see BULLETIN for October 1936, pp. 785-786), and bills rediscounted for account of Banques Populaires (law of Aug. 19, 1936—see BULLETIN for October 1936, pp. 785-786), and bills rediscounted for account of Banques Populaires (law of Nov. 12, 1938; and under authority of Convention of Sept. 29, 1938, approved by decree of Sept. 1939, p. 30, and November 1939, p. 720; June 1938, p. 452; August 1938, p. 650; June 30, 1937, March 22, 1938, and April 14, 1939, as modified by Convention of Nov. 12, 1938; and under authority of Convention of Sept. 29, 1938, app

Central Banks—Continued

		•		Assets					Liabilities	
Reichsbank (Figures in millions of		of gold and exchange	Bills (and checks),		Secu	rities		Note		Other
reichsmarks)	Total reserves	Gold 1	including Treasury bills	Security loans	Eligible as note cover	Other	Other assets	circula- tion	Deposits	liabili- ties
1929—Dec. 31. 1930—Dec. 31. 1931—Dec. 31. 1932—Dec. 31. 1933—Dec. 31. 1934—Dec. 31. 1935—Dec. 31. 1935—Dec. 31. 1935—Dec. 31. 1935—Dec. 31. 1935—Dec. 31. 1936—Dec. 31.	2, 687 2, 685 1, 156 920 396 84 84 88 72 76 76	2, 283 2, 216 984 806 386 79 82 66 71 71	2, 848 2, 572 4, 242 2, 806 3, 226 4, 066 4, 552 5, 510 6, 131 8, 244	251 256 245 176 183 146 84 74 60 45	259 445 349 221 106 557	92 102 161 398 322 319 315 303 286 298	656 638 1,065 1,114 735 827 853 765 861 1,621	5, 044 4, 778 4, 776 3, 560 3, 645 3, 901 4, 285 4, 980 5, 493 8, 223	755 652 755 540 640 984 1,032 1,012 1,012 1,059 1,527	736 822 1, 338 1, 313 836 1, 001 923 953 970 1, 091
1939—Apr. 29. May 31. June 30. July 31. Aug. 31. Sept. 30. Oct. 31. Nov. 30. Dec. 30. 940—Jan. 31. Feb. 29. Mar. 30. Apr. 30.	77	71 71	7,726 7,547 8,159 8,461 10,272 10,105 9,358 10,148 11,392 11,143 11,825 12,242 12,188	55 40 48 36 60 24 35 36 30 33 37 31 31	668 922 930 925 1,013 1,324 1,440 997 804 374 172 144 172 144 221	476 2855 274 289 296 393 3666 365 393 401 367 394 364	1, 928 2, 182 1, 658 1, 652 1, 964 1, 963 2, 375 2, 257 2, 498 2, 487 2, 380 2, 557 2, 651	8, 519 8, 525 8, 731 8, 989 10, 907 10, 995 10, 820 10, 974 11, 798 11, 505 11, 877 12, 176 12, 480	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{1, 122} \\ \mathbf{1, 292} \\ \mathbf{1, 281} \\ \mathbf{1, 294} \\ \mathbf{1, 480} \\ \mathbf{1, 602} \\ \mathbf{1, 520} \\ \mathbf{1, 574} \\ \mathbf{2, 018} \\ \mathbf{1, 628} \\ \mathbf{1, 559} \\ \mathbf{1, 760} \\ \mathbf{1, 714} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,289\\ 1,234\\ 1,132\\ 1,157\\ 1,294\\ 1,287\\ 1,312\\ 1,332\\ 1,332\\ 1,332\\ 1,332\\ 1,422\\ 1,422\\ 1,509\\ 1,338 \end{array}$

¹ Not shown separately on Reichsbank statement after June 15, 1939. NOTE.—For explanation of above table see BULLETIN for February 1931, pp. 81-83, and July 1935, p. 463.

Central bank		1940		1939	Central bank		1940		1939
[Figures as of last report date of month]	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.	[Figures as of last report date of month]	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.
National Bank of Albania (thou- sands of frances): Gold		1, 224 179 244 194 1, 180 477 110 3	7,030 8,241 27,150 39,258	7,568 21,072 4,951 10,309 10,292 16,345 1,224 80 279 196 1,126 417 157 3 3	National Bank of Belgium (millions of belgas): Gold and foreign exchange Discounts Loans Other assets Note circulation Demand deposits—Treasury Other liabilities Central Bank of Bolivia (thousands of bolivianos): Gold at home and abroad Foreign exchange Loans and discounts Securities—Government Other assets Note circulation Deposits		1 187 124	94, 863 120, 123 427, 407 10, 084 70, 186 367, 576 359, 737	51, 226 31, 613 407, 587 4, 431 32, 503 295, 684 225 302
Other liabilities Commonwealth Bank of Australia (thousands of pounds): Issue department: Gold and English sterling Banking department: Coin builion, and eash Loans and discounts Securities. Deposits. Note circulation		56 16, 082 46, 795 2, 704 39, 612 35, 560 37, 558 107, 623 54, 025	56 16, 082 44, 802 32, 962 35, 950 42, 472 108, 276 52, 025	47 16, 030 41, 501 1, 524 16, 798 53, 596 83, 002 48, 530 166 369 559 377	Other liabilities	225, 773 42, 695 101, 507 107, 574 12, 054 221, 192 213, 912 32, 165 8, 295	225, 772 60, 719 93, 361 104, 664 9, 512 221 163	90, 164	67, 803 2, 006 855 988 3, 441 1, 310 3, 166 3, 285 2, 149 205, 993 31, 586 135, 834 29, 340 7, 521 165 330

¹ Less than 500,000 belgas.

