# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN



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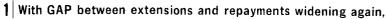
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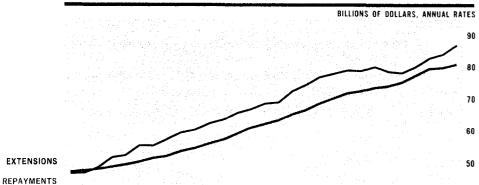
# Consumer Instalment Credit

CONSUMERS have stepped up their borrowing in recent months. They have also slowed their repayments on existing instalment debt from last year's unusually fast pace. As a result there has been a sharp rise in outstanding indebtedness to banks, finance companies, and other lenders. The first-quarter increase was especially large, with debt growing at an annual rate almost twice that for 1967 as a whole.

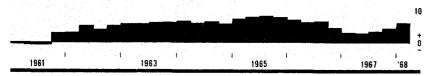
Demands for credit have accelerated mainly because of the surge in personal consumption expenditures. Spending on all types of goods and services reached record levels in the first quarter, but purchases of such big-ticket items as autos and major household durable goods were particularly important because they are so often financed on instalment credit. Credit typically is involved in more than two-thirds of all new cars sold and in half of all used cars. And for household goods and apparel, the proportion is about one-third.

This turnaround in instalment credit activity came after almost 2 years of relative slack. Consumer credit had continued to expand in 1966, but with consumer spending growing less rapidly and credit markets tight, the pace was markedly slower than in 1965. The expansion slackened much further in 1967, even though credit had become readily available. As it turned out, the increase in outstanding indebtedness last year was the smallest since the recession low of 1961. Growth was less in all major areas of instalment credit, but especially in the auto sector.





**GROWTH** in outstanding debt accelerates



Seasonally adjusted. Latest figures shown, first quarter.

The rise in instalment credit in 1967 amounted to \$3.3 billion, about half that for 1966. In relative terms the increase was a little more than 4 per cent, compared with 9 per cent in 1966 and 10 per cent or more in each of the other years since 1961.

To a large extent, the 1967 slowdown was a product of the unusual spending/saving relationship in the consumer sector. Consumers saved much more of their incomes and spent much less than in other recent years. The unusually low spending rate created considerably less demand for credit. Also important was the link between the high rate of saving and the exceptionally large payments that consumers were making on existing debt. During the second and third quarters in particular, debt was being retired at such a rapid rate as to indicate some prepayment of debt.

With repayments returning to a more normal pattern in the first quarter of this year and with extensions expanding vigorously, the rise in credit outstanding jumped to an annual rate of \$6.1 billion. This was almost \$2 billion above the fourth-quarter 1967 rate and more than \$3 billion higher than in the first quarter of that year, but still well below the record \$8 billion increase in 1965. February and March were especially strong, with expansion rates well above those of any other month in the past year and a half.

The tempo slowed a little in April, mainly because of a drop in

demand for auto credit. But with auto sales turning up again in May, the slowdown may prove to have been temporary. There is already some confirmation of this in the scattered reports on credit activity available as of mid-June.

### MAJOR TYPES OF CREDIT

The pick-up in consumer borrowing this year has affected virtually all major credit categories and lender groups. Among the latter, banks and credit unions have continued to increase their share of the market. Among types of credit, auto credit has grown the most, but extensions for consumer goods other than autos have also continued to expand, and personal loans have held up well. The major area of slack in consumer borrowing continues to be in home improvement loans. This may stem in part from reluctance of lenders to become locked into longer-term loans at a time of uncertainty about the future course of interest rates.

Auto credit. Much of the slack in last year's expansion in total instalment credit, as well as much of the unevenness in month-to-month movement, was traceable to developments in auto credit. And demands for auto credit, in turn, closely paralleled changes in auto sales. Thus, extensions of auto credit, which had flattened out in 1966, dropped along with sales in early 1967 to the lowest level in more than 2 years. While there was some pick-up in credit use as the year progressed, loan volume generally remained below year-earlier levels.

Meanwhile, with repayments on existing auto debt continuing to rise, there was a further marked narrowing of the gap between extensions and repayments. In 1965 net increases in outstanding auto debt had averaged more than \$300 million per month. There was a sharp decline to \$177 million in 1966, but the drop last year was even steeper—to an average of \$20 million per month. (See Chart 2 on following page.)

Extensions of auto credit have been rising at a much faster pace since the first of this year. Growth was especially large in the first quarter, when extensions were at an annual rate of \$30 billion—up more than \$2 billion from the previous quarter and \$3.5 billion from a year earlier. Outstanding auto debt has shown correspondingly large increases. Compared with last year's average monthly growth of \$20 million, auto debt climbed at the rate of almost \$200 million per month in early 1968.

The major upward thrust to auto extensions has come from the sharp advance in unit sales of autos. First-quarter sales of new cars (excluding imports) were at an annual rate of 8.2 million, up 10 per cent from the final quarter of 1967. Sales turned down in April but bounced back sharply in May. The May rate was 8.7 million units compared with 7.9 million in April.

### 2 AUTO CREDIT, in particular, slowed in '67

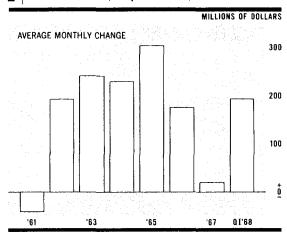


Figure for the first quarter of 1968 is based on seasonally adjusted data.

Also tending to inflate the use of credit has been the increase in average size of instalment contracts. The typical new-car note has ranged between \$2,800 and \$2,900 since the 1968 models went on display last fall, more than \$100 above corresponding year-earlier levels. This increase reflects both higher base prices for the new models and the trend toward more optional equipment.

Along with buying more cars and paying higher prices for them, consumers have been relying more heavily on credit in recent months. One measure of credit intensity is the ratio of dollars borrowed to dollars spent. As the table shows, credit intensity is up sharply from last summer. It is still below the high reached in the second quarter of 1966, but in that period unusually large numbers of credit buyers were attracted into the market as auto dealers sought to work off excessive inventories.

Other types. Credit arising from the purchase of home goods and apparel rose by \$1.5 billion or 8 per cent in 1967, and at a slightly faster pace in early 1968. Although the rate of growth slowed a little in 1967, this type of credit has advanced steadily since mid-1961 and has accounted for roughly one-fourth of the expansion in total instalment credit since then. Credit-card activity has become increasingly important and so has the financing of

### CREDIT INTENSITY IN AUTO BUYING 1

(In per cent)

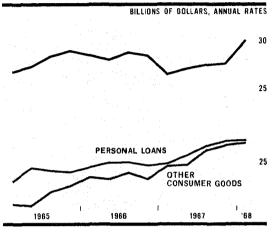
1966	Q1	48.4
	Q2	51.4
	Q3	48.8
	Q4	49.4
1967	Q1	48.6
	Q2	46.9
	Q3	44,6
	Q4	49.2
1968	Q1	49.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Extensions related to "automotive group" sales in the Dept. of Commerce monthly retail sales series.

mobile homes, boats, and other higher priced goods on a comparatively long-term basis.

Personal loans outstanding rose by \$1.6 billion or 8 per cent in 1967. This was about the same as in 1966 but far less than the 13 per cent advance in 1965. During the last 2 years personal loan volume has failed to keep pace with rising demands for consumer services, notwithstanding the spreading use of such loans to finance travel, vacation, education, and other service expenditures.

3 AUTO EXTENSIONS increase sharply in early 1968 ...



other consumer goods and personal loans show more modest rise

Seasonally adjusted. Latest figures shown, first quarter.

Last year's slowdown in credit expansion carried with it an impression that consumers were intentionally holding down the accumulation of debt. They increased their total instalment borrowings only 3 per cent over 1966, while their spending rose 5.6 per cent and disposable income 7 per cent. In most other recent years, new credit extensions have tended to rise faster than either spending or income. In periods of economic slack, however, consumers usually do become concerned about their financial positions and prospects, and this in turn affects their willingness to incur debt. In 1961, for example, credit extensions actually declined in the face of small advances in consumer spending and income. The 1967 economic slowdown did not approach that of 1961, but consumer reactions appear to have been broadly similar.

#### DEBT REPAYMENT

The question of consumer attitudes may also be approached by reviewing recent developments in repayments on instalment debt. The pattern of repayments is governed largely by past extensions, with current economic events exerting little influence except as they cause the pattern to be interrupted through either delinquency or prepayment. Typically, as credit extensions begin to move up in the early phases of a recovery period, repayments also pick up, but at a slower rate than extensions.

Last year, however, repayments did not lag in the usual fashion but instead moved up side by side with extensions. Indeed—as already mentioned—the rise in repayments was so sharp in the second and third quarters as to indicate some prepayment of debt. Repayments in each of those periods were \$200 million to \$300 million larger than might have been expected from the level of past extensions. Since then, however, the rise in repayments has slowed to a more normal rate.

Repayments ratio. A major consequence of the less rapid growth in repayments has been a decline in the ratio of repayments to disposable personal income. The ratio stood at 14.1 per cent in the first quarter of 1968, down from 14.3 per cent in the previous quarter and from a record high of 14.5 per cent in last year's third quarter.

The ratio also stood at 14.1 per cent in the first quarter of 1967. Its subsequent rise and fall stands out as an unusually volatile movement in what otherwise has been a relatively stable series. The major trend in the ratio during 1965 and the first half of 1966 was sidewise. And for some 15 years before that, the trend was slightly but steadily upward—rising about 1 percentage point, on the average, over each 5-year interval.

The repayments ratio continues to receive considerable attention as a measure of the ability and willingness of consumers to add to their debt. In this context the recent decline in the ratio can probably be viewed as an indication of increased ability to take on more debt.

Delinquencies. There is always an expectation that a certain percentage of borrowers will become delinquent or will default on their payments. Changes in delinquency rates are watched closely, therefore, for indications of difficulty in collections. Last year, delinquency rates on consumer loans took a turn for the better. Since mid-1967 in fact, delinquency rates at banks have been running below year-earlier levels. And data for sales finance companies and credit unions reveal much the same pattern of improvement. Indeed, sales finance companies report that several elements of the auto collections picture—including delinquencies, reposses-

sions, and losses—have shown favorable trends for a good many months.

Characteristics of bad loans. Delinquency rates and the repayments ratio have been among the statistical series reviewed regularly over the years in an effort to evaluate the qualitative aspects of consumer credit. Since World War II, consumer credit has been one of the fastest growing areas in the economy. This in turn has raised fundamental questions about the quality of such credit, the prospects for its repayment, the debt burden on the public, and the possible danger to the financial community of an excessive level of consumer debt.

To gain further insight into these matters, the Federal Reserve System has initiated a new study of consumer credit quality. Information on contract terms and borrower characteristics is now being collected from commercial banks in five consumer credit markets. Participating banks report detailed characteristics of a sample of the new loans being granted and old loans paid off, to provide an indication of how consumer lending standards are changing over time. These banks also report characteristics of defaulted loans, which the System compares with loans successfully repaid to determine the association of the various characteristics with repayment experience.

While definitive conclusions will not be available for some time, the data collected so far reveal a number of factors that seem to be closely associated with repayments difficulty. For example, an analysis of the new-car loans that banks have been acquiring from auto dealers during the past year and a half shows that a frequent cause of default was "too much debt" or "bankruptcy." In some cases, the difficulty may have arisen because borrowers contracted additional debt after the loan was granted. But the study shows that 12 per cent of all auto loans charged off were made to borrowers already heavily in debt (those with more than 20 per cent of their income already committed) when they applied for the loan. In contrast, only 3 per cent of the paid-off loans were to such borrowers.

The association between prior debt commitment and prospects for default is brought even more sharply into focus when the analysis is restricted to the particular group of loans that went bad because of too much debt or bankruptcy. More than 20 per cent of these loans were to borrowers falling in the heavily-burdened category.

### PRIOR DEBT

Income already	Loans:				
committed (per cent)	Charged off	Paid off			
0	35%	67%			
1-5	10	7			
6-10	18	10			
11-15	14	8			
16-20	11	5			
21-30	10	2			
Over 30	2				
Total	100	100			

Roll-over of auto debt was an important characteristic in differentiating between good and bad loans. Almost one-half of the charged-off auto loans involved borrowers who still had payments remaining on their old auto contract at the time they took out the new loan. In contrast, only one-fourth of the good loans fell into this category.

When there was a default, it often occurred early in the contract. Most new-car loans are set to run 36 months, but in 7 per cent of the defaults reported, not a single payment was made. And in 28 per cent of the cases the borrower had made no more than 5 payments.

The banks apparently did attempt to offset the potential for difficulty presented by the weaker loans, by requiring auto dealers to stand behind them. The study shows that banks had obtained recourse commitments in two-fifths of the loans defaulted, but in only a fourth of the loans repaid satisfactorily.

Personal characteristics of the borrower were often significantly related to subsequent repayment experience. Homeowners were much less likely to default on auto loans than renters were. On the other hand, the possibility of default was greater for young borrowers, for those who had been on their present job or lived at their present address only a short time, and for those who were single, divorced, or separated.

These findings will be tested further as additional data become available. Meanwhile, a more complete discussion of the study and of the kinds of data being collected is scheduled for inclusion in a forthcoming issue of the BULLETIN.

## CONSUMER LENDING STANDARDS

Implicit in the preceding discussion was the fact that lending standards are an important barometer of conditions in the consumer credit markets. This is because restrictive standards are usually associated with a reduction in the availability of funds to consumers, whereas more lenient terms indicate ample funds and a willingness on the part of lenders to expand credit.

Any change in lending standards tends to operate at the margin. That is to say, it is most often the marginal credit risk whose loan application is turned down in periods of tight money. The borrower with adequate income and job security is usually able to obtain a loan without much difficulty.

Lending standards may change in response to various economic policies and forces. Competitive influences within the consumer

credit industry are important, as are changing demand conditions, and monetary and credit developments that affect the supply of credit. The impact of monetary policy is of particular concern these days, because credit grantors who find their own funds becoming more limited and more costly can be expected to reevaluate the need for additional restraint in their own standards.

Parallels with 1966. Comparison of consumer lending standards in the current period of monetary tightness with those of the tight money period of 1966 shows, so far at least, many more dissimilarities than similarities.

In 1966 virtually all lenders adopted stricter lending policies. Many banks limited their lending activity to deposit customers only, or to persons living in the immediate trading area. A number of banks and finance companies cut back on the amount of retail paper purchased from auto dealers, and in some instances there were corresponding reductions in financing of dealer inventories. Maturities grew shorter on the average. In the case of new-car loans, for example, the typical maximum maturity remained at 36 months, but fewer customers were able to obtain those terms. Long-term financing for purchases of boats and mobile homes became especially scarce.

Consumer interest rates also advanced, although not so much nor so rapidly as most other rates. Some lenders found it impossible to make upward adjustments, since their charges were already at the legal maximum.

Turning now to 1968: Consumer lending standards have grown somewhat more restrictive, but in general the response of credit grantors to the firming of monetary policy has been both slower and less severe than 2 years ago. Advances in consumer interest rates have been confined largely to new-car loans, although announcements of rate increases have become more frequent in recent weeks. As in 1966, rates for some lenders and some types of loans are already at the ceiling permitted by law.

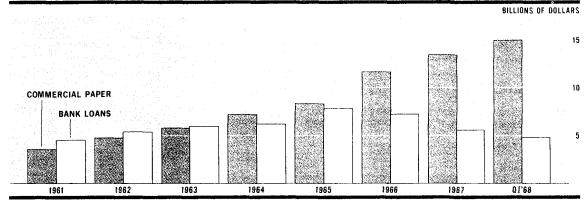
Auto contract terms are still relatively liberal. At major sales finance companies the proportion of new-car contracts with 36-month maturities has remained near the 83 per cent level that prevailed during most of 1967. Meanwhile, average maturities on used car contracts have actually increased somewhat further this year. The only significant note of tightening has been in down-payment requirements for loans on used cars. From mid-1967 to early 1968 the proportion of contracts with dealer/cost ratios

(amount of loan related to wholesale value of auto) of more than 110 per cent declined from one-fourth of the total to one-fifth. Very recently, however, the proportion has begun to creep up again—indicating a return to somewhat easier downpayment terms.

Response of finance companies. In 1966 finance companies turned increasingly to commercial paper as a source of funds. Their net short-term borrowings in the open market were \$3.4 billion larger than in 1965, while the amount they owed to banks through direct borrowing declined by \$0.6 billion. This reversed the pattern of 1965, when finance companies still relied heavily on banks as suppliers of consumer credit funds.

The shift to commercial paper in 1966 was part of a longer trend. Since 1964 finance companies have shown a preference for commercial paper over bank loans, so much so that by the end of the first quarter 1968 their commercial paper balances had grown to \$15 billion, more than triple the amount owed to banks.

### 4 FINANCE COMPANIES are switching to COMMERCIAL PAPER for short-term funds



Amounts outstanding at end of period.

This growing reliance on commercial paper has resulted from a number of factors: First, many companies have found that market financing can be a less costly way to raise money than borrowing from a bank. Second, with yields on corporate bonds at or near record levels, some finance companies have been postponing or scaling down their long-term issues—relying instead on short-term borrowings through the commercial paper market. Third, the investment community has shown an increasing willingness to make funds available through the purchase of commercial paper. This in turn reflects the consistently higher yields on such paper vis-à-vis Treasury bills and other short-term instruments,

as well as the comparative security of offerings from large, well-known companies. Fourth, there is a high degree of flexibility in the operations of the commercial paper market. Rates are maintained on a daily basis for directly placed paper; a buyer may select maturities ranging from 3 to 270 days; and the notes can be purchased through banks as well as directly from the issuing company.

All major finance companies back up their open market borrowings with lines of credit at banks. These lines serve as protection against unforeseen demands, such as may arise from an increasing volume of receivables, changes in the money market, or seasonal shifts by lenders out of commercial paper. Moreover, unused lines of credit strengthen a company's position when it is undertaking the sale of either commercial paper or long-term obligations.

GROWING IMPORTANCE OF REVOLVING CREDIT

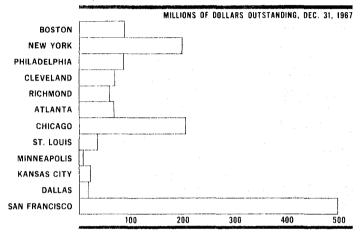
Consumer credit has played an important role in the development of mass markets for consumer goods and services. It has permitted the average family to make purchases on the basis of future income rather than on present assets and thus has introduced greater flexibility into the timing of expenditures. High-priced goods, for example, can be acquired as opportunity or need dictates, without reference to the immediate cash position.

The advent of revolving credit plans has introduced still another element of flexibility. Within fairly broad limits set by the credit grantor, the consumer is able to dictate his own terms. He can add to his debt in amounts and at times of his own choosing and can repay under similarly flexible arrangements. Bank credit cards and check-credit plans have been in the spotlight recently, although new revolving credit plans have also been introduced by the airlines, by oil companies, and by others. (A brief description and history of the bank plans may be found on pages 348-50 of the BULLETIN for March 1967.)

Bank plans. Of the two types of bank plans, credit cards are more important in terms of credit volume, although check-credit plans are offered by more banks. In December 1967, 386 banks extended \$211 million through credit cards, while 732 banks extended \$116 million in check credit. The credit card tends to be a high-volume operation: 1 out of 6 banks offering credit cards had credit extensions of more than \$500,000 last December, but only 1 out of 25 banks reached that level with check credit.

Bank credit cards and check-credit plans are spreading throughout the country, but the largest concentration in terms of amount of credit outstanding is still in the San Francisco Federal Reserve District. Banks in that District reported balances of almost \$500 million at the end of 1967. The Chicago District is second, followed closely by New York.

# 5 WEST COAST leads in bank credit-card and check-credit activity



Data are for Federal Reserve districts.

Credit cards, in particular, have achieved wider geographic distribution this past year, as various local plans have moved beyond former boundaries. The trend is toward multibank plans, ranging from regional to national in scope. Growth has resulted both from franchising arrangements and from interchange agreements among banks with their own cards.

Despite their recent rapid rise, bank revolving credit plans are not so important in the over-all consumer credit markets as it might seem. At the end of 1967 the amount outstanding under these plans was about \$1.3 billion. This was less than 2 per cent of total instalment credit outstanding and less than 4 per cent of the total consumer instalment portfolio of commercial banks.

Further perspective is provided by comparing bank credit cards with the entire complex of charge and revolving credit plans—oil company and department store accounts, travel and entertainment cards, and so forth. At the end of 1967 bank cards provided \$800 million, or somewhat less than 10 per cent of all credit outstanding on credit-card plans. Retail charge accounts loom largest in this framework, followed by department store revolving credit.

# CREDIT-CARD PLANS Credit Outstanding, 12/31/67 (In millions of dollars)

Bank credit cards 1	800
Oil companies 2	1,000
Dept. store revolving credit	3,500
Retail charge accounts	6,550
Travel and entertainment cards <sup>2</sup>	50
All other 3	150
Total	12,050

<sup>1</sup> Excludes check credit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Consumer portion only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes large independent creditcard firms and revolving credit accounts at nondepartment stores.

Credit cards and consumer spending. There is little question that credit cards will result in a greater proportion of consumer spending being financed through borrowing than heretofore. But perhaps more significantly, the types of goods and services purchased on credit are likely to show substantial proliferation. Demand factors will provide part of the impetus for these developments, but also important will be the extension of credit-card plans to an increasing number of merchants.

Nevertheless, certain limitations are implied by the fact that credit cards will be used mainly in the area of convenience credit, that is, for small personal expenditures. Big-ticket items—cars, boats, and the like—cannot readily be purchased with a credit card, at least under present arrangements and current credit limits. With automobile credit accounting for the largest single share of instalment credit—more than 40 per cent of the total—it is likely that a sizable chunk of consumer credit activity will remain outside of credit-card operations for the foreseeable future.

Small personal loans may be replaced to some extent either by check-credit or by cash advances under credit-card plans. Large cash loans, though, will continue to be made on a closed-end basis, for most lenders will want up-to-date information on the credit-worthiness of the borrower before advancing any substantial sum not backed by collateral.

Some of the credit extended under the new bank plans has been merely a replacement for conventional forms of both charge-account and instalment credit. In fact, many of the merchants signing up under the plans are using them as a substitute for their own existing credit arrangements. This is particularly true of specialty shops and small- and medium-sized merchants.

In summary, it would seem that for the present the greatest impact of the cards will be in "other consumer goods" credit. Indeed, the relative strength shown in this lending category throughout much of 1966 and 1967—in the face of declining or slackening activity in other credit areas—may have reflected, at least in part, increased use of bank and other credit cards.

The Federal Reserve has had a Task Group studying developments in bank credit cards and check-credit plans. It is expected that results of the study will be made available in the near future.

# Margin Account Credit

A new statistical series on the amount and structure of credit being extended in margin accounts by member organizations of the New York Stock Exchange appears in this BULLETIN and will be published monthly in the future. Estimates of total margin credit are based on data for approximately 390, 000 individual margin accounts, close to half of those carried by member firms. Thirtyeight participating firms of widely varying size now supply—either directly to the New York Stock Exchange or through the Midwest Stock Exchange Service Corporation summary tables which relate the debit balances in individual accounts to their collateral values, indicate the regulatory status of this debt in relation to the initial margin requirements established by Regulation T, and show the additional credit expansion that potentially might occur in existing accounts without requiring the deposit of additional margin.

Data of this type have been collected experimentally for a number of years and are now available for the period since January 1966. The table on stock market credit carried regularly in the BULLETIN on page A-34 has been modified and new tables have been added to incorporate this continuing flow of information. Technical terms appearing in these tables or used in this article are defined in the appendix, page 480.

## NEED FOR EXPANDED MARGIN ACCOUNT DATA

Information on credit being extended by brokers to their customers previously had been limited to a monthly total for customers' net debit balances. These are reported to the New York Stock Exchange by all member firms which carry margin accounts. The total is compiled by the Exchange and has been published in the BULLETIN since 1945 as a measure of the credit being extended to margin customers. This series, however, covers all credit currently being extended by these brokers to all customers for all purposes, including the temporary credit sometimes extended in connection with cash transactions.

Most of the customers' net debit balances reported in any one month represent extensions of credit to purchase or carry securities in margin accounts. But since not all purchases in cash accounts are paid for by settlement date, temporary debit balances appear in those accounts. The amount of this cash account debt varies from month to month because of such factors as levels of trading activity, the duration of the normal settlement period—recently increased by the Board of Governors from four to five business days-and brokers' policies toward extensions of time. Accurate information on monthly changes in stock market credit is needed for current analysis, and shifts in the "cash account" component of customers' net debit balances which frequently occur from one reporting date to the next either

Note.—Ann P. Ulrey, Consultant to the Division of Research and Statistics of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, prepared this article.

exaggerate or offset changes over the same period in the amount of credit extended to margin customers. Moreover, the long-term uptrend in volume of transactions on major exchanges has been accompanied by an increase in the average amount of "cash account debt" on brokers' books, making the series progressively less satisfactory as a basis for measuring changes over time in margin account debt. The new reporting series attempts to eliminate this distortion.

For analytic purposes, structural data on debt in existing margin accounts are essential in assessing both the market's vulnerability to margin calls and the amount of credit expansion which might occur on the basis of existing collateral values. Such information cannot be inferred from aggregate data on customer debt or from the current level of initial margin requirements, and its lack has been a serious deficiency in stock market credit statistics.

# DEVELOPMENT OF STATISTICS ON MARGIN ACCOUNT DEBT

Until recent years, the only way to obtain detailed and accurate data on margin account credit was by selecting and maintaining a laboriously hand-processed sample of individual accounts. Since 1956, research staffs of the New York Stock Exchange and of the Board of Governors have worked together to develop a reliable sample from which to project both the total amount of margin account debt and its distribution by equity and regulatory status.

For several years, more than two dozen firms supplied monthly statements for a sample of about 2,000 individual accounts. Distributions showing the margin status of debt on both a net and an adjusted basis were computed from these statements and proved highly useful for internal analysis

although the data never reached a level of statistical reliability that warranted publication. The sample was small relative to the total number of accounts. Accounts in the margin panel were selected initially in accordance with standard sampling procedures, but it was hard to ensure that accounts opened later had a comparable chance of being drawn into the sample. Finally, the usefulness of these data for current analysis was greatly limited by a 2-month lag for processing nearly 2,000 monthly statements.

The statistics on margin accounts now being made available reflect the introduction of automated data-processing equipment in the brokerage industry. Firms using such equipment customarily price out the collateral in each account periodically often daily-to check the account's regulatory and equity status. Where these computations are being made for individual accounts, total margin account debt can often be tabulated according to margin status. At first only a handful of large firms which might or might not be representative of the industry had this capability. But the size range of firms installing automated bookkeeping has widened substantially over time, and it has become possible through the cooperation of the Midwest Stock Exchange Service Corporation to incorporate into the sample a composite tabulation for several smaller firms whose bookkeeping is carried out through their facilities.

Structure of sample. In developing this statistical series, the 347 member firms of the New York Stock Exchange that carry margin accounts have been divided into three groups. The first group (or stratum) is composed of the five largest brokerage creditors which account for roughly one-third of the customer net debit balance total

as reported monthly to the Exchange; all of these firms participate in the present reporting series, providing coverage for 259,-891 margin accounts as of March 1968. A second stratum of 26 firms accounts for roughly another third of all customer credit; five of these supply composite tabulations of margin debt for their 108,519 customers whose debit balances represent about 33 per cent of the credit extended by this stratum. The remaining component of total estimated margin debt is projected from Midwest Service Corporation data and includes 28 firms carrying 22,366 margin accounts; these firms provide coverage for about 7.5 per cent of the customers' net debit balances carried by the 316 firms in this stratum. Estimates of total margin debt by equity and regulatory status—based on the sample from each stratum—become available about 15 days after the end of each month.

Despite these improvements, the present sample is not without conceptual weaknesses. Because firms participating in the panel could not be selected through a systematic sampling procedure, estimates of total debt in each stratum are projected from the shares of participants in customers' net debit balances as reported by all firms in the stratum. These shares vary considerably from month to month, particularly for the smaller firms. The shifts—in part at least—reflect such factors as changes in the relative importance of credit being extended temporarily in cash accounts, which are included in customers' net debit balances, and changes in the size of outstanding short positions, which also affect the level of customers' net debit balances reported by each firm. Thus distortions occur in estimating levels of margin debt although the impact on the series of month-to-

TABLE 1
STOCK MARKET CREDIT
(In millions of dollars)

PARTY OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSONS ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASSESSMENT ASS	-	de Marcold Frances	-	
	Credit extended to margin customers by:			Cus- tomers'	Cus- tomers' net	Net credit
End of period	Brokers	Banks 2	Total	net debit bal- ances	free credit bal- ances	ex- tended by brokers
1966 January February March April May June July August September October November December	5,020 5,120 5,100 5,230 5,070 5,200 5,190 5,060 5,000 4,960 4,980 4,900	2,180 2,200 2,180 2,160 2,140 2,230 2,200 2,170 2,130 2,140 2,110	7,200 7,320 7,280 7,390 7,210 7,430 7,390 7,260 7,170 7,090 7,120 7,010	5,575 5,777 5,671 5,862 5,797 5,799 5,701 5,644 5,400 5,216 5,274 5,387	1,730 1,765 1,822 1,744 1,839 1,658 1,595 1,595 1,528 1,520 1,532 1,637	3,845 4,012 3,849 4,118 3,958 4,141 4,106 4,049 3,872 3,696 3,742 3,750
1967 January February March April May June July August September October November December	4,880 4,940 5,080 5,180 5,180 5,360 5,480 5,650 5,790 6,010 6,050 6,300	2,060 2,070 2,090 2,150 2,160 2,170 2,200 2,260 2,340 2,420 2,440 2,460	6,940 7,010 7,170 7,250 7,340 7,530 7,680 7,910 8,130 8,430 8,430 8,490 8,760	5,374 5,444 5,804 5,896 5,966 6,195 6,636 6,677 6,944 7,111 7,200 7,948	1,914 1,936 2,135 2,078 2,220 2,231 2,341 2,281 2,401 2,513 2,500 2,763	3,460 3,508 3,669 3,818 3,746 4,295 4,396 4,543 4,598 4,700 5,183
1968 January February March	6,170 6,150 6,190	2,430 2,420 2,370	8,600 8,570 8,560	7,797 7,419 7,248	2,942 2,778 2,692	4,855 4,641 4,556

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> End-of-month data. Total amount of credit extended by member firms of the New York Stock Exchange in margin accounts, estimated from reports by a sample of 38 firms.

<sup>2</sup> Figures are for last Wednesday of month for large commercial

2 Figures are for last wednesday of month for large commercial banks reporting weekly and represent loans made to others than brokers or dealers for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities. Exclude loans collateralized by obligations of the U.S. Government.

Note,—Customers' net debit and free credit balances are end-ofmonth ledger balances as reported to the New York Stock Exchange
by all member firms which carry margin accounts. They exclude balances carried for other member firms of national securities exchanges
as well as balances of the reporting firm and of its general partners.
Net debit balances are total debt owed by those customers whose
combined accounts net to a debit. Free credit balances are in accounts
of customers with no unfulfilled commitments to the broker and are
subject to withdrawal on demand. Net credit extended by brokers is
the difference between customers' net debit and free credit balances
since the latter are available for the brokers' use until withdrawn.

month variations has been lessened by calculating the share of customers' net debit balances for sample firms as a centered 3-month moving average. Data presented in the accompanying tables nevertheless represent a significant advance in reporting on stock market credit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preliminary data as published for the most recent month are estimated on the basis of a 3-month average ending with that month and subsequently revised.

Magnitudes of stock market credit. The revised table on stock market credit (Table 1) provides an improved measure of credit being extended specifically to finance and to maintain margin positions in stock. (Data reported by banks include some debt incurred to finance margin transactions in bonds—excluding those secured by obligations of the U.S. Government. Prior to March 1968, data collected from brokers also included credit with bonds as collateral, but loans secured by bonds of any type must now be made in special accounts and are no longer included in the margin credit total for brokers.) Brokers and banks are the principal sources of loans made "for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities," and as in the past, the left half of the table presents separate data for each with a combined total for the two.

This half of the table had been labeled customer credit because the figure provided by brokers included all customers' net debit balances, some of which represented temporary financing for transactions of various types. Loans reported by banks have always been "purpose" loans, and by substituting the new estimate of margin account debt at brokers for the old series on customers' net debit balances, Table 1 now excludes all types of credit except that extended on margin accounts. The amount shown still falls short of total margin credit, however, since the component series do not include all lenders. The bank loan figure is for those 360 large banks that report weekly on the volume and composition of their outstanding loans; the figure for brokers includes only those firms that are members of the New York Stock Exchange. While these two sources supply the bulk of margin credit, there are as yet no reliable benchmarks for the share provided by other banks, by other brokers, or by lenders who are now subject to the Federal Reserve Board's new Regulation G.

Since debt carried in special accounts is excluded from coverage in the present series on margin debt at brokers, certain types of margin credit are not represented in Table 1. These include credit extended by brokers in subscription accounts and loans collateralized by listed bonds convertible into listed stocks.<sup>2</sup> When corporations offer shareholders the privilege of subscribing to a new issue, margin regulations permit holders of stock "rights" to borrow as much as 75 per cent of the stock's market value. This debt is carried in a special subscription account and is not included in margin account balances until the portion of the loan exceeding the stock's ordinary initial loan value has been repaid or the loan value of the stock rises so that it equals the amount of the loan outstanding—a process that must now be completed within a year. Loans collateralized by listed corporate bonds convertible into listed stocks may be made at a lower initial margin than that applicable to stocks—60 per cent as of June 8, 1968—but such transactions also must be carried out in a special account that can be established for this purpose.

Net credit demands on brokers. The right half of the revised table on stock market credit in the BULLETIN (Table 1) shows the net demand for credit which customers in the aggregate place on brokers to finance all types of securities transactions. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Loans on other listed corporate bonds, as well as bonds issued by Federal, State, and local authorities and those exempted by the SEC, can be made in another type of special account but are not restricted to the loan values set by Regulation T. As in the case of corporate stock issues, corporate bonds not listed on a national securities exchange have no loan value in brokerage accounts.

amount owed by those customers who are currently in debt to their brokers is measured by customers' net debit balances. But other customers have free credit balances in their accounts—usually proceeds from selling securities and dividend receipts—and these sums are available to the broker until they are used for new purchases or withdrawn. The difference between these two series, as shown in the last column, represents the net demand for funds being made on brokerage firms by customers outside the securities industry. This is the amount of customer credit which must be financed by brokers, either out of their own capital or through borrowing.3

The discrepancy between customers' net debit balances and the margin debt total is due mainly, as stated above, to the wider range of accounts whose current balances are included in the net debit figure, but there are also differences in accounting procedures. The most important is for accounts with short positions. In computing a customer's net debit balance, proceeds from short sales are credited to this account-either reducing his debit balance or shifting the account into credit status. But part of the proceeds from such sales must eventually be used for buying stock to cover the short position and do not represent added protection for debt already in the account. The statistics on margin account debt reflect this by making an adjustment to exclude the proceeds of short sales, but the additional margin deposits required when short sales are made do reduce the total amount of margin debt reported here.

### QUALITY OF MARGIN CREDIT

Margin account debt is not likely to be defaulted with loss to the lender because he holds readily marketable securities and can sell them in event of potential loss. The danger, as experience has shown, lies rather in the disruptive impact which margin calls —if they result in forced sales—may have on an already declining market. Forced sales are likely to produce further price declines and these, in turn, to trigger more demands for additional margin. The most significant consideration in judging the quality of margin account credit is the extent to which current market prices could decline before touching off a substantial volume of margin calls.

Although margin calls are never instituted as a result of the requirements established by Regulation T, regulations of the New York Stock Exchange prevent member firms from allowing a margin customer's equity to fall below 25 per cent (the "maintenance margin"), and most brokers would require additional margin before that level was reached. The vulnerability to call of debt in an account depends on the equity status of the account. Table 2 presents a monthly record beginning with 1966 of the proportion of margin debt that has fallen into different equity classes—ranging from debt protected by collateral values at or exceeding prevailing margin requirements down to that in accounts where equity was already at or was near minimum maintenance levels.

At any point in time, a distribution of this sort indicates in general whether significant amounts of debt might become subject to call if stock prices fell, on average, by a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Amounts being borrowed by brokers using their own or customers' collateral were formerly included in this table. These data are no longer collected by the Exchange, largely because funds becoming available from whatever source may be applied to various purposes, including the financing of customer transactions. Balance sheet data presenting both sources and uses of funds in more detail are reported annually to the Federal Reserve Banks by New York Stock Exchange firms which carry margin accounts; the most recent figures are in the BULLETIN for September 1967, p. 1647.

given per cent. The chart, which shows graphically the share of margin debt falling below specified equity levels on particular dates, reflects the impact of such general price movements. A drop in average stock prices of about 17 per cent in 1966, for instance, increased the proportion of debt in accounts where the customer's equity was less than 50 per cent from one-eighth to one-fourth of the total.

Even in periods when stock price indexes have been advancing rapidly, these statistics show a persistent pool of deeply undermargined debt. In part, this debt reflects the divergent experience of customers selecting particular issues. But in the aggregate it

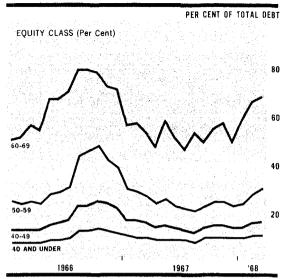
TABLE 2
EQUITY STATUS OF MARGIN ACCOUNT DEBT AT
BROKERS

(Unless otherwise indicated, per cent of total debt)

	Total debt	Equity class (per cent)					
End of period	(mil- lions of dol- lars) <sup>1</sup>	70 or more	6069	50~59	40–49	Under 40	
1966 January February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	5,020 5,120 5,100 5,230 5,070 5,200 5,190 5,060 5,060 4,980 4,980 4,900	50.0 48.7 43.4 46.3 32.4 32.1 30.4 22.3 21.6 22.8 28.0 29.1	25.5 27.0 31.5 30.2 38.7 38.3 38.5 34.6 32.5 29.6 30.3 32.3	11.6 11.4 11.5 10.8 13.4 13.1 14.4 20.6 22.7 22.7 18.3 16.6	5.3 5.5 5.5 5.0 6.4 6.8 9.7 10.2 10.7 10.6	7.7 7.6 8.2 7.7 9.0 9.5 9.8 12.8 13.1 14.2 12.8	
1967 January February March April May June July August September October November December	4,880 4,940 5,080 5,100 5,180 5,360 5,480 5,650 5,790 6,010 6,050 6,300	43.6 42.7 47.6 52.0 42.9 48.7 54.0 46.0 52.1 45.2 43.8 50.6	26.2 27.6 25.7 23.4 31.6 28.3 24.5 32.2 25.6 30.4 31.8 25.8	13.0 12.4 11.0 10.3 10.8 9.2 9.0 9.4 8.8 10.1 9.7 9.0	6.4 7.1 6.1 5.3 5.7 5.2 3.8 4.2 3.9 4.6 4.9	10.8 10.3 9.6 9.0 8.9 8.6 8.7 8.2 9.6 9.9	
1968 January February March	6,170 6,150 6,190	40.6 33.8 32.1	35.4 38.3 37.6	9.5 12.0 14.1	4.4 5.2 5.3	10.0 10.7 11.0	

<sup>1</sup> See footnote 1 of Table 1.





probably overstates vulnerability to margin call, since for most of the period covered by these statistics some accounts contained U.S. Government securities or municipal bonds. Lenders extend relatively more credit on these government securities—which are entitled to "good faith" loan value under margin regulations—than they would on corporate stock and in these instances would not have called for additional margin until the borrower's equity was far below 25 per cent.4 On the other hand, vulnerability to margin call may be seriously understated for customers with a substantial amount of thinly margined debt in subscription accounts.

Although initial margins of 70 per cent had applied to all new credit extended since November 1963, the proportion of margin debt in accounts with current customer equities below this level has consistently

Note.—Each customer's equity in his collateral (market value of collateral less net debit balance) is expressed as a percentage of current collateral value. When data become available for the period beginning June 8, 1968, table will show separately equity class of 80 per cent or more, reflecting the new level of initial margin requirements.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Beginning with March 1968, loans on securities enjoying good faith loan value are carried in a special "exempt" account, avoiding this statistical problem in the future. Experience with the earlier hand-processed samples of accounts had shown that the aggregate amount of such "exempt" collateral was not large but that it might seriously distort the margin classification of certain accounts.

been substantial. Even in periods when broad price indexes were reaching new highs, nearly half of outstanding debt was margined at less than 70 per cent, and during market declines the proportion of undermargined debt exceeded 75 per cent on two occasions.

Several factors account for this. Some customers, of course, acquired stocks which fell in value even when average stock prices were moving upward. Others were still using credit that had been extended when margin requirements were only 50 per cent. And still others, as collateral values rose, utilized the resulting increase in loan values to acquire additional securities without putting up more margin. Active traders —particularly those who hold volatile issues —are likely to have current equity ratios below current initial margins. This is because a trader whose stock rises in price is likely to increase his borrowing up to the new maximum loan value. Any later decline from the valuation which supported this additional debt will reduce the trader's current equity ratio below that represented by his initial margin; this will be true even if his holdings, after the decline, still show a substantial gain over his original purchase price.

# POTENTIAL CREDIT EXPANSION IN EXISTING MARGIN ACCOUNTS

The role which margin credit might be expected to play during a major market upswing depends in part on the extent to which margin customers could finance additional purchases by utilizing the rising loan values of existing collateral. Although classifications of margin debt according to equity status, like those in Table 2, give some indication whether collateral in existing accounts has loan value beyond that needed to

support current borrowings, they do not provide a measure of the maximum credit expansion which could occur on the basis of present holdings. Nor do they indicate whether further price increases could be expected to create additional loan values because this depends on the regulatory rather than the equity status of individual accounts.

Increases in the market price of collateral permit the extension of additional credit without the contribution of additional margin only in accounts which are "unrestricted"—that is, where the customer's adjusted debit balance does not exceed the current loan value of his collateral. Adjusted debt is computed in accordance with provisions set out in Regulation T and, as will be explained, is often greater than the same customer's net debit balance. Table 3 shows the month-end regulatory status of outstanding margin debt for the period since 1966 by classifying adjusted debit balances according to the percentage of collateral values which they represent. Accounts in which this ratio is higher than 30 per cent—the loan value of collateral under margin regulations in effect during the time period shown in the table—were restricted because they had excess debit balances. Conversely, excess loan values were present in accounts where adjusted debit balances amounted to less than 30 per cent of current collateral valuation.

As can be seen from Table 3, adjusted debit balances tend to be concentrated in accounts which are "restricted"—accounts in which adjusted debt is greater than the collateral's current loan value. Margin customers whose holdings rise in price can utilize the additional loan values as a basis for further borrowing either immediately or by setting up credit balances equal to the unuti-

TABLE 3
REGULATORY STATUS OF MARGIN ACCOUNT DEBT AT BROKERS

(Unless otherwise indicated, per cent of total adjusted debt)

	A	Total ad-					
End of period	Unre- stricted		Restricted				
,	30 per cent or less	30–39 per cent	40-49 per cent	50-59 per cent	60 per cent or more	lions of dol- lars)	
1966 January February March April May June July August September October November December	14.6 13.0 10.7 7.1 5.1 3.1 1.8 1.3 3.7 6.6 3.4	50.7 53.2 54.2 59.3 54.7 55.3 54.2 37.8 34.9 38.7 45.7	12.4 12.2 12.3 11.1 15.2 14.9 16.7 24.1 26.2 24.4 20.5	5.2 4.7 5.0 4.7 6.0 6.9 7.3 10.7 11.2 12.4 9.4	17.1 17.0 17.9 17.7 19.0 19.9 18.2 22.8 24.0 24.5 24.8 23.8	9,420 9,570 9,620 10,000 9,680 9,790 9,530 9,380 9,240 9,190 9,350 9,230	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	17.0 10.8 9.7 24.4 5.1 9.8 23.5 7.2 16.8 8.0 10.7 19.8	43.4 51.3 55.5 42.9 60.5 57.7 47.1 62.7 52.6 58.4 56.4 47.9	13.3 12.2 10.9 9.9 10.9 9.8 9.1 9.7 9.7 9.9	6.6 6.8 5.9 5.4 5.7 5.1 4.2 4.5 4.5 4.6	19.8 19.0 18.0 17.4 17.8 17.6 16.0 15.9 17.7 18.7 18.7	9,520 9,660 10,000 10,120 10,200 10,530 10,680 11,300 11,550 11,360 12,020	
1968 January February March	5.3 4.1 5.9	60.3 56.8 53.3	11.7 14.4 15.5	4.6 5.3 6.1	10.2 19.4 19.2	11,940 11,870 11,700	

Note.—Adjusted debt is computed in accordance with requirements set forth in Regulation T and often differs from the same customer's net debit balance, mainly because of the inclusion of special miscellaneous accounts in adjusted debt. Collateral in the margin accounts covered by these data now consists exclusively of stocks listed on a national securities exchange. Unrestricted accounts are those in which adjusted debt does not exceed the loan value of collateral (30 per cent of current market value during the time period covered in this table); accounts in all classes with higher ratios are restricted. Data beginning with June 8, 1968, will show as "restricted" those accounts in which debt exceeds 20 per cent of collateral values.

lized loan value in a special miscellaneous account.

In such an account the broker is authorized by Regulation T to "receive from or for any customer and pay out or deliver to or for any customer any money or securities." When collateral in a customer's margin account possesses excess loan value and a balance equal to this amount is credited to his special miscellaneous account, this balance represents not current borrowing from the broker but a line of credit on which he may draw to finance future purchases. The potential credit expansion which this balance makes possible is incorporated in the customer's adjusted debit balance at the time it is added to his special miscellaneous account.

Conceptually such increases in special miscellaneous account balances should be thought of as transfers between separate accounts. Whenever the periodic pricing of margin account collateral reveals excess loan values, the account's adjusted debit balance is increased to the maximum level which the new loan value will support. This additional "borrowing" is added to the customer's adjusted debit balance, and the proceeds of the "loan" are simultaneously deposited in his special miscellaneous account, leaving unchanged his net debit balance on which interest accrues.

As a bookkeeping procedure, these "transfers" and deposits are not carried through as entries in separate accounts. Brokers post only the net debit balance on which interest is calculated and show the current special miscellaneous account balance as a memorandum item. The customer's adjusted debit balance is essentially the sum of his special miscellaneous account and net debit balances and, although not shown separately, must be related to collateral loan values to determine the regulatory status of the account.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>quot;While most of the differences between net and adjusted debit balances are attributable to special miscellaneous accounts, there are also technical differences in the calculation of adjusted debit balances which may be explained briefly. Short sales currently require the deposit of margin equaling 80 per cent of the short position but do not entail an extension of credit by the broker since the proceeds of the sale are also deposited with him. The deposit, therefore, reduces the amount the customer is borrowing (his net debit balance), but since it merely fulfills a re-

Since transfers to a special miscellaneous account can be made whenever the market valuation of the stocks in a customer's margin account reaches a new peak, any later dip in collateral prices will produce an excess debit balance in the account. This explains why so much of the adjusted debit total shown in Table 3 is in restricted accounts. But an account's restricted status does not prevent the customer from using the credit balance already in his special miscellaneous account as his equity in financing new purchases. Credit balances in special miscellaneous accounts also arise when sales proceeds which could be withdrawn in cash that portion which is not subject to the retention requirement—are instead deposited in this account. When such proceeds are credited to the special miscellaneous account, the customer's net debit balance with the broker is reduced by this amount but his adjusted debit balance is not affected.

Table 4 shows special miscellaneous account balances which have been potentially available at the end of each month for financing additional purchases. Since these outstanding balances are already part of customers' adjusted debt, they can be divided by the existing margin requirement to provide a measure of the margin purchases that could occur in existing accounts at any given point in time without being subject to regulatory restriction. An increase in margin requirements would reduce the dollar volume of security purchases which could be financed

quirement arising when the short sale is made, it does not reduce his adjusted debit balance. Similarly, when a customer enters into a contract to buy an unissued security for future delivery, an immediate margin deposit is required because his adjusted debit balance increases as soon as the commitment is made. The broker, on the other hand, does not debit his account until the security is delivered, and during this interim the customer's net debit balance is reduced by the amount of the deposit.

TABLE 4

SPECIAL MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNT BALANCES AT BROKERS, BY EQUITY STATUS OF ACCOUNTS (Unless otherwise indicated, per cent of total)

	Net	Equity cl counts in	Total	
End of period	credit	60 per cent	Less than	(millions
	status	or more	60 per cent	of dollars)
J966 January February March April May June July August September October November December	46.6 46.8 49.6 47.4 47.4 47.5 47.2 48.5 47.9 48.5	48.2 48.5 45.1 49.4 46.4 45.2 48.3 44.1 43.8 44.6 48.5 46.0	5,2 4.6 5.3 3.3 6.2 7.3 4.5 7,4 8.3 6.9 5.8	4,550 4,650 4,810 4,890 4,870 4,860 4,590 4,620 4,490 4,490 4,450 4,480
1967 January February March April May June July August September October November December	50.1	45.9	4.0	4,840
	48.8	47.4	3.8	4,940
	49.9	46.7	3.4	5,070
	49.4	47.8	2.8	5,190
	49.8	47.0	3.1	5,300
	49.5	47.8	2.7	5,380
	46.9	50.4	3.0	5,370
	47.7	49.3	2.7	5,340
	50.7	46.6	3.0	5,610
	47.8	49.0	2.7	5,680
	48.8	47.8	3.4	5,490
	50.0	47.0	3.0	5,850
1968 January February March	50.8	45.6	3.6	6,060
	51.1	45.0	3.8	6,080
	52.5	42.9	4.5	5,820

Note.—Special miscellaneous accounts contain credit balances which may be used by customers as the margin deposit required for additional purchases. Balances may arise as transfers based on loan values of other collateral in the customer's margin account or deposits of cash (usually sales proceeds) occur,

with existing balances, but it would not impair the "spendability" of those balances. Nor would a decline in stock prices unless customers' equity ratios were reduced to a point at which brokers were unwilling to extend additional credit on existing collateral.

When a customer uses the credit balance in this special miscellaneous account to make additional margin purchases, the aggregate amount of such balances, as shown in Table 4, is reduced; the total amount of margin credit being extended by brokers, as recorded in Table 1, rises, and the customer's equity status as reflected in Table 2 declines. His regulatory status, however—as

recorded in Table 3—remains unchanged, or even improves slightly since the new purchase is credited with the current initial margin drawn from the special miscellaneous account and the adjusted debit balance increases only by the loan value of the added collateral.

A general upward movement in stock prices will tend to augment the potential credit expansion represented by aggregate special miscellaneous account balances. But transfers to these balances depend on the regulatory status of existing accounts, and the extent to which such transfers are likely to occur as the result of a given price rise must be gauged from the distribution of adjusted debt in Table 3. In accounts which are already in unrestricted status, any increase in collateral values would, of course, create new excess loan values which could be utilized at once or shifted to special miscellaneous accounts.

In the next classification (where the ratio between adjusted debit balances and collateral valuation exceeds current loan value by less than 10 percentage points), price rises of somewhat greater magnitude would be needed before they began to provide a basis for further credit expansion since some increase would first be needed to bring the account into unrestricted status. But a broad upward movement in stock prices might be expected to generate additional loan values in these accounts also. On the other hand, over the time period shown in the table, accounts in which adjusted debt exceeded the 30 per cent loan value by as much as 10 percentage points would have remained restricted until collateral valuations had risen by one-third. And accounts that were more deeply restricted would not have represented potential sources of credit expansion unless price increases had been even greater.

Table 4 classifies the balances in special miscellaneous accounts according to the equity status of the accounts with which they are associated. If a customer's equity ratio is already low, it may be assumed that brokers would be unwilling to extend additional credit without requesting more margin-although there is no regulatory requirement to prevent them. As can be seen from Table 4, however, margin requirements by brokers would not restrict the use customers might choose to make of most of these balances. On the contrary, over half of all special miscellaneous account balances are associated with accounts which are currently in net credit status. For many customers, this situation may be quite temporary; for others, however, decisions to activate the lines of credit represented by their special miscellaneous accounts would require a basic reevaluation of market trends.

The distribution of potentially usable special miscellaneous account balances revealed in Table 4 is consistent with the distribution of debt by equity status shown in Table 2. Active traders utilize increased loan values promptly. Because their accounts tend always to be fully loaned up to the highest collateral valuation, any retreat in prices pushes their equity below the prevailing margin requirements; thus equity in these accounts is likely to be less than initial margin requirements. Special miscellaneous account balances, on the other hand, tend to accumulate in the accounts of customers who have holdings that have increased in value but who have not used the additional loan value either to increase their security holdings or to withdraw cash for other purposes. Some of these balances, indeed, may reflect reductions in market commitments since they are partly composed of sales proceeds.

The significance of unutilized lines of credit in special miscellaneous accounts lies in the fact that any surge of market enthusiasm would permit the customers holding these balances to finance additional purchases without putting up additional cash. When margin requirements are increased, the amount of stock that can be acquired with a given balance is reduced and the number of accounts in unrestricted status—from which special miscellaneous accounts are created—is lowered. But margin credit can

still expand by the full amount of the special miscellaneous balance itself plus the additional loan value of the newly purchased securities. Under conditions of speculative enthusiasm, the use of existing special miscellaneous account balances could become a major factor in expanding total stock market credit. The size and the extent to which these balances are being augmented by price increases are, therefore, important considerations in analyzing the role of margin account credit.

### APPENDIX: Margin Accounting Concepts Used in This Article

Margin debt. Credit extended for the purpose of purchasing or carrying stocks or bonds and for which securities have been put up as collateral. These usually include the securities acquired with the loan proceeds. When the lender is not a broker, such credit is often called a purpose loan to distinguish it from credit which also has securities as collateral but which is applied to other purposes (nonpurpose loan). The portion of the purchase price supplied by the borrower constitutes his initial margin. If the securities purchased or carried are stocks listed on a national securities exchange (or are listed bonds convertible into such stocks), the loan is subject to initial margin requirements, specified by Federal Reserve regulations as a percentage of the value of the collateral. Indeed, if the loan is a purpose loan and is collateralized by the shares of an investment company with a significant proportion of its assets invested in listed stock, or an unlisted convertible bond convertible into listed stock, the loan is subject to margin requirements stated in Regulations G and U. Margin requirements may be met by depositing cash and/or other securities with loan value equal to the required amount.

Cash account debt. A temporary debit balance owed by customers purchasing stock for cash. This debt arises if payment is delayed beyond the normal settlement date—now five business days after the transaction date. Under Federal Reserve regulations, extensions of time up to 7 days may be granted for appropriate reasons by the broker;

longer delays require review by the New York Stock Exchange or other appropriate committees.

Customers' net debit balances. A figure reported by member firms of the New York Stock Exchange which combines debt owed to brokers by all customers, including all accounts currently showing a debit balance. This includes—in addition to margin debt—cash account debt and debt in other types of special accounts. Customers' free credit balances are the sum of credit balances in the accounts of those customers who have no unfulfilled commitments to the broker and could therefore freely withdraw the entire credit balance if they chose.

Loan value. The amount of credit which lenders can advance to margin customers expressed as a percentage of the collateral's market value. Listed stocks have loan value as set under Regulations T. U, and G (30 per cent during the time period covered by the data in this article, and-since June 8, 1968—currently 20 per cent) except that a higher loan value (up to 75 per cent) may be granted to stock purchased through a subscription account in which a customer holding rights to purchase newly issued shares from the offering company may temporarily borrow more in order to exercise those rights. Under present regulations, corporate stocks and bonds not listed on a national exchange (unlisted stocks or bonds) have no loan value at brokers, but at banks all except unlisted bonds convertible into listed stock are entitled to good faith loan value, which means that lenders can extend whatever credit is warranted in their judgment. Exempt collateral, which now includes listed bonds not convertible into stock, as well as securities issued by U.S., State, or local governments and those exempted by the SEC, has good faith loan value for both banks and brokers.

Equity status. The customer's equity in the securities held in his account expressed as a percentage of their current market value. Customer's equity equals the current value of his securities (collateral value) minus his net debit balance—the amount of credit being extended to him by the broker. At time of purchase, the ratio between equity and collateral value equals the initial margin requirement. Declines in market value may reduce a customer's equity ratio to the maintenance margin level: the minimum equity ratio acceptable to the lender and the point beyond which he issues a margin call requiring that the borrower either reduce his debt by depositing more cash or provide additional securities as collateral.

Regulatory status of an account (restricted or unrestricted). An account is unrestricted if the adjusted debit balance as defined in Regulation T does not exceed the present loan value of collateral. A customer's adjusted debit balance is usually larger than his net debit balance because it often includes an unused line of credit available

for later purchases in a special miscellaneous account (see below) in addition to the amount he is already borrowing. Technical adjustments required for certain transactions also result in an adjusted debit balance larger than the customer's current debt to the broker (net debit balance).

Excess loan values exist in an account where the current loan value of the collateral is greater than the adjusted debit balance; the customer may borrow this amount to finance additional purchases or transfer it to his special miscellaneous account. In this account, credit balances may be held for a customer outside his regulated account and later used to finance additional purchases regardless of the account's regulatory status at that time. Sales proceeds may also be deposited and held as credit balances in special miscellaneous accounts.

An excess debit balance exists in any account where the adjusted debit balance is greater than the loan value of the collateral at current prices and at current levels of margin requirements. The status of any account with an excess debit balance is restricted. Transactions in such accounts are subject to a retention requirement—a percentage of sales proceeds, as specified by the regulation, which must be left in the account to reduce its excess debit balance. This requirement applies only to sales transactions which are not offset on the same business day by equivalent purchases (same-day substitutions).

# Record of Policy Actions

of the Federal Open Market Committee

Records of policy actions taken by the Federal Open Market Committee at each meeting, in the form in which they will appear in the Board's Annual Report, are released approximately 90 days following the date of the meeting and are subsequently published in the Federal Reserve BULLETIN.

The record for each meeting includes the votes on the policy decisions made at the meeting as well as a résumé of the basis for the decisions. The summary descriptions of economic and financial conditions are based on the information that was available to the Committee at the time of the meeting, rather than on data as they may have been revised since then.

Policy directives of the Federal Open Market Committee are issued to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York—the Bank selected by the Committee to execute transactions for the System Open Market Account.

Records of policy actions for the meetings held in 1967 were published in the BULLETINS for July 1967 through March 1968.

Records for the first two meetings held in 1968 were published in the BULLETINS for April, pages 372–81, and May, pages 431–36. The records for the meetings held on March 5 and March 14, 1968, follow:

### **MEETING HELD ON MARCH 5, 1968**

### 1. Authority to effect transactions in System Account.

Reports at this meeting indicated that over-all economic activity was expanding rapidly and that prices were rising at a substantial rate. The outlook was for faster expansion in real GNP in the first two quarters of 1968 than in the latter half of 1967, and for persisting inflationary pressures.

Consumers were expected to provide the major stimulus to economic activity in the current half-year. It appeared likely that disposable incomes would advance rapidly—particularly if a tax increase were not enacted—as a result of continuing rises in employment and wage rates and of higher social security benefits. Thus, even if personal saving remained at the unusually high rate of 1967, marked increases in consumer spending were in prospect.

In addition, it was anticipated that business fixed investment would rise sharply in the first quarter and moderately in the second and that defense spending would increase at a faster rate than previously estimated. On the other hand, in light of conditions in mortgage markets little or no further increase was foreseen in residential construction outlays. Growth in the rate of business inventory accumulation, which had contributed importantly to the expansion in the latter half of 1967, was expected to slow in the first quarter and taper off in the second.

Retail sales rose substantially in the first 2 months of 1968, according to incomplete information. Industrial production, however, declined somewhat in January and was expected to change little in February. The unemployment rate moved down in January for the third successive month—to 3.5 per cent, from 3.7 per cent in December—although growth in nonfarm employment slowed from its earlier rapid pace, apparently in large part

because of the effect of bad weather on employment in the construction industry.

Average wholesale prices of both industrial commodities and farm products rose considerably further in February, according to preliminary estimates. Consumer prices continued to advance at a substantial rate in January and were 3.4 per cent higher than a year earlier. The recent pattern of settlements in wage negotiations and the increase on February 1 in Federal minimum wage rates suggested that unit labor costs would remain under upward pressure.

Both exports and imports of the United States rose sharply in January, but the surplus on merchandise trade fell somewhat below the markedly reduced fourth-quarter 1967 rate. With respect to the capital account, outstanding U.S. bank credit to foreigners declined more than seasonally and direct investment outflows apparently were reduced by the mandatory restrictions under the President's new balance of payments program. On balance, the deficit in U.S. international payments on the liquidity basis of calculation remained sizable in January, and also in the first 3 weeks of February according to tentative figures. The deficit on the official reserve transactions basis was considerably smaller, primarily as a result of large Euro-dollar borrowings by U.S. banks through foreign branches.

Heavy speculative demands for gold reemerged in the London market at the end of February and in early March, when fears of a change in U.S. gold policy became widespread. In foreign exchange markets, the generally improved atmosphere that had developed in January persisted for most of February. Late in the month, however, sterling and the Canadian dollar again came under pressure.

The Treasury completed two major financing operations in February. In a financing conducted during the first half of the month, \$3.8 billion of publicly held securities maturing in February, August, and November 1968 were exchanged for new 7-

year, 5¾ per cent notes. Also, the Treasury sold about \$4.1 billion of new 15-month, 5½ per cent notes to the public for cash payment on February 21; commercial banks, which were permitted to make payment in full for these notes through credits to Treasury tax-and-loan accounts, initially subscribed for the bulk of the issue. Government securities dealers made good progress in distributing the 7-year notes they had acquired, while bank selling of the new 15-month issue appeared to be relatively light and was readily absorbed by the market. In February the Treasury also announced that it was resuming the \$100 million addition to each weekly offering of 3-month bills.

Growth in bank credit and the money supply had moderated on balance since November 1967, when the System had begun to shift monetary policy toward a posture of somewhat greater restraint. In the 3 months through February the bank credit proxy—daily-average member bank deposits—had expanded at an annual rate of 6 per cent, compared with a rate of nearly 11.5 per cent over the preceding 7 months; and the money supply had grown at an annual rate of 4 per cent, about half that of the earlier period. For February, however, the bank credit proxy was estimated to have increased at an annual rate of 10 per cent. Both loans and investments of banks declined in the first part of February, but bank credit expanded sharply later in the month as a result of bank acquisitions of the new 15-month notes offered by the Treasury. The February advance in bank credit was at the upper end of the range projected at the time of the Committee's previous meeting and slightly faster than the pace in January, when growth was also stimulated by a large Treasury cash financing. Private demand deposits and the money supply, which had not been expected to grow in February, increased somewhat but substantially less than in January.

Time and savings deposits of commercial banks, after declining slightly in January, expanded in February at a rate below that of the summer and early fall of 1967. Most of the rise was

in consumer-type deposits; with business loan demands not particularly strong, banks were not aggressive in seeking to expand their outstanding large-denomination CD's. Some banks were now offering the 5½ per cent ceiling rate on certificates with maturities as short as 4 months—in contrast to a 6-month minimum 4 weeks earlier—but rates on shorter-maturity CD's remained below the ceiling.

With no major Treasury financings in prospect for March, growth in the bank credit proxy was projected to moderate in that month to an annual rate in the range of 5 to 7 per cent, assuming no change in prevailing money market conditions. It was thought likely that somewhat firmer money market conditions would have relatively little effect on bank credit expansion in March. Projections for April suggested some further moderation in bank credit growth if money market conditions were unchanged and a quite low growth rate if such conditions were somewhat firmer, unless demands for business loans strengthened considerably or the Treasury decided to undertake a major financing. Time and savings deposits were projected to expand in March at about the February pace, and private demand deposits and the money supply were expected to grow somewhat more rapidly than in the preceding month.

System open market operations had been directed at maintaining stable conditions in the money market during the first part of February. The Treasury's financing operations were under way in that period and staff estimates of bank credit growth for the month were near the lower end of the range that had been projected at the previous meeting. Subsequently, after estimates of bank credit growth had been revised upward, operations were modified to achieve somewhat firmer conditions in the money market. The net reserve position of member banks shifted to average net borrowed reserves of about \$95 million in the last two statement weeks of February from average free reserves of \$120 million in the first 2 weeks, and average member bank bor-

rowings rose by about \$110 million, to about \$425 million. The Federal funds rate, which initially had fluctuated for the most part in a range of 45% to 434 per cent, later was predominantly in a range of 434 to 43% per cent and at times was as high as 5 per cent.

Market rates on Treasury bills had risen since the preceding meeting of the Committee, but the advance was moderated by sustained nonbank demand for bills and, late in the period, by sizable purchases by foreign central banks. The 3-month bill rate, at 4.99 per cent on the day before this meeting, was up 8 basis points over the interval. Rates on most other short-term market instruments also had edged higher.

In longer-term debt markets the generally buoyant conditions of January had been succeeded by a more cautious atmosphere. Conditions in these markets were affected by a variety of conflicting factors—including expectations of further tightening of monetary policy, the belief that prospects for fiscal restraint had been somewhat enhanced recently, and continuing uncertainties relating to developments in Vietnam. Yields on Treasury notes and bonds had changed little on balance in the last 4 weeks, but advances in yields on corporate and State and local government bonds, particularly the latter, had resumed. While the calendar of new publicly offered corporate bonds remained relatively light, continuing additions were being made to an already large volume of prospective offerings of municipal securities.

Conditions in markets for residential mortgages appeared to have changed little in January, after tightening for some time. Primary market yields on conventional new-home mortgages rose slightly, but secondary market yields on FHA-insured home mortgages remained unchanged at the record level reattained a month earlier. The deposit experience of savings and loan associations and of mutual savings banks was mixed in January, but in general it apparently was better than many observers had anticipated.

The Committee decided that greater monetary restraint was desirable at this time in light of the current and prospective pace of economic expansion, persisting inflationary pressures, and the sharply reduced surplus on U.S. merchandise trade. Specifically, the members agreed that it would be appropriate to seek somewhat firmer conditions in the money market than had been attained in recent weeks, and to seek still firmer conditions if bank credit appeared to be expanding more rapidly than projected.

In the course of the discussion a number of members expressed the view that a discount rate increase should be considered by the System soon. At the same time, it was noted that action under the Board's Regulation Q to increase the ceiling rate on large-denomination CD's might be needed at some point to avoid an undesirably large reduction in the outstanding volume of such CD's.

The following current economic policy directive was issued to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York:

The information reviewed at this meeting indicates that over-all economic activity has been expanding rapidly, with both industrial and consumer prices rising at a substantial rate, and that prospects are for continuing rapid growth and persisting inflationary pressures in the period ahead. The foreign trade surplus has been at a sharply reduced level in recent months and the imbalance in U.S. international payments remains serious. Interest rates on most types of market instruments have edged up recently, following earlier declines. While growth in bank credit has moderated on balance during the past 3 months, bank credit expansion has been substantial in February, mainly reflecting Treasury financings. Growth in the money supply slowed in February, while flows into bank time and savings accounts expanded moderately. In this situation, it is the policy of the Federal Open Market Committee to foster financial conditions conducive to resistance of inflationary pressures and progress toward reasonable equilibrium in the country's balance of payments.

To implement this policy, System open market operations until the next meeting of the Committee shall be conducted with a view to attaining somewhat firmer conditions in the money market; provided, however, that operations shall be further modified if bank credit appears to be expanding more rapidly than is currently projected.

Votes for this action: Messrs. Martin, Hayes, Brimmer, Ellis, Galusha, Hickman, Kimbrel, Maisel, Mitchell, Robertson, and Sherrill. Votes against this action: None.

Absent and not voting: Mr. Daane.

### 2. Amendment of authorization for System foreign currency operations.

The Committee amended paragraph 3 of the authorization for System foreign currency operations in two respects. The phrase "Unless otherwise expressly authorized by the Committee" was added at the beginning of the first sentence of the paragraph, before language specifying that all foreign currency transactions should be at prevailing market rates. Such a qualification had been included at the corresponding point in the Committee's original authorization regarding foreign currency transactions adopted in February 1962, and had been inadvertently omitted when the previous instruments governing foreign currency operations were reformulated in June 1966. The effect of restoring the qualification was to simplify procedures in the event the Committee concluded that because of special circumstances a particular transaction should be undertaken at a rate different from that prevailing in the market.

At the same time, the second sentence of the paragraph, which had read as follows, was deleted:

Insofar as is practicable, foreign currencies shall be purchased through spot transactions when rates for those currencies are at or below par and sold through spot transactions when such rates are at or above par, except when transactions at other rates (i) are specifically authorized by the Committee, (ii) are necessary to acquire currencies to meet System commitments, or (iii) are necessary to acquire currencies for the Stabilization Fund, provided that these currencies are resold forward to the Stabilization Fund at the same rate.

Restrictions on spot sales of foreign currencies at prices below par and on spot purchases at prices above par had been included in the Committee's foreign currency instruments since their original adoption in February 1962. The Committee now concluded that such restrictions were unnecessary, in light of the limitations on the purposes for which foreign currency operations could be undertaken given in paragraph 2 of the Committee's foreign currency directive. The restrictions also were considered undesirable on the grounds that spot sales of foreign currencies at prices below par and spot purchases at prices above par might be useful, on occasion, in furthering the purposes specified in the directive.

As amended, paragraph 3 of the authorization for System foreign currency operations read as follows:

Unless otherwise expressly authorized by the Committee, all transactions in foreign currencies undertaken under paragraph 1(A) above shall be at prevailing market rates and no attempt shall be made to establish rates that appear to be out of line with underlying market forces.

Except for the changes resulting from these amendments, the Committee renewed the authorization in its existing form.

Votes for this action: Messrs. Martin, Hayes, Brimmer, Ellis, Galusha, Hickman, Kimbrel, Maisel, Mitchell, Robertson, and Sherrill. Votes against this action: None.

Absent and not voting: Mr. Daane.

## 3. Review of continuing authorizations.

This being the first meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee following the election of new members from the Federal Reserve Banks to serve for the year beginning March 1, 1968, and their assumption of duties, the Committee followed its customary practice of reviewing all of its continuing authorizations

and directives. The action taken with respect to the authorization for System foreign currency operations has been described in the preceding portion of the record for this date.

The Committee reaffirmed its continuing authority directive for domestic open market operations and its foreign currency directive in the forms in which both were outstanding at the beginning of the year 1968.

Votes for these actions: Messrs. Martin, Hayes, Brimmer, Ellis, Galusha, Hickman, Kimbrel, Maisel, Mitchell, Robertson, and Sherrill. Votes against these actions: None.

Absent and not voting: Mr. Daane.

## **MEETING HELD ON MARCH 14, 1968**

## 1. Authority to effect transactions in System Account.

In the period since the preceding meeting of the Committee speculative demands for gold in London and other foreign markets had swelled to massive proportions. On the day of this meeting, the British authorities had temporarily closed the London gold market and had declared a Bank Holiday for the following day; the Board of Governors had approved an increase in Federal Reserve Bank discount rates from 4½ to 5 per cent, effective March 15; and arrangements were made for central bank governors of countries that had been actively participating in the London gold pool to meet in Washington on Saturday and Sunday, March 16 and 17, to consider their future policy with respect to gold. The purpose of this meeting of the Committee, which was held by telephone, was to review recent developments and make such changes in the Committee's policy instruments as appeared to be needed in light of those developments.

The Committee agreed that its current policy directive should be modified to permit adaptation of open market operations to the changed circumstances brought about by recent events, including the discount rate action. After discussion, the following current economic policy directive was issued to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York:

In light of recent international financial developments, System open market operations until the next meeting of the Committee shall be conducted with a view to maintaining firm but orderly conditions in the money market, taking into account the effects of increases in Federal Reserve discount rates.

Votes for this action: Messrs. Martin, Brimmer, Daane, Ellis, Hickman, Maisel, Mitchell, Robertson, Sherrill, Clay, Coldwell, and Treiber. Votes against this action: None.

Absent and not voting: Messrs. Hayes, Galusha, and Kimbrel. (Messrs. Treiber, Clay, and Coldwell, respectively, voted as their alternates.)

## 2. Amendment to authorization for System foreign currency operations.

At this meeting the Committee authorized the Special Manager to undertake negotiations looking toward increases, up to specified limits, in a number of the System's reciprocal currency arrangements, on the understanding that any such enlargements—and the corresponding amendments to paragraph 2 of the authorization for System foreign currency operations—would become effective upon a determination by Chairman Martin that they were in the national interest. Specifically, negotiations were authorized for increases up to varying maximum amounts, ranging from \$100 million to \$400 million equivalent, in the System's two swap arrangements with the Bank for International Settlements and in the arrangements with the central banks of Belgium, Canada, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Sweden, and Switzerland.

Votes for this action: Messrs. Martin, Brimmer, Daane, Ellis, Hickman, Sherrill, Clay, Coldwell, and Treiber. Votes against this action: Messrs. Maisel, Mitchell, and Robertson.

Absent and not voting: Messrs. Hayes, Galusha, and Kimbrel. (Messrs. Treiber, Clay, and Coldwell, respectively, voted as their alternates.)

This action was taken on the ground that enlargements of the swap arrangements should prove helpful in coping with flows of short-term funds in foreign exchange markets if such flows became heavy in the current highly uncertain environment. The Committee concurred in the view of the Special Manager that under existing conditions it would be desirable if negotiated enlargements were to become effective immediately upon a determination by the Chairman that they were in the national interest, thus obviating the need for further Committee action.

Messrs. Maisel, Mitchell, and Robertson dissented from this action because of reservations about the desirability, under current circumstances, of authorizing a substantial enlargement of the swap network before discussions were held with monetary authorities of other countries on means for coordinating international financial policies. They favored postponing consideration of increases in the swap arrangements until after the forthcoming week-end meeting of central bank governors.

Subsequent to this meeting, on March 16, available members of the Committee (Messrs. Martin, Brimmer, Daane, Maisel, Mitchell, Robertson, and Treiber, the last voting as alternate for Mr. Hayes) voted unanimously to authorize the Special Manager to undertake negotiations looking toward an increase of \$250 million equivalent in the System's swap arrangement with the German Federal Bank, on the understanding that any such increase, and the corresponding amendment to the authorization for System foreign currency operations, would become effective upon a determination by Chairman Martin that it was in the national interest. Messrs. Maisel and Robertson indicated that they continued to hold the general reservations concerning swap line increases that they had expressed on March 14, but that they had voted favorably on this action because inasmuch as the Committee had taken the action it did on that date—they thought it appropriate to include the swap line with the German Federal Bank in an enlargement of the swap network.