Central Banks—Continued

Central bank		1940		1939	Central bank		1940		1939
[Figures as of last report date of month]	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.	[Figures as of last report date of month]	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.
Central Bank of Chile (millions of					Central Reserve Bank of El Salva-				
pesos):					dor—Cont.	1			
Gold Discounts for member banks	146 101		146 60	145 84	Deposits			6, 423	7,718
Loans to government	750		750	758	Other liabilities Bank of Estonia (thousands of			3, 641	3, 641
Other loans and discounts	363		317	246	krooni):			1	
Other assets	52		55	53	krooni): Gold Foreign exchange (net) Loans and discounts Other assets Demand deposits Other liabilities Bank of Finland (millions of mark- kaa):		40, 901	40, 922	40, 857
Note circulation	1,009		928	877	Foreign exchange (net)		4,356	4,246	17,678
Deposits Bank	148		144	181	Loans and discounts		20, 383	52, 086 32, 671	29, 110 36, 115
Other	90		96	71	Note circulation		64, 703	64, 496	55, 530
Other Other liabilities	164		160	157	Demand deposits		33, 771	35, 610	39, 380
Bank of the Republic of Colombia					Other liabilities		29, 480	29, 819	28, 850
(thousands of pesos):	40, 186	40, 192	41, 188	36, 416	Bank of Finland (millions of mark-			1	
Gold	3, 306	40, 192	5, 784	6, 187	kaa): Gold				1,128
Foreign exchange Loans and discounts Government loans and securities.	21, 128	18,615	17.318	18,828	Foreign assets				2, 490
Government loans and securities.	38, 538	37,908	37.453	37,858	Loans and discounts				1, 258
Other assets. Deposits. Other liabilities. Deposits. National Bank of Czecho-Slovakia ¹	29, 869	32, 928	32, 817 52, 334	29,962	Domestic securities				329
Note circulation	53, 485 52, 973	52, 576 50, 945	52, 334 52, 428	54, 368 39, 890	Note eirculation				118 2,306
Other liabilities	26, 570	30, 691	29, 797	34,993	Deposits-Treasury				90
National Bank of Czecho-Slovakia 1	,		,	· · · / · · · ·	Other				773
(millions of koruny):					Other liabilities	-			2, 152
Gold	1, 596 739	1,602	1, 602 771	1,894	Bank of Greece (millions of drach-				
Foreign exchange Discounts	362	736 358	415	856 2,073	Cald and foreign exchange (net)	4 995	3, 830	3, 780	3, 907
Loans	535	584	699	866	Loans and discounts	13, 366	13, 111	12,481	8.584
Other assets	7,480	7,274	7, 164	3,315	Covernment obligations Other assets	4, 105	4, 159	4, 207 2, 016	4.235
Note circulation Demand deposits	5, 522	5, 568	5, 713	6, 295	Other assets	2, 465 9, 861	2,083	2,016	1, 805
Demand deposits	$1,335 \\ 3,856$	1,359	1, 592	595 2, 114	Note circulation	9,861	9,010	8,890	8, 255 9, 652
Other liabilities National Bank of Denmark (mil-	3,800	3, 627	3, 347	2, 114	Deposits Other liabilities	12,840	12, 194 1, 980	11,701 1,893	9,052
lions of kroner):					National Bank of Hungary (mil-	1,020	1, 500	1,050	1, 020
Gold	117	117	117	118	lions of pengö):				
Foreign exchange	9	7	7	107	Gold	124	124	124	124
Discounts Loans—To Government agencies	38 107	30 98	30 111	20 55	Foreign exchange reserve	63 539	67 565	75 599	102 512
Other	422	324	330	148	Discounts Loans—To Treasury	343	313	314	296
Other Securities	188	191	207	183	Other	18	16	23	12
Other assets	118	98 609	94	104	Other assets	327	308	309	333
Note circulation	707	609	593	448	Note circulation	976	961	968	896
Other lightlities	154 138	121 135	148 156	92 194	Demand deposits Certificates of indebtedness	120 94	113 94	155	187 99
Deposits. Other liabilities. Central Bank of Ecuador (thou-					Other liabilities	225	226	228	198
sands of sucres):					Other liabilities. Reserve Bank of India (millions of				
Gold				35,952	rupees):				
Loans and discounts				3, 584 53, 612	Issue department:		444	444	444
Other assets				16, 170	Sterling securities		1, 135	1, 135	595
Central bank of Ecuador (thou- sands of stueres): Foreign exchange (net) Loans and discounts Other assets Note circulation Demand deposits Other liabilities National Bank of Egypt ² (thou- sands of pounds): Gold				63, 155	Issue department: Gold at home and abroad Sterling securities Indian Gov't securities Rupee coin Note circulation		384	384	373
Demand deposits		- 		32, 185	Rupee coin		559	583	660
National Bank of Equat 2 (thou-				13, 978	Banking department:		2, 386	2, 395	1, 887
sands of pounds):					Banking department: Notes of issue department Balances abroad Treasury bills discounted Loans to Government Investments Other assets Deposits		137	150	185
Gold			6, 544	6, 545	Balances abroad		285	201	124
Foreign exchange			2,602	1,943	Treasury bills discounted		12	54	17
Loans and discounts			9, 916	6, 432	Loans to Government		78	3 86	3 69
Government securities			29, 568	26, 583	Other assets		13	9	9
Other assets			6, 337	6,662	Deposits		408	393	297
Note circulation			24, 627	21.645	Deposits Other liabilities		116	110	110
sands of pounds): Gold Foreign exchange Loans and discounts British, Egyptian, and other Government securities Other assets Note circulation Deposits-Government Other liabilities Central Reserve Bank of El Salva- dor (thousands of colones):			3, 393 17, 791	2, 755 15, 512	Bank of Japan (millions of yen):	1		-	
Other liabilities			17, 791	15, 512 8, 253	Gold Special foreign exchange fund	501 300	501 300	501 300	501 300
Central Reserve Bank of El Salva-			3, 107	0,200	Discounts	527	544	385	423
dor (thousands of colones):					Discounts Loans-Government	3	3	3	3
Gold			13, 222	13, 207	Other Government bonds	118	220	258	45
Gold			5, 313	6, 891	Government bonds	2,726	2,482	2, 429	1,677
Foreign exchange			1 1.742	556	Utner assets	437	442	416	333
Foreign exchange Loans and discounts			1 020	5 170	Note airculation	2 105		9 000	9 410
Foreign exchange Loans and discounts Government debt and securities Other assets			4,936	5.172	Note circulation	3,405	3, 311	2,989	
Gold Gold Loans and discounts Government debt and securities. Other assets Note circulation			4, 936 1, 208 16, 358	5, 172 908 15, 374	Other assets Note circulation Deposits_Government Other Other liabilities	3, 405 699 115		2, 989 847 84	2, 413 388 115

¹ Name changed to National Bank of Bohemia and Moravia, Prague, by decree of March 31, 1939.

² Items for issue and banking departments consolidated.

Central Banks—Continued

Central bank		1940		1939	Central bank		1939		
[Figures as of last report date of month]	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.	[Figures as of last report date of month]	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.
Bank of Java (millions of guilders):					Bank of Portugal-Cont.				
Gold Foreign bills Other assets Note circulation Deposits Other liabilities Bank of Latvia (millions of lats): Gold		133 22	133	117	Note circulation. Other sight liabilities. Other liabilities			2, 373 956	2,055
Loans and discounts	!	65	19 72	10 64	Other liabilities			1,052	$1,262 \\ 1,000$
Other assets		117	101	114	National Bank of Rumania (mil-			1,002	1,000
Note circulation		199	194	193	110ns of lei);				1
Deposits		109	102	86	Gold	21,029	20,964	20,899	18,446
Other Habilities	i	29	28	26	Loans and discounts	22 520	6, 641 22, 553	5, 540 21, 867	4,027
Gold	71	71	71	93	Gold	6,903 22,520 1,024 10,036	1,057	1,086	1, 599
Gold Foreign exchange reserve	27	28	30	46	Government debt	10,036	10,026	10.093	10,249
Loans and discounts Other assets	220	211	206	162	Other assets	15, 785	15, 131	14,661	12,036
Other assets	46 107	45 110	49 106	56 89	Demand deposits	49,844	49, 848 9, 508	48, 095 10, 741	39, 189 10, 341
Deposits	194	186	189	221	Other liabilities	17,445	17,015	15, 310	11, 817
Other liabilities	64	60	61	46	South African Reserve Bank (thou-	1,	,		
Note circulation	· ·	-			sands of pounds):			00.470	
Gold	57	53	53	63	Gold	33, 822	32,980	32, 473 7, 995	26, 430
Gold Foreign exchange Loans and discounts	15 168	12 163	13 160	8 134	Gold Foreign bills Other bills and loans	8, 200 214	8, 205 347	190	7, 545
Other assets	62	63	62	34	Other assets	22, 575 18, 922	22, 596	21, 585	15. 347
Other assets Note circulation	171	168	167	182	Other assets Note circulation	18,922	20, 319	17,700 40,201	18,672 27,264
Deposits Other liabilities Netherlands Bank (millions of guil-	93 37	88	86	31	Deposits Other liabilities Bank of Sweden (millions of	41, 874	38, 811	40,201	27,264
Other liabilities	37	30	34	27	Bank of Sweden (millions of	4,015	4, 998	4, 343	3, 404
ders):					kronor):				
Gold		1,014	1,014	1,226	Gold	395	382	481	747
Silver (including subsidiary coin)		10	11	20	Foreign assets (net)	453	505	485	618
Foreign bills		19		3 13	Domestic loans and investments.	881 821	738	745 614	205 495
Loans		271	$\frac{46}{259}$	213	Note circulation Demand deposits	1, 537	577	1, 349	1,041
Other assets		80	82	69	Demand deposits	375	223	373	*850
Note circulation		1, 100	1, 114	1,037	Other liabilities. Swiss National Bank (millions of	638	637	603	174
Deposits-Government		· 8 225		8	Swiss National Bank (millions of				
biver (including substative conf) Foreign bills		225 52	$247 \\ 51$	$ 448 \\ 50 $	francs): Gold	2 124	2, 145	2, 172	2, 471
Other liabilities. Reserve Bank of New Zealand (thousands of pounds):		- 52	51	00	Gold Foreign exchange Discounts	2, 124 259	310	328	264
(thousands of pounds):					Discounts	270	156	274	-203
(thousands of pounds): Gold		$2,802 \\ 13,034$	2,802	2,802	Loans	82	79	51	34
Sterling exchange reserve		13, 034	10, 843	4, 659	Other assets Note circulation. Other sight liabilities. Other liabilities. Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (thousands of pounds): Odd		$662 \\ 2,013$	649 1,991	684 1,773
dertakings		22, 105	26, 529	19, 684	Other sight liabilities	720	697	843	1, 239
Investments		3, 146	3, 363	3,771	Other liabilities	642	642	641	644
Other assets		455	356	868	Central Bank of the Republic of				
Note circulation		18,379 20,785	18,026	15,659	Turkey (thousands of pounds):	}	110 459	114 065	36, 877
Other lighilities		20, 185	$23,511 \\ 2,355$	$13,946 \\ 2,180$	Foreign Exchange—Free		110, 408	905	
Bank of Norway (millions of		_,	,	-, 100	In clearing accounts		29, 983	31, 695	14, 557
kroner):					Loans and discounts		252, 465	237,850	130, 184
Gold	'		186	236 167	Securities		199,032	199, 726	192, 382
Total domestic credits and			99	107	Note circulation		312.542	302.042	236, 268
kroner): Gold Foreign assets Total domestic credits and securities Discounts Loans Securities			440	259	Turkey (thousands of pounds): Gold		165, 426	162, 260	34,112 236,268 50,928
Discounts			(1)	101	Other liabilities		143, 582	149,288	120, 939
Loans			(1) (1)	$\frac{38}{120}$	(thousands of passes);				
Other assets			B	57	Issue department:				
Note circulation			579	467	Gold and silver				86, 235
Demand deposits-Government.			12	50	Note circulation				90, 161
Other			94	121	Banking department:				20, 062
Central Reserve Bank of Poru			, (1)	81	Notes and coin				49 888
(thousands of soles):					Loans and discounts				103, 055
Gold and foreign exchange			50, 289	43, 847	Issue department: Gold and silver Note circulation Banking department: Gold Other assets Other assets Other liabilities National Bank of the Kingdom of Yugoslavia (millions of dinars): Gold				96, 454
Discounts	¹		18, 126	26,454	Deposits				85, 565
Other assets			4 559	91, 599 3, 798	National Bank of the Kingdom of				100, 094
Note circulation			123, 687	106,469	Yugoslavia (millions of dinars):				
Deposits			38, 953	45, 087 14, 143	Gold	2,069		2,034	1, 917
Other liabilities			16, 017	14, 143	Gold	$870 \\ 1,802$	873	908	485
					Government debt	3,072	1,815	$1,889 \\ 3,073$	1,976
Bank of Portugal (millions of		1	921	920	National defense bills	3, 073 2, 261 3, 402	3,073 1,916	1,612	
(thousands of soles): Gold and foreign exchange Discounts. Government loans Other assets Deposits Other liabilities Bank of Portugal (millions of escudos): Gold									
Bank of Portugal (millions of escudos): Gold			467	514	Other assets	3,402	3, 473	3, 579	3, 137
Bank of Portugal (millions of escudos): Gold Other reserves (net) Non-reserve exchange			467 268	189	Other assets	3,402 10,764	10,400	10,072	3, 137
Bank of Portugal (millions of escudos): GoldOther reserves (net) Non-reserve scchange Loans and discounts Covernment dett			467 268 459	189 429	Note circulation Other sight liabilities	10, 764 1, 777	10,400	10,072 2,112	7,423
Bank of Portugal (millions of escudos): Gold Other reserves (net) Other reserve exchange. Non-reserve exchange. Loans and discounts. Government debt. Other assets			$ \begin{array}{r} 467 \\ 268 \\ 459 \\ 1,033 \\ 1,234 \end{array} $	189	Other assets Note circulation Other sight liabilities Other liabilities	3, 402 10, 764 1, 777 935	10,400	10,072	3, 137 7, 423 1, 568 752