On March 17, available members of the Committee (Messrs. Martin, Brimmer, Daane, Ellis, Galusha, Maisel, Mitchell, Robertson, Sherrill, and Treiber, the last voting as alternate for Mr. Hayes) voted unanimously to authorize the Special Manager to undertake negotiations looking toward an increase of \$500

million equivalent in the System's swap arrangement with the Bank of England, subject to the same understanding as in the actions taken on March 14 and 16.

On March 17 Chairman Martin determined that increases in the System's swap arrangements with the foreign banks listed below, in the indicated amounts (millions of dollars equivalent), were in the national interest:

Bank of Canada	250
Bank of England	500
German Federal Bank	250
Bank of Japan	250
Netherlands Bank	175
Bank of Sweden	50
Swiss National Bank	200
Bank for International Settlements:	
System drawings in Swiss francs	200
System drawings in other authorized	
European currencies	400

Accordingly, effective March 17, 1968, paragraph 2 of the authorization for System foreign currency operations was amended to read as follows:

2. The Federal Open Market Committee directs the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to maintain reciprocal currency arrangements ("swap" arrangements) for System Open Market Account for periods up to a maximum of 12 months with the following foreign banks, which are among those designated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System under Section 214.5 of Regulation N, Relations with Foreign Banks and Bankers, and with the approval of the Committee to renew such arrangements on maturity:

	Amount of
	arrangement
Foreign bank	(millions of
	dollars equivalent)
Austrian National Bank	100
National Bank of Belgium	225
Bank of Canada	1,000
National Bank of Denmark	100
Bank of England	2,000
Bank of France	100
German Federal Bank	1,000
Bank of Italy	750
Bank of Japan	1,000
Bank of Mexico	130
Netherlands Bank	400
Bank of Norway	100
Bank of Sweden	250
Swiss National Bank	600
Bank for International Settlements:	
System drawings in Swiss francs	600
System drawings in authorized European	
currencies other than Swiss francs	1,000

# Law Department

Administrative interpretations, new regulations, and similar material

### PURCHASE OF GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

By Act of Congress approved May 4, 1968 (Public Law 90-300), the authority of the Federal Reserve Banks under section 14(b) of the Federal Reserve Act to purchase and sell direct or fully guaranteed obligations of the United States directly from or to the United States, which would have expired on June 30, 1968, was extended to June 30, 1970. The text of the Act is as follows:

#### AN ACT

To amend section 14(b) of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, to extend for two years the authority of Federal Reserve banks to purchase United States obligations directly from the Treasury.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 14(b) of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 355), is amended by striking out "July 1, 1968" and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1970" and by striking out "June 30, 1968" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1970".

#### TRUTH IN LENDING

By Act of Congress approved May 29, 1968 (Public Law 90-321), entitled "Consumer Credit Protection Act", the Board of Governors is required to prescribe regulations to carry out the purposes of Title I, which is entitled "Truth in Lending Act". That Title and Title V read as follows (Title II-Extortionate Credit Transactions; Title III-Restriction on Garnishment; and Title IV—National Commission on Consumer Finance are omitted):

#### AN ACT

To safeguard the consumer in connection with the utilization of credit by requiring full disclosure of the terms and conditions of finance charges in credit transactions or in offers to extend credit; by restricting the garnishment of wages; and by creating the National Commission on Consumer Finance to study and make recommendations on the need for further regulation of the consumer finance industry; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress

#### § 1. Short title of entire Act

This Act may be cited as the Consumer Credit Protection Act.

#### TITLE I—CONSUMER CREDIT COST DISCLOSURE

Chapter	Section
1. GENERAL PROVISIONS	. 101
2. Credit Transactions	
3. Credit Advertising	. 141

## CHAPTER 1-GENERAL PROVISIONS

## Sec.

- 101. Short title.
- 102. Findings and declaration of purpose.
- 103. Definitions and rules of construction.
- 104. Exempted transactions.
- 105. Regulations.
- 106. Determination of finance charge.
- 107. Determination of annual percentage rate.
- 108. Administrative enforcement,
- 109. Views of other agencies.
- 110. Advisory committee.
- 111. Effect on other laws.
- 112. Criminal liability for wilful and knowing violation.
- 113. Penalties inapplicable to governmental agencies.
- 114. Reports by Board and Attorney General.

#### § 101. Short title

This title may be cited as the Truth in Lending Act.

#### § 102. Findings and declaration of purpose

The Congress finds that economic stabilization would be enhanced and the competition among the various financial institutions and other firms engaged in the extension of consumer credit would strengthened by the informed use of credit. The informed use of credit results from an awareness of the cost thereof by consumers. It is the purpose of this title to assure a meaningful disclosure of credit terms so that the consumer will be able to compare more readily the various credit terms available to him and avoid the uninformed use of credit.

#### § 103. Definitions and rules of construction

- (a) The definitions and rules of construction set forth in this section are applicable for the purposes
- (b) The term "Board" refers to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- (c) The term "organization" means a corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, trust, estate, partnership, cooperative, or association.
  (d) The term "person" means a natural person or
- an organization.
- (e) The term "credit" means the right granted by a creditor to a debtor to defer payment of debt or to
- incur debt and defer its payment.
  (f) The term "creditor" refers only to creditors who regularly extend, or arrange for the extension of, credit for which the payment of a finance charge is required, whether in connection with loans, sales of property or services, or otherwise. The provisions of this title apply to any such creditor, irrespective of his or its status as a natural person or any type of organization.
- (g) The term "credit sale" refers to any sale with respect to which credit is extended or arranged by

the seller. The term includes any contract in the form of a bailment or lease if the bailee or lessee contracts to pay as compensation for use a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the aggregate value of the property and services involved and it is agreed that the bailee or lessee will become, or for no other or a nominal consideration has the option to become, the owner of the property upon full compliance with

his obligations under the contract.

(h) The adjective "consumer", used with reference to a credit transaction, characterizes the transaction as one in which the party to whom credit is offered or extended is a natural person, and the money, property, or services which are the subject of the transaction are primarily for personal, family, household,

or agricultural purposes.

(i) The term "open end credit plan" refers to a plan prescribing the terms of credit transactions which may be made thereunder from time to time and under the terms of which a finance charge may be computed on the outstanding unpaid balance from time to time thereunder.

(j) The term "State" refers to any State, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and any territory or possession of the United

States.

(k) Any reference to any requirement imposed under this title or any provision thereof includes reference to the regulations of the Board under this title or the provision thereof in question.

(1) The disclosure of an amount or percentage which is greater than the amount or percentage required to be disclosed under this title does not in

itself constitute a violation of this title.

#### § 104. Exempted transactions

This title does not apply to the following:

(1) Credit transactions involving extensions of credit for business or commercial purposes, or to government or governmental agencies or instrumentalities, or to organizations.

(2) Transactions in securities or commodities accounts by a broker-dealer registered with the

Securities and Exchange Commission.

(3) Credit transactions, other than real property transactions, in which the total amount to be financed exceeds \$25,000.

(4) Transactions under public utility tariffs, if the Board determines that a State regulatory body regulates the charges for the public utility services involved, the charges for delayed payment, and any discount allowed for early payment.

#### § 105. Regulations

The Board shall prescribe regulations to carry out the purposes of this title. These regulations may contain such classifications, differentiations, or other provisions, and may provide for such adjustments and exceptions for any class of transactions, as in the judgment of the Board are necessary or proper to effectuate the purposes of this title, to prevent circulate the purposes of this title, to prevent circulate the purposes of this title, to prevent circulate the purposes of the state of the cumvention or evasion thereof, or to facilitate compliance therewith.

## § 106. Determination of finance charge

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the amount of the finance charge in connection with any consumer credit transaction shall be determined as the sum of all charges, payable directly or indirectly by the person to whom the credit is extended, and imposed directly or indirectly by the creditor as an incident to the extension of credit, including any of the following types of charges which are applicable:

(1) Interest, time price differential, and any amount payable under a point, discount, or other system of additional charges.

- (2) Service or carrying charge.(3) Loan fee, finder's fee, or similar charge. (4) Fee for an investigation or credit report.
- (5) Premium or other charge for any guarantee or insurance protecting the creditor against the obligor's default or other credit loss.
- (b) Charges or premiums for credit life, accident, or health insurance written in connection with any consumer credit transaction shall be included in the finance charge unless
  - (1) the coverage of the debtor by the insurance is not a factor in the approval by the creditor of the extension of credit, and this fact is clearly disclosed in writing to the person applying for or obtaining the extension of credit; and

(2) in order to obtain the insurance in connection with the extension of credit, the person to whom the credit is extended must give specific affirmative written indication of his desire to do so after written disclosure to him of the cost

thereof.

- (c) Charges or premiums for insurance, written in connection with any consumer credit transaction, against loss of or damage to property or against liability arising out of the ownership or use of property, shall be included in the finance charge unless a clear and specific statement in writing is furnished by the creditor to the person to whom the credit is extended, setting forth the cost of the insurance if obtained from or through the creditor, and stating that the person to whom the credit is extended may choose the person through which the insurance is to be obtained.
- (d) If any of the following items is itemized and disclosed in accordance with the regulations of the Board in connection with any transaction, then the creditor need not include that item in the computation of the finance charge with respect to that transaction:
  - (1) Fees and charges prescribed by law which actually are or will be paid to public officials for determining the existence of or for perfecting or releasing or satisfying any security related to the credit transaction.
  - (2) The premium payable for any insurance in lieu of perfecting any security interest otherwise required by the creditor in connection with the transaction, if the premium does not exceed the fees and charges described in paragraph (1)

- which would otherwise be payable.

  (3) Taxes.

  (4) Any other type of charge which is not for credit and the exclusion of which from the finance charge is approved by the Board by regulation,
- (e) The following items, when charged in connection with any extension of credit secured by an interest in real property, shall not be included in the computation of the finance charge with respect to that transaction:

(1) Fees or premiums for title examination, title insurance, or similar purposes.

(2) Fees for preparation of a deed, settlement statement, or other documents.

- (3) Escrows for future payments of taxes and insurance.
- (4) Fees for notarizing deeds and other documents.
  - (5) Appraisal fees.
  - (6) Credit reports.

#### § 107. Determination of annual percentage rate

- (a) The annual percentage rate applicable to any extension of consumer credit shall be determined, in accordance with the regulations of the Board,
  - (1) in the case of any extension of credit other than under an open end credit plan, as
    - (A) that nominal annual percentage rate which will yield a sum equal to the amount of the finance charge when it is applied to the unpaid balances of the amount financed, calculated according to the actuarial method of allocating payments made on a debt between the amount financed and the amount of the finance charge, pursuant to which a payment is applied first to the accumulated finance charge and the balance is applied to the unpaid amount financed; or
    - (B) the rate determined by any method prescribed by the Board as a method which materially simplifies computation while retaining reasonable accuracy as compared with the rate determined under subparagraph (A).
  - (2) in the case of any extension of credit under an open end credit plan, as the quotient (expressed as a percentage) of the total finance charge for the period to which it relates divided by the amount upon which the finance charge for that period is based, multiplied by the number of such periods in a year.
- (b) Where a creditor imposes the same finance charge for balances within a specified range, the annual percentage rate shall be computed on the median balance within the range, except that if the Board determines that a rate so computed would not be meaningful, or would be materially misleading, the annual percentage rate shall be computed on such other basis as the Board may by regulation require.
- (c) The annual percentage rate may be rounded to the nearest quarter of 1 per centum for credit transactions payable in substantially equal installments when a creditor determines the total finance charge on the basis of a single add-on, discount, periodic, or other rate, and the rate is converted into an annual percentage rate under procedures prescribed by the
- (d) The Board may authorize the use of rate tables or charts which may provide for the disclosure of annual percentage rates which vary from the rate determined in accordance with subsection (a)(1)(A) by not more than such tolerances as the Board may allow. The Board may not allow a tolerance greater than 8 per centum of that rate except to simplify compliance where irregular payments are involved.
- (e) In the case of creditors determining the annual percentage rate in a manner other than as described in subsection (c) or (d), the Board may authorize other reasonable tolerances.
- (f) Prior to January 1, 1971, any rate required under this title to be disclosed as a percentage rate may, at the option of the creditor, be expressed in

the form of the corresponding ratio of dollars per hundred dollars.

## § 108. Administrative enforcement

- (a) Compliance with the requirements imposed under this title shall be enforced under
  - (1) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, in the case of
    - (A) national banks, by the Comptroller of the Currency.
    - (B) member banks of the Federal Reserve System (other than national banks), by the Board.
    - (C) banks insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (other than members of the Federal Reserve System), by the Board of Directors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
  - (2) section 5(d) of the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933, section 407 of the National Housing Act, and sections 6(i) and 17 of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board (acting directly or through the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation), in the case of any institution subject to any of those provisions.
  - (3) the Federal Credit Union Act, by the Director of the Bureau of Federal Credit Unions with respect to any Federal credit union.
  - (4) the Acts to regulate commerce, by the Interstate Commerce Commission with respect to any common carrier subject to those Acts.
  - (5) the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, by the Civil Aeronautics Board with respect to any air carrier or foreign air carrier subject to that Act.
  - (6) the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 (except as provided in section 406 of that Act), by the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to any activities subject to that Act.
- (b) For the purpose of the exercise by any agency referred to in subsection (a) of its powers under any Act referred to in that subsection, a violation of any requirement imposed under this title shall be deemed to be a violation of a requirement imposed under that Act. In addition to its powers under any provision of law specifically referred to in subsection (a), each of the agencies referred to in that subsection may exercise, for the purpose of enforcing compliance with any requirement imposed under this title, any other authority conferred on it by law.
- (c) Except to the extent that enforcement of the requirements imposed under this title is specifically committed to some other Government agency under subsection (a), the Federal Trade Commission shall enforce such requirements. For the purpose of the exercise by the Federal Trade Commission of its functions and powers under the Federal Trade Commission Act, a violation of any requirement imposed under this title shall be deemed a violation of a requirement imposed under that Act. All of the functions and powers of the Federal Trade Commission under the Federal Trade Commission Act are available to the Commission to enforce compliance by any person with the requirements imposed under this title, irrespective of whether that person is engaged in commerce or meets any other jurisdictional tests in the Federal Trade Commission Act.
- (d) The authority of the Board to issue regulations under this title does not impair the authority of any

other agency designated in this section to make rules respecting its own procedures in enforcing compliance with requirements imposed under this title.

#### § 109. Views of other agencies

In the exercise of its functions under this title, the Board may obtain upon request the views of any other Federal agency which, in the judgment of the Board, exercises regulatory or supervisory functions with respect to any class of creditors subject to this title.

#### § 110. Advisory committee

The Board shall establish an advisory committee to advise and consult with it in the exercise of its functions under this title. In appointing the members of the committee, the Board shall seek to achieve a fair representation of the interests of sellers of merchandise on credit, lenders, and the public. The committee shall meet from time to time at the call of the Board, and members thereof shall be paid transportation expenses and not to exceed \$100 per diem.

#### § 111. Effect on other laws

(a) This title does not annul, alter, or affect, or exempt any creditor from complying with, the laws of any State relating to the disclosure of information in connection with credit transactions, except to the extent that those laws are inconsistent with the provisions of this title or regulations thereunder, and then

only to the extent of the inconsistency.

(b) This title does not otherwise annul, alter or affect in any manner the meaning, scope or applicability of the laws of any State, including, but not limited to, laws relating to the types, amounts or rates of charges, or any element or elements of charges, permissible under such laws in connection with the extension or use of credit, nor does this title extend the applicability of those laws to any class of persons or transactions to which they would not otherwise

(c) In any action or proceeding in any court involving a consumer credit sale, the disclosure of the annual percentage rate as required under this title in connection with that sale may not be received as evidence that the sale was a loan or any type of

transaction other than a credit sale.

(d) Except as specified in sections 125 and 130, this title and the regulations issued thereunder do not affect the validity or enforceability of any contract or obligation under State or Federal law.

#### § 112. Criminal liability for willful and knowing violation

Whoever willfully and knowingly

(1) gives false or inaccurate information or fails to provide information which he is required to disclose under the provisions of this title or any regulation issued thereunder,

(2) uses any chart or table authorized by the Board under section 107 in such a manner as to consistently understate the annual percentage rate determined under section 107(a)(1)(A), or

(3) otherwise fails to comply with any requirement imposed under this title,

shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

## § 113. Penalties inapplicable to governmental agencies

No civil or criminal penalty provided under this title for any violation thereof may be imposed upon

the United States or any agency thereof, or upon any State or political subdivision thereof, or any agency of any State or political subdivision.

#### § 114. Reports by Board and Attorney General

Not later than January 3 of each year after 1969, the Board and the Attorney General shall, respectively, make reports to the Congress concerning the administration of their functions under this title, including such recommendations as the Board and the Attorney General, respectively, deem necessary or appropriate. In addition, each report of the Board shall include its assessment of the extent to which compliance with the requirements imposed under this title is being achieved.

#### CHAPTER 2-CREDIT TRANSACTIONS

Sec.

- 121. General requirement of disclosure.
- 122. Form of disclosure; additional information.
- 123. Exemption for State-regulated transactions.
- 124. Effect of subsequent occurrence.
- 125. Right of rescission as to certain transactions.
- 126. Content of periodic statements.
- 127. Open end consumer credit plans. 128. Sales not under open end credit plans.
- 129. Consumer loans not under open end credit plans.
- 130. Civil liability.
- 131. Written acknowledgment as proof of receipt.

#### § 121. General requirement of disclosure

- (a) Each creditor shall disclose clearly and conspicuously, in accordance with the regulations of the Board, to each person to whom consumer credit is extended and upon whom a finance charge is or may be imposed, the information required under this chapter.
- (b) If there is more than one obligor, a creditor need not furnish a statement of information required under this chapter to more than one of them.

### § 122. Form of disclosure; additional information

- (a) Regulations of the Board need not require that disclosures pursuant to this chapter be made in the order set forth in this chapter, and may permit the use of terminology different from that employed in this chapter if it conveys substantially the same mean-
- (b) Any creditor may supply additional information or explanations with any disclosures required under this chapter.

#### § 123. Exemption for State-regulated transactions

The Board shall by regulation exempt from the requirements of this chapter any class of credit transactions within any State if it determines that under the law of that State that class of transactions is subject to requirements substantially similar to those imposed under this chapter, and that there is adequate provision for enforcement.

#### § 124. Effect of subsequent occurrence

If information disclosed in accordance with this chapter is subsequently rendered inaccurate as the result of any act, occurrence, or agreement subsequent to the delivery of the required disclosures, the in-accuracy resulting therefrom does not constitute a violation of this chapter.

#### § 125. Right of rescission as to certain transactions

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, in the case of any consumer credit transaction in which a security interest is retained or acquired in any real property which is used or is expected to be used as the residence of the person to whom credit is extended, the obligor shall have the right to rescind the transaction until midnight of the third business day following the consummation of the transaction or the delivery of the disclosures required under this section and all other material disclosures required under this chapter, whichever is later, by notifying the creditor, in accordance with regulations of the Board, of his intention to do so. The creditor shall clearly and conspicuously disclose, in accordance with regulations of the Board, to any obligor in a transaction subject to this section the rights of the obligor under this section. The creditor shall also provide, in accordance with regulations of the Board, an adequate opportunity to the obligor to exercise his right to rescind any transaction subject to this section.

(b) When an obligor exercises his right to rescind under subsection (a), he is not liable for any finance or other charge, and any security interest given by the obligor becomes void upon such a rescission. Within ten days after receipt of a notice of rescission, the creditor shall return to the obligor any money or property given as earnest money, downpayment, or otherwise, and shall take any action necessary or appropriate to reflect the termination of any security interest created under the transaction. If the creditor has delivered any property to the obligor, the obligor may retain possession of it. Upon the performance of the creditor's obligations under this section, the obligor shall tender the property to the creditor, except that if return of the property in kind would be impracticable or inequitable, the obligor shall tender its reasonable value. Tender shall be made at the location of the property or at the residence of the obligor, at the option of the obligor. If the creditor does not take possession of the property within ten days after tender by the obligor, ownership of the property vests in the obligor without obligation on his part to pay for it.

(c) Notwithstanding any rule of evidence, written acknowledgment of receipt of any disclosures required under this title by a person to whom a statement is required to be given pursuant to this section does no more than create a rebuttable presumption of delivery

(d) The Board may, if it finds that such action is necessary in order to permit homeowners to meet bona fide personal financial emergencies, prescribe regulations authorizing the modification or waiver of any rights created under this section to the extent and under the circumstances set forth in those regulations.

(e) This section does not apply to the creation or retention of a first lien against a dwelling to finance

the acquisition of that dwelling.

#### § 126. Content of periodic statements

If a creditor transmits periodic statements in connection with any extension of consumer credit other than under an open end consumer credit plan, then each of those statements shall set forth each of the following items:

(1) The annual percentage rate of the total

finance charge.

(2) The date by which, or the period (if any) within which, payment must be made in order to avoid additional finance charges or other

(3) Such of the items set forth in section

127(b) as the Board may by regulation require as appropriate to the terms and conditions under which the extension of credit in question is made.

#### § 127. Open end consumer credit plans

- (a) Before opening any account under an open end consumer credit plan, the creditor shall disclose to the person to whom credit is to be extended each of the following items, to the extent applicable:
  - (1) The conditions under which a finance charge may be imposed, including the time period, if any, within which any credit extended may be repaid without incurring a finance charge.

(2) The method of determining the balance upon which a finance charge will be imposed.

(3) The method of determining the amount of the finance charge, including any minimum or fixed amount imposed as a finance charge.

(4) Where one or more periodic rates may be used to compute the finance charge, each such rate, the range of balances to which it is applicable, and the corresponding nominal annual percentage rate determined by multiplying the periodic rate by the number of periods in a year.

(5) If the creditor so elects,

- (A) the average effective annual percentage rate of return received from accounts under the plan for a representative period of time: or
- (B) whenever circumstances are such that the computation of a rate under subparagraph (A) would not be feasible or practical, or would be misleading or meaningless, a projected rate of return to be received from accounts under the plan.

The Board shall prescribe regulations, consistent with commonly accepted standards for accounting or statistical procedures, to carry out the purposes of this paragraph.

(6) The conditions under which any other charges may be imposed, and the method by

which they will be determined.

- (7) The conditions under which the creditor may retain or acquire any security interest in any property to secure the payment of any credit extended under the plan, and a description of the interest or interests which may be so retained or acquired.
- (b) The creditor of any account under an open end consumer credit plan shall transmit to the obligor, for each billing cycle at the end of which there is an outstanding balance in that account or with respect to which a finance charge is imposed, a statement setting forth each of the following items to the extent applicable:

(1) The outstanding balance in the account at

the beginning of the statement period.

(2) The amount and date of each extension of credit during the period, and, if a purchase was involved, a brief identification (unless previously furnished) of the goods or services purchased.

(3) The total amount credited to the account

during the period.

(4) The amount of any finance charge added to the account during the period, itemized to show the amounts, if any, due to the application of percentage rates and the amount, if any, imposed as a minimum or fixed charge.

(5) Where one or more periodic rates may be

used to compute the finance charge, each such rate, the range of balances to which it is applicable, and, unless the annual percentage rate (determined under section 107(a)(2)) is required to be disclosed pursuant to paragraph (6), the corresponding nominal annual percentage rate determined by multiplying the periodic rate by

the number of periods in a year

(6) Where the total finance charge exceeds 50 cents for a monthly or longer billing cycle, or the pro rata part of 50 cents for a billing cycle shorter than monthly, the total finance charge expressed as an annual percentage rate (determined under section 107(a)(2)), except that if the finance charge is the sum of two or more products of a rate times a portion of the balance, the creditor may, in lieu of disclosing a single rate for the total charge, disclose each such rate expressed as an annual percentage rate, and the part of the balance to which it is applicable.

(7) At the election of the creditor, the average effective annual percentage rate of return (or the projected rate) under the plan as prescribed

in subsection (a)(5).

(8) The balance on which the finance charge was computed and a statement of how the balance was determined. If the balance is determined without first deducting all credits during the period, that fact and the amount of such payments shall also be disclosed.

(9) The outstanding balance in the account at

the end of the period.

- (10) The date by which, or the period (if any) within which, payment must be made to avoid additional finance charges.
- (c) In the case of any open end consumer credit plan in existence on the effective date of this subsection, the items described in subsection (a), to the extent applicable, shall be disclosed in a notice mailed or delivered to the obligor not later than thirty days after that date.

### § 128. Sales not under open end credit plans

- (a) In connection with each consumer credit sale not under an open end credit plan, the creditor shall disclose each of the following items which is applic-
  - (1) The cash price of the property or service purchased.

(2) The sum of any amounts credited as down-

payment (including any trade-in).
(3) The difference between the amount referred to in paragraph (1) and the amount referred to in paragraph (2).

(4) All other charges, individually itemized, which are included in the amount of the credit extended but which are not part of the finance

(5) The total amount to be financed (the sum of the amount described in paragraph (3) plus the amount described in paragraph (4))

(6) Except in the case of a sale of a dwelling, the amount of the finance charge, which may in whole or in part be designated as a time-price differential or any similar term to the extent applicable.

(7) The finance charge expressed as an annual percentage rate except in the case of a finance

charge

(A) which does not exceed \$5 and is

applicable to an amount financed not exceeding \$75, or

(B) which does not exceed \$7.50 and is applicable to an amount financed exceeding

A creditor may not divide a consumer credit sale into two or more sales to avoid the disclosure of an annual percentage rate pursuant to this paragraph.

(8) The number, amount, and due dates or periods of payments scheduled to repay the in-

debtedness.

(9) The default, delinquency, or similar charges payable in the event of late payments.

(10) A description of any security interest held or to be retained or acquired by the creditor in connection with the extension of credit, and a clear identification of the property to which the security interest relates.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the disclosures required under subsection (a) shall be made before the credit is extended, and may be made by disclosing the information in the contract or other evidence of indebtedness to be signed by the purchaser.

(c) If a creditor receives a purchase order by mail or telephone without personal solicitation, and the cash price and the deferred payment price and the terms of financing, including the annual percentage rate, are set forth in the creditor's catalog or other printed material distributed to the public, then the disclosures required under subsection (a) may be made at any time not later than the date the first payment is due.

(d) If a consumer credit sale is one of a series of consumer credit sales transactions made pursuant to an agreement providing for the addition of the de-ferred payment price of that sale to an existing outstanding balance, and the person to whom the credit is extended has approved in writing both the annual percentage rate or rates and the method of computing the finance charge or charges, and the creditor retains no security interest in any property as to which he has received payments aggregating the amount of the sales price including any finance charges attributable thereto, then the disclosure required under subsection (a) for the particular sale may be made at any time not later than the date the first payment for that sale is due. For the purposes of this subsection, in the case of items purchased on different dates, the first purchased shall be deemed first paid for, and in the case of items purchased on the same date, the lowest priced shall be deemed first paid for.

### § 129. Consumer loans not under open end credit plans

- (a) Any creditor making a consumer loan or otherwise extending consumer credit in a transaction which is neither a consumer credit sale nor under an open end consumer credit plan shall disclose each of the following items, to the extent applicable:
  - (1) The amount of credit of which the obligor will have the actual use, or which is or will be paid to him or for his account or to another person on his behalf.

(2) All charges, individually itemized, which are included in the amount of credit extended but

which are not part of the finance charge.
(3) The total amount to be financed (the sum of the amounts referred to in paragraph (1) plus the amounts referred to in paragraph (2)).

(4) Except in the case of a loan secured by a first lien on a dwelling and made to finance the purchase of that dwelling, the amount of the finance charge.

(5) The finance charge expressed as an annual percentage rate except in the case of a finance

charge

(A) which does not exceed \$5 and is applicable to an extension of consumer credit not exceeding \$75, or

(B) which does not exceed \$7.50 and is applicable to an extension of consumer credit

exceeding \$75.

A creditor may not divide an extension of credit into two or more transactions to avoid the disclosure of an annual percentage rate pursuant to this paragraph.

(6) The number, amount, and the due dates or periods of payments scheduled to repay the

indebtedness.

(7) The default, delinquency, or similar charges payable in the event of late payments.

- (8) A description of any security interest held or to be retained or acquired by the creditor in connection with the extension of credit, and a clear identification of the property to which the security interest relates.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the disclosures required by subsection (a) shall be made before the credit is extended, and may be made by disclosing the information in the note or other evidence of indebtedness to be signed by the obligor.
- (c) If a creditor receives a request for an extension of credit by mail or telephone without personal solicitation and the terms of financing, including the annual percentage rate for representative amounts of credit, are set forth in the creditor's printed material distributed to the public, or in the contract of loan or other printed material delivered to the obligor, then the disclosures required under subsection (a) may be made at any time not later than the date the first payment is due.

#### § 130. Civil liability

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any creditor who fails in connection with any consumer credit transaction to disclose to any person any information required under this chapter to be disclosed to that person is liable to that person in an amount equal to the sum of
  - (1) twice the amount of the finance charge in connection with the transaction, except that the liability under this paragraph shall not be less than \$100 nor greater than \$1,000; and

(2) in the case of any successful action to enforce the foregoing liability, the costs of the action together with a reasonable attorney's fee as determined by the court.

(b) A creditor has no liability under this section if within fifteen days after discovering an error, and prior to the institution of an action under this section or the receipt of written notice of the error, the creditor notifies the person concerned of the error and makes whatever adjustments in the appropriate account are necessary to insure that the person will not be required to pay a finance charge in excess of the amount or percentage rate actually disclosed.

(c) A creditor may not be held liable in any action brought under this section for a violation of this chapter if the creditor shows by a preponderance of evidence that the violation was not intentional and resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such error.

- (d) Any action which may be brought under this section against the original creditor in any credit transaction involving a security interest in real property may be maintained against any subsequent assignee of the original creditor where the assignee, its subsidiaries, or affiliates were in a continuing business relationship with the original creditor either at the time the credit was extended or at the time of the assignment, unless the assignment was involuntary, or the assignee shows by a preponderance of evidence that it did not have reasonable grounds to believe that the original creditor was engaged in violations of this chapter, and that it maintained procedures reasonably adapted to apprise it of the existence of any such violations.
- (e) Any action under this section may be brought in any United States district court, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, within one year from the date of the occurrence of the violation.

#### § 131. Written acknowledgment as proof of receipt

Except as provided in section 125(c) and except in the case of actions brought under section 130(d), in any action or proceeding by or against any sub-sequent assignee of the original creditor without knowledge to the contrary by the assignee when he acquires the obligation, written acknowledgment of receipt by a person to whom a statement is required to be given pursuant to this title shall be conclusive proof of the delivery thereof and, unless the violation is apparent on the face of the statement, of com-pliance with this chapter. This section does not affect the rights of the obligor in any action against the original creditor.

#### CHAPTER 3—CREDIT ADVERTISING

Sec.

- 141. Catalogs and multiple-page advertisements.
- 142. Advertising of downpayments and installments.
- 143. Advertising of open end credit plans.
- 144. Advertising of credit other than open end plans.
- 145. Nonliability of media.

## § 141. Catalogs and multiple-page advertisements

For the purposes of this chapter, a catalog or other multiple-page advertisement shall be considered a single advertisement if it clearly and conspicuously displays a credit terms table on which the information required to be stated under this chapter is clearly set

#### § 142. Advertising of downpayments and installments

No advertisement to aid, promote, or assist directly or indirectly any extension of consumer credit may

- (1) that a specific periodic consumer credit amount or installment amount can be arranged, unless the creditor usually and customarily arranges credit payments or installments for that period and in that amount.
- (2) that a specified downpayment is required in connection with any extension of consumer credit, unless the creditor usually and customarily arranges downpayments in that amount.

#### § 143. Advertising of open end credit plans

No advertisement to aid, promote, or assist directly or indirectly the extension of consumer credit under an open end credit plan may set forth any of the specific terms of that plan or the appropriate rate determined under section 127(a)(5) unless it also clearly and conspicuously sets forth all of the follow-

(1) The time period, if any, within which any credit extended may be repaid without incurring a finance charge.

(2) The method of determining the balance upon which a finance charge will be imposed.

(3) The method of determining the amount

of the finance charge, including any minimum or fixed amount imposed as a finance charge.

(4) Where periodic rates may be used to compute the finance charge, the periodic rates ex-

pressed as annual percentage rates.

(5) Such other or additional information for the advertising of open end credit plans as the Board may by regulation require to provide for adequate comparison of credit costs as between different types of open end credit plans.

#### § 144. Advertising of credit other than open end plans

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this section applies to any advertisement to aid, promote, or assist directly or indirectly any consumer credit sale, loan, or other extension of credit subject to the provisions of this title, other than an open end credit

(b) The provisions of this section do not apply to advertisements of residential real estate except to the extent that the Board may by regulation require.

(c) If any advertisement to which this section applies states the rate of a finance charge, the advertisement shall state the rate of that charge expressed as an annual percentage rate.

(d) If any advertisement to which this section applies states the amount of the downpayment, if any, the amount of any installment payment, the dollar amount of any finance charge, or the number of installments or the period of repayment, then the advertisement shall state all of the following items:

(1) The cash price or the amount of the loan as applicable.

(2) The downpayment, if any.

(3) The number, amount, and due dates or period of payments scheduled to repay the indebtedness if the credit is extended.

(4) The rate of the finance charge expressed

as an annual percentage rate.

#### § 145. Nonliability of media

There is no liability under this chapter on the part of any owner or personnel, as such, of any medium in which an advertisement appears or through which it is disseminated.

TITLE V-GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec.

501. Severability.

502. Captions and catchlines for reference only.

503. Grammatical usages.

504. Effective dates.

#### § 501. Severability

If a provision enacted by this Act is held invalid, all valid provisions that are severable from the invalid provision remain in effect. If a provision enacted by this Act is held invalid in one or more of its applications, the provision remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid application or applications.

### § 502. Captions and catchlines for reference only

Captions and catchlines are intended solely as aids to convenient reference, and no inference as to the legislative intent with respect to any provision enacted by this Act may be drawn from them.

## § 503. Grammatical usages

In this Act:

(1) The word "may" is used to indicate that an action either is authorized or is permitted.
(2) The word "shall" is used to indicate that

an action is both authorized and required.
(3) The phrase "may not" is used to indicate that an action is both unauthorized and for-

(4) Rules of law are stated in the indicative mood.

#### § 504. Effective dates

(a) Except as otherwise specified, the provisions of this Act take effect upon enactment.

(b) Chapters 2 and 3 of title I take effect on July 1, 1969.

(c) Title III takes effect on July 1, 1970.

### CREDIT IN STOCK MARKET TRANSACTIONS-MAXIMUM LOAN VALUE OF STOCKS AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

The Board of Governors amended the Supplements to Regulation G, "Credit by Persons Other than Banks, Brokers, or Dealers for the Purpose of Purchasing or Carrying Registered Equity Securities"; Regulation T, "Credit by Brokers, Dealers, and Members of National Securities Exchanges"; and Regulation U, "Credit by Banks for the Purpose of Purchasing or Carrying Registered Stocks", effective June 8, 1968. The amendments increased the margin requirement from 70 to 80 per cent for credit extended by brokers, dealers, banks, and other lenders to finance purchases of stocks registered on a national securities exchange and from 50 to 60 per cent for credit extended by such persons to finance purchases of debt securities convertible into such stocks. No change was made in the 70 per cent retention requirement applicable to undermargined accounts. The text of the Supplements as amended are as follows:

## SUPPLEMENT TO REGULATION G Effective June 8, 1968

SECTION 207.5—SUPPLEMENT

(a) Maximum loan value of registered equity

securities.—For the purpose of \$ 207.1, the maximum loan value of any registered equity security, except convertible securities subject to \$ 207.1 (d), shall be 20 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.

- (b) Maximum loan value of convertible debt securities subject to § 207.1(d).—For the purpose of § 207.1, the maximum loan value of any security against which credit is extended pursuant to § 207.1(d) shall be 40 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.
- (c) Retention requirement.—For the purpose of  $\S$  207.1, in the case of a loan which would exceed the maximum loan value of the collateral following a withdrawal of collateral, the "retention requirement" of a registered equity security and of a security against which credit is extended pursuant to  $\S$  207.1(d) shall be 70 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.

#### SUPPLEMENT TO REGULATION T

Effective June 8, 1968
Section 220.8—Supplement

- (a) Maximum loan value for general accounts.

  —The maximum loan value of securities in a general account subject to § 220.3 shall be:
- (1) of a registered non-equity security held in the account on March 11, 1968, and continuously thereafter and of a registered equity security (except as provided in  $\S 220.3(c)$  and  $\S 220.8(b)$  and  $\S 20.8(b)$  and  $\S 20.8(c)$  are cent of the current market value of such securities.
- (2) of an exempted security held in the account on March 11, 1968, and continuously thereafter the maximum loan value of the security, as determined by the creditor in good faith.
- (b) Maximum loan value for a special bond account.—The maximum loan value of an exempt security and of a registered non-equity security pursuant to  $\S 220.4(i)$  shall be the maximum loan value of the security as determined by the creditor in good faith.
- (c) Maximum loan value for special convertible debt security account.—The maximum loan value of a registered equity security eligible for a special convertible security account pursuant to § 220.4(j) shall be 40 per cent of the current market value of the security.

(d) Margin required for short sales.—The amount to be included in the adjusted debit balance of a general account, pursuant to § 220.3(d) (3), as margin required for short sales of securities (other than exempt securities) shall be 80 per cent of the current market value of each such security.

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- (e) Retention requirement.—In the case of an account which would have an excess of the adjusted debit balance of the account over the maximum loan value of the securities in the account following a withdrawal of cash or securities from the account, pursuant to 220.3(b)(2):
- (1) The "retention requirement" of an exempted security held in the general account on March 11, 1968, and continuously thereafter shall be equal to its maximum loan value as determined by the creditor in good faith, and the "retention requirement" of a registered non-equity security held in such account on March 11, 1968, and continuously thereafter and of a registered equity security shall be 70 per cent of the current market value of the security.
- (2) In the case of a special bond account subject to  $\S 220.4(i)$ , the retention requirement of an exempted security and of a registered non-equity security shall be equal to the maximum loan value of the security.
- (3) In the case of a special convertible security account subject to § 220.4(j) which would have an excess of the adjusted debit balance of the account over the maximum loan value of the securities in the account following a withdrawal of cash or securities from the account, the retention requirement of a security having a loan value in the account shall be 70 per cent of the current market value of the security.
- (4) For the purpose of effecting a transfer from a general account to a special convertible security account subject to 220.4(j), the retention requirement of a security described in 220.4(j) shall be 70 per cent of its current market value.
- (f) Securities having no loan value in general account.—No securities other than an exempted security or a registered non-equity security held in the account on March 11, 1968, and continuously thereafter, and a registered equity security shall have any loan value in a general account except that a registered equity security eligible for the special convertible security account pursuant to § 220.4(j) shall have loan value only if held in the

account on March 11, 1968, and continuously thereafter.

### SUPPLEMENT TO REGULATION U

Effective June 8, 1968
SECTION 221.4—SUPPLEMENT

- (a) Maximum loan value of stocks.—For the purpose of § 221.1, the maximum loan value of any stock, whether or not registered on a national securities exchange, shall be 20 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.
- (b) Maximum loan value of convertible debt securities subject to  $\S 221.3(t)$ .—For the purpose of  $\S 221.3(t)$ , the maximum loan value of any security against which credit is extended pursuant to  $\S 221.3(t)$  shall be 40 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.
- (c) Retention requirement.—For the purpose of § 221.1, in the case of a loan which would exceed the maximum loan value of the collateral following a withdrawal of collateral, the "retention requirement" of a stock, whether or not registered on a national securities exchange, and of a convertible debt security subject to § 221.3(t), shall be 70 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.

### 5% MULTIPLE MATURITY TIME DEPOSITS

From time to time the Board of Governors receives inquiries relating to the payment of interest of 5 per cent per annum on "multiple maturity time deposits" as defined in § 217.1(g) of Regulation Q. In view of the variety of deposit contracts that have come into use in recent years, the Board considers it advisable to clarify, for banks and their depositors, certain limitations on the authority of a member bank to pay 5 per cent interest on funds deposited with it. The underlying principle is that a member bank may pay interest on a multiple maturity time deposit at the rate of 5 per cent only if the deposit is payable at intervals of at least 90 days.

90-day certificate of deposit.—One major category of multiple maturity time deposits is certificates of deposit that (1) mature on a series of specified dates or (2) are automatically renewed at maturity without any action by the depositor. Certificates that mature at specified dates that are

90 days apart and certificates that mature 90 days after the date of issuance and are automatically renewable for successive 90-day periods until the depositor withdraws his funds constitute multiple maturity time deposits in certificate form with the shortest intervals between payment dates that are permissible if interest thereon is to be paid at a rate of 5 per cent.

90-day notice account.—Another major category of multiple maturity time deposits is deposits that are payable only after written notice of withdrawal. Such deposits may be in the form of a passbook or otherwise. Funds may be added to the account either at specified times or whenever the depositor wishes, depending on the terms of the contract.

A member bank may pay interest at the rate of 5 per cent on funds in such an account, on two conditions. The first is that funds must not be withdrawable within 90 days of the date they are deposited. The second is that funds must not be withdrawable less than 90 days after the date of written notice of intention to withdraw. In other words, a member bank may pay 5 per cent only on deposits that are payable solely at intervals of at least 90 days.

If a depositor gives 90-days' notice of intention to withdraw and then decides that he will not need the funds at the specified date, he may cancel his notice, either explicitly, or impliedly by a new 90-day notice. He may not, however, retain his right to withdraw at the expiration of the first notice while giving a simultaneous or subsequent notice, unless the latter expires at a date at least 90 days after the expiration of the first.

90-day notice account coupled with provision for automatic renewal.—Recently, a few banks have offered a 5 per cent multiple maturity time deposit contract that authorizes withdrawal by the depositor on more than one basis. For example, the contract may provide that funds received on or before January 1 may be withdrawn March 31 and, with respect to funds not withdrawn on that date, the deposit will be automatically renewed until June 30, and so forth. The contract also provides that funds may be withdrawn on 90 days' notice in writing. In such event, to be consistent with the principle that the depositor may not have access to a 5 per cent multiple maturity deposit at intervals of less than 90 days, such a contract should inform the depositor that, when notice is

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given with respect to all or a portion of the funds on deposit, such notice automatically cancels any other provision for withdrawal that is inconsistent with said principle.

Consequently, if the depositor gives notice on March 1 of his intention to withdraw \$1000 from his account on June 1, the contract should make clear that this automatically cancels his right to withdraw such amount on March 31, since such amount would otherwise be payable at intervals of less than 90 days. Also, his right under the specified maturity (or automatic-renewal maturity) provision to withdraw such amount on June 30 should be suspended, for the same reason. The latter right might be reinstated by the depositor revoking before April 1 his notice of intention to withdraw. since that would be at least 90 days before the specified June 30 maturity. However, the right to withdraw on March 31 could not be reinstated. If it could, the depositor would be in a position to acquire access to the amount involved at intervals of less than 90 days.

As in a "straight" 90-day notice account, the depositor may supersede his notice of intention to withdraw by a subsequent 90-day notice. Again, such notice would have the effect of canceling any other right to withdraw that is inconsistent with the 90-day interval principle.

Withdrawal "grace period".-There is one exception to the rule that a member bank may not pay 5 per cent interest on multiple maturity deposits that are payable at intervals of less than 90 days. A bank may permit a depositor to withdraw his funds within ten days after a specified maturity, even if there is a provision for automatic renewal for 90 days if not withdrawn at said maturity. If he does so, no interest may be paid for the period from the maturity date to the date of withdrawal, for during that time the deposit is a "demand deposit", on which payment of interest is prohibited by law. If he does not so withdraw, the deposit remains a time deposit, with a term running from the maturity date until a subsequent specified date or for a specified number of days.1

"Emergency" withdrawal.—In accordance with section 217.4(d) of Regulation Q, a bank may pay a time deposit before maturity where that is "necessary to prevent great hardship to the depositor", but in that case the depositor forfeits accrued and unpaid (uncredited) interest. Occasions for such withdrawals are exceptional. Unless the depositor is confronted with an actual emergency. a bank may not permit withdrawal of funds before maturity of the deposit or termination of the specified period of notice. If the depositor simply has a need for funds, the bank may extend credit to him on the security of his time deposit, but the rate of interest on such loan must be at least 2 per cent per annum in excess of the rate of interest paid on the time deposit.

Advertising time deposits.—Some recent advertisements by member banks might be interpreted as offering withdrawal privileges from a 5 per cent multiple maturity time deposit at intervals of less than 90 days.

In December 1966, the Board was joined by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board in a statement of principles directed against misleading advertising practices in the solicitation of deposits. The third principle states that "If an advertised rate is payable only on investments or deposits that meet fixed time or amount requirements, such requirements should be stated." An advertisement by a member bank that permits the reader to infer that the bank will pay interest at the rate of 5 per cent on funds that may be withdrawn at intervals of less than 90 days is inconsistent with that principle and is regarded by the Board as misleading.

The Board heretofore has refrained, in the definition of "time deposit" in Regulation Q, from prescribing permissible designations for such deposts, and has not objected to banks offering time deposit contracts that are called "savings certificates," or "savings bonds". However, use of such designations without explanation might have a misleading tendency, because of the public's impression that "savings" in a bank will be paid at any time. Consequently, the greater the possibility that the name given to an account may mislead, the more imperative is the bank's obligation to direct the depositor's attention to the withdrawal restrictions that govern the particular account offered.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A single maturity time deposit also may be renewed by action of the depositor within 10 days after maturity. In such event, as in the case of the multiple maturity time deposit, a member bank may pay interest on the deposit between the maturity date and renewal thereof at the applicable maximum rate,

## WHETHER MEMBER BANK ACTING AS TRUSTEE IS PROHIBITED BY SECTION 20 OF THE BANKING ACT OF 1933 FROM ACQUIRING MAJORITY OF SHARES OF MUTUAL FUND

The Board recently considered whether section 20 of the Banking Act of 1933 (12 U.S.C. 377) would prohibit a member bank, while acting as trustee of a tax exempt employee benefit trust or trusts, from, under the following circumstances, acquiring a majority of the shares of an open-end investment company ("Fund") registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or more than 50 per cent of the number of Fund's shares voted at the preceding election of directors of the Fund.

The bank has acted as trustee, since December 1963, pursuant to a trust agreement with a county medical society to administer its group retirement program, under which individual members of the society could participate in accordance with the provisions of the Self-Employed Individuals Tax Retirement Act of 1962 (commonly referred to as "H.R. 10").

Under the trust agreement as presently constituted, each employer, who is a participating member of the medical society, directs the bank to invest his contributions to the retirement plan in such proportions as he may elect in insurance or annuity contracts or in a diversified portfolio of securities and other property. The diversified portfolio held by the bank is invested and administered by the bank solely at the direction of a committee of the medical society.

It has now been proposed that the trust agreement be amended to provide that all investments constituting the trust fund, apart from insurance and annuity contracts, will be made exclusively in shares of a single open-end investment company to be named in the trust agreement and that the assets constituting the diversified portfolio now held by the bank, as trustee, will be exchanged for the Fund's shares. The bank will, in addition to holding the shares of the Fund, allocate income and dividends to the accounts of the various participants in the retirement program, invest and reinvest income and dividends, and perform other ministerial functions.

In addition, it is proposed to amend the trust agreement so that voting of the shares held by the bank as trustee will be controlled exclusively by the participants. Under the proposed amendment, the bank will sign all proxies prior to mailing them to the participants, "it being intended that the Participant(s) shall vote the proxies notwithstanding the fact that the Trustee is the owner of the shares..."

The bank believes that amendments are now under consideration that will also require investment of the assets of these plans exclusively in the Fund's shares. Accordingly, the bank may eventually own the Fund's shares in several separate trust accounts and in an aggregate amount equal to a majority of the Fund's shares.

Section 20 of the Banking Act of 1933 provides in relevant part that "no member bank shall be affiliated in any manner described in section 2(b) hereof with any corporation . . . engaged principally in the issue, flotation, underwriting, public sale, or distribution at wholesale or retail or through syndicate participation of stocks . . . or other securities . . ."

Section 2(b) defines the term "affiliate" to include "any corporation, business trust, association or other similar organization (1) Of which a member bank, directly or indirectly, owns or controls either a majority of the voting shares or more than 50 per centum of the number of shares voted for the election of its directors, trustees, or other persons exercising similar functions at the preceding election, or controls in any manner the election of a majority of its directors, trustees, or other persons exercising similar functions . . ."

The Board has previously taken the position, in an interpretation involving the term "affiliate" under the Banking Act of 1933, that it would not require a member bank to obtain and publish a report of a corporation the majority of the stock of which is held by the member bank as executor or trustee, provided that the member bank holds such stock subject to control by a court or by a beneficiary or other principal and that the member bank may not lawfully exercise control of such stock independently of any order or direction of a court, beneficiary or other principal. 1933 Federal Reserve BULLETIN 651. The rationale of that interpretation-which was reaffirmed by the Board in 1957—would appear to be equally applicable to the facts in the present case. In the circumstances, and on the basis of the Board's understanding that the bank will not vote any of Fund's shares or control in any manner the election of any of its directors, trustees, or other persons exercising similar functions, the Board has concluded that the situation in question would not fall within the purpose or coverage of section 20 of the Banking Act of 1933 and, therefore, would not involve a violation of the statute.

#### ORDER UNDER BANK MERGER ACT

# THE MERRILL TRUST COMPANY, BANGOR, MAINE

In the matter of the application of The Merrill Trust Company for approval of merger with Hammond Street Trust Company.

#### ORDER APPROVING MERGER OF BANKS

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to the Bank Merger Act (12 U.S.C. 1828(c)), and application by The Merrill Trust Company, Bangor, Maine, a State member bank of the Federal Reserve System, for the Board's prior approval of the merger of that bank and Hammond Street Trust Company, Bangor, Maine, under the charter and title of The Merrill Trust Company. Notice of the proposed merger, in form approved by the Board, has been published pursuant to said Act.

Upon consideration of all relevant material in the light of the factors set forth in said Act, including reports furnished by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Attorney General on the competitive factors involved in the proposed merger,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that said merger shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of this Order.

Dated at Washington, D. C., this 5th day of June, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin and Governors Robertson, Mitchell, Daane, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governors Maisel and Brimmer.

(Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL,

Assistant Secretary.

[SEAL]

## STATEMENT

The Merrill Trust Company, Bangor, Maine

("Merrill Trust"), with total deposits of \$72 million 1, has applied, pursuant to the Bank Merger Act (12 U.S.C. 1828(c)), for the Board's prior approval of the merger of that bank with Hammond Street Trust Company, Bangor, Maine ("Hammond Trust"), which is a newly organized bank, not in operation. The banks would merge under the charter and name of Merrill Trust, which is a member of the Federal Reserve System.

The proposed merger is one step in a plan of corporate reorganization whereby Merrill Bankshares Company, Bangor, Maine ("Bankshares"), a newly organized Maine corporation, would become a one-bank bank holding company, owning all of the stock of Merrill Trust. All of the stock of Bankshares would be owned by present stockholders of Merrill Trust. Bankshares would subscribe to and own all of the stock of Hammond Trust, which would conduct no banking business; following the merger of Hammond Trust into Merrill Trust, stock of Bankshares would be exchanged for the stock of Merrill Trust.

The major purpose for the use of a merger transaction in the plan to make Merrill Trust a subsidiary of Bankshares is to assure that Bankshares will be able to acquire all of the outstanding stock of Merrill Trust. The reorganization is part of a plan whereby Bankshares will eventually apply to the Board for approval to acquire control of an additional bank, or banks, and to become a registered bank holding company, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act.

Statutory considerations.—The merger of Merrill Trust and Hammond Trust, the latter being a bank with no operating history, formed solely to facilitate the corporate reorganization plan described above, would have no effect on competition, no effect on the banking convenience and needs of the Bangor community, and would not alter the financial and managerial resources and prospects of Merrill Trust.

Accordingly, the Board concludes that the application should be approved.

## ORDERS UNDER SECTION 3 OF BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

## BANCORPORATION OF MONTANA, GREAT FALLS, MONTANA

In the matter of the application of Bancorpora-

As of December 31, 1967.

tion of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of Eastside Bank of Montana, Great Falls, Montana.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)), and section 222.4(a)(3) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.4(a)(3)), an application by Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for the Board's prior approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of Eastside Bank of Montana, Great Falls, Montana.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Montana Superintendent of Banks of the application and requested his views and recommendation. The Superintendent replied that he had no objection to the proposed application provided that proceeds for the purchase of Bank's stock were obtained by Applicant through the sale of Applicant's common stock.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on November 29, 1967 (32 Federal Register 16295), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposal. A copy of the application was forwarded to the Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis pursuant to delegated authority, and provided further that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated unless cash with which to pay for the shares proposed to be acquired has been raised by issuance of Applicant's stock, or Applicant has a firm commitment from a reliable and independent underwriter that sufficient proceeds from the sale of Applicant's stock will be provided Applicant within three months of the

date of this Order to liquidate all debt incurred in connection with the purchase of shares of East-side Bank.

Dated at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of May, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin, and Governors Robertson, Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governor Mitchell.

(Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL,

Assistant Secretary.

[SEAL]

In the matter of the application of Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of Pondera Bank of Montana, Conrad, Montana,

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)), and section 222.4(a)(3) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.4(a)(3)), an application by Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for the Board's prior approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of Pondera Bank of Montana, Conrad, Montana.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Montana Superintendent of Banks of the application and requested his views and recommendation. The Superintendent replied that he had no objection to the proposed application provided that proceeds for the purchase of Bank's stock were obtained by Applicant through the sale of Applicant's common stock.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on November 29, 1967 (32 Federal Register 16295), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposal. A copy of the application was forwarded to the Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis pursuant to delegated authority, and provided further that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated unless cash with which to pay for the shares proposed to be acquired has been raised by issuance of Applicant's stock, or Applicant has a firm commitment from a reliable and independent underwriter that sufficient proceeds from the sale of Applicant's stock will be provided Applicant within three months of the date of this Order to liquidate all debt incurred in connection with the purchase of shares of Pondera Bank.

Dated at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of May, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin, and Governors Robertson, Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governor Mitchell.

(Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL,

Assistant Secretary.

[SEAL]

In the matter of the application of Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of Valier Bank of Montana, Valier, Montana.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)), and section 222.4(a)(3) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.4(a)(3)), an application by Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for the Board's prior approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of Valier Bank of Montana, Valier, Montana.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Montana Superintendent of Banks of the application and requested his views and recommendation. The Superintendent replied that he had no objection to the proposed application provided that proceeds for the purchase of Bank's stock were obtained by Applicant through the sale of Applicant's common stock.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on November 29, 1967 (32 Federal Register 16295), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposal. A copy of the application was forwarded to the Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis pursuant to delegated authority, and provided further that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated unless cash with which to pay for the shares proposed to be acquired has been raised by issuance of Applicant's stock, or Applicant has a firm commitment from a reliable and independent underwriter that sufficient proceeds from the sale of Applicant's stock will be provided Applicant within three months of the date of this Order to liquidate all debt incurred in connection with the purchase of shares of Valier Bank of Montana.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 13th day of May, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin, and Governors Robertson, Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governor Mitchell.

(Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL,

Assistant Secretary,

[SEAL]

In the matter of the application of Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of The People's State Bank of Missoula, Missoula, Montana.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)),

and section 222.4(a)(3) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.4(a)(3)), an application by Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana, for the Board's prior approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of The People's State Bank of Missoula, Montana.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Montana Superintendent of Banks of the application and requested his views and recommendation. The Superintendent replied that he had no objection to the proposed application provided that proceeds for the purchase of Bank's stocks were obtained by Applicant through the sale of Applicant's common stock.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on November 29, 1967 (32 Federal Register 16295), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposal. A copy of the application was forwarded to the Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of this Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis pursuant to delegated authority, and provided further that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated unless cash with which to pay for the shares proposed to be acquired has been raised by issuance of Applicant's stock, or Applicant has a firm commitment from a reliable and independent underwriter that sufficient proceeds from the sale of Applicant's stock will be provided Applicant within three months of the date of this Order to liquidate all debt incurred in connection with the purchase of shares of The People's State Bank of Missoula,

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 13th day of May, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin, and Governors Robertson, Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governor Mitchell.

(Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL,

Assistant Secretary.

SEAL

#### STATEMENT

Bancorporation of Montana, Great Falls, Montana ("Applicant"), a registered bank holding company, has applied to the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 ("the Act"), for prior approval of the acquisition of 100 per cent of the voting shares of the following four banks located in Montana: Eastside Bank of Montana, Great Falls; Pondera Bank of Montana, Conrad; Valier Bank of Montana, Valier; and The People's State Bank of Missoula, Missoula. At June 30, 1967,<sup>1</sup> Applicant controlled seven banks with total deposits of \$44.1 million. Eastside Bank of Montana ("Eastside Bank") opened for business in January 1967 and has total deposits of approximately \$732,000. Pondera Bank of Montana ("Pondera Bank") holds total deposits of \$1.3 million. Valier Bank of Montana ("Valier Bank") has total deposits of \$1.6 million. The People's State Bank of Missoula ("Missoula Bank") has total deposits of \$1.8 million. Of the four proposed subsidiary banks, three are nonmember insured institutions. Valier Bank is a Federal Reserve member bank. At the present time 45 per cent of Applicant's common voting stock is controlled by two brothers, who together control an additional 7.6 per cent of Applicant's stock through a profit-sharing trust. The brothers are Chairman of the Board of Applicant and its President, respectively, and together own 95 per cent of the voting stock of Eastside Bank, 96 per cent of the voting stock of Pondera Bank, 94 per cent of the voting stock of Valier Bank, and 91 per cent of the voting stock of Missoula Bank.

Views and recommendation of supervisory authority—As required by section 3(b) of the Act, notice of receipt of the applications was given to the Montana Superintendent of Banks, and his views and recommendations were requested. The Superintendent replied that he had no objection to the proposed acquisitions provided suitable financial arrangements for the purchases were assured by Applicant.

Statutory considerations—Section 3(a) of the Act provides that the Board shall not approve an

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Unless noted, all banking data are of this date and refer to insured commercial banks.

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acquisition that would result in a monopoly or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any part of the United States. Nor may the Board approve any other proposed acquisition the effect of which, in any section of the country, may be substantially to lessen competition, or to tend to create a monopoly, or which in any other manner would be in restraint of trade, unless the Board finds that the anticompetitive effects of the proposed transaction are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probably effect of the transaction in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served. In each case, the Board is required to take into consideration the financial and managerial resources and future prospects of the bank holding company and the banks concerned, and the convenience and needs of the community to be served.

Competitive effect of proposed transactions.— The 10 largest banking organizations operating in the State of Montana control 65.6 per cent of total bank deposits. Among these, four bank holding companies, including Applicant and three larger bank holding companies that are headquartered outside the State, control 52.8 per cent of the total bank deposits. Under existing law, none of the three out-of-State bank holding companies may acquire through stock acquisition additional banks within the State, If Applicant is permitted to acquire the four banks that are the subjects of these applications, concentration of deposits in the 10 largest banking organization in the State, controls 3.8 companies, would be increased, respectively, to 66.1 per cent (an increase of .5) and to 53.2 per cent (an increase of .4). Applicant, the fifth largest banking organization in the State, controls 3.8 per cent of the total deposits in the State. Consummation of its four proposed acquisitions would increase that control to 4.2 per cent and would place 11 of the 133 banks in Montana under Applicant's control. On the basis of the evidence of record, the Board concludes that Applicant's acquisition of the four banks proposed would not result in a monopoly nor be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or to attempt to monopolize in any area relevant to the subject applica-

Turning to the probable impact on existing and potential competition of each of Applicant's proposed acquisitions, the record reflects that Eastside

Bank is located in and its primary service area<sup>2</sup> constitutes the southeastern section of Great Falls. Five other banks, all subsidiaries of registered bank holding companies, and including Applicant's subsidiary Central Bank of Montana (deposits of \$6 million), are located outside of Bank's primary service area in Great Falls' main business district. The four banks not affiliated with Applicant have deposits ranging from \$10 to \$58 million, and each competes within Eastside Bank's primary service area. If Applicant acquires Eastside Bank, approximately 5 per cent of the total deposits and 4 per cent of the loans in the Great Falls area would be controlled by Applicant.

Competition among the banks in Great Falls appears to be vigorous and there is no indication that such competition, including that offered within Eastside Bank's primary service area, will be significantly lessened by Applicant's acquisition of Eastside Bank. On the contrary, considering Eastside Bank's size, its affiliation with Central Bank under Applicant's ownership offers a potential for increased competition for the area's four larger banks.

Except for Central Bank, none of Applicant's subsidiary banks is located within 65 miles of Eastside Bank; and the three proposed subsidiary banks are located, respectively, 65, 90, and 152 miles from Eastside Bank, Central Bank is situated 21/4 miles from Eastside Bank, and derives approximately 10 per cent of its total IPC deposits, 6 per cent of its commercial and industrial loans, and 21 per cent of its consumer loans from Eastside Bank's primary service area. While the volume of business thus derived from Eastside Bank's service area is significant in relation to the total of such deposits and loans held by Eastside Bank, any judgment of actual and potential competition between Central Bank and Eastside Bank must be made in light of the facts that (1) Eastside Bank was organized by individuals who are the principal shareholders of Applicant and both Central Bank and Eastside Bank are presently affiliated through the aforesaid common ownership; (2) Eastside Bank has been in existence for only 18 months and, presumably, a significant portion of Central Bank's business derived from Eastside Bank's primary service area

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> With respect to each of the proposed acquisitions, the primary service area is that from which Applicant estimates that at least 75 per cent of the deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations ("IPC deposits") held by the bank involved are derived.

predated the latter bank's organization; and (3) Eastside Bank derives no deposit business from Central Bank's primary service area. While denial of this application could result in the termination of the aforementioned affiliation through the sale of Eastside bank, the ultimate competitive benefit that might be realized could be measurably less than the benefit to result from approval of Applicant's proposal. As earlier stated, Eastside Bank's present competitors other than Central Bank are all subsidiaries of bank holding companies. Two of these banks, located 21/4 and 3 miles, respectively, from Eastside Bank, are subsidiaries of the same holding company and are \$58 million and \$10 million in deposit size. The third competing bank, 21/4 miles from Eastside Bank, has approximately \$42 million in deposits, while the fourth competitor, 21/2 miles from Eastside Bank, has deposits of \$28 million. Eastside Bank's acquisition by Applicant will not reduce the number of alternative banking sources now available to the area, and Bank's ability to compete successfully with its larger area competitors would appear more certain as a subsidiary of Applicant than if it were to operate as an independent institution, or as presently affiliated.

Pondera Bank and Valier Bank are both located in Pondera County, some 26 miles apart. If Applicant acquired Pondera Bank it would control 10.6 per cent of the total deposits in the county; acquisition of both Pondera Bank and Valier Bank would give Applicant control of 23 per cent of such deposits. Pondera Bank's competitor would control the remaining 77 per cent of the county deposits.

Pondera Bank, with deposits of \$1.3 million, is the smaller of two banks located in Conrad, Bank's primary service area. Its competitor in Conrad, Farmers State Bank, has deposits of \$9.7 million. No other banks compete within Pondera Bank's service area. Four banks ranging in deposit size from \$1.3 million to \$9 million are located 25 to 27 miles from Conrad. One of these is Valier Bank, proposed to be acquired by Applicant. The closest of Applicant's present subsidiary banks to Pondera Bank is Central Bank in Great Falls. In view of the 65 miles that separate the two banks, and considering Pondera Bank's size, competition between the two banks is found to be insignificant, and the potential for competition unlikely. As earlier stated, Pondera Bank's principal competitor is located two blocks from Bank and is approximately eight times Bank's size. The competitive situation presently existing between these banks would be virtually unchanged by Applicant's acquisition of Pondera Bank inasmuch as present competition reflects the aforedescribed affiliation existing between Applicant and Pondera Bank through their common ownership.

Valier Bank, 26 miles northwest of Conrad with deposits of \$1.6 million, is the only bank located in Valier, Bank's primary service area. The next closest banks are two banks located in Shelby, some 25 miles from Valier and the two banks in Conrad. Applicant's closest subsidiary bank to Valier is Central Bank, 90 miles to the southeast of Valier. Neither it nor Pondera Bank, Applicant's proposed subsidiary, competes to any significant degree with Valier Bank. For the reasons set forth in discussing Pondera Bank, the Board is unable to foresee any significant competition arising between Valier Bank and any of Applicant's present and proposed subsidiaries.

Missoula Bank, Applicant's proposed fourth subsidiary bank, is located in Missoula, Montana, some 132 miles northwest of Butte. Missoula Bank's primary service area is the City of Missoula in which there are located four banks in addition to Missoula Bank. Two of these banks, subsidiaries of a registered bank holding company, are located within one mile of Missoula Bank and have total deposits of \$29 million and \$7 million, respectively. The remaining two banks in Missoula, with respective total deposits of \$27 million and approximately \$1 million, are affiliated through common ownership and common officers. Missoula Bank is fourth in size of the five banks, holding 2.7 per cent of the total deposits of the banks in Missoula. The two largest banks in Missoula combined hold 86 per cent of the total deposits. Applicant's acquisition of Missoula Bank would not reduce the existing number of banking alternatives in the affected area. Applicant's Butte subsidiary, Miners Bank of Montana, is a \$12 million institution serving principally the Butte area. Neither it nor any of Applicant's present or proposed subsidiaries compete within the area primarily served by Missoula Bank. In view of the deposit size and existing affiliations of Missoula Bank's present competitors, and considering the pre-existing common ownership affiliation between Missoula Bank and Applicant, there is no reason to believe that Applicant's acquisition of Missoula Bank would effect any significant change in the competition now offered by the Missoula area banks.

Review of the record in each of the four applica-

tions before the Board satisfies the Board that none of the four acquisitions proposed is likely to present a sufficiently greater competitive force with respect to competing institutions serving the areas involved as to present a consideration adverse to approval. On the contrary, with respect to all but the Valier Bank, Applicant's control of the banks proposed would provide a somewhat greater competitive force in areas in which bank holding company subsidiaries or otherwise affiliated banks are now operating. The Board concludes that consummation of the proposed transactions would not substantially lessen competition, tend to create a monopoly, nor in any other manner restrain trade in any relevant section of the country.

Financial and managerial resources and future prospects.—The financial and managerial resources of Applicant and its present and proposed subsidiary banks are generally satisfactory. While the future prospects of the four banks are reasonably satisfactory, if their operation continues under the existing affiliation, the banks' prospects are believed to be more favorable as subsidiaries of Applicant.

Regarding Applicant's future prospects, in connection with its submission of these applications, Applicant has stated its recognition of the need for strengthening its capital position, particularly in relation to the purchase for cash of the shares of each of the four banks. In this connection, Applicant has given assurance that should approval be given to the acquisitions proposed, such acquisitions will not be consummated unless and until cash with which to pay for the shares of the banks has been raised by sale of Applicant's stock, or a firm and unconditional commitment to provide sufficient funds from the sale of Applicant's stock for the purchase of the banks has been given by a reliable and independent securities underwriter. The Board has analyzed the pro forma financial statement submitted by Applicant with respect to its proposal to raise additional capital and is satisfied with its reasonableness in the light of the obligation to be incurred in the purchase of the banks' stock. In offering no objection to Applicant's proposed acquisitions, the Montana Superintendent of Banks advised that his position was conditioned upon Applicant's aforementioned commitment for strengthening its capital position. Assuming the accomplishment of its proposed capital improvement plan, the Board finds Applicant's future operating prospects to be satisfactory.

Convenience, needs, and welfare of the areas involved.—Applicant's representations with respect to the effect of its proposals on the convenience. needs, and welfare of the four areas involved are. in major respects, identical. There is no showing made of any substantial existing deficiency in bank services in any of the areas affected. As to each application, the record reflects that the communities affected are adequately served by existing facilities. However, consistent with approval of these applications is the fact that if approval is denied, one or more of the banks involved might cease its common ownership affiliation with Applicant—an occurrence that could result in a lessening of the quality and quantity of service now being provided. Consummation of Applicant's proposal, in the Board's judgment, would afford a more assured and more convenient source of banking service than would be the case if any or all the banks operated as independent institutions.

The Board concludes that the evidence relating to the convenience and needs of the areas involved with respect to each of the applications is consistent with and offers slight weight for approval of the applications.

Summary and conclusion.—On the basis of all the relevant facts contained in the record, and in the light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the Act, it is the Board's judgment that the proposed transactions would be in the public interest and that subject to the conditions set forth in the Board's Orders of this date the application should be approved.

# FIRST AT ORLANDO CORPORATION, ORLANDO, FLORIDA

In the matter of the application of First at Orlando Corporation, Orlando, Florida, for approval of acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The First National Bank of Leesburg, Leesburg, Florida.

# ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)) and section 222.3(a) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.3(a)), an application by First at Orlando Corporation, Orlando, Florida, for the Board's prior approval of acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The

First National Bank of Leesburg, Leesburg, Florida.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Comptroller of the Currency of the application and requested his views and recommendation. The Comptroller recommended approval of the application.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on January 20, 1968 (33 Federal Register 775), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposal. A copy of the application was forwarded to the United States Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

It is hereby ordered, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of this Order unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta pursuant to delegated authority.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 20th day of May, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin, and Governors Robertson, Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governor Mitchell.

(Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL,

Assistant Secretary.

[SEAL]

### STATEMENT

First at Orlando Corporation, Orlando, Florida ("Applicant"), a registered bank holding company, has applied to the Board of Governors pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)), for prior approval of the acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The First National Bank of Leesburg, Leesburg, Florida ("Bank"). Applicant presently has five subsidiary banks, all located in Orlando (Orange County), Florida, with total deposits of \$198 million.'

Bank, which is located in adjoining Lake County, has total deposits of about \$20 million.

Views and recommendation of supervisory authority.—As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Comptroller of the Currency of receipt of the application and requested his views and recommendation thereon. The Comptroller recommended that the application be approved.

Statutory considerations.—Section 3(c) of the Act provides that the Board shall not approve an acquisition that would result in a monopoly or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any part of the United States. Nor may the Board approve any other proposed acquisition the effect of which, in any section of the country, may be substantially to lessen competition, or to tend to create a monopoly, or which in any other manner would be in restraint of trade, unless the Board finds that the anticompetitive effects of the proposed transaction are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the transaction in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served. In each case, the Board is required to take into consideration the financial and managerial resources and future prospects of the bank holding company and the banks concerned, and the convenience and needs of the community to be served.

Competitive effect of proposed transaction.— The 10 largest banking organizations in Florida, including 7 bank holding companies, control 37 per cent of the deposits held by all commercial banks in the State. Applicant, whose five subsidiaries account for 2.3 per cent of such deposits, is presently the sixth largest banking organization and the sixth largest of 12 bank holding companies in the State. Upon consummation of the proposed acquisition, Applicant would rank fifth in both categories, and would increase its share of deposits in the State to 2.6 per cent.

Applicant's largest subsidiary, the First National Bank at Orlando, has total deposits of \$142 million and is the largest bank in Orlando. Of the other four subsidiaries, which range in size from \$9 to \$18 million, three are located within Orlando; the fourth is close to the city limits and about five miles from downtown Orlando. These subsidiaries account for about 42 per cent of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Banking data are as of June 30, 1967, unless otherwise noted, adjusted, where appropriate, to reflect acquisitions approved by the Board to date.

deposits held by 18 banks located in Orange County. Two other holding companies, both of which are larger than Applicant, have one subsidiary bank each in Orange County. Together, the three bank holding companies account for 63 per cent of the deposits held by Orange County banks. While the extent of this existing concentration is a matter of concern, consummation of the present proposal would not affect Applicant's holdings, increase concentration, or reduce banking alternatives within Orange County or any portion thereof.

Bank is located in the northwest corner of Lake County, about 40 miles northwest of Orlando, and its primary service area a encompasses an area within a 15 mile radius of Leesburg. The southeast extremity of this area lies approximately 15 miles from the northwest extremity of the area delineated by Applicant at the time of its formation in 1967, as the area served by Applicant's other subsidiaries." The only one of Applicant's subsidiaries which derives any significant amount of business from the Leesburg area is the First National Bank at Orlando. Of its total loans and time and savings deposits, 1.5 and 2.4 per cent, respectively, originate in the primary service area of Bank. The only meaningful business derived by Bank from the Orlando area is 2 per cent of its time and savings deposits. In view of the small degree of market overlap, the distance separating the two primary service areas, and the fact that a number of banks are located within this intervening area, there appears to be no significant competition between Bank and Applicant's present subsidiaries. These same factors, as well as a State prohibition against branching, also make it unlikely that such competition would develop between them in the future.

Bank is the larger of two banks in Leesburg and the largest of nine banks competing in its primary service area, and accounts for 22 per cent of area deposits. Four of the eight other banks in the area, including its Leesburg competitor, have deposits in excess of \$10 million. It does not appear that the continued viability or

competitive effectiveness of any of the competing banks would be adversely affected by Bank's acquisition by Applicant. Since the proposed acquisition represents Applicant's initial entry into Lake County and Bank's primary service area, concentration in those areas would not be increased and no alternative source of banking services would be eliminated.

On the basis of the record before it, the Board concludes that consummation of Applicant's proposal would not result in a monopoly, nor be in furtherance of any combination, conspiracy, or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any relevant area, nor would such consummation substantially lessen competition, tend to create a monopoly, or restrain trade in any section of the country.

Financial and managerial resources and future prospects.—Applicant is in sound financial condition and has qualified management. Each of its present subsidiaries has competent management and has experienced good growth, and the financial condition of each is generally satisfactory. Applicant's prospects are dependent on those of its subsidiary banks, and are regarded as favorable.

Bank's financial condition is reasonably satisfactory, and its present management appears to be experienced and competent. Two of its senior officers, however, expect to retire within the next year, and a third is approaching retirement. While response to Bank's future management needs does not appear to be dependent on its affiliation with Applicant, consummation of the proposal would probably facilitate the filling of vacancies anticipated in the near future. Bank's prospects appear favorable regardless of whether it is affiliated with Applicant; however, the internal efficiencies and improved earnings which the proposed affiliation seems to assure offer sufficiently more favorable prospects as to constitute a factor supporting approval of the application.

The banking factors, as they relate to Applicant, are found to be consistent with approval of the application. As they relate to Bank, such factors lend slight weight in favor of approval.

Convenience and needs of the communities served.—There is no evidence to indicate that Bank's affiliation with Applicant's group would have any significant effect on the convenience and needs of Orlando or surrounding communities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The area from which Bank derives an estimated 80 per cent of its deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations ("IPC deposits").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Application of First at Orlando Corporation, 53 Federal Reserve BULLETIN 235, 237 (1967). Applicant estimated that it derived 81 per cent of its IPC deposits from this area.

The existence of an affiliate of Applicant in Leesburg should have little or no effect on Orlando customers.