^r Revised.
 ¹ Figures not yet available.
 ³Agricultural and urban loans in process of liquidation,

BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

 Tn	thousands	~f	Quinian	anla	fronce 1]	

- · · ·	1	940	1939	Tishilit	1	1939	
Assets	Apr. 30	Mar. 31	Apr. 30	Liabilities	Apr. 30	Mar. 31	Apr. 30
Gold in bars Cash on hand and on current account	28, 215	30, 564	43, 747	Demand deposits (gold)	12, 588	12, 947	9, 649
with banks	33, 465 16, 852	34, 820 16, 258	18, 128 31, 010	Short-term deposits (various curren- cies): Central banks for own account	21,863	31, 995	127, 269
Rediscountable bills and acceptances (at cost)	162, 415	161, 923	216, 247	Other	2, 925	2, 785	5, 112
Time funds at interest Sundry bills and investments	21,963 195,075	17, 371 206, 639	29, 643 249, 533	Long-term deposits: Special accounts Other liabilities	229, 644 193, 398	229, 575 192, 630	255, 122 192, 672
Other assets	2, 434	2, 357	1, 516	Total liabilities	460, 419	469, 932	589, 823
Total assets	460, 419	469, 932	589, 823				,

¹ See BULLETIN for December 1936, p. 1025.

MONEY RATES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

[Per cent per annum]

	τ	Inited Kingd	lom (London	.)	Ge	ermany (Berl	in)		erdam)
Month .	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Money for 1 month	Day-to-day money 1	Private discount rate	Money for 1 month			
1929 — A pril. 1930 — A pril. 1931 — A pril. 1932 — A pril. 1934 — A pril. 1935 — A pril. 1936 — A pril. 1937 — A pril. 1937 — A pril. 1937 — A pril. 1937 — A pril. 1938 — A pril. 1938 — A pril. 1938 — A pril.			11/2 1 11/2-1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{c} 6.85\\ 4.40\\ 5.67\\ 6.17\\ 5.05\\ 4.76\\ 3.64\\ 2.83\\ 2.55\\ 3.04\\ 2.36\end{array}$	5. 36 2. 52 1. 50 1. 02 . 66 2. 07 3. 65 1. 07 . 19 . 13 1. 11	5.81 3.08 1.61 .94 1.00 1.85 3.26 1.27 1.00 .50 1.24	
1939—August September October November December	1.88	1. 92 3. 23 1. 77 1. 18 1. 24	1.35 2.72 1.71 1.00 1.03	$\frac{\frac{1}{2}-2}{1-2}$ $\frac{1}{2}-1$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	2, 75 2, 75 2, 75 2, 65 2, 63	2.50 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	2, 50 2, 51 2, 23 2, 19 2, 39	1, 03 2, 94 1, 90 1, 75 2, 25	1, 53 3, 66 2, 24 2, 41 2, 75
1940—January February March April	1. 10 1. 04 1. 03 1. 03	1.09 1.02 1.02 1.03	1.02 1.00 .99 1.00	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	2. 50 2. 50	(2) (2) (2) (2)	2. 03 2. 08	1.85 1.58 1.35	2. 64 2. 50 2. 49
	Switzer- land (Brussels)		France (Paris)	Italy (Milan)	Hur	igary	Sweden (Stock- holm)	Japan ((Tokyo)
Month	Private discount rate	Private discount rate	Private discount rate	Private discount rate	Prime commer- cial paper	Day-to-day money	Loans up to 3 months	Discounted bills	Call money overnight
1929-March 1930-March 1931-March 1932-March 1933-March 1934-March 1935-March 1936-March 1937-March 1937-March 1938-March 1937-March 1938-March 1939-March 1939-March 1939-March	.99 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 2.26 1.00 1.00	$\begin{array}{c} 3.\ 97\\ 3.\ 31\\ 2.\ 25\\ 3.\ 36\\ 2.\ 62\\ 2.\ 07\\ 2.\ 38\\ 1.\ 38\\ 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 63\\ 3.\ 28\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.37\\ 2.70\\ 1.57\\ 1.80\\ 2.04\\ 2.75\\ 2.12\\ 3.74\\ 4.06\\ 3.01\\ 1.94 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.\ 31\\ 6.\ 57\\ 5.\ 50\\ 6.\ 53\\ 4.\ 20\\ 3.\ 00\\ 3.\ 89\\ 5.\ 00\\ 4.\ 50\\ 5.\ 00\\ 5.\ 00\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 75_{6}-81_{2}\\ 63_{4}-81_{3}\\ 51_{2}-71_{2}\\ 61_{2}-91_{2}\\ 41_{2}-71_{2}\\ 41_{2}-71_{2}\\ 41_{2}-71_{2}\\ 41_{2}-71_{2}\\ 41_{2}-71_{2}\\ 41_{4}-61_{4}\\ 41_{4}-61_{4}\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 61 4 - 81 4 \\ 51 2 - 61 4 \\ 41 4 - 5 \\ 5 - 51 4 \\ 33 4 \\ 31 2 \\ 23 4 \\ 23 4 \\ 23 4 \\ 24 \\ 21 4 \\ 21 4 \\ 11 4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 41/2-61/2\\ 4-6\\ 3-5\\ 5-7\\ 31/2-51/2\\ 21/2-5\\ 21/2-5\\ 21/2-5\\ 21/2-5\\ 21/2-5\\ 21/2-5\\ 21/2-5\\ 21/2-5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5.\ 66-5.\ 84\\ 5.\ 48\\ 5.\ 29-5.\ 48\\ 6.\ 20-6.\ 57\\ 5.\ 48-5.\ 84\\ 5.\ 29\\ 5.\ 11\\ 6.\ 11\\ 4.\ 75\\ 4.\ 56\\ 4.\ 47\\ \end{array}$	3. 10 3. 83 2. 74 5. 84 2. 92 2. 57 2. 70 2. 87 2. 83 2. 51 2. 54
	1.00 1.00	2.30 2.24	1.88 1.95 2.70	5. 00 (³) (³)	$\begin{array}{r} 412-612 \\ 412-612 \\ 412-612 \\ 412-612 \end{array}$	11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2	21/2-5 21/2-5 21/2-5	(4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4) (4)
1939—July September October November December	1 95	3. 22 3. 19 3. 11 3. 11	2. 70 2. 34 2. 12 2. 12 2. 12	(3) (3) (3)	$\begin{array}{r} 41 & -61 \\ 2 \\ 41 & -61 \\ 41 & -61 \\ 41 & -61 \\ 2 \\ 41 & -61 \\ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1^{1}_{2} \\ 1^{1}_{2} \\ 1^{1}_{2} \\ 1^{1}_{2} \end{array}$	212-5 212-5 3-5	(4) (4) (4)	(4) (4) (4)

^{*} Revised.
¹ Beginning February 1940 figures are those published in the League of Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics.
⁴ No figures available since August 1939.
⁴ No figures available since June 1939.
⁴ No figures available since June 1939.
⁵ No figures available since June 1939.
NoTE.—For explanation of table see BULLETIN for November 1926, pp. 794-796; April 1927, p. 289; July 1929, p. 503; November 1929, p. 736; May 1930, p. 318; September 1938, p. 757; and December 1939, p. 1144.

DISCOUNT RATES OF CENTRAL BANKS

11	Per	cent	per	annum]	
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	Central bank of-												
Date effective	United King- dom	France	Ger- many	Bel- gium	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Јарал	bai					
In effect June 30, 1936 July 7	2	4	4	2	31⁄2 3	21/2	3. 29	Alba Arge Belg					
July 10 Sept. 9		3				2		Boli Brit					
Sept. 25 Oct. 2 Oct. 9		$2\frac{1}{2}$						Bulg					
Oct. 16 Oct. 20 Nov. 26 Dec. 3					21/2			Can Chil Colo					
Dec. 3 Jan. 28, 1937 June 15		4						Czec					
July 7 Aug. 4 Sept. 3		54											
Nov. 13 May 10, 1938 May 13		3						Den Ecu El S					
May 30 Sept. 28		3						Esto Finl					
Oct. 27 Nov. 25 Jan. 4, 1939		23/2		21/2				Frai					
Apr. 17 May 11				4 3 2 ¹ /2				Geri Gree Hun					
July 6 Aug. 24 Aug. 29 Sept. 28					3			Italy					
Oct. 26 Jan. 25, 1940	2			2				• C					
In effect May 29, 1940	2	2	31/2	2	3	11/3	3. 29	IN Ch cent;					

Central bank of—	Rate May 29	Date effective	Central bank of	Rate May 29	Date effective
Albania Argentina Belgium Bolivia British India	$5\frac{1}{2}$ $3\frac{1}{2}$ $6\frac{1}{2}$ 3	Mar. 1, 1936 Jan. 25, 1940	Japan Java Latvia Lithuania Mexico	3. 29 3 5 6 3	Apr. 7, 1936 Jan. 14, 1937 Feb. 17, 1940 July 15, 1939 Mar. 1, 1937
Bulgaria Canada Chile Colombia Czecho- Slovakia	$6 \\ 2^{1}/2 \\ 3 - 4^{1}/2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3$	Aug. 15, 1935 Mar. 11, 1935 Dec. 16, 1936 July 18, 1933 Jan. 1, 1936	Netherlands New Zea- land Norway Peru Portugal	3 3 6 4-4 ¹ /2	Aug. 29, 1939 Sept. 6, 1939 May 13, 1940 May 20, 1932 Aug. 11, 1937
Denmark Ecuador El Salvador Estonia Finland	41⁄2 °7 3 41⁄2 4	May 26, 1938 Mar. 30, 1939	Rumania South Africa Spain Sweden Switzerland	$3\frac{1}{2}$ $3\frac{1}{2}$ 4 $3\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$	May 5, 1938 May 15, 1933 ¹ Mar. 29, 1939 May 17, 1940 Nov. 26, 1936
France Germany Greece Hungary Italy	2 3½ 6 4 4½	Jan. 4, 1937 Aug. 29, 1935	Turkey United King- dom U. S. S. R Yugoslavia	4 2 4 5	July 1, 1938 Oct. 26, 1939 July 1, 1936 Feb. 1, 1935

Π

Corrected.
 Not officially confirmed.
 Changes since Apr. 27: Denmark—May 22, down from 5½ to 4½ per cent; Norway—May 13, down from 4½ to 3 per cent; Sweden—May 17, up from 3 to 3½ per cent.

COMMERCIAL BANKS

			Ass	əts			Liabilities					
United Kingdom ¹	Orch	Money at		Germand	Loans to	0		Deposits		0		
(Figures in millions of pounds sterling)	Cash reserves	call and short notice	Bills dis- counted	Securi- ties	custom- ers	Other assets	Total	Demand 2	Time '	Other liabilities		
				10) London el	earing ban	ks					
1930 — December 1931 — December 1932 — December 1934 — December 1935 — December 1935 — December 1936 — December 1937 — December 1937 — December 1938 — December 1937 — December 1938 — December 1939 — December	208 184 207 213 216 221 236 236 235 264	144 119 127 119 181 159 187 155 150 167	322 246 408 311 255 322 316 295 244 323	285 297 472 565 594 605 630 605 606 580	933 905 778 740 759 784 864 954 954 940 981	240 222 208 237 247 231 238 242 250 280	1, 876 1, 737 1, 983 1, 941 1, 971 2, 091 2, 238 2, 250 2, 172 2, 350	992 868 991 1,015 1,044 1,140	847 846 963 900 910 924	256 237 216 244 251 231 232 237 254 245		
		11 London clearing banks ³										
1936—December 1937—December 1938—December	244 244 243	195 163 160	322 300 250	660 635 635	890 984 971	249 256 263	2, 315 2, 330 2, 254	1, 288 1, 284 1, 256	1, 012 1, 026 997	245 252 269		
1939 – February March April June June July August September October November December December 1940 – January	243 232 229 236 235 235 233 268 268 245 274 242	138 141 145 155 155 152 146 159 142 174 154	212 190 184 201 249 278 279 236 289 353 334 388	617 611 605 600 597 599 603 605 611 609 610	982 992 997 993 986 985 1,016 1,020 1,000 1,015	253 249 256 258 257 251 269 276 271 242 290 267	2, 176 2, 152 2, 155 2, 167 2, 219 2, 240 2, 245 2, 278 2, 327 2, 345 2, 441 2, 410	$\begin{array}{c} 1,213\\ 1,186\\ 1,185\\ 1,194\\ 1,232\\ 1,241\\ 1,232\\ 1,241\\ 1,239\\ 1,272\\ 1,299\\ 1,303\\ 1,398\\ 1,373\\$	964 966 970 973 987 999 1,007 1,006 1,028 1,042 1,043 1,036	268 264 267 268 265 263 273 266 272 248 256 261		
February March April	247 249 254	149 142 153	353 336 338	609 611 618	1,007 1,014 991	259 273 260	2, 366 2, 363 2, 354	1, 347 	1, 019	258 260 261		

¹ Averages of weekly figures through August 1939; beginning September 1939 figures refer to one week near end of month. ³ Through December 1937 excludes deposits in offices outside England and Wales, which are included in total. Figures for 10 banks not available beginning 1936. ⁴ District Bank included beginning in 1936.

NOTE.-For other back figures and explanation of tables see BULLETIN for October 1933, pp. 639-640.