In the Leesburg area most of the immediate advantages of the proposed affiliation will accrue directly to Bank in the form of internal improvements, and only indirectly to the banking public. However, there is some evidence of a demand for credit in the area in amounts beyond the capacity of any local institution, and it is alleged that, in times of tight money, difficulties have been encountered in obtaining correspondent assistance in handling overlines. The proposed affiliation should provide a greater facility in arranging participation by other of Applicant's subsidiaries in such lending. Also, Lake County ranks second in the State in the growing, processing, packaging, and shipping of citrus fruits. Applicant's largest subsidiary bank has, for many years, been actively involved in financing the citrus industry in its area, and has developed experience in this field which should be of value to the Leesburg area.

Considerations related to the convenience and needs of the communities involved are consistent with, and lend some weight toward, approval of the application.

Summary and conclusion.—Based on all the relevant facts contained in the record, and in the light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the Act, it is the Board's judgment that the proposed transaction would be in the public interest and that the application should be approved.

# FIRST VIRGINIA BANKSHARES CORPORATION, ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

In the matter of the application of First Virginia Bankshares Corporation, Arlington, Virginia, for approval of acquisition of 51 per cent or more of the voting shares of Monticello National Bank, Charlottesville, Virginia.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)) and section 222.3(a) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.3(a)), an application by First Virginia Bankshares Corporation, Arlington, Virginia, a registered bank holding company, for

the Board's prior approval of the acquisition of 51 per cent or more of the voting shares of Monticello National Bank, Charlottesville, Virginia.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Comptroller of the Currency of the application and requested his views and recommendation. The Comptroller recommended approval of the application.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on January 19, 1968 (33 Federal Register 719), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposal. A copy of the application was forwarded to the United States Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the acquisition so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of this Order unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond pursuant to delegated authority.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 23rd day of May, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin, and Governors Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governors Robertson and Mitchell.

(Signed) Kenneth A. Kenyon, Deputy Secretary.

[SEAL]

#### STATEMENT

First Virginia Bankshares Corporation, Arlington, Virginia ("Applicant"), a registered bank holding company, has applied to the Board of Governors pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)), for prior approval of the acquisition of 51 per cent or more of the voting shares of Monticello National Bank, Charlottesville, Virginia. Applicant presently controls 14 banks which hold total deposits of \$334 million. Bank has total deposits of \$3 million.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Banking data are as of June 30, 1967, unless otherwise noted.

Views and recommendation of supervisory authority.—As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board notified the Comptroller of the Currency of receipt of the application and requested his views and recommendation thereon. The Comptroller recommended that the application be approved.

Statutory considerations.—Section 3(c) of the Act provides that the Board shall not approve an acquisition that would result in a monopoly or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any part of the United States. Nor may the Board approve any other proposed acquisition the effect of which, in any section of the country, may be substantially to lessen competition, or to tend to create a monopoly, or which in any other manner would be in restraint of trade, unless the Board finds that the anticompetitive effects of the proposed transaction are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the transaction in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served. In each case, the Board is required to take into consideration the financial and managerial resources and future prospects of the bank holding company and the banks concerned, and the convenience and needs of the community to be served.

Competitive effect of proposed transaction.— The 10 largest banking organizations in Virginia, including 5 bank holding companies, control about 64 per cent of the total deposits held by all commercial banks in the State. Applicant, the fifth largest banking organization and the third largest bank holding company in the State, controls 6.1 per cent of such deposits. Applicant's proposed acquisition of Bank, which holds but .05 per cent of total deposits in the State, would have no significant effect on State-wide concentration.

Bank's only office is located in Albermarle County, just outside the city limits of Charlottesville and about four miles north of the Charlottesville business district. The relevant market area for evaluating the competitive effects of the proposed acquisition is the City of Charlottesville and an area within a radius of about five miles of the City. In addition to Bank's office, this area includes 16 offices of 3 other banks ranging in total deposit size from \$22 million to \$551 million, and with area deposits of \$20 million to \$70 million.

Bank holds 1.8 per cent of the total area deposits held by the four banks.

Applicant's closest subsidiary to Bank is The Staunton Industrial Bank (\$5.9 million deposits), located 38 miles west of Charlottesville on the opposite side of the Blue Ridge Mountains. That bank reportedly derives no business from Bank's market area, and no other subsidiary of Applicant is believed to compete with Bank.

In view of the distance between Bank and Applicant's present subsidiaries, the number of banking offices which lie between Bank and each of the subsidiaries, and the natural trade barrier which separates Bank's market area from that of Applicant's closest subsidiary bank, there does not appear to exist any meaningful competition between Bank and any of Applicant's present subsidiaries. Coupled with the fact that none of Applicant's subsidiaries is located in an area from which it can legally branch into Charlottesville or Albemarle County, the aforementioned factors serve also to limit the likelihood that potential competition would be affected by consummation of the proposed transaction. The most likely competitive effect foreseen from consummation of this proposal is the emergence of a more meaningful and more competitive alternative source of banking services in the Charlottesville area—a result that should strengthen, rather than injure, competition.

On the basis of the record before it, the Board concludes that consummation of Applicant's proposal would not result in a monopoly, nor be in furtherance of any combination, conspiracy or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any relevant area. It does not appear that consummation would substantially lessen competition, tend to create a monopoly, or restrain trade in any section of the country.

Financial and managerial resources and future prospects.—The financial condition of Applicant and its subsidiary banks is reasonably satisfactory, and the prospects of each appear favorable. Applicant's management is regarded as experienced and competent, as is that of its subsidiary banks.

While Bank's general financial condition is considered to be satisfactory, its growth record from the date of its opening in 1964 reflects that it has not kept pace with the other Charlottesville area banks. Bank's deposit growth has been at less than half the rate projected in its charter

application, and time funds represent an unusually large percentage of its total deposits (74 per cent). It has been troubled with management problems since its opening, having had four presidents in three years. Its current president has held the position since July 1967, and has no prior banking experience. According to Applicant, he desires to be relieved of his responsibilities as soon as a competent replacement can be found. Bank's prospects, which would appear only fair without assistance of the type which affiliation with Applicant could afford, should be considerably improved by consummation of Applicant's proposal.

The foregoing considerations under this factor support approval of the application.

Convenience and needs of the communities involved.—Consummation of the proposed transaction would have no effect on customers of Applicant's present subsidiaries. Nor does it appear that any major banking service required within Bank's market area is not provided by the three larger banks which operate offices in the area. However, Applicant has indicated its intention to undertake measures which would make Bank a more convenient alternative source for a complete line of banking services. Among these measures are consideration of proposals for additional branch offices, the establishment of customer-oriented banking hours, the development of an indirect consumer lending program and improvement of Bank's direct lending procedures, and the offering of trust services through cooperative programs with Applicant's other subsidiaries.

Considerations under this factor lend additional weight toward approval of the application.

Summary and conclusion.—On the basis of all the relevant facts contained in the record, and in the light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the Act, it is the Board's judgment that the application should be approved.

# THE FIRST NATIONAL BANCORPORATION, INC., DENVER, COLORADO

In the matter of the application of The First National Bancorporation, Inc., Denver, Colorado, for approval of action to become a bank holding company through the acquisition of voting shares of The First National Bank of Denver, Denver; The First National Bank of Bear Valley, Denver;

The First National Bank of North Glenn, North Glenn; and The First National Bank of Southglenn, Arapahoe County, all in Colorado.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(1)), and section 222.3(a) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.3(a)), an application by The First National Bancorporation, Inc., Denver, Colorado, for the Board's prior approval of action whereby Applicant would become a bank holding company through the acquisition of voting shares of the following four banks in Colorado: 67 per cent or more of the voting shares of The First National Bank of Denver, Denver, and 51 per cent or more of the voting shares of The First National Bank of Bear Valley, Denver, The First National Bank of North Glenn, North Glenn, and The First National Bank of Southglenn, Arapahoe

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board gave written notice to the Comptroller of the Currency of receipt of the application and requested his views and recommendation. He recommended approval of the application.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on January 24, 1968 (33 Federal Register 866), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposed transaction. A copy of the application was forwarded to the Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the action so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of the Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City pursuant to delegated authority.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 27th day of May, 1968.

LAW DEPARTMENT 521

By order of the Board of Governors

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin and Governors Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governors Robertson and Mitchell. (Signed) KENNETH A. KENYON,

Deputy Secretary.

[SEAL]

#### STATEMENT

The First National Bancorporation, Inc., Denver, Colorado ("Applicant"), has filed with the Board, pursuant to section 3(a)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, an application for approval of action to become a bank holding company through the acquisition of 67 per cent or more of the voting shares of The First National Bank of Denver, Denver ("First National Bank"), and 51 per cent or more of the voting shares of The First National Bank of Bear Valley, Denver ("Bear Valley Bank"), The First National Bank of North Glenn, North Glenn ("North Glenn Bank"), and The First National Bank of Southglenn, Arapahoe County ("Southglenn Bank"), all in the State of Colorado.

First National Bank, with deposits of \$437.3 million as of June 30, 1967,1 is the largest bank in Colorado and is centrally located in the City of Denver. Bear Valley Bank (\$4.5 million deposits), North Glenn Bank (\$4.7 million deposits), and Southglenn Bank (\$2.3 million deposits) are suburban banks located in shopping centers 9 to 12 miles from First National Bank. In view of a legal prohibition against branch banking in Colorado, each of the proposed subsidiaries has only one office. The three suburban banks were organized by officers and stockholders of First National Bank. and were opened for business between late 1963 and late 1964. A high degree of common ownership continues to exist among the four banks-a group of 481 stockholders owns approximately 74 per cent of the shares of First National Bank, 62 per cent of Bear Valley Bank, 80 per cent of North Glenn Bank, and 69 per cent of Southglenn Bank.

Views and recommendation of supervisory authority.—As required by section 3(b) of the Act, notice of receipt of the application was given to, and views and recommendation requested of, the Comptroller of the Currency. The Comptroller recommended approval of the application.

Statutory considerations.—Section 3(c) of the

Act provides that the Board shall not approve an acquisition that would result in a monopoly or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or to attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any part of the United States. Nor may the Board approve a proposed acquisition the effect of which, in any section of the country, may be substantially to lessen competition, or to tend to create a monopoly, or which in any other manner would be in restraint of trade, unless the Board finds that the anticompetitive effects of the proposed transaction are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the transaction in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served. In each case the Board is required to take into consideration the financial and managerial resources and future prospects of the bank holding company and the banks concerned, and the convenience and needs of the community to be served.

Competitive effect of proposed transaction.—The 215 insured commercial banks in the State of Colorado hold aggregate deposits of \$3.1 billion. The 10 largest banking organizations operating in the State (4 bank holding companies and 6 independent banks) have aggregate deposits of \$1.8 billion, or 57.2 per cent of the total. Applicant, as the State's largest banking organization, would control 14.5 per cent of State deposits, .3 per cent more than is presently held by First National Bank.

First National Bank's primary service area 2 is coextensive with the Denver Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area ("Denver SMSA"), which is comprised of Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Denver, and Jefferson Counties. Each of the other three proposed subsidiaries is also located within, but serves a much smaller portion of, the Denver SMSA. The six largest banking organizations in the Denver SMSA, which include the four bank holding companies presently operating in the State, control 73 per cent of the deposits held by commercial banks in the area. Applicant would control 22.1 per cent of such deposits, 1.6 per cent more than the share held by the area's second largest banking organization, Denver U.S. Bancorporation (a registered bank holding company), and .6 per cent more than the share held by First National Bank, Concentration among the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>All banking data are as of this date, unless otherwise noted,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The area from which Applicant estimates that 85 per cent of the deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations ("IPC deposits") of First National Bank are derived.

area's six largest banking organizations would also be increased by .6 per cent.

Despite the fact that the three proposed suburban subsidiaries are located within the area served by First National Bank, the relationship existing between each of them and First National Bank, dating from their organization, indicates that no real competition would be eliminated by consummation of Applicant's proposal. In addition to the high degree of common ownership of the four banks, officers of First National Bank constitute a majority or near majority of the directors of the other three banks. Management and employees of the suburban banks also are provided by First National Bank, and a substantial portion of each of the smaller banks' loan portfolios consists of participations purchased from First National Bank. Inasmuch as Applicant's proposal would effect only a change in the form of a pre-existing affiliation, the extent and nature of competition between the proposed subsidiary banks and other area banks would not be significantly altered. Moreover, since the evidence before the Board indicates that the possibility of discontinuance of the afore-described relationships between and among the proposed subsidiaries is remote, regardless of Board action on the present application, potential competition among them, or between any of them and other area banks, would not be affected by consummation of the proposal.

Summarizing the competitive effects of Applicant's proposal, consummation of the transaction would result in a slight increase in the relatively high degree of concentration presently existing in the Denver SMSA. In view of the existing relationships among the four proposed subsidiaries, however, such increase in concentration does not portend any real effect on the number of banking alternatives in any relevant area, or on the nature or vigor of competition among the four subsidiaries or with other banking organizations.

On the record before it, the Board concludes that consummation of the proposed transaction would not result in a monopoly, nor be in furtherance of any combination, conspiracy or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any relevant area. Further, there appears to be no reasonable probability that effectuation of the proposal would substantially lessen competition, tend to create a monopoly, or operate in restraint of trade.

Financial and managerial resources and future prospects.—Applicant, a newly formed corporation,

has no financial or operating history. Its financial condition, management and prospects are dependent on those of the proposed subsidiary banks, principally First National Bank.

Each of the proposed subsidiaries is in satisfactory financial condition and has competent and experienced management. Prospects of First National Bank, Bear Valley Bank, and North Glenn Bank are considered favorable regardless of whether the instant proposal is consummated. Southglenn Bank's office, according to Applicant, is inadequate, poorly located, and not readily accessible to the public. Applicant proposes to build new facilities for Southglenn Bank, which does not now have the resources necessary to acquire them, and to lease such facilities to the bank on reasonable terms. The direct benefits to Southglenn Bank of new and expanded facilities indicate that its prospects would be somewhat more favorable if Applicant's proposal is consummated.

Considerations under this factor, as they pertain to Applicant, First National Bank, Bear Valley Bank, and North Glenn Bank are regarded as consistent with approval of the application. As they relate to Southglenn Bank, such considerations provide some weight in favor of approval.

Convenience and needs of the communities involved.—The banking needs of the individuals and businesses located in the areas served by the proposed subsidiaries appear to be adequately served at present. It is unlikely that consummation of Applicant's proposal will lead to any significant additions to, or improvements upon, services which the four banks, as presently affiliated, are able to provide. As earlier indicated, however, in the event of approval of this application Applicant proposes to provide the necessary funds to construct badly needed new banking facilities for Southglenn Bank, which would add to the convenience of that bank's customers.

Considerations bearing on this factor lend some additional weight in favor of approval of the application.

Summary and conclusion.—On the basis of all relevant facts contained in the record, and in the light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the Act, it is the Board's judgment that the proposed transaction would be in the public interest and that the application should be approved.

# FIRST BANC GROUP OF OHIO, INC., COLUMBUS, OHIO

In the matter of the application of First Banc

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Group of Ohio, Inc., Columbus, Ohio, for approval of action to become a bank holding company through the acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The City National Bank & Trust Company of Columbus, Columbus, Ohio, and The Farmers Savings and Trust Company, Mansfield, Ohio.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(1)), and section 222.3(a) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.3(a)), an application by First Banc Group of Ohio, Inc., Columbus, Ohio, for the Board's prior approval of action whereby Applicant would become a bank holding company through the acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The City National Bank & Trust Company of Columbus, Columbus, Ohio, and The Farmers Savings and Trust Company, Mansfield, Ohio.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board gave written notice of receipt of the application to the Comptroller of the Currency and to the Superintendent of Banks for the State of Ohio, and requested their views and recommendations. The Comptroller recommended approval; the Superintendent stated that he had no objection to approval of the application.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on February 8, 1968 (33 Federal Register 2722), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposed transaction. A copy of the application was forwarded to the United States Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the action so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than three months after the date of the Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland pursuant to delegated authority.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 5th day of June, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Chairman Martin and Governors Daane, Maisel, Brimmer, and Sherrill. Absent and not voting: Governors Robertson and Mitchell. (Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL,

Assistant Secretary.

[SEAL]

#### STATEMENT

First Banc Group of Ohio, Inc., Columbus, Ohio ("Applicant"), has filed with the Board, pursuant to section 3(a)(1) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, an application for approval of action to become a bank holding company through the acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The City National Bank & Trust Company of Columbus, Columbus, Ohio ("City Bank"), and The Farmers Savings and Trust Company, Mansfield, Ohio ("Farmers Bank").

City Bank (deposits \$298 million) is located 70 miles from Farmers Bank (deposits \$38 million) with two counties intervening. The offices of the two banks nearest each other are 51 miles apart. A predecessor of City Bank began operations in 1868; the bank presently operates 16 offices. Farmers Bank, organized in 1906, presently operates six offices.

Views and recommendations of supervisory authority.—As required by section 3(b) of the Act, inasmuch as both a State and a nationally chartered bank are involved, notice of receipt of the application was given to, and views and recommendations requested of, the Superintendent of Banks for the State of Ohio and the Comptroller of the Currency. The State Superintendent replied that he had no objection to the proposal. The Comptroller recommended approval of the application.

Statutory considerations.—Section 3(c) of the Act provides that the Board shall not approve an acquisition that would result in a monopoly or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or to attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any part of the United States. Nor may the Board approve a proposed acquisition the effect of which, in any

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data with respect to banks are as of June 30, 1967, unless otherwise noted.

section of the country, may be substantially to lessen competition, or to tend to create a monopoly, or which in any other manner would be in restraint of trade, unless the Board finds that the anticompetitive effects of the proposed transaction are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the transaction in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served. In each case the Board is required to take into consideration the financial and managerial resources and future prospects of the bank holding company and the banks concerned, and the convenience and needs of the community to be served.

Competitive effect of proposed transaction.—
The 13 largest banking organizations in Ohio, of which three are bank holding companies, control 39 banks with aggregate deposits of \$9 billion, representing 52.8 per cent of the deposits held by the 535 insured commercial banks in the State. Applicant would control approximately 2 per cent of such deposits, would rank thirteenth among the large banking organizations, and would be the smallest bank holding company in Ohio. It does not appear that consummation of the proposal would significantly affect State-wide concentration.

In the Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (Delaware, Franklin, and Pickaway Counties) the three largest banks, of which City Bank is third, hold 87.5 per cent of total deposits. The two largest banking organizations are bank holding companies and together they account for 73.4 per cent of such deposits—five subsidiaries of BancOhio Corporation together hold 47.1 per cent, and one subsidiary of Huntington Bancshares Incorporated holds 26.3 per cent. City Bank holds 20.7 per cent of the deposits in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area. Since Farmers Bank is located outside of the latter Area, no reduction in banking alternatives or increase in Area banking concentration would result from consummation of Applicant's proposal.

The primary service area of City Bank<sup>2</sup> is Franklin County, and the primary service area of Farmers Bank<sup>3</sup> is Richland County. Franklin County has a population of approximately 850,000

and has had an increase in population of 61 per cent since 1950. The county seat, Columbus, is also the State capital. Richland County is located about midway between Columbus and Cleveland. From 1950 to 1967 the population of the County increased from approximately 91,000 to approximately 133,000, an increase of 46 per cent.

The nearest offices of the two proposed subsidiary banks are 51 miles apart, and neither bank derives significant business from the county in which the other is located. City Bank competes with three subsidiaries of BancOhio Corporation (aggregate deposits of \$647 million), a subsidiary of Huntington Bancshares (deposits of \$379 million), and four other banks (deposit sizes ranging from \$5 to \$13 million). Farmers Bank is the smallest bank in Mansfield and has direct competition from First National Bank of Mansfield, with deposits of \$103 million, and Richland Trust Company, with deposits of \$57 million. Four other banks are located in Richland County, 12 to 20 miles from Mansfield, and range in deposit size from \$2.6 to \$13 million.

While concentration of deposits in each of the the primary service areas is relatively high, Applicant's proposal would not effect an increase in concentration or a reduction in banking alternatives in either area. On the record before the Board, it is concluded that the proposed transaction will not result in a monopoly nor be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any relevant area.

Considering next the probable effect of consummation of Applicant's proposal on existing or potential competition, the Board finds that these considerations present no bar to approval of the application. In view of the distance between the proposed subsidiary banks, the lack of any significant overlap of their service areas, and the existence of several intervening banks, it does not appear that significant existing competition would be eliminated. These same factors, coupled with a State prohibition against branching outside the home office county, also make it unlikely that potential competition would be affected. Finally, while it appears likely that the affiliation of the two banks would enhance their ability to compete against the larger institutions in their respective areas, it does not appear that the viability or com-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The area from which City Bank derives approximately 94 per cent of its deposits of individuals, partnerships and corporations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The area from which Farmers Bank derives approximately 99 per cent of its deposits of individuals, partnerships and corporations.

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petitive effectiveness of any other bank in either area would be adversely affected. Consummation of the proposal would not substantially lessen competition, tend to create a monopoly, or restrain trade in any section of the country.

Financial and managerial resources and future prospects.—Applicant is a newly-formed corporation and has no financial or operating history; its financial condition, managerial resources, and prospects would be entirely dependent upon those of the subsidiary banks.

City Bank is adequately capitalized and appears to be competently managed. Its growth and earnings records are excellent, and its prospects appear good.

The general financial condition of Farmers Bank is good. Its net earnings, however, have been somewhat below average for banks of its size, and although the prospects of Farmers Bank appear reasonably favorable regardless of whether Applicant's proposal is consummated, they should be somewhat improved as a result of economies which affiliation with Applicant would permit.

Considerations relating to the banking factors are found to be consistent with approval of the application.

Convenience and needs of the communities involved.—The banking needs of the individuals and businesses located in the areas served by City Bank and Farmers Bank apparently are being adequately served by the substantial number of commercial banks competing in the areas. Formation of the holding company will have little effect on the nature or scope of services rendered by City Bank, which, together with other local banks, is serving the convenience and needs of Columbus and Franklin County. The affiliation of City Bank and Farmers Bank through the holding company should, however, enhance the services and efficiency of the latter bank. Increased consumer lending services, including a revolving credit plan and a credit card system, and expansion of agricultural, industrial and education loans, improved administration of trust accounts, investment research and portfolio management, and the availability of increased funds for mortgage lending and construction loans are among the benefits to Farmers Bank's customers foreseen by Applicant in the event of consummation of its proposal. Considerations relating to this factor favor approval of the application.

Summary and conclusion.—On the basis of all the relevant facts contained in the record, and in light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the Act, it is the Board's judgment that the proposed transaction would be in the public interest and that the application should be approved.

## HUNTINGTON BANCSHARES INCORPORATED, COLUMBUS, OHIO

In the matter of the application of Huntington Bancshares Incorporated, Columbus, Ohio, for approval of the acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The Savings Bank Company, Chillicothe, Ohio.

## ORDER APPROVING APPLICATION UNDER BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT

There has come before the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)), and section 222.3(a) of Federal Reserve Regulation Y (12 CFR 222.3(a)), an application by Huntington Bancshares Incorporated, Columbus, Ohio, a registered bank holding company, for the Board's prior approval of the acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The Savings Bank Company, Chillicothe, Ohio.

As required by section 3(b) of the Act, the Board gave written notice of receipt of the application to the Superintendent of Banks for the State of Ohio, and requested his views and recommendation. The Superintendent recommended approval of the application.

Notice of receipt of the application was published in the Federal Register on March 26, 1968 (33 Federal Register 5022), providing an opportunity for interested persons to submit comments and views with respect to the proposed transaction. A copy of the application was forwarded to the Department of Justice for its consideration. Time for filing comments and views has expired and all those received have been considered by the Board.

It is hereby ordered, for the reasons set forth in the Board's Statement of this date, that said application be and hereby is approved, provided that the action so approved shall not be consummated (a) before the thirtieth calendar day following the date of this Order or (b) later than

three months after the date of the Order, unless such period is extended for good cause by the Board or by the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland pursuant to delegated authority.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 10th day of June, 1968.

By order of the Board of Governors.

Voting for this action: Vice Chairman Robertson and Governors Mitchell, Maisel, and Brimmer. Absent and not voting: Chairman Martin and Governors Daane and Sherrill.

(Signed) ROBERT P. FORRESTAL, Assistant Secretary.

[SEAL]

#### STATEMENT

Huntington Bancshares Incorporated, Columbus, Ohio ("Applicant"), a registered bank holding company, has applied to the Board of Governors, pursuant to section 3(a)(3) of the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1842(a)(3)), for prior approval of the acquisition of 80 per cent or more of the voting shares of The Savings Bank Company, Chillicothe, Ohio ("Savings Bank"). Applicant controls two subsidiary banks with aggregate total deposits of \$390 million as of June 30, 1967. Savings Bank, with total deposits of about \$18 million, operates two offices in Chillicothe, Ohio.

Views and recommendation of supervisory authority.—As required by section 3(b) of the Act, notice of receipt of the application was given to, and views and recommendation requested of, the Superintendent of Banks for the State of Ohio. He recommended approval of the application.

Statutory considerations.—Section 3(c) of the Act provides that the Board shall not approve an acquisition that would result in a monopoly or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any part of the United States. Nor may the Board approve a proposed acquisition the effect of which, in any section of the country, may be substantially to lessen competition, or to tend to create a monopoly, or which in any other manner would be in restraint of trade, unless the Board finds that the anticompetitive effects of the proposed transaction are clearly outweighed in the public inter-

est by the probable effect of the transaction in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served. In each case the Board is required to take into consideration the financial and managerial resources and future prospects of the bank holding company and the banks concerned, and the convenience and needs of the community to be served.

Competitive effect of proposed transaction.— The 13 largest banking organizations in Ohio control 52.8 per cent of the total deposits held by all commercial banks located in the State. Applicant, the third largest of four bank holding companies located in Ohio, is the eleventh largest banking organization in the State, and controls 2.28 per cent of such deposits. Upon acquisition of Savings Bank, which holds .11 per cent of State deposits, Applicant would be the tenth largest banking organization in Ohio.

Chillicothe, the situs of both of Savings Bank's offices, is the county seat of Ross County. Seven Banks are located in the County, the three largest of which are in Chillicothe. Savings Bank, with \$17.8 million in deposits (equal to 27 per cent of county deposits), is second in size in both Chillicothe and Ross County. The two other Chillicothe banks have deposits of \$13.5 million and \$25 million, respectively; the four other Ross County banks are located from 12 to 19 miles from Chillicothe and hold total deposits ranging from \$1.6 million to \$3.7 million.

The nearest offices of Applicant's present subsidiaries, The Huntington National Bank of Columbus, Columbus (Franklin County), Ohio, and The Washington Savings Bank, Washington Court House (Fayette County), Ohio, are located 42 miles and 30 miles, respectively, from Savings Bank.

As indicated by the foregoing discussion, consummation of Applicant's proposal would have an insignificant effect on State-wide concentration, and would have no effect on concentration in any relevant area within the State. It does not appear that the proposed transaction would result in a monopoly or be in furtherance of any combination, conspiracy, or attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any relevant area.

It does not appear that consummation of Ap-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Banking data are as of this date unless otherwise noted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes First Banc Group of Ohio, Inc., Columbus, Ohio, formation of which was approved by the Board on June 5, 1968.

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plicant's proposal would have any adverse effect on existing or potential competition. Neither of Applicant's present subsidiaries derives meaningful business from Ross County, and the extent of Savings Bank's penetration of Franklin and Fayette Counties is similarly insignificant. Potential competition between Savings Bank and Applicant's subsidiaries is limited by the same factors which have inhibited competition between them in the past, as well as by a State prohibition against branching outside of the home office county. While affiliation of Savings Bank with Applicant might reasonably be expected to increase the competitive effectiveness of Savings Bank, such a result is viewed by the Board as a desirable one which should not adversely affect the viability of its competitors.

In the light of the foregoing considerations, and all the facts of record, the Board concludes that consummation of the proposed transaction would not substantially lessen competition, tend to create a monopoly, nor in any other manner restrain trade in any section of the country.

Financial and managerial resources and future prospects.—The financial condition, management, and prospects of Applicant and its subsidiary banks are regarded as satisfactory.

Savings Bank's general financial condition is also satisfactory. However, the bank's two top ranking officers are at or above normal retirement age, and it is asserted that Savings Bank lacks sufficient depth of middle management to fill the anticipated vacancies. While it appears that Savings Bank should be able, through its own efforts, to attract new management personnel as needed, affiliation with Applicant would assure a satisfactory solution of this problem. This consideration, as well as the anticipated improvements in Savings Bank's service rendition noted hereinafter, indicates that the proposed affiliation would have a favorable effect on the bank's prospects, and lend some weight toward approval of the application.

Convenience and needs of the communities involved.—Consummation of Applicant's proposal would not affect the convenience and needs of customers located in the areas served by Applicant's present subsidiaries.

Ross County has an estimated population of 65,000, with about 42 per cent of this number residing in Chillicothe, the trade center of the County. The economy of Chillicothe is largely dependent on four manufacturing companies and

retail and service establishments; the economy of the remainder of the County, which ranks second in land area and thirty-fourth in population among Ohio's 88 counties, is based primarily on agriculture, with hogs, cattle, corn, and dairy products the principal sources of farm income.

The commercial banks which serve Chillicothe and Ross County provide a full range of banking services. Savings Bank, however, does not appear to have aggressively sought to develop its full potential for service to the area. A large portion of its loan portfolio consists of mortgage and instalment loans. According to Applicant, the bank has made little effort to solicit commercial and industrial loans, and, despite the fact that there are 1,300 farms in Ross County, loans to farmers constitute only about one per cent of Savings Bank's loan portfolio. Applicant asserts that Bank's failure to respond to the service needs of the Chillicothe-Ross County area is further indicated by the lack of parking or drive-up facilities at Bank's downtown office, and Bank's inaction with respect to a needed expansion of its existing branch office, and with respect to provision for additional branches in or near newly constructed shopping centers in Chillicothe.

The experience of Washington Savings Bank under Applicant's direction is indicative of Applicant's ability to lend assistance to a subsidiary's efforts to better serve community needs. Since Applicant's acquisition of Washington Savings Bank in June 1967, new management has been installed in the bank; a remodeling of the bank's office has been started, and site plans for a new branch are nearing completion; the bank's loan to deposit ratio has increased significantly, and the dollar volume of its agricultural loans has doubled. Recently, a check credit plan was inaugurated, and the bank's interest rate on time certificates of deposit has been raised to a level maintained by other banks in Fayette County.

Based on the apparent need of the Chillicothe and Ross County communities for stronger financial leadership, and the proven willingness and ability of Applicant to provide it, considerations bearing on the convenience and needs factor support approval of the application.

Summary and conclusion.—On the basis of all the relevant facts contained in the record, and in the light of the factors set forth in section 3(c) of the Act, it is the Board's judgment that the proposed transaction would be in the public interest and that the application should be approved.

# **Announcements**

#### CHANGES IN THE BOARD'S STAFF

John H. Rhinehart, an Assistant Director in the Division of Data Processing, resigned from the staff effective May 31, 1968.

### **CHANGES IN MARGIN REQUIREMENTS**

On June 7, 1968, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System amended its regulations relating to stock market credit to increase the margin requirement from 70 to 80 per cent on loans made on stocks, effective June 8.

The Board also increased the margin requirement on loans made on convertible bonds from 50 to 60 per cent, effective June 8, 1968.

The requirements apply to new extensions of credit by brokers (governed by the Board's Regulation T), by banks (Regulation U), and by other lenders (Regulation G) for the purpose of purchasing or carrying stocks, or bonds convertible into such stocks, listed on a national securities exchange.

The margin increases were made pursuant to authority granted in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to prevent excessive use of credit to finance transactions in securities. The Board noted, in this connection, that margin credit of brokerage customers had increased by \$200 million in April alone—bringing the total of margin credit outstanding at brokerage houses to \$6.4 billion. Also, there were indications of a further rise in May. The recent increases in stock market credit mark a resumption of the upward trend observed during 1967 when such credit rose by 29 per cent at brokerage houses and by 19 per cent at commercial banks.

The Board's action applies to initial margin requirements. No change was made in the 70 per cent retention requirement applicable to undermargined accounts. The "retention requirement" relates to that portion of the proceeds of a sale of securities from an account that must be retained if that account does not comply with the new 80 per cent margin requirement.

This action was taken by unanimous vote of the five Board members present: Chairman Martin and Governors Robertson, Daane, Brimmer, and Sherrill.

#### FOREIGN CREDIT RESTRAINT PROGRAM

On June 10, 1968, the Board of Governors announced that primary responsibility for administration of the Federal Reserve's Voluntary Foreign Credit Restraint Program has been transferred from Vice Chairman J. L. Robertson to Governor Andrew F. Brimmer, at the request of the former.

The change was made known in letters from the Vice Chairman to all financial institutions participating in the program. The text read as follows:

"The Federal Reserve's Voluntary Foreign Credit Restraint Program was launched in February of 1965 as a part of the President's effort to cope with the difficult balance of payments problem. It was designed to curtail for a time the outflow of dollars to other countries through banks and other financial institutions. This it has done, thanks to the excellent cooperation and support of all such institutions, with a degree of success that has earned world-wide commendation. In every year the target goals have been exceeded.

"From the outset I have administered the program in behalf of the Board of Governors. Now, however, because of the increasing pressure of other duties as Vice Chairman, I have requested the Board to delegate the administration of this function to my associate, Governor Andrew F. Brimmer, who has consented to carry on this work. I am confident that you will give to him the same high degree of cooperation you have given to me.

"Many thanks for the constructive part you have played in the program."

#### REVISION OF SERIES ON MONEY SUPPLY, AGGREGATE RESERVES, AND MEMBER BANK DEPOSITS

The seasonally adjusted series on money supply, deposits, and reserves that are published regularly in the BULLETIN have been revised. These re-

visions, which are made annually, include 1967 benchmark adjustments for the series on money supply and related data and revision of the aggregate reserve series to reflect the higher percentage reserve requirements on net demand deposits that became effective in January. In addition, seasonal factors have been revised for all of these series.

Benchmark corrections for the money supply series and related data were the smallest since the daily-average series was introduced in 1960. Adjustments to June 1967 benchmarks were insignificant. The December benchmarks lowered the demand deposit component of the money supply by \$200 million at the end of 1967 and increased commercial bank time deposits by a like amount.

Revisions due to changes in seasonal factors also were relatively small for the monthly-average series. However, weekly seasonal factors were revised considerably more than the monthly factors, especially for the demand deposit component of the money supply. The weekly demand deposit series has fluctuated widely over the past year, mainly because of new intramonthly patterns of remittances of withholding taxes and other tax payments that have developed as tax payment schedules have been accelerated to a pay-as-you-go basis. Weekly fluctuations in demand deposits over the latest year have been smoothed considerably, taking account of these changes.

The tables showing current figures for money supply and related data and for aggregate reserves and member bank deposits, which appear regularly on page A-16, have been revised in this issue. In addition, revised figures for money supply and related data back to 1963 are shown on pages A-92 to A-97. Back data for the member bank reserves and deposits series may be obtained on request from the Banking Section of the Board's Division of Research and Statistics.

# National Summary of Business Conditions

Released for publication June 14

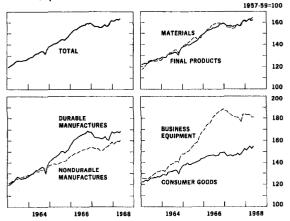
Industrial production and retail sales increased in May. Nonfarm employment was unchanged and the unemployment rate continued at 3.5 per cent. Commercial bank credit, the money supply, and time and savings deposits increased, but U.S. Government deposits declined further. In mid-June, yields on most U.S. Government notes and bonds were lower than in mid-May, while yields on seasoned corporate bonds advanced.

### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Industrial production, which showed a small decline from March to April, rose in May to 163.7 per cent of the 1957-59 average as compared to 162.5 in April and was 5 per cent above the reduced year-ago level. Output of consumer goods and of materials increased while production of business equipment was unchanged.

Auto assemblies rose 10 per cent from the moderately reduced April level and were at an annual rate of 9.4 million units. Output schedules for June are set at about the same rate. Production of most other consumer durable goods changed little in May and output of consumer staples recovered from the reduced April level. Production of commercial and industrial equipment declined but out-





F.R. indexes, seasonally adjusted. Latest figures shown are for May.

put of trucks rose to record levels. Among industrial materials, steel production increased further and output of copper continued to recover from reduced strike levels.

#### **EMPLOYMENT**

Nonfarm payroll employment was unchanged in May as a net increase of 100,000 workers on strike, concentrated in construction and public utilities, offset gains in services, trade, and State and local government. Manufacturing employment was unchanged over the month but the factory workweek rose 0.6 hours, recovering virtually all the loss in April because of holidays and civil disorders. The unemployment rate in May held at the April level of 3.5 per cent, the lowest since late 1953.

#### DISTRIBUTION

The value of retail sales in May rose 1 per cent but was still 1 per cent below the record March level, according to advance Department of Commerce estimates. May sales were 8 per cent above a year earlier.

Sales at durable goods stores rose 1.5 per cent from April to May, with increases reported for all major kinds of stores. Dealer deliveries of new domestic autos were up 10 per cent from the reduced April rate, but declined in early June. At nondurable goods stores, sales advanced nearly 1 per cent.

#### **COMMODITY PRICES**

In May, the wholesale price index was estimated to have risen slightly further as increases in farm products and foods more than offset an estimated decline of 0.2 per cent in industrial commodities. The latter reflected mainly further reductions in prices of copper and steel scrap and lower lead prices; average prices of other industrial commodities continued to rise. In early June, copper mill products and steel scrap declined further but aluminum prices were raised.

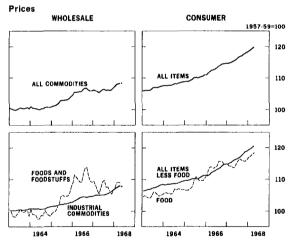
#### **AGRICULTURE**

Crop prospects were reported generally favorable on June 1 despite planting delays in some areas. A record winter wheat crop was forecast and prospects for the non-citrus fruit and early summer vegetable crops were better than last year. In May, output of meat and poultry was 5 per cent above a year earlier and January-May production was 1 per cent above. Milk output, continuing a downtrend, was 2 per cent below a year earlier in May.

#### BANK CREDIT, DEPOSITS, AND RESERVES

Commercial bank credit increased \$1.7 billion in May or somewhat less than the average monthly rise earlier in the year. Increased holdings of U.S. Government securities, associated principally with bank participation in the mid-month Treasury note financing, accounted for most of the rise. Holdings of other securities and of loans rose only slightly.

The money supply increased \$1.6 billion in May, somewhat more than in April, and considerably faster than in the first quarter. U.S. Government deposits declined substantially in both April and May. Time and savings deposits rose \$200 million in May, slightly less than in April, and much less than in the two previous months. Holdings of large negotiable CD's declined further in May and sav-



Bureau of Labor Statistics. Latest figures shown for consumer prices, April; for wholesale prices, May estimates (dots).

ings deposits and consumer-type time deposits showed moderate expansion.

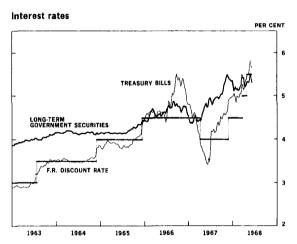
Net borrowed reserves averaged about \$380 million over the five weeks ending May 29 or somewhat higher than the average of the previous four weeks. Member bank borrowings continued to increase while excess reserves showed little further change.

#### SECURITY MARKETS

Yields on most U.S. Government notes and bonds rose to their highest levels since the Civil War in the third week of May. Since then, they have declined sharply and are now generally 5 to 20 basis points lower than the rates prevailing in mid-May.

Treasury bills moved in a similar manner over the same period, although yields on shorter maturities rose moderately on balance. The 3-month bill was bid at around 5.70 per cent in the middle of June.

Yields on seasoned corporate bonds advanced continuously between mid-May and mid-June, but yields on new corporate bonds, as well as new and seasoned municipals, declined in early June. Common stock prices and trading volume rose to new highs over the period.



Discount rate, range or level for all F.R. Banks. Weekly average market yields for U.S. Govt. bonds maturing in 10 years or more and for 90-day Treasury bills. Latest figures shown, week ending May 9.

# Financial and Business Statistics

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# Guide to Tabular Presentation

#### SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

e	Estimated	N.S.A.	Monthly (or quarterly) figures not adjusted
С	Corrected		for seasonal variation
p	Preliminary	IPC	Individuals, partnerships, and corporations
r	Revised	SMSA	Standard metropolitan statistical area
rp	Revised preliminary	Α	Assets
I, II,	•	L	Liabilities
III. IV	Ouarters	S	Sources of funds
n.a.	Not available	U	Uses of funds
n.e.c.	Not elsewhere classified	*	Amounts insignificant in terms of the par-
S.A.	Monthly (or quarterly) figures adjusted for		ticular unit (e.g., less than 500,000 when
	seasonal variation		the unit is millions)
			(1) Zero, (2) no figure to be expected, or
			(3) figure delayed

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Minus signs are used to indicate (1) a decrease, (2) a negative figure, or (3) an outflow.

A heavy vertical rule is used (1) to the right (to the left) of a total when the components shown to the right (left) of it add to that total (totals separated by ordinary rules include more components than those shown), (2) to the right (to the left) of items that are not part of a balance sheet, (3) to the left of memorandum items.

"U.S. Govt. securities" may include guaranteed issues of U.S. Govt. agencies (the flow of funds figures also include not fully guaranteed issues) as well as direct obligations of the Treasury. "State and local govt." also includes municipalities, special districts, and other political subdivisions.

In some of the tables details do not add to totals because of rounding.

The footnotes labeled Note (which always appear last) provide (1) the source or sources of data that do not originate in the System; (2) notice when figures are estimates; and (3) information on other characteristics of the

# TABLES PUBLISHED QUARTERLY, SEMIANNUALLY, OR ANNUALLY, WITH LATEST BULLETIN REFERENCE

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# MEMBER BANK RESERVES, FEDERAL RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS

(In millions of dollars)

			Factors	supplyi	ng reser	ve fund	s				Fac	tors abs	orbing	reserve	funds		
Period or	U.S. C	F.R. B	ank crec		anding			Treas- ury	Cur-	Treas-	than	osits, o member reserves F.R. B	r bank i,	Other		ember b	
date	Total	Bought out- right	Repurchase agreements	Dis- counts and ad- vances	Float <sup>2</sup>	To- tal <sup>3</sup>	Gold stock	cur- rency out- stand- ing	in cir- cula- tion	ury cash hold- ings	Treas- ury	For- eign	Other 2	F.R. ac- counts	With F.R. Banks	Cur- rency and coin 4	Total
Averages of daily figures																	
1929—June 1933—June 1939—Dec 1941—Dec 1945—Dec 1950—Dec	179 1,933 2,510 2,219 23,708 20,345	1 9 3 3		978 250 8 5 381 142	61 12 83 170 652 1,117		4,024 4,030 17,518 22,759 20,047 22,879	2.295	4,400 5,455 7,609 10,985 28,452 27,806	272	30 81 616 592 625 615	1,5 1,2 920	30 164 739 131 247 1 353	376 350 248 292 493 739	2,211		2,314 2,211 11,473 12,812 16,027 17,391
1960—Dec 1962—Dec 1963—Dec 1964—Dec 1965—Dec 1966—Dec	40,885	27,170 30,474 33,626 36,895 40,772 43,274	72 103 231	305 360 266 490	2,298 2,434 2,423	29,060 33,218 36,610 39,873 43,853 46,864	17,954 15,978 15,562 15,388 13,799 13,158	5,561 5,583 5,401 5,565	33,019 35,281 37,603 39,698 42,206 44,579	408 398 389 595 808 1,191		250 222 160 181 154 164	290 206 186 231	1,029 1,048 1,215 1,093 389 83	16,688 16,932 17,303 17,964 18,747 19,568	3,108 3,443 3,645 3,972	20,746 21,609 22,719
1967—May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	45,699 45,844 46,807 46,612 46,398 47,367 48,010 48,891	45,481 45,801 46,784 46,558 46,377 47,203 47,885 48,810	164 164 125	126 147 91 89 90 126 133 238	1,459 1,584 1,423	47,323 47,547 48,590 48,210 48,147 48,993 49,752 51,268	13,108 13,108 13,109 13,053 13,007 13,003 12,907 12,436	6,602 6,615 6,665 6,737	44,083 44,567 44,997 45,011 45,189 45,396 45,969 47,000	1,392 1,385 1,480 1,488 1,491 1,483 1,462 1,428	1,123 1,036 566 974 1,167	137 128 128 128 127 127 125 146	449	692 609 373 212 65 -80 -211 -204	20,402 20,458	4,130 4,177 4,191 4,220 4,206	23,518 23,907 23,791 24,200 24,608 24,740
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	49,046 48,930 49,511 50,090	48,982 48,734 49,452 49,943	196 59 147	361 682 698	1,515 1,599 1,641	51,287 50,873 51,863 52,509 52,998	11,983 11,900 11,096 10,484 10,452	6,783 6,791 6,798 6,797 <sup>p</sup> 6,794	46,389 45,854 46,138 46,642 946,871	1,215	916	167	481 457 506 538 483	-566 -512 -536 -598 -581	21,181	4,345 4,226 4,365	25,610 25,580
Week ending-											·						
1967  May 3	45,597 45,929 45,543 45,530 45,726	45,295 45,469 45,243 45,530 45,657	460 300		1,441 1,384 1,512 1,532 1,150	47,369 47,567 47,326 47,241 47,081	13,109 13,109 13,108 13,109 13,109	6.3/9	43,799 44,015 44,136 44,073 44,198	1,383 1,396 1,404 1,391 1,378	1,201 1,050 952 1,068 872	127 143 121 121 158	461 463 455 442 439	503 539 606 841 854	19,570 19,636 19,341 18,982 18,883	4,043	23,386
June 7			86 67 16	68 116	1 321	47,478 47,118 47,552 47,642	13 100	6,590 6,598 6,608 6,610	44,438 44,600 44,598 44,574	1,380 1,380 1,393 1,378	734 471 520 968	131 131 121 126	459 450 450 490	835 609 525 530	19,200 19,183 19,661 19,293	4,030	23,213 23,767
July 5	46,809 47,158 46,471 46,715	46,755 47,101 46,471 46,715	54 57	366 74 53 54	1,231 1,704 1,847 1,632	48,543 49,097 48,455 48,479	13,110 13,110 13,109 13,109	6,614 6,610 6,603 6,616	44,856 45,256 45,085 44,864	1,464 1,479 1,477 1,485	1.021	148 134 128 116		360 470 380 368		4,043 4,145 4,297 4,305	24,066
Aug. 2 9 16 23 30	46,931 46,716	46,833 46,804 46,604 46,504 46,249	127	119 91 129 47 46	1,439 1,385 1,367 1,614 1,290	48,470 48,536 48,292 48,238 47,651	13,094 13,057 13,057 13,058 13,044	6,632 6,642 6,656 6,674 6,693	44,849 44,985 45,135 45,020 44,918	1,473 1,480 1,486 1,497 1,495	1,390 920 1,007 1,021 1,076	128 126 133	464 457 471 442 443	250 226 198 257 183	19,655 20,038 19,583 19,602 19,151	4,180	23,960 23,763 23,773
Sept. 6	46.693	46,600 46,207 46,055 46,452		79 70 106 74	1,410 1,544 1,754	48,247 47,880 47,971 48,193	13,008 13,007 13,007 13,006	6,714 6,726 6,739	45 131	1,495 1,483 1,487	607	133 126		110 103 24 37		3,993 4,229 4,295	23,925 24,039 24,316
Oct. 4	46,976 47,563 47,802 47,098	47,319	244 487		1,495 1,418 1,402 1,564	48,773 49,247 49,515 48,773	13,006 13,007 13,007 13,007	6,763 6,767 6,781 6,792	45,407	1,500 1,473 1,484 1,482	942	127	485	54 93 -93 -210	20,795	4,229 3,980 4,234 4,339	24,399 25,029

For notes see opposite page.

# MEMBER BANK RESERVES, FEDERAL RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS—Continued (In millions of dollars)

			1	actors:	supplyir	ng reser	ve funds					Faci	ors abs	orbing i	reserve	funds		
	eriod			ink cred	it outst	anding			Treas- ury	Cur-	Treas-	than	osits, onember	bank s,	Othor		ember b	
	or late	Total	Bought out- right	Panus	Dis- counts and ad- vances	Float 2	To- tal 3	Gold stock	cur- rency out- stand- ing	in cir- cula- tion	ury cash hold- ings	Treas- ury	F.R. B.	Other 2	Other F.R. ac- counts	With F.R. Banks	Cur- rency and coin 4	Total
	rages of r figures																	
	ending—												i					
	1 8 5 2 9	47,220 47,865 47,868 47,837 48,396	47,220 47,710 47,713 47,712 48,347	125	80 132 162 127 119	1,289 1,407 1,487 1,777 1,548	48,643 49,458 49,570 49,796 50,117	12,978 12,907 12,907 12,906 12,908	6,787 6,777 6,782 6,782 6,785	45,341 45,563 45,878 46,089 46,347	1,470	929 928 1,096 1,051 1,570	124 127 133 148 175	470 451 442		20,762 20,470 20,383	4,229 4,239	24,754 24,699 24,622
Dec. ! 2: 2	6 3 0 7	48,902 48,853 48,708	48,719 48,853 48,708 48,849		87 121 185 345	1,652 2,155	50,721 50,769 51,119 51,785	12,770 12,432 12,432 12,434	6,774 6,773 6,775	46,482 46,918 47,093	1,445	1,306 787 844 709	160 140 156 150	427 434	-65 6 -245 -251	20,498 20,252 20,600 21,285	4,458 4,603	24,710 25,203
Jan.	968 3 0 7 4	49,298 49,183 48,758 49,105 48,970	49,044 49,109 48,700 49,105 48,936	74 58	180 224 233	1,987	52,286 51,772 51,044 51,186 50,751	11,984	6,781	46,117	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,397 \\ 1,390 \end{bmatrix}$	1,054 1,019 939	147 161 156 149 161	493 473 471		21,265 20,896 21,346	4,646 4,675 4,576	25,911 25,571 25,922
Feb. 1	7 4 1 8	49,344 49,210 48,443		419 395		1,451 1,267 1,734	51,099 50,949 50,643 50,779	11,954 11,882 11,882	6,788 6,788 6,792	45,777 45,942 45,881	1,361 1,343 1,333	912 1,071 1,051	142 137 140 147	450 462 455	-554 -608 -453 -444	21,752 21,272 20,911	4,169 4,258 4,364	25,921 25,530 25,275
Mar.	6 3 0 7	49,077 49,278 49,840 49,621	49,019 49,166 49,840 49,621	112		1,729 1,473 1,668 1,534	51,363 51,595 52,312 51,855	11,883 11,609 10,872 10,484	6,795	46,205   46,233	1,275	992 1,008 1,059 844	166	478 505		21,386 21,406	4,162 4,266	25,548
1	3 0 7	50,133	49,634 49,950 49,952 49,927	203	661	1,637	52,103 52,570 52,871 52,490	10,484 10,484	6,797	46,647   46,901	1,119 1,126	521 422	148	582 534		21,369 21,691	4,065	25,434 26,090
	1 8 5 22		50,103 50,200 50,069 50,402 50,589	417 452 147	837 725	1,493 1,861	52,458 53,030 52,819 53,162 52,923	10,484	6,796 6,794 6,795	46,668 46,920 46,908	1,109 1,082 1,058	935 1,080 1,228	132 145	482 499 486	-684 -698 -462	21,083 21,063	4,046 P4,290 P4,314	25,518 25,698 25,373 25,373 25,373 25,305
End	of month 1968					ļ												
Feb Mar		48,952 49,748 50,519 50,625	49,631	117	166 672 741 1,026	1,882 1,617 1,265	51,056 52,127 52,612 53,421	11,883 10,484 10,484 20,484	6,798 6,791 6,790 26,795	45,846 46,297 46,621 247,147	1,084	1,035		703 489	-593 -689	21,133	3,936 4,740	26,143 25,069 25,961 26,090
	dnesday 1968						3					ļ						
Feb.	7 4 21	148,488	48,48	5  294	92 818	1,263 1,398 1,529	50,889 50,029 50,893 50,608	11,884 11,884 11,884 11,884	6,787 6,791 6,795 6,797	45,933 46,021 45,940 45,862	1,337	1,314	130	471 450	-735 -447	20,140	4,437 4,861 4,811 5,012	25,001 25,900
1	6 3 20 27	49.081	49,072 49,081 49,842 49,495	1]	824 187 343 1,405			11,884 11,434 10,484 10,484		46,100 46,315	1,270	818 920 740 965	139 207	463 466	-639 -614	21,867 20,782 20,905	l	25,603
Apr.	3 10 17 24	50,299 49,875 50,206	49,751 49,875 50.05	149			52,501 52,131 52,644 51,486		6,797 6,797 6,798	46,8/1	1,129	727 499	163 116	543 527	-614	21,489 20,507 21,398	4,597 4,611 4,935	26,333
!	1, 8, 15, 22,	50,310 50,686 50,402	50,069	241 617	272 908	3 1,678 3 1 431	152.279	10,484	6,792 6,794 6,793	46,903	1,103 1,068 1.058	1,265 1,146	133 154 141	480 503 448	-690 -472 -467	20,141 21,215 20,186	p4,460 p4,825 p4,800	#26,881 #24,601 #26,040 #24,986

<sup>1</sup> U.S. Govt. securities include Federal agency obligations.
2 Beginning with 1960 reflects a minor change in concept; see Feb.
1961 BULLETIN, p. 164.
3 Includes industrial loans and acceptances, when held (industrial loan program discontinued Aug. 21, 1959). For holdings of acceptances

on Wed. and end-of-month dates, see subsequent tables on F.R. Banks. See also note 2.

4 Part allowed as reserves Dec. 1, 1959-Nov. 23, 1960; all allowed thereafter. Beginning with Jan. 1963, figures are estimated except for weekly averages.

# RESERVES AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

		A 11							F	Reserve ci	ty banks	3			
		All m	ember b	anks			Ne	w York (	City			Cit	City of Chicago		
Period	1	Reserves		Bor- row-	Face		Reserves		Bor- row-	Para		Reserves	1	Bor- row-	
	Total held	Re- quired	Excess	ings at F.R. Banks	Free re- serves	Total held	Re- quired	Excess	ings at F.R. Banks	Free re- serves	Total held	Re- quired	Excess	ings at F.R. Banks	Free re- serves
1929—June	11,473	1,797 6,462 9,422 14,536	42 363 5,011 3,390 1,491 986 1,027	974 184 3 5 334 224 142	-932 179 5,008 3,385 1,157 762 885	762 861 5,623 5,142 4,118 4,404 4,742	755 792 3,012 4,153 4,070 4,299 4,616	7 69 2,611 989 48 105 125	174  192 38 58	-167 69 2,611 989 -144 67	161 211 1,141 1,143 939 1,024 1,199	161 133 601 848 924 1,011 1,191	540 295 14		-62 78 540 295 14 7
1960—Dec	20,040 20,746	19,468	756 572 536 411 452	243	669 268 209 168 2	3,687 3,863 3,951 4,083 4,301	3,658 3,817 3,895 4,062 4,260	29 46 56 21 41	19 108 37 35 111	10 -62 19 -14 -70	958 1,042 1,056 1,083 1,143	1,086	5 -3	8 18 26 28 23	-4 -11 -21 -31 -8
1966—Dec		23,438	392 370		-165	4,583	4,556	'	122	-95	1,119		1	54	<b>→50</b>
1967—May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	23,284 23,518 23,907 23,791 24,200 24,608 24,740 25,260	23,098 23,548 23,404 23,842	420 359 387 358	123 87 89 90 126 133		4,614 4,701 4,787 4,633 4,797 4,888 4,826 5,052	4,664 4,749 4,619 4,747 4,871 4,784	14	19 30 18 8 11 27 19 40	12 7 20 6 39 -10 23 -22	1,133 1,150 1,152 1,153 1,172 1,194 1,191 1,225	1,138 1,162 1,148 1,169	-10 -10 5 3 6 13	5 1	-15 -15 4 3 4 11 -5
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	25,834 25,610 25,580 25,546 25,502	25,453 25,211 25,224 25,276 25,087	381 399 356 270 P415	671 683	144 38 -315 -413 "-331	5,170 5,060 5,149 4,993 P4,905	5,011 5,063 4,985	39 49 86 8 734	67	-9 -57 -13 -59 P-34	1,231 1,221 1,176 1,159 P1,163	1,230 1,215 1,169 1,160 p1,151	7	3 4 66 104 76	59 105
Week ending—															
1967—May 3 10 17 24 31	23,413 23,386 23,081 23,059	23,084 22,982 22,754 22,678	405 329 404 327 381	63	266 281 277	4,788 4,684 4,585 4,555 4,551	4,759 4,620 4,575 4,531 4,511	29 64 10 24 40	21 36	-10 43 -26 24 40	1,171 1,153 1,123 1,108 1,126	1,147 1,127 1,094	6 -4 14		-22 6 -4 14 4
Nov. 1 8 15 22 29	24,705 24,754 24,699 24,622 24,658	24,414 24,424 24,181 24,401 24,274	291 330 518 221 384	162 127	198 356 94	4,942 4,852 4,687 4,816 4,856	4,919 4,824 4,658 4,797 4,808	23 28 29 19 48	5 3 36 29 8	18 25 -7 -10 40	1,179 1,197 1,166 1,197 1,177	1,139	3 7 11	10	-1 -7 7 11 4
Dec. 6 13 20 27	24,840 24,710 25,203 25,687	24,552 24,377 24,936 25,245		121 185	201 212 82 97	5,236	1	15 26 57		35 13 -11 30	1,201 1,158 1,217 1,264		7 -2 15		4 7 -2 13
1968—Jan. 3 10 17 24 31	26,448 25,911 25,571 25,922 25,672	25,795 25,347 25,414 25,546 25,336	653 564 157 376 336	224 233	384	5,460 5,110 5,099 5,149 5,130	5,362 5,097 5,079 5,130 5,108	98 13 20 19 22	166 69 53 32	-68 -56 -33 19 -10	1,313 1,221 1,220 1,231 1,226	1,299 1,226 1,214 1,226 1,223	14 5 6 5		-40 -5 -2 3 2
Feb. 7 14 21 28	25,921 25,530 25,275		375 488 379	384 405	-26	5,218 5,029 4,949	5,189 4,895 4,920	134 29	145	-116	1,252 1,194 1,196 1,242	1,231	-1 8 11	8	
Mar. 6 13 20 27	25,797 25,548 25,672 25,326	25,481 25,090 25,258 25,165	316 458 414 161	779 733	-321 -319	5,204 5,094 5,146 5,034	5,167 4,963 5,108 5,044	37 131 38 10	159	36 -119 -121 -39	1,237 1,149 1,166 1,165	l .	1	14 32	$-2 \\ -36$
Apr. 3 10 17 24	25,463 25,434 26,090 25,503	25,132 25,028 25,563 25,377	331 406 527 126	646 763	-240 -236	5,085 5,020	5,068	$\begin{bmatrix} 17 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$	47	38 7 -30 -52	1,165	1,183	2 5 12 5 11	26 255	-250
May 1 8 15 22 29	25,518 25,698 25,373 25,377 25,305	25,242 25,317 *24,975 *25,063 *24,935	276 381 #398 #314 #370	823 712 669	-442 p-314 p-355	P4,900	4,975 4,958 P4,774 P4,848 P4,846	p52	64 124	p-112 p52	1,198 p1,139 p1,150	1,197 1,194 P1,139 P1,142 P1,130	p8	220 49 23	-216 p-49 p-15

For notes see opposite page.

# RESERVES AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS-Continued

(In millions of dollars)

			'S)	ons of dollar	(In milli					
		cs	ountry bank	C			banks	reserve city	Other	
Period	Free	Borrow- ings at F.R.		Reserves		Free	Borrow- ings at F.R.		Reserves	
	reserves	F.R. Banks	Excess	Required	Total held	reserves	F.R. Banks	Excess	Required	Total held
1929—June 1933—June 1939—Dec 1944—Dec 1945—Dec 1947—Dec 1947—Dec	-305 -30 668 800 965 540 634	327 126 3 4 46 57 29	22 96 671 804 1,011 597 663	610 344 897 1,406 3,566 4,375 4,099	632 441 1,568 2,210 4,576 4,972 4,761	-397 62 1,188 1,302 322 148 182	409 58 l 96 123 50	12 120 1,188 1,303 418 271 232	749 528 1,953 3,014 5,976 6,589 6,458	761 648 3,140 4,317 6,394 6,861 6,689
	583 394 334 315 238	40 48 74 55 92	623 442 408 370 330	6,066 6,515 6,939 7,337 7,889	6,689 6,956 7,347 7,707 8,219	80 -52 -122 -103 -161	20 130 190 125 228	100 78 68 22 67	7,851 8,100 8,325 8,713 8,989	7,950 8,178 8,393 8,735 9,056
1966—Dec	140	161	301	8,318	8,619	159	220	61	9,449	9,509
	266 258 254 271 231 191 222 187	31 44 54 48 47 55 61 80	297 302 308 319 278 246 283 267	7,922 7,983 8,095 8,129 8,304 8,402 8,540 8,634	8,219 8,285 8,403 8,448 8,582 8,648 8,823 8,901	-9 33 12 16 -6 -24 14 -55	46 34 10 32 32 42 51 105	37 67 22 48 26 18 65 50	9,282 9,314 9,542 9,509 9,623 9,860 9,835	9,319 9,381 9,564 9,557 9,649 9,878 9,900 10,081
	236 166 11 9 "-39	75 125 218 229 340	311 291 229 238 2301	8,809 8,766 8,780 8,859 28,869	9,120 9,057 9,009 9,097 19,170	$   \begin{array}{r}     -80 \\     -73 \\     -253 \\     -257 \\     v-195   \end{array} $	111 126 288 283 262	31 53 35 26 26	10,283 10,218 10,212 10,272 10,196	10,314 10,271 10,247 10,298 *10,263
Week ending-					  -					
1967—May	341 165 343 209 254	27 29 30. 27 36	368 194 373 236 290	7,902 7,968 7,961 7,909 7,856	8,270 8,162 8,334 8,145 8,146	-37 52 -32 29 -19	47 13 57 23 66	10 65 25 52 47	9,385 9,349 . 9,319 9,220 9,189	9,395 9,414 9,344 9,272 9,236
	202 170 383 78 225	47 74 55 64 48	249 244 438 142 273	8,418 8,511 8,562 8,557 8,539	8,667 8,755 9,000 8,699 8,812	-8 11 -28 15 -6	28 45 71 34 63	20 56 43 49 57	9,897 9,894 9,802 9,861 9,755	9,917 9,950 9,845 9,910 9,812
Dec. (	161 225 116 206	65 50 96 117	226 275 212 323	8,523 8,572 8,637 8,687	8,749 8,847 8,849 9,010	-31 -21 -152	22 69 52 199	22 38 31 47	9,947 9,844 10,018 10,130	9,969 9,882 10,049 10,177
	323 469 49 244 152	59 52 65 74 118	382 521 114 318 270	8,803 8,817 8,781 8,871 8,770	9,185 9,338 8,895 9,189 9,040	-56 -23 -80 -123 -49	216 59 97 157 90	160 36 17 34 41	10,331 10,207 10,340 10,318 10,235	10,491 10,243 10,357 10,352 10,276
Feb. 14	161 122 246 99	137 132 84 153	298 254 330 252	8,780 8,799 8,711 8,770	9,078 9,053 9,041 9,022	-57 3 -156 -101	97 96 168 150	40 99 12 49	10,334 10,155 10,077 10,292	10,374 10,254 10,089 10,341
Mar,	74 61 129 145	169 187 230 266	243 248 359 121	8,768 8,818 8,799 8,767	9,011 9,066 9,158 8,888	-196 262 291 199	234 328 312 237	38 66 21 38	10,308 10,172 10,181 10,201	10,346 10,238 10,202 10,239
	-106 314 -92	252 309 154 177	252 203 468 85	8,726 8,808 8,944 8,933	8,978 9,011 9,412 9,018	-282 -126 -269 -283	321 184 307 316	39 58 38 33	10,222 10,235 10,367 10,267	10,261 10,293 10,405 10,300
May1:2:	-51 -23 **40 **-186 **-68	257 286 291 387 388	206 263 2331 201 201 2320	8,808 8,867 **8,891 **8,883 **8,840	9,014 9,130 19,222 19,084 19,159	-275 -203 -203 -193 -209 -251	302 253 248 259 278	27 50 #55 #50 #27	10,263 10,298 10,171 10,171 10,190 10,119	10,290 10,348 *10,226 *10,240 *10,146

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This total excludes, and that in the preceding table includes, \$51 million in balances of unlicensed banks.

Total reserves held: Based on figures at close of business through Nov. 1959; thereafter on closing figures for balances with F.R. Banks and opening figures for allowable cash; see also note 3 to preceding table. Required reserves: Based on deposits as of opening of business each day. Borrowings at F.R. Banks: Based on closing figures.

Note.—Averages of daily figures. Monthly data are averages of daily figures within the calendar month; they are not averages of the 4 or 5 weeks ending on Wed. that fall within the month. Beginning with Jan. 1964, reserves are estimated except for weekly averages.

# BASIC RESERVE POSITION, AND FEDERAL FUNDS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

(In millions of dollars unless otherwise noted)

<del></del>		Basic	reserve po	osition		Inte	rbank Fe	deral fund	s transact	ions		transactio	
Reporting banks		Les	s	Ne	t—	Gross tra	nsactions		Net ti	ransaction	-		
and week ending—	Excess re- serves 1	Bor- rowings at F.R. Banks	Net inter- bank Federal funds trans.	Surplus or deficit	Per cent of avg. required reserves	Pur- chases	Sales	Total 2-way trans- actions <sup>2</sup>	Pur- chases of net buying banks	Sales of net selling banks	Loans to dealers <sup>3</sup>	Bor- row- ings from dealers 4	Net loans
Total—46 banks								J					
1968—Apr. 3 10 17 24	30 165 31 24	278 198 453 342	792 1,755 2,095 1,863	-1,040 -1,788 -2,517 -2,182	9.2 16.1 22.0 19.3	2,553 3,389 3,743 3,763	1,761 1,634 1,648 1,900	1,199 1,280 1,409 1,613	1,353 2,109 2,334 2,151	562 355 239 287	1,075 1,232 1,432 973	85 97 62 89	990 1,135 1,370 884
May 1 8 15 22 29	40 91 50 84 27	167 362 221 139 211	768 1,362 1,469 1,309 411	-895 -1,633 -1,641 -1,364 -595	7.9 14.4 14.9	2,781 3,417 3,596 3,417 3,048	2,013 2,055 2,127 2,108 2,637	1,386 1,597 1,507 1,531 1,579	1,395 1,819 2,089 1,886 1,469	627 458 620 577 1,058	1,235 1,113 896 941 673	127 173 270 280 286	1,107 941 627 661 387
8 in New York City								•					
1968—Apr. 3 10 17 24	18 121 2 7	127 46 49	436 1,131 1,211 672	-418 -1,137 -1,259 -729	9.1 25.7 27.2 15.9	950 1,479 1,726 1,466	514 348 515 793	466 348 515 793	484 1,131 1,211 672	48	843 816 798 589	85 88 62 76	758 729 736 513
May 1 8 15 22 29	22 53 10 39 8	60 64 123 77	582 696 781 431 65	-621 -707 -894 -392 -135	13.7 15.7 20.6 8.9 3.0	1,093 1,405 1,438 1,215 1,153	510 709 657 784 1,087	510 700 657 647 742	582 705 781 568 411	137 345	683 639 575 571 465	60 64 64 74 80	623 575 511 497 384
38 outside New York City													
1968—Apr. 3 10 17 24	12 44 33 31	278 71 407 293	356 624 884 1,191	-622 -650 -1,258 -1,453	9.3 9.7 18.5 21.6	1,603 1,910 2,018 2,298	1,247 1,287 1,134 1,107	734 932 895 820	869 978 1,123 1,478	514 355 239 287	232 415 635 384	9	232 406 635 371
May 1 8 15 22 29	18 38 40 45 19	107 298 99 139 134	186 666 688 878 345	-274 -926 -747 -972 -460	4.0 13.6 11.2 14.6	1,688 2,011 2,157 2,202 1,895	1,503 1,345 1,470 1,323 1,550	876 897 850 884 837	813 1,114 1,307 1,318 1,058	627 448 620 440 713	551 475 322 369 209	67 109 206 206 206	484 366 116 163 3
5 in City of Chicago	ļ												
1968—Apr. 3 10 17 24	6 4 10	123 20 247 101	162 203 325 437	-286 -216 -568 -528	27.6 21.2 52.8 50.4	376 446 482 627	213 244 157 191	213 244 157 191	162 203 325 437		15 41 35		15 41 35
May 1 8 15 22 29	2 2 6 3	36 198 26 17	130 366 459 367 255	-164 -561 -486 -377 -252	51.6 46.9 36.3	404 588 647 608 502	274 222 187 242 247	217 222 187 242 247	187 366 459 367 255	57	4 2		32 4 2
33 others						!							
1968—Apr. 3 10 17 24	12 38 29 21	155 51 160 192	193 421 559 754	-336 -434 -690 -925	7.7 12.0	1,227 1,464 1,536 1,671	1,034 1,043 977 916	521 688 738 629	707 775 799 1,041	514 355 239 287	232 400 594 349	9	232 391 594 336
May 1 8 15 22 29	16 36 40 38 16	71 100 72 122 134	56 300 228 511 90	110 364 261 595 208	6,4 4,6 10,6	1,285 1,423 1,510 1,593 1,393	1,229 1,123 1,282 1,082 1,303	659 675 663 642 591	626 749 848 951 803	570 448 620 440 713	519 475 318 369 207	67 109 206 206 206	452 366 112 163 1

¹ Based upon reserve balances, including all adjustments applicable to the reporting period. Carryover reserve deficiencies, if any, are deducted.
² Derived from averages for individual banks for entire week. Figure for each bank indicates extent to which its weekly average purchases and sales are offsetting.
³ Federal funds loaned, net funds supplied to each dealer by clearing banks, repurchase agreements (purchases of securities from dealers subject to resale), or other lending arrangements.

Note.—Weekly averages of daily figures. For description of series and back data, see Aug. 1964 BULLETIN, pp. 944-74.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Federal funds borrowed, net funds acquired from each dealer by clearing banks, reverse repurchase agreements (sales of securities to dealers subject to repurchase), resale agreements, and borrowings secured by Govt, or other issues.

### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES

(Per cent per annum)

		Discounts fo		Advances to all others under							
Federal Reserve Bank		ces and discount Secs. 13 and 13a			Advances under Sec. 10(b) <sup>2</sup>		Advances to all others under last par. Sec. 13 <sup>3</sup>				
	Rate on May 31	Effective date	Previous rate	Rate on May 31	Effective date	Previous rate	Rate on May 31	Effective date	Previous rate		
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas. San Francisco	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 7 6 7	Apr. 23, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 22, 1968 Apr. 23, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Apr. 23, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 22, 1968 Apr. 23, 1968 Apr. 23, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968	5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½ 5½	6½ 7 6½ 7 6½ 6½ 6½ 6½ 6½ 6½ 6½	Apr. 23, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Nov. 20, 1967 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 23, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 26, 1968 Apr. 19, 1968	6 61/2 6 61/2 6 6 6 6 6 6		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Discounts of eligible paper and advances secured by such paper or by U.S. Govt, obligations. Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months. Maximum maturity: 90 days except that discounts of certain bankers' acceptances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not over 6 months and 9 months, respectively, and advances secured by FICB obligations are limited to 15 days.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES

(Per cent per annum)

Effective date	Range (or level)— all F.R. Banks	F.R. Bank of N.Y.	Effective date	Range (or level)— all F.R. Banks	F.R. Bank of N.Y.	Effective date	Range (or level)— all F.R. Banks	F.R. Bank of N.Y.
1942 Apr. 11	† ½-1 † ½-1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1955 Apr. 14	11/2-13/4 11/2-13/4 13/4-21/4 13/4-21/4 2 -21/4 2 -21/4 2 1/4-21/2 21/4	11/2 13/4 13/4 13/4 2 21/4 21/4 21/4	1959  Mar. 6	3 -3½ 3½ 3½ 3½-4 4 3½-4 3½-4 3½-4	3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 3 1/2 3 1/2
1948 Jan. 12	1 -1 1/4 1 1/4 1 1/4 -1 1/2 1 1/2	11/4 11/4 11/2 11/2	1956 Apr. 13	2½-3 2¾-3 2¾-3 3 3 -3½	23/4 23/4 3 3	Aug. 12	3 -3½ 3 -3½ 3½-4 3½-4	3 3 31/2 31/2 4 4
Aug. 21	1 1/2 - 1 3/4	1 3/4 1 3/4	Nov. 15	3 31/2	3½ 3 3	1965 Dec. 6	4 -41/2	4½ 4½
Jan. 16	13/4-2	2 2	Jan. 22	2 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> -3 2 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> -3 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> -2 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	3 23/4 21/4 21/4 21/4 13/4 13/4	Apr. 7	4 -4½ 4 4 -4½ 4½	4 4 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
1954 Feb. 5	13/4 11/2-13/4 11/2-13/4	13/4 13/4 13/4 11/2	Apr. 18. May 9. Aug. 15. Sept. 12. Oct. 24. Nov. 7.	134-214 134 134-2 134-2 134-2 2 2 -21/2 21/2	13/4 13/4 13/4 2 2 2 21/2	1968 Mar, 15	5 -51/2 51/2	4½ 5 5½ 5½ 5½

<sup>†</sup> Preferential rate of one-half of 1 per cent for advances secured by U.S. Govt, obligations maturing in 1 year or less. The rate of 1 per cent was continued for discounts of eligible paper and advances secured by such paper or by U.S. Govt. obligations with maturities beyond 1 year.

against U.S. Govt. obligations was the same as its discount rate except in the following periods (rates in percentages): 1955—May 4-6, 1.65; Aug. 4, 1.85; Sept. 1-2, 2.10; Sept. 8, 2.15; Nov. 10, 2.375; 1956—Aug. 24-29, 2.75; 1957—Aug. 22, 3.50; 1960—Oct. 31-Nov. 17, Dec. 28-29, 2.75; 1961—Jan. 9, Feb. 6-7, 2.75; Apr. 3-4, 2.50; June 29, 2.75; July 20, 31, Aug. 1-3, 2.50; Sept. 28-29, 2.75; Oct. 5, 2.50; Oct. 23, Nov. 3, 2.75; 1962—Mar. 20-21, 2.75; 1964—Dec. 10, 3.85; Dec. 15, 17, 22, 24, 28, 30, 31, 3.875; 1965—Jan. 4-8, 3.875; 1968—Apr. 4, 5, 11, 15, 16, 5.125; Apr. 30, 5.75; May 1-3, 6, 9, 13-16, 5.75.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Advances secured to the satisfaction of the F,R, Bank, Maximum maturity: 4 months,

<sup>3</sup> Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations other than member banks secured by U.S. Govt, direct obligations, Maximum maturity: 90 days.