Commercial Banks—Continued

Commercial Banks—Continuea												
France		1	1	, 				D	eposits		0	
(4 large banks. End of month figures in millions of francs)	Cash reserves	Due from banks	n Bills di counte			her — ets	Total	11	emand	Time	Own accept- ances	Other liabilities
1930—December	2, 419 11, 311 9, 007 5, 870 5, 836 3, 739 3, 100 3, 403 3, 756 3, 433 3, 604 3, 522 5, 148 3, 538	4, 67 2, 163 1, 76 1, 41 2, 48 2, 977 4, 11 4, 10 4, 060 3, 82 3, 51 3, 74 3, 76 3, 85	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 9,2 14 7,8 18 8,3 19 8,4 10 8,1 11 8,1 12 7,6 132 7,6 14 6,6 15 7,6 16 7,6 17 6,4 13 6,5	74 2 350 1 159 1 331 1 331 1 324 2 392 1 27 1 54 1 124 2 392 1 127 1 154 1 1354 1 38 1	, 361 , 130 , 749 , 827 , 717 , 900 , 957 , 134 , 940 , 250 , 310 , 353 , 409 , 472	36, 68 38, 24 37, 74 32, 65 30, 94 27, 51 28, 48 30, 34 33, 55 34, 24 34, 75 36, 36 38, 15 36, 25	.5 99 .5 3 3 4 4 8 8 3 3 8 9 0 1	36, 284 37, 023 36, 491 31, 773 30, 039 26, 859 27, 955 29, 748 33, 042 33, 619 34, 127 35, 700 37, 444 35, 547	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1, 397} \\ \textbf{1, 222} \\ \textbf{1, 268} \\ \textbf{862} \\ \textbf{904} \\ \textbf{694} \\ \textbf{529} \\ \textbf{600} \\ \textbf{537} \\ \textbf{624} \\ \textbf{667} \\ \textbf{667} \\ \textbf{676} \\ \textbf{684} \\ \textbf{684} \end{array}$	921 576 295 273 193 337 473 661 721 538 541 558 519 486	4, 357 4, 503 4, 331 4, 362 4, 301 4, 399 4, 517 4, 484 3, 677 3, 697 3, 775 3, 849 3, 951
July	3,464 6,357 5,062 4,534 4,171 4,599 4,066	3, 718 3, 862 3, 698 3, 714 3, 765 4, 080	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		53 1 10 1 09 1 07 2 46 2 56 1	, 532 , 674 , 735 , 936 , 068 , 440 , 745	36, 68 33, 29 34, 64 36, 28 38, 42 42, 44 42, 83	3 2 5 3 3 0	35, 991 32, 668 34, 048 35, 675 37, 835 41, 872 42, 302 42, 302	659 626 594 610 588 571 548 542	430 455 427 534 631 844 938 1,034	4,063 4,138 4,190 4,328 4,455 4,609 3,667
February	4, 293	3, 993			18 1	, 849	43, 73	<u>· </u>	43, 195			3, 753
Germany ¹ (5 large banks. End of month figures in millions of reichsmarks)	Cash reserves	Due from banks	Ass Bills dis- counted	Loans	Securi- ties	Other		lotal	Deposit	· · · · ·	Credits obtained from banks	Other liabili- ties
1930-November	179 195 184 175 219 189 237	1, 483 817 583 316 269 209 205 201 270 285 307 308 271 292 306	2, 453 1, 431 1, 631 1, 702 2, 162 2, 567 3, 205 3, 589 3, 384 3, 643 3, 934 4, 364 4, 537 4, 108	7, 416 5, 377 4, 570 3, 731 2, 884 2, 729 2, 628 2, 731 2, 884 2, 729 2, 628 2, 731 2, 817 2, 685 2, 708 2, 708 2, 708 2, 708 2, 778 2, 761 2, 772 2, 988	482 807 938 860 874 1,027 1,027 1,027 1,020 1,098 1,097 1,183 1,406 1,178 1,145 1,112 1,082 1,073 1,082	88 1, 12 99 1, 00 98 86 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	7 1 3 3 3 3 3 1 2 4 6 5 3 5 2 1 1 2	9,091 6,062 6,161 5,754 5,751 6,264 6,933 6,915 7,031 7,234 7,334 7,377 7,458 7,745 7,793	3, 857 3, 255 2, 958 2, 958 2, 622 2, 733 2, 433 2, 662 2, 912 3, 311 3, 317 3, 573 3, 573 3, 619 3, 577 3, 899 3, 799	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,986\\ 1,328\\ 1,146\\ 661\\ 485\\ 686\\ 679\\ 579\\ 513\\ 416\\ 422\\ 420\\ 414\\ 412\\ 422\\ 420\\ 414\\ 410\\ 398\\ 396\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,828\\ 2,341\\ 1,550\\ 1,481\\ 1,432\\ 1,449\\ 1,334\\ 1,335\\ 1,368\\ 1,400\\ 1,427\\ 1,438\\ 1,400\\ 1,427\\ 1,438\\ 1,448\\ 1,427\\ 1,418\\ 1,416\\ 1,386\\ 1,342\end{array}$
		<u> </u>	As	sets		<u> </u>	1	·		Liabilitie		
Canada	Entii	rely in Ca	nada	Security loans abroad			-		Depos ada e	its payabl xcluding deposit:	nterbank	011
(10 chartered banks. End of month figures in millions of Canadian dollars)	Cash reserves	Security loans	Other loans and dis- counts	and net due from foreign banks	Securi- ties	Othe asset	i ci	Note rcula- tion	Total	Deman	d Time	Other liabili- ties
1930 — December 1931 — December 1982 — December 1983 — December 1984 — December 1984 — December 1984 — December 1985 — December 1936 — December 1937 — December 1938 — December 1939 — March April May June July August September October November December	207 201 211 197 228 228 240 255 263 259 260 266 265 265 265 266 265 265 265 266 265 265	$\begin{array}{c} 205\\ 136\\ 103\\ 106\\ 103\\ 103\\ 114\\ 76\\ 65\\ 56\\ 55\\ 53\\ 51\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 53\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56\\ 56$	1, 275 1, 253 1, 104 1, 036 945 791 862 940 943 956 963 957 947 957 1, 020 1, 083 1, 102 1, 088	171 146 155 134 156 141 161 162 166 192 203 217 226 202 245 214 209 157 132	604 694 778 861 1,854 1,884 1,411 1,463 1,499 1,505 1,505 1,505 1,507 1,602 1,665 1,646	60 51 43 43 44 55 55 51 47 47 47 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	0 99295704 8922481554550	133 129 115 121 124 111 103 96 88 88 93 90 85 92 86 88 88 92 85 90 89 85	2, 114 2, 058 1, 916 1, 922 2, 038 2, 303 2, 338 2, 500 2, 524 2, 524 2, 524 2, 524 2, 525 2,	3 699 5 535 6 535 6 565 6 624 7 755 7 752 8 844 2 791 4 844 2 865 3 891 7 1, 122 4 847 9 1, 027 4 1, 035	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	816 752 760 725 718 745 746 782 821 833 850 875 849 873 862 858 851 842
1940—January. February. March. I Combined monthly balance sheets	290 273 265	48 57 52	1,073 1,104 1,115	134 140 166 Prior to	1, 654 1, 638 1, 599	46 47 45 f two of	6	82 86 88	2, 758 2, 775 2, 724	2 1, 113 4 1, 063	1, 659 1, 661	827 829 836 six large

¹ Combined monthly balance sheets not published for December. Prior to merger of two of the banks in February 1932 figures refer to six large Berlin banks. Beginning in 1935 figures are not entirely comparable with those shown for previous years due to changes in reporting practice (See BULLETIN for June 1935, p. 389). ³ No figures available since June 1939.

NOTE.-For other back figures and explanation of table see BULLETIN for October 1933, pp. 641-646; June 1935, pp. 388-390; and August 1939, p. 699.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New	v York for cable transfers.	In cents per unit of foreign currency]
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[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]																			
Yearormonth	Argen- tina		Australia (pound)		Bel- ium	Braz	il (mil	reis)	Briti Indi		ul- tria	Cana	da (dolla	(r)	Chil	e (peso)	(yua		Slovakia
	(peso)	Offi	cial F		elga)	Offic	ial F	ree	(rup		ev)	Offici	al Fre	e	Officia	l Expo	ort hai	g (neso)	(koruna)
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938	72. 801 33. 579 32. 659 33. 137 32. 959 32. 597 30. 850		400 388 399 399 399	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7. 900 3. 287 3. 424 3. 917 5. 876 5. 894 5. 852	7.96 8.42 8.29 8.56 *8.64 5.84 6.00	268 147 15. 8788 137 16. 1983 138 127 5. 1248		36.964 38 37.523 33 37.326 36.592		0039 2852 2951 2958 2846 2424 2111		99. 91 100. 00 99. 41	06 1 93 13 94 19	7. 6787 0. 1452 5. 0833 5. 1240 5. 1697 5. 1697 5. 1716 5. 1727	4.00	36.5 29.7 00 29.6 00 21.3	94 61.780 71 56.011 51 57.083 96 56.726 30 55.953	$\begin{array}{c} 3.8232\\ 4.2424\\ 4.1642\\ 4.0078\\ 3.4930\\ 3.4674\\ 3.4252 \end{array}$
May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	31. 207 31. 210 31. 217 31. 211 31. 116 29. 770 29. 772 29. 773		372 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5. 838 7. 016 7. 008 5. 991 5. 968 7. 028 5. 729 5. 490 5. 577	$\begin{array}{c} 5. \ 99\\ 6. \ 053\\ 6. \ 055\\ 6. \ 055\\ 6. \ 055\\ 6. \ 055\\ 6. \ 055\\ 6. \ 055\\ 6. \ 055\\ 6. \ 055\\ \end{array}$	86 5. 86 5. 71 5. 79 5. 94 5. 75 5. 80 5.	8759 8931 1737 0555 0236 0162 0503 0322 0263	$\begin{array}{c} 34.96\\ 34.91\\ 34.92\\ 34.90\\ 34.40\\ 29.92\\ 30.29\\ 30.12\\ 30.03\end{array}$	16 1. 24 1. 15 1. 15 1. 17 1. 28 28 27			99. 62 99. 77 99. 83 99. 49 91. 25 89. 33 87. 75	20 73 35 94 55 51	5. 1735 5. 1733 5. 1737 5. 1703 5. 1691 5. 1691 5. 1776 5. 1713 5. 1714 5. 1705	4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000	15.9 10 15.4 00 13.4 00 10.6 00 7.1 00 6.6 00 7.6 00 8.3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Feb Mar	29. 772 29. 773 29. 773 29. 773		314	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5, 834 5, 859 5, 980 5, 891	6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05	69 5.0 74 5.0	0132 0237 0269 0291	30, 14 30, 16 30, 17 30, 19	3		90. 90 90. 90		4 4	5. 1670 5. 1655 5. 1650 5. 1649	4.000	0 7.0	2 57.264 9 57.130	
Year or month	n m	en- ark rone)	Egypt (pound)	Fin- land (mar- kka)		inc) (Ger- many (reichs- mark)	Gre (dra ma	ach-	Hong Kong dollar)		Iun- gary engö)	Italy (lira)	Jap (ye		fexico (peso)	Nether lands (guilder	Zealand	Norway (krone)
1933 1934 1935 1936 1936 1937 1938 1938 1939	22 21 21 22 22 22 21	. 071 . 500 . 883 . 189 . 069 . 825 . 346	434. 39 516. 85 502. 60 509. 68 506. 92 501. 30 478. 83	1. 8708 2. 2277 2. 1627 2. 1903 2. 1811 2. 1567 1. 9948	6.5 6.6 6.1 4.0 2.8	688 013 141 460 781	30. 518 39. 375 40. 258 40. 297 40. 204 40. 164 40. 061	.9 .9 .9 .9	233 402 386 289 055 958 153	29. 452 38. 716 48. 217 31. 711 30. 694 30. 457 27. 454	2 2 2 1 1	2. 360 9. 575 9. 602 9. 558 9. 779 9. 727 9. 238	6. 7094 8. 5617 8. 2471 7. 2916 5. 2607 5. 2605 5. 1959	25. 29. 28. 29. 28. 28. 28. 25.	715 707 022 791 451	28. 103 27. 742 27. 778 27. 760 27. 750 22. 122 19. 303	51. 72 67. 38 67. 71 64. 48 55. 04 55. 00 53. 33	402.46 391.26 398.92 396.91 392.35	21. 429 25. 316 24. 627 24. 974 24. 840 24. 566 23. 226
1939—A pril June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 19 19 20 19	. 891 . 895 . 900 . 896 . 834 . 317 . 291 . 294 . 297	479.90 479.97 480.10 480.00 472,41 432.04	2. 0542 2. 0548 2. 0559 2. 0547 2. 0456 1. 9000 1. 8943 1. 8964 1. 8136	2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.2 2.2 2.2	487 493 488 137 651 736 246	40. 081 40. 115 40. 105 40. 113 39. 859 39. 864 40. 092 40. 127 40. 097	.8 .8 .8 .8 .8 .7 .7	579 570 565 576 520 575 345 244 157	28. 659 28. 884 28. 916 28. 703 28. 213 24. 863 25. 030 24. 491 24. 482		9. 602 9. 588 9. 577 9. 576 9. 576 9. 576 7. 602 7. 600	$\begin{array}{c} 5.\ 2601\\ 5.\ 2603\\ 5.\ 2604\\ 5.\ 2605\\ 5.\ 2515\\ 5.\ 1445\\ 5.\ 0465\\ 5.\ 0444\\ 5.\ 0452\\ \end{array}$	27. 27. 27. 26. 23. 23. 23. 23. 23.	277 284 279 370 459 510	20. 023 20. 025 19. 753 17. 133 16. 800 19. 023 20. 151 20. 497 18. 185	53, 13; 53, 60; 53, 16; 53, 27; 53, 48; 53, 18; 53, 18; 53, 11; 53, 08; 53, 10;	374. 42 374. 60 374. 49 368. 82 319. 75 320. 81 313. 96	23. 515 23. 519 23. 524 23. 520 23. 376 22. 655 22. 697 22. 703 22. 701
1940—Jan. Feb. Mar. April	19	. 304 . 310 . 311 . 307		1. 8156 1. 7078 1. 5252 1. 7743	2. 2 2. 2 2. 1 1. 9	459 4 296 4	40. 118 40. 117 40. 114 40. 115	.71	155 176 007 546	24. 629 24. 572 23. 247 21. 834		7. 586 7. 605 7. 592 7. 586	5. 0470 5. 0467 5. 0470 5. 0452	23. 23. 23. 23.	138 138	16. 663 16. 654 16. 652 16. 656	53. 208 53. 13 53. 10 53. 08	317.06 300.72	22. 706 22. 709 22. 712 22. 707
			Portu	Run		South		1	straits	Swe		Switz-			ited H (pou	(ingdor ind)	ⁿ Urug	uay (peso)	Yugo-
Year or month		oland loty)	gal (escude	nia	L .	Africa pound) (pese	ta) 🛛	dollar)	der (kron	1 6	franc)	Turkey (pound)		ficial	Free	Con- trolled	Non-cor trolled	slavia
1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	18 18 18 18	4, 414 8, 846 8, 882 8, 875 8, 923 8, 860 8, 835	$\begin{array}{c} 3.9164 \\ 4.6089 \\ 4.4574 \\ 4.5130 \\ 4.5130 \\ 4.4799 \\ 4.4267 \\ 4.0374 \end{array}$		06 277 182 194 125	414. 98 498. 29 484. 66 491. 65 489. 62 484. 16 484. 16 440. 17	12.3 6.0 5.6	15 8 78 8 14 8 53 8 00 8	49. 232 59. 005 57. 173 58. 258 57. 973 56. 917 51. 736	22. 03 25. 93 25. 2 25. 6 25. 4 25. 1 23. 9	32 3 71 3 26 3 37 3 97 3	24. 836 32. 366 32. 497 30. 189 22. 938 22. 871 22. 525	60. 440 79. 047 80. 312 80. 357 80. 130 80. 109 80. 243			423. 68 503. 93 490. 18 497. 09 494. 40 488. 94 443. 54	3 79.950 3 80.255 9 79.874 9 79.075 1 64.370		2. 2719 2. 2837 2. 2965 2. 3060 2. 3115
1939—April June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	18 18 18	8. 818 8. 812 8. 812 8. 808 8. 754	4, 2441 4, 2461 4, 2484 4, 2501 4, 2234 3, 6564 3, 6444 3, 6067 3, 6044) . 7(. 7(. 7(. 7()56)42)35)43	462. 80 463. 11 463. 32 463. 28 456. 10 394. 57 396. 12 397. 15 397. 41	11. 0 11. 0 11. 0 10. 4 10. 1	23 5 23 5 24 5 24 5 25 5 26 5 26 5 26 5 26 5 27 5 26 5 27 5 26 5 27 5 26 5 27 5 27	54. 273 54. 373 54. 509 54. 785 53. 996 16. 712 17. 017 16. 246 16. 102	24. 1 24. 1 24. 1 24. 1 24. 0 23. 7 23. 7 23. 7 23. 7	10 2 14 2 33 2 32 2	22. 431 22. 480 22. 546 22. 550 22. 573 22. 576 22. 433 22. 428 22. 422	80. 279 80. 290 80. 101 80. 021 80. 022 79. 500			468. 0/ 468. 13 468. 24 468. 15 461. 07 399. 51 401. 05 392. 47 393. 01	61. 598 61. 609 61. 600 60. 659 60. 659 60. 659	35, 620 35, 818 35, 698 38, 180 39, 022 37, 063	2. 2744 2. 2729
1940—Jan Feb April r Revised.			3. 6259 3. 6228 3. 4988 3. 4090			397, 86 398, 00 398, 00 398, 00	9. 94 9. 94 9. 81 9. 14	50 4 14 4	6. 484 6. 483 6. 750 7. 136	23. 80 23. 80 23. 81 23. 61)7 2 16 2	22. 419 22. 418 22. 417 22. 418)3. 50)3. 50	396. 39 396. 34 375. 91 352. 59	l 65, 830 65, 830	37.466 38.839	2.2595 2.2560 2.2485

^r Revised. Nore. — Developments affecting averages since July 1939 have been as follows: No rates certified for following days: Argentina—Aug. 26–Oct. 16; Brazil—Sept. 1; Bulgaria—beginning Aug. 30; Canada—official rate Mar. 1–21, first reported in addition to free rate beginning Mar. 22; Denmark— Aug. 26–31 and Apr. 9–30; Egypt—beginning Sept. 2; Finland—Aug. 26–Sept. 1 and Sept. 3–5; Hungary—Aug. 26–Nov. 8 and Jan. 27–Feb. 5; Nor-way—Aug. 26–29 and Apr. 9–30; Eypt—beginning Aug. 26; Rumania—Aug. 26–Nov. 5 and Feb. 1–Apr. 30; Spain—Mar. 30–Apr. 1; Turkey— Aug. 25–28 and beginning Sept. 2; United Kingdom—official rate Mar. 1–24, first reported in addition to free rate beginning Mar. 25; Uruguay— controlled rate, Sept. 1–Nov. 28; and non-controlled rate, Oct. 17–Nov. 28; Yugoslavia—Aug. 26–Nov. 5. Official rate for Australia first reported in addition to free rate beginning Apr. 1. Averages based on nominal quotations for at least 5 days a month as follows: Aug.—Australia; Sept.— South Africa; Sept. and Oct.—British India, Hong Kong, Japan, and Straits Settlements; Nov., Dec., Jan., and Feb.—British India, Germany, and Yugoslavia; Dec., Jan., and Feb.—Finland; Mar.—Finland, Germany, and Yugoslavia; Apr.—Germany, Sweden, Yugoslavia, and New Zealand. For further information concerning nominal status of exchange quotations, special factors affecting the averages, and changes in the bases of quotation, see BULLETIN for March 1938, p. 244; March 1939, p. 236; and Sept. 1939, p. 831.

PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

WHOLESALE PRICES-ALL COMMODITIES

[Index numbers]

Year or month	United States (1926=100)	Canada (1926—100)	United Kingdom (1930—100)	France (1913—100)	Germany (1913==100)	Italy (1928==100)	Japan (October 1900—100)	Nether- lands (1926-30== 100)	Switzer- land (July 1914 =100)
1926	100	100	1 124	695	134		237	106	144
1929	95 86 73 65 66 75 80 81 86 79 77	96 87 72 67 67 72 72 72 72 75 85 79 75	100 88 86 86 88 89 94 109 101 103	627 554 500 427 398 376 338 411 581 653	137 125 111 97 93 98 102 104 106 106	95 85 76 63 62 68 88 76 89 95	220 181 153 161 180 178 186 198 238 238 251 278	100 90 76 65 63 63 63 62 64 76 72 74	141 126 110 96 91 90 90 90 96 111 107 111
1939—March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	76 76 75 75	73 73 74 73 73 72 78 79 80 80 82	97 97 98 98 98 98 98 106 111 119 122	683 675 684 683 678 674 () () () () () () ()	107 106 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 108	98 98 97 98 96 (3) (4) (4) (4)	265 266 270 270 272 288 293 300 314	70 70 70 70 71 75 81 84 84	105 106 107 107 107 107 117 120 123 125
1940—January February March April	79 79 78 79	83 83 83 83	126 129 130 133	(3) (2) (2) (2)	108 108 109	(3) (3) (3) (3)	320 317 312 314	86 88 88	128 130 132 p134

P Preliminary.
 Approximate figure, derived from old index (1913=100).
 No figures available since August 1939.
 No figures available since July 1939.

WHOLESALE PRICES-GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Indexes for groups included in total index above]

	United States (1926=100)			United Kingdom (1930—100)		France (1913=100)		Germany (1913=100)			
Year or month	Farm products	Foods	Other commod- ities	Foods	Indus- trial products	Farm and food products	Indus- trial products	Agricul- tural products	Provi- sions	Indus- trial raw and semi- finished products	Indus- trial fin- ished products
1926	100	100	100			581	793	129	132	130	150
1929	105 88 65 48 51 65 79 81 86 69 65	100 91 75 61 61 61 71 84 82 86 84 74 74	92 85 75 70 71 78 78 80 85 85 82 81	100 89 88 83 85 87 92 102 97 97 98	100 87 85 87 90 90 96 112 104 104	579 526 542 482 420 393 327 426 562 641	669 579 464 380 380 361 348 397 598 663	130 113 104 91 87 96 102 105 105 105 106 108	125 113 96 86 75 76 84 86 96 96 91	132 120 103 89 91 92 94 96 94 95	$157 \\ 150 \\ 136 \\ 118 \\ 113 \\ 116 \\ 119 \\ 121 \\ 125 \\ 126 $
1939—March April June July August September November December	62 63 61	70 69 68 68 67 75 73 72 72 72	80 81 80 80 80 82 84 84 84 84	90 91 92 92 91 101 109 114 118	$100 \\ 100 \\ 101 \\ 101 \\ 102 \\ 102 \\ 108 \\ 111 \\ 121 \\ 124$	671 650 652 643 629 616 (1) (1) (1) (1)	694 697 712 718 721 726 (1) (1) (1) (1)	108 107 108 109 109 109 108 108 108 108	94 92 94 91 92 92 (1) (1) (1) (1)	95 95 94 95 95 95 95 96 97 97	$126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 128 $
1940—January February March April	69 69 68 69	72 71 70 72	84 83 83 83	123 126 125 128	127 129 131 135	(1) (1) (1) (1)	(1) (1) (1)	108 108 110	(1) (1) (1) (1)	98 98 99	127 127 128

¹ No figures available since August 1939.

Sources -- See BULLETIN for March 1931, p. 159; March 1935, p. 180; October 1935, p. 678; March 1937, p. 276; and April 1937, p. 372.

Price Movements—Continued

RETAIL FOOD PRICES [Index numbers]						•		DF LIVIN numbers]					
Year or month	United States 1923- 1925==100	Eng- land July 1914—100	France July 1914—100	Ger- many 1913- 1914=100	Nether- lands 1911- 1913-100	Switz- erland June 1914—100	Year or month	United States 1923- 1925-100	Eng- land July 1914—100	France 1930—100	Ger- many 1913 1914==100	Nether- lands 1911- 1913-100	Switz- erland June 1914—100
1926	109	161	554	146	161	160	1926	103	170		142	168	162
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1938 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1937 1938 1939 1939 1937 1938 1938 1939 1939 1938 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1937 1938 1939 1939 1939 1939 1939 1937 1938 1939 1930 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	100 82 68 66 74 81 82 85 79	154 145 131 126 120 122 125 130 139 141 141	611 614 611 536 491 481 423 470 601 702	$156 \\ 146 \\ 131 \\ 116 \\ 113 \\ 118 \\ 120 \\ 122 \\ 122 \\ 122 \\ 122 \\ 123 \\ 123 \\ 123 \\ 126 $	162 150 136 119 120 124 118 120 127 130 130	156 152 141 125 117 115 114 120 130 130 132	1929	89 80 76 79 81 82 84 83	164 158 148 144 140 141 143 147 154 156 158	100 97 91 87 83 78 86 102 117	154 147 136 121 118 121 123 125 125 126	168 161 151 141 139 140 136 132 137 139 140	161 158 150 138 131 129 128 130 137 137 138
1939-March April June July September October November December. 1940-January	77 77 76 77 75 79 78	135 135 134 134 139 137 138 154 157 157	742 734 738 739 741 749 (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (4)	123 122 123 124 125 125 125 122 122 122 122 123	130 124 124 133 136 137 138	128 129 130 132 131 133 136 138 138 138	1939-March April June July September October November December. 1940-January	82 83 83 82	153 153 153 153 156 155 165 169 173	(2) (3) (3) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	$126 \\ 126 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 127 \\ 126 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 127 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 127 $	138 	136 136 137 137 138 137 138 140 142 142 142
February March April	77 77 78	161 161 158	(3) (3) (3) (3)	124 124 126	138 140	139 +139 140	February March April			(2) (2) (2) (2)	127 127 129		144 145 145 147

^r Revised.
 ^p Preliminary.
 ¹ Revised index from March 1936 (see BULLETIN for April 1937, p. 373).
 ¹ No figures available since May 1939.
 ³ No figures available since August 1939.
 Sources.—See BULLETIN for April 1937, p. 373, and October 1939, p. 943.