Note,—Discount rates under Secs, 13 and 13a (as described in table above). For data before 1942, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1943, pp. 439-42.
The rate charged by the F.R. Bank of N.Y. on repurchase contracts

#### A-10

# RESERVE REQUIREMENTS OF MEMBER BANKS

(Per cent of deposits)

Dec. 31, 1949,	through J	uly 13, 1	966			Beg	ginning J	uly 14, 1	966			
		et deman eposits 2		Time				emand sits <sup>2</sup>	Time deposits 4 (all classes of banks)			
Effective date 1	Central	Re-	Coun-	depos- its (all classes	Effective date 1	Reserve city banks		Country banks		Sav-	Other time deposits	
	reserve city banks <sup>3</sup>	serve city banks	try banks	of banks)		Under \$5 mil- lion	Over \$5 mil- lion	Under \$5 mil- lion	Over \$5 mil- lion	depos- its	Under \$5 mil- lion	Over \$5 mil- lion
In effect Dec. 31, 1949  1951—Jan. 11, 16  Jan. 25, Feb. 1	24	18 19 20 19	12 13 14 13	5 6	1966—July 14, 21 Sept. 8, 15 1967—Mar. 2					31/2	5 4 31/2	5 6
1953—July 9, 1	21 20 19½ 19	18 171/2 17	1	<b>.</b>	Mar. 16	161/2		12 12	121/2		3	6
Apr. 24	opt. 1		Present legal requirement: Minimum Maximum		0 22	7 14		3 10	3 10	3 10		

<sup>1</sup> When two dates are shown, the first applies to the change at central reserve or reserve city banks and the second to the change at country banks. For changes prior to 1950 see Board's Annual Reports.

2 Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements are gross demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

3 Authority of the Board of Governors to classify or reclassify cities as central reserve cities was terminated effective July 28, 1962.

Note.—All required reserves were held on deposit with F.R. Banks June 21, 1917, until Dec. 1959. From Dec. 1959 to Nov. 1960, member banks were allowed to count part of their currency and coin as reserves; effective Nov. 24, 1960, they were allowed to count all as reserves. For further details, see Board's Annual Reports.

#### MARGIN REQUIREMENTS

(Per cent of market value)

				E	Effective dat	e			
Regulation	Apr. 23, 1955	Jan. 16, 1958	Aug. 5, 1958	Oct. 16, 1958	July 28, 1960	July 10, 1962	Nov. 6, 1963	Mar. 11, 1968	June 8, 1968
Regulation T: For credit extended by brokers and dealers on: Listed stocks. Listed bonds convertible into stocks. For short sales.	70 70	50	70 70	90	70 70	50	70	70 50 70	80 60 80
Regulation U: For credit extended by banks on: StocksBonds convertible into listed stocks	70	50	70	90	70	50	70	70 50	80 60
Regulation G: For credit extended by others than brokers and dealers and banks on: Listed stocks								70 50	80 60

Note.—Regulations G, T, and U, prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934, limit the amount of credit to purchase and carry registered equity securities that may be extended on certain securities by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of extension; margin requirements are the

difference between the market value (100 per cent) and the maximum

loan value,
Regulation G and special margin requirements for bonds convertible into stocks were adopted by the Board effective March 11, 1968.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Effective Jan. 5, 1967, time deposits such as Christmas and vacation club accounts became subject to same requirements as savings deposits.
<sup>5</sup> See preceding columns for earliest effective date of this rate.

# MAXIMUM INTEREST RATES PAYABLE ON TIME AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS

(Per cent per annum)

Rates Jan. 1,	1962Jul	y 19, 1966			Rates beginning J	uly 20, 196	66	
		Effecti	ve date			E	Effective da	te
Type of deposit	Jan. 1, 1962	July 17, 1963	Nov. 24, 1964	Dec. 6, 1965	Type of deposit	July 20, 1966	Sept. 26, 1966	Apr. 19, 1968
Savings deposits: 1					Savings deposits	4	4	4
12 months or more Less than 12 months	4 3½	4 31/2	} 4	4	Other time deposits: 2 Multiple maturity: 3	_	_	_
Other time deposits: 2					90 days or more Less than 90 days	3 4	4	5 4
12 months or more	31/2 21/2	4	41/2	51/2	Single-maturity: Less than \$100,000 \$100,000 or more:	51/2	5	5
Less than 90 days(30-89 days)	1'-	1	4	)	30-59 days. 60-89 days. 90-179 days. 180 days and over	7 72	51/2	51/2 53/4 6 61/4

<sup>1</sup> Closing date for the Postal Savings System was Mar. 28, 1966. Maximum rates on postal savings accounts coincided with those on savings

Note.—Maximum rates that may be paid by member banks as established by the Board of Governors under provisions of Regulation Q; however, a member bank may not pay a rate in excess of the maximum rate payable by State banks nor trust companies on like deposits under the laws of the State in which the member bank is located. Beginning Feb. 1, 1936, the FDIC has established identical rates for nonmember insured commercial banks.

For rates before 1962 see Board's Annual Reports.

#### DEPOSITS, CASH, AND RESERVES OF MEMBER BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

		Rese	erve city b	anks				Res	erve city b	anks	
Item	All member banks	New York City	City of Chicago	Other	Country banks	Item	All member banks	New York City	City of Chicago	Other	Country banks
	F	our weeks	ending M	ar. 27, 196	58		F	our weeks	ending A	pr. 24, 19	68
Gross demand—Total. Interbank. U.S. Govt. Other. Net demand I Time Demand balances due from dom. banks. Currency and coin. Balances with F.R. Banks. Total reserves held. Required. Excess.	17,020 6,064 134,905 125,085 152,155 8,230 4,228 21,358 25,586 25,249	33,527 5,899 1,293 26,335 23,653 20,321 314 388 4,733 5,121 5,071 50	6,768 1,197 286 5,287 5,264 5,895 274 72 1,107 1,179 1,175	57,089 7,758 2,301 47,029 44,811 58,075 1,936 1,297 8,959 10,256 10,216 40	2,166 2,186 56,255 51,357 67,864 5,707 2,473 6,558	Gross demand—Total. Interbank. U.S. Govt. Other. Net demand I. Time. Demand balances due from dom, banks. Currency and coin. Balances with F.R. Banks. Total reserves held Required. Excess.	17,495 3,662 137,953 125,389 152,117 8,581 4,343 21,280 25,623 25,275	33,162 6,041 860 26,261 23,387 19,863 418 380 4,665 5,045 4,998 47	6,722 1,317 121 5,284 5,183 5,725 297 78 1,080 1,158 1,151	57,984 7,911 1,415 48,659 45,157 58,052 2,024 1,353 8,962 10,315 10,274 41	61,244 2,228 1,267 57,749 51,663 68,477 5,843 2,531 6,574 9,105 8,853 2,52

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements are gross demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

NOTE.—Averages of daily figures. Balances with F.R. Banks are as of close of business; all other items (excluding total reserves held and excess reserves) are as of opening of business.

imum rates on postal savings accounts coincided with those on savings deposits.

<sup>2</sup> For exceptions with respect to certain foreign time deposits, see BULLETINS for Oct. 1962, p. 1279; Aug. 1965, p. 1084; and Feb. 1968, p. 167.

<sup>3</sup> Multiple-maturity time deposits include deposits that are automatically renewable at maturity without action by the depositor and deposits that are payable after written notice of withdrawal.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF ALL FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

			Wednesday	•		E	nd of mont	h
Item			1968			19	68	1967
	May 29	May 22	May 15	May 8	May 1	May 31	Apr. 30	May 31
Assets								
Gold certificate account	10,026	10,028	10,128	10,128	10,128	10,026	10,128	12,608
Cash Discounts and advances: Member bank borrowings Other.	427 554 13	435 377 13	427 895 13	427 259 13	426 713 15	1,013	424 726 15	329 390 25
Acceptances: Bought outright Held under repurchase agreements Federal agency obligations—Held under repurchase agreements	53	56	56 24 20	56 45 5	56 59 22	56	57 30 12	70
U.S. Govt. securities:  Rought outright:								
Bills. Certificates—Special	16,876	16,823	16,490	16,490	16,663	16,976	16,663	13,464
NotesBonds	27,626 6,023	27,566 6,013	27,566 6,013	27,246 6,333	27,246 6,333	27,626 6,023	27,246 6,333	21,572 6,355
Total bought outright  Held under repurchase agreements	50,525	50,402	50,069 597	50,069 236	50,242 646	50,625	50,242 265	45,743 323
Total U.S. Govt. securities	50,525	50,402	50,666	50,305	50,888	50,625	50,507	46,066
Total loans and securities	51,145 7,223 112	50,848 7,804 113	51,674 9,055 113	50,683 7,422 113	51,753 8,194 113	51,707 6,944 113	51,347 7,239 113	46,551 6,314 108
Other assets:  Denominated in foreign currencies IMF gold deposited 1 All other	1,619 247 309	1,543 245 279	1,538 245 246	1,538 245 606	1,536 245 578	1,926 247 321	1,536 245 566	149 230 209
Fotal assets	71,108	71,295	73,426	71,162	72,973	71,708	71,598	66,498
Liabilities								
7.R. notes	41,549	41,279	41,361	41,285	40,999	41,466	40,968	39,022
Member bank reserves	20,442 950 191	20,186 1,155 141	21,215 1,146 154	20,141 1,265 133	22,098 732 165	21,334 956 422	21,221 1,035 140	19,634 574 193
Other: IMF gold deposit1All other	247 212	245 203	245 258	245 235	245 259	247 258	245 244	230 213
Total deposits	22,042	21,930	23,018	22,019	23,499	23,217	22,885	20,844
Deferred availability cash items	5,757 342	6,373 340	7,377 346	6,046 344	6,693 361	5,215 378	5,974 356	5,066 245
Total liabilities	69,690	69,922	72,102	69,694	71,552	70,276	70,183	65,177
Capital accounts								
Capital paid in	615 598 205	614 598 161	614 598 112	614 598 256	614 598 209	615 598 219	614 598 203	582 570 169
Total liabilities and capital accounts	71,108	71,295	73,426	71,162	72,973	71,708	71,598	66,498
Contingent liability on acceptances purchased for foreign correspondents	132	136	130	126	118	132	118	348
account	8,501	8,560	8,556	8,678	8,745	8,328	8,763	7,799
Feder	ral Reserve I	NotesFeder	al Reserve	Agents' Accou	ints			
F.R. notes outstanding (issued to Bank) Collateral held against notes outstanding:	44,009	43,899	43,955	43,815	43,837	44,006	43,845	41,036
Gold certificate account	5,504 39,656	5,504 39,656	5,504 	5,504 39,606	5,604 	5,504 39,696	5,604 39,606	6,695 36,336
Total collateral	45,160	45,160	45,110	45,110	45,210	45,200	45,210	43,031

<sup>1</sup> See note 1(b) to table at top of p. A-73.

# STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON MAY 31, 1968

(In millions of dollars)

			,	In millio	ns or doi	iars)			_				
Item	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve-	Rich- mond	Atlan- ta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Assets													
Gold certificate account	10,026 671 424	551 45 26	3,177 219 53	587 27 4	703 45 61	1,002 53 23	416 90 51	1,645 33 84	384 20 34	204 11 6	306 25 23	278 21 17	773 82 42
Discounts and advances; Secured by U.S. Govt, securities Other Acceptances: Bought outright. Held under repurchase agreements Federal agency obligations—Held under repurchase agreements	723 303 56	59 1	100 153 56	11	2 [ 	23	66 22	132	21	10 35	59 3	42 25	198 58
U.S. Govt, securities:  Bought outright  Held under repurchase agreements	50,625	2,636	12,431	2,668	3,878	3,755	2,724	8,267	1,811	1,007	2,019	2,121	7,308
Total loans and securities	51,707	2,696	12,740	2,680	3,881	3,779	2,812	8,402	1,832	1,052	2,081	2,188	7,564
Cash items in process of collection  Bank premises	9,301 113	561 3	1,629 10	566 2	694 5	769 8	851 20	1,675 18	434 8	275 3	570 18	472 9	805 9
Other assets:  Denominated in foreign currencies.  IMF gold deposited 2  All other	1,926 247 321	94 16	1497 247 83	102 21	173 24	100	121 16	281 48	65 i2	44 6	85 i3	110 i3	254 43
Total assets	74,736	3,992	18,655	3,989	5,586	5,760	4,377	12,186	2,789	1,601	3,121	3,108	9,572
Liabilities										<del></del>			
F.R. notes. Deposits: Member bank reserves. U.S. Treasurer—General account. Foreign. Other:	42,137 21,334 956 422	824 31	9,656 6,349 299 3140	2,455 916 47 20	3,378 1,384 51 34	3,889 996 63 20	2,300 1,282 78 24	7,435 2,978 72 55	1,570 748 49 13	740 532 38 9	1,584 893 65 17	1,432 1,197 63 22	5,236 3,235 100 50
IMF gold deposit 2	247 258	i6	247 200		*	······ <del>·</del> 7	·····i	· · · · · · ż	4	i	2	i	i8
Total deposits	23,217	889	7,235	989	1,469	1,086	1,385	3,107	814	580	977	1,283	3,403
Deferred availability cash items Other liabilities and accrued dividends	7,572 378	552 19	1,297 98	452 18	586 28	680 27	583 20	1,369 60	343 13	240 9	484 15	299 16	687 55
Total liabilities	73,304	3,922	18,286	3,914	5,461	5,682	4,288	11,971	2,740	1,569	3,060	3,030	9,381
Capital accounts													
Capital paid in	615 598 219	29	158 154 57	32 32 11	55 54 16	32 31 15	39 38 12	91 87 37	21 20 8	14 14 4	27 26 8	35 34 9	81 79 31
Total liabilities and capital accounts	74,736	3,992	18,655	3,989	5,586	5,760	4,377	12,186	2,789	1,601	3,121	3,108	9,572
Contingent liability on acceptances purchased for foreign correspondents	132	6	434	7	12	7	8	19	5	3	6	8	17
	I	Federal R	eserve N	otes—Fe	deral Res	erve Age	ents' Acco	ounts				••	
F.R. notes outstanding (issued to Bank)  Collateral held against notes outstanding:	44,006			2,507	3,664	3,995	2,405	7,678	1,633	758	1,642	1,539	5,482
Gold certificate account Eligible paper U.S. Govt, securities	5,504 39,696	1	9,400	496 2,100	600 3,100	640 3,395	350 2,150	1,400 6,450	206 1,520	77 695	225 1,450	180	 5,750
Total collateral	45,200	,	}	}	3,700	4,035	2,500	7,850	1,726	772	1,675	1,610	5,750

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> After deducting \$1,429 million participations of other F.R. Banks, <sup>2</sup> See note 2 to table at top of p. A-73.

After deducting \$282 million participations of other F.R. Banks.
 After deducting \$98 million participations of other F.R. Banks.

# TRANSACTIONS OF THE SYSTEM OPEN MARKET ACCOUNT

(In millions of dollars)

							(III IIIIIII)	a or donar.	•,		···			
	8					Outrigh	t transacti	ons in U.S.	Govt. secu	ırities by m	aturity			
			To	otal		Т	reasury bil	ls	Othe	ers within 1	year		1-5 years	
Month		Gross pur- chases	U	ross R	edemp- tions	Gross pur- chases	Gross sales	Redemp- tions	Gross pur- chases	Gross sales	Exch., maturity shifts, or redemp- tions	Gross pur- chases	Gross sales	Exch. or maturity shifts
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov		975 1,146 1,681 1,221 591 1,110 700 1,386 622		206 107 567 956 440 623 27	415 412 223 94 400 127 200 168 250	859 936 1,332 1,221 591 919 700 1,200 622	206 107 567 956 440 623 27	415 412 223 94 400 127 200 168 250	10 17 24			50 107 185 121		2,879 55 1,338 44 1,227 -73
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	::::	1,488 967 1,550 1,761		593 770 567 982	20 100 305 167	1,410 917 1,212 1,651	1,593 770 567 982	20 100 305 167	50 51 58		7,658	52 208 41		-8,497
	Outri	ight tra	insactio	ns in U.S	. Govt. se	curities—(	Continued		rchase ments		Federal		kers'	
Month		5-1	0 years		C	Over 10 ye	ars	(Ŭ.S.	Govt. rities)	Net change in U.S.	agency obliga- tions		Under	Net
Monta	Gro pur chas	-   `	Gross sales	Exch. or ma- turity shifts	Gross pur- chases	Gross sales	Exch. or ma- turity shifts	Gross pur- chases	Gross sales	Govt. secur- ities	(net re- purchase agree- ments)	Out- right, net	repur- chase agree- ments, net	change 1
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	10 2	9 7		-55 -113 - 44	25 42 39 19			1,727 1,438 753 286 450 453 1,427 1,369 545	1,529 1,459 992 370 450 453 1,427 1,046 736	552 606 652 87 -249 361 474 1,541 182	-3 -10 1 -1 23 15	-1 21 -13 -14 -12 1 5	57 -98 45 -45 -45 -104 -104	606 499 719 28 -263 453 370 1,570
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	6	1 4 8		839	5 15 3			1,136 968 657 1,832	1,031 1,205 596 1,627	-20 -140 739 815	-38 -57 -45	-12 -7 -1 2	-69 -20 35 -5	-139 -166 830 766

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net change in U.S. Govt. securities, Federal agency obligations, and bankers' acceptances.

Note.—Sales, redemptions, and negative figures reduce System holdings; all other figures increase such holdings.

# CONVERTIBLE FOREIGN CURRENCIES HELD BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

(In millions of U.S. dollar equivalent)

End of period	Total	Pounds sterling	Belgian francs	Canadian dollars	French francs	German marks	Italian lire	Japanese yen	Nother- lands guilders	Swiss francs
1967—May. June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	149 578 579 866 788 953 1,307 1,604	115 399 566 761 754 898 1,140 1,140	25 29 4 3 13 * 19 45	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 144 2 94 13 46 140 413	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	* * * * * *	2 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 2
1968—JanFeb	1,470 1,489	1,142 1,152	45 50	253 253	1 1	25 27	1	1	*	3 4

# MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS AND U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES HELD BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

			Wednesday			I	ind of mont	h
Item			1968			196	8	1967
	May 29	May 22	May 15	May 8	May l	May 31	Apr. 30	May 31
Discounts and advances—Total. Within 15 days. 16 days to 90 days. 91 days to 1 year.	567 564 3	390 377 13	908 891 17	272 252 20	728 710 18	937 934 3	741 722 19	415 386 29
Acceptances—Total. Within 15 days. 16 days to 90 days. 91 days to 1 year.	34	56 21 35	80 44 36	101 63 38	115 71 44	56 20 36	87 41 46	70 16 54
U.S. Government securities—Total Within 15 days 1 16 days to 90 days. 91 days to 1 year Over 1 year to 5 years Over 5 years to 10 years. Over 10 years.	50,525 2,463 12,362 21,744 7,957 5,421 578	50,402 2,533 12,396 21,578 7,915 5,403 577	50,686 1,860 8,773 26,158 7,915 5,403 577	50,310 5,695 8,177 26,108 7,988 1,765 577	50,910 6,244 7,809 26,527 7,988 1,765 577	50,625 1,383 13,099 22,187 7,957 5,421 578	50,519 5,270 8,392 26,527 7,988 1,765	46,066 1,871 11,892 17,698 13,168 960 477

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Holdings under repurchase agreements are classified as maturing within 15 days in accordance with maximum maturity of the agreements.

# BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER

(Seasonally adjusted annual rates)

		Debits to de	mand depos oillions of do	it accounts <sup>1</sup> ollars)			Turnove	r of demand	deposits	
Period	Total 233	Leading	SMSA's	Total 232 SMSA's	226 other	Total 233	Leading	SMSA's	Total 232 SMSA's	226 other
	SMSA's	N.Y.	6 others <sup>2</sup>	(excl. N.Y.)	SMSA's	SMSA's	N.Y.	6 others 2	(excl. N.Y.)	SMSA's
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec 1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr Apr	6,348.2 6,637.2 6,688.7 7,067.8 6,799.4 6,993.0 6,997.7 7,047.0 7,369.4 7,263.9 7,218.7 7,500.7	2,864.0 2,734.5 2,904.1 2,857.1 3,185.7 2,952.4 3,100.8 3,149.7 3,323.4 3,216.8 3,197.9 3,285.5 3,370.6	1,451.4 1,409.2 1,476.4 1,560.5 1,575.0 1,513.6 1,537.7 1,557.8 1,515.4 1,584.3 1,601.6 1,673.5 1,722.0	3,689.5 3,613.7 3,733.1 3,831.6 3,882.1 3,847.0 3,896.9 3,897.3 4,046.0 4,047.1 4,020.8 4,215.2 4,243.4	2,238.1 2,204.5 2,256.7 2,271.1 2,307.1 2,333.4 2,352.9 2,339.1 2,381.9 2,461.2 2,453.8 2,419.2 2,541.7 2,521.4	57.7 54.8 56.5 56.8 59.0 57.4 58.3 58.4 58.5 60.2 59.8 59.3 59.7 61.0	123.0 115.2 120.0 119.8 128.5 120.6 125.5 130.2 122.1 128.5 129.2 128.2 128.7 129.5	54.2 52.0 53.4 55.5 56.6 55.4 55.7 54.6 55.7 54.6 55.7 54.6 55.7 57.4 58.8	40.8 39.2 40.1 40.7 41.1 40.8 41.2 41.1 41.6 42.1 41.6 42.3 43.0	35.1 33.9 34.4 34.5 34.6 35.1 34.8 35.3 36.1 35.7 36.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes interbank and U.S. Govt. demand deposit accounts.

<sup>2</sup> Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Los Angeles-Long Beach.

Note.—Total SMSA's includes some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's.
For a description of series, see Mar. 1965 BULLETIN, p. 390.
All data shown here are revised. For description of revision, see Mar. 1967 BULLETIN, p. 389.

#### **DENOMINATIONS IN CIRCULATION**

(In millions of dollars)

End of meriod	Total in cir-		Coin a	nd small	denomin	ation cu	rrency	_		L	arge den	ominatio	n curren	су	
End of period	cula- tion <sup>1</sup>	Total	Coin	\$1 2	\$2	\$5	\$10	\$20	Total	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000
1939	11,160 28,515 28,868 27,741 31.158	5,553 8,120 20,683 20,020 19,305 22,021 22,856	590 751 1,274 1,404 1,554 1,927 2,182	559 695 1,039 1,048 1,113 1,312 1,494	36 44 73 65 64 75 83	1,019 1,355 2,313 2,110 2,049 2,151 2,186	1,772 2,731 6,782 6,275 5,998 6,617 6,624	1,576 2,545 9,201 9,119 8,529 9,940 10,288	3,044 7,834 8,850 8,438 9,136	460 724 2,327 2,548 2,422 2,736 2,792	919 1,433 4,220 5,070 5,043 5,641 5,886	191 261 454 428 368 307 275	425 556 801 782 588 438 373	20 24 7 5 4 3 3	32 46 24 17 12 12
1959	32,869 33,918 35,338 37,692 39,619 42,056	23,264 23,521 24,388 25,356 26,807 28,100 29,842 31,695	2,304 2,427 2,582 2,782 3,030 3,405 4,027 4,480	1,511 1,533 1,588 1,636 1,722 1,806 1,908 2,051	85 88 92 97 103 111 127 137	2,216 2,246 2,313 2,375 2,469 2,517 2,618 2,756	6,672 6,691 6,878 7,071 7,373 7,543 7,794 8,070	10,935	9,348 9,531 9,983 10,885 11,519 12,214	2,803 2,815 2,869 2,990 3,221 3,381 3,540 3,700	5,913 5,954 6,106 6,448 7,110 7,590 8,135 8,735	261 249 242 240 249 248 245 241	341 316 300 293 298 293 288 286	3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3	5 10 10 10 4 4 4 4
1967—Apr	44,443 44,712 44,866 45,071 45,031 45,421 46,463	30,887 31,509 31,684 31,774 31,884 31,795 32,095 32,937 33,468	4,551 4,600 4,641 4,674 4,720 4,752 4,803 4,865 4,918	1,948 1,984 1,879 1,873 1,878 1,886 1,913 1,965 2,035	137 137 137 137 136 136 136 136	2,607 2,671 2,635 2,625 2,628 2,621 2,658 2,748 2,850	7,817 7,979 8,035 7,989 8,001 7,949 8,013 8,266 8,366	14,138 14,357 14,476 14,521 14,451 14,572 14,957	12,844 12,935 13,029 13,094 13,186 13,236 13,325 13,524 13,758	3,625 3,660 3,699 3,724 3,749 3,751 3,766 3,832 3,915	8,692 8,743 8,805 8,844 8,911 8,959 9,031 9,163 9,311	238 238 238 238 238 238 238 239 240	282 282 280 281 281 281 283 283 283	3633333333	4 6 4 4 4 4 4
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	45,846 46,297	32,232 32,284 32,664 32,938	4,927 4,969 5,049 5,137	1,923 1,895 1,857 1,875	136 136 136 136	2,686 2,665 2,676 2,684	7,977 8,000 8,094 8,104	14,619	13,588 13,563 13,632 13,683	3,835 3,820 3,840 3,857	9,221 9,213 9,261 9,293	240 239 239 240	285 284 285 286	3 3 3	4 4 4 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outside Treasury and F.R. Banks. Before 1955 details are slightly overstated because they include small amounts of paper currency held by the Treasury and the F.R. Banks for which a denominational breakdown is not available.

Note.—Condensed from Statement of United States Currency and Coin, issued by the Treasury.

### KINDS OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION

(In millions of dollars)

		Held	i in the Trea	asury		Curren	ncy in circul	ation 1
Kind of currency	Total out- standing Apr. 30,	As security against	1	For F.R.	Held by F.R. Banks and	19	68	1967
	1968	gold and silver certificates	Treasury cash	Banks and Agents	Agents	Apr. 30, 1968	Mar. 31, 1968	Apr. 30, 1967
Gold		(10,128)	1	310,127	2,876	40,818 5,803	40,569 5,729	
Standard silver dollars. Silver bullion. Silver certificates. Fractional coin. United States notes, In process of retirement <sup>4</sup>	485 339 (288) 5,559 323 85	3 285	492		5 412 9	482 284 4,656 297 85	482 298 4,567 297 85	482 547 4,069 301 88
Total—Apr. 30, 1968	<sup>5</sup> 61,120 <sup>5</sup> 60,643 <sup>5</sup> 60,527	(10,416) (10,433) (13,160)	1,070 1,084 1,365	10,127 10,130 12,603	3,302 3,131 2,828	46,621	46,297	43,730

Note.—Prepared from Statement of United States Currency and Coin and other data furnished by the Treasury. For explanation of currency reserves and security features, see the Circulation Statement or the Aug. 1961 BULLETIN, p. 936.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin.

¹ Outside Treasury and F.R. Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the United States and currency and coin held by banks. Estimated totals for Wed. dates shown in table on p. A-5.
² Includes \$245 million gold deposited by and held for the International Monetary Fund.
³ Consists of credits payable in gold certificates: (1) the Gold Certificate Fund—Board of Governors, FRS; and (2) the Redemption Fund for F.R. notes. notes,

4 Redeemable from the general fund of the Treasury.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Does not include all items shown, as some items represent the security for other items; gold certificates are secured by gold, and silver certificates by standard silver dollars and monetized silver bullion. Duplications are shown in parentheses.

#### MONEY SUPPLY AND RELATED DATA

(In billions of dollars)

		Seasonall	y adjusted			Not s	easonally adj	justed	
Period		Money supp	у	Time		Money suppl	у	Time	U.S.
	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed 1	Total	Currency	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed <sup>1</sup>	Govt. demand deposits 1
1965—Dec	166.8 170.4	36.3 38.3	130.5 132.1	146.6 158.1	172.0 175.8	37.1 39.1	134.9 136.7	145.2 156.9	4.6 3.4
1967—May, June, July, Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	174.4 176.0 177.8 178.9 179.1 180.2 181.0 181.3	39.1 39.3 39.4 39.5 39.7 39.9 40.1 40.4	135.3 136.7 138.4 139.4 139.4 140.2 141.0 140.9	170.1 172.6 174.8 177.2 179.4 180.6 182.0 183.5	171.0 174.2 175.7 175.8 178.3 180.5 182.4 187.1	38.8 39.2 39.6 39.6 39.7 40.0 40.5 41.2	132.2 135.0 136.2 136.2 138.5 140.5 141.9 145.9	170.8 173.0 175.2 177.8 179.0 180.4 181.3 182.0	6.6 4.0 5.7 4.3 5.0 6.3 5.3 5.0
1968—Jan Feb	182.3 182.7 183.4 184.4 186.1	40.6 40.7 41.1 41.4 41.6	141.7 141.9 142.2 143.0 144.5	184.1 185.2 186.7 187.1 187.6	187.6 181.4 182.0 185.6 182.5	40,5 40,3 40,7 41,1 41,4	147.1 141.1 141.2 144.6 141.1	183.7 185.8 187.6 187.9 188.4	5.0 7.2 6.7 4.2 6.4
Week ending-									,
Apr. 3	183.9 183.9 186.0 183.8	41.2 41.3 41.3 41.4	142.7 142.6 144.7 142.4	187.3 187.0 187.1 186.9	183.0 184.5 189.7 185.4	40.8 41.4 41.3 40.9	142.2 143.1 148.3 144.5	188.2 188.1 187.8 187.4	5.2 3.7 2.8 5.0
May 1	183.7 184.8 185.1 186.8 187.5	41.5 41.5 41.6 41.8 41.8	142.3 143.3 143.5 145.0 145.8	187.3 187.4 187.7 187.7 187.6	183.7 183.5 182.8 181.4 181.7	40.7 41.5 41.4 41.4 41.2	143.0 142.0 141.4 140.0 140.5	188.0 188.1 188.5 188.5 188.4	5.6 7.3 5.7 6.7 6.2

NOTE.—Series revised beginning Jan. 1963; see June 1968 BULLETIN, pp. A-92—A-97. For monthly data 1947-58, see June 1964 BULLETIN, pp. 679-89; and for data for 1959-62, see August 1967 BULLETIN, pp. 1303-16,,

Averages of daily figures. Money supply consists of (1) demand deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic com-

mercial banks and the U.S. Govt., less cash items in process of collection and F.R. float; (2) foreign demand balances at F.R. Banks; and (3) currency outside the Treasury, F.R. Banks, and vaults of all commercial banks. Time deposits adjusted are time deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic commercial banks and the U.S. Govt. Effective June 9, 1966, balances accumulated for payment of personal loans were reclassified for reserve purposes and are excluded from time deposits reported by member banks.

### AGGREGATE RESERVES AND MEMBER BANK DEPOSITS

(In billions of dollars)

,			Seas	onally ad	justed					Not se	asonally a	adjusted		
<b>Pe</b> riod	Memb	er bank r	eserves 1	г	Deposits eserve rec	subject to juirements	2	Memb	er bank re	eserves I	r	Deposits eserve rec	subject to	2
Torrod	Total	Non- bor- rowed	Re- quired	Total	Time and savings	Pri- vate demand	U.S. Govt. demand	Total	Non- bor- rowed	Re- quired	Total	Time and savings	Pri- vate demand	U.S. Govt. demand
1965—Dec 1966—Dec	22.64 22.90	22,15 22,29	22.31 22.60	236.6 244.6	121.2 129.4	111.0	4.4 3.5	23.23 23.47	22.77 22.91	22.77 23.08	239.0 247.1	119.8 127.9	115.2	4.0 3.0
1967	24.11 24.34 24.63 24.79 25.12 25.28	23.87 23.98 24.28 24.59 24.72 25.02 25.14 24.85	23.53 23.66 23.96 24.26 24.45 24.81 25.95 24.91	257.2 259.5 262.4 266.1 268.4 270.8 272.9 273.2	138.7 140.8 142.8 144.6 146.3 147.4 148.6 149.9	114.5 116.0 116.7 117.5 117.6 118.2 118.7	4.0 2.6 2.9 4.0 4.5 5.2 5.6 4.6	23.76 24.01 24.42 24.28 24.71 25.12 25.25 25.78	23.66 23.89 24.33 24.19 24.62 25.00 25.12 25.54	23.39 23.59 24.06 23.90 24.35 24.84 24.85 25.44	256.5 258.9 263.2 263.7 267.3 271.1 271.9 275.9	139.4 141.3 143.1 145.2 146.0 147.0 147.6 148.1	111.2 114.2 115.1 114.8 116.9 118.5 119.7 123.3	5.8 3.4 5.1 3.7 4.4 5.7 4.6 4.5
1968—Jan Feb Mar Ap <b>r</b> May <sup>p</sup>	25.50 25.77 25.81 25.62 25.71	25.19 25.40 25.14 24.94 24.98	25.15 25.39 25.40 25.28 25.24	274.7 277.0 278.0 276.9 277.3	149.9 150.2 151.2 151.3 151.5	119.4 119.7 120.1 120.4 122.1	5.4 7.1 6.7 5.2 3.7	26.04 25.61 25.58 25.55 25.55	25.80 25.25 24.91 24.86 24.75	25.65 25.21 25.22 25.28 25.09	278.3 276.2 277.1 277.5 276.4	149.4 151.0 152.2 152.1 152.2	124.4 118.8 119.1 121.7 118.6	4.4 6.4 5.9 3.7 5.6

Averages of daily figures. Data reflect percentage reserve requirements made effective Jan. 18, 1968.
 Averages of daily figures. Deposits subject to reserve requirements include total time and savings deposits and net demand deposits as defined by Regulation D. Private demand deposits include all demand deposits except those due to the U.S. Govt., less cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic commercial banks. Effective June

<sup>9, 1966,</sup> balances accumulated for repayment of personal loans were eliminated from time deposits for reserve purposes.

Note.—Back data for the period 1947 to date may be obtained from the Banking Section, Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D. C. 20551.

### CONSOLIDATED CONDITION STATEMENT

(In millions of dollars)

					Assets						Liabi and ca	
					В	ank credit				Total assets, net—		1
Date		Treas- ury cur-			U.S	. Governm	ent securit	ies		Total liabil- ities	Total	Capital and
	22.754	rency out- stand- ing	Total	Loans, net 1, 2	Total	Coml. and savings banks	Federal Reserve Banks	Other <sup>3</sup>	Other secu- rities 2	and capital, net	deposits and currency	misc. ac- counts, net
1947—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1963—Dec. 20 1966—Dec. 31	22,754 22,706 15,582 13,159	4,562 4,636 5,586 6,317	160,832 171,667 333,203 422,676	43,023 60,366 189,433 261,459	107,086 96,560 103,273 106,472	81,199 72,894 69,068 60,916	22,559 20,778 33,552 44,316	3,328 2,888 653 1,240	10,723 14,741 40,497 54,745	188,148 199,008 354,371 442,152	175,348 184,384 323,251 400,999	12,800 14,624 31,118 41,150
1967—May 31 June 30 July 26 Aug, 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec, 30	13 100	6,600 6,612 6,600 6,700 6,800 6,800 6,800 6,784	439,966 442,600 445,600 451,200 454,700	263,000 268,967 268,200 268,500 272,000 272,400 273,000 282,040	107,800 106,752 109,800 111,200 112,600 115,000 117,100 117,064	60,300 58,537 61,500 63,500 64,500 66,600 67,300 66,752	46,100 46,718 46,900 46,200 46,700 47,100 48,500 49,112	1,400 1,497 1,400 1,500 1,400 1,200 1,300 1,200	62,000 64,247 64,600 65,900 66,600 67,300 68,100 69,839	452,500 459,688 462,300 465,300 470,900 474,500 478,000 487,709	408,300 416,122 417,800 418,600 424,400 428,300 431,500 444,043	44,200 43,567 44,500 46,700 46,600 46,200 46,500 43,670
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>rp</sup> May 29 <sup>p</sup>	12,000 11,900 10,500 10,500 10,400	6,800 6,800 6,800 6,800 6,800	466,300 467,700 469,200	279,100 277,700 279,100 281,900 282,400	116,900 117,600 116,200 114,100 116,000	66,600 67,600 65,500 63,800 64,300	49,100 48,800 49,500 49,300 50,500	1,200 1,200 1,200 1,000 1,100	70,400 71,100 72,300 73,100 72,800	485,100 485,000 484,900 486,400 488,400	439,800 439,300 438,900 440,100 440,300	45,300 45,700 46,000 46,400 48,000

#### **DETAILS OF DEPOSITS AND CURRENCY**

			Money	supply				Rela	ted depos	its (not s	easonally	adjuste	<b>i</b> )	
	Seaso	nally adju	sted 4	Not sea	asonally a	djusted		Tir	ne			U.S.	Governm	ent
Date	Total	Cur- rency outside banks	De- mand deposits ad- justed 5	Total	Cur- rency outside banks	De- mand deposits ad- justed 5	Total	Com- mercial banks <sup>1</sup>	Mutual savings banks 6	Postai Savings Sys- tem <sup>3</sup>	For- eign, net <sup>7</sup>	Treas- ury cash hold- ings	At coml, and savings banks	At F.R. Banks
1947—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1963—Dec. 20 1966—Dec. 31	114,600 153,100	24.600	90,000 121,400	113,597 117,670 158,104 178,304	25,398 33,468	87,121 92,272 124,636 139,301	56,411 59,246 155,713 213,961	110,794	44,467	2.923	1,682 2,518 1,206 1,904	1,336 1,293 392 1,176	1,452 2,989 6,986 5,238	870 668 850 416
1967—May 31 June 30 July 26 Aug. 30 Sept. 27 Oct. 25 Nov. 29 Dec. 30	173,300 174,100 173,500 175,100 176,600 177,200 178,300 181,500	38,500 38,400 38,600 39,100 39,000	135,700 135,000 136,700 138,000 138,100 139,300	174,328 173,300 173,500 175,500 177,900	39,681 38,600 38,600 38,700 39,000 39,700	134,647 134,700	231,780 233,600 236,500	173,566 175,300 177,900 178,300 179,800 180,900	58,300 58,600 59,200 59,300 59,600	53	1,900 1,804 1,800 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 2,179	1,472	5,427 6,200 3,900 7,300 6,900	1,311 1,300 1,300 711 900 1,800
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>rp</sup> May 29 <sup>p</sup>	180,600 179,300 182,500 182,100 182,800	39,900 40,200 40,400	139,400 142,300 141,700	183,000 178,400 179,800 182,100 181,000	39,400 39,800 40,000	142,100	247,300 249,300 249,000	186,300 187,600 187,300	61,100 61,700 61,700		1,900 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,100	1,300 1,100 1,100	5,700 4,300	900 1,000 1,600

Beginning with data for June 30, 1966, about \$1.1 billion in "Deposits accumulated for payment of personal loans" were excluded from "Time deposits" and deducted from "Loans" at all commercial banks. These changes resulted from a change in Federal Reserve regulations. These hypothecated deposits are shown in a table on p. A-23.
 See note 2 at bottom of p. A-22.
 After June 30, 1967, Postal Savings System accounts were eliminated from this Statement.
 Series begin in 1946; data are available only last Wed. of month.
 Other than interbank and U.S. Govt., less cash items in process of collection.

June 1961, also includes certain accounts previously classified as other liabilities.

7 Reclassification of deposits of foreign central banks in May 1961 reduced this item by \$1,900 million (\$1,500 million to time deposits and \$400 million to demand deposits).

Note.—For back figures and descriptions of the consolidated condition statement and the seasonally adjusted series on currency outside banks and demand deposits adjusted, see "Banks and the Monetary System," Section 1 of Supplement to Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1962, and BULLETINS for Jan. 1948 and Feb. 1960. Except on call dates, figures are partly estimated and are rounded to the nearest \$100 million.

collection.
6 Includes relatively small amounts of demand deposits. Beginning with

# PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER, BY CLASS OF BANK

(Amounts in millions of dollars)

	Los	ıns and i	nvestmer	ıts		Total		<del></del>	Dep	osits					<u> </u>
			Secur	ities	Cash	assets— Total lia-		Interl	oank 3		Other		Bor-	Total	Num- ber
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans 1,2	U.S. Govt.	Other 2	assets 3	bilities and capital ac- counts 4	Total 3	De- mand	Time	U.S. Govt.	nand Other	Time	row- ings	capital ac- counts	of
All banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 316 1966—Dec. 31	61,126 140,227 134,924 381,684	26,615 30,361 43,002 266,022	25,511 101,288 81,199 60,916	8,999 8,577 10,723 54,745	27,344 35,415 38,388 70,085	90,908 177,332 175,091 464,376	81,816 165,612 161,865 407,637	10, 14, 12,793 19,770	982 065 240 968	44, 105, 1,346 4,999	355 935 94,381 167,821	26,479 45,613 53,105 214,078	23 227 66 4,929	8,414 10,542 11,948 36,926	14,826 14,553 14,714 14,271
1967—May 31	391,880 396,754 401,010 404,280 409,200 412,380 415,110 424,134	269,630 273,970 274,930 274,870 278,140 278,430 279,740 287,543	60,260 58,537 61,510 63,510 64,500 66,630 67,250 66,752	61,990 64,247 64,570 65,900 66,560 67,320 68,120	64,810 66,210 63,150 59,840 62,300 62,300 62,650	469,530 476,268 477,020 476,930 484,480 487,590 490,710 517,374	409,520 417,790 416,120 414,950 422,660 425,670 427,760	17,520 18,030 17,020 16,750 17,040 17,170 16,970	1,370 1,469 1,480 1,550 1,530 1,430 1,340	4,160 5,159 5,920 3,640 7,020 6,680 4,980 5,240	157,450 161,138 157,800 156,220 159,300 161,030 163,730 184,139	229,020 231,995 233,900 236,790 237,770 239,360 240,740 242,925	7,080 5,208 6,910 6,520 6,470 6,140 6,920 5,846	37,800 38,217 37,940 38,330 38,160 38,650 38,890 39,371	14,246 14,247 14,245 14,244 14,236 14,240 14,223
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>rp</sup> May 29 <sup>p</sup>	421,940 423,280 423,570 427,060 428,610	284,980 284,660 285,750 290,110 291,470	66,570 67,550 65,510 63,840 64,320	70,390 71,070 72,310 73,110 72,820	67,710 65,660 64,860 64,740 65,970	503,580 502,570 502,640 506,010 508,710	439,740 437,630 435,990 438,130 438,610	17,470 16,920 16,710 17,340 17,340	1,320 1,370 1,280 1,230 1,100	6,920 9,060 5,320 3,940 4,960	168,580 162,640 163,030 166,330 164,860	245,450 247,640 249,650 249,290 250,350	6,820 7,270 8,150 8,930 9,700	39,430 39,590 39,670 39,870 40,170	14,219 14,219 14,218 14,215 14,223
Commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31	322,661	38,057 217,726	56,163	7,225 7,331 9,006 48,772	26,551 34,806 37,502 69,119	79,104 160,312 155,377 403,368	71,283 150,227 144,103 352,287	10, 14, 12,792 19,770	982 065 240 967	105	1 94 367	15,952 30,241 35,360 158,806	219	7,173 8,950 10,059 32,054	14,278 14,011 14,181 13,767
1967—May 31	330,400 334,857 338,570 341,230 345,780 348,810 351,100 359,903	219,880 223,952 224,780 224,340 227,430 227,420 228,460 235,954	55,830 54,233 57,110 59,140 60,090 62,370 62,850 62,473	57,750 58,260 159.020	61,300	405,880 412,118 412,380 411,730 418,910 421,870 424,650 451,012	363,390 366,250	17,040 17,170	1,530 1,530 1,430	5,152 5,920 3,640 7,020 6,680	161,048 157,730 156,150 159,230 160,940	171,710 173,833 175,600 178,160 178,570 180,030 181,170 182,511	5,166 6,910 6,520 6,470 6,140	32,880 33,285 33,030 33,360 33,190 33,680 33,890 34,384	13,744 13,746 13,744 13,743 13.735
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>rp</sup> May 29 <sup>p</sup>	356,970 357,750 357,610 360,960 362,210	233,010 232,420 233,370 237,640 238,800	62,230 63,150 61,100 59,540 60,020	61,730 62,180 63,140 63,780 63,390	66,830 64,760 63,950 63,870 65,100	436,580 434,980 434,570 437,850 440,250	378,960 376,490 374,190 376,380 376,560	17,470 16,920 16,710 17,340 17,340	1,320 1,370 1,280 1,230 1,100	6,920 9,060 5,320 3,940 4,960	168,490 162,550 162,950 166,250 164,780	184,760 186,590 187,930 187,620 188,380	6,820 7,270 8,150 8,930 9,700	34,420 34,520 34,600 34,810 35,110	13,717 13,717 13,716 13,714 13,722
Member banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31	43,521 107,183 97,846 263,687	18,021 22,775 32,628 182,802	19,539 78,338 57,914 41,924	5,961 6,070 7,304 38,960	23,123 29,845 32,845 60,738	68,121 138,304 132,060 334,559	61,717 129,670 122,528 291,063	10,385 13,576 12,353 18,788	140 64 50 794	1,709 22,179 1,176 4,432	37,136 69,640 80,609 138,218	12,347 24,210 28,340 128,831	4 208 54 4,618	5,886 7,589 8,464 26,278	6,619 6,884 6,923 6,150
1967—May 31	269,654 273,266 276,381 278,259 281,993 284,341 285,700 293,120	183,480 186,814 187,536 187,130 189,870 189,676 190,515	41,900 40,636 42,957 44,416 45,003 46,967 47,091 46,956	44,274 45,816 45,888 46,713 47,120 47,698 48,094 49,315	56,487 57,391 55,166 52,060 54,477 54,470 54,809 68,946	336,422 341,290 341,784 340,576 346,853 349,107 350,888 373,584	290,441 296,548 294,976 293,115 299,334 301,584 302,689 326,033	16,716 17,167 16,187 15,891 16,162 16,284 16,082 20,811	1,194 1,314 1,326 1,393 1,377 1,275 1,189 1,169	3,629 4,580 5,286 3,128 6,318 6,051 4,356 4,631	129,570 132,546 129,674 128,086 130,683 132,075 134,283 151,980	139,332 140,942 142,503 144,617 144,794 145,899 146,779	6,765 4,920 6,625 6,209 6,141 5,808 6,456 5,370	27,009 27,237 27,061 27,318 27,233 27,575 27,734 28,098	6,108
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 May 29"	290,389 290,844 290,527 293,281 294,364	194,262 193,582 194,303 197,820 198,874	46,579 47,354 45,510 44,285 44,733	49,548 49,908 50,714 51,176 50,757	59,102 57,129 56,437 56,320 57,415	360,773 358,945 358,402 361,004 363,139	311,534 309,012 306,703 308,156 308,378	16,668 16,112 15,917 16,534 16,574	1,170 1,223 1,129 1,083 955						
Mutual savings banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 316 1966—Dec. 31	10,379 16,208	4,901 4,279 4,944	3,704 10,682 11,978	1,774	793 609 886		10,533 15,385 17,763 55,350		1 1	1 3 7	6 4 1 14 70	10,527 15,371 17,745			548 542 533 504
1967—May 31	61,898 62,440	50,018 50,150 50,530 50,710 51,010 51,280	4,304 4,400 4,370 4,410 4,260	8,150 8,300	1,030 1,000 1,000	63,650 64,150 64,640 65,200 65,570 65,720 66,060	57,380 58,259 58,370 58,700 59,270 59,420 59,660		1	7	70 90 70 70 70 90 90 73	57,310 58,161 58,300 58,630 59,200 59,330 59,570	42	4,920 4,932 4,910 4,970 4,970 4,970 5,000	503 503 501 501 501 501 501
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>r</sup> May 29 <sup>p</sup>	64,970 65,530 65,960 66,100	ŀ	4,340 4,400	8,660	880	67,590	61,140 61,800 61,750				90 90 80 80	61,050 61,720 61,670		5,070	502 502 502 501 501

For notes see p. A-22.

# PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER, BY CLASS OF BANK-Continued

(Amounts in millions of dollars)

	Los	ans and i	nvestmer	nts		Total			Dep	osits					
Class of horiz			Secur	ities	Cook	assets— Total lia-		Interb	ank <sup>3</sup>		Other		Bor-		Num-
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans	U.S. Govt.	Other	Cash assets 3	bilities and capital ac- counts 4	Total 3	De- mand	Time	Der U.S. Govt.	nand Other	Time 1	row- ings	capital ac- counts	of
Reserve city member banks: New York City: 7.8 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31	12,896 26,143 20,393 46,536	4,072 7,334 7,179 35,941	7,265 17,574 11,972 4,920	1,559 1,235 1,242 5,674	6,637 6,439 7,261 14,869	19,862 32,887 27,982 64,424	17,932 30,121 25,216 51,837	4,202 4,640 4,453 6,370	6 17 12 467	866 6,940 267 1,016	17,287 19,040	807 1,236 1,445 17,449	195 30 1,874	1,648 2,120 2,259 5,298	36 37 37 12
1967—May 31	47,701	35,151 36,441 36,683 36,360 36,981	5,130 5,048 5,408 5,634 5,599 6,443 6,257 6,027	6,327 6,855 6,795 6,749	15,394 14,688 14,431 12,940 13,206 13,672 13,106 18,797	64,794 65,668 65,964 64,698 65,951	51,682 52,665 51,953 50,639 52,050	5,954 6,183 5,495 5,102 5,311 5,252 5,254 7,238	733 817	695 1,021 1,190 574 1,686 1,719 828	25,594 25,656 24,754 24,011 24,506 24,802	18,706 18,987 19,678 20,085 19,731 20,022 20,493 20,062	2,416 1,841 2,536 2,140 1,688	5,598 5,604 5,600 5,663 5,680 5,708 5,729	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 May 29°	50,898 50,198 49,973 50,150 50,800	37,325 37,334 37,842	5,607 5,771 5,151 4,734 5,169	6,988 7,102 7,488 7,574 6,894	15,642 14,125 14,275 13,961 14,573	70,187 67,771 67,903 67,654 68,783	55,544 53,282 52,675 52,036	5,826 5,371	719 712 630		25,667 26,089	19,907 19,704 19,636 19,078 18,827	2,283 2,809	5,729 5,740 5,766	12 12 12 12 12
City of Chicago: 7 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31	5,931 5,088 11,802	1,333	1	385 397 1,502	1,489 1,739 2,638	7,459 6,866 14,935	4,057 7,046 6,402 12,673	1,035 1,312 1,217 1,433	25	127 1,552 72 310	2,419 3,462 4,201 6,008	913	484	'	13 12 14 11
1967—May 31.  June 30.  July 26.  Aug. 30.  Sept. 27.  Oct. 25.  Nov. 29.  Dec. 30.	11,995 12,133 12,272 12,252 12,249 12,300 12,350 12,744	1 8.923	1,822 1,576 1,679 1,714 1,574 1,652 1,701 1,574	1,610 1,744 1,806	2,606 2,791 2,623 2,560	15,171 15,073 15,702 15,352 15,556 15,416 15,375 16,296	12,877 12,668 12,986 12,943 12,860	1,270 1,321 1,242 1,230 1,224 1,156	10	127 432 347	5,488 5,537 5,416 5,246 5,346 5,385 5,430 6,250	5,686 5,837 6.042	644 359 655 498 490 416 650 383	1,224 1,214 1,226 1,224 1,234 1,225	1 11
1968—Jan, 31 Feb, 28 Mar, 27 Apr, 24 May 29 <sup>n</sup>	12,573 12,771 12,522 12,729 12,534	8,865 9,042 8,903 9,041 8,950	1,752 1,764 1,746 1,879 1,730	1,956 1,965 1,873 1,809 1,854	2,771 2,713 2,815 2,606 2,968	15,931 16,068 15,974 15,959 16,143	12,450	1,177 1,128 1,185	10 10 10 9 8	427 496 164 134 169	5,596 5,439 5,311 5,401 5,479	6,040 5,837 5,678	561 585 853 835 826	1,339 1,323 1,337	10 10 9 9
Other reserve city: <sup>7,8</sup> 1941—Dec, 31. 1945—Dec, 31. 1947—Dec, 31. 1966—Dec, 31.	40,108 36,040 95,831	13,449 69,464					22,313 49,085 46,467 108,804		104 30 22 233	8,221 405		4,806 9,760 11,423 49,341		1,967 2,566 2,844 9,471	351 359 353 169
1967—May 31. June 30. July 26. Aug, 30. Sept. 27. Oct. 25. Nov. 29. Dec. 30.	98,906 99,460 100,800 101,242 102,633 103,434 103,221 105,724	69,174 69,765 69,989 70,004 71,321 71,515 71,628 73,571	12,938 12,455 13,437 13,733 13,926 14,409 14,127 14,667	16,794 17,240 17,374 17,505 17,386 17,510 17,466 17,487	21,164 22,222 21,178 20,084 21,617 21,311 21,957 26,867	123,823 125,502 125,666 125,091 128,028 128,525 128,973 136,626	107,604 110,225 109,736 108,768 111,366 112,050 112,429 120,485	7,477 7,667 7,390 7,514 7,532 7,705 7,555 9,374	386 370 411 446 478 404 322 310	1,880 2,280 1,198 2,499 2,474 1,803	45,114 46,396 45,456 44,751 45,834 46,278 47,335 53,288	53,252 53,912 54,199 54,859 55,023 55,189 55,414 55,798	3,072 2,109 2,862 2,959 3,304 3,037 2,937 2,555	9,739 9,792 9,840 9,887	166 165 165 165 164 162 163
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>r</sup> May 29 <sup>n</sup>	105,141 105,503 105,064 106,175 106,505	73,002 72,949 73,232 74,648 74,697	14,340 14,700 13,790 13,383 13,496	17,799 17,854 18,042 18,144 18,312	22,782 22,623 21,820 22,147 21,950	132,083 132,185 130,999 132,442 132,720	115,168 114,952 113,620 114,208 113,758	7,609 7,477 17,247 7,577 7,311	335 395 393 380 321	2,751 3,461 1,679 1,412 1,587	47 681		3 104	10,069 10,075 10,087 10,152 10,223	164 164 163
Country member banks: 7, 8 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1966—Dec. 31.	12,518 35,002 36,324 109,518	5,890 5,596 10,199 68,641					17,415 43,418 44,443 117,749			225 5,465 432 1,474		6,258 12,494 14,560 57,144		1,982 2,525 2,934 10,309	
1967—May 31	116,244 117,676 118,889 120,324	70,729 71,684 71,903 71,843 72,503 72,777 73,245 74,995	22,010 21,557 22,433 23,335 23,904 24,463 25,006 24,689	19,774 20,731 20,593 21,066 21,269 21,649 22,073 22,826	17,238 18,049 16,637 16,430 16,863 16,864 17,186 20,334	132,634 135,047 134,452 135,435 137,318 138,574 140,289 146,052	118,522 120,845 120,410 121,040 122,932 124,039 125,237 131,156	1,966 2,047 1,981 2,033 2,089 2,103 2,117 2,766	64 106 69 69 69 106 106		53,374 54,956 54,048 54,078 54,997 55,610 56,682 61,161	61,713 62,356 62,789 63,631 64,076 64,709 64,834 65,569	633 611 572 612 659 660 923 552	10,487 10,655 10,508 10,637 10,489 10,746 10,849 11,005	5,924 5,919 5,920 5,912 5,908 5,901 5,898 5,886
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>r</sup> May 29 <sup>p</sup>	122,372 122,968 124,227	74,092 74,266 74,834 76,289 76,490	24,880 25,119 24,823 24,289	22,805 22,987 23,311 23,649	17,907 17,668 17,527 17,606	142,572 142,921 143,526 144,949	127,617 127,616 127,958 129,505	2,063 2,087 2,058 2,076	106 106 96 96	1,573 2,496 1,606 1,317 1,777	57,456 55,587 55,922 57,359	66,419 67,340 68,276 68,657 69,180	783 889 996 695 1,254	10,947 11,045 11,100 11,169 11,193	5,878 5,874 5,864 5,862 5,860

For notes see p. A-22.

# PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER, BY CLASS OF BANK—Continued

(Amounts in millions of dollars)

<del></del>	T					s III munon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	Depo					l	
	Loai	ns and in	<u> </u>			Total assets—				5118					į
Class of bank and			Secui	rities	Cash	Total lia- bilities		Interi	oank <sup>3</sup>		Other		Bor- row-	Total capital	ber
call date	Total	Loans	U.S.	Other	assets 3	and capital ac-	Total <sup>3</sup>	De-	Time	Der	mand	Time	ings	ac- counts	of banks
			Govt.	Other		counts 2		mand	rine	U.S. Govt.	Other	1, 5			
Insured commercial: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	49,290 121,809 114,274	21,259 25,765 37,583	21,046 88,912 67,941	6,984 7,131 8,750	25,788 34,292 36,926	76,820 157,544 152,733	69,411 147,775 141,851	10, 13, 12,615	654 883 54	1,762 23,740 1,325	41,298 80,276 92,975	15,699 29,876 34,882	10 215 61	6,844 8,671 9,734	13,426 13,297 13,398
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	303,593 321,473 333,742 358,536	200,109 217,379 223,707 235,502	59,120 55,788 53,871 62,094	44,364 48,307 56,164 60,941	60,327 68,515 64,545 77,348	374,051 401,409 410,308 448,878	330,323 351,438 358,745 394,118	18,149 19,497 17,778 21,598	923 881 1,399 1,258	5,508 4,975 5,135 5,219	159,659 166,689 159,991 182,984	146,084 159,396 174,441 183,060	4,325 4,717 5,050 5,531	29,827 31,609 32,843 33,916	113.525
National member: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31		11,725 13,925 21,428		1	14,977 20,114 22,024	43,433 90,220 88,182	39,458 84,939 82,023	6, 9, 8,375	786 229 35	1,088 14,013 795	23,262 45,473 53,541	8,322 16,224 19,278	4 78 45	3,640 4,644 5,409	5,117 5,017 5,005
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	176,605 187,251 195,339 208,971	118,537 129,182 132,725 139,315	32,347 30,355 29,544 34,308	25,720 27,713 33,070 35,348	36,880 41,690 39,461 46,634	219,744 235,996 242,039 263,375	193,860 206,456 211,098 231,374	12,588	458 437 746 652	3,035	92,533 96,755 93,063 106,019	85,522 93,642 102,757 107,684	3,419	17,434 18,459 19,098 19,730	4./80
State member: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	15,950 37,871 32,566	1 i	19,240	1	8,145 9,731 10,822	24,688 48,084 43,879	22,259 44,730 40,505	3, 4, 3,978	739 411 15	621 8,166 381	13,874 24,168 27,068	4,025 7,986 9,062	1 130 9	2,246 2,945 3,055	1,502 1,867 1,918
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	74,972 77,377 78,908 85,128	51,262 54,560 55,070 58,513	12,645 11,569 11,091 12,649	11,065 11,247 12,747 13,966	15,934 19,049 17,931 22,312	93,640 99,504 100,232 111,188	81,657 85,547 86,432 95,637	5,390 6,200 5,837 6,934	382 357 567 516	1,606 1,397 1,379 1,489	39,598 41,464 39,482 45,961	34,680 36,129 39,166 40,736	1,607 1,498 1,501 1,892	7,492 7,819 8,140 8,368	1 1,328
Insured nonmember commercial: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	5,776 14,639 16,444	3,241 2,992 4,958	1,509 10,584 10,039	1,025 1,063 1,448	2,668 4,448 4,083	8,708 19,256 20,691	7,702 18,119 19,340	12 24 262	29 44 4	53 1,560 149	4,162 10,635 12,366	3,360 5,680 6,558	6 7 7	959 1,083 1,271	6,810 6,416 6,478
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	52,028 56,857 59,505 64,449	30,310 33,636 35,912 37,675	14,137 13,873 13,243 15,146	7,581 9,349 10,350 11,629	7,513 7,777 7,154 8,403	60,679 65,921 68,049 74,328	54,806 59,434 61,216 67,107	695 709 611 786	83 87 85 89	618 543 555 588	27,528 28,471 27,445 31,004	25,882 29,625 32,519 34,640	91 99 130 162	4,912 5,342 5,617 5,830	7,320 7,384 7,418 7,440
Noninsured nonmember commercial: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 316.	1,457 2,211 2,009	455 318 474	761 1,693 1,280	241 200 255	763 514 576	2,283 2,768 2,643	1,872 2,452 2,251	32 18 177	29 31 185	1 1 18	,291 ,905 1,392	253 365 478	13 4 4	329 279 325	852 714 783
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	2,455 2,400 2,376 2,638	1,549 1,570 1,517 1,735	418 367 354 370	489 463 506 533	572 604 513 579	3,200 3,171 3,071 3,404	2,113 2,073 2,058 2,172	277 274 251 285	85 86 69 58	17 17 16 15	1,121 1,062 1,057 1,081	612 633 664 733	147 142 116 246	434 434 430 457	263 233 218 211
Nonmember commercial: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	7,233 16,849 18,454	3,696 3,310 5,432	2,270 12,277 11,318	1,266 1,262 1,703	3,431 4,962 4,659	10,992 22,024 23,334	9,573 20,571 21,591	45 42 439		14	,504 ,101 13,758	3,613 6,045 7,036	18 11 12	1,288 1,362 1,596	7,662 7,130 7,261
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	54,483 59,257 61,882 67,087	31,858 35,206 37,429 39,409	14,555 14,239 13,597 15,516	8,070 9,812 10,855 12,162	8,085 8,381 7,667 8,983	63,879 69,092 71,119 77,732	56,919 61,506 63,274 69,279	972 983 862 1,071	168 173 154 147	635 560 571 603	28,649 29,532 28,502 32,085	26,495 30,258 33,183 35,372	238 241 246 408	5,345 5,776 6,048 6,286	7,636

For notes see p. A-22.

### PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER, BY CLASS OF BANK—Continued

(Amounts in millions of dollars)

	Loar	ns and in	vestment	s		Total			Dep	osit					
Class of			Secur	ities	Cash	assets— Total lia-		Interl	ank <sup>3</sup>		Other		Bor-	Total	Num- ber
bank and call date	Total	Loans	U.S.		assets 3	bilities and capital	Total <sup>3</sup>	De-		Der	nand		row- ings	capital ac- counts	of banks
		1,2	Govt.	Other 2		ac- counts 2		mand	Time	U.S. Govt.	Other	Time			
Insured mutual savings: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	1,693 10,846 12,683	3,081	7,160	421 606 958	151 429 675	1,958 11,424 13,499	10,363			<u>1</u> 2	2	1,789 10,351 12,192		1.034	192
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	48,735 51,267 53,785 55,936	39,964 42,591 44,147	3,760 3,324 3,034	5,352 6,604	847 1,015	53,047	45,887 48,254 50,877		1	7 6 6 6	359 381 445	45,520 47,865 50,424 52,474	91 69 42	3,957 4,140 4,191	329 330 332
Noninsured mutual savings: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 316	8,687 5,361 5,957	4,259 1,198 1,384	3,522	641	642 180 211	5,596	5,022			2	2	5.020	6	558	350
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	7,526 7,756 8,113 8,295	5,705	1,710 1,429 1,269 1,169	621 972	113 119 136 115	7,961 8,343	7,096 7,383			1	8 19 36 20	6,865 7,076 7,346 7,563		706 732 742 749	174 171

1 See table "Deposits Accumulated at Commercial Banks for Payment of Personal Loans" and its notes on p. A-23.

2 Beginning June 30, 1966, loans to farmers directly guaranteed by CCC were reclassified as securities, and Export-Import Bank portfolio fund participations were reclassified from loans to securities. This reduced "Total loans" and increased "Other securities" by about \$1 billion. "Total loans" include Federal funds sold, and beginning with June 1967 securities purchased under resale agreements, figures for which are shown for commercial banks on pp. A-24 and A-25.

3 Reciprocal balances excluded beginning with 1942.

4 Includes other assets and liabilities not shown separately.

5 Figures for mutual savings banks include relatively small amounts of demand deposits. Beginning with June 1961, also includes certain accounts previously classified as other liabilities.

6 Beginning with Dec. 31, 1947, the series was revised; for description, see note 4, p. 587, May 1964 BULLETIN.

7 Regarding reclassification of New York City and Chicago as reserve cities, see Aug. 1962 BULLETIN, p. 993. For various changes between reserve city and country status in 1960-63, see note 6, p. 587, May 1964 BULLETIN.

8 Beginning with May 18, 1964, one New York City country bank with loans and investments of \$1,034 million and total deposits of \$982 million was reclassified as a reserve city bank. Beginning with May 13, 1965, Toledo, Ohio, reserve city banks with total loans and investments of \$530 million and total deposits of \$576 million were reclassified as country

Note.—Data are for all commercial and mutual savings banks in the United States (including Alaska and Hawaii, beginning with 1959). For definition on "commercial banks" as used in this table, and for other banks that are included under member banks, see Note, p. 643, May 1964

banks that are included under member banks, see Note, p. 643, May 1964 BULLETIN.

Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in F.R. membership, deposit insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

Data for national banks for Dec. 31, 1965, have been adjusted to make them comparable with State bank data.

Figures are partly estimated except on call dates.

For revisions in series before June 30, 1947, see July 1947 BULLETIN, pp. 870-71.

# LOANS AND INVESTMENTS AT COMMERCIAL BANKS

(In billions of dollars)

		Seasonally	adjusted			Not seasona	lly adjusted	
Period			Secu	rities			Secu	rities
	Total <sup>1</sup> , <sup>2</sup>	Loans 1,2	U.S. Govt.	Other 2	Total <sup>1</sup> , <sup>2</sup>	Loans <sup>1</sup> , <sup>2</sup>	U.S. Govt.	Other 2
1959—Dec. 31	185.9 194.5	107.5 113.8	57.9 59.8	20.5 20.8	189.5 198.5	110.0 116.7	58.9 61.0	20.5 20.9
1961—Dec, 30	209.6 227.9 246.2 267.2 294.4 310.2	120.5 134.1 149.7 167.7 192.4 207.8	65.2 64.5 61.5 60.7 57.3 53.7	23,9 29,2 35.0 38.7 44.8 48.7	214.4 233.6 252.4 273.9 301.8 317.9	123.9 137.9 153.9 172.1 197.4 213.0	66.6 66.4 63.4 63.0 59.5 56.2	23.9 29.3 35.1 38.8 44.9 48.8
1967—May 31.  June 30.  July 26.  Aug. 30.  Sept. 27.  Oct. 25.  Nov. 29.  Dec. 31.	324.6 325.6 332.4 337.3 339.5 342.6 344.4 345.9	213.5 213.9 217.1 218.2 220.2 221.8 222.3 224.9	56.1 55.4 58.8 61.8 61.6 62.3 61.8	55.0 56.3 56.5 57.3 57.7 58.6 60.3 61.4	323.6 329.5 331.8 334.2 338.8 341.6 344.1 354.5	213.1 218.6 218.0 217.3 220.4 220.2 221.5 230.5	55.8 54.2 57.1 59.1 60.1 62.4 62.9 62.5	54.7 56.7 56.7 57.8 58.3 59.0 59.8 61.5
1968—Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 24 <sup>rp</sup> May 29 <sup>p</sup>	349.0 353.0 351.8 354.6 356.3	227.5 228.7 228.5 231.9 232.0	59.1 61.8 59.9 59.2 60.7	62.4 62.6 63.5 63.4 63.5	350.1 350.6 351.1 353.9 354.5	226.1 225.2 226.9 230.5 231.1	62.2 63.2 61.1 59.5 60.0	61.7 62.2 63.1 63.8 63.4

Note.—Data are for last Wed, of month except for June 30 and Dec. 31; data are partly or wholly estimated except when June 30 and Dec. 31 are call dates.

The data in this table are revised. For a description of the revision and for back data beginning with January 1959, see the Sept. 1967 Bulletin, pp. 1511-17; for data for 1948-58 see the Aug. 1966 Bulletin, pp. 952-55. For a description of the semiannually adjusted series, see the July 1962 Bulletin, pp. 797-802.

#### DEPOSITS ACCUMULATED AT COMMERCIAL BANKS FOR PAYMENT OF PERSONAL LOANS

(In millions of dollars)

Class of bank	June 30, 1966	Dec. 31, 1966	June 30, 1967	Dec. 30, 1967	Class of bank	June 30, 1966	Dec. 31, 1966	June 30, 1967	Dec. 30, 1967
All commercial	1,150 678 193 870					532 280 279	370 571 283 282	389 591 291 291	362 617 304 304

Note.—These hypothecated deposits are excluded from "Time deposits" and "Loans" at all commercial banks beginning with June 30, 1966, as follows: in the tables on pp. A-19—A-22; in the table at the top of this page; and in the tables on pp. A-26—A-29 (consumer instalment loans). These changes resulted from a change in the Federal Reserve regulations. See June 1966 BULLETIN, p. 808.

These deposits have not been deducted from "Loans" and "Time deposits" in the table on pp. A-21 and A-22, or from "Loans" and "Time deposits, IPC" in the tables on pp. A-24 and A-25.

Details may not add to totals because of rounding; also, mutual savings banks held \$166,000 of these deposits on June 30, 1966, \$268,000 on Dec. 31, 1966, \$244,000 on June 30, 1967, and \$94,000 on Dec. 30, 1967.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Adjusted to exclude interbank loans.

<sup>2</sup> Beginning June 9, 1966, about \$1.1 billion of balances accumulated for payment of personal loans were deducted as a result of a change in Federal Reserve regulations.

Beginning June 30, 1966, CCC certificates of interest and Export-Import Bank portfolio fund participation certificates totaling an estimated \$1 billion are included in "Other securities" rather than "Other loans."

#### LOANS AND INVESTMENTS BY CLASS OF BANK

(In millions of dollars)

<del></del> -					•		Other	loans 1							Invest	ments		
Class of bank and	Total loans 1 and	Fed- eral funds		Com- mer-	Agri-	For car secur	asing rying	T finar institu	ncial	Real	Other,			J.S. Gorsecur	vernmer	nt	State and	Other
call date	invest- ments	sold, etc. <sup>2</sup>	Total 3,4	cial and in- dus- trial	cul- tur- al 5	To bro- kers and deal- ers	To others	Banks	Others	es- tate	in- di- vid- uals <sup>3</sup>	Other 5	Total	Bills and certifi- cates	Notes	Bonds	local govt. secu- rities	secu- rities 5
Total: <sup>2</sup> 1947—Dec. 31 1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	116,284 306,060 323,885 336,129 361,186	2,103 2,544 3,944 4,057	38,057 199,555 216,405 221,280 233,180	18,167 71,437 80,598 84,539 88,443	1,660 8,212 8,555 9,333 9,270	830 5,258 5,821 4,598 6,215	1,220 3,231 3,203 3,326 3,780	115 2,158 2,189 1,784 1,902	13,302 12,234	9,393 49,300 53,950 55,275 58,525	47,943 49,530	5,215 5,183 5,065	56,163 54,233	9,982 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	6,034 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	5,276 38,655 41,003 46,873 50,006	6,201 7,769 9,799
All insured: 1941—Dec. 31., 1945—Dec. 31., 1947—Dec. 31.,	121,809		21,259 25,765 37,583	9,214 9,461 18,012	1,450 1,314 1,610	614 3,164 823	662 3,606 1,190	49		4,773 4,677 9,266	4,5 2,361 5,654	  05  1,132   914	21,046 88,912 67,941	988 21,526 9,676	3,159 16,045 5,918	16,899 51,342 52,347	3,651 3,873 5,129	3,333 3,258 3,621
1965—Dec. 31., 1966—Dec. 31., 1967—June 30., Dec. 30.,	303,593 321,473 333,742 358,536	2,064 2,461 3,874 3,919	198,045 214,918 219,833 231,583	70,887 80,060 84,013 87,870	8,191 8,536 9,313 9,250	5,088 5,643 4,383 6,017	3,172 3,148 3,273 3,719	2,093 2,131 1,701 1,848	13,148 13,148 12,114 12,394	49,026 53,686 55,056 58,209	45,290 47,770 49,359	5,155 5,127 5,017	59,120 55,788 53,871	13,134 12,080 8,563	13,233 13,439 14,653	33,858 31,536 31,918		5,945 7,545 9,558 11,204
Member, total: 1941—Dec. 31., 1945—Dec. 31., 1947—Dec. 31.,	43,521 107,183		18,021 22,775	8,671 8,949 16,962	972 855	594 3,133	598	39 47 113		3,494 3,455 7,130	3,6 1,900 4,662	53 1,057 839	19,539 78,338 57,914	971 19,260 7,803	3,007 14,271 4,815	15,561 44,807 45,295	3,090 3,254 4,199	2,871 2,815 3,105
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	264,627 274,247	1,861 2,119 3,377 3,438	167,939 181,624 184,418 194,389	63,979 72,553 75,921 79,344	5,099 5,318 5,737 5,702	4,915 5,389 4,175 5,820	2,714 2,660 2,743 3,099	2,008 2,047 1,620 1,754	111,354	38,988 42,384 43,130 45,528	138.912	14.630	140.636	15.769	9,789	26,367 24,609 24,855 n.a.	33,800	5,160 6,731
New York City: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	12,896 26,143 20,393		4,072 7,334 7,179	2,807 3,044 5,361	1	412 2,453 545	169 1,172 267	32 26 93		123 80 111	52 287 564	22 272 238	7,265 17,574 11,972	311 3,910 1,642	1,623 3,325 558	5,331 10,339 9,772	729 606 638	629
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	44,763 46,536 47,701 52,141	412 109 423 415	32,713 35,832 36,018	18,075 21,214 22,352 23,183	1 14	2,866 3,109 2,579 3,874	665 598 644 831	1,010 1,025 791 914	3,471 3,265 3,084 2,990	3,139 3,465 3,364 3,431	2,928 2,799 2,889 3,099	1,340 1,209 1,169 1,285	5,203 4,920 5,048 6,027	1,871	987 942 1,753 n.a.		5,879 4,967 5,485 6,318	708 728
City of Chicago: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	2,760 5,931 5,088		954 1,333 1,801	760	6 2 3	48 211 73	52 233 87	1		22 36 46	51	) 15	1,430 4,213	256 1,600 367	153 749 248	1,864	181 213	204 185
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	11,455 11,802 12,133 12,744	31 192		4,642 5,311 5,562 5,714	32 64 41 46	309	244 222 205 220	188 181 174 162	1,019	577 622 671 675	762 751 741 754	316 273 281 241		542 353 308 n.a.	273 256 385 n.a.	961 1,004 951 n.a.	1,400 1,328 1,434 1,487	174
Other reserve city: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	15,347 40,108 36,040		7,105 8,514 13,449	3.661	205	427	194 1,503 484	4 17 15		1,527 1,459 3,147	855	387	6,467 29,552 20,196	I 8.016	751 5,653 1,901	5,421 15,883 15,563	956 1,126 1,342	820 916 1,053
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	1 99,850	471 817 1,168 1,219	64,646 69,017 68,987 72,713	24,784 28,090 28,887 30,609	1,206 1,251 1,360 1,311	1 004	1,108 1,079 1,064 1,143	635 684 539 578	5,820 5,748 5,323 5,446	15,056 16,044 16,098 16,969	14,305 14,375 14,548 15,047	1,999 1,968 1,798 2,148	14,354 13,040 12,455 14,667	2,972 2,552 1,539 n.a.	3,281 2,673 2,918 n.a.	8,222 8,360	11,504 12,033 15,240 15,376	1,294
Country: 1941—Dec. 31., 1945—Dec. 31., 1947—Dec. 31.,	12,518 35,002 36,324		5,890 5,596 10,199	1,676 1,484 3,096	659 648 818	20 42	183 471 227	2 4 5		1,823 1,881 3,827	707	28 359 224	4,377 26,999 22,857	110 5,732 3,063	481 4,544 2,108	3,787 16,722 17,687	1,222 1,342 2,006	1,028 1,067 1,262
1965—Dec. 31., 1966—Dec. 31., 1967—June 30., Dec. 30.,	103.362	905	62.433	16,478 17,938 19,120 19,839	3,840 3,986 4,323	1 291	698 761 830 906		1,983 2,175 1,928 2,200	20,217 22,253 22,996 24,453	18,423 20,000 20,735	1,177 1,307 1,383	23,735 22,419 21,557	4,389 3,791 2,706	5,565 5,917 5,915 n.a.	14,098 13,096 13,270 n.a.	13,805 15,473 16,926 18,338	3,804
Nonmember: 1947—Dec. 31 1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	18,454 54,483 59,257 61,882	242 425 567	5,432 31,616 34,781 36,862	7,458 8,045	614 3,113 3,237 3,596 3,568	343 431 423	156 516 543 583 681	2 151 142 164 148	953 879	2,266 10,312 11,566 12,145 12,997	10,018	427	11,318 14,555 14,239 13,597 15,516	n.a.	1,219 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a. n.a.	6,067 7,203 7,787	625 2,003 2,609 73,068 3,676

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Beginning with June 30, 1948, figures for various loan items are shown gross (i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total and are not entirely comparable with prior figures. Total loans continue to be shown net.

<sup>2</sup> Includes securities purchased under resale agreements prior to June 30, 1967—they were in loans, for the most part in loans to banks. Prior to Dec. 1965, Federal funds sold were included with total loans and loans to banks.

<sup>3</sup> See table (and notes) entitled Deposits Accumulated at Commercial Banks for Payment of Personal Loans, p. A-23.

<sup>4</sup> Breakdowns of loan investment and deposit classifications are not

available before 1947; summary figures for earlier dates appear in the preceding table.

5 Beginning with June 30, 1966, loans to farmers directly guaranteed by CCC were reclassified as "Other securities," and Export-Import Bank portfolio fund participations were reclassified from loans to "Other securities." This increased "Other securities" by about \$1 billion.

6 Beginning with Dec. 31, 1965, components shown at par rather than at book value; they do not add to the total (shown at book value) and are not entirely comparable with prior figures.

For other notes see opposite page.

# RESERVES AND LIABILITIES BY CLASS OF BANK

(In millions of dollars)

							Deman	d deposi	to			Time de	enosite			
	Re-	C	Bal-	De-	Inta-1			- achosi				A I I I I I I				C
Class of bank and call date	serves with F.R. Banks	Cur- rency and coin	ances with do- mestic banks 7	mand de- posits ad- justed <sup>8</sup>	Do- mestic 7	For- eign 9	U.S. Govt,	State and local govt.	Certi- fied and offi- cers' checks, etc.	IPC	Inter- bank	U.S. Govt. and Postal Sav- ings	State and local govt.	IPC3	Bor- row- ings	Capi- tal ac- counts
Total: <sup>3</sup> 1947—Dec, 31 1965—Dec, 31 1966—Dec, 31 1967—June 30 Dec, 30	17,796 17,992 19,069 18,999 20,275	2,216 4,851 5,450 4,854 5,931	10,216 15,300 15,870 14,524 17,490	87,123 140,936 142,104 137,267 153,253	11,362 16,794 17,867 16,338 19,853	1,430 1,632 1,904 1,691 2,029	5,525 4,992 5,152	6,799 14,244 15,047 15,207 15,564	2,581 5,978 7,051 7,527 8,677	84,987 140,558 145,653 138,314 159,825	240 1,008 967 1,468 1,316	207	113,009	34,383 134,247 146,329 159,170 167,634	15,166	33,283
All insured: 1941—Dec, 31 1945—Dec, 31 1947—Dec, 31	15,810	1,829	8,570 11,075 9,736	74,722	9,823 12,566 11,236	673 1,248 1,379	1,762 23,740 1,325	3,677 5,098 6,692	1,077 2,585 2,559	36,544 72,593 83,723	158 70 54	59 103 111	492 496 826	29,277	10 215 61	6,844 8,671 9,734
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	17,992 19,069 18,999 20,275	4,833 5,426 4,839 5,916	15,348 14,094	139,601 140,835 136,024 151,948	16.185	1,784 1,593	5,508 4,975 5,135 5,219	14,152 14,951 15,108 15,471	5,913 6,956 7,420 8,608	139,594 144,782 137,463 158,905	923 881 1,399 1,258	238 267	13,414 15.614	133,686 145,744 158,560 166,956	4,717	31,609
Member, total: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	12,396 15,811 17,797	1,087 1,438 1,672	6,246 7,117 6,270	33,754 64,184 73,528	9,714 12,333 10,978	671 1,243 1,375	1,709 22,179 1,176	3,066 4,240 5,504	1,009 2,450 2,401	33,061 62,950 72,704	140 64 50	50 99 105	399	23,712	4 208 54	5,886 7,589 8,464
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	17,992 19,069 18,999 20,275	3,757 4,249 3,728 4,646	8,957 9,400 8,686 10,550	112,569 112,920 109,132 121,530	15,977 17,051 15,610 18,951	1,477 1,736 1,557 1,861	4,890 4,432 4,580 4,631	10,840 11,406 11,566 11,857	6.396	115,905 120,417 114,123 132,184	840 794 1,314 1,169	236 213 239 235	10,041 10,983 12,747 12,856	109,925 118,576 128,936 135,329	4,234 4,618 4,920 5,370	24,926 26,278 27,237 28,098
New York City: 1941—Dec, 31 1945—Dec, 31 1947—Dec, 31	1 1	93 111 151	141 78 70	10,761 15,065 16,653	3,595 3,535 3,236	607 1,105 1,217	866 6,940 267	319 237 290	450 1,338 1,105	11,282 15,712 17,646	6 17 12	 10 12	29 20 14		195	1,648
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	3,788	310 326 279 397	122 201 188 476	18,190 18,013 17,459 20,004	4,191 5,105 5,072 5,900	1,111	1,271 1,016 1,021 1,084	620 608 796 890	2,937 3,814 4,086 4,748	20,708 22,113 20,774 25,644	522 467 817 741	84 83 85 70	918 1,129	16,447 17,772	1,987 1,874 1,841 1,880	5,114 5,298 5,604 5,715
City of Chicago: 1941—Dec, 31 1945—Dec, 31 1947—Dec, 31	1,021 942 1,070	43 36 30		2,215 3,153 3,737	1,027 1,292 1,196	8 20 21	127 1,552 72	233 237 285	34 66 63	2,152 3,160 3,853		 2		476 719 902		288 377 426
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	1,042 815 954 1,105	73 92 80 94	151 136 153 151	4,571 4,502 4,370 4,758	1,377 1,362 1,209 1,357	59 71 62 77	345 310 299 267	328 286 307 283	126 146 169 217	5,202 5,575 5,061 5,751	39 25 20 21	4 I I 2	356 470	4,541	355 484 359 383	1,132 1,199 1,224 1,346
Other reserve city; 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31	4,060 6,326 7,095	425 494 562	2,590 2,174 2,125	11,117 22,372 25,714	4,302 6,307 5,497	54 110 131	491 8,221 405	1,144 1,763 2,282	286 611 705	11,127 22,281 26,003	104 30 22	20 38 45	243 160 332	4,542 9,563 11,045	 2 1	1,967 2,566 2,844
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	8,353 8,084	1,326	2,165	37,703 37,572 36,147 39,957	7,325	330 343 342 390	1,773 1,633 1,880 1,715	3,532 3,708 3,399 3,542	1,180 1,274 1,380 1,580	42,380 44,022 41,617 48,165	206 233 370 310	71 57 78 80	4,960 5,450 6,094 5,830	44,204 48,130	II .952	9,472
Country: 1941—Dec, 31 1945—Dec, 31 1947—Dec, 31	2,210 4,527 4,993	526 796 929	3,216 4,665 3,900	9,661 23,595 27,424	790 1,199 1,049		225 5,465 432	1,370 2,004 2,647	239 435 528	8,500 21,797 25,203	30 17 17	31 52 45	146 219 337	6,082 12,224 14,177	4 11 23	2,525
1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30	5,565	2,235 2,506 2,237 2,704	6,344 6,545 6,180 7,117	52,104 52,832 51,156 56,812	2,317 2,335 2,005 2,709	54 57 42 57	1,501 1,474 1,380 1,564	6,360 6,805 7,064 7,142	1,143 1,161 1,222 1,395	47,615 48,706 46,670 52,624	74 69 106 96	77 71 75 83	4,064 4,260 5,054 5,272	47,534 53,384 57,819 60,830	343 308 611 552	9,673 10,309 10,655 11,005
Nonmember: 3 1947—Dec, 31 1965—Dec, 31 1966—Dec, 31 1967—June 30 Dec. 30		544 1,093 1,201 1,126 1,285	}	13,595 28,367 29,184 28,135 31,723		55 155	167 635 560 571	1,295 3,404 3,641 3,641 3,707	180	12,284 24,653 25,237 24,191 27,641	190 168 173 154 147	6 27 26 28 32	2,479 2,921	6 959	1	1,596 5,345 5,776 6,048 6,286

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Beginning with 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances.

<sup>8</sup> Through 1960 demand deposits other than interbank and U.S. Govt., less cash items in process of collection; beginning with 1961, demand deposits other than domestic commercial interbank and U.S. Govt., less cash items in process of collection.

<sup>9</sup> For reclassification of certain deposits in 1961, see note 6, p. 589, May 1964 BULLETIN.

NOTE.—Data are for all commercial banks in the United States. (For definition of "commercial banks" as used in this table and for other banks

that are included under member banks, see Note, p. 589, May 1964 BULLETIN.) These figures exclude data for banks in U.S. possessions except for member banks. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in F.R. membership, deposit insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

Data for national banks for Dec. 31, 1965, have been adjusted to make them comparable with State bank data.

For other notes see opposite page.

# ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF LARGE COMMERCIAL BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

				_						Loans	2	•				•	<del></del>
		Loans 1					chasing securif		To f	inancial	institut	ions					
Wednesday	Total loans and invest-	net of valua- tion re-	Com- mer- cial	Agri-	To br and d	okers ealers	Тос	other	Ва	nks	Non	bank	Real	Con- sumer	For-	Ąll	Valua- tion
	ments 1	serves	and indus- trial	cul- tural	U.S. Govt. se- curi- ties	Other se- curi- ties	U.S. Govt. se- curi- ties	Other se- curi- ties	For- eign	Do- mes- tic com- mer- cial	Pers. and sales finan, cos., etc.	Other	estate	instal- ment	eign govts.	other	re- serves
Large banks— Total																	
May 3 10 17 24 31	192,057 192,241 191,642	137,466 135,977 136,365 135,826 136,623	62,648 62,185 62,261 62,042 61,836	1,872 1,870 1,878 1,879 1,884	939 1,008 903	3,219 3,005	66 68 67 65 68	2,135 2,151 2,149	1 1 149	3,229 2,855 3,006 3,253 3,517	5,400 5.225	4,102 4,060 4,098 4,035 4,086	27,263	15,819 15,837 15,849 15,860 15,901	1,085 1,082 1,079 1,070 1,055	10,727 10,717 10,733 10,674 10,754	2,955
1968 Apr. 3 10 17 24	206,810 209,203 209,804 208,402	145,328 147,500 148,148 147,185	67,013 67,176 67,859 67,573	1,957 1,959 1,969 1,972	684 1,371 809 901	3,446 3,413 3,417 3,475	98 101 97 93	2,349 2,356	1,334 1,359 1,343 1,339	3,924	5,291 5,364 5,878 5,302	4,306 4,308 4,352 4,392	29,268 29,328 29,453 29,507	16,503 16,569 16,616 16,680	[ 1,114]	11,979 12,029 12,173 12,124	3,212
May 1, 8, 15, 22, 29,	210,179 209,294	148,580 147,738 148,461 148,135 147,837	67,757 67,431 67,610 67,427 67,054	1,983	801 849 702 563 645	3,694 3,563 3,641 3,702 3,637	116 96 96 99 97	2,346 2,345 2,346	1,362   1,374	3,949 4,191	5,377 5,646 5,196	4,458 4,375 4,360 4,437 4,463	29,543 29,586 29,721 29,770 29,844	16,733 16,776 16,838 16,872 16,959	1,050 1,063 1,060 1,069 1,089	12,161 12,116 12,099	3,214
New York City 1967						,						:					
May 3 10 17 24 31	44,504 44,034 43,860 43,632 43,909	33,381	20,988	14 14 14 14 15	370	1,897 1,846 1,687	01 11 11 9		708 705 704 703 721	676 768 545 827 817	1,588 1,564 1,469	1,067 1,041 1,036 1,025 1,035	2,937 2,952 2,969 2,964 2,975	1,225 1,225 1,227 1,222 1,222	696 690 689 684 678	1,773 1,753	841 840 840 840 838
1968 Apr. 3 10	47,537 47,639	35,794 35,843	22,513 22,473	21 19	430 679	1.973	13 12	721 718	659 680	687 483	1,471 1.554	1,145	2.963	1.250	726 736	2,065	942 942
17 24 May 1	48,374 47,248 47,785	35,794 35,843 36,895 35,944 36,669	22, 582	20 19 20	1 318	1,934	11		667 669	1,307 886 1,078		1,142 1,138 1,137 1,159	2,975 3,002 3,002 2,983	1,268	766 742 724	2,090 2,056 2,084	942 943 943
8 15 22 29	47,227 47,646 47,510 47,774	36,384 36,629	22,366 22,388	20 20 19 19	402 319 330	2,044 2,179 2,272	11 11 13 13	720 724 730	709	1,395 1,308 1,466	1,435 1,702 1,394	1,107	2,994 3,016 3,023 3,052	1 284	728 729 725 737	2,112	943
Outside New York City												'					
1967  May 3 10 17 24 31	148,381 148,010	103,301 102,271 102,883 102,445 102,984	41,451 41,241 41,273 41,147 41,079	1,858 1,856 1,864 1,865 1,869	811 600 638 538 540	1,449 1,387 1,373 1,318 1,343	56 57 56 56 58	1,541 1,536 1,545 1,538 1,538	628 644 635 655 677	2,087 2,461 2,426	3,950 3,814 3,836 3,756 3,879	3.010	24,150 24,200 24,264 24,299 24,320	14,594 14,612 14,622 14,638 14,679	389 392 390 386 377	8,928	2,118 2,116
1968									675						333	9,914	
Apr. 3 10 17 24	161,564 161,430	111,657 111,253 111,241	44,500 44,703 45,118 45,005	1,940	692 491 467	1,374 1,440 1,361 1,541	89 85 82	1,631 1,634	679 676 670	3,826 2,617	3,810 4,137	3,166 3,214 3,255		15,318 15,359	342 348 329	9,939 10,083	2,271 2,270
15 22	161,680 161,574 162,533 161,784 161,199	111,832	45,222	1,970 1,966 1,964	383 233		91 85 85 86 84	1,626	668	2,554 2,883 2,942	3,944	3,275	26,560 26,592 26,705 26,747 26,792	15,492 15,552 15,589	326 335 331 344 352	10,049 10,047 10,052	2,271 2,271 2,268

For notes see p. A-29.

# ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF LARGE COMMERCIAL BANKS-Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Investments										Cash assets							
U.S. Government securities			Other securities  Obligations					Balances with									
Total	Bills	Cer-		Notes and bo maturing-		of States and political subdiv.		Other bonds, corp. stocks and securities		Total	Cash items in process of			Cur- rency and coin	Re- serves with F.R.	All other assets	Wednesday
		cates	With- in 1 yr.	1 to 5 yrs,	After 5 yrs.	Tax war- rants <sup>3</sup>	All other	Certif. of partici- pation4	Other secu- rities		collec- tion	Do- mestic banks	For- eign banks		Banks		
																	Large banks— total
25,326 25,164 24,982 24,813 25,398	3,470 3,181 3,003	309 309 287 282 277	3,103 2,813	12,415 12,414 12,823 12,973 12,919	5,936 5,868 5,878 5,818 5,818	3,605 3,544 3,495 3,484 3,511	23,054 23,227 23,296 23,322 23,445	1,350 1,439 1,400 1,429 1,241	2,698 2,706 2,703 2,768 2,675	42,239 39,646 42,074 39,909 44,838	18,228 20,456 18,883	4.002	207 229 216 229 217	2,547 2,660	15,559 14,631 14,637 14,399 15,405	8,094	1967 May 3 10 17 24
27,208	3,785		4,019	14,056	5,348	4,203	25,985	1,422	2,664	46,955	23,275	4,259	203	2,667	16,551	9,357	1968 Apr. 3
27,208 27,089 26,606 26,120	3,376 3,376 2,908		3,963 3,896 3,913	14,060 13,962 13,985	5,372	4,295 4,640 4,597	26,324 26,390 26,462	1,422 1,325 1,341 1,336	2,664 2,670 2,679 2,702	46,955 49,372 47,770 44,131	23,275 26,738 23,821 21,999	4,242 4,404 4,200	206 221 209	2,882 2,902	16,551 15,425 16,442 14,821	9,487	10
26,005 26,293 27,294 26,756 26,494	2,795 2,878 2,980 2,687 2,552		3,935 4,195 4,034 4,301 4,406	13,984 13,773 14,257 13,700 13,506	5,291 5,447 6,023 6,068 6,030	4,382 4,149 3,896 3,924 4,047	26,363 26,557 26,502 26,522 26,632	1,315 1,287 1,293 1,285 1,281	2,820 2,777 2,733 2,672 2,682	48,772 43,943 49,109 44,893 45,278	24,331 22,058 25,775 22,588 22,730	4,360 3,963	212 219 215 214 210	2,722	17,183 15,063 16,037 15,336 15,564	9,712 9,574 9,500	May 1152229
					; 												New York City
4,632	949	94	524	1,836	1,229	763	4,121	178	645	11,856	6,726	207	85	313	4,525 3,711	2,939	1967 May 3
4,647 4,852 4,744 4,840	988 1,001 896 998	95 91 91 90	535 528	1,829 1,995 2,018 2,024	1,229 1,215 1,230 1,211 1,198	686 603 608 599	4,176 4,121 4,088 4,112	171	641 631 633 630	10,937 11,970 12,363 15,109	6,569 7,183 7,822 9,580	276 196	102 94 97 97	322 317 325 331	4,100 3,923	2,909	May 310172431
5,134 5,066 4,504 4,323	1,218 1,161 726 607		655 644 552 520	2,037 2,030 1,983 2,015			4,303 4,393 4,438 4,446	41 55 60 60	655 652 640 650	14,331 18,857 13,334 13,636	9,195 13,412 8,489 8,912	286	97 94 119 108	375 368 369 365	4,702 4,071	3,207 3,319	Apr. 3 10 17 24
4,392 4,521 4,838 4,700 4,704	590 768 653		541 735 746 803 778	2,031 1,881 1,873 1,749 1,734	1,182 1,315 1,451 1,495 1,492	1,558 1,147 1,056 1,116 1,210	4,397 4,418 4,405 4,433 4,449	63 60 59 56 59	706 697 659 621 615	15,093 13,550 15,297 13,993 14,267	9,828 9,338 10,529 9,642 9,714	269	103 109 105 107 102	352 354 348 345 327	3,509	3,448 3,376 3,346	May 18152229
													- Control of the Cont				Outside New York City
20.504		215		40 470	. 505	2.042	10.022		2.052	20. 202	11 160	1 040	122	2 110	11.024	5,315	1967
20,694 20,517 20,130 20,069 20,558	2,180	215 214 196 191 187	2,583 2,278 2,209	10,579 10,585 10,828 10,955 10,895	4,653 4,648 4,607	2,876	18,933 19,051 19,175 19,234 19,333	1,201	2,053 2,065 2,072 2,135 2,045	30,383 28,709 30,104 27,546 29,729	13,168 11,659 13,273 11,061 12,935	3,949 3,769 3,942 3,542 3,838	122 127 122 132 120	2,234 2,230 2,335 2,275	11,034 10,920 10,537 10,476 10,561	5,285 5,190 5,196 5,422	May 3101724
22,074	2,567		3,364	12,019 12,030	4,124	2,593 2,665	21,682	1,381	2,009	32,624 30,515	14,080	3,982	106	2,292	12,164	6,108	1968 Apr. 3
	2,301		3,393	11,979	4.129	2,665 2,803 2,772	21,682 21,931 21,952 22,016	1,2/6	2,018 2,039 2,052	30,515 34,436 30,495	13,087		112 102 101	2,513 2,513 2,537	12,164 10,723 12,371 10,802	6,086 6,084	10
21,613 21,772 22,456 22,056 21,790	2,157 2,288 2,212 2,034 1,852		3,394 3,460 3,288 3,498 3,628	11,892 12,384 11,951	4,132	2,840	21,966 22,139 22,097 22,089 22,183	1,252 1,227 1,234 1,229 1,222	2,114 2,080 2,074 2,051 2,067	33,679 30,393 33,812 30,900 31,011	14,503 12,720 15,246 12,946 13,016	4,061 3,696 4,031 3,694 3,804	109 110 110 107 108	2,374	12,676 11,554 12,051 11,706 11,705	6,264 6,198 6,154	May 1 8 15 22 29

For notes see p. A-29.

# ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF LARGE COMMERCIAL BANKS-Continued

(In millions of dollars)

								Dep	osits								
		Demand								Time							
Wednesday	Total unad- justed			States and		Do- mes-	Foreign			IPC		States and	Do-	For	eign		
		Total 5	IPC	polit- ical sub- divi- sions	U.S. Govt,	tic com- mer- cial banks	Govt., etc.6	Com- mer- cial banks	Total 7	Sav- ings	Other	polit- ical sub- divi- sions	mes- tic inter- bank	Govt., etc.	Com- mer- cial banks		
Large banks— Total 1967																	
	207,024 203,746 205,454 202,828 209,324	110,455 106,958 108,357 105,339 111,495	77,831 75,991 78,316 75,924 79,782	6,229 5,708 5,654 5,573 6,249	6,150 5,214 4,173 3,747 2,705	12,927 12,665 13,007 12,081 13,490	756 764 710 689 733	1,435 1,370 1,404 1,389 1,528	96,569 96,788 97,097 97,489 97,829	46,970 47,066 47,122 47,213 47,285	33,769 33,908 34,160 34,452 34,706	9,981 9,972 9,954 9,938 9,920	938 930 926 973 978	4,537 4,531 4,556 4,534 4,563	197 188 188 188 189		
Apr. 3 10 17 24	221,740 225,521 223,607 219,183	117,044 121,024 119,826 114,952	84,721 87,431 88,527 84,502	5,620 5,477 5,660 5,656	3,323 1,146 2,973 2,685	14,202 15,354 14,229 13,155	753 730 849 786	1,649 1,711 1,640 1,595	104,696 104,497 103,781 104,231	48,990 48,763 48,485 48,420	39,632 39,558 38,830 39,145	9,912 9,976 10,358 10,454	773 780 742 758	4,878 4,911 4,882 4,962	289 285 263 264		
May 1	225,397 218,660 223,759 219,029 219,278	121,317 114,332 119,663 114,881	86,147 81,574 85,750 82,487 83,860	5,844	5,208 4,060 4,184 4,209 3,107	13,394 13,788 14,088 13,340 13,135	755 719 794 759 771	1,674 1,641 1,692	104,080 104,328 104,096 104,148 104,170	48,424 48,421 48,466	39,113 39,246 39,148 39,277 39,295	10,437	735 736 725 713 695	4,949 4,877 4,878 4,791 4,773	264 257 255 253 238		
New York Cit 1967	i	Í	,	,	,	,		,		,	•	,		,			
May 3	46,705 45,625 45,969 46,236 49,313	1 28 123	18,390 17,722 18,420 17,978 19,161	463 319 317 295 435	1,999 1,507 1,116 918 686	3,643 3,669 3,847 3,674 4,517	609 609 551 543 581	958 947	17,523 17,502 17,561 17,683 17,844	4,678 4,692	8,251 8,243 8,277 8,351 8,469	812 790 786 788 817	602 597 594 634 640	3,025 3,029 3,049 3,043 3,045	104 94 95 94 93		
1968																	
Apr. 3	50,286 54,157 49,836 49,202	36,071 32,155	20,191 21,469 20,820 20,070	448 404 421 412	973 98 1,108 562	4,337 5,616 4,392 4,183	600 589 701 609	1,139	18,159 18,086 17,681 17,904	4,671	8,769 8,671 8,356 8,504	847 878 873 875	475 477 450 461	3,086 3,122 3,104 3,175	148 144 147 137		
May 1	51,630 49,062 50,551 49,481 49,915	31,247 32,826 31,835	20.351	1,070 447 469 430 461	1,023 797 1,011 940 726	4,196 4,593 4,500 4,433 4,493	591 551 609 567 614	1,221 1,158 1,128 1,193 1,209	'/ XIS	4,647 4,646 4,636 4,637 4,623	8,418 8,477 8,403 8,397 8,347	874 901 890 885 955	448 441 434 427 415	3,168 3,127 3,141 3,079 3,059	136 130 129 130 115		
Outside New York Cit 1967	v																
May 3	160,319 158,121 159,485 156,592 160,011	81,273 78,835 79,949 76,786 80,026	59,441 58,269 59,896 57,946 60,621	5,766 5,389 5,337 5,278 5,814	4,151 3,707 3,057 2,829 2,019	9,284 8,996 9,160 8,407 8,973	147 155 159 146 152	434 431 446 442 467	79,046 79,286 79,536 79,804 79,985	42,323 42,403 42,444 42,521 42,586	24,101	9,169 9,182 9,168 9,150 9,103	336 333 332 339 338	1,502 1,507 1,491	93 94		
1968 Apr. 3 10 17		84,917 84,953 87,671	64,530 65,962 67,707		2,350 1,048 1,865 2,123	9,865 9,738 9,837 8,972	153 141 148 177	503 506 501 506	86,411   86,100	44,239 44,052 43,814 43,756	30,887 30,474	9,065 9,098 9,485 9,579	298 303 292 297	1,792 1,789 1,778 1,787	141 141 116 127		
May 1		87,469 83,085 86,837 83,046	64,977 62,234	6,051 5,549 5,811 5,414 5,485	4,185 3,263 3,173 3,269 2,381	9,198 9,195 9,588 8,907 8,642	164 168 185 192 157	510 516 513 499 523	86,298 86,513 86,371 86,502	43,739 43,778 43,785 43,829 43,847	30,695 30,769 30,745 30,880 30,948	9,528 9,654 9,547 9,531 9,516	287 295 291 286 280	1,781 1,750 1,737 1,712 1,714	128 127 126 123		

For notes see opposite page.

# ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF LARGE COMMERCIAL BANKS—Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Borrowings				Total			Memo	oranda				
From	From	Other liabilities	Capital accounts	assets— Total liabilities and	Total loans	Total loans (net)	Demand	L	arge certifica of deposit	tes	Wednesday	
F.R. Banks	others			capital accounts	(net) adjusted <sup>8</sup>	adjusted and in- vestments 8	deposits adjusted 9	Total issued	Issued to IPC's	Issued to others		
											Large banks— Total	
110 13 127 	6,422 5,986 6,183 6,042 6,234	10,680 10,440 10,917 11,074 10,480	19,756 19,733 19,728 19,712 19,833	243,992 239,918 242,409 239,656 246,218	134,237 133,122 133,359 132,573 133,106	190,270 189,202 189,235 188,389 189,376	71,484 70,851 70,721 70,628 72,785	18,608 18,592 18,723 18,972 19,062	11,915 11,873 11,948 12,097 12,181	6,693 6,719 6,775 6,875 6,881	May 3	
614	6.760	12 212	20. 704	262 122	142.079	202 560	76 244	20 107		<b>7.</b> 206	1968	
514 219 538 620	6,762 8,193 8,575 7,711	13,312 13,114 13,495 13,738	20,794 20,807 20,764 20,768	263,122 267,854 266,979 262,020	142,078 143,191 144,224 143,562	203,560 204,894 205,880 204,779	76,244 77,786 78,803 77,113	20,307 20,196 19,499 19,788	12,911 12,779 12,107 12,380	7,396 7,417 7,392 7,408	Apr. 3101724	
539 143 724 206 335	7,655 8,547 8,873 8,577 8,270	13,507 14,162 14,477 14,858 14,839	20,938 20,944 21,029 21,017 21,055	268,036 262,456 268,862 263,687 263,777	144,872 143,789 144,270 143,727 143,667	205,757 204,852 205,988 204,886 204,803	78,384 74,426 75,616 74,744 76,136	19,708 19,748 19,528 19,540 19,543	12,319 12,337 12,174 12,169 12,128	7,389 7,411 7,354 7,371 7,415	May 18152229	
										•	New York City	
	2.332	4,878	5,384	59,299	33,489	43,828	16,814	6,461	4,306	2,155	1967	
	2,332 2,155 2,502 2,086 2,343	4,738 4,884 5,216 5,009	5,383 5,379 5,366 5,418	57,901 58,734 58,904 62,083	32,938 32,937 32,554 32,822	43,266 43,315 42,805 43,092	16,378 16,262 16,139 16,686	6,409 6,423 6,558 6,611	4,300 4,333 4,397 4,420	2,109 2,090 2,161 2,191	May 3	
											1968	
9 199	2,478 3,201 2,901 2,422	6,803 6,797 6,739 6,927	5,550 5,548 5,542 5,537	65,117 69,703 65,027 64,287	35,107 35,360 35,588 35,058	46,850 47,156 47,067 46,362	17,622 16,945 18,166 17,641	6,337 6,308 5,949 6,133	4,315 4,235 3,904 4,050	2,022 2,073 2,045 2,083	Apr. 3101724	
 172 75	2,597 2,492 2,745 2,158 2,233	6,551 7,073 7,114 7,490 7,385	5,600 5,598 5,737 5,720 5,713	66,378 64,225 66,319 64,849 65,321	35,591 34,989 35,321 35,118 35,203	46,707 45,832 46,338 46,044 46,240	18,801 16,519 16,786 16,820 17,381	6,063 6,066 5,979 5,945 5,873	4,008 4,030 3,965 3,959 3,861	2,055 2,036 2,014 1,986 2,012	May t8152229	
											Outside New York City	
											1967	
110 13 127 347	4,090 3,831 3,681 3,956 3,891	5,802 5,702 6,033 5,858 5,471	14,372 14,350 14,349 14,346 14,415	184,693 182,017 183,675 180,752 184,135	100,748 100,184 100,422 100,019 100,284	146,442 145,936 145,920 145,584 146,284	54,670 54,473 54,459 54,489 56,099	12,147 12,183 12,300 12,414 12,451	7,609 7,573 7,615 7,700 7,761	4,538 4,610 4,685 4,714 4,690	May 310172431	
514 219 529 421	4,284 4,992 5,674 5,289	6,509 6,317 6,756 6,811	15,244 15,259 15,222 15,231	198,005 198,151 201,952 197,733	106,971 107,831 108,636 108,504	156,710 157,738 158,813 158,417	58,622 60,841 60,637 59,472	13,970 13,888 13,550 13,655	8,596 8,544 8,203 8,330	5,374 5,344 5,347 5,325	Apr. 3 10 17	
539 143 552 206 260	5,058 6,055 6,128 6,419 6,037	6,956 7,089 7,363 7,368 7,454	15,338 15,346 15,292 15,297 15,342	201,658 198,231 202,543 198,838 198,456	109,281 108,800 108,949 108,609 108,464	159,050 159,020 159,650 158,842 158,563	59,583 57,907 58,830 57,924 58,755	13,645 13,682 13,549 13,595 13,670	8,311 8,307 8,209 8,210 8,267	5,334 5,375 5,340 5,385	May 18	

After deduction of valuation reserves, 2 Individual items shown gross.
 Includes short-term notes and bills (less than I year to maturity) issued by States and political subdivisions, 4 Federal agencies only.
 Includes certified and officers' checks, not shown separately.
 Deposits of foreign governments and official institutions, central banks, and international institutions.
 Includes U.S. Government and postal savings not shown separately.
 Exclusive of loans to domestic commercial banks.
 All demand deposits except U.S. Government and domestic commercial banks, less cash items in process of collection.

Note.—Beginning June 29, 1966, coverage of series was changed from Weekly Reporting Member Banks to Weekly Reporting Large Commercial Banks (earlier figures for 1966 are comparable with the new series). Also beginning June 29, 1966, detailed breakdown is shown of "All other loans," of "Other securities," and of ownership of time certificates of deposit in denominations of \$100,000 or more. For description of revisions, see Aug. 1966 BULLETIN, pp. 1137-40.

<sup>10</sup> Certificates of deposit issued in denominations of \$100,000 or more.

### COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF LARGE COMMERCIAL BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

		0	utstandir	ıg		Net change during—								
Industry			1968			1968			1968	1967		1967		
	May 29	May 22	May 15	May 8	May	May	Apr.	Mar.	1	IV	ш	2nd half	lst half	
Durable goods manufacturing: Primary metals	1,757 4,338 1,754 1,832 2,093	1,745 4,513 1,783 1,831 2,081	1,737 4,566 1,793 1,856 2,085	1,759	1,757	29 -272 -13 32 29	90 80 53 44 48	123 144 45 76 96	262 240 8 60 20	184 -248 -113 -103 -152	103 -382 -23 -178 10	287 - 630 - 136 - 281 - 142	253 887 47 409 175	
Food, liquor, and tobacco	2,186 2,157 1,423 2,473 1,745	2,254 2,162 1,433 2,445 1,752	2,221 2,181 1,526 2,460 1,760	2,257 2,154 1,535 2,441 1,751	2,303 2,146 1,516 2,443 1,772	-152 131 -17 -75 -20	-126 70 -6 91 23	86 168 11 96 55	-294 325 -13 116 14	587 -385 91 29 -35	28 -25 -204 -112 130	615 -410 -113 -83 -95	- 577 297 241 309 161	
Mining, including crude petroleum and natural gas Trade: Commodity dealers Cother wholesale Retail Transportation Communication Other public utilities Construction Services All other domestic loans Bankers' acceptances. Foreign commercial and industrial	4,727 1,157 3,134 3,660 4,800 976 1,950 2,696 5,381 6,922 818	4,818 1,153 3,180 3,725 4,765 948 2,033 2,694 5,348 7,015 743	4,706 1,142 3,213 3,722 4,725 961 2,048 2,665 5,314 7,071 815	4,703 1,149 3,217 3,641 4,722 964 2,033 2,628 5,305 7,107 803	4,711 1,186 3,222 3,765 4,717 986 2,041 2,616 5,320 7,110 873	-162 -65 -51 8 151 13 -49 99 111 -67 -115	182 -108 119 154 87 36 21 44 101 237 -150	92 -109 38 152 86 80 -122 52 99 58 106	397 -275 9 -28 147 -72 -419 42 181 100 -120	384 501 162 -11 333 9 110 -58 304 224 301	-220, 178, -66, 17, 95, -5, 148, -45, -83, 132, 253,	164 679 96 6 428 4 258 103 221 356 554	19547968272231095358114	
loans	2,745 60,724	2,649 61,070	2,681 61,248	2,678 61,088	2,688 61,424	67 506	-14 951	-18 1,392	48 652	-15 2,099	97 346	-112 1,753	-20 2,86	
Total commercial and industrial loans.	67,054	67,427	67,610	67,431	67,757	-519	1,060	1,456	695	2,446	-397	2,049	3,022	

See Note to table below.

# "TERM" COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF LARGE COMMERCIAL BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

				0	utstandin	ıg				Net change during—					
Industry	1968						19	67		1968		1967		1967	
·	<b>M</b> ay 29	Apr. 24	Mar. 27	Feb. 28	Jan. 31	Dec. 27	Nov. 29	Oct. 25	Sept. 27	l	IV	111	Ħ	2nd half	
Durable goods manufactur- ing:															
Primary metals	1,199 2,188 944	1,185 2,231 953	1,112 2,154 889	1,027 2,064 849	908 2,067 859	874 2,001 888	728 1,982 898	710 2,012 856	692 1,963 836	238 153 1	182 38 52	61 -156 1	113 64 —19	243 -118 53	
Other fabricated metal products Other durable goods Nondurable goods manufac-	733 1,003	696 991	692 994	670 984	667 1,006	675 1,017	673 992	672 965	671 1,006	-23	4 11	- 27	67 32	-16	
turing: Food, liquor, and tobacco.	817	813	876	865	818	758	733	718	728	118	30	37	40	67	
Textiles, apparel, and leather	556 1,176 1,583 1,062		555 71,164 1,613 1,061	524 71,195 1,544 1,049	485 1,200 1,538 1,048	465 1,256 1,532 1,070	455 1,240 1,484 1,017	450 1,178 1,546 1,031	421 1,154 1,522 1,026	90 -92 81 -9	44 102 10 44	-6 -124 53 102	39 53 7 34	38 -22 63 146	
Mining, including crude petroleum and natural gas Trade: Commodity dealers Other wholesale Retail Transportation Communication Other public utilities Construction Services All other domestic loans Foreign commercial and in-	4,152 111 637 1,105 3,610 432 749 737 2,268 864	731 737 72,243 877	74,047 115 585 1,098 73,503 412 710 706 72,229 879	74,014 103 588 1,093 73,432 409 741 680 72,187 844	r3,996 111 575 1,111 r3,426 419 717 686 r2,163 871	3,571 107 576 1,083 3,343 443 715 682 2,121 873	3,177 104 563 1,066 3,176 435 715 693 2,038 792	433 659 666 1,988 789	3,186 102 515 1,070 3,107 439 641 683 2,002 837	476 8 9 15 160 -31 -5 24 108	385 5 61 13 236 4 74 -1 119 36	-197 3 22 8 106 -1 -20 -15 -49	-41 -1 -6 -1 89 30 -21 -11 -14	188 8 83 21 342 3 54 -16 70 42	
dustrial loans	2,043	1,971	1,957	1,946	2,009	2,027	1,989	2,025	2,086	— 70 ———————————————————————————————————	-59	-63	84	-122	
Total loans	27,969	27,854	27,351	26,808	26,680	26,077	24,950	24,666	24,687	1,274	1,390	-253	313	1,137	

Note.—About 161 weekly reporting banks are included in this series; these banks classify, by industry, commercial and industrial loans amounting to about 90 per cent of such loans held by all weekly reporting banks and about 70 per cent of those held by all commercial banks. For description of series see article "Revised Series on Commercial and Industrial Loans by Industry", February 1967 Bulletin, p. 209.

Commercial and industrial "term" loans are all outstanding loans with an original maturity of more than I year and all outstanding loans granted under a formal agreement—revolving credit or standby—on which the original maturity of the commitment was in excess of I year.

## BANK RATES ON SHORT-TERM BUSINESS LOANS

						Size of lo	oan (in the	usands of	dollars)			
Interest rate	All	sizes	1-	-9	10-	-99	100-	-499	500-	-999	1,000 a	ind over
(per cent per annum)	Feb. 1968	Nov. 1967	Feb. 1968	Nov. 1967	Feb. 1968	Nov. 1967	Feb. 1968	Nov. 1967	Feb. 1968	Nov. 1967	Feb. 1968	Nov. 1967
				P	ercentage	distributio	on of dolla	ar amount	<del>'</del>	.,		
Less than 6,00	100.0	58.0 10.2 10.2 7.1 4.6 4.3 1.6 1.4 2.5 100.0	1.3 10.0 20.9 8.2 12.6 13.6 14.8 4.8 13.7	4.9 13.7 25.8 10.1 13.8 11.7 9.3 2.5 8.2	1.3 13.1 16.7 12.9 19.4 11.5 10.0 4.7 10.2	13.5 16.7 23.5 10.7 11.9 8.6 4.8 3.0 7.2	1.7 20.8 26.4 10.8 15.2 8.8 5.1 4.0 7.1	38.5 15.2 15.6 9.0 7.1 6.1 2.1 1.9 4.5	2.2 32.4 35.3 7.8 8.8 5.0 3.5 1.7 3.3		5.2 48.7 27.3 4.9 6.2 3.3 1.3 2.6 0.7	77.1 6.1 5.0 5.8 1.6 0.6 0.9 0.6 100.0
Number (thousands)	36.6	37.8	15,6	15.9	15,1	15.4	4.4	4.7	.9	1,0	.7	.9
Center				Wei	ghted ave	age rates	(per cent )	er annum	n)			
35 centers.  New York City.  7 Other Northeast.  8 North Central.  7 Southeast.  8 Southwest.  4 West Coast.	6.36 6.14 6.73 6.35 6.21 6.41 6.31	5.96 5.71 6.29 5.91 5.94 6.03 6.03	6,82 6,71 6,84 6,95 6,57 6,75 7,37	6.60 6.37 6.59 6.67 6.46 6.61 7.08	6.76 6.65 7.00 6.83 6.43 6.54 7.00	6.48 6.22 6.69 6.46 6.25 6.36 6.79	6.56 6.39 6.85 6.62 6.25 6.39 6.62	6.17 5.95 6.42 6.18 5.96 6.09 6.34	6.31 6.15 6.62 6.36 6.01 6.27 6.33	5.90 5.70 6.19 5.87 5.75 5.95 5.95	6.19 6.06 6.48 6.18 6.04 6.42 6.03	5.73 5.63 5.95 5.74 5.68 5.82 5.76

Note.—Beginning Feb. 1967 the Quarterly Survey of Interest Rates on Business Loans was revised. For description of revised series see pp. 721-27 of the May 1967 BULLETIN. The weights in computing weighted average interest rates on short-term business loans have been revised. Bank prime rate was 5 per cent during the period Jan. 1, 1960-Aug. 22, 1960, Changes thereafter to new levels (in per cent) occurred on the following dates:

1965—Dec. 6 5 Mar. 27 5½			
	5 5½ 5¾	Mar. 27 Nov. 20	6

## MONEY MARKET RATES

(Per cent per annum)

:		Finance				τ	U.S. Governn	nent securi	ties (taxable)	4	
Period	Prime coml. paper,	co. paper placed	Prime bankers' accept-	Federal funds	3-montl	n bills 5	6-month	ı bills 5	9- to 12-mo	onth issues	3- to 5-
:	4- to 6- months 1	directly, 3- to 6- months 2	ances, 90 days 1	rate 3	Rate on new issue	Market yield	Rate on new issue	Market yield	Bills (mar- ket yield) <sup>5</sup>	Other 6	year issues <sup>7</sup>
1966 1967	5.55 5.10	5.42 4.89	5.36 4.75	5.11 4.22	4. 881 4. 321	4.85 4.30	5.082 4.630	5.06 4.61	5.07 4.71	5.17 4.84	5.16 5.07
1967—May June July	4.67 4.65 4.92 5.00 5.00 5.07 5.28 5.56	4.41 4.40 4.70 4.75 4.77 4.96 5.17 5.43	4.27 4.40 4.58 4.77 4.76 4.88 4.98 5.43	3.94 3.98 3.79 3.89 4.00 3.88 4.12 4.51	3.640 3.480 4.308 4.275 4.451 4.588 4.762 5.012	3.60 3.53 4.20 4.26 4.42 4.55 4.72 4.96	3.808 3.816 4.798 4.821 4.964 5.100 5.286 5.562	3.80 3.88 4.72 4.82 4.96 5.06 5.24 5.49	3.88 4.16 4.90 5.04 5.10 5.21 5.38 5.58	4.09 4.40 4.98 5.10 5.21 5.32 5.55 5.69	4.68 4.96 5.17 5.28 5.40 5.52 5.73 5.72
1968—Jan	5.60 5.50 5.64 5.81 6.18	5.46 5.25 5.40 5.60 5.99	5.40 5.23 5.50 5.75 6.04	4.60 4.72 5.05 5.76 6.12	5.081 4.969 5.144 5.365 5.621	4.99 4.97 5.16 5.37 5.65	5.386 5.144 5.293 5.480 5.785	5.23 5.17 5.33 5.49 5.83	5.29 5.22 5.40 5.44 5.83	5.39 5.37 5.55 5.63 6.06	5.53 5.59 5.77 5.69 5.95
Week ending— 1968—May 4	6.05	5,88	5,93	6.14	5,499	5,50	5,612	5,66	5,63	5.85	5.88
11 18 25	6, 13 6, 13 6, 25	6.00 6.00 6.00	6.08 6.00 6.13	6. 04 6. 34 6. 07	5.507 5.558 5.847	5.52 5.67 5.82	5.697 5.750 5.995	5.72 5.86 5.99	5.73 5.82 5.98	5.85 6.02 6.33	5.88 5.95 6.09
June 1	6,25	6.00	6.00	6.02	5.696	5.70	5.869	5.86	5.90	6.20	5.91

Averages of daily offering rates of dealers,
 Averages of daily rates, published by finance companies, for varying maturities in the 90-179 day range.
 Seven-day average for week ending Wednesday.

<sup>Except for new bill issues, yields are averages computed from daily closing bid prices.
Bills quoted on bank discount rate basis.
Certificates and selected note and bond issues.
Selected note and bond issues.</sup> 

#### BOND AND STOCK YIELDS

(Per cent per annum)

	(	Governm	ent bond	s			Corpora	te bonds				Stock	s
Period	United States		State and local			By so rat	lected ing		By group			dend/ ratio	Earnings/ price ratio
	(long- term)	Total <sup>1</sup>	Aaa	Baa	Total 1	Aaa	Baa	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	Pre- ferred	Com- mon	Com- mon
1960	4.01 3.90 3.95 4.00	3.69 3.60 3.30 3.28	3.26 3.27 3.03 3.06	4.22 4.01 3.67 3.58	4.73 4.66 4.62 4.50	4.41 4.35 4.33 4.26	5.19 5.08 5.02 4.86	4.59 4.54 4.47 4.42	4.92 4.86 4.86 4.65	4.69 4.57 4.51 4.41	4.75 4.66 4.50 4.30	3.47 2.98 3.37 3.17	5.88 4.76 6.06 5.68
1964	4.15 4.21 4.66 4.85	3.28 3.34 3.90 3.99	3.09 3.16 3.67 3.74	3.54 3.57 4.21 4.30	4.57 4.64 5.34 5.82	4,40 4,49 5,13 5,51	4.83 4.87 5.67 6.23	4.52 4.61 5.30 5.74	4.67 4.72 5.37 5.89	4.53 4.60 5.36 5.81	4.32 4.33 4.97 5.34	3.01 3.00 3.40 3.20	5.54 5.87 6.72 "5.70
1967—May. June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	4.76 4.86 4.86 4.95 4.99 5.18 5.44 5.36	3.94 4.02 4.11 4.06 4.14 4.25 4.32 4.42	3.71 3.80 3.86 3.78 3.81 3.88 3.99 4.15	4.23 4.31 4.43 4.37 4.48 4.64 4.66 4.73	5.56 5.75 5.86 5.91 6.00 6.14 6.36 6.51	5.24 5.44 5.58 5.62 5.65 5.82 6.07 6.19	5.96 6.15 6.26 6.33 6.40 6.52 6.72 6.93	5,46 5,64 5,79 5,84 5,93 6,05 6,28 6,39	5,62 5,80 5,88 5,94 6,03 6,24 6,42 6,63	5.59 5.80 5.91 5.96 6.02 6.12 6.39 6.57	5.17 5.30 5.34 5.35 5.41 5.59 5.79 5.95	3.19 3.19 3.15 3.11 3.07 3.07 3.18 3.09	5.85
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	5.18 5.16 5.39 5.28 5.40	4.31 4.28 4.54 4.44 4.59	4.06 4.01 4.28 4.13 4.28	4.66 4.69 4.89 4.84 4.96	6.45 6.40 6.42 6.53 6.60	6.17 6.10 6.11 6.21 6.27	6.84 6.80 6.85 6.97 7.03	6.34 6.31 6.33 6.42 6.49	6.65 6.65 6.67 6.79 6.87	6.47 6.36 6.39 6.54 6.60	5.70 5.65 5.80 5.86 5.92	3.13 3.28 3.34 3.12 3.07	
Week ending-													
1968—Feb. 3	5.15 5.17 5.13 5.14	4.18 4.22 4.27 4.32	3.90 3.95 4.00 4.06	4,60 4,64 4,69 4,73	6,40 6,40 6,39 6,39	6.12 6.11 6.10 6.09	6.80 6.80 6.79 6.79	6.31 6.30 6.31 6.30	6,66 6,65 6,65 6,66	6,38 6,37 6,36 6,35	5.69 5.64 5.64 5.67	3.22 3.23 3.30 3.27	
Mar. 2	5.19 5.28 5.49 5.41 5.42	4.39 4.49 4.55 4.54 4.56	4.16 4.27 4.28 4.28 4.28	4.78 4.86 4.90 4.89 4.91	6.38 6.38 6.38 6.43 6.49	6.09 6.07 6.08 6.14 6.17	6.80 6.81 6.81 6.87 6.93	6.30 6.30 6.30 6.35 6.40	6.64 6.64 6.69 6.71	6.34 6.34 6.35 6.39 6.48	5.66 5.74 5.71 5.88 5.86	3.31 3.35 3.32 3.36 3.33	
Apr. 6	5.25 5.21 5.28 5.33	4.47 4.40 4.40 4.48	4.18 4.08 4.08 4.18	4.84 4.83 4.83 4.84	6.54 6.52 6.52 6.54	6.20 6.19 6.20 6.22	6.98 6.98 6.95 6.96	6.43 6.39 6.38 6.42	6.77 6.77 6.78 6.81	6.54 6.55 6.54 6.54	5.84 5.81 5.86 5.91	3.19 3.12 3.08 3.09	
May 4	5.32 5.32 5.38 5.52	4.49 4.44 4.53 4.70	4.20 4.16 4.25 4.35	4.84 4.83 4.85 5.10	6.58 6.59 6.59 6.61	6.25 6.25 6.27 6.28	7.00 7.01 6.99 7.05	6.47 6.47 6.48 6.50	6.85 6.86 6.86 6.89	6.57 6.58 6.57 6.60	5.93 5.89 5.86 5.97	3.06 3.05 3.08 3.10	
June 1	5,43	4.78	4.42	5,18	6.64	6.29	7.10	6.52	6,90	6.64	5,96	3.07	
Number of issues	10–11	20	5	5	120	30	30	40	40	40	14	500	500

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes bonds rated Aa and A, data for which are not shown separately. Because of a limited number of suitable issues, the number of corporate bonds in some groups has varied somewhat. As of Dec. 23, 1967, Aaa-rated railroad bonds are no longer a component of the railroad average or the Aaa composite series.

Note.—Annual yields are averages of monthly or quarterly data. Monthly and weekly yields are computed as follows: U.S. Govt. bonds: Averages of daily figures for bonds maturing or callable in 10 years or

more. State and local govt. bonds: General obligations only, based on Thurs. figures. Corporate bonds: Averages of daily figures. Both of these series are from Moody's Investors Service series.

Stocks: Standard and Poor's Corporate series. Dividend/price ratios are based on Wed. figures; earnings/price ratios are as of end of period. Preferred stock ratio is based on 8 median yields for a sample of non-callable issues—12 industrial and 2 public utility; common stock ratios on the 500 stocks in the price index. Quarterly earnings are seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

#### SECURITY PRICES

							C	ommon s	tock pric	es					
		ond pric					New Yor	k Stock	Exchang	e				tradi	me of ng in inds of
Period	,		•,	Stan	Standard and Poor's index (1941-43=10)			Ne		tock Exe 31, 1965		ndex	Amer- ican Stock Ex-	shares	
	U.S. Govt. (long- term)	State and local	Cor- porate AAA	Total	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	Total	Indus- trial	Trans- porta- tion	Utility	Fi- nance	change total index 1	NYSE	AMEX
1965 1966 1967	83.76 78.63 76.55	110.6 102.6 100.5	93,9 86,1 81.8	88.17 85.26 91.93	93.48 91.09 99.18	46.78 46.34 46.72	76.08 68.21 68.10	47.39 46.15 50.77	n.a. 46.19 51.97	n,a. 50.28 53.51	n.a. 45,41 45,43	n.a. 44.25 49.82	12.05 14.67 19.67	6,174 7,538 10,143	2,120 2,741 4,508
1967—May  June  July  Aug  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	77.48 76.37 76.39 75.38 75.04 73.01 70.53 71.22	101.1 100.2 99.3 99.6 98.0 95.9 95.2 93.6	83.4 81.7 81.1 80.3 80.0 78.5 76.8 75.9	95.81 95.66 92.66	99.59 98.61 100.38 102.11 103.84 104.16 100.90 103,91	47.00 48.19 49.91 50.43 49.27 46.28 42.95 43.46	70.70 67.39 67.77 68.03 67.45 64.93 63.48 64.61	51.00 50.54 51.67 52.46 53.23 53.13 51.40 53.06	51.78 51.55 53.13 54.20 55.28 55.62 53.79 55.80	55.76 54.97 57.30 56.80 54.89 51.56 48.43 48.73	47.20 45.95 44.87 44.69 44.57 43.33 42.39 42.75	48.17 47.51 49.85 51.24 52.98 52.69 50.19 52.37	18.63 19.28 20.79 21.25 22.05 22.64 21.83 23.57	9,993 9,666 10,834 9,037 10,251 10,223 10,578 11,476	4,276 4,647 5,202 4,393 5,236 5,865 4,543 5,303
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	73.09 73.30 70.98 72.06 70.89	95.6 94.8 92.7 94.7 92.7	77.2 77.5 76.9 76.2 75.3	90.75 89.09 95.67	103.11 98.33 96.77 104.42 107.02	43.38 42.35 41.68 44.79 48.00	68,02 65,61 62,62 63,66 62,92	53.24 50.68 49.48 53.23 54.85	55, 45 52, 63 51, 54 56, 03 58, 04	47.90 45.15 43.29 46.85 49.92	44.87 43.36 41.78 42.46 42.07	55.89 53.88 52.98 57.56 60.43	24.95 22.43 22.21 24.39 27.17	11,947 9,182 9,178 14,779 13,276	7,309 4,065 3,600 6,536 8,142
Week ending—															
1968—May 4   11   18   25		93.5 94.4 92.8 91.2	75.4 75.4 75.4 75.3	98.61 97.78	107,26 107,90 106,93 105,89	46.53 46.89 47.44 49.20	63.29 63.50 62.99 62.53	54.73 55.12 54.85 54.46	57.94 58.38 57.96 57.52	48.42 48.98 49.90 50.76	42.28 42.38 42.15 41.89	59,10 60,05 60,55 60,68	26.69 27.09	14,615 12,759 12,612 12,952	8,187 7,449 8,942 7,355
June 1	70.56	91.6	75.1	97.80	106.95	49.56	62,33	55.01	58.27	50.96	41.65	61.26	28.24	13,445	9,223

cent, 20-year bond. Municipal and corporate bonds, derived from average yields as computed by Standard and Poor's Corp., on basis of a 4 per cent, 20-year bond; Wed. closing prices. Common stocks, derived from component common stock prices. Volume of trading, average daily trading in stocks on the exchange for a 5½-hour trading day.

## MORTGAGES: NEW AND EXISTING HOMES

	Secondary market				Contract r	ate on conve	ntional first	mortgages			
	Yield	FHLB					FHA	series	<del>.</del>		
Period	on FHA- insured	(effecti	ve rate)				New				
	New	New	Existing	U.S. average	North East	Middle Atlantic	South East	North Central	South West	West	Existing
1963		5.81 6.25 6.46	5.95 6.41 6.52	5.81 5.80 5.83 6.40 6.53	5.81 5.65 5.67 6.01 6.07	5.60	5.70 5.69 5.71 6.31 6.45	5.79 5.78 5.78 6.43 6.60	5.74 5.74 5.78 6.52 6.69	6.11 6.12 6.14 6.79 6.87	5.87 5.85 5.89 6.47 6.57
967—Apr	6.44 6.51 6.53 6.60 6.63 6.65	6.43 6.37 6.35 6.43 6.40 6.44 6.47 6.45 6.54	6.46 6.39 6.41 6.46 6.47 6.52 6.55 6.64	6.40 6.45 6.50 6.55 6.55 6.55 6.65 6.70	6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.05 6.10		6.30 6.40 6.45 6.50 6.45 6.50 6.60	6.45 6.45 6.50 6.60 6.65 6.65 6.75 6.80	6.50 6.60 6.65 6.65 6.65 6.70 6.90 6.95	6.70 6.80 6.80 6.80 6.90 6.95 6.90 7.00 7.10	6.45 6.50 6.50 6.55 6.55 6.60 6.60 6.70 6.75
968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	6.78 6.83 6.94	6,52 6,62 6,64 96,70	6.70 6.71 6.72 96.77	6.75 6.75 6.80 6.90	6.30 6.30 6.30 6.45	6.00 6.00 6.15 6.30	6.70 6.70 6.75 6.90	6.80 6.80 6.85 6.90	7.00 7.00 6.95 7.15	7.10 7.15 7.20 7.35	6.80 6.80 6.80 6.95

Note.—Annual data are averages of monthly figures. The FHA data are based on opinion reports submitted by field offices on prevailing local conditions as of the first of the succeeding month. Yields on FHA-insured mortgages are derived from weighted averages of private secondary market prices for Sec. 203, 30-year mortgages with minimum downpayment and an assumed prepayment at the end of 15 years. Gaps in the data are due to periods of adjustment to changes in maximum permissible

contract interest rates. The FHA series on average contract interest rates on conventional first mortgages in primary markets are unweighted and are rounded to the nearest 5 basis points. The FHLBB effective rate series reflects fees and charges as well as contract rates (as shown in the table on conventional first mortgage terms, p. A-51) and an assumed prepayment at end of 10 years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Begins June 30, 1965, at 10.90. On that day the average price of a share of stock listed on the American Stock Exchange was \$10.90.

Note.—Annual data are averages of monthly figures. Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures unless otherwise noted and are computed as follows: U.S. Govt. bonds, derived from average market yields in table at bottom of preceding page on basis of an assumed 3 per

# STOCK MARKET CREDIT

(In million of dollars)

		it extend n custom		Cus- tomers'	Cus- tomers'	Net credit
End of period	Brokers 1	Banks 2	Total	net debit bal- ances	free credit bal- ances	ex- tended by brokers
1967—Mar	5,100 5,180 5,360 5,480 5,650 5,790 6,010 6,050	2,090 2,150 2,160 2,170 2,200 2,260 2,340 2,420 2,440 2,460	7,170 7,250 7,340 7,530 7,680 7,910 8,130 8,430 8,490 8,760	5,804 5,896 5,966 6,195 6,636 6,677 6,944 7,111 7,200 7,948	2,135 2,078 2,220 2,231 2,341 2,281 2,401 2,513 2,500 2,763	3,669 3,818 3,746 3,964 4,295 4,396 4,543 4,598 4,700 5,183
1968—Jan Feb Mar	6,170 6,150 6,190	2,430 2,420 3,370	8,600 8,570 8,560	7,797 7,419 7,248	2,942 2,778 2,692	4,855 4,641 4,556

¹ End of month data. Total amount of credit extended by member firms of the New York Stock Exchange in margin accounts, estimated from reports by a sample of 38 firms.

² Figures are for last Wed. of month for large commercial banks reporting weekly and represent loans made to others than brokers or dealers for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities. Excludes loans collateralized by obligations of the U.S. Govt.

Note.—Customers' net debit and free credit balances are end-of-month ledger balances as reported to the New York Stock Exchange by all member firms which carry margin accounts. They exclude balances carried for other member firms of national securities exchanges as well as balances of the reporting firm and of its general partners. Net debit balances are total debt owed by those customers whose combined accounts net to a debit. Free credit balances are in accounts of customers with no unfulfilled commitments to the broker and are subject to withdrawal on demand. Net credit extended by brokers is the difference between customers' net debit and free credit balances since the latter are available for the brokers' use until withdrawn. until withdrawn.

# EQUITY STATUS OF MARGIN ACCOUNT DEBT AT BROKERS

(Per cent of total debt, unless otherwise indicated)

	Total debt		Equity	class (pe	er cent)	
End of period	(mil- lions of dol- lars) 1	70 or more	60-69	50–59	40–49	Under 40
1967—Mar	5,650 5,790 6,010 6,050	47.6 52.0 42.9 48.7 54.0 46.0 52.1 45.2 43.8 50.6	25.7 23.4 31.6 28.3 24.5 32.2 25.6 30.4 31.8 25.8	11.0 10.3 10.8 9.2 9.0 9.4 8.8 10.1 9.7 9.0	6.1 5.3 5.7 5.2 3.8 4.2 3.9 4.6 4.9	9.6 9.0 8.9 8.6 8.7 8.2 9.6 9.9
1968—Jan Feb Mar	6,150	40.6 33.8 32.1	35.4 38.3 37.6	9.5 12.0 14.1	4.4 5.2 5.3	10.0 10.7 11.0

See footnote 1 to table above.

Nore.—Each customer's equity in his collateral (market value of collateral less net debit balance) is expressed as a percentage of current collateral value. When data become available for period beginning June 8, 1968, table will show separately equity class of 80 per cent or more, reflecting the new level of initial margin requirements.

#### REGULATORY STATUS OF MARGIN ACCOUNT DEBT AT BROKERS

(Per cent of total adjusted debt, unless otherwise indicated)

	A	djusted d	lebt/colla	iteral val	ue	Total
End of period	Un- re- stricted		Rest	ricted		ad- justed debt (mil- lions
	30 per cent or less	30-39 per cent	40-49 per cent	50-59 per cent	60 per cent or more	of dol- lars)
1967—Mar	9.7 24.4 5.1 9.8 23.5 7.2 16.8 8.0 10.7 19.8	55.5 42.9 60.5 57.7 47.1 62.7 52.6 58.4 56.4 47.9	10.9 9.9 10.9 9.8 9.1 9.7 8.5 9.9 9.7	5.9 5.4 5.7 5.1 4.2 4.5 4.4 5.0 5.1 4.6	18.0 17.4 17.8 17.6 16.0 15.9 17.7 18.7 18.2	10,000 10,120 10,200 10,530 10,680 10,840 11,300 11,550 11,360 12,020
1968—Jan Feb Mar	5.3 4.1 5.9	60,3 56,8 53,3	11.7 14.4 15.5	4.6 5.3 6.1	10.2 19.4 19.2	11,940 11,870 11,700

Note.—Adjusted debt is computed in accordance with requirements set forth in Regulation T and often differs from the same customer's net debit balance mainly because of the inclusion of special miscellaneous accounts in adjusted debt. Collateral in the margin accounts covered by these data now consists exclusively of stocks listed on a national securities exchange. Unrestricted accounts are those in which adjusted debt does not exceed the loan value of collateral (30 per cent of current market value during the time period covered in this table); accounts in all classes with higher ratios are restricted. Data beginning June 8, 1968, will show as "restricted" accounts where debt exceeds 20 per cent of collateral values.

# SPECIAL MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNT BALANCES AT BROKERS BY EQUITY STATUS OF ACCOUNTS

(Per cent of total, unless otherwise indicated)

	Net		of accounts t status	Total
End of period	credit status	60 per cent or more	Less than	balance (millions of dollars)
1967—Mar	49.9	46.7	3.4	5,070
	49.4	47.8	2.8	5,190
	49.8	47.0	3.1	5,300
	49.5	47.8	2.7	5,380
	46.9	50.4	2.7	5,370
	47.7	49.3	3.0	5,340
	50.7	46.6	2.7	5,610
	47.8	49.0	3.2	5,680
	48.8	47.8	3.4	5,490
	50.0	47.0	3.0	5,850
1968—Jan	50.8	45.6	3.6	6,060
Feb	51.1	45.0	3.8	6,080
Mar	52.3	42.9	4.5	5,820

Note.—Special miscellaneous accounts contain credit balances which may be used by customers as the margin deposit required for additional purchases. Balances may arise as transfers based on loan values of other collateral in the customer's margin account or deposits of cash (usually sales proceeds) occur.

## COMMERCIAL AND FINANCE COMPANY PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING

(In millions of dollars)

	Comm	ercial and	finance						Dollar	accepta	nces				
	co	mpany par	per				Held	by—					Based or	1	
End of period		Placed	Placed	Total	Acce	pting l	panks	F. Ba	R. nks	Others	Im-	Ex- ports	Dollar	shipped	tored in or i between ts in—
	Total	through dealers 1	direct- ly <sup>2</sup>		Total	Own bills	Bills bought	Own acct.	For- eign corr.		into United States	from United States	ex- change	United States	Foreign countries
1962 1963 1964 1965	6,000 6,747 8,361 9,058 13,279	2,088 1,928 2,223 1,903 3,089	3,912 4,819 6,138 7,155 10,190	2,650 2,890 3,385 3,392 3,603	1,153 1,291 1,671 1,223 1,198	865 1,031 1,301 1,094 983	288 260 370 129 215	110 162 94 187 193	86 92 122 144 191	1,301 1,345 1,498 1,837 2,022	541 567 667 792 997	778 908 999 974 829	186 56 111 27 103	171 41 43 35 80	974 1,317 1,565 1,564 1,595
1967—Apr	16,249 17,067 16,150 17,044 16,816 16,220 16,777 17,147 17,084	4,356 4,713 4,934 4,976 4,979 5,124 5,186 5,136 4,901	11,893 12,354 11,216 12,068 11,837 11,096 11,591 12,011 12,183	3,830 3,964 4,131 4,116 4,103 4,146 4,136 4,218 4,317	1,356 1,339 1,361 1,549 1,584 1,635 1,822 1,878 1,906	1,128 1,147 1,191 1,252 1,195 1,239 1,298 1,376 1,447	229 192 170 297 389 396 524 501 459	166 70 136 78 65 52 54 59 164	272 348 379 324 252 205 163 151 156	2,035 2,207 2,255 2,165 2,203 2,254 2,096 2,130 2,090	971 949 1,001 974 1,020 1,037 1,085 1,095 1,086	971 998 1,007 1,040 989 991 956 975 989	55 38 45 65 70 68 51 52 37	59 46 39 41 75 91 83 124 162	1,773 1,933 2,038 1,996 1,949 1,958 1,961 1,971 2,042
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	18,370 17,813 18,487 17,509	5,216 5,493 5,832 5,930	13,154 12,320 r12,655 11,579	4,312 4,266 4,336 4,430	1,797 1,808 1,884 1,778	1,307 1,329 1,395 1,409	490 479 490 369	83 56 90 87	141 117 100 118	2,292 2,285 2,262 2,447	1,055 1,091 1,125 1,229	1,013 1,029 1,032 1,025	49 33 36 18	165 134 117 116	2,030 1,979 2,027 2,042

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As reported by dealers; includes finance company paper as well as other commercial paper sold in the open market.

#### **MUTUAL SAVINGS BANKS**

(Amounts in millions of dollars)

-	Lo	ans		Securities				Total assets—					
End of period	Mort- gage	Other	U.S. Govt.	State and local	Corpo- rate and other 1	Cash	Other assets	Total liabilities and general reserve	Depos- its 2	Other liabili- ties	General reserve ac- counts	Mortga commit	ge loan ments 3
				govt.	other.			accts.				Number	Amount
1941	4,787 4,202	89 62	3,592 10,650	1,7 1,2	86 57	829 606	689 185	11,772 16,962	10,503 15,332	38 48	1,231 1,582		
1960	26,702 28,902 32,056 36,007 40,328 44,433 47,193	416 475 602 607 739 862 1,078	6,243 6,160 6,107 5,863 5,791 5,485 4,764	672 677 527 440 391 320 251	5,076 5,040 5,177 5,074 5,099 5,170 5,719	874 937 956 912 1,004 1,017 953	589 640 695 799 886 944 1,024	40,571 42,829 46,121 49,702 54,238 58,232 60,982	36,343 38,277 41,336 44,606 48,849 52,443 55,006	678 781 828 943 989 1,124 1,114	3,550 3,771 3,957 4,153 4,400 4,665 4,863	58,350 61,855 114,985 104,326 135,992 120,476 88,808	1,200 1,654 2,548 2,549 2,820 2,697 2,010
1967—Apr. May June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec	48,236 48,493 48,771 49,010 49,322 49,557 49,827 50,046 50,311	1,075 1,261 1,226 1,144 1,210 1,152 1,169 1,243 1,203	4,481 4,433 4,336 4,396 4,367 4,406 4,299 4,397 4,319	243 235 249 246 242 243 228 222 219	6,803 7,062 7,313 7,642 7,910 8,054 8,080 8,107 9,320	1,069 1,095 1,140 1,084 1,034 999 959 915 993	1,076 1,074 1,108 1,116 1,117 1,147 1,134 1,130 1,138	62,982 63,654 64,143 64,639 65,201 65,559 65,696 66,061 66,365	56,739 57,185 57,836 58,169 58,499 59,066 59,257 59,462 60,121	1,381 1,546 1,379 1,563 1,732 1,525 1,489 1,597 1,260	4,863 4,923 4,929 4,908 4,969 4,967 4,950 5,002 4,984	88,295 92,754 95,187 91,559 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	2,242 2,495 2,657 2,647 2,592 2,724 2,710 2,684 2,523
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	50,705 50,902 51,039 51,199	1,260 1,334 1,341 1,267	4,344 4,405 4,412 4,303	218 220 229 221	8,444 8,672 8,937 9,113	877 903 914 871	1,153 1,156 1,198 1,190	67,002 67,592 68,070 68,164	60,581 60,945 61,615 61,554	1,406 1,575 1,388 1,553	5,015 5,071 5,067 5,058	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	2,416 2,400 2,477 2,561

Note.—National Assn. of Mutual Savings Banks data; figures are estimates for all savings banks in the United States and differ somewhat from those shown elsewhere in the Bulletin; the latter are for call dates and are based on reports filed with U.S. Govt. and State bank supervisory agencies. Loans are shown net of valuation reserves. Figures for Jan. 1968 include one savings and loan that converted to a mutual savings bank.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As reported by finance companies that place their paper directly with investors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Also includes securities of foreign governments and international organizations and nonguaranteed issues of U.S. Govt. agencies.

<sup>2</sup> See note 4, p. A-18.

<sup>3</sup> Commitments outstanding of banks in N.Y. State as reported to the Savings Bank Assn. of the State of N.Y. Data include building loans beginning with Aug. 1967.

## LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

(In millions of dollars)

						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
			overnme	nt securiti	es	Busi	iness secui	ities	) }	D1	Dalian	044
End of period	Total assets	Total	United States	State and local	Foreign 1	Total	Bonds	Stocks	Mort- gages	Real estate	Policy loans	Other assets
tatement value: 1941	32,731 44,797	9,478 22,545	6,796 20,583	1,995 722	687 1,240	10,174 11,059	9,573 10,060	601 999	6,442 6,636	1,878 857	2,919 1,962	1,840
1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965.	141 121	11,679 11,896 12,448 12,438 12,322 11,679 10,837	6,427 6,134 6,170 5,813 5,594 5,119 4,823	3,588 3,888 4,026 3,852 3,774 3,530 3,114	1,664 1,874 2,252 2,773 2,954 3,030 2,900	51,857 55,294 57,576 60,780 63,579 67,599 69,816	46,876 49,036 51,274 53,645 55,641 58,473 61,061	4,981 6,258 6,302 7,135 7,938 9,126 8,755	41,771 44,203 46,902 50,544 55,152 60,013 64,609	3,765 4,007 4,107 4,319 4,528 4,681 4,883	5,231 5,733 6,234 6,655 7,140 7,678 9,117	5,27 5,68 6,02 6,38 6,74 7,23 7,76
took value: 1964	149,470 158,884 167,022	12,343 11,703 10,864	5,594 5,119 4,824	3,785 3,546 3,131	2,964 3,038 2,909	62,112 65,801 68,677	55,735 58,532 61,141	6,377 7,269 7,536	55,197 60,057 64,661	4,534 4,686 4,888	7,141 7,679 9,119	8,143 8,958 8,813
1967—Mar. ' — Apr.  — May.  — June.  — July.  — Aug.  — Sept.  — Oct.  — Nov.  — Dec.  — May.  — Aug.  — Aug.	173,129	10,765 10,622 10,655 10,487 10,516 10,557 10,501 10,551 10,537 10,497	4,758 4,700 4,746 4,620 4,605 4,665 4,616 4,655 4,616 4,655 4,610	3,081 3,026 3,015 2,994 3,001 2,980 2,966 2,981 2,982 2,973	2,926 2,896 2,894 2,873 2,910 2,912 2,919 2,915 2,913 2,914	70,055 70,271 70,610 71,108 72,194 72,666 73,075 73,546 73,934 73,990	62,174 62,360 62,607 62,990 63,856 64,205 64,456 64,822 65,089 64,992	7,881 7,911 8,003 8,118 8,338 8,461 8,619 8,724 8,845 8,998	65,522 66,024 66,253 66,414 66,324 66,506 66,701 66,884 67,097 67,595	4,939 4,940 4,952 4,987 5,026 5,050 5,080 5,100 5,165 5,185	9,397 9,537 9,615 9,695 9,735 9,808 9,875 9,933 9,996 10,080	8,943 9,176 9,153 9,190 9,334 9,252 9,432 9,455 9,854
1968—Jan Feb Mar	178,256 178,762 179,477	10,548 10,584 10,562	4,582 4,616 4,582	2,998 2,997 3,007	2,968 2,971 2,973	74,876 75,266 75,760	65,821 66,095 66,412	9,055 9,171 9,348	67,770 67,867 68,055	5,211 5,244 5,263	10,167 10,258 10,362	9,686 9,547 9,47

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Issues of foreign governments and their subdivisions and bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Note.—Institute of Life Insurance data; figures are estimates for all life insurance companies in the United States.