SECURITY PRICES

[Index numbers except as otherwise specified]

			Bonds			Common stocks					
Year or month	United	1			Nether- lands ²						
	States (average price) ¹	England (December 1921=100)	France (1913=100)	Germany (average price)		United States	England	France	Germany	Nether- lands (1930=100)	
Number of issues	60	87	36	139	8	420	278	300	329	100	
1926	97.6	110.0	57.4			100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0		
1929	98. 1 99. 3 90. 9 69. 5 73. 4 84. 5 93. 4 93. 4 78. 9 81. 6 83. 1 79. 4 83. 1 79. 4 83. 1	110.2 111.8 108.4 113.2 119.7 127.5 129.9 131.2 124.6 121.3 112.3 112.3 113.6 110.8 113.5	85.1 95.8 96.9 88.6 81.3 82.1 183.5 76.3 77.3 77.3 86.0 86.6 85.1	81. 4 83. 3 83. 4 83. 4 83. 4 83. 4 90. 7 95. 3 95. 8 98. 7 99. 9 99. 0 99. 0 99. 0 99. 0	100. 0 104. 3 104. 1 94. 8 105. 3 113. 4 107. 8 109. 1 4 101. 8 106. 9 90. 9 90. 9 95. 2 98. 0	190.3 149.8 94.7 48.6 63.0 72.4 78.3 111.0 111.8 83.3 89.2 91.7 81.9 83.1	119.5 102.6 78.9 67.9 78.6 85.7 86.3 97.0 96.3 80.8 75.9 77.1 75.1 77.1	217. 6 187. 6 132. 2 99. 6 83. 3 79. 7 77. 2 97. 4 89. 7 97. 9 97. 9 97. 9 97. 9 91.03. 0	122.8 100.2 * 78.0 60.3 61.7 71.1 82.9 91.6 102.6 102.6 100.1 94.1 94.9 94.9 94.9	100 70 46 55 55 66 104 96 90 94.0 87.2 89.3	
June July August September October November December 1940—January	81. 4 81. 6 81. 0 80. 9 82. 9 83. 0 82. 1 82. 4	113. 5 112. 5 110. 9 106. 9 109. 5 112. 3 112. 4 117. 6	84. 0 84. 3 82. 9 (⁵) (⁵) (⁶) (⁶)	99.0 99.0 98.9 98.9 99.0 99.0 99.0 99.0	96. 3 94. 4 92. 6 79. 6 80. 3 80. 9 77. 2 77. 9	86. 0 86. 1 86. 3 92. 4 95. 3 94. 2 91. 8 92. 7	76. 6 75. 8 75. 3 72. 0 74. 9 76. 0 75. 7	98. 3 100. 4 94. 0 (5) (5) (6) (5) (5) (5) (6)	92. 5 91. 7 93. 2 92. 8 92. 8 92. 3 94. 5 97. 8 97. 8	91. 6 89. 3 88. 6 92. 1 87. 7 85. 8 84. 3 85. 4	
February March April	82. 2 82. 1 82. 5	119. 9 119. 8 119. 4	(5) (5) (5) (5)	99. 6 99. 9 100. 2	76. 7 76. 4	91. 5 91. 5 92. 9	77.1 ¢77.9 77.4	(5) (5) (5)	103. 1 106. 6 109. 3	84. 7 85. 7	

^c Corrected.
 ¹ Prices derived from average yields for 60 corporate bonds as published by Standard Statistics Co.
 ³ Indexes of reciprocals of average yields. For old index, 1929–1903, 1929–100; average yield in base year was 4.57 per cent. For new index beginning January 1987, January-March 1937–100; average yield in base period was 3.89 per cent.
 ³ Exchange closed from July 13 to Sept. 2, 1931, and from Sept. 19, 1931, to Apr. 11, 1932. Index for 1931 represents average of months January-June; index for 1932 represents average of months May-December.
 ⁴ Now index. See note 2.
 ⁵ No figures available since August 1939.
 ⁵ Statemary 1029 p. 1911; June 1025 p. 2011 April 1027 p. 272; July 1027 p. 609; and Noramber 1027 p. 1179.

Sources .- See BULLETIN for February 1932, p. 121; June 1935, p. 394; April 1937, p. 373; July 1937, p. 698; and November 1937, p. 1172.

JUNE 1940

Federal Reserve Publications

Copies of the publications and releases listed below may be obtained from Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D. C.

CURRENT RELEASES

DAILY

Foreign Exchange Rates (for previous day)

WEEKLY

Monday:

Condition of Reporting Member Banks in 101 Leading Cities

Bank Debits

Tuesday:

Money Rates—Open-Market Rates in New York

Wednesday

Weekly Review of Periodicals

Thursday:

Condition of Federal Reserve Banks

Condition of Reporting Member Banks in New York City and Chicago (Also a part of statement of Condition of Reporting Member Banks in 101 Leading Cities released on following Monday)

Friday:

Department Store Sales

MONTHLY

- Federal Reserve Bulletin—released about the 4th of the month (subscription price \$2.00 per annum, single copies 20 cents; outside of the United States, Canada, Mexico, and the insular possessions, annual subscription \$2.60, single copies 25 cents)
- Federal Reserve Inter-District Collection System (Par List)—including list of State bank members. Semi-annual issues, January-July, and monthly supplements—released about 7th of the month

National Summary of Business Conditions-released about the 16th of the month

Business Indexes—released about the 16th of the month

Bank Debits—released between the 6th and 12th of the month

Foreign Exchange Rates—released about the 1st of the month

Money Rates—released about the 3rd of the month

QUARTERLY

Member Bank Call Report (3 or 4 times a year depending upon number of calls for condition reports)

List of Stocks Registered on National Securities Exchanges. Issued annually in February with quarterly supplements (subscription price 25 cents for the List and three supplements; five or more copies on one order, 20 cents per copy; fifty or more copies on one order, 15 cents per copy).

ANNUALLY

Bank Debits—released ordinarily in February Annual Report (covers calendar year)

BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS

THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM—ITS PURPOSES AND FUNCTIONS. Obtainable in cloth binding at 50 cents a copy and in paper cover without charge. 128 pages.

A set of FEDERAL RESERVE CHARTS ON BANK CREDIT, MONEY RATES, AND BUSINESS has been published by the Board and is for sale to the public at 50 cents a copy. Latest issue is November 9, 1939.

The FEDERAL RESERVE ACT AS AMENDED to October 1, 1935, with mimeographed supplements showing amendments to date, has been printed by the Board and will be supplied without charge.

DIGEST OF RULINGS—from 1914 to October 1, 1937. Digests of rulings of Board; compilation showing textual changes made in the Federal Reserve Act; digests of court decisions and opinions of the Attorney General involving a construction of the Federal Reserve Act; and digests of court decisions involving Federal Reserve Banks. Price \$1.25 per copy. 683 pages.

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MONETARY MEASURES AND OBJECTIVES. Three statements by the Board on objectives of monetary policy, on proposals to maintain prices at fixed levels through monetary action, and on legislative proposals relating to monetary measures and objectives. 8 pages. July 1937, April 1939, and May 1939.

THE HISTORY OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES. Legislation, designation of reserve cities, and changes in the reserve position of banks. 20 pages. November 1938.

SUPPLY AND USE OF MEMBER BANK RESERVE FUNDS. Explanation of analysis of sources of member bank reserve funds and uses to which such funds are put as indicated by Federal Reserve and Treasury statements. 31 pages. July 1935.

REVISED INDEXES OF FACTORY EMPLOYMENT. Bureau of Labor Statistics indexes adjusted for seasonal variation by Boards of Governors. 32 pages. October 1938; 10 pages, October 1939.

ANALYSES OF THE BANKING STRUCTURE—As of December 31, 1935. Number, deposits, and loans and investments of banks classified by size of bank and town and by other factors. 33 pages.

THE GOLD PROBLEM TODAY, by E. A. Goldenweiser --reprint of article, 4 pages, January 1940.

THE PAR COLLECTION SYSTEM OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, by George B. Vest—reprint of article, 8 pages, February 1940.

THE BANKS AND IDLE MONEY, by Woodlief Thomas --reprint of article, 9 pages, March 1940.

CHEAP MONEY AND THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM, by E. A. Goldenweiser—reprint of article, 5 pages, May 1940.

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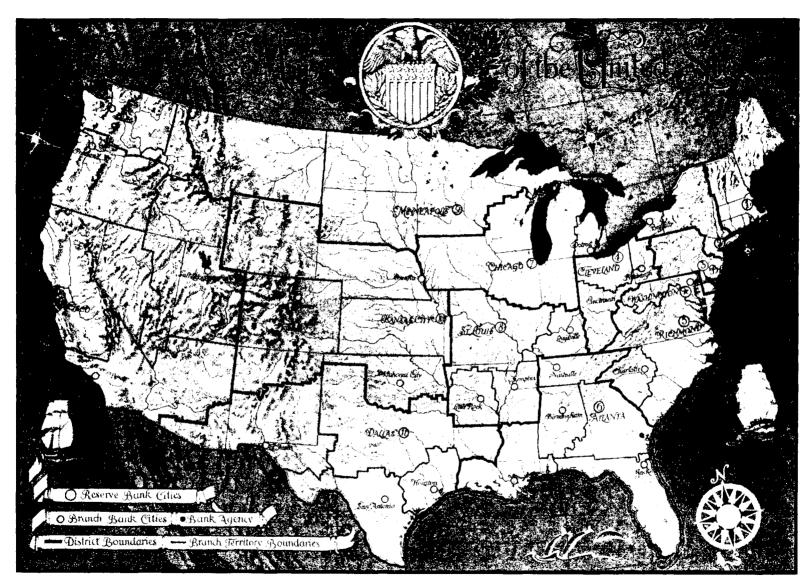
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From a Painting on Wall of Board Room, Federal Reserve Building, Washington