Year-end figures: Annual statement asset values, with bonds carried on an amortized basis and stocks at year-end market value. Month-end figures: Book value of ledger assets. Adjustments for interest due and accrued and for differences between market and book values are not made on each item separately but are included in total, in "other assets."

#### SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

(In millions of dollars)

		Ass	sets		Total			Liabilities			Manage
End of period	Mort- gages	U.S. Govt. securi- ties	Cash	Other 1	assets 2— Total liabilities	Savings capital	Reserves and undivided profits	Borrowed money 3	Loans in process	Other	Mortgage loan commit- ments 4
1941	4,578 5,376	107 2,420	344 450	775 356	6,049 8,747	4,682 7,365	475 644	256 336		36 02	
1960	60,070 68,834 78,770 90,944 101,333 110,306 114,447	4,595 5,211 5,563 6,445 6,966 7,414 7,771	2,680 3,315 3,926 3,979 4,015 3,900 3,362	4,131 4,775 5,346 6,191 7,041 7,960 8,416	71,476 82,135 93,605 107,559 119,355 129,580 133,996	62,142 70,885 80,236 91,308 101,887 110,385 114,009	4,983 5,708 6,520 7,209 7,899 8,704 9,102	2,197 2,856 3,629 5,015 5,601 6,444 7,464	1,186 1,550 1,999 2,528 2,239 2,198 1,272	968 1,136 1,221 1,499 1,729 1,849 2,149	1,359 1,908 2,230 2,614 2,590 2,751 1,517
1967—Mar	115,233 115,909 116,944 117,676 118,674 119,529 120,362	8,058 7,950 8,072 7,987 8,378 8,857 9,017 9,171 9,424 9,244	3,544 3,638 3,859 3,997 3,412 3,127 3,078 3,040 3,068 3,408	8,754 8,936 9,376 9,232 9,169 9,221 9,158 9,217 9,352 9,057	135,153 135,757 137,216 138,160 138,635 139,879 140,782 141,790 142,971 143,602	116,414 116,911 118,041 119,976 120,031 120,677 121,870 122,365 122,947 124,562	9,064 9,062 9,055 9,268 9,270 9,265 9,255 9,256 9,248 9,557	5,441 5,027 4,630 4,559 4,456 4,399 4,382 4,373 4,455 4,739	1,365 1,503 1,710 1,918 2,019 2,130 2,158 2,213 2,241 2,281	2,869 3,254 3,780 2,439 2,859 3,408 3,117 3,583 4,070 2,463	2,269 2,699 3,081 3,250 3,420 3,443 3,337 3,310 3,287 3,042
1968—Jan Feb Mar <sup>r</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	123,426	9,505 9,775 9,968 9,821	2,827 2,864 2,909 2,772	9,101 9,263 9,334 9,330	143,528 144,539 145,637 146,229	124,133 124,717 125,993 125,694	9,571 9,567 9,557 9,556	4,735 4,596 4,512 4,808	2,204 2,205 2,324 2,463	2,885 3,454 3,251 3,708	3,128 3,386 3,840 4,023

<sup>4</sup> Commitments data comparable with those shown for mutual savings banks (on preceding page) would include loans in process.

NOTE.—Federal Home Loan Bank Board data; figures are estimates for all savings and loan assns. in the United States. Data beginning with 1954 are based on monthly reports of insured assns. and annual reports of onninsured assns. Data before 1954 are based entirely on annual reports. Data for current and preceding year are preliminary even when revised. Figures for Jan. 1968 reflect conversion of one savings and loan assn. to a mutual savings bank.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes other loans, stock in the Federal home loan banks, other investments, real estate owned and sold on contract, and office buildings and fixtures.

<sup>2</sup> Before 1958, mortgages are net of mortgage-pledged shares. Asset items will not add to total assets, which include gross mortgages with no deductions for mortgage-pledged shares. Beginning with Jan. 1958, no deduction is made for mortgage-pledged shares. These have declined consistently in recent years from a total of \$42 million at the end of 1957.

<sup>3</sup> Consists of advances from FHLB and other borrowing.

## MAJOR BALANCE SHEET ITEMS OF SELECTED FEDERALLY SPONSORED CREDIT AGENCIES

(In millions of dollars)

		Fee	ieral home	e loan bar	ıks		Mortga	National ge Assn.	Bai fo	nks or	Fed interm	eral ediate	Fed lar	
		Assets		Liabil	ities and o	capital	(secondar opera	tions)	cooper	ratives	credit	banks	bar	ıks
End of period	Ad- vances to mem- bers	Invest- ments	Cash and de- posits	Bonds and notes	Mem- ber de- posits	Capital stock	Mort- gage loans (A)	Deben- tures and notes (L)	Loans to cooper- atives (A)	Deben- tures (L)	Loans and dis- counts (A)	Deben- tures (L)	Mort- gage loans (A)	Bonds (L)
1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966	2,662 3,479 4,784 5,325 5,997 6,935 4,386	1,153 1,531 1,906 1,523 1,640 2,523 2,598	159 173 159 141 129 113 127	1,571 2,707 4,363 4,369 5,221 6,859 4,060	1,180 1,214 1,151 1,199 1,045 1,037 1,432	1,107 1,126 1,171 1,227 1,277 1,369 1,395	2,770 2,752 2,000 1,940 2,456 4,266 5,348	2,453 2,422 1,788 1,601 1,884 3,800 4,919	697 735 840 958 1,055 1,290 1,506	435 505 589 686 797 1,074 1,253	1,650 1,840 2,099 2,247 2,516 2,924 3,411	1,585 1,727 1,952 2,112 2,335 2,786 3,214	2,828 3,052 3,310 3,718 4,281 4,958 5,609	2,431 2,628 2,834 3,169 3,710 4,385 4,904
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	4,782 4,421 4,302 4,221 4,153 4,122 4,114 4,188 4,386	3,451 4,004 3,738 3,420 3,160 2,898 2,787 2,770 2,598	77 93 95 81 73 63 81 77 127	5,066 5,050 4,577 4,585 4,395 4,160 4,060 4,060 4,060	1,648 1,831 1,927 1,522 1,344 1,318 1,323 1,347 1,432	1,388 1,392 1,392 1,392 1,392 1,394 1,393 1,394 1,395	4,459 4,455 4,450 4,507 4,474 4,838 5,022 5,178 5,348	4,006 3,938 4,078 3,469 4,049 3,927 4,432 4,543 4,919	1,337 1,316 1,296 1,335 1,368 1,384 1,438 1,475 1,506	1,114 1,101 1,042 1,072 785 1,094 1,138 1,200 1,253	3,301 3,423 3,545 3,639 3,696 3,523 3,460 3,374 3,411	3,086 3,186 3,297 3,419 3,465 3,450 3,457 3,259 3,214	5,175 5,248 5,303 5,358 5,404 5,449 5,502 5,546 5,609	4,450 4,611 4,611 4,644 4,787 4,787 4,871 4,871 4,904
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	4,442 4,348 4,269 4,545	2,604 2,775 2,720 2,416	88 95 75 91	4,310 4,373 4,125 4,125	1,199 1,182 1,302 1,271	1,401 1,412 1,417 1,422	5,589 5,802 5,659 6,110	5,088 5,149 5,481 5,650	1,565 1,595 1,598 1,549	1,253 1,416 1,316 1,322	3,456 3,529 3,615 3,728	3,236 3,336 3,420 3,526	5,661 5,721 5,793 5,853	4,377 4,990 5,120 5,120

Note.—Data from Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Federal National Mortgage Assn., and Farm Credit Admin. Among the omitted balance sheet items are capital accounts of all agencies, except for stock of home loan banks. Bonds, debentures, and notes are valued at par. They include only publicly offered securities (excluding, for the home loan banks,

bonds held within the FHLB System), and are not guaranteed by the U.S. Govt.; for a listing of these securities, see table below. Loans are gross of valuation reserves and represent cost for FNMA and unpaid principal for other agencies.

# OUTSTANDING ISSUES OF FEDERALLY SPONSORED AGENCIES, APRIL 30, 1968

Agency, issue, and coupon rate	Amount (millions of dollars)	Agency, issue, and coupon rate	Amount (millions of dollars)	Agency, issue, and coupon rate	Amount (millions of dollars)
Federal home loan banks Notes: May 27, 19685½	300	Federal National Mortgage Association—Cont. Debentures:		Federal land banks—Cont. Bonds: June 20, 19684	186
July 25, 19685.45 Aug. 26, 19685% Sept. 25, 19685.70	300 500 400 300	Aug. 10, 1971	64 96 98 100	Aug. 20, 1968	160 407 247 341
Oct. 25, 19685.85 Feb. 25, 19695.85 Bonds:	400	June 12, 1972	146 198	Mar. 20, 1969	100 250 130
Nov. 25, 19685 1/8  Jan. 27, 19695 1/2  Mar. 25, 19695 1/8	300 300 300 400	Banks for cooperatives Debentures:		July 15, 1969. 456 Oct. 20, 1969. 454 Jan. 20, 1970. 534 Feb. 20, 1970. 557	209 209 209 82
Sept. 25, 1969       6         Feb. 25, 1970       6         Mar. 25, 1970       6         Apr. 27, 1970       6	200 200 225	May 1, 1968	304 352 93 364 208	Apr. 1, 1970	83 362 85 241
Federal National Mortgage Associa- tion—Secondary market opera- tions		Federal intermediate credit banks	208	May 1, 1971	60 109 200 148
Discount notes	1,750	Debentures: May 1, 1968	345 330 303	Feb. 20, 1974	155 200 123 150
Debentures: June 14, 1968	400 350	Aug. 1, 1968	373 366 423 482	Apr. 20, 1978	150 285
Apr. 10, 1969	88 300 250 250	Dec. 2, 1968 534 Jan. 2, 1969 5.95	454 452	Short-term notes	200 50
Dec. 12, 1969	550 142 119	Federal land banks Bonds: Feb. 15, 1967-7241/8	72 75	July 1, 1986 43/4 Feb. 1, 1987 41/2 May 15, 1992 5,70 Nov. 1992 63/4	50 45 70 60
Oct. 13, 197053/4 Mar. 11, 19716	400 350	Oct. 1, 1967-704½ May 20, 19685¼	242	1000., 1992	60

NOTE.—These securities are not guaranteed by the U.S. Govt.; see also note to table above.

# FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS: SUMMARY

(In millions of dollars)

***************************************				<u> </u>	(In millio		··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					·	
	Red	ceipts from	the publ			ayments	to the pu	nent cash to	ransactions	1	Net cash t	orrowing syment	
Períod	Budget net	Plus: Trust funds	Less; Intra- govt. 1	Equals: Total rects, 2	Budget	Plus: Trust funds	Less: Adjus	Equals:	Net rects. or payts.	Change in debt (direct & agen.)	Less: Invest, by agen, & trusts	Less: Non- cash debt	Equals: Net
Cal. year—1965 1966 1967	96,679 110,802 117,708	31,384 40,011 45,861	4,449 4,792 6,581	123,376 145,137 156,300	101,379 118,077 131,698	36,79	14 4,4 91 4,0 54 6,7	03  150,867	7 -5,730	4,673 13,526 14,967	1,386 8,396 7,248	417 342 -103	
Fiscal year—1964 1965 1966 1967 ▶ 1967	93,072 104,727 115,849	30,331 31,047 34,853 44,640	4,190 4,303	115,530 119,699 134,480 153,596 149,591	97,684 96,507 106,978 125,718	28,88 29,63 34,86	35 6,2 37 3,7 54 4,0	26] 137,817	2 -4,802 -2,696 -3,337 -1,546	7,733 6,933 6,710	2,775 2,356	1,099 250 530 314	3,859 4,328 2,618
Half year: 1966—JanJune July-Dec, 1967—JanJune  ↓ July-Dec  ↓ July-Dec	49,185 66,664 51,044	20,701 19,310 25,330 20,531	2,379 2,413 3,643 2,938	79,456 65,681 87,915 68,385 67,292	54,014 64,063 61,655 70,043	17.62	271 1.60	99 88,513	$\begin{bmatrix} -14,404\\ 12,858\\ -20,130 \end{bmatrix}$	2,484 11,042 -4,308 19,275 20,630	5,026 3,370 7,482 -234 1,633	129 213 527 424	-11.263
Month: 1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	6,289 18,304 6,371 7,301 12,404 6,823 7,529	3,850 5,367 5,262 3,029 4,995 3,108 2,329 4,067 3,003	233 303 1,982 424 459 279 373 541 861	17,070 11,295 21,501 8,938 11,766 15,176 8,739 11,032 12,734	9,464 10,915 10,131 11,502 12,730 12,468 11,530 11,730 10,084	2,89 3,44 3,66 3,47 3,12 3,88 3,36	07	34	3,150 8,739 8,739 -5,600 -4,559 975 -6,076 -4,170	-4,971 4,690 5,147 -338	-329 4,213 1,344 -465 1,723 -1,003 -432 292 -350	-77 -25 -110 -155 76 54 264 102 83	-6,206 5,310 3,348 610 5,225
▶ 1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr				12,237 12,134 11,899				15,471 14,429 14,947	$ \begin{array}{c c} -3,233 \\ -2,295 \\ -3,049 \end{array} $	3,044 5,617 -1,776 -1,113	-919 1,533 -428		3,963 4 4,084 -1,348 -1,627
	<u>'</u> '				Effects	of opera	tions on	reasurer's	account				
	Net or	perating tra	nsactions	Ne	t financin	g transa	ctions	Chan cash ba	ge in lances	Т	reasurer's (end of p		
Period	Budget			Age	ncies & t	rusts	Change in				Operati	ng bal.	
	surplus or deficit	Trust funds 3	Clearin		nce in	vest. U.S. ovt.	gross direct public debt	Held outside Treasury	Treas- urer's account	Balance	F.R. Banks	Tax and loan accts.	Other net assets
Fiscal year—1964 1965 1966 1967	-8,226 -3,435 -2,251 -9,869	1,410	~80	04 1, 56 4,	077 - 3 420 - 10	2,775 2,356 3,562 3,852 5,840	5,853 5,561 2,633 6,314 6,795	206 174 132 135 -210	-1,080 1,575 -203 -4,648 -4,648	11,036 12,610 12,407 7,759 7,759	939 672 766 1,311 1,311	9,180 10,689 10,050 4,272 4,272	917 1,249 1,591 2,176 2,176◀
Half year: 1966—JanJune July-Dec 1967—JanJune July-Dec ▶ July-Dec	-14,878 5,009 -19,000	1,683 8,447	-1.03	21 64 63   -1,	630   -3 210   -3 833   -3	5,026 ,370 ,482 234 ,633	-997 9,412 -3,098 18,442 18,878	660 -149 284 -80 578	5,825 -6,396 1,748 -713 -713	12,407 6,011 7,759 7,046 7,046	766 416 1,311 1,123 1,123	10,050 4,096 4,272 4,329 4,329	1,591 1,499 2,176 1,594 1,594◀
Month:  1967—Apr	4,070 -4,626 8,173 -5,131 -5,428 -4,707 -4,201 532	1,061 2,471 1,819 -631 1,523 -19 -1,559 706 -1,259	90 -91 -1,06 35 -65 1,06 -3	12 51 55 58 60 	304 -1 274 -66 -1 384 1 452	,213	-3,145 3,087 -4,667 4,416 5,213 46 4,606 4,588 -427	595 -649 483 -44 -196 -87 -16 133 131	2,064 -3,259 2,133 -208 -944 1,729 -794 59 -555	8,884 5,626 7,759 7,551 6,607 8,336 7,542 7,601 7,046	1,360 574 1,311 1,340 1,051 778 697 1,581 1,123	5,415 3,469 4,272 4,552 3,937 5,808 5,171 4,407 4,329	2,109 1,583 2,176 1,659 1,619 1,750 1,674 1,613 1,594
▶ 1968—Jan	-3 -2 -3	,233 ,295 ,049 ,369	587 5-56 51,47 328	177	434 100 287 - 1	919 ,533 428	1,610 5,516 -2,063 -2,470	-168 -313 588 432	1,775 1,539 -3,512 1,595	8,821 10,359 6,847 8,442	1,153 1,197 581 1,035	5,977 7,601 4,727 5,372	1,691 ◀ 1,561 1,539 2,035

For notes see opposite page.

## FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS: DETAIL

(In millions of dollars)

			1.0			C	ash recei	ots from	the public	c					
		In	come ta	xes	1	Excise tax	es	Soc	ial ins. ta	xes			T		
Period	Total	Indiv	ridual	C		Liquor	TT!-1-		FICA	Un-	Estate and	Cus-	Int. and repay		Other
		With- held	Other	Corpo- rate	Total	Liquor and to- bacco	High- way	Total	and R.R.	empl.	gift		ment		
1965 1966	115,530 119,699 134,480 153,596 149,591	42.811	15,331 16,820 18,486 18,850 18,850	24,301 26,131 30,834 34,918 34,918	13,950 14,793 13,398 14,114 14,114	5,630 5,921 5,888 6,156 6,156	3,646 3,782 4,037 4,652 4,652	21,936 22,138 25,527 32,857 33,616	17,405 17,833 21,243 28,700 28,752	4,037 3,817 3,773 3,657 3,658	2,416 2,746 3,094 3,014 3,014	1,284 1,478 1,811 1,972 1,972	2,09	7 6 030	2,499 2,686 3,472 4,189 362
Half year:  1966—JanJune  July-Dec  1967—JanJune  July-Dec  July-Dec	79,456 65,681 87,915 68,385 67,292	22,847 24,641 25,880 27,192 27,192	14,680 3,983 14,867 4,150 4,150	19,942 12,045 22,873 11,345 11,345	6,352 6,762 7,352 7,146 7,146	2,825 3,105 3,051 3,344 3,344	1,969 2,313 2,339 2,253 2,253	15,926 13,789 19,068 14,629 15,312	16,731 13,056	2,166 1,569 2,088 1,333 1,337	1,820 1,258 1,756 1,350 1,350	913 1,017 955 1,034 1,034	1,00° 1,49° 1,25° 1,36° 95°	6,194 1,142 8,440 1,263 7 1,263	2,163 1,835 2,354 1,439 69
Month:  1967—Apr	17,070 11,295 21,501 8,938 11,766 15,176 8,739 11,032 12,734	3,591 4,987 4,204 3,843 5,164 4,236 4,171 5,302 4,477	3,071 264 211	4,295 1,065 9,328 946 642 4,032 913 588 4,224	1,023 1,274 1,293 1,241 1,125 1,088 1,222 1,311 1,161	476 591 606 523 487 539 600 666 551	326 355 348 369 463 355 345 383 339	3,340 4,587 2,698 2,129 3,981 2,270 1,489 3,076 1,682	3,168 3,669 2,614 1,977 3,319 2,144 1,406 2,625 1,583	138 874 50 104 620 92 40 409 67	352 445 196 207 308 199 234 193 210	150 166 176 160 178 163 179 193 160		7 2,392 847 7 261 9 257 9 195 180	198 255 1,149 212 225 330 190 191 288
▶ 1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	12,237 12,134 11,899 19,081	4,352 5,801 5,508 4,045	3,800 1,100 697 7,687	940 650 4,439 4,339	1,193 1,081 1,162 1,211	470 470 n.a. n.a.	366 428 311 348	1,857 4,338 2,295 3,501	1,598 3,433 2,137 3,237	119 807 51 150	238 204 235 450	181 158 168 191	180 182 173 201	2 1,403	-44 23 69 17
							Cash pay	ments to	the publ	ic					
Period	Total	5 tion de fen	nal a	Yoira	Space re- search	Agri- cul- ture	Nat- ural re- sources	Com- merce and transp.	Housing & coml.	labor	, & Ea	uca- on	Vet- erans	Inter- est	Gen- eral govt,
Fiscal year—1964 1965 1966 1967	122,39  137.81	5   50, 7   58.	464   4	1,837 1,794 1,463 1,413 1,650	4,171 5,093 5,933 5,426 5,423	5,416 5,142 4,114 4,159 4,377	2,774 2,921 3,229 3,522 2,132	6,545 7,421 6,784 7,102 7,446	3,42 -1.72	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 33,2 \\ 3 & 39,0 \end{bmatrix}$	91 1 91 1 49 2 02 3 084 4	,497 ,780 286	6,107 6,080 5,556 6,978 6,898	8,011 8,605 9,215 10,371 10,280	2,221 2,341 2,404 2,641 2,454
Half year: 1966—JanJune July Dec 1967—JanJune July-Dec ▶ July-Dec	80,08 75,05 88,51	36 33, 6 37, 5 39,	996   1 251   2	2,235 2,457 ,955 2,856	3,094 2,855 2,570 2,292	803 3,630 523 3,154	1,464 2,002 1,518 2,037	2,829 4,372 2,731 4,404	1,80	1 16,8 1 18,1 2 20,8 2 21,7	14   1,	,072 ,755 ,530 ,471	2,968 3,475 3,506 3,487	4,856 4,627 5,741 4,867	1,146 1,386 1,260 1,380
Month:	11,18	10 6	388	370	380	-191	224	336	-66	7 3,4	06	14	531	650	199
1967—Apr	14,44 12,76 14,53 16,32 14,20 14,81	52   6, 58   6, 25   6, 01   6, 5   6.	388 293 286 440 864 627 728 462 130	335 381 468 374 502 558 546 408	441 427 351 410 377 386 377 391	499 -237 648 945 802 418 83 258	283 258 349 387 326 347 336 292	560 298 716 862 733 819 680 594	-53 -11 52 32 32 28	4 3,5 4 3,4 4 3,7 6 3,5 9 3,4 0 3,6 4 3,6	22 07 31 83 56 20 80	496 293 229 328 356 312 298 52	61 4 462 585 592 580 639 626 465	1,752 700 222 1,516 437 310 1,861 521	239 231 270 198 198 243 233 238
▶ 1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	14,44	71	412   363												··········

<sup>▶</sup> Data represent results of preliminary adjustment to new budget concepts and may be revised later. See Feb. 1968 Treasury Bulletin, p. 1.

Note.—Based on Treasury Dept. and Bureau of the Budget data.

Primarily interest payments by Treasury to trust accounts and accumulations to U.S. employee trust funds.
 Includes small adjustments not shown separately.

Includes net transactions of Govt.-sponsored enterprises.
 Primarily (1) intragovt. transactions, (2) noneash debt, (3) clearing

accounts,
5 Includes technical adjustments not allocated by functions.

## TOTAL DEBT, BY TYPE OF SECURITY

(In billions of dollars)

						Pu	blic issues	3		<del></del>		
End of period	Total gross	Total gross direct			1	Marketable	9		Con-	Nonma	rketable	Special
	debt 1	debt <sup>2</sup>	Total	Total	Bills	Certifi- cates	Notes	Bonds 4	vert- ible bonds	Total <sup>5</sup>	Sav- ings bonds & notes	issues 6
1941—Dec	64.3 278.7 257.0	57.9 278.1 256.9	50.5 255.7 225.3	41.6 198.8 165.8	2.0 17.0 15.1	38.2 21.2	6.0 23.0 11.4	33.6 120.6 118.0		8.9 56.9 59.5	6.1 48.2 52.1	7.0 20.0 29.0
1960—Dec	290.4 296.5 304.0 310.1	290.2 296.2 303.5 309.3	242.5 249.2 255.8 261.6	189.0 196.0 203.0 207.6	39,4 43,4 48,3 51,5	18.4 5.5 22.7 10.9	51.3 71.5 53.7 58.7	79.8 75.5 78.4 86.4	5.7 4.6 4.0 3.2	47.8 48.6 48.8 50.7	47.2 47.5 47.5 48.8	44.3 43.5 43.4 43.7
1964—Dec	318.7 321.4 329.8	317.9 320.9 329.3	267.5 270.3 273.0	212.5 214.6 218.0	56.5 60.2 64.7	5.9	59.0 50.2 48.3	97.0 104.2 99.2	3.0 2.8 2.7	52.0 52.9 52.3	49.7 50.3 50.8	46.1 46.3 52.0
1967—May.  June.  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	331.4 326.7 331.2 336.4 336.4 341.0 345.6 345.2	330.9 326.2 330.6 335.9 335.9 340.5 345.1 344.7	271.8 266.1 270.9 274.1 274.7 279.9 284.2 284.0	216.7 210.7 215.0 218.3 218.6 223.3 226.1 226.5	64.1 58.5 62.8 63.3 63.7 68.9 69.5 69.9	5.6 5.6 5.6	49.1 49.1 57.5 57.6 57.1 61.4 61.4	97.9 97.4 97.4 97.3 97.3 95.3 95.2	2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6	52.6 52.9 53.4 53.3 53.5 54.0 55.6 54.9	51.1 51.2 51.3 51.4 51.4 51.6 51.7	55.2 56.2 56.2 58.3 57.7 57.2 57.4 57.2
f968—JanFeb	346.8 352.1 350.0 347.5 352.9	346.3 351.6 349.5 347.0 352.3	286.9 291.1 289.4 286.7 289.7	229.3 233.3 231.7 228.7 231.8	72.7 72.9 71.3 68.6 69.6		61.4 66.7 66.7 66.5 71.1	95.2 93.6 93.6 93.6 91.1	2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	55.0 55.3 55.2 55.4 55.5	51.7 51.7 51.8 51.8 51.9	55.9 57.2 56.7 57.0 59.2

Includes non-interest-bearing debt (of which \$415 million on May 31, 1968, was not subject to statutory debt limitation) and guaranteed securities not shown separately.

2 Excludes guaranteed securities.

3 Includes amounts held by U.S. Govt, agencies and trust funds, which totaled \$18,812 million on Apr. 30, 1968.

4 Includes Treasury bonds and minor amounts of Panama Canal and postal savings bonds.

Note.—Based on Daily Statement of U.S. Treasury.

## OWNERSHIP OF DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED SECURITIES

(Par value in billions of dollars)

		Held	by					Held by	the public	3			
End of period	Total gross debt	U.S. Govt. agencies	F.R.	Total	Com-	Mutual savings	Insur- ance	Other corpo-	State and	Indiv	/iduals	Foreign and	Other misc.
		and trust funds	Banks	Total	banks	banks	com- panies	rations	local govts.	Savings bonds	Other securities	inter- national <sup>1</sup>	inves- tors 2
1941—Dec	64.3 278.7 257.0	9.5 27.0 34.4	2.3 24.3 22.6	52.5 227.4 200.1	21.4 90.8 68.7	3.7 10.7 12.0	8.2 24.0 23.9	4.0 22.2 14.1	6.5 7.3	5.4 42.9 46.2	8.2 21.2 19.4	2.4 2.7	6.6 5.7
1960—Dec	290.4 296.5 304.0 310.1	55.1 54.5 55.6 58.0	27.4 28.9 30.8 33.6	207.9 213.1 217.6 218.5	62.1 67.2 67.2 64.3	6.3 6.1 6.1 5.8	11.9 11.4 11.5 11.3	18.7 18.5 18.6 18.7	18.7 19.0 20.1 21.1	45.6 46.4 46.9 48.1	20.5 19.5 19.2 20.1	13.0 13.4 15.3 15.9	11.2 11.6 12.7 13.3
1964—Dec 1965—Dec 1966—Dec	318.7 321.4 329.8	60.6 61.9 68.8	37.0 40.8 44.3	221.1 218.7 216.7	64.0 60.8 57.5	5.7 5.4 4.7	11.1 10.4 9.6	18.2 15.8 14.9	21.2 22.9 25.0	48.9 49.6 50.2	20.8 22.5 24.5	16.7 16.7 14.5	14.5 14.7 16.0
1967—Apr.  May  June  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	328.3 331.4 326.7 331.2 336.4 336.4 341.0 345.6 345.2	70.4 74.6 75.8 75.5 77.2 76.4 75.9 76.2 76.0	45.5 46.1 46.7 46.8 46.6 46.9 47.4 48.9 49.1	212.5 210.8 204.2 208.9 212.6 213.1 217.7 220.5 220.1	57.2 56.4 55.5 58.3 60.2 61.1 63.6 63.5 63.9	4.3 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.2 4.2	9.0 9.0 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.8 8.7 8.7	12.9 13.6 11.1 11.9 12.4 10.7 11.8 13.1 12.5	25.2 25.1 25.0 24.7 25.1 24.9 24.6 24.5 25.1	50.5 50.5 50.6 50.7 50.8 50.8 50.9 51.0 51.1	22.3 21.4 20.4 20.2 20.7 21.7 22.1 22.8 22.7	15.0 15.0 14.7 14.4 14.3 14.7 14.9 16.2 15.8	16.1 15.4 14.1 15.9 16.2 16.2 17.0 16.5 16.5
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	346.8 352.1 350.0 347.5	74.7 76.4 75.9 75.8	49.1 49.0 49.7 50.5	223.0 226.8 224.5 221.3	63.1 63.9 62.2 60.0	4.1 4.2 4.2 4.1	8.6 8.5 8.6 8.4	13.8 15.3 14.6 13.7	25.4 26.2 26.7 26.8	51.0 51.1 51.1 51.1	23.3 23.8 24.0 23.8	15.4 15.3 14.6 14.9	18.2 18.4 18.4 18.5

Includes investments of foreign balances and international accounts in the United States.
 Includes savings and loan assns., dealers and brokers, nonprofit institutions, and corporate pension funds.

NOTE.—Reported data for F.R. Banks and U.S. Govt, agencies and trust funds; Treasury estimates for other groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes (not shown separately): depositary bonds, retirement plan bonds, foreign currency series, foreign series, and Rural Electrification Administration bonds; before 1954, armed forces leave bonds; before 1956, tax and savings notes; and before Oct. 1965, Series A investment bonds.

<sup>6</sup> Held only by U.S. Govt. agencies and trust funds.

## OWNERSHIP OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES, BY MATURITY

(Par value in millions of dollars)

			Within 1 yea	аг	15	5-10	10~20	Over
Type of holder and date	Total	Total	Bills	Other	years	years	years	20 years
All holders:  1965—Dec. 31  1966—Dec. 31  1967—Dec. 31  1968—Mar. 31  Apr. 30	214,604	93,396	60,177	33,219	60,602	35,013	8,445	17,148
	218,025	105,218	64,684	40,534	59,446	28,005	8,433	16,923
	226,476	104,363	69,870	34,493	78,159	18,859	8,417	16,679
	231,651	114,646	71,300	43,346	67,969	24,006	8,412	16,617
	228,718	111,783	68,589	43,194	67,922	24,006	8,411	16,596
U.S Govt. agencies and trust funds: 1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—Dec. 31 1968—Mar. 31 Apr. 30		1,356 2,786 3,580 3,731 3,350	968 1,573 2,436 2,475 2,109	388 1,213 1,144 1,256 1,241	3,161 3,721 5,202 4,957 4,992	3,350 2,512 2,194 2,666 2,669	2,073 2,093 2,115 2,115 2,115	3,466 3,479 3,513 3,513 3,513
Federal Reserve Banks: 1965—Dec, 31	40,768	24,842	9,346	15,496	14,092	1,449	147	238
	44,282	35,360	12,296	23,064	7,502	1,007	153	260
	49,112	31,484	16,041	15,443	16,215	858	178	377
	49,691	39,411	16,220	23,191	7,948	1,758	187	388
	50,507	40,154	16,863	23,291	8,003	1,773	188	389
Held by public: 1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—Dec. 31 1968—Mar. 31 Apr. 30	160,430	67,198	49,863	17,335	43,349	30,214	6,225	13,444
	159,152	67,072	50,815	16,257	48,224	24,485	6,187	13,184
	160,763	69,299	51,393	17,906	56,742	15,807	6,124	12,789
	164,978	71,504	52,605	18,899	55,064	19,582	6,110	12,716
	161,573	68,279	49,617	18,662	54,927	19,564	6,108	12,694
Commercial banks: 1965—Dec. 31 1966—Dec. 31 1967—Dec. 31 1968—Mar. 31 Apr. 30	50,325	18,003	10,156	7,847	19,676	11,640	334	671
	47,182	15,838	8,771	7,067	21,112	9,343	435	454
	52,194	18,451	10,415	8,036	26,370	6,386	485	502
	50,781	15,264	7,400	7,864	26,089	8,467	486	476
	48,882	13,608	5,942	7,666	25,836	8,480	489	469
Mutual savings banks: 1965—Dec. 31. 1966—Dec. 31. 1967—Dec. 31. 1968—Mar. 31. Apr. 30.	5,241	768	445	323	1,386	1,602	335	1,151
	4,532	645	399	246	1,482	1,139	276	990
	4,033	716	440	276	1,476	707	267	867
	4,064	769	509	260	1,372	826	260	837
	3,920	703	434	269	1,333	800	258	827
Insurance companies: 1965—Dec. 31. 1966—Dec. 31. 1967—Dec. 31. 1968—Mar. 31. Apr. 30.	8,824	993	548	445	1,938	2,094	1,096	2,703
	8,158	847	508	339	1,978	1,581	1,074	2,678
	7,360	815	440	375	2,056	914	1,175	2,400
	7,298	890	519	371	1,904	978	1,144	2,381
	7,124	732	372	360	1,896	980	1,138	2,378
Nonfinancial corporations: 1965—Dec. 31	8,014	5,911	4,657	1,254	1,755	225	35	
	6,323	4,729	3,396	1,333	1,339	200	6	89
	4,936	3,966	2,897	1,069	898	61	3	49
	6,152	4,790	3,284	1,506	1,230	120	2	9
	5,669	4,263	2,729	1,534	1,257	139	2	9
Savings and loan associations:  1965—Dec, 31	3,644	597	394	203	948	1,374	252	473
	3,883	782	583	199	1,251	1,104	271	475
	4,575	1,255	718	537	1,767	811	281	461
	4,909	1,340	890	450	1,748	1,055	308	458
	4,813	1,224	765	459	1,770	1,053	307	458
State and local governments:         1965—Dec, 31          1966—Dec, 31          1967—Dec, 31          1968—Mar, 31          Apr, 30	15,707	5,571	4,573	998	1,862	1,894	1,985	4,395
	15,384	5,545	4,512	1,033	2,165	1,499	1,910	4,265
	14,689	5,975	4,855	1,120	2,224	937	1,557	3,995
	15,028	6,353	5,046	1,307	2,229	1,043	1,515	3,888
	14,906	6,339	5,025	-1,314	2,228	990	1,506	3,843
All others:  1965—Dec. 31  1966—Dec. 31  1967—Dec. 31  1968—Mar. 31  Apr. 30	68,675	35,356	29,089	6,267	15,784	11,386	2,187	3,962
	73,690	38,685	32,646	6,039	18,896	9,619	2,215	4,275
	72,976	38,121	31,628	6,493	21,951	5,991	2,356	4,555
	76,746	41,098	34,957	7,141	20,492	7,093	2,395	4,667
	76,259	41,410	34,350	7,060	20,607	7,122	2,408	4,711

Note.—Direct public issues only. Based on Treasury Survey of Ownership.

Data complete for U.S. Govt. agencies and trust funds and F.R. Banks but for other groups are based on Treasury Survey data. Of total marketable issues held by groups, the proportion held on latest date by those reporting in the Survey and the number of owners surveyed were: (1)

about 90 per cent by the 5,851 commercial banks, 501 mutual savings banks, and 760 insurance companies combined; (2) about 50 per cent by the 469 nonfinancial corporations and 488 savings and loan assns.; and (3) about 70 per cent by 504 State and local govts.

"All others," a residual, includes holdings of all those not reporting in the Treasury Survey, including investor groups not listed separately.

#### **DEALER TRANSACTIONS**

(Par value, in millions of dollars)

				U.S. G	overnment s	ecurities	-			
			By ma	aturity			By type of	f customer		U.S. Goyt.
Period	Total	Within	1-5	5–10	Over	Dealers an	d brokers	Com-	All	agency securities
		1 year	years	years	10 years	U.S. Govt. securities	Other	mercial banks	other	
1967—Apr.  May  June  July  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	2,111 2,075 1,802 2,084 1,884 1,937 2,168 2,343 2,798	1,738 1,636 1,502 1,856 1,578 1,705 1,941 1,935 2,352	262 332 226 161 243 177 150 273 291	82 77 52 45 33 30 43 96 94	28 30 23 21 30 24 33 40 63	813 784 659 740 662 715 795 848 1,079	76 63 56 58 60 52 66 76 90	746 720 621 741 662 711 841 862 1,028	475 507 466 544 500 459 465 558 601	222 188 199 219 159 200 202 243 213
1968—Jan	2,919 2,679 2,467 2,246	2,545 2,207 2,132 1,972	263 295 236 185	64 150 74 60	48 27 25 28	1,160 1,019 919 759	91 82 777 75	1,051 969 863 827	618 609 608 586	304 223 7289 227
Week ending-										1
1968—Apr. 3	2,789 1,913 2,552 r2,238	2,386 1,611 2,328 71,989	266 188 165 168	104 77 39 55	32 38 20 27	962 598 916 770	86 r88 78 61	1,014 <sup>7</sup> 675 929 814	728 r554 630 r594	r253 168 r320 176
May 1	1,906 2,619 1,981 1,942 2,445	1,704 1,985 1,474 1,471 2,031	141 287 366 271 292	29 324 12) 184 108	32 23 21 16 25	605 873 589 555	59 92 60 73	747 967 816 692	497 687 516 622 33	231 153 236 407 227

Note.—The transactions data combine market purchases and sales of U.S. Govt. securities dealers reporting to the F.R. Bank of N.Y. They do not include allotments of, and exchanges for, new U.S. Govt. securities, redemptions of called or matured securities, or purchases or sales of securi-

ties under repurchase agreement, reverse repurchase (resale), or similar contracts. Averages of daily figures based on the number of trading days in the period.

#### **DEALER POSITIONS**

(Par value, in millions of dollars)

	U.S. Gov	ernment se	urities, by	maturity	U.S. Govt.
Period	All maturities	Within 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years	agency securities
1967—Apr  May June  July  Aug  Sept  Oct  Nov  Dec  1968—Jan	3,902 3,375 2,869 2,239 2,903 2,545 2,880 3,109 2,410	3,296 2,503 2,389 2,115 2,564 2,305 2,837 2,793 2,375 3,310	382 744 406 106 312 202 22 258 35	223 129 74 18 26 38 20 58 1	450 371 314 239 265 242 379 312 363
Feb Mar Apr	3,404 3,762 2,438 2,987	3,500 2,211 2,608	108 124 236	153 103 142	369 r361 403
Week ending-					ĺ
1968—Mar. 6 13 20 27	3,093 2,563 2,164 2,071	2,754 2,359 1,975 1,851	117 96 140 153	222 109 48 68	399 354 301 401
Apr. 3 10 17 24	3,010 3,236 3,030 2,487	2,746 2,334 2,610 2,124	162 240 262 228	102 161 159 135	357 364 421 414

Note.—The figures include all securities sold by dealers under repurchase contracts regardless of the maturity date of the contract, unless the contract is matched by a reverse repurchase (resale) agreement or delayed delivery sale with the same maturity and involving the same amount of securities. Included in the repurchase contracts are some that more clearly represent investments by the holders of the securities rather than dealer trading positions.

Average of daily figures based on number of trading days in the period,

#### DEALER FINANCING

(In millions of dollars)

		Commer	cial banks	_	
Period	All sources	New York City	Else- where	Corpora- tions 1	All other
1967—Apr	4,162 3,612 3,262 2,147 2,717 2,669 2,660 2,863 2,549	1,093 935 1,121 649 835 1,010 844 650 556	1,576 1,156 984 622 734 873 688 640 482	829 764 665 598 868 582 744 1,176 1,144	664 757 492 276 280 204 383 397 367
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	3,209 3,799 2,651 3,073	1,003 1,072 678 794	1,008 643 832	944 1,071 829 937	446 648 601 510
Week ending-		ĺ	ĺ		
1968—Mar. 6 13 20 27	3,471 2,805 2,376 2,151	1,094 712 571 439	938 665 533 459	957 896 814 767	484 533 458 487
Apr. 3 10 17 24	2,800 3,376 3,436 2,622	843 1,062 1,000 387	681 844 891 727	666 873 944 1,168	610 597 600 340

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All business corporations, except commercial banks and insurance companies.

Note.—Averages of daily figures based on the number of calendar days in the period. Both bank and nonbank dealers are included. See also Note to the opposite table on this page.

# U.S. GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, MAY 31, 1968

(In millions of dollars)

Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount
Creasury bills		Treasury bills-Cont.		Treasury notes-Cont.		Treasury bonds-Cont.	
June 6, 1968	2,602	Nov. 7, 1968	1,102	Apr. 1, 197111/2 May 15, 197151/4	35	Feb. 15, 19704	4,381
June 13, 1968	2,600	Nov. 14, 1968	1,101	May 15, 197151/4	4,265	Aug. 15, 19704	4,129
June 20, 1968	2,606	Nov. 21, 1968	1,100	Oct. 1, 197111/2	72	Aug. 15, 19714	2.806
June 24, 1968†	5,534	Nov. 21, 1968 Nov. 29, 1968	1,100	Nov. 15, 19715 36	1,734	Nov. 15, 197137/8	2,760 2,344
June 27, 1968	2,611	Nov. 30, 1968	1,501	Feb. 15, 1972434	2,006	Feb. 15. 19724	2,344
June 30, 1968		Dec. 31 1968	1 (499	Apr. 1, 19721½ May 15, 19724¾ Oct. 1, 19721½	34	Aug. 15, 19724 Aug. 15, 19734	2,579
July 5, 1968	2,601	Jan. 31, 1969	1,500	May 15, 1972434	5,310	Aug. 15, 19734	3 804
July 11, 1968	2,602	Jan. 31, 1969 Feb. 28, 1969	1,502	Oct. 1, 1972, 1½	33	Nov. 15, 197341/k	4.352
July 18, 1968	2,603	Mar. 31, 1969	1,000	Apr. 1, 197311/2	12	Feb. 15, 197441/8	3,129
July 25, 1968	2,603	Apr. 30, 1969	1,001	Nov. 15, 19745¾	1,652	May 15, 197441/4	3.588
July 31, 1968	1 501	May 31, 1969	1,002	Feb. 15, 1975534	5,148	Nov. 15, 197437/4	2.241
Aug. 1, 1968	2,600		,	May 15, 19756	6,747	May 15, 1975-8541/4	4,352 3,129 3,588 2,241 1,216
Aug. 8, 1968	2,601			1 ' '	'	June 15, 1978-833 1/4	1.569
Aug. 15, 1968	2,602	Į		Į.	ļ	Feb. 15, 19804	2,602
Aug. 22, 1968	2,601	Treasury notes		Treasury bonds		Nov. 15, 198031/2	1,908
Aug. 29, 1968	2,600	Aug. 15, 196841/4	5,936	Dec. 15, 1963-6821/2	1,788	May 15, 198531/4	1,115
Aug. 31, 1968	1,501	Oct. 1, 196811/2	115	June 15, 1964-6921/2	2,542	Aug. 15, 1987-9241/4	3,817
Sept. 5, 1968	1,000	Nov. 15, 196851/4	8,984	Dec. 15, 1964-6921/2	2,489	Feb. 15, 1988-934	249
Sept. 12, 1968	1,000	Oct. 1, 196814 Nov. 15, 1968514 Feb. 15, 1969554	10,738	Mar. 15, 1965-70 21/2	2,285	May 15, 1989-9441/g	1,559
Sept. 19, 1968	1,000	Apr. 1, 19691½	61	Mar. 15, 1966-7121/2	1,224	Feb. 15, 199031/2	4,881
Sept. 26, 1968	1,001	May 15, 19695 1/8	4,277	June 15, 1967-7221/2	1,252	Feb. 15, 19953	1,720
Sept. 30, 1968	1,500	Aug. 15, 1969	3,366	Sept. 15, 1967-7221/2	1,952	Nov. 15, 199831/2	4,345
Oct. 3, 1968	1,000	Oct. 1, 196911/2	159	Dec. 15, 1967-7221/2	2,616	1	1
Oct. 10, 1968	1,001	Oct. 1, 196911/2 Apr. 1, 197011/2 Oct. 1, 197011/2	88	Aug. 15, 1968334	2,640		
Oct. 17, 1698	1,103	Oct. 1, 197011/2	113	Nov. 15, 19683%		Convertible bonds	
Oct. 24, 1968	1,101	Nov. 13, 19/03	7,675	Feb. 15, 19694	3,728	Investment Series B	
Oct. 31, 1968	2,602	Feb. 15, 19715%	2,509	Oct. 1, 19694	6,247	Apr. 1, 1975-80234	2,517

<sup>†</sup> Tax anticipation series.

Note.—Direct public issues only, Based on Daily Statement of U.S. Treasury.

## NEW ISSUES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

(In millions of dollars)

		All	l issues (1	new capit	tal and re	efundin	g)					Issues	for new	capital	_	
			Туре	f issue		Ту	pe of issu	uer	Total amount				Use of p	roceeds		
Period	Total	General al obli- gations	Reve- nue	НАА <sup>1</sup>	U.S. Govt. loans	State	Special district and stat. auth.	Other <sup>2</sup>	deliv- ered 3	Total	Edu- cation	Roads and bridges	Util- ities 4	Hous- ing5	Veter- ans' aid	Other pur- poses
1961	8,566 8,845 10,538 10,847 11,329 11,405 14,766	5,582 5,855 6,417 7,177 6,804	2,407 2,681 4,180 3,585 3,517 3,955 5,013	637 464 325	120 145 249 208 170 312 334	1,628 2,401 2,590	3,636 3,812 3,784 4,110	5,407 5,144 4,695	8,301 8,732 10,496 10,069 11,538 n.a. n.a.	8,568 9,151 10,201 10,471 11,303	2,821 2,963 3,029 3,392 3,619 3,738 4,473	812 688	1,700 1,668 2,344 2,437 1,965 1,880 2,404	385 521 598 727 626 533 645	478 125 120 50	2,177 2,369 2,838
1967 — April  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	1,130 1,254 1,497 950 860 1,340 975 1,400 1,182	766 860 665 588 566 686 766	256 458 492 246 254 648 256 592 539	117	26 30 29 39 18 21 32 43 22	315 138 186	682 260 234 588 257 548	641 677 504 430 507 510	n.a. n.a.	858 1,330	269 225	116 26 36	228 193 211 250	10 11 148 7 52 110 18 9		369 513 498 393 242 453 417 803 580
1968 <sup>r</sup> —Jan Feb Mar Apr	1,175 1,175 1,365 1,278	690 582	307 471 624 487	144	28 14 15 17	152	393 500	630 754	n.a. n.a.	1,174	481	110	28	190		328 555 669 436

Only bonds sold pursuant to 1949 Housing Act, which are secured by contract requiring the Housing Assistance Administration to make annual contributions to the local authority.
 Municipalities, counties, townships, school districts.
 Excludes U.S. Govt, loans. Based on date of delivery to purchaser and payment to issuer, which occurs after date of sale.
 Water, sewer, and other utilities.

Note.—The figures in the first column differ from those shown on the following page, which are based on Bond Buyer data. The principal difference is in the treatment of U.S. Govt. loans.

Investment Bankers Assn. data; par amounts of long-term issues based on date of sale unless otherwise indicated.

Components may not add to totals due to rounding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes urban redevelopment loans.

## **TOTAL NEW ISSUES**

(In millions of dollars)

			•	G	ross proc	eeds, all	issues 1					Pre	posed u	se of net porate iss	proceed ues <sup>6</sup>	s,
	,		Nonco	rporate				Corpo	rate				N	ew capita	11	
Period	Total		u.s.	u.s.				Bonds		Sto	ck	Total			0.1	Re- tire- ment
	j	U.S. Govt. <sup>2</sup>	Govt. <sup>2</sup> agen- cy <sup>3</sup> and local <sup>4</sup> 7,906 1,672 7,230 12,253 1,448 8,360	Other 5	Total	Total	Pub- licly offered	Pri- vately placed	Pre- ferred	Com- mon		Total	New money?	Other pur- poses	of secu- rities	
1960 1961 1962	27,541 35,527 29,956	12,253			579 303 915	10,154 13,165 10,705	8,081 9,420 8,969	4,806 4,700 4,440	3,275 4,720 4,529	409 450 422	1,664 3,294 1,314	9,924 12,885 10,501	9,653 12,017 9,747		895 1,302 1,507	271 868 754
1963 1964 1965 1966	35,199 37,122 40,108 45,015 68,514	10,827 10,656 9,348 8,231 19,431	1,168 1,205 2,731 6,806 8,180	10,107 10,544 11,148 11,089 14,288	887 760 889 815 1,817	12,211 13,957 15,992 18,074 24,798	10,856 10,865 13,720 15,561 21,954	3,623	6,143 7,243 8,150 7,542 6,964	343 412 725 574 885	1,011 2,679 1,547 1,939 1,959	12,049 13,792 15,801 17,841 24,409	10,523 13,038 14,805 17,601 24,097	11,233	1,625 1,805 1,741 1,795 1,867	1,526 754 996 241 312
1967—Mar Apr May June July Sept Oct Nov Dec	5,253 4,229 4,002 5,373 4,375 10,625 4,218 4,609 8,732 4,483	459 393 438 410 415 6,458 362 422 5,054	750 650 810 650 407 250 599 708 710 612	1,437 1,129 1,209 1,461 925 840 1,273 991 1,320 1,093	245 41 26 179 39 596 220 78 147 22	2,362 2,015 1,518 2,674 2,589 2,481 1,763 2,409 1,500 2,385	2,219 1,778 1,361 2,343 2,375 2,231 1,549 1,940 1,196 2,107	1,618 1,368 965 1,684 1,889 1,813 902 1,375 645 1,087	601 410 396 659 486 418 647 566 551	24 144 47 17 85 105 41 231 81 42	119 94 111 313 130 144 173 238 222 235	2,334 1,985 1,493 2,631 2,546 2,440 1,732 2,367 1,470 2,343	2,317 1,973 1,474 2,611 2,457 2,406 1,723 2,289 1,467 2,336	1,418 2,363 2,181 2,184 1,581 2,120 1,305	139 82 56 248 275 222 142 168 163 223	17 12 19 20 89 34 10 79 3
1968—Jan. <sup>r</sup> Feb. <sup>r</sup> Mar	4,556 8,072 5,069	481 4,719 418	999 550 1,370	1,162 1,134 1,363	144 61 118	1,771 1,608 1,799	1,449 1,382 1,359	903 796 766	546 585 593	46 58 145	276 169 295	1,732 1,585 1,765	1,705 1,568 1,740	1,447	117 121 149	27 16 24

			Pr	oposed us	es of net p	roceeds, n	najor grou	ps of corp	orate issu	ers		
Period	Manufa	cturing	Commer miscell		Transp	ortation	Public	utility	Commu	nication	Real and fir	estate nancial
	New capital 8	Retire- ment of secu- rities	New capital 8	Retire- ment of secu- rities	New capital 8	Retire- ment of secu- rities	New capital 6	Retire- ment of secu- rities	New capital 8	Retire- ment of secu- rities	New capital <sup>8</sup>	Retire- ment of secu- rities
1960	3,691	79 287 228	794 1,109 803	30 36 32	672 651 543	39 35 16	2,754 2,883 2,341	51 106 444	1,036 1,435 1,276	382 11	2,401 2,248 1,825	71 22 23
1963. 1964. 1965. 1966.	2,772 5,015 6,855	199 243 338 125 111	756 1,024 1,302 1,356 2,211	53 82 79 44 47	861 941 967 1,939 2,016	87 32 36 9 22	1,939 2,445 2,546 3,570 4,741	703 280 357 46 127	733 2,133 847 1,978 1,955	359 36 92 4 1	2,962 3,723 4,128 1,902 2,399	125 80 93 14 5
1967—Mar	1,128 588 1,298 925 1,229 637 906 512	16 7 1 16 22 10 5 6	112 102 94 218 388 95 285 126 207 409	3 23 3 3 7 2	214 100 199 128 379 99 150 176 88 198	1 20 1	503 394 403 471 446 509 265 573 404 278	1 17 24 19	145 107 91 350 39 356 200 119 82 68		89 141 100 146 277 119 184 388 174 273	2
1968—Jan. f	537 556 761	15 5 1	208 142 175	11 1 *	91 118 192		417 546 431	8 17	185 147 78	6	267 61 102	2

Note,—Securities and Exchange Commission estimates of new issues maturing in more than 1 year sold for cash in the United States.

<sup>1</sup> Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.
2 Includes guaranteed issues.
3 Issues not guaranteed.
4 See Note to table at bottom of opposite page.
5 Foreign governments, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and domestic nonprofit organizations.

<sup>Estimated gross proceeds less cost of flotation.
For plant and equipment and working capital.
All issues other than those for retirement of securities.</sup> 

## **NET CHANGE IN OUTSTANDING CORPORATE SECURITIES**

(In millions of dollars)

	,	<del></del>			Deri	vation of cl	nange, all is	suers				
		All securitie	es	Вс	nds and no	otes		Con	nmon and p	oreferred st	ocks	
Period	.,						New	issues	Retire	ments	Net c	hange
	New issues	Retire- ments	Net change	New issues	Retire- ments	Net change	Invest.	Other	Invest.	Other	Invest.	Other
1962	14,308 15,641 18,826 21,535 26,327	6,457 8,711 8,290 10,025 9,567	7,852 6,930 10,536 11,511 16,761	8,613 10,556 10,715 12,747 15,629	3,749 4,979 4,077 4,649 4,542	4,864 5,577 6,637 8,098 11,088	3,440 3,138 4,363 5,583 6,529	2,255 1,948 3,748 3,205 4,169	1,140 1,536 1,895 2,134 2,025	1,567 2,197 2,317 3,242 3,000	2,300 1,602 2,468 3,450 4,504	688 -249 1,431 -37 1,169
1966—IV	5,615	2,535	3,080	3,336	1,111	2,225	1,657	622	431	993	1,226	-371
1967—I II III IV	7,258 7,400 8,892 9,401	2,344 2,599 2,690 2,863	4,914 4,801 6,202 6,538	4,724 4,978 6,248 5,349	1,202 1,318 1,394 1,426	3,522 3,660 4,854 3,924	1,748 1,381 1,412 2,446	786 1,041 1,232 1,605	592 701 721 747	550 581 576 690	1,156 680 691 1,699	235 461 656 915
						Туре о	fissuer					
Period		nu- uring		nercial ther 2		spor- on 3		blic lity		muni- ion	Real and fin	estate ancial 4
	Bonds & notes	Stocks	Bonds & notes	Stocks	Bonds & notes	Stocks	Bonds & notes	Stocks	Bonds & notes	Stocks	Bonds & notes	Stocks
1962	1,355 1,804 1,303 2,606 4,324	-242 -664 -516 -570 32	294 339 507 614 616	-201 -352 -483 -70 -598	-85 316 317 185 956	-25 -19 -30 -1 718	1,295 876 1,408 1,342 2,659	479 245 476 96 533	1,172 438 458 644 1,668	357 447 1,699 518 575	833 1,806 2,644 2,707 864	2,619 1,696 2,753 3,440 4,414
1966—IV	736	-140	72	-553	224	26	755	136	465	147	-26	1,239

Note.—Securities and Exchange Commission estimates of cash transactions only. As contrasted with data shown on opposite page, new issues

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exclude foreign and include offerings of open-end investment cos., sales of securities held by affiliated cos. or RFC, special offerings to employees, and also new stock issues and cash proceeds connected with conversions of bonds into stocks. Retirements include the same types of issues, and also securities retired with internal funds or with proceeds of issues for that purpose shown on opposite page.

## **OPEN-END INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

(In millions of dollars)

		and redem f own share			ts (market end of peri		)	Sales	and redem of own shar	ption res		ts (market s	
Year	Sales 1	Redemp- tions	Net sales	Total 2	Cash position 3	Other	Month	Sales 1	Redemp- tions	Net sales	Total 2	Cash position <sup>3</sup>	Other
1956. 1957. 1958. 1959. 1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965. 1966. 1966. 1966.	2,097 2,951 2,699	433 406 511 786 842 1,160 1,123 1,504 1,875 1,962 2,005 2,745	914 984 1,109 1,494 1,255 1,791 1,576 952 1,528 2,395 2,665 1,927	9,046 8,714 13,242 15,818 17,026 22,789 21,271 25,214 29,116 35,220 34,829 44,701	492 523 634 860 973 980 1,315 1,341 1,329 1,803 2,971 2,566	8,554 8,191 12,608 14,958 16,053 21,809 19,956 23,873 27,787 33,417 31,858 42,135	1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec 1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	358 357 375 425 347 352 409 468 501 556 451 557 618	214 258 225 222 249 246 270 231 242 316 260 243 309	144 99 150 203 98 106 139 237 259 240 191 314 309	41,191 39,847 40,795 43,064 42,663 43,585 42,652 43,262 44,701 42,466 41,533 42,412 46,179	2,666 2,608 2,503 2,515 2,370 2,244 2,218 2,653 2,566 2,679 3,409 3,919 3,923	38,525 37,239 38,292 40,549 40,293 41,341 40,609 42,135 39,787 38,124 38,493 42,256

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes contractual and regular single purchase sales, voluntary and contractual accumulation plan sales, and reinvestment of investment income dividends; excludes reinvestment of realized capital gains dividends.

<sup>2</sup> Market value at end of period less current liabilities.

Open-end and closed-end companies.
 Extractive and commercial and misc, companies.
 Railroad and other transportation companies.
 Includes investment companies.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Cash and deposits, receivables, all U.S. Govt. securities, and other short-term debt securities, less current liabilities.

Note.—Investment Company Institute data based on reports of members, which comprise substantially all open-end investment companies registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Data reflect newly formed companies after their initial offering of securities.

## SALES, PROFITS, AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE CORPORATIONS

(In millions of dollars)

					113 01 401								
Industry	10.63	1054	1065	1000	1007		1966			19	67		1968
	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	П	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	ı
Manufacturing			1										
Total (177 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends, Nondurable goods industries (78 corps.):		158,253 18,734 10,462 5,933	177,237 22,046 12,461 6,527	195,738 23,487 13,307 6,920	201,399 20,898 12,664 6,989	49,850 6,460 3,643 1,754	46,202 4,881 2,845 1,631	51,991 6,126 3,466 1,965	48,585 5,153 2,918 1,670	1,701		52,818 5,867 3,268 1,897	57,075 6,922 3,894
Sales	55,372 6,333 3,646 2,265	4,121 2,408	64,897 7,846 4,786 2,527	2,129	77,969 9,039 5,379 3,027	18,496 2,444 1,427 682	18,297 2,305 1,389 673	19,129 2,232 1,352 723	18,743 2,153 1,319 720	19,535 2,250 1,343 756	19,695 2,209 1,313 770	19,996 2,427 1,431 781	2.702
Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes. Dividends	92,008 11,004 5,492 3,179	98,482 11,853 6,341 3,525	112,341 14,200 7,675 4,000	122,094 14,307 7,834 4,191	123,429 11,822 6,352 3,964	31,354 4,020 2,216 1,072	27,905 2,577 1,456 958	32,861 3,895 2,115 1,242	29,842 3,000 1,599 950	32,144 3,358 1,847 945	28,622 2,024 1,068 952	32,821 3,440 1,838 1,117	35,817 4,220 2,285
Selected industries: Foods and kindred products (25 corps.):													
Sales	14,301 1,546 747 448	15,284 1,579 802 481	16,427 1,710 896 509	19,038 1,916 1,008 564	20,134 1,967 1,041 583	4,673 488 257 142	4,759 504 262 139	5,011 485 259 146	4,963 447 236 148	5,060 482 253 144	5,131 526 284 146	4,980 512 268 145	5,062 497 262
corps.): Sales	14,623 2,286 1,182 904	16,469 2,597 1,400 924	18,158 2,891 1,630 926	20,007 3,073 1,737 948	20,561 2,731 1,579 960	5,216, 874 480 224	4,824 789 443 234	5,072 650 386 269	4,998 694 396 238	5,163 700 404 235	5,116 636 363 235	5,284 701 416 252	6,686 916 501
Dividends.  Petroleum refining (16 corps.): Sales.  Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends.  Primary metals and products (34	16,043 1,487 1,204 608	16,589 1,560 1,309 672	17,828 1,962 1,541 737	20,887 2,681 1,898 817	23,258 3,004 2,038 1,079	5,114 668 467 204	5,298 631 479 204	5,530 726 495 209	5,390 684 505 232	5,808 741 504 280	5,985 744 489 286	6,075 835 540 281	5,890 941 655
corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends.	22,116 2,178 1,183 734	24,195 2,556 1,475 763	26,548 2,931 1,689 818	28,558 3,277 1,903 924	26,532 2,487 1,506 892	7,457 928 537 218	7,309 857 490 230	7,225 810 475 260	6,801 693 395 222	7,040 670 411 214	6,525 477 290 228	6,166 647 410 228	7,072 636 368
Machinery (24 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes. Dividends Automobiles and equipment (14	21,144 2,394 1,177 577	22,558 2,704 1,372 673	25,364 3,107 1,626 774	3,612	32,721 3,482 1,789 921	6,889 915 480 225	7,538 851 444 226	8,100 952 495 244	7,704 868 421 232	7,933 807 417 233	8,090 837 438 227	8,994 970 513 229	11,703 1,639 873
corps.); Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends	32,927 5,004 2,387 1,447	35,338 4,989 2,626 1,629	42,712 6,253 3,294 1,890	43,641 5,274 2,877 1,775	42,306 3,906 1,999 1,567	11,728 1,615 893 503	8,046 313 224 361	12,149 1,567 826 551	10,413 1,050 583 363	11,875 1,436 782 365	8,354 216 62 362	11,664 1,204 572 477	12,154 1,485 795
Public utility													
Railroad: Operating revenue. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends. Electric power:	9,560 816 651 383	9,778 829 694 438	980 816 468	1,088 902 496	n.a. n.a. 539	2,728 327 259 109	2,690 280 227 113	2,718 268 244 161	2,536 145 121 124	2,628 163 143 156	2,529 73 78 103	2,673 n.a. n.a. 155	2,610 n.a. n.a. n.a.
Operating revenue		i i	4,213 2,586 1,838	16,908 4,395 2,764 1,932	17,894 4,564 2,911 2,071	4,026 987 632 486	4,236 1,153 702 475	4,246 1,041 673 505	4,697 1,279 799 518	4,280 1,026 666 510	4,406 1,161 717 509	534	
Operating revenue	9,796 2,815 1,417 988	10,550 3,069 1,590 1,065	11,320 3,185 1,718 1,153	12,420 3,537 1,903 1,248	13,311 3,694 1,997 1,363	3,091 907 488 309	3,135 911 487 317	3,202 868 468 320	3,229 869 472 334	3,312 923 497 337	3,341 953 515 341	3,429 949 513 351	3,486 971 525 351

<sup>1</sup> Includes 17 corporations in groups not shown separately. 2 Includes 27 corporations in groups not shown separately.

Telephone: Data obtained from Federal Communications Commission on revenues and profits for telephone operations of the Bell System Consolidated (including the 20 operating subsidiaries and the Long Lines and General Depts. of American Telephone and Telegraph Co.), and for 2 affiliated telephone companies. Dividends are for the 20 operating subsidiaries and the 2 affiliates.

All series: Profits before taxes are income after all charges and before Federal income taxes and dividends.

Back data available from the Division of Research and Statistics.

Note.—Manufacturing corporations: Data are obtained primarily from published reports of companies.

Railroads: Interstate Commerce Commission data for Class I line-haul railroads.

Electric power: Federal Power Commission data for Class A and B electric utilities, except that quarterly figures on operating revenue and profits before taxes are partly estimated by the Federal Reserve to include affiliated nonelectric operations.

## CORPORATE PROFITS, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS

(In billions of dollars)

Year	Profits before taxes	In- come taxes	Profits after taxes	Cash divi- dends	Undis- tributed profits	Corporate capital consump- tion allow- ances 1	Quarter	Profits before taxes	In- come taxes	Profits after taxes	Cash divi- dends	Undis- tributed profits	Corporate capital consump- tion allow- ances 1
1961	50.3	23,1	27.2	13.8	13,5	26.2	1966—II	83.6 84.0	34.5 34.6	49.2 49.4	21.6 21.6	27.6 27.8	38.7 39.2
1962	55.4	24.2	31,2	15,2	16.0	30.1	Ĭ <b>V</b>	83.9	34.6	49.3	21.2	28.2	39.8
1963 1964	59.4 66.8	26.3 28.3	33.1 38.4	16.5 17.8	16.6 20.6	31.8 33.9	1967—I II	78.9	32.5 32.5	46.5 46.5	22.2 23.1	24.2 23.4	40.3 40.9
1965	76.6 83.8	31.4 34.5	45.2 49.3	19.8 21.5	25.4 27.8	36.5 39.0	III IV	80.0 85.1	32.9 35.0	47.1 50.1	23.4 22.4	23.6 27.6	41.8 42.5
1967	80.7	33.2	47.5	22.8	24.7	41.4	1968—[ »	88.8	36.6	52.2	23.2	28.9	43.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes depreciation, capital outlays charged to current accounts, and accidental damages.

## **CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CORPORATIONS**

(In billions of dollars)

				C	urrent asso	ets	_	_		Cur	rent liabil	ities	
End of period	Net working capital	Total	Cash	U.S. Govi,		nd accts. vable	Inven-	Other	Total		nd accts. able	Accrued Federal	Other
		304.6 326.5	Casii	securi- ties	U.S. Govt. <sup>1</sup>	Other	tories	Other	Total	U.S. Govt. <sup>1</sup>	Other	income taxes	Other
1961	148.8 155.6 163.5 170.0 180.1		40.7 43.7 46.5 47.3 49.7	19.2 19.6 20.2 18.6 16.5	3.4 3.7 3.6 3.4 3.9	133.3 144.2 156.8 169.9 187.9	95.2 100.7 107.0 113.5 125.7	12.9 14.7 17.8 19.6 22.9	155.8 170.9 188.2 202.2 226.5	1.8 2.0 2.5 2.7 3.1	110.0 119.1 130.4 140.3 158.0	14.2 15.2 16.5 17.0 18.8	29.8 34.5 38.7 42.2 46.6
1966I II III IV	182.7 187.1 188.0 189.4	412.1 421.8 429.5 439.6	47.3 48.1 47.3 49.8	16.7 15.0 14.3 15.2	3.9 4.0 4.2 4.5	190.8 196.7 201.1 202.6	129.2 133.4 138.3 143.2	24.3 24.6 24.4 24.2	229.3 234.7 241.5 250.2	3.3 3.5 4.0 4.4	158.3 164.0 167.8 173.7	18.9 16.5 17.7 18.8	48.8 50.8 52.1 53.3
1967—I II III	191.7 192.8 196.3 200.1	440.2 441.1 448.9 460.1	46.9 47.4 48.8 52.0	14.1 11.3 10.6 12.1	4.4 4.6 4.7 5.1	202.6 204.9 208.9 211.8	146.8 147.9 149.9 152.5	25.4 24.9 26.0 26.6	248.5 248.2 252.6 260.0	4.9 5.4 5.7 5.8	171.2 174.6 176.1 181.0	18.4 12.5 13.3 14.9	54.1 55.7 57.4 58.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Receivables from, and payables to, the U.S. Govt. exclude amounts offset against each other on corporations' books.

Note,—Securities and Exchange Commission estimates; excludes banks, savings and loan assns., insurance companies, and investment companies.

## BUSINESS EXPENDITURES ON NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(In billions of dollars)

		Manufa	ecturing		Transpo	rtation	Public			Total
Period	Total	Durable	Non- durable	Mining	Railroad	Other	utilities	Commu- nications	Other 1	(S.A. annual rate)
1961 1962 1963 1964 1965	34.37 37.31 39.22 44.90 51.96	6.27 7.03 7.85 9.43 11.40	7.40 7.65 7.84 9.16 11.05	.98 1.08 1.04 1.19 1.30	.67 .85 1.10 1.41 1.73	1.85 2.07 1.92 2.38 2.81	5.52 5.48 5.65 6.22 6.94	3,22 3,63 3,79 4,30 4,94	8.46 9.52 10.03 10.83 11.79	
1966	60.63 61.66 65.78	13.99 13.70 14.40	13.00 13.00 13.24	1.47 1.42 1.63	1.98 1.53 1.44	3.44 3.88 4.46	8.41 9.88 11.17	5.62 5.91 6.67	12.74 12.74 12.77	
1966—I	12.77 15.29 15.57 17.00	2.87 3.51 3.54 4.07	2.74 3.27 3.30 3.68	.33 .40 .37 .38	.40 .55 .48 .55	.75 1,00 .82 .86	1.60 2.09 2.36 2.36	1.26 1.42 1.36 1.58	2.83 3.06 3.33 3.52	58.00 60.10 61.25 62.80
1967—I II III IV	13.59 15.61 15.40 17.05	3.08 3.46 3.33 3.82	3.02 3.34 3.15 3.48	.32 .34 .37 .39	.41 .41 .35 .36	.70 1.12 .98 1.07	1.84 2.46 2.66 2.92	1.35 1.49 1.46 1.62	2.87 2.99 3.09 3.39	61.65 61.50 60.90 62.70
1968—[	14.28 16.37 16.73	2.96 3.63 3.68	2.82 3.34 3.34	.36 .40 .40	. 37 . 34 . 34	.98 1.04 1.16	2.33 2.90 2.92		2,96 71 88	64.90 64.60 66.05

Includes trade, service, finance, and construction.
 Anticipated by business.

Note.—Dept. of Commerce estimates. Quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates.

## MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING

(In billions of dollars)

		All pro	perties			Farm						Nonfarn	1			
End of	All	Finan-		her lers <sup>2</sup>	All	Finan-	Other	Ail	1- to 4	l-family h	ouses 4		ltifamily rcial pro			tgage
period	hold- ers	cial insti- tutions <sup>1</sup>	U.S. agen- cies	Indi- viduals and others	hold- ers	cial insti- tutions <sup>1</sup>	hold- ers 3	hold- ers	Total	Finan, insti- tutions 1	Other hold- ers	Total	Finan. insti- tutions <sup>1</sup>	Other hold- ers	FHA- VA- under- written	Con- ven- tional
1941 1945	37.6 35.5	20.7	4.7	12.2	6.4 4.8	1.5	4.9 3.4	31.2 30.8	18.4 18.6	11.2	7.2 6.4	12.9 12.2	8.1 7.4	4.8 4.7	3.0 4.3	28.2 26.5
1961 1962 1963	226.3 248.6 274.3	172.6 192.5 217.1	11.8 12.2 11.2	41.9 44.0 45.9	13.9 15.2 16.8	5.0 5.5 6.2	8.9 9.7 10.7	212.4 233.4 257.4	153.1 166.5 182.2	128.2 140.4 156.0	24.9 26.0 26.2	59.3 66.9 75.3	39.4 46.6 54.9	19.9 20.4 20.3	65.5 69.4 73.4	146.9 164.1 184.0
1964 1965 1966 <sup>p</sup> 1967 <sup>p</sup>	300.3 r326.0 347.1 369.5	241.0 264.6 280.8 298.9	11.4 12.4 15.7 18.5	47.8 r49.0 50.5 52.1	18.9 21.2 23.3 25.2	7.0 7.8 8.4 9.1	11.9 13.4 14.9 16.0	281.3 *304.8 323.7 344.4	197.7 213.2 223.7 236.1	170.5 184.6 192.3 202.0	27.2 28.6 31.4 34.1	83.6 r91.6 100.0 108.3	63.5 72.2 80.0 87.9	20.1 r19.4 20.0 20.4	77.2 81.2 84.0 88.2	204.1 r223.6 239.7 256.2
1966—I <sup>p</sup> II <sup>p</sup> IV <sup>p</sup>	332.0 338.6 343.3 347.1	269.6 274.7 278.2 280.8	13.5 14.4 15.2 15.7	48.9 49.5 50.0 50.5	21.8 22.5 23.0 23.3	8.0 8.2 8.4 8.4	13.7 14.2 14.6 14.9	310.3 316.1 320.4 323.7	216.3 219.8 222.0 223.7	187.3 189.9 191.3 192.3	29.1 29.9 30.7 31.4	93.9 96.4 98.4 100.0	74.3 76.6 78.5 80.0	19.6 19.8 19.9 20.0	82.1 82.6 83.4 84.0	228.2 233.5 237.0 239.7
1967—I <sup>p</sup> II <sup>p</sup> III <sup>p</sup> IV <sup>p</sup>	350.4 356.0 362.7 369.5	283.2 287.9 293.4 298.9	16.4 16.7 17.5 18.5	50.9 51.4 51.8 52.1	23.7 24.2 24.7 25.2	8,5 8,7 8,9 9,1	15.2 15.5 15.8 16.0	326.8 331.8 337.9 344.4	225.2 228.2 232.2 236.1	193.2 195.7 198.9 202.0	32.0 32.4 33.2 34.1	101.6 103.7 105.8 108.3	81.5 83.5 85.5 87.9	20.1 20.2 20.3 20.4	84.4 85.3 86.4 88.2	242,4 246,5 251,5 256,2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Commercial banks (including nondeposit trust companies but not trust depts.), mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, and savings and loan assns.

## MORTGAGE LOANS HELD BY BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

		C	mmerci	al bank l	oldings 1				Mu	tual savi	ngs bank	holding	3 2	
End of period			Resid	ential						Reside	ential			
2 O. p	Total	Total	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	Con- ven- tional	Other non- farm	Farm	Total	Total	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	Con- ven- tional	Other non- farm	Farm
1941 1945	4,906 4,772	3,292 3,395				1,048 856		4,812 4,208	3,884 3,387				900 797	28 24
1961 1962 1963	30,442 34,476 39,414	21,225 23,482 26,476	5,975 6,520 7,105	2,654	12,623 14,308 16,509	7,470 8,972 10,611	1,747 2,022 2,327	29,145 32,320 36,224	26,341 29,181 32,718	8,045 9,238 10,684		10,156	3,088	51 51 52
1964 1965 1966	43,976 49,675 54,380 59,019	28,933 32,387 34,876 37,642	7,315 7,702 7,544 7,709	2,688 2,599	21,997 24,733	14,377 16,366	2,638 2,911 3,138 3,446	40,556 44,617 47,337 50,490	36,487 40,096 42,242 44,641	13,791 14,500	11,471	14,897 16,272	4,016 4,469 5,041 r5,732	52 53
1966—I II IV	50,650 52,306 53,606 54,380	32,822 33,800 34,469 34,876	7,717 7,769 7,687 7,544	2,654 2,620	23,377 24,162	15,478 16,028	3,028 3,109	45,370 45,883 46,622 47,337	40,700 41,083 41,673 42,242	14,047 14,274	11,413	15,690 15,986	4,747	53
1967—I II III	54,531 55,731 57,482 59,019	34,890 35,487 36,639 37,642	7,444 7,396 7,584 7,709	2,495 2,601	25,596 26,454	16,970 17,475	3,173 3,274 3,368 3,446	48,107 48,893 49,732 50,490	44,094	15,016	11,768	16,811 17,293	5,316 5,526	51 112

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes loans held by nondeposit trust companies, but not bank trust depts.

2 Data for 1941 and 1945, except for totals, are special F.R. estimates.

Note.—Second and fourth quarters, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation series for all commercial and mutual savings banks in the United

States and possessions. First and third quarters, estimates based on FDIC data for insured banks for 1962 and part of 1963 and on special F.R. interpolations thereafter. For earlier years, the basis for first- and third-quarter estimates included F.R. commercial bank call report data and data from the National Assn. of Mutual Savings Banks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. agencies are FNMA, FHA, VA, PHA, Farmers Home Admin, and Federal land banks, and in earlier years, RFC, HOLC, and FFMC. Other U.S. agencies (amounts small or current separate data not readily available) included with "individuals and others."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Derived figures; includes debt held by Federal land banks and farm debt held by Farmers Home Admin.

<sup>4</sup> For multifamily and total residential properties, see p. A-50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Derived figures; includes small amounts of farm loans held by savings and loan assns.

<sup>6</sup> Data by type of mortgage on nonfarm 1- to 4-family properties alone are shown on second page following.

Note.—Based on data from Federal Deposit Insurance Corp., Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Institute of Life Insurance, Depts. of Agriculture and Commerce, Federal National Mortgage Assn., Federal Housing Admin., Public Housing Admin., Veterans Admin., and Comptroller of the Currency.

Figures for first 3 quarters of each year are F.R. estimates.

## MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

(In millions of dollars)

			Loans a	cquired			Loans outstanding (end of period)					
Period			Nonfarm					Nonfarm				
tots	Total	Total	FHA- insured	VA- guar- anteed	Other 1	Farm <sup>1</sup>	Total	Total	FHA- insured	VA- guar- anteed	Other	Farm
1945,	976						6,637	5,860	1,394		4,466	766
1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965. 1966. 1967. 1967	6,785 7,478 9,172 10,433 11,137 10,217 8,399 721 603 641	6,233 6,859 8,306 9,386 9,988 9,223 7,569 633 536 582	1,388 1,355 1,598 1,812 1,738 1,300 753	220 469 678 674 553 467 408	4,625 5,035 6,030 6,900 7,697 7,456 6,408 515 461 494	552 619 866 1,047 1,149 994 830 88 67 59	44,203 46,902 50,544 55,152 60,013 64,609 67,543 65,522 66,024 66,253	41,033 43,502 46,752 50,848 55,190 59,369 61,986 60,248 60,721 60,924	9,665 10,176 10,756 11,484 12,068 12,351 12,163 12,419 12,449 12,434	6,553 6,395 6,401 6,403 6,286 6,201 6,093 6,227 6,202 6,183	24,815 26,931 29,595 32,961 36,836 40,817 43,730 41,602 42,070 42,307	3,170 3,400 3,792 4,304 4,823 5,240 5,\$57 5,274 5,303 5,329
June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	643 563 676 688 675 662 1,077	569 506 618 631 623 603 953	60 36 68 62 68 50 58	31 27 32 36 40 30 33	478 443 518 533 515 523 862	74 57 58 57 52 59 124	66,414 66,324 66,506 66,701 66,884 67,097 67,595	61,038 60,920 61,073 61,239 61,401 61,595 62,038	12,397 12,311 12,289 12,263 12,236 12,214 12,192	6,163 6,161 6,144 6,131 6,124 6,112 6,104	42,478 42,448 42,640 42,845 43,041 43,269 43,742	5,376 5,404 5,433 5,462 5,483 5,502 5,557
1968—Jan	632 527 640	558 431 531	62 45 52	37 25 28	459 361 451	74 96 109	67,770 67,867 68,005	62,223 62,292 62,421	12,192 12,164 12,137	6,106 6,097 6,086	43,925 44,031 44,198	5,547 5,575 5,634

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Certain mortgage loans secured by land on which oil drilling or extracting operations in process were classified with farm through June 1959 and with "other" nonfarm thereafter. These loans totaled \$38 million on July 31, 1959.

Note.-Institute of Life Insurance data. For loans acquired, the

monthly figures may not add to annual totals and for loans outstanding, the end-of-Dec, figures may differ from end-of-year figures, because (1) monthly figures represent book value of ledger assets whereas year-end figures represent annual statement asset values, and (2) data for year-end adjustments are more complete.

# MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

(In millions of dollars)

	Lo	ans ma	de	Loans ou	tstandir	ng (end o	f period)
Period	Total 1	New home con- struc- tion	Home pur- chase	Total <sup>2</sup>	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	Con- ven- tional
1945	1,913	181	1,358	5,376			
1961	17,364 20,754 24,735 24,505 23,847 16,720 19,891	7,039	7,207 8,524 9,920 10,397 10,697 7,746 9,505	90,944	4,167 4,476 4,696 4,894 5,145 5,270 5,794	6,960 6,683 6,398 6,158	79,288 89,756
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	1,339 1,738 2,162 1,860 2,228 1,971 1,950 1,801	400 435 382 424 381 413 388	586 779 1,046 951 1,186 1,017 949 856 780	115,909 116,944 117,676 118,674 119,529 120,362 121,127	5,437 5,514 5,576 5,660	6,127 6,169 6,187 6,223 6,258 6,292 6,336	103,771 104,417 105,391 106,052 106,937 107,695 108,410 109,077 109,743
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr. <sup>p</sup> .	1,389 1,456 1,766 1,948	305	665 704 840 934	122,637 123,426	5,853 5,903	6,447	109,903 110,337 111,041 111,818

<sup>1</sup> Includes loans for repairs, additions and alterations, refinancing, etc.,

## FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

Period	Ad-	Repay-		ces outst d of peri		Members'
renod	vances	ments	Total	Short- term 1	Long- term 2	deposits
1945	278	213	195	176	19	46
1961	2,882	2,220	2,662	1,447	1,216	1,180
	4,111	3,294	3,479	2,005	1,474	1,213
	5,601	4,296	4,784	2,863	1,921	1,151
	5,565	5,025	5,325	2,846	2,479	1,199
	5,007	4,335	5,997	3,074	2,923	1,043
	3,804	2,866	6,935	5,006	1,929	1,036
	1,527	4,076	4,386	3,985	401	1,432
1967—Apr	59	452	4,782	3,976	806	1,648
	59	420	4,421	3,776	644	1,831
	89	208	4,302	3,696	606	1,925
	193	274	4,221	3,680	541	1,521
	134	202	4,153	3,659	494	1,343
	102	133	4,122	3,642	480	1,317
	160	169	4,114	3,681	433	1,323
	176	102	4,188	3,793	395	1,347
	252	54	4,386	3,985	401	1,432
1968—Jan	308	251	4,442	3,963	479	1,198
Feb	101	195	4,348	3,806	542	1,182
Mar	87	166	4,269	3,733	536	1,302
Apr	386	111	4,545	4,026	519	1,270

<sup>1</sup> Secured or unsecured loans maturing in 1 year or less.
2 Secured loans, amortized quarterly, having maturities of more than 1 year but not more than 10 years.

Note.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board data.

not shown separately.

2 Beginning with 1958, includes shares pledged against mortgage loans; beginning with 1966, includes junior liens and real estate sold on contract; and beginning with 1967, includes downward structural adjustment for change in universe.

Note.—Federal Home Loan Bank Board data.

## GOVERNMENT-UNDERWRITTEN RESIDENTIAL LOANS MADE

(In millions of dollars)

		F	HA-insur	ed		VA	-guarant	eed
Period		Mort	gages		Prop-		Mortgages	
rende	Total	New homes	Ex- isting homes	Projects 1	erty im- prove- ments <sup>2</sup>	Total 3	New homes	Ex- isting homes
1945	665	257	217	20	171	192		
1961	6,546 7,184 7,216 8,130 8,689 7,320 7,150	1,783 1,849 1,664 1,608 1,705 1,729 1,369	2,982 3,421 3,905 4,965 5,760 4,366 4,516	926 1,079 843 895 591 583 642	855 834 804 663 634 641 623	1,829 2,652 3,045 2,846 2,652 2,600 3,405	1,170 1,357 1,272 1,023 876 980 1,143	656 1,292 1,770 1,821 1,774 1,618 2,259
1967—Apr	440 508 626 595 762 758 817 746 594	89 87 105 103 129 129 150 149 124	270 320 403 399 525 514 515 471 334	41 444 57 36 45 58 88 72 90	40 58 61 58 62 56 64 53 47	184 231 266 296 340 352 434 383 340	70 76 81 82 97 101 125 127 124	114 154 185 214 243 251 310 255 217
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	693 573 535 603	147 124 120 131	431 312 314 340	70 100 62 80	45 36 39 53	349 280 267 265	135 111 115 110	213 169 152 156

Note.—Federal Housing Admin, and Veterans Admin, data. FHA-insured loans represent gross amount of insurance written; VA-guaranteed loans, gross amounts of loans closed. Figures do not take into account principal repayments on previously insured or guaranteed loans. For VA-guaranteed loans, amounts by type are derived from data on number and average amount of loans closed.

## MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING ON NON-FARM 1- to 4-FAMILY PROPERTIES

(In billions of dollars)

F=1 -6			overnm derwrit		Con-	
End of period	Total	Total	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed 1	ven- tional	
1945	18.6	4.3	4.1	.2	14.3	
1961	153.1	59.1	29.5	29.6	93.9	
1962	166.5	62.2	32.3	29.9	104.3	
1963	182.2	65.9	35.0	30.9	116.3	
1964	197.7	69.2	38.3	30.9	128.5	
1965	213.2	73.1	42.0	31.1	140.0	
1966	223.7	76.0	44.8	31.2	147.8	
1967"	236.1	79.9	47.4	32.5	156.2	
1965—I	200.7	70.0	39.0	31.0	130.7	
II	205.0	70.7	39.7	31.0	134.3	
III	209.2	72.0	40.9	31.1	137.2	
IV	213.2	73.1	42.0	31.1	140.0	
1966—I	216.3	74.1	43.0	31.1	142.2	
II	219.8	74.6	43.7	30.9	145.2	
III	222.0	75.4	44.4	31.0	146.6	
IV	223.7	76.0	44.8	31.2	147.8	
1967—I <sup>p</sup>	225.2	76.4	45.2	31.2	148.8	
I[ <sup>p</sup>	228.2	77.2	45.7	31.5	150.9	
III <sup>p</sup>	232.2	78.3	46.6	31.7	153.9	
IV <sup>p</sup>	236.1	79.9	47.4	32.5	156.2	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes outstanding amount of VA vendee accounts held by private investors under repurchase agreement,

#### FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION **ACTIVITY**

(In millions of dollars)

	Mort	gage hol	dings	transa (du	tgage ctions ring	Com- mit-
End of period	Total	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	Pur- chases	Sales	ments un- dis- bursed
1961	6,093 5,923 4,650 4,412 4,731 7,063 8,870	3,490 3,571 3,017 2,996 3,404 5,407 6,803	2,603 2,353 1,634 1,416 1,327 1,656 2,066	815 740 290 424 913 2,701 2,260	541 498 1,114 251 200	631 355 191 313 793 705 1,672
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	7,524 7,624 7,872 8,105 8,371	5,740 5,767 5,811 5,890 6,076 6,249 6,441 6,615 6,803	1,721 1,717 1,713 1,734 1,796 1,856 1,930 1,995 2,066	78 65 88 136 291 272 307 279 299	1 1 6 1	744 835 1,104 1,333 1,447 1,473 1,535 1,676 1,672
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	9,220 9,525 9,800 10,046	7,052 7,268 7,474 7,657	2,168 2,257 2,326 2,389	388 341 316 289	i 1	1,588 1,494 1,451 1,454

Note.—Federal National Mortgage Assn. data, including mortgages subject to participation pool of Government Mortgage Liquidation Trust, but excluding conventional mortgage loans acquired by FNMA from the RFC Mortgage Co., the Defense Homes Corp., the Public Housing Admin., and Community Facilities Admin.

## MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES

(In billions of dollars)

	A	l resident	ial	N	<b>Lultifamily</b>	1
End of period	Total	Finan- cial insti- tutions	Other holders	Total	Finan- cial insti- tutions	Other holders
1941	24.2	14.9	9.4	5.8	3.6	2.2
1945	24.3	15.7	8.6	5.7	3.5	2.2
1961	176.0	143.0	33.0	23.0	14.8	8.2
1962	192.5	157.9	34.6	25.8	17.5	8.3
1963	211.2	176.7	34.5	29.0	20.7	8.3
1964	230.9	195.3	35.7	33.2	24.8	8.5
1965	250.0	213.1	736.8	36.8	28.5	8.3
1966 <sup>p</sup>	263.2	223.2	40.0	39.5	30.9	8.5
1967 <sup>p</sup>	278.6	235.7	42.9	42.5	33.8	8.8
1965III	245.1	208.7	36.3	*35.8	27.5	8.3
IV	250.0	213.1	r36.8	36.8	28.5	8.3
1966—I <sup>p</sup> , III <sup>p</sup> IV <sup>p</sup>	254.1 258.3 261.0 263.2	216.6 219.9 221.8 223.2	37.5 38.4 39.2 40.0	37.7 38.5 39.0 39.5	29.3 30.0 30.5 30.9	8.4 8.5 8.5 8.5
1967—I <sup>p</sup>	265.4	224.7	40.7	40.2	31.6	8.6
II <sup>p</sup>	269.0	228.0	41.1	40.9	32.2	8.6
III <sup>p</sup>	273.9	231.9	42.0	41.7	33.0	8.7
IV <sup>p</sup>	278.6	235.7	42.9	42.5	33.8	8.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Structures of 5 or more units. For 1- to 4-family mortgage debt see second preceding page.

Monthly figures do not reflect mortgage amendments included in annual totals,
 Not ordinarily secured by mortgages.
 Includes a small amount of alteration and repair loans, not shown separately; only such loans in amounts of more than \$1,000 need be secured.

NOTE.—For total debt outstanding, figures are FHLBB and F.R. estimates. For conventional, figures are derived.

Based on data from Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Federal Housing Admin., and Veterans Admin.

Note,—Based on data from same source as for "Mortgage Debt Outstanding" table (second preceding page).

## TERMS ON CONVENTIONAL FIRST MORTGAGES

			New I	iomes				• •	Exist	ng homes		
Period	Con- tract rate (per cent)	Fees & charges (per cent) 1	Maturity (years)	Loan/ price ratio (per cent)	Pur- chase price (thous, of dollars)	Loan amount (thous, of dollars)	Con- tract rate (per cent)	Fees & charges (per cent) 1	Maturity (years)	Loan/ price ratio (per cent)	Pur- chase price (thous. of dollars)	Loan amount (thous, of dollars)
1963	5.84 5.78 5.74 6.14 6.33	.64 .57 .49 .71	24.0 24.8 25.0 24.7 25.2	73.3 74.1 73.9 73.0 73.6	22.5 23.7 25.1 26.6 28.0	16.3 17.3 18.5 19.4 20.6	5.98 5.92 5.87 6.30 6.40	.60 .55 .55 .72	19.2 20.0 21.8 21.7 22.5	70.8 71.3 72.7 72.0 72.7	17.8 18.9 21.6 22.2 24.1	12.6 13.4 15.7 16.1 17.5
1967—Apr	6.31 6.25 6.23 6.31 6.28 6.31 6.34 6.33 6.41	.77 .77 .76 .77 .78 .78 .82 .76 .84	24.8 25.3 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.3 25.4 25.3 25.4	73.2 74.0 74.0 73.9 73.7 74.2 73.8 73.4 72.7	27.0 27.5 28.1 28.4 28.5 28.8 28.7 28.9 29.6	19.8 20.4 20.8 21.0 21.0 21.4 21.2 21.2 21.5	6.34 6.29 6.28 6.30 6.34 6.36 6.39 6.42 6.51	.74 .70 .67 .70 .72 .73 .78 .77	22.3 22.3 22.8 22.7 22.8 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.7 23.1	72.6 72.7 72.5 72.9 73.4 72.7 73.0 72.9 73.1	23.7 24.1 25.1 24.8 24.7 23.9 23.7 25.1 25.2	17.2 17.5 18.2 18.1 18.1 17.4 17.3 18.3
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr. <sup>p</sup>	6.39 6.47 6.50 6.56	.86 .94 .88 .88	25.4 25.5 25.7 25.3	72.9 74.5 74.3 73.4	29.7 29.8 30.2 30.3	21.7 22.2 22.4 22.2	6.57 6.58 6.59 6.64	.82 .81 .79 .79	22.7 22.6 23.0 22.6	73.7 73.6 73.3 72.8	24.9 24.5 25.4 25.2	18.4 18.0 18.6 18.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fees and charges—related to principal mortgage amount—include loan commissions, fees, discounts, and other charges, which provide added income to the lender and are paid by the borrower. They exclude any closing costs related solely to transfer of property ownership.

Nore.—Compiled by Federal Home Loan Bank Board in cooperation with Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Data are weighted averages based on probability sample survey of characteristics of mortgages

originated by major institutional lender groups (including mortgage companies) for purchase of single-family homes. Data exclude loans for refinancing, reconditioning, or modernization; construction loans to home-builders; and permanent loans that are coupled with construction loans to owner-builders. Series beginning 1965, not strictly comparable with earlier data. See also the table on Mortgages: New and Existing Homes, p. A-33.

#### **DELINQUENCY RATES ON HOME MORTGAGES**

(Per 100 mortgages held or serviced)

E decented		Loans not in but delinqu	n foreclosure ent for—		Loans in
End of period	Total	30 days	60 days	90 days or more	fore- closure
1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967	3.10 3.04 3.30 3.21 3.29 3.40 3.47	2,27 2,26 2,32 2,35 2,40 2,54 2,66	.50 .50 .60 .55 .55 .54	.33 .29 .38 .31 .34 .32	.29 .30 .34 .38 .40 .36
1965—I II III IV	2.94 3.00 3.20 3.29	2.06 2.18 2.30 2.40	.54 .52 .56 .55	.34 .30 .34 .34	.37 .38 .38 .40
1966—I II III IV	3.02 2.95 3.09 3.40	2,13 2,16 2,25 2,54	.55 .49 .52 .54	.34 .30 .32 .32	.38 .38 .36 .36
1967—I II III IV	3.04 2.85 3.15 3.47	2.17 2.14 2.36 2.66	.56 .45 .52 .54	.31 .26 .27 .27	.38 .34 .31 .32
1968—[	2.84	2,11	. 49	. 24	.32

Note.—Mortgage Bankers Association of America data from reports on 1to 4-family FHA-insured, VA-guaranteed, and conventional mortgages held by more than 400 respondents, including mortgage bankers (chiefly), commercial banks, savings banks, and savings and loan associations.

#### NONFARM MORTGAGE FORECLOSURES

Period	Number (thousands)	Rate (per cent of mortgaged structures)
1961 1962 1963	73.1 86.4 98.2	.37 .42 .45
1964	108.6 116.7 117.5 110.5	. 48 . 49 . 48 . 44
1965—I	27.9 30.1 29.1 29.6	.48 .52 .50 .50
1966—I	28.8 30.8 29.3 28.6	.48 .51 .48 .46
1967—I	29.5 29.0 27.2 24.9	.48 .47 .43 .40

NOTE.—Federal Home Loan Bank Board estimates of number of nonfarm mortgaged structures at end of period and of nonfarm properties acquired during period through foreclosure proceedings (excluding voluntary deeds in lieu of foreclosure and defaults on real estate contracts). Data exclude Alaska and

## **TOTAL CREDIT**

(In millions of dollars)

				Instalment				Nonin	stalment	
End of period	Total	Total	Auto- mobile paper	Other consumer goods paper	Repair and mod- ernization loans <sup>1</sup>	Personal loans	Total	Single- payment loans	Charge accounts	Service credit
1939	7,222	4,503	1,497	1,620	298	1,088	2,719	787	1,414	518
1941	9,172	6,085	2,458	1,929	376	1,322	3,087	845	1,645	597
1945	5,665	2,462	455	816	182	1,009	3,203	746	1,612	845
1960	56,028	42,832	17,688	11,525	3,139	10,480	13,196	4,507	5,329	3,360
1961	57,678	43,527	17,223	11,857	3,191	11,256	14,151	5,136	5,324	3,691
1962	63,164	48,034	19,540	12,605	3,246	12,643	15,130	5,456	5,684	3,990
1963	70,461	54,158	22,433	13,856	3,405	14,464	16,303	6,117	5,871	4,315
	78,442	60,548	25,195	15,593	3,532	16,228	17,894	6,954	6,300	4,640
	87,884	68,565	28,843	17,693	3,675	18,354	19,319	7,682	6,746	4,891
	94,786	74,656	30,961	19,834	3,751	20,110	20,130	7,844	7,144	5,142
	99,228	77,946	31,197	21,328	3,731	21,690	21,282	8,267	7,595	5,420
1967—Apr.  May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	93,089 93,917 94,813 95,115 95,684 95,886 96,094 96,802 99,228	73,840 74,290 75,051 75,348 75,889 76,039 76,223 76,680 77,946	30,635 30,852 31,208 31,364 31,455 31,296 31,237 31,217 31,197	19,376 19,442 19,580 19,607 19,755 19,914 20,042 20,340 21,328	3,636 3,670 3,696 3,711 3,742 3,746 3,748 3,731	20,193 20,326 20,567 20,666 20,936 21,087 21,198 21,375 21,690	19,249 19,627 19,762 19,767 19,765 19,847 19,847 19,871 20,122 21,282	7,890 8,017 8,077 8,100 8,136 8,179 8,189 8,237 8,267	5,923 6,231 6,334 6,346 6,368 6,387 6,471 6,614 7,595	5,436 5,379 5,351 5,321 5,291 5,281 5,211 5,271 5,420
1968—Jan	98,225	77,467	31,061	21,097	3,678	21,631	20,758	8,288	6,970	5,500
Feb	97,672	77,327	31,137	20,785	3,653	21,752	20,345	8,325	6,386	5,634
Mar	97,875	77,581	31,380	20,692	3,636	21,873	20,294	8,370	6,263	5,661
Apr	99,142	78,345	31,766	20,802	3,649	22,128	20,797	8,488	6,559	5,750

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Holdings of financial institutions; holdings of retail outlets are included in "other consumer goods paper."

Note.—Consumer credit estimates cover loans to individuals for house-

hold, family, and other personal expenditures, except real estate mortgage loans. For back figures and description of the data, see "Consumer Credit," Section 16 (New) of Supplement to Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1965, and May 1966 BULLETIN.

## INSTALMENT CREDIT

(In millions of dollars)

			1	Financial i	institution	s		Retail outlets					
End of period	Total	Total	Com- mercial banks	Sales finance cos.	Credit unions	Con- sumer finance 1	Other 1	Total	Depart- ment stores 2	Furni- ture stores	Appli- ance stores	Auto- mobile dealers 3	Other
1939	4,503	3,065	1,079	1,197	132		657	1,438	354	439	183	123	339
1941	6,085	4,480	1,726	1,797	198		759	1,605	320	496	206	188	395
1945	2,462	1,776	745	300	102		629	686	131	240	17	28	270
1960	42,832	37,218	16,672	11,472	3,923	3,670	1,481	5,615	2,414	1,107	333	359	l,402
	43,527	37,935	17,008	11,273	4,330	3,799	1,525	5,595	2,421	1,058	293	342	l,481
	48,034	41,782	19,005	12,194	4,902	4,131	1,550	6,252	3,013	1,073	294	345	l,527
1963	54,158	47,405	22,023	13,523	5,622	4,590	1,647	6,753	3,427	1,086	287	328	1,625
	60,548	53,141	25,094	14,762	6,458	5,078	1,749	7,407	3,922	1,152	286	370	1,677
	68,565	60,273	29,173	16,138	7,512	5,606	1,844	8,292	4,488	1,235	302	447	1,820
	74,656	65,565	32,155	16,936	8,549	6,014	1,911	9,091	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	490	n.a.
	77,946	68,273	33,992	16,851	9,169	6,294	1,967	9,673	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	506	n.a.
1967—Apr. May June July, Aug, Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	75,348	65,298 65,733 66,452 66,781 67,273 67,376 67,513 67,763 68,273	32,299 32,560 32,966 33,235 33,536 33,637 33,723 33,819 33,992	16,590 16,615 16,721 16,747 16,755 16,701 16,698 16,722 16,851	8,561 8,665 8,826 8,864 8,991 9,026 9,054 9,113 9,169	5,951 5,947 5,995 6,009 6,036 6,067 6,086 6,138 6,294	1,897 1,946 1,944 1,926 1,955 1,945 1,952 1,971 1,967	8,542 8,557 8,599 8,567 8,616 8,663 8,710 8,917 9,673	n,a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	490 494 502 506 508 507 506 506 506	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.
968—Jan	77,467	68,076	34,017	16,775	9,063	6,251	1,970	9,391	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	504	n.a.
Feb	77,327	68,215	34,155	16,706	9,094	6,270	1,990	9,112	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	507	n.a.
Mar	77,581	68,570	34,411	16,700	9,172	6,289	1,998	9,011	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	514	n.a.
Apr	78,345	69,332	34,908	16,790	9,311	6,336	1,987	9,013	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	522	n.a.

<sup>Consumer finance companies included with "other" financial institutions until 1950.
Includes mail-order houses.</sup> 

<sup>3</sup> Automobile paper only; other instalment credit held by automobile dealers is included with "other" retail outlets.

See also Note to table above.

#### INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY COMMERCIAL BANKS

(In millions of dollars)

Pod of coded	Tatal	Autor paj	nobile per	Other con- sumer	Repair and mod-	Per-
End of period	Total	Pur- chased	Direct	goods paper	erniza- tion loans	loans
1939	1,079	237	178	166	135	363
	1,726	447	338	309	161	471
	745	66	143	114	110	312
1960	16,672	5,316	2,820	2,759	2,200	3,577
	17,008	5,391	2,860	2,761	2,198	3,798
	19,005	6,184	3,451	2,824	2,261	4,285
1963 1964 1965 1966	22,023 25,094 29,173 32,155 33,992	7,381 8,691 10,310 11,370 11,400	4,102 4,734 5,721 6,165 6,569	3,213 3,670 4,266 5,101 5,808	2,377 2,457 2,543 2,567 2,523	4,950 5,542 6,333 6,952 7,692
1967—Apr	32,299	11,256	6,217	5,292	2,478	7,056
	32,560	11,313	6,307	5,342	2,489	7,109
	32,966	11,414	6,402	5,431	2,505	7,214
	33,235	11,489	6,451	5,500	2,519	7,276
	33,536	11,538	6,494	5,556	2,536	7,412
	33,637	11,497	6,490	5,619	2,538	7,493
	33,723	11,463	6,515	5,656	2,539	7,550
	33,819	11,428	6,545	5,696	2,534	7,616
	33,992	11,400	6,569	5,808	2,523	7,692
1968—Jan	34,017	11,364	6,600	5,850	2,482	7,721
Feb	34,155	11,401	6,653	5,867	2,459	7,775
Mar	34,411	11,489	6,749	5,897	2,444	7,832
Apr	34,908	11,643	6,854	5,985	2,457	7,969

See Note to first table on previous page.

# INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

(In millions of dollars)

End of period	Total	Auto- mobile paper	Other con- sumer goods paper	Repair and modern- ization loans	Per- sonal loans
1939	789	81	24	15	669
1941	957	122	36	14	785
1945	731	54	20	14	643
1960	9,074	1,665	771	800	5,837
1961	9,654	1,819	743	832	6,257
1962	10,583	2,111	751	815	6,906
1963	11,859	2,394	835	870	7,760
	13,285	2,699	997	933	8,656
	14,962	3,124	1,153	1,009	9,676
	16,474	3,545	1,303	1,074	10,552
	17,430	3,763	1,336	1,105	11,226
1967—Apr.  May June July, Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	16,409	3,544	1,283	1,054	10,528
	16,558	3,588	1,286	1,076	10,608
	16,765	3,652	1,291	1,085	10,737
	16,799	3,666	1,294	1,084	10,755
	16,982	3,715	1,310	1,100	10,857
	17,038	3,723	1,315	1,097	10,903
	17,092	3,729	1,319	1,100	10,944
	17,222	3,748	1,326	1,109	11,039
	17,430	3,763	1,336	1,105	11,226
1968—Jan	17,284	3,720	1,328	1,098	11,138
Feb	17,354	3,731	1,336	1,101	11,186
Mar	17,459	3,763	1,351	1,103	11,242
Apr	17,634	3,816	1,369	1,106	11,343

Note.—Institutions represented are consumer finance companies, credit unions, industrial loan companies, mutual savings banks, savings and loan assns., and other lending institutions holding consumer instalment loans.

See also Note to first table on previous page.

# INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY SALES FINANCE COMPANIES

(In millions of dollars)

End of period	Total	Auto- mobile paper	Other con- sumer goods paper	Repair and modern- ization loans	Per- sonal loans
1939	1,197	878	115	148	56
1941	1,797	1,363	167	201	66
1945	300	164	24	58	54
1960	11,472	7,528	2,739	139	1,066
1961	11,273	6,811	3,100	161	1,201
1962	12,194	7,449	3,123	170	1,452
1963	13,523	8,228	3,383	158	1,754
	14,762	8,701	3,889	142	2,030
	16,138	9,241	4,429	123	2,345
	16,936	9,391	4,829	110	2,606
	16,851	8,959	5,017	103	2,772
1967—Apr.  May June July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	16,590	9,128	4,749	104	2,609
	16,615	9,150	4,751	105	2,609
	16,721	9,238	4,761	106	2,616
	16,747	9,252	4,752	108	2,635
	16,755	9,200	4,781	107	2,667
	16,701	9,079	4,824	107	2,691
	16,698	9,024	4,863	107	2,704
	16,722	8,990	4,907	105	2,720
	16,851	8,959	5,017	103	2,772
1968—Jan	16,775	8,873	5,032	98	2,772
Feb	16,706	8,845	4,977	93	2,791
Mar	16,700	8,865	4,947	89	2,799
Apr	16,790	8,931	4,957	86	2,816

See Note to first table on previous page.

## NONINSTALMENT CREDIT

(In millions of dollars)

		Sin; payr los	nent	Cha	rge acco	unts	
End of period	cial banks finan cial institution		Other finan- cial insti- tutions	De- part- ment stores 1	Other retail outlets	Credit cards 2	Service credit
1939 1941 1945	2,719 3,087 3,203	625 693 674	162 152 72	236 275 290	1,178 1,370 1,322		518 597 845
1960 1961 1962	13,196 14,151 15,130	3,884 4,413 4,690	623 723 766	941 948 927	3,952 3,907 4,252	436 469 505	3,360 3,691 3,990
1963 1964 1965 1966	16,303 17,894 19,319 20,130 21,282	5,205 5,950 6,587 6,714 7,064	912 1,004 1,095 1,130 1,203	895 909 968 n.a. n.a.	4,456 4,756 5,055 n.a. n.a.	520 635 723 874 1,054	4,315 4,640 4,891 5,142 5,420
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	19,249 19,627 19,762 19,767 19,795 19,847 19,871 20,122 21,282	6,758 6,848 6,902 6,927 6,950 6,994 7,001 7,034 7,064	1,132 1,169 1,175 1,173 1,186 1,185 1,188 1,203 1,203	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	922 939 965 1,024 1,057 1,083 1,056 1,046 1,054	5,436 5,379 5,351 5,321 5,291 5,281 5,211 5,271 5,420
1968Jan Feb Mar Apr	20,758 20,345 20,294 20,797	7,075 7,098 7,136 7,246	1,213 1,227 1,234 1,242	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	1,081 1,040 1,025 1,069	5,500 5,634 5,661 5,750

Includes mail-order houses.
 Service station and miscellaneous credit-card accounts and homeheating-oil accounts.
 See also Nors to first table on previous page.

## INSTALMENT CREDIT EXTENDED AND REPAID, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

(In millions of dollars)

Period Period	То	tal	Automob	ile paper	Other co goods		Repai moderniza		Persona	l loans
	S.A.1	N.S.A.	S.A.1	N.S.A.	S.A.1	N.S.A.	S.A.1	N.S.A.	S.A.1	N.S.A.
					Exten	sions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1961 1962		48,396 55,126		16,007 19,796		14,578 15,685		2,068 2,051		15,744 17,594
1963		61,295 67,505 75,508 78,896 81,263		22,292 24,435 27,914 28,491 27,221		17,102 19,473 21,454 23,502 25,787		2,198 2,204 2,238 2,136 2,076		19,703 21,393 23,902 24,767 26,179
1967—Apr.  May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	6,606 6,554 6,823 6,776 6,929 6,973 6,942 7,032 7,035	6,495 7,062 7,458 6,859 7,223 6,590 6,912 7,032 7,829	2,217 2,238 2,338 2,266 2,285 2,322 2,321 2,305 2,306	2,294 2,559 2,678 2,396 2,392 2,042 2,355 2,222 2,094	2,095 2,032 2,081 2,147 2,212 2,234 2,165 2,242 2,321	1,927 2,074 2,155 2,071 2,229 2,205 2,215 2,375 3,088	170 180 190 175 175 166 171 180	163 219 215 191 210 176 178 178	2,124 2,104 2,214 2,188 2,257 2,251 2,285 2,305 2,239	2,111 2,210 2,410 2,201 2,392 2,167 2,164 2,257 2,506
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	7,089	6,363 6,372 7,100 7,694	2,437 2,519 2,567 2,517	2,178 2,301 2,589 2,789	2,223 2,250 2,331 2,354	1,992 1,854 2,140 2,280	165 179 183 187	132 138 162 190	2,264 2,297 2,299 2,284	2,061 2,079 2,209 2,435
					Repay	ments	11		11	
1961 1962		47,700 50,620		16,472 17,478		14,246 14,939		2,015 1,996		14,967 16,206
1963		55,171 61,121 67,495 72,805 77,973		19,400 21,676 24,267 26,373 26,985		15,850 17,737 19,355 21,361 24,293		2,038 2,078 2,096 2,060 2,096		17,883 19,630 21,777 23,011 24,599
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec		6,246 6,612 6,697 6,562 6,682 6,440 6,728 6,575 6,563	2,235 2,219 2,281 2,228 2,240 2,280 2,301 2,240 2,250	2,186 2,342 2,322 2,240 2,301 2,201 2,414 2,242 2,114	1,968 1,948 1,995 2,074 2,079 2,106 2,093 2,105 2,167	1,920 2,008 2,017 2,044 2,081 2,046 2,087 2,077 2,100	179 178 184 175 171 178 170 177 167	175 185 189 176 178 177 174 176	2,011 2,016 2,071 2,074 2,095 2,125 2,067 2,092 2,068	1,965 2,077 2,169 2,102 2,122 2,016 2,053 2,080 2,191
1968—JanFeb	6,691 6,679 6,814 6,800	6,842 6,512 6,846 6,930	2,302 2,308 2,330 2,339	2,314 2,225 2,346 2,403	2,088 2,110 2,173 2,159	2,223 2,166 2,233 2,170	183 170 182 173	185 163 179 177	2,118 2,091 2,129 2,129	2,120 1,958 2,088 2,180
			·	Net	change in cre	dit outstan	ding <sup>2</sup>			
1961 1962		696 4,506		-465 2,318		332 746		53 55		777 1,388
1963. 1964. 1965. 1966. 1967.		6,124 6,384 8,013 6,091 3,290		2,892 2,759 3,647 2,118 236		1,252 1,736 2,099 2,141 1,494		160 126 142 76 —20		1,820 1,763 2,125 1,756 1,580
1967—Apr  May June July  Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	213 193 292 225 344 284 311 418 383	249 450 761 297 541 150 184 457 1,266	-18 19 57 38 45 42 20 65 56	108 217 356 156 91 159 59 20 20	127 84 86 73 133 128 72 137	7 66 138 27 148 159 128 298	-9 2 6 * -12 1 3 2	-12 34 26 15 32 -1 4 2 -17	113 88 143 114 162 126 218 213	146 133 241 99 270 151 111 177 315
1968	398 566 566 542	479 140 254 764	135 211 237 178	-136 76 243 386	135 140 158 195	-231 -312 -93 110	-18 9 1 14	-53 -25 -17 13	146 206 170 155	-59 121 121 255

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes adjustments for differences in trading days.

<sup>2</sup> Net changes in credit outstanding are equal to extensions less repayments.

sales of instalment paper, and certain other transactions may increase the amount of extensions and repayments without affecting the amount outstanding.

For back figures and description of the data, see "Consumer Credit," Section 16 (New) of Supplement to Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1965, and May 1966 BULLETIN.

Note,—Estimates are based on accounting records and often include financing charges. Renewals and refinancing of loans, purchases and

# INSTALMENT CREDIT EXTENDED AND REPAID, BY HOLDER

(In millions of dollars)

			(1n	millions of	dollars)					
Period	То	tal	Commerc	ial banks	Sales fi		Other fi	inancial utions	Retail (	outlets
10.100	S.A.1	N.S.A.	S.A. 1	N.S.A.	S.A. 1	N.S.A.	S.A.1	N.S.A.	S.A.1	N.S.A.
					Exten	sions				
1961 1962		48,396 55,126		17,711 20,474		10,667 11,999		12,282 13,525		7,736 9,128
1963 1964		61,295 67,505 75,508 78,896 81,263		23,344 25,950 29,738 31,114 32,314		12,664 14,020 15,075 14,951 14,675		14,894 16,251 18,120 18,986 19,633		10,393 11,284 12,575 13,845 14,641
1967—Apr	6,606 6,554 6,823 6,776 6,929 6,973 6,942 7,032 7,035	6,495 7,062 7,458 6,859 7,223 6,590 6,912 7,032 7,829	2,631 2,577 2,698 2,738 2,796 2,828 2,767 2,785 2,814	2,688 2,891 3,004 2,857 2,945 2,636 2,769 2,633 2,650	1,212 1,193 1,235 1,200 1,203 1,206 1,263 1,283 1,275	1,168 1,278 1,367 1,223 1,260 1,142 1,284 1,283 1,376	1,589 1,614 1,697 1,601 1,677 1,675 1,686 1,698	1,559 1,728 1,875 1,627 1,775 1,588 1,606 1,707 1,837	1,174 1,170 1,193 1,237 1,253 1,264 1,266 1,266 1,290	1,080 1,165 1,212 1,152 1,243 1,224 1,253 1,409 1,966
1968—Jan	7,089 7,245 7,380 7,342	6,363 6,372 7,100 7,694	2,884 2,967 3,038 3,036	2,710 2,725 2,962 3,323	1,264 1,309 1,329 1,289	1,141 1,157 1,289 1,336	1,668 1,732 1,733 1,708	1,463 1,535 1,680 1,795	1,273 1,237 1,280 1,309	1,049 955 1,169 1,240
	<del></del>				Repay	ments	<u>,                                     </u>	·	<u>'                                      </u>	
1961 1962		47,700 50,620		18,294 18,468		10,943 11,434		11,715 12,593		6,749 8,125
1963. 1964. 1965. 1966.		55,171 61,121 67,495 72,805 77,973		20,326 22,971 25,663 28,132 30,477		12,211 13,161 13,699 14,153 14,760		13,618 14,825 16,443 17,474 18,677		9,016 10,164 11,690 13,046 14,059
1967—Apr.  May June July Aug Sept. Oct. Nov.	6,361	6,246 6,612 6,697 6,562 6,682 6,440 6,728 6,575 6,563	2,516 2,483 2,548 2,562 2,566 2,616 2,600 2,579 2,640	2,457 2,630 2,598 2,588 2,644 2,535 2,683 2,537 2,477	1,192 1,193 1,234 1,215 1,255 1,252 1,249 1,263 1,246	1,171 1,253 1,261 1,197 1,252 1,196 1,287 1,259 1,247	1,536 1,540 1,585 1,564 1,578 1,615 1,573 1,572 1,572	1,495 1,579 1,668 1,593 1,592 1,532 1,552 1,577 1,629	1,149 1,145 1,164 1,210 1,186 1,206 1,209 1,200 1,239	1,123 1,150 1,170 1,184 1,194 1,177 1,206 1,202 1,210
1968—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	6,691 6,679 6,814 6,800	6,842 6,512 6,846 6,930	2,624 2,665 2,720 2,750	2,685 2,587 2,706 2,826	1,245 1,225 1,232 1,206	1,217 1,226 1,295 1,246	1,607 1,580 1,607 1,592	1,609 1,465 1,575 1,620	1,215 1,209 1,255 1,252	1,331 1,234 1,270 1,238
				Net	change in cre	dit outstand	ling 2			
1961 1962		696 4,506		335 1,997		-199 921		578 932		-20 656
1963		6,124 6,384 8,013 6,091 3,290		3,018 3,065 4,075 2,982 1,837		1,329 1,239 1,376 798 -85		1,276 1,426 1,677 1,512 956		501 654 885 799 582
1967—Apr	213 193 292 225 344 284 311 418 383	249 450 761 297 541 150 184 457	115 94 150 176 230 212 167 206	231 261 406 269 301 101 86 96 173	20 * 1 -15 -52 -46 14 20 29	-3 25 106 26 8 -54 -3 24 129	53 74 112 37 99 60 113 126	64 149 207 34 183 56 54 130 208	25 25 29 27 67 58 17 66 51	43 15 42 32 49 47 47 207 756
1968—Jan	398 566 566 542	-479 -140 254 764	260 302 318 286	25 138 256 497	19 84 97 83	76 69 6 90	61 152 126 116	-146 70 105 175	58 28 25 57	-282 -279 -101 2

payments for some particular holders do not equal the changes in their outstanding credit. Such transfers do not affect total instalment credit extended, repaid, or outstanding.

See also Nors to previous table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes adjustments for differences in trading days.
<sup>2</sup> Net changes in credit outstanding are equal to extensions less repayments, except in certain months when data for extensions and repayments have been adjusted to eliminate duplication resulting from large transfers of paper. In those months the differences between extensions and re-

# MARKET GROUPINGS

(1957-59 = 100)

-	1957-59 pro-	1967 aver-					1967						19	68	
Grouping	por- tion	age p	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Total index	100.00	158.0	156.5	155.6	155.6	156.6	158.1	156.8	156.9	159.5	162.0	161.2	162.0	163.0	162.5
Final products, total	47.35 32.31 15.04 52.65	158.3 148.4 179.6 157.7	157.3 147.1 179.2 156.0	156,3 146,0 178,5 154,6	156.8 146.9 178.1 154.9	157.1 147.1 178.4 156.1	158.2 148.6 178.9 157.9	178.6	156.9 147.9 176.1 157.4	181.1	161.9 152.8 181.5 162.2	160.8 151.3 181.4 161.7	181.6	154.8 181.8	161.4 152.9 179.5 163.5
Consumer goods												1			
Automotive products	3.21 1.82 1.39	149.1 145.7 153.6	151.3 149.6 153.6	145.8 149.9 140.5	151.2 156.0 144.8	155.2 160.7 148.0	161.1 163.7 157.8	133.4	135.3	152.4 144.5 162.9	170.0 175.1 163.3	164.2 163.2 165.4	162.7 158.0 168.8	172.7	168.4 166.8 170.5
Home goods and appare! Home goods Appliances, TV, and radios Appliances. TV and home radios. Furniture and rugs. Miscellaneous home goods. Appare!, knit goods, and shoes.	10.00 4.59 1.81 1.33 .47 1.26 1.52 5.41	149.9 166.0 159.5 163.1 149.2 159.6 179.0 136.2	145.9 158.9 144.2 149.4 129.6 157.9 177.1 135.0	144.1 158.5 143.8 147.0 135.0 157.2 177.1 131.9	143.9 156.6 138.6 149.7 107.3 157.3 177.3 133.2	144.0 157.3 143.3 152.2 118.0 156.3 174.8 132.8	147.9 163.4 155.0 153.9 158.3 156.9 178.8 134.8	155.9 153.7 162.0 157.8 179.0	162.9 164.2 159.2 159.7	152.7 170.8 168.4 168.7 167.6 163.4 179.6	152.4 168.3 158.7 160.8 152.7 166.5 181.3 139.0	151,4 169,1 159,3 165,1 142,7 166,4 182,9 136,5	165.9 153.1 169.2 184.0	172.9 164.8 168.4 154.8 169.9	152.3 169.3 156.3 158.4 151.0 170.3 184.9
Consumer staples. Processed foods Beverages and tobacco Drugs, soap, and toiletries Newspapers, magazines, and books. Consumer fuel and lighting. Fuel oil and gasoline. Residential utilities. Electricity. Gas.	19.10 8.43 2.43 2.97 1.47 3.67 1.20 2.46 1.72	147.5 130.0 136.4 183.0 140.1 168.3 132.5 185.7 199.8	131.9	147.0 130.3 133.2 182.3 142.5 166.9 130.5 184.6 198.6	147.8 130.2 136.5 182.7 141.4 169.3 135.9 185.6 199.5	147.3 129.0 136.3 184.0 142.1 168.3 131.3 186.4 200.4	146.9 129.8 137.9 178.0 140.9 168.8 130.7 187.4 201.6	136.2 170.5 138.5 186.0	181.6 134.8 171.2	148.4 129.5 139.2 183.1 135.7 174.1 135.4 192.9 209.1	150.1 130.4 142.2 184.3 138.5 176.8 137.8 195.8 213.0	149.0 129.5 136.8 184.2 138.4 176.9 131.8 198.8 215.4	141.5 179.6 135.4 201.2	131.4 140.0 187.5 142.1 179.1 135.4 200.4	181.8 143.1
Equipment	]		]	}	}										
Business equipment. Industrial equipment. Commercial equipment Freight and passenger equipment. Farm equipment.	11.63 6.85 2.42 1.76 .61	182.9 170.3 200.9 215.4 158.7	183.5 172.1 201.7 210.4 161.5	182.1 169.1 200.8 211.7 167.6	181.3 169.0 200.5 208.9 162.8	180.8 169.0 201.1 210.2 148.6	180.6 166.8 201.9 214.1 154.3	166.6 200.3 210.4	176.9 162.3 199.0 209.9 157.5	183.5 170.4 200.9 222.9 147.2	183.4 168.9 204.7 228.4 131.2	183.3 168.0 204.2 226.4 148.3	165.8 206.1 230,1	167.0 205.4 227.8	181.0 165.3 204.4 221.3
Defense equipment	3.41														
Materials															
Durable goods materials Consumer durable Equipment Construction Metal materials n.e.c.	26.73 3.43 7.84 9.17 6.29	152.1 144.6 184.5 140.1 133.5	151.0 137.5 183.2 139.2 133.9	149.7 143.7 180.9 137.1 130.0	148.9 143.3 179.6 137.2 130.1	149.7 141.8 181.2 138.1 132.4	151.8 142.7 186.3 139.0 129.8	184.7 140.0	149.0 133.3 184.1 139.3 128.6	143.8 186.0 140.9	155.7 159.4 184.9 143.9 139.3	154.9 162.3 183.9 142.9 137.3	162,2 186,7	160.1 185.1 146.2	157.7 153.9 182.0 145.4 145.6
Nondurable materials	25.92 9.11 3.03 6.07 7.40	163.4 152.2 148.5 154.1 201.8	161.1 153.4	159.6 150.1 146.2 152.0 196.0	161.1 151.3 145.1 154.4 196.1	162.6 150.9 141.7 155.5 195.8	164.2 151.7 143.0 156.0 198.9		166.0 152.5 153.7 151.9 206.8	166.9 153.2 152.6 153.5 209.3	168.9 154.7 152.0 156.0 216.1	168.7 154.4 154.3 154.5 213.5	144.5 154.4	150.4 143.3 153.9	169.5 153.4 152.4 153.9 212.4
Business fuel and power. Mineral fuels Nonresidential utilities Electricity. General industrial. Commercial and other. Gas.	9.41 6.07 2.86 2.32 1.03 1.21 .54	144.0 128.9 183.2 185.7 182.7	141.3 125.3 182.1 184.4 179.0 197.3	140.3 124.3 181.0 183.2 180.5 193.7	143.0 128.2 181.1 183.4 180.6 194.1	182.1 184.6	149.1 137.1 182.5 185.1 183.9 194.5	186.6	146.9 131.0 187.9 191.6 186.6 204.9	146.9 130.3 188.5 192.2 187.7 205.3	145.6 128.7 188.3 191.8 188.0 204.1	147. 2 128. 9 193. 4 197. 7 192. 0 212. 0	194.4 199.0 193.0	193.6 198.3 191.8 213.4	
Supplementary groups of consumer goods		-													
Automotive and home goods Apparel and staples	7.80 24.51	159.0 145.0	155.8 144.4	153.3 143.7	154.3 144.6	156.4 144.1	162.5 144.2	155.0 144.4	157.7 144.8		169.0 147.6	167.0 146.2	167.9 148.1	173.2 149.0	169,1

For footnotes see opposite page.

## **INDUSTRY GROUPINGS**

(1957-59 = 100)

	por-	1967					1967						19	68	
Grouping		aver- age	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. r	Mar. r	Apr.
Total index	100.00	158.0	156.5	155.6	155.6	156.6	158.1	156.8	156.9	159,5	162,0	161.2	162.0	163.0	162.5
Manufacturing, total.  Durable.  Nondurable.  Mining.  Utilities.	48.07	159.6 163.8 154.4 123.5 184.4	158.2 162.5 152.8 122.0 182.7	157.2 162.2 151.1 120.2 182.7	157.0 161.5 151.4 123.8 183.2	157.6 162.5 151.5 128.0 184.1	154.0 127.8	158.1 161.1 154.2 124.3 184.8	122.4	161.1 164.1 157.2 123.6 190.5	122.3	157.1   121.6	158.6 123.9	164.4 168.2 159.7 126.9 196.8	128.2
Durable manufactures															
Primary and fabricated metals. Primary metals. Iron and steel. Nonferrous metals and products. Fabricated metal products. Structural metal parts.	12.32 6.95 5.45 1.50 5.37 2.86	145.4 132.5 126.8 153.1 162.0 158.1	143.0 129.1 122.7 161.4 161.0 158.1	154.4	129.0	142.8 129.6 122.3 155.3 159.8 156.1	142.3 129.3 124.3 144.2 159.1 156.8	129.2 125.6 141.1 158.1	131.7 127.7 142.8 158.2	145.8 135.0 133.3 142.2 159.8 158.8	150.3 140.9 140.9 145.3 162.4 160.0	136.3 134.2 145.6 163.9	139.3 137.8 154.1 165.7	151.8 140.2 140.8 151.4 166.8 162.7	144.5 143.8 156.8 162.2
Machinery and related products Machinery. Nonelectrical machinery. Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment. Motor vehicles and parts. Aircraft and other equipment. Instruments and related products. Ordnance and accessories.	27.98 14.80 8.43 6.37 10.19 4.68 5.26 1.71 1.28	166.0	165.7	176.5 180.5 181.7 178.9 167.5 152.0 181.4 185.3	172.4 169.3 154.5	170,8 156,7 182,6	182.6 183.2 171.9 158.0	182.1 182.4	177 2	177.8 183.2 180.9 186.3 165.6 141.4 186.0 185.4	179.5 185.8 177.5 166.9 186.3	186.9 175.6 162.2 186.8	183.2 180.6 186.6 175.1 161.1	182,3 183,3 180,2 187,4 177,6 167,8 185,4 183,8	177.2 182.8 175.1 164.3 183.7
Clay, glass, and lumber	4.72 2.99 1.73	130.6 138.7 116.5	129.8 136.0 119.1	127.8 134.8 115.6	126.7 133.5 114.9	127.3 134.1 115.5	126.7 136.9 109.2	129.6 138.4 114.3	139.7	132.4 139.2 120.6	137.0 143.6 125.7	132.5 140.8 118.1	130.7 137.3 119.3	129.1 131.0 125.8	137.5 144.9 124.8
Furniture and miscellaneous Furniture and fixtures Miscellaneous manufactures	3,05 1,54 1,51	162.6 167.8 157.4	162.9 166.5 159.2	162.3 166.5 158.1	161.5 166.3 156.7	159.1 162.7 155.4	159.9 164.8 154.9	161.4 166.3 156.4	160.9 166.6 155.0	161.5 167.8 155.1	163.3 170.7 155.7	165.2 171.3 158.9	166.9 173.0 160.7	166.9 173.7 159.9	166.8 174.1 159.3
Nondurable manufactures															
Textiles, apparel, and leather Textile mill products Apparel products Leather and products	7.60 2.90 3.59 1,11	139.6 142.2 147.7 106.5	135.5 137.8 142.5 107.1	135.3 137.8 142.6 105.0	134.8 136.6 142.4 105.4	136.8	137.6 138.7 146.4 106.5	141.3	144.9	143.0 147.4 148.6 113.3	145.9 151.6 150.9 115.1	141.0 147.6 145.2 110.4	148.8	149.9	143.6 147.5
Paper and printing	8.17 3.43 4.74 1.53	149.6 153.6 146.8 134.2	149.9 152.1 148.3 133.8	151.4 147.4	149.4 151.6 147.8 134.3	148,6 149,0 148,3 136,1	150.3 152.8 148.6 137.0	145.4	148.6 154.5 144.3 134.0	149.9 156.1 145.5 134.4	149.5 157.0 144.1 129.9	148.6 155.9 143.3 129.9	150.6 157.1 145.9 131.4	151,3 146.8 133.7	151.3 146.2 130.8
Chemicals, petroleum, and rubber Chemicals and products Industrial chemicals Petroleum products Rubber and plastics products	11.54 7.58 3.84 1.97 1.99	189.5 203.8 234.8 133.9 190.3	186.4 200.1 228.3 133.1 186.9	228.8 132.1	183.0 199.9 227.5 134.4 166.9	184.0 201.0 227.6 132.8 170.1	200.7	191.2 202.3 234.2 137.0 202.4	192.8 205.5 238.8 137.6 199.1	195.8 208.0 242.3 136.8 207.5	199.0 210.5 246.9 138.0 215.4	250.9 134.8	200.2 213.8 251.8 135.7 212.3	201.7 215.2 252.7 135.5 215.7	199.8 213.2 136.8
Foods, beverages, and tobacco Foods and beverages. Food manufactures, Beverages. Tobacco products.	11.07 10.25 8.64 1.61 .82	131.5 132.4 130.1 144.7 120.0	131.8 133.1 130.6 146.3 116.0	130.3 141.2	131.3 131.9 129.9 142.9 123.9	130.9 131.5 129.4 142.8 123.6	129.0 146.3	130.4 131.2 128.9 143.8 120.2	129.3 147.5	132.2 133.5 130.2 151.2 115.5	133.1 134.1 130.5 153.3 120.5	132.0 133.5 130.7 148.2 114.4	146.7	133.4 134.2 131.5 148.7 122.9	131.7
Mining			Ì											:	
Coal, oil, and gas. Coal. Crude oil and natural gas. Oil and gas extraction. Crude oil. Gas and gas liquids. Oil and gas drilling.	4.25	118.1	118.5 125.5 117.1 125.3 119.6 161.5 61.8	125.3 119.6 161.3	121.7 122.5 121.6 129.5 123.6 167.3 67.7	128.0 122.6 129.1 138.0 133.9	141.9	125.4 115.5 127.5 137.7 133.1	135.4	124.5 115.3 126.4 133.9 128.7	122.2 116.1 123.5 131.7 126.4	121.9 113.4 123.6 132.5 127.4	123.2 116.8 124.5 134.8 129.7	126.0 126.9 137.3	124.4
Metal, stone, and earth minerals Metal mining Stone and earth minerals	1.43 .61 .82	128.8 119.9 135.4	138.7 149.5 130.6	130,8 132,9 129,2	133.6 133.9 133.3	127.7 119.7 133.7	123.4 105.7 136.6	119.1 95.6 136.5	116.2 93.8 132.9	119.5 93.2 139,0	122.7 95.7 142.7	120.3 100.0 135.3	127.0 102.8 145.0	127.4 108.7 141.2	137.3 138.2 136.7
Utilities	}		i							i			,		
Electric	4.04 1.28	191.7 161.2		189.7	190.3	191.4	192.1	192.1	195.8	199.4		205.2	207.3	206.4	 

Note.—Published groupings include some series and subtotals not shown separately. A description and historical data are available in

Industrial Production—1957-59 Base. Figures for individual series and subtotals (N,S,A.) are published in the monthly Business Indexes release.

# MARKET GROUPINGS

 $(1957-59 \Rightarrow 100)$ 

	1957-59 pro-	1967					1967						19	68	
Grouping	por- tion	aver- age <sup>p</sup>	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar. r	Apr.
Total index	100.00	158.0	157.9	156.0	159.0	150.5	157.9	161.1	161.5	161.2	160.7	159.1	162.7	164.6	163.6
Final products, total	47.35 32.31 15.04 52.65	179.6	157.7 147.1 180.3 158.1	155.2 144.2 179.0 156.6		151.2 139.9 175.3 150.0	156.9 147.7 176.4 158.9	155.7 179.5	162.2 155.4 176.8 160.8	181.3	161.0 150.3 183.9 160.4	159.1 148.9 181.0 159.1	162.4 153.4 181.7 162.8	164.7 156.0 183.4 164.5	161.4 152.4 180.7 165.8
Consumer goods															
Automotive products	3.21 1.82 1.39	149.1 145.7 153.6	161.9 167.6 154.2	155.1 166.4 140.3	162.5 177.1 143.2	114.2 94.8 139.8	106.1 62.2 163.9	148.2 140.1 158.8	155.6 148.8 164.6	159.5 159.0 160.0	177.7 192.6 158.1	173.0 179.5 164.5	171.2 173.8 167.9	183.8 193.4 171.1	178.3 183.5 171.6
Home goods and apparel. Home goods. Appliances, TV, and radios. Appliances. TV and home radios. Furniture and rugs. Miscellaneous home goods. Apparel, knit goods, and shoes.	10.00 4.59 1.81 1.33 .47 1.26 1.52 5.41	149.9 166.0 159.5 163.1 149.2 159.6 179.0 136.2	149.8 161.8 157.0 169.8 120.7 153.5 174.4 139.7	144.0 159.8 152.0 159.7 130.5 151.2 176.0 130.6	148.6 161.6 152.8 169.9 104.6 155.4 177.3	132.7 145.9 128.0 141.8 89.3 148.8 164.8 121.5	149.0 159.3 140.4 134.5 157.2 160.5 180.6 140.2	160.4 178.2 163.8 187.1	180.1 187.8 168.0 187.7	157.8 180.3 181.4 178.2 190.4 169.4 187.9 138.8	148.0 172.6 160.6 163.4 152.7 172.7 186.7 127.2		159.0 177.2 180.9 187.9 161.1 167.2 181.2 143.5	160.4 177.1 176.9 185.3 153.1 167.9 184.9 146.4	155,9 172,1 168,3 179,8 135,9 165,4 182,1
Consumer staples. Processed foods Beverages and tobacco. Drugs, soap, and tolletries Newspapers, magazines, and books. Consumer fuel and lighting. Fuel oil and gasoline. Residential utilities Electricity. Gas.	19.10 8.43 2.43 2.97 1.47 3.67 1.20 2.46 1.72	147.5 130.0 136.4 183.0 140.1 168.3 132.5 185.7 199.8	143.3 121.3 141.8 185.1 144.2 159.0 125.0	142.4 122.5 143.0 180.7 142.1 156.2 126.2	149.4 128.9 156.2 189.1 140.8 163.2 134.3	148.0 128.4 142.8 179.4 140.7 173.7 133.6	154.1 137.1 149.3 183.9 142.6 176.7 134.5	137.4	153.2 143.7 141.6 186.0 134.7 162.5 134.5	147.7 134.4 131.9 184.0 133.9 163.9 134.6	146.9 128.2 123.1 185.2 138.2 177.8 141.0	146, 7 123, 0 120, 1 182, 9 137, 2 192, 2 137, 5	147.4 122.1 129.8 185.9 140.9 187.6 139.1	149.0 123.9 137.0 189.4 144.2 182.9 134.1	146.1 122.6 184.5 143.7
Equipment			- 1		l	į			1	- (	- {				
Business equipment. Industrial equipment. Commercial equipment Freight and passenger equipment Farm equipment.	11.63 6.85 2.42 1.76 .61	182.9 170.3 200.9 215.4 158.7	185.5 172.1 197.9 222.0 181.6	183.2 169.3 198.4 218.1 178.0	184.2 170.7 201.1 217.3 173.3	177.4 167.3 198.3 202.8 134.9	178.0 166.3 201.9 205.5 135.8	168,1 203,3 212,5	177.3 161.3 202.4 215.1 147.9	182.2 168.9 205.9 218.4 132.6	184.9 170.8 209.2 226.1 128.0	182, 1 166, 7 204, 4 221, 9 151, 0	230.1	185.7 167.2 203.6 238.1 170.4	183.0 165.3 200.5 233.5
Defense equipment	3.41														
Materials		1		Í		Í	İ				ľ		1		
Durable goods materials.  Consumer durable.  Equipment.  Construction.  Metal materials n.e.c.	26.73 3.43 7.84 9.17 6.29	152.1 144.6 184.5 140.1 133.5	152.5 141.6 185.2 137.8 139.3	152.5 148.0 182.2 139.2 137.2	154.3 146.2 181.4 146.9 135.6	143.6	152.5 147.0 180.7 148.7 126.0	152.0 133.6 182.9 148.4 128.9	152.6 135.3 183.5 147.0 131.7	153.7 148.1 186.2 142.0 133.3	154.3 167.4 187.7 135.3 133.2	151.7 168.0 185.6 129.0 133.7	188.4	157.9 164.9 187.1 139.6 144.2	159.3 158.5 184.0 143.9 151.4
Nondurable materials Business supplies Containers General business supplies Nondurable materials n.e.c.	25.92 9.11 3.03 6.07 7.40	163.4 152.2 148.5 154.1 201.8	163.9 157.7 153.8 159.7 201.6	160.9 152.6 147.7 155.0 198.9	162.4 154.0 153.1 154.4 199.0	155.2 141.5 138.2 143.1 184.6	165.4 151.9 153.0 151.3 198.9	166.4 154.9 155.5 154.5 203.0	169.3 158.6 161.5 157.2 210.9	168.7 155.3 148.3 158.9 213.5	166,7 151,6 141,4 156,8 211,8	166.7 149.0 146.6 150.2 212.4	142.8 154.4	171.4 153.1 144.0 157.7 218.8	172.4 157.8 157.9 157.7 218.8
Business fuel and power. Mineral fuels. Nonresidential utilities. Electricity. General industrial. Commercial and other. Gas.	9.41 6.07 2.86 2.32 1.03 1.21	144.0 128.9 183.2 185.7 182.7 196.8	140,2 126,9 175,7 176,7 182,5	139.0 124.3 178.2 181.4 183.4	141.9 125.2 187.5 184.2 198.9	193.9	152.1 135.5 201.8 189.4 221.7	148.7 131.9 197.2 188.3 214.1	146.9 131.5 190.2 187.0 202.0	146.3 131.5 186.3 187.7 194.0	145.8 130.3 187.8 186.1 198.0	147,9 130,9 194,4 191,0 206,7	187.0	151.8 138.1 191.8 190.8 201.9	
Supplementary groups of consumer goods															
Automotive and home goods Apparel and staples	7.80 24.51	159.0 145.0	161.8 142.5	157.8 139.8	162.0 146.8	132.9 142.2	137.4 151.1	162.2 153.7	170.0 150.8		174.7 142.5	168.3 142.8	174.7 146.6		

For notes see opposite page.

## INDUSTRY GROUPINGS

(1957-59=100)

	1957-59	1967			_		1967						19	68	<del></del>
Grouping	pro- por- tion	aver-	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb. r	Mar. r	Apr.
Total index	100.00	158.0	157.9	156.0	159.0	150.5	157,9	161.1	161.5	161.2	160.7	159,1	162.7	164.6	163.6
Manufacturing, total	48.07	159.6 163.8 154.4 123.5 184.4	160.3 164.9 154.4 122.1	158.1 164.1 150.6 121.8	155.3	150,5 154,7 145,1 124,8	158.3 158.9 157.4 129.0	163.8 161.2	162.9	163.5 167.1 159.0 124.2	154.2	160, 1 166, 1 152, 5 120, 2	158.3	160.9	165.3 169.6 159.9 128.5
Durable manufactures															
Primary and fabricated metals. Primary metals. Iron and steel. Nonferrous metals and products. Fabricated metal products. Structural metal parts.	12.32 6.95 5.45 1.50 5.37 2.86	132.5	146.5 136.5 127.6 168.5 159.4 153.4	145.0 133.4 125.4 162.6 160.0 154.8	130.9 121.2 166.1 164.0	117.9 111.9 139.8 157.4	125.4 120.6 142.8	125.6 142.1 165.7	133.0 129.6 145.5	136 3	136.7	147,8 138,3 136,9 143,1 160,0 156,2	147.2 144.7 156.4 160.2	148.9 147.8 153.1 162.8	155.8 152.7 149.6 163.7 159.8 152.6
Machinery and related products Machinery. Nonelectrical machinery. Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment. Motor vehicles and parts. Aircraft and other equipment. Instruments and related products. Ordnance and accessories.	14.80 8.43 6.37 10.19 4.68 5.26 1.71	177.6 183.4 183.4 183.3 166.0 147.0 182.2 184.8	180.5 169.8 157.0 180.7	177.6 171.4 160.4 180.7	176.7 174.0 165.2 180.9	177.6 168.5 151.4 119.5 178.2	178.9 150.8 116.0 180.3	179.7 186.4 160.8 134.0 183.6	174.0 191.3 163.6 137.2 186.1	179.8 192.3 170.5 149.1 188.8	188.3 185.0 176.1 192.8	182.9 182.7 180.7 185.3 180.4 171.1 188.7 184.5	184.4 185.6 183.1 188.8 179.8 168.6 189.3 183.8	185.2 186.7 183.9 178.1	182.0 182.6 182.5 182.7 178.8 170.8 184.6 178.7
Clay, glass, and lumber	4.72 2.99 1.73	130.6 138.7 116.5	129.5 135.5 119.1	130.0 138.3 115.6	136.7 144.6 122.9	133.5 143.9 115.5	139,1 149,5 121,2	138.7 146.3 125.7	139.2 147.4 125.2	133.9 143.4 117.6	125.6 134.6 110.0	119.0 126.7 105.7	122.2 125.6 116.3	125.1 126.4 122.7	137.1 144.3 124.8
Furniture and miscellaneous	3.05 1.54 1.51	162.6 167.8 157.4	158.6 162.0 155.2	158.6 161.5 155.7	161.8 166.0 157.5	154.8 160.3 149.2	164.5 169.4 159.5	171.3	169.4 172.9 165.8	169.3 172.5 166.0	167.3 177.2 157.3	158.7 167.9 149.4	162.9 171.3 154.3	163.8 171.6 155.9	162.4 169.4 155.3
Nondurable manufactures				!											
Textiles, apparel, and leather Textile mill products Apparel products Leather and products	7.60 2.90 3.59 1.11	139.6 142.2 147.7 106.5	142.3 144.0 152.5 105.0	135,2 141,9 141,2 98,7	139, 2 140, 7 148, 8 104, 3	124.2	142.0 142.2 150.8 113.4	144.1 151.6	152.1 153.5		144.0 138.8	137,9 146,9 139,4 109,8	152.5 157.4	152.2 155.1 160.0 119.4	147.4 150.5
Paper and printing	8.17 3.43 4.74 1.53	149,6 153,6 146,8 134,2	153.5 158.2 150.2 142.5	150.2 152.2 148.7 141.9	150.8 156.1 147.1 135.0	139.7 137.1 141.6 118.4	149.0 154.3 145.2 125.4	150.5 155.2 147.2 135.0	156.3 166.5 149.0 143.8	153.1 156.9 150.3 147.8	146.1 144.4 147.3 133.1	146,3 155,1 139,9 119,5	151.2 161.0 144.2 126.1	154.7 149.2 137.0	155.7 149.1 139.3
Chemicals, petroleum, and rubber Chemicals and products Industrial chemicals Petroleum products Rubber and plastics products	11.54 7.58 3.84 1.97 1.99	189.5 203.8 234.8 133.9 190.3	190.2 205.7 232.9 127.8 192.7	183.6 201.8 231.1 130.8 166.5	188.5 205.6 230.9 138.4 172.7	177.5 194.6 219.6 139.8 149.7	190.8 202.3 230.2 140.3 197.0	206.1 237.7 142.5	139,0	196.4 210.0 248.4 135.0 205.4	251.8 134.7	195.1. 208.2 247.1 130.8 208.8	201.9 215.4 255.6 133.0 218.7	255.2	202.9 217.7 131.3
Foods, beverages, and tobacco. Foods and beverages. Food manufactures Beverages. Tobacco products.	11.07 10.25 8.64 1.61 .82	131.5 132.4 130.1 144.7 120.0	126.1 125.9 121.7 148.6 128.5	127.1 127.6 122.6 153.9 121.6	129.0 168.1	159,7	158,4	148.6 149.0 146.7	143.5 148.2	134.1 135.4 134.8 139.1 117.8	128.5 135.7	122.7 123.5 123.5 123.6 113.1	124.2 123.6 122.6 129.1 131.4	124.1	126.7 127.1 123.7
Mining															
Coal, oil, and gas. Coal. Crude oil and natural gas. Oil and gas extraction. Crude oil. Gas and gas liquids. Oil and gas drilling.	1.16 5.64 4.91 4.25	118.1	126.4 118.2 127.0 121.5	117.8 121.3 117.0 125.0 120.2 155.7 63.3	127.2	99.9 126.4 134.8	123.3 128.6	122.2 124.9 134.1 130.4	124.4 122.4 124.8 133.7 129.0	125.6 120.0 126.7 134.3 128.7	114.0 125.6	123.8 111.1 126.4 135.6 129.3	118,2	140.7	127.5 125.3 128.0 138.6 133.4
Metal, stone, and earth minerals Metal mining Stone and earth minerals	1,43 .61 .82	128, 8 119, 9 135, 4	134.2 139.0 130.6	140.9 146.2 136.9	147.6 151.3 144.9	139.1 128.1 147.2	135,3 114,2 150,9	108.0		117.6 86.7 140.4	111.2 86.1 129.9	103.2 88.0 114.5	108.4 92.5 120.2	111.6 96.7 122.6	133.2 128.5 136.7
Utilities															
Electric	4.04 1.28		180.1	178.4	187.5	200.9	207.7		188.1	187.0	198.5	215.6	208.7	206.6	 

Note.—Published groupings include some series and subtotals not shown separately. A description and historical data are available in

Industrial Production—1957-59 Base. Figures for individual series and subtotals (N.S.A.) are published in the monthly Business Indexes release.

#### **SELECTED BUSINESS INDEXES**

(1957-59 = 100, unless otherwise noted)

				Industri	al prod	uction			Ca-			Ma factur	nu- ing <sup>2</sup>		Pric	ces <sup>4</sup>
Period				et group	oings		ijor indu: grouping		pacity utiliza- tion ratio	Con- struc- tion	Nonag- ricul- tural em-			Total retail		Whole-
	Total	Total	Con- sumer	Equip-	Mate- rials	Mfg.	Min-	Util-	in mfg. (per cent)	con- tract	ploy- ment— Total <sup>1</sup>	Em- ploy- ment	Pay- rolls	sales 3	Con- sumer	sale com- modity
			goods	ment												
1951 1952 1953 1954	81.3 84.3 91.3 85.8	78.6 84.3 89.9 85.7	77.8 79.5 85.0 84.3	78.4 94.1 100.5 88.9	83.8 84.3 92.6 85.9	81.9 85.2 92.7 86.3	91.3 90.5 92.9 90.2	56.4 61.2 66.8 71.8	94.0 91.3 94.2 83.5	63 67 70 76	91.1 93.0 95.6 93.3	106.1 106.1 111.6 101.8	80.2 84.5 93.6 85.4	76 79 83 82	90.5 92.5 93.2 93.6	96.7 94.0 92.7 92.9
1955	96.6 99.9 100.7 93.7 105.6	99.4 94.8	93.3 95.5 97.0 96.4 106.6	104.6 91.3	99.0 101.6 101.9 92.7 105.4	97.3 100.2 100.8 93.2 106.0	99.2 104.8 104.6 95.6 99.7	80.2 87.9 93.9 98.1 108.0	90.0 87.7 83.6 74.0 81.5	91 92 93 102 105	96.5 99.8 100.7 97.8 101.5	105.5 106.7 104.7 95.2 100.1	94.8 100.2 101.4 93.5 105.1	89 92 97 98 105	93.3 94.7 98.0 100.7 101.5	93.2 96.2 99.0 100.4 100.6
1960	108.7 109.7 118.3 124.3 132.3	119.7 124.9	112.6 119.7 125.2		107.6 108.4 117.0 123.7 132.8	108.9 109.6 118.7 124.9 133.1	101.6 102.6 105.0 107.9 111.5	115.6 122.3 131.4 140.0 151.3	80.6 78.5 82.1 83.3 85.7	105 108 120 132 137	103.3 102.9 105.9 108.0 111.1	99.9 95.9 99.1 99.7 101.5	106.7 105.4 113.8 117.9 124.3	106 107 115 120 127	103.1 104.2 105.4 106.7 108.1	100.7 100.3 100.6 100.3 100.5
1965 1966	143.4 156.3	142.5 155.5	140.3 147.5	147.0 172.6	144.2 157.0	145.0 158.6	114.8 120.5	160.9 173.9	88.5 90.5	143 145	115.8 121.8	106.7 113.3	136.6 151.4	138 148	109.9 113.1	102.5 105.9
1967°	158.0	158.3	148.4	179.6	157.7	159.6	123.5	184.4	85.1	153	125.8	112.9	154.1	153	116.3	106.1
1967—Apr	156.5 155.6 155.6 156.6 158.1 156.8 156.9 159.5 162.0	156.3 156.8 157.1 158.2 157.0 156.9 160.0	146.0 146.9 147.1 148.6 147.0 147.9	178.1 178.4	156.0 154.6 154.9 156.1 157.9 156.7 157.4 159.5 162.2		122.0 120.2 123.8 128.0 127.8 124.3 122.4 123.6 122.3	182.7 182.7 183.2 184.1 184.8 184.8 187.6 190.5 191.8	»84.9 »84.1 »84.4	164 149 165 168 171	124.7 124.6 125.5 125.5 126.0 125.8 126.1 127.4 127.8	112.4 111.7 112.5 111.6 112.7 111.2 111.4 113.4 113.7	151.0 150.1 151.7 151.4 155.0 154.5 154.3 157.9 160.1	152 151 155 155 156 156 153 154 155	115.3 115.6 116.0 116.5 116.9 117.1 117.5 117.8 118.2	105.3 105.8 106.3 106.5 106.1 106.2 106.1 106.2 106.8
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May <sup>p</sup>	161.2 162.0 163.0 162.5 163.7	162.0 163.4 161.4	152.9 154.8 152.9	181.8 179.5	161.7 161.8 162.8 163.5 164.7	162.7 163.6 164.4 163.7 165.0	121.6 123.9 126.9 128.2 127.9	195.9 197.5 196.8 198.0 198.0	»84,5	159 156 176 146	127.8 128.9 7128.8 7129.1 129.1	113.7 113.7 114.2 114.8 114.6	160.1 161.7 163.8 161.2 163.9	158 160 r164 r161 163	118.6 119.0 119.5 119.9	107.2 108.0 108.2 108.3 108.4

Construction contracts: F. W. Dodge Co. monthly index of dollar

#### CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

(In millions of dollars)

Type of ownership and type of construction	1966	1967					1967						19	58	
type of construction	1900	1907	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Total construction 1	50,150	52,895	74,543	5,095	5,414	4,879	5,104	4,695	5,053	4,258	3,996	3,714	3,704	5,417	4,878
By type of ownership: Public Private 1	18,152 31,998	19,039 33,856	1,498 r3,045	1,820 3,275	2,169 3,245	1,989 2,890	1,824 3,280	1,677 3,018	1,526 3,527	1,435 2,823	1,507 2,490	1,300 2,414	1,041 2,664	1,698 3,719	1,554 3,324
By type of construction: Residential building 1 Nonresidential building Nonbuilding	19,393	20,139	1.830	1.808	2,000 2,070 1,344	1,749	1,847	1,741 1,786 1,169	1,874	1,585		1,347		1,835	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of improved collection procedures, data for 1-family homes beginning Jan. 1968 are not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods. To improve comparability, earlier levels may be raised by approximately 3 per cent for total and private construction, in each case and by 8 per cent for residential building.

Note.—Dollar value of total contracts as reported by the F. W. Dodge Co, does not include data for Alaska or Hawaii. Totals of monthly data exceed annual totals because adjustments—negative—are made to accumulated monthly data after original figures have been published.

<sup>1</sup> Employees only; excludes personnel in the armed forces.
2 Production workers only.
3 F.R. index based on Census Bureau figures.
4 Prices are not seasonally adjusted.
Note.—Data are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise noted.

value of total construction contracts, including residential, nonresidential, and heavy engineering; does not include data for Alaska and Hawaii. Employment and payrolls: Based on Bureau of Labor Statistics data; includes data for Alaska and Hawaii beginning with 1959. Prices: Bureau of Labor Statistics data. Capacity utilization: Based on data from Federal Reserve, McGraw-Hill Economics Department, and Department of Commerce.

# VALUE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

(In millions of dollars)

					Private				}_		Public		
					N	onresident	ial						
Period	Total	Total	Non- farm			Buildings			Total	Mili-	High-	Conser- vation	Other 2
		10	resi- dential	Total	Indus- trial	Com- mercial	Other build- ings 1	Other		tary	way	vation development  1,121 1,175 1,384 1,524 1,690 1,729 2,017 2,173	other -
19593	55,305	39,235	24,251	14,984	2,106	3,930	2,823	6,125	16,070	1,465	5,761	1,121	7,723
1960	53,941 55,447 59,667 63,423	38,078 38,299 41,798 44,057	21,706 21,680 24,292 26,187	16,372 16,619 17,506 17,870	2,851 2,780 2,842 2,906	4,180 4,674 5,144 4,995	3,118 3,280 3,631 3,745	6,223 5,885 5,889 6,224	15,863 17,148 17,869 19,366	1,366 1,371 1,266 1,189	5,437 5,854 6,365 7,084	1,384	7,885 8,539 8,714 9,403
1964	66,200 71,912 74,371 74,936	45,810 49,840 50,446 49,583	26,258 26,266 23,815 23,579	19,552 23,574 26,631 26,004	3,565 5,128 6,703 6,151	5,396 6,745 6,890 6,991	3,994 4,711 5,014 4,966	6,597 6,990 8,024 7,896	20,390 22,072 23,925 25,353	938 852 713 705	7,133 7,554 8,359	2,017	10,590 11,649 12,680
1967—Apr	71,961 73,904 72,374 73,399 74,392 76,908 77,533 78,438 78,363	46,042 47,813 48,052 49,151 50,170 51,726 52,195 52,622 52,358	21,130 22,107 22,885 23,652 24,619 25,306 25,971 26,602 26,903	24,912 25,706 25,167 25,499 25,551 26,420 26,224 26,020 25,455	5,579 6,006 5,886 6,154 6,011 6,577 6,240 5,592 5,870	6,926 7,093 6,683 6,739 6,437 6,731 6,991 7,234 6,683	4,749 4,744 4,716 4,748 5,189 5,082 5,037 5,203 4,891	7,658 7,863 7,882 7,858 7,914 8,030 7,956 7,991 8,011	25,919 26,091 24,322 24,248 24,222 25,182 25,338 25,816 26,005	583 536 617 775 715 696 751 750 931	8,956 8,931 8,168 8,012 8,029 8,290 8,199 8,015	2,074 1,885 1,968 2,035 2,043 2,097 2,225	14,321 14,550 13,652 13,493 13,443 14,153 14,291 14,826
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr. <sup>p</sup>	80,527 81,426 81,311 80,691	54,546 55,080 54,855 54,269	26,918 27,034 27,409 27,780	27,628 28,046 27,446 26,489	6,260 5,825 5,543 5,339	7,865 8,513 8,249 8,009	5,426 5,463 5,385 4,988	8,077 8,245 8,269 8,153	25,981 26,346 26,456 26,422				••••••

<sup>1</sup> Includes religious, educational, hospital, institutional, and other build-

## **NEW HOUSING STARTS**

(In thousands of units)

		al rate,		Ву	агеа		By type	of owners	ship		G	overnmen	1-
Period		e only)	Total		Non-		Pri	vate			u	nderw <del>r</del> itte	n
	Total	Non- farm		Metro- politan	metro- politan	Total	1- family	2- family	Multi- family	Public	Total	FHA	VA
1959			1,554	1,077	477	1,517	1,234	56	227	37	458	349	109
1960			1,296 1,365 1,492 1,642	889 948 1,054 1,152	407 417 439 490	1,252 1,313 1,463 1,610	995 974 991 1,021	44 44 49 53	213 295 422 536	44 52 30 32	336 328 339 292	261 244 261 221	75 83 78 71
1964 1965 1966			1,562 1,510 1,196 1,322	1,093 1,035 808 920	470 475 388 402	1,529 1,473 1,165 1,292	972 964 779 844	54 51 35 41	505 458 351 406	32 37 31 30	264 246 195 232	205 197 158 180	59 49 37 53
1967—Apr.  May June July Aug, Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1,274 1,233 1,369 1,407	1,099 1,254 1,214 1,356 1,381 1,415 1,478 1,567 1,235	116 134 132 126 130 126 137 120 83	77 92 88 88 90 88 99 85 64	38 42 44 39 40 37 38 35 20	114 132 125 125 127 122 135 118 80	80 87 88 82 84 78 82 69 47	4 5 3 5 4 4 5 3 3	30 40 35 38 40 40 49 46 30	2 6 1 3 4 2 2 3	16 23 24 20 23 20 25 20	12 18 19 15 17 16 19 15	4 5 5 5 6 5 5 4 4
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	1,456 1,537 v1,500 v1,620	1,430 1,499 .n1,468 n1,590	83 87 *128 *168	64 62 91 119	19 26 36 49	81 85 P126 P164	45 55 79 100	3 3 4 4	33 26 43 60	2 3 22 24	17 21 24 28	14 17 20 23	3 4 5 5

Note.—Census Bureau series for period shown except in the case of Government-underwritten data which are from Federal Housing Admin.

and Veterans Admin. and represent units started, based on field office reports of first compliance inspections.

ings.

2 Sewer and water, formerly shown separately, now included in "Other."

3 Beginning with 1959, includes data for Alaska and Hawaii.

4 Beginning July 1962, reflects inclusion of new series affecting most private nonresidential groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Beginning 1963, reflects inclusion of new series under "Public" (for State and local govt, activity only).

Note,—Monthly data are at seasonally adjusted annual rates. Figures for period shown are Census Bureau estimates.

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT

(In thousands of persons unless otherwise indicated)

					Civil	lian labor force	, S.A.		
Period	Total non- institutional	Not in the	Total labor			Employed 1			Unemploy- ment rate <sup>2</sup>
	population N.S.A.	N.S.A.	force S.A.	Total	Total	In nonagri- cultural industries	In agriculture	Unem- ployed	(per cent) S.A.
1962	125,154 127,224 129,236	49,539 50,583 51,394 52,058 52,288 52,527	73,442 74,571 75,830 77,178 78,893 80,793	70,614 71,833 73,091 74,455 75,770 77,347	66,702 67,762 69,305 71,088 72,895 74,371	61,759 63,076 64,782 66,726 68,915 70,527	4,944 4,687 4,523 4,361 3,979 3,844	3,911 4,070 3,786 3,366 2,875 2,975	5.5 5.7 5.2 4.5 3.8 3.8
1967 <sup>3</sup> -May	132,969 133,168 133,366 133,645 133,847 134,045 134,224 134,405	53,419 50,704 50,446 51,074 52,865 52,450 52,641 52,879	79,958 80,658 80,944 81,057 81,263 81,535 81,459 81,942	76,502 77,214 77,495 77,598 77,807 78,072 77,989 78,473	73,550 74,168 74,478 74,664 74,635 74,735 75,005 75,577	69,822 70,430 70,631 70,708 70,941 71,017 71,166 71,361	3,728 3,739 3,847 3,956 3,697 3,718 3,839 4,216	2,952 3,045 3,017 2,934 3,169 3,337 2,984 2,896	3.9 3.9 3.8 4.1 4.3 3.8 3.7
1968—JanFeb	134,576 134,744 134,904 135,059 135,249	54,765 53,876 53,965 53,919 53,479	81,386 82,138 82,150 81,849 82,149	77,923 78,672 78,658 78,343 78,613	75,167 75,731 75,802 75,636 75,829	71,164 71,604 71,788 71,656 71,936	4,003 4,127 4,014 3,980 3,893	2,756 2,941 2,856 2,707 2,784	3.5 3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5

Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information relating to persons 16 years of age and over is obtained on a sample basis. Monthly data relate to the calendar week that contains the 12th day; annual data are averages of monthly figures.

## EMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS, BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

(In thousands of persons)

Period	Total	Manufac- turing	Mining	Contract construc- tion	Transporta- tion & pub- lic utilities	Trade	Finance	Service	Govern- ment
1962	55,596	16,853	650	2,902	3,906	11,566	2,800	8,028	8,890
	56,702	16,995	635	2,963	3,903	11,778	2,877	8,325	9,225
	58,332	17,274	634	3,050	3,951	12,160	2,957	8,709	9,596
	60,832	18,062	632	3,186	4,036	12,716	3,023	9,087	10,091
	63,982	19,186	625	3,292	4,151	13,211	3,102	9,545	10,871
	65,992	19,338	613	3,277	4,261	13,600	3,229	10,079	11,596
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED  1967—May.  June.  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.  1968—Jan.  Feb.  Mar.	65,639 65,933 65,939 66,190 66,055 66,243 66,918 67,126 67,126	19,238 19,285 19,169 19,318 19,142 19,169 19,422 19,491 19,524 19,524	617 619 623 606 601 597 597 598 604 609	3,192 3,187 3,231 3,223 3,238 3,236 3,289 3,353 3,175 3,461 3,330	4,267 4,266 4,292 4,283 4,262 4,251 4,287 4,290 4,318 4,318	13,609 13,648 13,647 13,664 13,719 13,776 13,900 13,870 13,915 14,049 13,999	3,205 3,227 3,234 3,253 3,264 3,270 3,304 3,304 3,321 3,311	9,987 10,035 10,074 10,130 10,161 10,199 10,297 10,332 10,358 10,407 10,415	11,524 11,636 11,669 11,713 11,668 11,745 11,836 11,888 11,978 12,028 12,028
Apr. P May P NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED  1967—May	67,784 67,788	19,670 19,665	632 634	3,307 3,249 3,227	4,331 4,285 4,250	14,019 14,038	3,322 3,333 3,202	10,410 10,450	12,093 12,134 11,604
June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	66,514	19,382	633	3,407	4,304	13,675	3,253	10,196	11,664
	66,129	19,156	636	3,548	4,335	13,629	3,289	10,265	11,271
	66,408	19,435	620	3,594	4,330	13,622	3,305	10,262	11,240
	66,672	19,443	609	3,513	4,317	13,689	3,274	10,212	11,615
	66,914	19,388	601	3,463	4,281	13,808	3,267	10,230	11,876
	67,470	19,553	600	3,378	4,304	14,104	3,274	10,246	12,011
	67,980	19,500	597	3,202	4,294	14,732	3,284	10,239	12,132
1968—Jan	66,107	19,287	585	2,826	4,234	13,728	3,268	10,151	12,028
Feb	66,479	19,314	586	2,956	4,245	13,714	3,288	10,240	12,136
Mar	66,713	19,447	594	2,967	4,276	13,658	3,288	10,290	12,193
Apr. **	67,449	19,517	626	3,152	4,296	13,920	3,309	10,410	12,219
May **	67,723	19,543	634	3,259	4,272	13,949	3,326	10,513	12,227

Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics; data include all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons,

domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the armed forces are excluded.

Includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic service workers.
 Per cent of civilian labor force.
 Beginning Jan. 1967 data not strictly comparable with previous data.
 Description of changes available from Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

(In thousands of persons)

		Seasonally	adjusted			Not seasona	ily adjusted	
Industry group	1967		1968		1967		1968	
	May	Mar.	Apr.p	Mayp	May	Mar.	Apr.p	May
Total	14,227	14,386	14,454	14,433	14,130	14,248	14,318	14,336
Durable goods. Ordnance and accessories. Lumber and wood products. Furniture and fixtures. Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products Machinery. Electrical equipment and supplies. Transportation equipment Instruments and related products. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.	8,332 171 514 373 495 1,059 1,049 1,372 1,309 1,371 280 339	8,371 191 528 385 463 1,038 1,062 1,346 1,311 1,429 278 340	8,422 192 522 387 517 1,054 1,059 1,337 1,313 1,431 275 335	8,404 195 521 389 512 1,051 1,054 1,332 1,308 1,431 275 336	8,332 169 513 368 497 1,069 1,045 1,378 1,290 1,389 278 336	8,325 191 509 382 448 1,040 1,051 1,357 1,299 1,445 277 326	8,402 192 511 382 513 1,061 1,053 1,347 1,298 1,444 274 327	8,404 193 520 383 514 1,062 1,050 1,338 1,290 1,449 273 332
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products. Apparel and related products. Paper and allied products. Printing, publishing, and allied industries Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum refining and related industries. Rubber and misc. plastic products Leather and leather products.	5,895 1,193 74 841 1,241 523 662 588 114 356 303	6,015 1,181 74 867 1,243 534 662 607 117 422 308	6,032 1,190 70 868 1,251 535 663 602 117 425 311	6,029 1,179 73 871 1,255 535 666 600 117 424 309	5,798 1,129 63 840 1,231 519 660 591 114 353 298	5,923 1,101 67 863 1,254 528 661 607 114 420 308	5,916 1,109 60 865 1,238 530 663 609 116 422 304	5,932 1,116 62 869 1,245 531 664 604 116 421 304

Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics; data cover production and related workers only (full- and part-time) who worked during, or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th of the month.

# HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

	Av		urs work k; S.A.)	ed			kly earni our; N.S		Average hourly (dollars per week			
Industry group	1967		1968		1967		1968		1967		1968	
	May	Mar.	Apr.p	May	May	Mar.	Apr.p	Mayp	May	Mar.	Apr.p	Mayp
Total	40.5	40.7	40.0	40,6	113.81	120,18	117.91	120,99	2.81	2,96	2.97	2,98
Durable goods Ordnance and accessories. Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures. Stone, clay, and glass products. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery Electrical equipment and supplies. Transportation equipment. Instruments and related products. Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	41.0 41.9 40.0 40.1 41.2 40.7 41.3 42.3 39.9 41.6 41.1 39.5	41.4 41.9 40.5 40.9 41.7 41.8 41.5 42.1 40.2 42.4 40.8 39.5	40.5 40.0 40.0 41.6 42.1 40.3 40.9 39.6 40.3 39.7 38.5	41,1 40,9 40,3 40,3 41,8 42,0 41,5 41,4 40,2 41,4 40,1 39,0	122.89 131.15 94.54 91.25 116.20 134.97 123.26 134.30 110.12 141.78 116.72 91.57	100.50 98.42 119.19 146.23 128.44 140.86 115.49 151.62	126,54 129,04 100,25 95,26 123,55 149,81 123,91 135,38 112,90 143,24 115,74 95,12	131.29 102.97 96.87 125.88 148.97 130.94 138.53	2.99 3.13 2.34 2.31 2.80 3.30 2.97 3.16 2.76 3.40 2.84 2.33	3.14 3.22 2.50 2.43 2.90 3.49 3.11 3.33 2.88 3.61 2.94 2.49	3.14 3.21 2.50 2.43 2.97 3.55 3.09 3.31 2.88 3.59 2.93 2.49	3.16 3.21 2.53 2.44 2.99 3.53 3.14 3.33 2.89 3.62 2.94 2.49
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile-mill products Apparel and related products Paper and allied products Printing, publishing, and allied industries Chemicals and allied products Petroleum refining and related industries Rubber and misc. plastic products Leather and leather products.	39.5 40.7 38.5 40.5 36.0 42.6 38.3 41.2 42.6 41.0 37.7	39.8 40.7 37.9 41.6 36.2 42.7 38.2 41.6 42.2 41.4 38.7	39.2 40.4 33.9 40.7 35.1 42.1 37.8 41.4 42.5 40.4 38.1	39.7 40.5 37.9 41.2 36.1 42.9 38.1 41.6 42.7 41.4 38.4	100,73 107,59 90,68 82,22 72,36 120,28 124,86 127,10 153,58 107,57 77,04	111.08 92.01 89.84 80.15 125.93 130.64 132.70 154.24 117.14	104.76 110.48 87.12 86.43 75.95 124.27 128.59 134.18 161.78 113.60 81.92	107.98 113.12 97.88 89.40 78.70 128.83 131.45 134.60 161.25 118.94 84.58	2.55 2.65 2.38 2.03 2.01 2.83 3.26 3.07 3.58 2.63 2.06	2.69 2.77 2.48 2.17 2.19 2.97 3.42 3.19 3.69 2.85 2.22	2.70 2.79 2.57 2.15 2.17 2.98 3.42 3.21 3.78 2.84 2.22	2.72 2.80 2.61 2.17 2.18 3.01 3.45 3.22 3.75 2.88 2.22

 $\ensuremath{\mathbf{Note}}.\mathbf{--}\mathbf{Bureau}$  of Labor Statistics; data are for production and related workers only.

## **CONSUMER PRICES**

(1957-59 = 100)

					Hou	sing						Health	and rec	reation	<del></del>
Period	All items	Food	Total	Rent	Home- owner- ship	Fuel oil and coal	Gas and elec- tricity	Fur- nish- ings and opera- tion	Apparel and upkeep	Trans- porta- tion	Total	Med- ical care	Per- sonal care	Read- ing and recrea- tion	Other goods and serv- ices
1929	59.7 45.1 51.3 62.7	55.6 35.3 44.2 58.4	61.4 67.5	85.4 60.8 64.3 66.1		45.2 53.6	88.3 86.4			51.2 55.4		50.6 57.5	47.6 63.6	57.3 75.0	58.2 67.3
1958	100.7	101.9	100.2	100.1	100.4	99.0	100.3	99.9	99.8	99.7	100.3	100.1	100.4	100.8	99.8
1959	101.5	100.3	101.3	101.6	101.4	100.2	102.8	100.7	100.6	103.8	102.8	104.4	102.4	102.4	101.8
1960	103.1	101.4	103.1	103.1	103.7	99.5	107.0	101.5	102.2	103.8	105.4	108.1	104.1	104.9	103.8
	104.2	102.6	103.9	104.4	104.4	101.6	107.9	101.4	103.0	105.0	107.3	111.3	104.6	107.2	104.6
	105.4	103.6	104.8	105.7	105.6	102.1	107.9	101.5	103.6	107.2	109.4	114.2	106.5	109.6	105.3
	106.7	105.1	106.0	106.8	107.0	104.0	107.8	102.4	104.8	107.8	111.4	117.0	107.9	111.5	107.1
	108.1	106.4	107.2	107.8	109.1	103.5	107.9	102.8	105.7	109.3	113.6	119.4	109.2	114.1	108.8
1965	109.9	108.8	108.5	108.9	111.4	105.6	107.8	103.1	106.8	111.1	115.6	122.3	109.9	115.2	111.4
	113.1	114.2	111.1	110.4	115.7	108.3	108.1	105.0	109.6	112.7	119.0	127.7	112.2	117.1	114.9
	116.3	115.2	114.3	112.4	120.2	111.6	108.5	108.2	114.0	115.9	123.8	136.7	115.5	120.1	118.2
1967—Apr	115.3 115.6 116.0 116.5 116.9 117.1 117.5 117.8 118.2	113.7 113.9 115.1 116.0 116.6 115.9 115.7 115.6 116.2	113.6 113.9 114.1 114.3 114.7 115.0 115.3 115.5 116.0	111.9 112.1 112.2 112.4 112.6 112.8 113.0 113.2 113.5	119.0 119.7 119.9 120.2 120.8 121.1 121.5 121.9 122.6	111.0 110.8 110.5 111.4 111.7 112.3 112.5 112.7 113.1	108.4 108.3 108.2 108.3 108.5 108.9 108.9 109.0 108.7	107.7 107.9 108.1 108.2 108.3 108.8 109.1 109.3 109.7	113.0 113.8 113.9 113.7 113.8 115.1 116.0 116.6 116.8	115.1 115.5 115.7 116.2 116.4 116.8 117.7 118.3 117.9	122.6 122.8 123.2 123.6 124.2 124.9 125.5 126.2	135.1 135.7 136.3 136.9 137.5 138.5 139.0 139.7 140.4	114.9 115.0 115.3 115.5 116.1 116.4 116.5 116.9 117.2	119.4 119.6 119.7 119.8 120.0 120.5 121.4 122.0 122.2	116.6 116.7 116.9 117.8 118.8 119.7 120.3 121.0 121.4
1968—Jan	118.6	117.0	116.4	113.7	122.9	113.7	108.9	110.6	115.9	118.7	127.1	141.2	117.6	122.7	121.9
Feb	119.0	117.4	116.9	113.9	123.5	113.8	109.3	111.2	116.6	118.6	127.5	141.9	117.6	123.0	122.1
Mar	119.5	117.9	117.2	114.2	123.8	113.9	109.3	111.8	117.6	119.0	128.3	142.9	118.4	124.2	122.4
Apr.	119.9	118.3	117.5	114.4	124.0	114.0	109.5	112.2	118.4	119.0	128.8	143.5	119.0	124.9	122.5

Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics index for city wage-earners and clerical workers.

## WHOLESALE PRICES: SUMMARY

(1957-59=100)

			_			<del>-</del>			Indi	ustrial c	ommod	ities	-				1
Period	All com- modi- ties	Farm prod- ucts	Proc- essed foods and feeds	Total	Tex- tiles, etc.	Hides, etc.	Fuel,	Chemicals, etc.	Rub- ber, etc.	Lum- ber, etc.	Paper, etc.	Met- als, etc.	Ma- chin- ery and equip- ment	Furni- ture, etc.	Non- me- tallic min- erals	Trans- porta- tion equip- ment	cella-
1958 1959	100.4 100.6					96.0 109.1	98.7 98.7			97.4 104.1					99.9 101.2	n.a. n.a.	
1960	100.7 100.3 100.6 100.3 100.5	96.9 96.0 97.7 95.7 94.3		100.8	99.7 100.6 100.5		99.6 100.7 100.2 99.8 97.1	100.2 99.1 97.5 96.3 96.7	99.9 96.1 93.3 93.8 92.5	100.4 95.9 96.5 98.6 100.6	98.8 100.0 99.2	100.7 100.0 100.1	102.9 102.9 103.1	100.1 99.5 98.8 98.1 98.5	101.4 101.8 101.8 101.3 101.3	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	101.7 102.0 102.4 103.3 104.1
1965 1966 1967	102.5 105.9 106.1	98.4 105.6 99.7	113.0	104.7	102.1	119.7	98.9 101.3 103.6	97.4 97.8 98.4	92.9 94.8 97.0	105.6	102.6	108.3	108.2	98.0 99.1 101.0	102.6	n.a. n.a. n.a.	
1967—Apr.  May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	105.3 105.8 106.3 106.5 106.1 106.2 106.1 106.2	97.6 100.7 102.4 102.8 99.2 98.4 97.1 96.4 98.9	110.7 112.6 113.1 112.1 112.7 111.7 110.9	106.0 106.0 106.3 106.3 106.5 106.8	101.6 101.5 101.7 102.0 102.2 103.0	115.6 115.2	104.4		95.9 95.8 95.8 95.8 97.8 98.2 98.8 99.1	104.1 104.2 104.7 105.3 106.1 108.7 107.3 106.7	103.9 103.9 104.1 104.0 104.1 104.3 104.6	108.9 109.0 109.2 109.6 109.8 110.5	111.6 111.6 111.6 111.8 111.9 112.2 112.6	100.8	103.8 103.9 104.2 104.5 104.7 104.9	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	108.0 109.6 109.7
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	107.2 108.0 108.2 108.3	101.3 102.1	112.4 113.3 112.9 112.8	108.3 108.6	104.6	116.7 117.9	102.5	98.2 98.1 98.6 98.8	99.7	108.6 111.6 113.9 115.8	105.2		114.1 114.3	103.3 103.6	106.9 107.3	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	111.5

# WHOLESALE PRICES: DETAIL

 $(1957-59 \approx 100)$ 

Channe	1967		1968		Group	1967		1968	
Group	Apr.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Group	Apr,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Farm products:					Pulp, paper, and allied products:				
Fresh and dried produce. Grains. Livestock Live poultry. Plant and animal fibers Fluid milk Eggs. Hay and seeds. Other farm products.	98.3 94.0 89.0 69.9 119.1 77.0 118.4	112.5 86.3 102.7 87.0 76.5 124.6 80.0 113.0 101.1	114.5 85.1 105.7 81.4 76.5 123.9 80.9 114.1 101.4	112.0 84.7 105.2 81.1 76.1 126.5 82.7 113.9 101.6	Pulp, paper, and products, excluding building paper and board	104.3 98.0 79.1 109.3 97.3 104.9 92.2	106.2 98.0 81.8 111.9 97.3 107.0 91.8	105.7 98.0 89.0 111.9 91.7 107.0 92.0	105.7 98.0 96.5 112.1 91.7 106.5 92.1
Processed foods and feeds:					Metals and metal products:				
Cereal and bakery products Meat, poultry and fish Dairy products Processed fruits and vegetables Sugar and confectionery Beverages and beverage materials Animal fats and oils. Crude vegetable oils. Refined vegetable oils. Vegetable oil end products Miscellaneous processed foods. Manufactured animal feeds.	100.6 120.1 104.3 111.8 105.9 91.5 93.8 96.8 101.6 112.9	117,4 107,6 124,0 113.8 113.7 108.6 71.0 93.0 102.1 100.2 114.1 119.7	117.4 107.0 123.3 114.4 113.7 108.9 72.5 90.4 98.7 100.2 114.1 118.9	117.3 105.8 125.9 114.6 114.0 109.5 71.9 88.8 93.0 100.2 114.0 117.1	Iron and steel. Steelmill products. Nonferrous metals. Metal containers. Hardware. Plumbing equipment. Heating equipment. Fabricated structural metal products. Miscellaneous metal products.  Machinery and equipment:	105.6 120.0 111.5 112.8 110.5 92.0 104.9	105.8 107.8 128.8 113.4 116.6 113.3 93.8 106.4 115.3	105.5 107.9 133.3 113.4 116.8 114.3 94.3 106.8 115.3	105.1 107.9 130.8 116.9 116.6 114.6 94.5 107.1 115.5
Textile products and apparel:					Agricultural machinery and equip Construction machinery and equip	121.8 121.8	125.8 127.7	126.1 128.3	126.2
Cotton products	102 9	105.0 102.8	105.0 103.1	105.2	Metalworking machinery and equip General purpose machinery and	122.9	126.6	127.3	127.6
Man-made fiber textile products Silk yarns. Apparel. Textile housefurnishings. Miscellaneous textile products	106.2 105.2	89.6 197.2 108.8 111.2 110.4	89.3 196.3 109.1 110.9 109.9	89.3 189.7 109.3 110.7 110.1	equipment  Special industry machinery and equipment (Jan. 1961 = 100)  Electrical machinery and equip  Miscellaneous machinery	113.0 115.8 102.3 108.8	116.0 120.1 102.7 112.3	116.5 120.2 102.6 112.7	116.8 121.6 103.0 113.0
Hides, skins, leather, and products:		]			Furniture and household durables:		ļ !		
Hides and skins	112.9	89.5 108.9 125.5 112.2	99.3 110.3 125.6 112.4	95.6 111.5 126.6 112.5	Household furniture. Commercial furniture. Floor coverings. Household appliances. Home electronic equipment.	112.4 109.3 93.1 89.8 83.3	115.7 113.4 94.8 91.6 81.7	116.0 114.0 95.2 91.9 81.6	116.2 114.5 95.2 92.2 81.8
Coal	102.7 112.0	105.0 112.0	105.5 112.0	105.4	Other household durable goods	115.7	123.9	124.3	124.5
Coke. Gas fuels (Jan. 1958=100). Electric power (Jan. 1958=100). Crude petroleum. Petroleum products, refined.	98.3	133.3 101.1 99.0 99.5	126.5 101.2 99.0 99.5	125.0 101.3 99.0 100.3	Nonmetallic mineral products:  Flat glass	103.3 106.0 104.6	107.2 108.5 106.8	109.4 108.6 107.0	109.4 109.0 107.5
Chemicals and allied products:					Structural clay products excluding refractories	109.4	111.9	112.0	112.1
Industrial chemicals Prepared paint. Paint materials. Drugs and pharmaceuticals. Fats and oils, inedible. Agricultural chemicals and products. Plastic resins and materials. Other chemicals and products.	108.8 91.2 94.0 85.3 105.2 90.4	98.5 113.2 92.6 93.0 76.7 100.6 83.3 108.7	98.7 114.1 92.5 93.4 80.0 101.2 82.8 109.5	98.8 114.4 92.5 93.4 80.9 101.6 83.2 109.8	Refractories Asphalt roofing. Gypsum products Glass containers. Other nonmetallic minerals.  Transportation equipment:	104.9 94.8 102.3 101.0 102.0	112.4 98.0 105.1 106.3 103.7	112.6 98.0 105.1 106.3 103.9	112.5 97.6 105.1 106.3 103.8
Rubber and products:					Motor vehicles and equipment Railroad equipment (Jan. 1961=100).	101.6 102.7	104.3 105.4	104.3 105.4	104.3 105.4
Crude rubber	86.5 94.0 101.5	83.2 98.7 106.8	84.0 98.7 106.9	84.1 98.7 106.9	Miscellaneous products:	102.7	103,4	103.4	103.4
Lumber and wood products:					Toys, sporting goods, small arms,	105.2	106,6	107.4	108.1
Lumber	111.6 87 9	117.1 114.7 94.6 105.9	120.3 115.6 96.9 105.9	123.6 116.6 97.3 106.1	ammunition	110.3 100.8 110.2 107.4	114.8 105.7 114.8 109.9	107,4 114.9 105.7 114.8 109.9	108.1 114.9 105.7 114.9 110.4

Note.—Bureau of Labor Statistics indexes as revised in Mar. 1967 to ncorporate (1) new weights beginning with Jan. 1967 data and (2) various

classification changes. Back data not yet available for some new classifications.

## **GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT**

(In billions of dollars)

T	1929	1933	1941	1950	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967		19	67		1968
Item	1929	1933	1941	1930	1903	1904	1965	1900	1907	r	11	ш	IV	Įp
Gross national product	103.1 101.4	55.6 57.2	124.5 120.1	284.8 278.0							775.1 774.6	791.2 787.4		
Personal consumption expenditures.  Durable goods.  Nondurable goods.  Services.	77.2 9.2 37.7 30.3	45.8 3.5 22.3 20.1	80.6 9.6 42.9 28.1	191.0 30.5 98.1 62.4	375.0 53.9 168.6 152.4	401.2 59.2 178.7 163.3	66.0 191.2	465.9 70.3 207.5 188.1	491.7 72.1 217.5 202.1	480.2 69.4 214.2 196.6	489.7 72.5 217.2 200.0	495.3 72.7 218.5 204.1	73.8 220.3	518.7 78.4 228.1 212.1
Gross private domestic investment.  Fixed investment.  Nonresidential.  Structures.  Producers' durable equipment. Residential structures.  Nonfarm.  Change in business inventories.  Nonfarm.	16.2 14.5 10.6 5.0 5.6 4.0 3.8 1.7	1.4 3.0 2.4 .9 1.5 .6 .5 -1.6	17.9 13.4 9.5 2.9 6.6 3.9 3.7 4.5	54.1 47.3 27.9 9.2 18.7 19.4 18.6 6.8 6.0	87.1 81.3 54.3 19.5 34.8 27.0 26.4 5.9 5.1	94.0 88.2 61.1 21.2 39.9 27.1 26.6 5.8 6.4	107.4 98.0 71.1 25.1 46.0 27.0 26.4 9.4 8.4	118.0 104.6 80.2 27.9 52.3 24.4 23.8 13.4 13.7	112.1 107.0 82.6 26.8 55.7 24.4 23.9 5.2 4.8	110.4 103.3 81.9 27.7 54.2 21.4 20.9 7.1 7.3	105.1 104.6 81.5 26.3 55.2 23.1 22.5 0.5 0.6	112.2 108.4 82.8 26.6 56.2 25.6 25.0 3.8 3.4	120.8 111.6 84.0 26.7 57.3 27.6 27.0 9.2 7.7	118.0 115.4 87.2 28.5 58.7 28.2 27.6 2.7
Net exports of goods and services Exports Imports	1.1 7.0 5.9	.4 2.4 2.0	1.3 5.9 4.6	1.8 13.8 12.0	5.9 32.3 26.4	8.5 37.1 28.6	6.9 39.1 32.2	5.1 43.0 37.9	4.8 45.3 40.6	5.3 45.3 39.9	5.3 45.1 39.8	5.4 45.6 40.2	3.0 45.4 42.4	1.7 47.2 45.5
Government purchases of goods and services.  Federal  National defense  Other  State and local	8.5 1.3  7.2	8.0 2.0 6.0		37.9 18.4 14.1 4.3 19.5	122.5 64.2 50.8 13.5 58.2	128.7 65.2 50.0 15.2 63.5	136.4 66.8 50.1 16.7 69.6	154.3 77.0 60.5 16.5 77.2	176.3 89.9 72.5 17.4 86.4	170.4 87.7 70.2 16.8 83.3	175.0 89.5 72.5 17.0 85.4	178.2 90.9 73.3 17.6 87.4	181.7 92.2 74.2 18.0 89.5	188.3 96.2 76.7 19.5 92.1
Gross national product in constant (1958) dollars	203.6	141.5	263.7	355.3	551.0	581.1	616.7	652.6	669.3	660.7	664.7	672.0	679.6	689.7

Note.—Dept. of Commerce estimates. Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates. For back data and explanation of series, see the Survey of Current Business, July 1967, and Supplement, Aug. 1966.

## NATIONAL INCOME

(In billions of dollars)

	4000			40.50	4252	40.44		4244	10.45		19	67		1968
Item	1929	1933	1941	1950	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	I	II	ш	IV	I p
National income	86.8	40.3	104.2	241.1	481.9	518.1	562.4	616.7	650.2	636.4	641.6	653.4	669.3	686.2
Compensation of employees	51.1	29.5	64.8	154.6	341.0	365.7	393.9	435.7	469.7	459.1	463.4	472.6	483.6	497.6
Wages and salaries. Privato. Military. Government civilian.	50.4 45.5 .3 4.6	29.0 23.9 .3 4.9	62.1 51.9 1.9 8.3		311.1 251.6 10.8 48.6	269.4 11.7	359.1 289.8 12.1 57.1		337.5 16.4	414.7 331.4 16.1 67.3	418.3 333.2 16.2 68.9	426.2 339.4 16.3 70.6	435.9 346.2 17.3 72.5	447.6 355.9 17.6 74.0
Supplements to wages and salaries.  Employer contributions for social insurance.  Other labor income.	.7 .1 .6	.5 .1 .4	2.7 2.0 .7	7.8 4.0 3.8	29.9 15.0 14.9		<i>34.9</i> 16.2 18.6	20.3	45.9 22.6 23.2	44.4 22.2 22.2	45.2 22.3 22.9	46.4 22.8 23.6	47.6 23.3 24.3	50.0 24.8 25.2
Proprietors' income	15.1 9.0 6.2	5.9 3.3 2.6	17.5 11.1 6.4	37.5 24.0 13.5	51.0 37.9 13.1	52.3 40.2 12.1	56.7 41.9 14.8	59.3 43.2 16.1	58.4 43.6 14.8	57.8 43.2 14.6	57.8 43.4 14.3	58.8 43.8 15.0	59.3 44.1 15.2	44.4
Rental income of persons	5.4	2.0	3.5	9.4	17.1	18.0	19.0	19.4	20.1	19.8	20.0	20.2	20.4	20.6
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	10.5	-1.2	15.2	37.7	58.9	66.3	74.9	82.2	79.6	78.1	78.3	79.2	82.7	84.3
Profits before tax. Profits tax liability. Profits after tax. Dividends. Undistributed profits.	10,0 1.4 8.6 5.8 2.8	1.0 .5 .4 2.0 -1.6	7.6 10.1 4.4	42.6 17.8 24.9 8.8 16.0	59.4 26.3 33.1 16.5 16.6	66.8 28.3 38.4 17.8 20.6	76.6 31.4 45.2 19.8 25.4	49.3 21.5	80.7 33.2 47.5 22.8 24.7	79.0 32.5 46.5 22.2 24.2	78.9 32.5 46.5 23.1 23.4	80.0 32.9 47.1 23.4 23.6	85.1 35.0 50.1 22.4 27.6	88.8 36.6 52.2 23.2 28.9
Inventory valuation adjustment	.5	-2.1	-2.5	-5.0	5	5	-1.7	-1.6	-1.2	8	7	8	-2.3	-4.5
Net interest	4.7	4.1	3.2	2.0	13.8	15.8	17.9	20.2	22.4	21.6	22.1	22.7	23.3	23.9

Note.—Dept. of Commerce estimates. Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates. See also Note to table above.

# RELATION OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND PERSONAL INCOME SAVING (In billions of dollars)

Ya	1929	1933	1941	1950	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967		19	67		1968
Item	1929	1933	1941	1930	1903	1904	1903	1900	1907	I	п	ш	IV	ΙÞ
Gross national product	103.1	55.6	124.5	284.8	590.5	632.4	683.9	743.3	785.0	766.3	775.1	791.2	807.3	826.7
Less: Capital consumption allowances Indirect business tax and nontax lia-	7.9	7.0	8.2	18.3	52.6	56.1	59.9	63,5	67.0	65.5	66.4	67.6	68.6	69.4
bility Business transfer payments Statistical discrepancy	7.0 .6 .7	7.1 .7 .6	11.3 .5 .4	23.3 .8 1.5	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	69.7 2.8 -3.0	67.9 2.8 -4.0	69.1 2.8 -2.8	70.2 2.8 -1.2	71.4 2.8 -3.5	2.8
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	1	,	. 1	.2	.8	1.3	1.2	2.2	1.7	2,3	2,0	1.6	1.2	.7
Equals: National income	86.8	40.3	104.2	241.1	481.9	518.1	562.4	616.7	r650.2	636.4	641.6	653.4	669.3	686.2
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	10.5 .2	. 3	2.8	37.7 6.9		66.3 27.9			<sup>7</sup> 79.6 43.0		78.3 42.5	43.3	82.7 44.1	84.3 47.4
Plus: Government transfer payments	.9	1.5	2.6	14.3	33.0	34.2	37.2	41.2	49.1	48.1	48.6	49.6	50.1	52.8
Net interest paid by government and consumer	2.5 5.8 .6	1.6 2.0 .7	2.2 4.4 .5	7.2 8.8 .8		19.1 17.8 2.5	20.4 19.8 2.6	21.5	24.1 22.8 2.8	23.7 22.2 2.8	23.9 23.1 2.8	24.2 23.4 2.8	24.7 22.4 2.8	
Equals: Personal income	85.9	47.0	96.0	227.6	465.5	497.5	537.8	584.0	626.4	612.9	619.1	631.0	642.5	659.0
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	2.6	1.5	3.3	20.7	60.9	59.4	65.6	75.2	81.7	80.2	79.1	82.8	84.7	87.5
Equals: Disposable personal income	83.3	45.5	92.7	206.9	404.6	438.1	472.2	508.8	544.7	532.7	540.0	548.2	557.9	571.5
Less: Personal outlays  Personal consumption expenditures  Consumer interest payments  Personal transfer payments to for-	79.1 77.2 1.5	46.5 45.8 .5	.9	191.0 2.4	375.0		433.1		491.7	480.2			516.2 501.8 13.8	518.7
eigners	.3	.2	.2	.5	.6	.6		.6	.8		1.0	.8	.7	.7
Equals: Personal saving	4.2	9	11.0	13.1	19.9	26.2	27.2	29.8	38.7	38.8	36.0	38.5	41.6	38.0
Disposable personal income in constant (1958) dollars	150.6	112.2	190.3	249.6	381.3	407.9	434.4	456.3	476.5	470.6	474.9	477.5	482.6	490.1

Note.—Dept. of Commerce estimates. Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates. See also Note to table opposite.

## PERSONAL INCOME

(In billions of dollars)

Item	1966						1967						196	58	
Item	1966	1967	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.p
Total personal income	584.0	626.4	616.5	618.2	622.6	627.0	631.6	634.4	635.9	642.4	649.3	650.9	r659.4	666.5	670.1
Wage and salary disbursements Commodity-producing industries Manufacturing only. Distributive industries. Service industries. Government	394.6 159.3 128.1 93.9 63.5 77.9	423.8 167.2 134.4 100.9 69.5 86.3		164.3 132.2 99.3 68.6	165.2 133.0 100.4 69.5	166.1 133.2 101.3 69.6	168.0 135.3 101.8 70.1	168.2 135.4 102.1 70.8	429.4 167.9 134.9 102.6 71.1 87.8	171.2 137.5 103.7 71.9	139.2	442.4 173.3 139.6 105.1 73.1 90.9	176.8	177.4 141.9	178.0 142.5 106.6 75.2
Other labor income	20,8	23.2	22.6	22.8	23.1	23.3	23.6	23.8	24.0	24.3	24.6	24.9	25.2	25.5	25.8
Proprietors' income	59.3 43.2 16.1	58.4 43.6 14.8	57.7 43.3 14.4		57.9 43.6 14.3	58.4 43.7 14.7	58.8 43.8 15.0		44.0	59.3 44.1 15.2	44.2	59.6 44.3 15.3	59.8 44.4 15.4	60.1 44.5 15.6	
Rental income	19.4	20.1	20.0	20.0	20.1	20.2	20.2	20.3	20.3	20.4	20.4	20.5	20.5	20.6	20.6
Dividends	21.5	22.8	22.8	23.1	23.3	23.5	23.5	23.4	23.2	23.1	21.0	22.9	23.2	23.6	24.0
Personal interest income	42.4	46.5	45.8	46.0	46.1	46.4	46.9	47.3	47.6	48.0	48.5	48.9	r49.5	50.1	50.6
Transfer payments	43.9	51.9	51.0	51.5	51.6	52.2	52.4	52.5	52.8	52.8	53.1	54.0	54.7	58.1	58.8
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	17.9	20.4	20.1	20.1	20.3	20,4	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.8	21.1	22.3	22.6	22.8	22.8
Nonagricultural income	563.1 20.9		596.9 19.5	598.8 19.5		607.2 19.8	611.4 20.2	614.0 20.4	615.7 20.2	622.0 20.4	628.8 20.5	630.3 20.6	r638.7 20.7	645.6 20.9	

Note.—Dept. of Commerce estimates. Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates. See also Note to table opposite.

# SAVING, INVESTMENT, AND FINANCIAL FLOWS

(In billions of dollars)

						billions	1965		19	66			19	067		_
	Transaction category, or sector	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	IV	ſ	II	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	I. Saving and investment Gross national saving. Households. Farm and noncorp. business. Corporate nonfin. business. U.S. Government. State and local govt. Financial sectors.	144.5 85.8 13.5 43.9 6 -1.5 3.5	160.3 98.3 14.5 50.5 -4.3 -1.4 2.7	179,5 107.3 15.3 55.7 .1 -2.2 3.3	193.1 115.3 16.0 60.3 9 8 3.3	189.0 127.6 16.8 59.9 -14.2 -4.0 3.0			111.7 15.9 59.2 1.6 8	114.8 16.1 59.8 -1.8	121.3 16.3 63.5	123.9 16.5 58.6 -13.2 -3.0	124.5 16.6 58.7 -16.7	127.1 16.9 59.6 -14.3 -4.3	134.7 17.0 62.6 -12.7 -4.4	2 3 4 5
8 9 10	Gross national investment	143.8 53.9 5.9	158.0 59.2 5.8	177.1 66.0 9.4	190.1 70.3 13.4	185.4 72.1 5.2	183.7 68.6 9.6	188.4 71.6 9.8	188.3 68.2 14.0	190.0 70.9 11.4	193.7 70.6 18.4	181.4 69.4 7.1	177.0 72.5 .5	72.7	73.8	8 9 10
11 12 13 14	Gross pyt. fixed investment Households Nonfinan. business Financial sectors	81.3 22.4 57.9 1.0	88.2 23.0 64.3 .9	98.0 23.2 74.0 .9	104.6 22.8 80.8 1.0	107.0 20.3 85.8 .9	102.4 23.6 78.0 .8	105.3 23.9 80.4 1.0	104,5 23,6 79,8 1,0	104.9 22.8 81.1 1.0	103.7 20.7 82.0 1.0		104.6 19.0 84.8 .8		22.7	12
15 16	Net financial investment Discrepancy (1-8)	2.8	4.7 2.3	3.7 2.4	1.8 3.0	1.2	3.1 1.1	1.8	1,6 3,0	2.8	1.0 4.7	1.6 4.9		2.9	3.2	15 16
17 18 19	II. Financial flows—Summary Net funds raised—Nonfinan, sectors. Loans and short-term securities Long-term securities and mtgs	58.5 19.0 39.5	67.0 26.4 40.6	72.3 33.1 39.2	69.9 27.4 42.5	83.1 27.2 55.9	75.8 35.0 40.8	84.1 26.4 57.6	83.2 22.7 60.5	62.6 30.7 31.9	49.9 29.8 20.0	74.3 33.8 40.6	44.3 -16.1 60.4	104.6 46.8 57.8	108.9 44.2 64.7	17 18 19
20 21 22 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41	By sector U.S. Government. Short-term mkt. securities. Other securities. Foreign borrowers. Loans. Securities. Pvt. domestic nonfin. sectors. Loans. Consumer credit. Bank loans n.e.c. Other loans. Securities and mortgages. State and local obligations. Corporate securities. I- to 4-family mortgages. Other mortgages. Net sources of credit (= line 17). Chg. in U.S. Govt. cash balance. U.S. Govt. lending Foreign funds. Pvt. insur. & pension reserves. Sources n.e.c.	5.0 1.4 3.6 3.3 2.2 1.1 50.2 15.2 7.3 5.4 2.7 3.6 7.3 58.5 9.3 58.5 9.3 10.1 10.1 10.1	7.1 4.0 3.0 4.4 3.7 55.5 18.7 8.0 6.5 4.1 36.9 5.4 15.7 10.0 67.0 67.0 2.2 3.8 11.1 5.7	3.6 3.5 2.6 1.9 66.0 27.7 9.4 13.6 4.7 38.3 5.4 16.2 9.4 72.3 11.6 7.2	6.3 2.2 4.1 1.5 1.0 24.1 6.9 9.8 7.4 37.9 6.0 9.8 11.4 11.0 9.8 9.9 4 7.9 12.8 7.6	12.7 6.4 6.2 4.0 2.7 1.3 66.4 18.0 9.1 4.5 48.4 10.1 17.4 11.5 9.4 83.1 1.2 4.5 5.6	8.5 5.4 3.27 1.99 .86 27.8 8.80 14.0 5.0 36.8 7.8 16.9 9.9 9.9 9.2 1.1 4.6 11.9 5.3	10.8 -1.5 12.7 1.3 2.7 1.3 1.4 70.5 26.6 9.3 9.5 7.8 43.9 62.2 14.2 11.3 84.1 -3.3 11.15 -12.8 11.6	6.7 -7.3 14.1 2.5 2.3 27.8 7.0 25.5 5.3 46.1 6.9 15.5 12.5 12.5 14.4 10.8 6.0	4.9 7.6 -2.7 4 58.0 23.4 6.8 9.0 7.7 34.6 4.6 4.6 11.3 9.6 -6.2 7.8 13.1 13.9	2.9 10.1 -7.2 1.0 1.0 45.7 45.5 9.0 27.0 6.6 8.1 6.9 1.2 2.8 2.18 -1.0	8.0 9.9 -1.95 4.55 10.8 19.4 4.1 6.7 8.6 41.4 14.3 8.9 74.3 -5 6.1 12.2 1.6	-21.3 -35.7 14.5 3.7 2.7 1.0 16.9 4.0 11.7 1.3 44.9 11.5 8.3 9.4 4.3 -14.8 8.3 12.4 5.8	4.9 3.8 5.1 52.3 7.5 21.4 13.7 9.8	29.2 20.7 8.5 2.8 1.4 76.9 22.1 4.8 14.4 2.9 54.8 11.2 18.1 108.9 6.8 8.0 9.4 14.1 3.7	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Pvt. domestic nonfin. sectors Liquid assets. Deposits. Demand dep. and currency Time and svgs. accounts At commercial banks At savings instit Short-term U.S. Goyt, sec	39.5 37.4 34.4 5.9 28.5 13.4 15.1 3.0	43.8 33.0 35.3 6.5 28.8 13.0 15.8 -2.3	49.0 43.4 40.4 7.7 32.7 19.5 13.2 3.0	42.8 23.9 22.7 2.9 19.8 12.5 7.3 1.2	53.1 49.1 50.9 12.0 39.0 22.4 16.6 -1.8	48.4 43.1 42.3 11.9 30.4 17.9 12.5	53.3 33.3 29.1 4.0 25.1 15.4 9.8 4.2	45.3 21.8 24.6 1.6 23.0 18.1 4.9 -2.9	39.2 18.5 15.8 5 16.4 11.1 5.3 2.7	33.6 22.1 21.2 6.5 14.6 5.4 9.3	53.5 54.4 61.5 10.8 50.7 33.8 16.9 -7.1	33.3 38.4 51.7 10.6 41.0 20.4 20.6 -13.3	58.6 58.7 56.2 15.2 41.0 23.0 18.0 2.5	67.0 44.8 34.1 11.1 23.0 12.3 10.7 10.6	42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
50 51 52	Other U.S. Govt. securities Pvt. credit mkt. instruments Less security debt	1.7 2.3 2.0	3.1 7.5 2	5.8 5.8	6.7 12.1 2	-1.2 7.4 2.2	2.1 4.6 1.3	4.8 15.5 .3	14.5 10.6 1.5	3.3 15.6 -1.9	4.3 6.6 6	-11.2 9.8 5	-3.9 1.4 2.5	-3.3 6.4 3.1	13.7 12.1 3.5	50 51 52
53 54 55	II. Direct lending in credit markets Total funds raised Less change in U.S. Govt. cash Total net of U.S. Govt. cash	58.5 3 58.8	67.0 .2 66.8	72.3 -1.0 73.3	69.9 4 70.3	83.1 1.2 81.9	75.8 2.1 73.7	84.1 -3.3 87.3	83.2 6.7 76.4	62.6 -6.1 68.7	49.9 1.2 48.7	74.3 6 74.9	44.3 -14.9 59.1	104.6 13.4 91.2	108.9 6.7 102.2	53 54 55
56 57 58 59	Funds supplied directly to cr. mkts Federal Reserve System Total Less change in U.S. Goyt. cash.	58.8 2.6 2.9 .3	66.8 3.2 3.4 .2	73.3 3.8 3.8	70.3 3.3 3.5 .2	81.9 3.9 4.8 .9	73.7 3.5 3.0 5	87.3 2.5 2.5 1	76.4 1 2.1 2.1	68.7 6.6 5.0 -1.6	48.7 4.2 4.3 .1	74.9 2.9 5.2 2.4	59.1 3 2.9 3.2	91.2 7.9 3.7 -4.2	102.2 4.5 6.9 2.4	56 57 58 59
60 61 62 63	Commercial banks, net Total Less chg. in U.S. Govt. cash Security issues	19.7 19.4 6	21.8 22.4 *	29.3 29.1 -1.0 .8	18.0 17.5 5	35.9 36.4 .2 .2	32.6 35.6 2.6 .4	23.0 19.9 -3.3	28.0 32.9 4.6 .3	14.1 9.6 -4.5	6.8 7.9 1.1	41.9 39.7 -3.0 .8	40.3 22.3 -18.1 .1	37.2 54.8 17.6	24.6 28.9 4.4	60 61 62 63
64 65 66	Nonbank finance, net Total Less credit raised	28.0 34.4 6.4	29.1 33.5 4.4	27.0 32.9 5.9	22.4 25.7 3.3	32.2 33.4 1.2	24.3 33.7 9.4	27.9 35.7 7.7	16.6 18.7 2.0	20.9 21.5 .7	24.1 27.0 2.9	28.8 30.7 1.9	34.8 19.1 -15.7	38.0 50.9 12.9	27.2 32.9 5.7	64 65 66
67	U.S. Government	2.7	3.8	4.7	7.9	4.5	4.6	11.1	10.0	7.8	2.8	6.1	8	5.0	8.0	67
68	Foreign	.9	.6	1	-1,4	3.2	2.7	-1.3	1,2	-4.1	-1.6	3,3	3,6	.9	5,1	68
69 70 71 72 73	Pvt. domestic nonfin	5.1 .4 3.1 3.5 2.0	8.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 2	8.6 2.2 1.0 5.8	20.2 10.6 3.2 6.2 2	$ \begin{array}{c}     2.2 \\     -3.8 \\     .4 \\     7.8 \\     2.2 \end{array} $	6.1 -1.0 2.1 6.3 1.3	24.2 13.7 5.7 5.0 .3	20.7 15.4 1.4 5.4 1.5	23.4 11.1 3.4 7.0 -1.9	12.5 2.0 2.5 7.3 6	-8.0 -12.9 1.2 3.2 5	-18.4 -18.0 -5.6 7.7 2.5	2.4 -1.1 .2 6.5 3.1	32.9 16.8 5.9 13.7 3.5	72

Note.—Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates.

# PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS

(In billions of dollars)

<u> </u>	ĺ			<u>`                                    </u>		1965		19	66			19	67	
Transaction category, or sector	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	IV	I	П	Ш	IV	1	11	111	ī٨
I. Demand deposits and currency  1 Net incr. in banking system liability. 2 U.S. Govt. deposits	2.4	7.4 .2 7.3 6.8 6.4 -2.1 1.2 .3	7.6 -1.0 8.6 8.3 7.1 -1.7 2 .7 2.5	4 3.0 3.3 1.9	14.7 1.2 13.5 12.7 12.4 -1.5 .3 .7 .8		3 -3.3 3.0 2.9 -2.2 2.3 2.7 -1.1 1.2	10.1 6.7 3.3 2.1 1.4 .2 1.3 .5 -1.3	-1.8	8.8 1.2 7.6 8.2 8.1 -1.3 1 1.6 2 6	12.0 13.6	-14.9 14.0 11.5 14.2 -3.9 *	29.4 13.4 16.0 15.5 7.3 4.2 1.0 .4 2.6	21.8 6.7 15.0 11.5 14.5 -2.5 -2.9 .4 2.1 2.1 3.5
II. Time and savings accounts  11 Net increase—Total	29.5 [4.3] 3.9 1.6 1.0 7.9 15.2 23.0	30.4 14.5 3.2 1.7 1.4 8.2 15.9 23.9	33.0 20.0 3.9 2.4 .6 13.3 13.0 26.5	20.3 13.3 7 1.3 .8 11.9 7.1 19.2	40.8 23.8 4.1 2.4 1.3 15.8 17.0 32.4	30.8 18.1 .9 3.1 .5 13.8 12.7 26.3	24.6 15.1 4.1 4 2 11.6 9.5 21.4	24.5 20.1 1.7 2.1 2.0 14.3 4.4 19.2	13.0	15.5 6.2 -4.6 1.5 1.0 8.5 9.3 17.8	5.7 1.2 18.0	23.7 9 3.4 2.3 17.9 21.7	42.0 23.7 3.7 .6 1.1 18.7 18.3 36.7	23.5 1 12.7 12 3.7 13 .1 14 .8 13 8.5 16 10.7 17 19.2 18
III. U.S. Govt. securities  19 Total net issues	1.44 3.69 2.88 4.99 -2.65 -3.53 -1.53 -1.66 4.7 1.88 1.07	7.1 4.0 3.0 7.1 3.5 2.1 4 3.9 -4.1 5.5 3.5 2.0 1.2 2.2 8.3 9.9	2.4	1.2 .9 1.5 -1.0 .4 -2.6	1.0	1.4 4.6 -3.7 .4 3 1.5		$   \begin{array}{r}     2.6 \\     -4.6 \\     -2.6   \end{array} $	-2.8 3 -2.6 3.4 3.8 5	2.9 10.1 -7.2 2.9 3.88 1.2.4 -4.84 -1.8 1.44 -2.1 7.7 5.2 	9.9 -1.9 8.0 5.5 1 17.9 10.2 5.5 2.2 -2.2 4.6 -5.2 2.6 3.1 -18.2 -7.9	-21.3 2.8 -4.2 -7.2 2.4 4.4 -8.5 -10.7 1.4 1.9 -17.2 -14.4 -3.0	34.7 30.9 3.9 34.7 3.6 2.3 23.6 188.3 2.5 9.6 7 1.4 2.1 8 1.8 1.8	29.2   15 20.7   20.7
IV. Other securities  40 Total net issues, by sector. 41 State and local govts. 42 Nonfinancial corporations. 43 Commercial banks. 44 Finance companies 45 Rest of the world. 46 Net purchases. 47 Households. 48 Nonfinancial corporations. 49 State and local govts. 50 Commercial banks. 51 Insurance and pension funds. 52 Finance n.e.c. 53 Security brokers and dealers. 54 Investment cos., net. 55 Portfolio purchases. 56 Net issues of own shares. 57 Rest of the world.	6.7 3.6 .3 1.4 13.1 -2.9 2.5 5.2 7.6 22 5	14.6 5.9 5.4 .6 2.1 7 14.6 1.5 2 2.8 3.7 7.5 8 1.1 1.9 1	16.2 7.3 5.4 .8 1.9 8 16.2 .7 2.8 5.0 9.5 -1.6 3.0 4	18.7 6.0 11.4 .1 .85 18.7 3.1 2.4 4.1 2.4 9.2 3.8 .9	29.6 10.1 17.4 2. .6 1.3 29.6 -2.4 -7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .8 13.5 -1.4 1.4 1.0 1.0	14.8 7.8 2.8 .4 3.0 8 14.8 -2.4 4.9 9.9 -1.7 2.1 3.8 .2	3.0	23.4 6.9 15.5 .5 .5 .2 23.4 4.7 .6 .8 .3 2.3 3 2.1 .2.9	9.5 -2.9 1.0 -4.0 -1.1	12.5 6.6 *4 2.2 12.5 -3.4 5.0 7 8.6 -1.3 2.6 -1.3 2.6 -1.3	.7 7.0 9.6 13.9 -2.1 -1.9 2 3.0	11.0 -3.0 -2.9 1	31.4 7.5 21.4 * 1.0 31.4 7 4.8 4.8 14.6 5.3 1.1 9.2 5.3 1.9 2.5 6 3.7 2.2	2.5 53 -4.5 54 -1.1 55
V. Mortgages  58 Total net lending. 59 1- to 4-family. 60 In process. 61 Disbursed. 62 Other. 63 Net acquisitions. 64 Households. 65 U.S. Government. 66 Commercial banks. 67 Savings institutions. 68 Insurance. 69 Mortgage companies.	25.0 15.7 .5 15.2 9.3 25.0 3 -1.0 4.9 16.1 4.0 8	25.3 15.4 3 15.7 10.0 25.3 2 .2 4.5 14.8 5.1	25.5 16.1 16.2 9.4 25.5 9 1.0 5.6 13.1 5.5	19.6 10.0 9 11.0 9.6 19.6 4 3.4 4.6 6.6 5.1	21.9 12.5 1.0 11.5 9.4 21.9 6 2.7 4.6 10.8 3.1	26.0 16.8 1 16.9 9.2 26.0 3 1.6 5.8 12.7 5.4	25.7 14.4 .3 14.2 11.3 25.7 -2.3 4.4 5.4 11.5 5.7	22.6 11.4 -1.1 12.5 11.2 22.6 2 4.1 5.3 7.3 5.9	17.0 7.4 -1.7 9.1 9.6 17.0 .6 3.1 4.3 3.7 5.3	13.2 6.9 -1.2 8.1 6.2 13.2 1.8 3.6 3.7 3.7	17.3 9.4 .5 8.9 7.9 17.3 5 2.4 2.0 6.8 5.2	19.0 9.7 1.4 8.3 9.3 19.0 -1.7 1.6 3.5 10.3 2.9 1.3	24.8 15.0 1.3 13.7 9.8 24.8 -4 3.1 6.0 13.1 2.0 -2	26.3 58 16.0 58 .9 60 15.1 61 10.4 62 26.3 63 .2 64 3.7 66 12.9 67 2.3 68 .1 69
VI. Bank loans n.e.c.  70 Total net borrowing	7.6 5.0 1.7 .4	8.7 5.1 .5 1.4 1.7	16.4 12.2 2.4 1.3	8.2 9.9 -1.4 1 2	6.5 7.4 -2.4 1.7 3	17.1 12.4 3.5 1.6 4	9.7 10.1 .6 6 4	16.0 15.2 1 .3	5.2 9.6 -3.5 7 3	2.0 4.7 -2.7 -5 5	1.7 5.8 -4.3 -9	7.7 11.0 -3.3 .7 8	6.7 2.0 2.1 1.7 .8	9.8 70 10.8 71 4.0 72 3.5 73 5 74

Note.—Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates.

# 1. U.S. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

(In millions of dollars)

		1		19	66		19	67	
Item	1965	1966	1967₽	III	IV	I	m	ш	ΙV <sup>p</sup>
Transactions other than changes in	foreign liq	uid assets i	n U.S. and	in U.S. mo	netary rese	rve assets-	-Seasonall	y adjusted	
Exports of goods and services—Total <sup>1</sup>	39,147	43,039	45,693	10,913	10,997	11,352	11,353 7,712	11,530	11,458
Merchandise. Military sales. Transportation.	26,244 844	29,168 847	30,463 1,272	7,382	7,402 210	7,671 339	336	7,626 237	7,454 360
TransportationTravel	2,390 1,380	2,589 1,573	2,701 1,641	661 408	650 408	669 421	660 380	682 416	690 424
Investment income receipts, private	5,376	5,650	6,163	1,444	1,508	1,420	1,384	1,680	1,679
Investment income receipts, Govt	512 2,401	595 2,617	622 2,831	143 669	146 673	155 677	161 720	162 727	144 707
Imports of goods and services—Total	-32,203	37,937	-40,893	-9,762	-9,913	-9,999	-10,033	-10,122	-10,739
Merchandise .	-21 472	-25,510	-26,980	-6,580	-6,680	-6,662	-6,558	-6.549	-7,211
Military expenditures. Transportation	-2,921 -2,674	-3,694 $-2,914$	-4.319 $-2.965$	-953 -727	-969 -756	-1,045 -756	-1,070 $-726$	-1,094 $-707$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1,110 \\ -776 \end{bmatrix}$
Trovel	_2 438	-2,657	-3,170	-672	674	683	840	-900	-747
Investment income paymentsOther services	-1,729 -969	$\begin{bmatrix} -2,074 \\ -1,088 \end{bmatrix}$	-2,277 $-1,182$	- 565 - 265	-563 -271	-557 -296	-547 -292	-585 -287	-588 -307
Balance on goods and services 1,	6,944	5,102	4,800	1,151	1,084	1,353	1,320	1,408	719
Remittances and pensions	-1,024	-1,010	-1,284	-278	-246	-264	-395	-356	-269
1. Balance on goods, services, remittances and pensions	5,920	4,092	3,516	873	838	1,089	925	1,052	450
2. U.S. Govt. grants and capital flow, net	-3,375	-3,446	-4,127	-759	-724	-1,201	-1,013	-966	<b>-947</b>
Grants, 2 loans, and net change in foreign cur- rency holdings, and short-term claims	-4,277	-4,680	-5,128	-1,177	-1,124	-1,419	-1,297	-1,204	-1,208
Scheduled repayments on U.S. Govt. loans Nonscheduled repayments and selloffs	681 221	806 428	996	192 226	208 192	218	284	233	261
3. U.S. private capital flow, net	$ \begin{array}{r} -3,743 \\ -3,418 \end{array} $	-4,213 $-3,543$	-5,446 $-3,027$	-932 -900	-1,165 $-1,003$	-984 -622	-1,113 $-648$	-1,741 $-939$	$-1,608 \\ -818$
Foreign securities	-758	-482	-1,252	-50	-1,003	-263	- 170	-446	-373
Other long-term claims: Reported by banks	-232	337	284	73	168	150	160	-100	74
Reported by others	-88	-112	-301	- 28	-16	-68	- 170	35	- 98
Short-term claims: Reported by banks	325	~84	-739	16	-124	-81	-388	-292	22
Reported by others	428	-329	-411	-43	-107	-100	103	ĩ	-415
4. Foreign capital flow, net, excluding change in	270	2 512	2 077	276	700	050	1 104	900	217
liquid assets in U.SLong-term investments	278 -68	2,512 2,176	3,077 2,235	376 180	780 673	858 676	1,194 962	808 392	217 205
Short-term claims	149	269	2,235 390	112	55	94	80	176	40
Nonliquid claims on U.S. Govt. associated	ĺ								
with— Military contracts	314	341	68	106	146	103	166	-60	142
U.S. Govt. grants and capital	-85	-213	-85	12	-136	-36	-14	-23	-12
Other specific transactions  Other nonconvertible, nonmarketable, me-	-25	-12	-1	13	-11	21	•	-12	-9
dium-term U.S. Govt. securities 3	-7	~49	470	-23	53	*	*	335	135
5. Errors and unrecorded transactions	-415	-302	-595	277	-148	-295	-546	209	37
		Bal	ances						
A. Balance on liquidity basis									
Seesanally adjusted $(=1+2+3+4+5)$	-1,335	-1,357	-3,575	-165	-419	-533	-553	-638	-1,851
Less: Net seasonal adjustments Before seasonal adjustment,	-1,335	-1,357	-3,575	530 -695	47 466	-295 $-238$	-330 -223	573 -1,211	-1,903
B. Balance on basis of official reserve transactions	ĺ .								
Balance A, seasonally adjusted	-1,335	-1,357	-3,575	-165	-419	-533	-553	-638	-1,851
Plus: Seasonally adjusted change in liquid	· ·		, i						
assets in the U.S. of: Commercial banks abroad	116	2,697	1,265 394	1,062	989	-1,003	341	1,179	748
Other private residents of foreign countries  International and regional organizations	306	212	394	91	-54	80	12	95	207
other than IME	-291	-525	- 208	-24	-108	-36	77	-56	39
Less: Change in certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign central banks and govts	100	802	1,274	103	426	325	555	124	270
Balance B, seasonally adjusted		225	-3,398	861	-18	-1,817	-832		-1,205
	1,504	1 223	5,550	456		527	-143	456 495	185
Less: Net seasonal adjustments  Before seasonal adjustment	-1,304	225	-3,398	405	180 - <b>198</b>	-537 $-1,280$	-689	-39	-1,390

## 1, U.S. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS-Continued

(In millions of dollars)

****				19	66		19	57	
Item	1965	1966	1967¤	III	IV	I	П	III	ΙVp
Transactions	by which	balances w	ere settled-	-Not seaso	nally adjus	ted			
A. To settle balance on liquidity basis	1,335	1,357	3,575	695	466	238	223	1,211	1,903
Change in U.S. official reserve assets (increase,)	1,222	568	52	82	-6	1,027	-419	-375	-181
Gold Convertible currenciesIMF gold tranche position	41,665 -349 4-94	571 -540 537	1,170 -1,024 -94	173 -426 335	121 -173 46	51 1,007 -31	15 -424 -10	92 -462 -5	1,012 -1,145 -48
Change in liquid liabilities to all foreign accounts	11 <b>3</b>	789	3,523	613	472	-789	642	1,586	2,084
Foreign central banks and govts.: Convertible nonmarketable U.S. Govt. securities <sup>3</sup> . Marketable U.S. Govt, bonds and notes <sup>3</sup> . Deposits, short-term U.S. Govt. securities, etc. IMF (gold deposits). Commercial banks abroad Other private residents of foreign countries. International and regional organizations other than IMF.	122 -20 -154 34 116 306	-945 -245 -582 177 2,697 212 -525	455 48 1,547 22 1,265 394 208	-226 -254 -146 -28 1,144 -24	-176 8 -31 -33 -54 -108	72 5 -174 17 -753 80 -36	46 52 443 5 161 12 -77	125 -6 163 * 1,265 95 -56	212 -3 1,115 592 207 -39
B. Official reserve transactions	1,304	-225	3,398	405	198	1,280	689	39	1,390
Change in U.S. official reserve assets (increase, —)	1,222	568	52	82	6	1,027	-419	-375	181
banks and govts, and IMF (see detail above under A.)	-18	-1,595	2,072	598	199	80	546	282	1,324
Of U.S. private organizations Of U.S. Govt	-38 138	788 14	820 454	88 23	373 30	304 29	584 22	-215 347	147 100

## 2. MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

(In millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted)

ļ	i	Expo	orts 1			Impo	orts <sup>2</sup>			Export	surplus	
Period	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
Month: Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	3 1,623 3 2,739 3 2,406 3 2,299 3 2,235 2,300 2,329 2,329 2,349	2,264 2,376 2,354 2,354 2,416 2,487 2,487 2,445 2,540 2,588 2,503 2,409	2,616 2,607 2,551 2,654 2,547 2,547 2,584 2,598 2,598 2,593 2,392 2,692 2,604	2,785 2,773 2,455 2,888	31,199 31,606 31,861 31,811 31,797 31,848 41,742 1,825 1,825 1,858 1,941 1,911	1,918 2,024 2,080 2,113 2,082 2,142 2,178 2,119 2,295 2,250 2,186 2,225	2,256 2,229 2,203 2,226 2,140 2,227 2,208 2,125 2,209 2,202 2,376 2,525	2,615 2,602 2,612 2,640	3 28 3 17 3 878 3 595 3 503 3 386 4 558 504 4 433 464 438 451	347 352 474 241 334 346 277 324 244 338 317 184	360 378 349 428 407 349 376 473 384 191 317	170 171 -158 248
Quarter:	3 5,589 3 6,940 6,920 7,090 26,700	7,195 7,257 7,439 7,500 29,379	7,775 7,777 7,775 7,688 30,942	8,012	3 4,666 3 5,456 4 5,425 5,736 421,366	6,021 6,336 6,592 6,661 25,542	6,688 6,593 6,542 7,102 26,816	7,830	<sup>3</sup> 923 <sup>3</sup> 1,484 <sup>4</sup> 1,495 1,353 5,334	1,173 921 846 839 3,837	1,087 1,184 1,233 586 4,126	183

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Exports of domestic and foreign merchandise; excludes Dept. of Defense shipments of grant-aid military equipment and supplies under Mutual Security Program.

<sup>2</sup> General imports including imports for immediate consumption plus entries into bonded warehouses.

Note.-Bureau of the Census data.

<sup>1</sup> Excludes transfers under military grants.
2 Excludes military grants,
3 Includes certificates sold abroad by Export-Import Bank.
4 Reflects \$259 million payment of gold portion of increased U.S. subscription to 1MF.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> With original maturities over 1 year.

Note.—Dept. of Commerce data. Minus sign indicates net payments (debits); absence of sign indicates net receipts (credits).

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Significantly affected by strikes.
 <sup>4</sup> Significantly affected by strikes and by change in statistical procedures.
 <sup>5</sup> Sum of unadjusted figures.

#### 3. U.S. NET MONETARY GOLD TRANSACTIONS WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

(Net sales (-) or net acquisitions; in millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce)

			104	12.4			1005	1066			196	57		1968
Area and country	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	I	II	III	IV	I
Western Europe: Austria. Belgium. France. Germany, Fed. Rep. of . Italy. Netherlands Spain. Switzerland. United Kingdom. Bank for Intl. Settlements. Other. Total.	-83 -39 -266 20 -350 -32 -48 -827	-141 -173 -34 -249 -114 -324 -550 -36 -96	-156 -125	-456 	-518	-40 -405 -225 200 -60	-100 -83 -884 -35 -180 -50 150 -37 -1,299	-25 -601 60 60 2 80 50 659	-85 -30 -879	3 -18		-77	-85 :-77i -77i -863	-184 -49 -25 -900 -13 -1,195
Canada				190				200	150		50		100	50
Latin American republics: Argentina	-11 -65 -35	-50 -2 -6 	-90 -2	85 57 38 5	72	54 10 9	25 29 -25 -13	-39 -3 7	-1	** 2	13	* * 6	* * 7	-28
Total	19	100	-109	175	32	56	17	-41	9	-3	12	6	-7	-28
Asia: Japan Other	1 <b>5</b> 7 28	- 15 97	ioi		12	3		-56 -30	-44	<u>20</u>	-i	i		-143
Total	186	113	-101	93	12	3	-24	-86	44	20	-1	1	-22	-143
All other	-5	-38	-6	-1	-36		-16	-22	1-166	2	-6	-1	1-162	1
Total foreign countries	-998	1,969	-9 <b>7</b> 0	-833	-392	-36	-1,322	608	-1,031	-36	12	<b>-5</b> 3	<b>-953</b>	-1,317
Intl. Monetary Fund	2 -44	3 300	150			• • • • • •	4-225	5177	5 22	516	55	5*		5 8
Grand total	-1,041	-1,669	-820	-833	392	-36	-1,547	-431	-1,009	-20	17	-53	-953	-1,309

<sup>1</sup> Includes sale of \$150 million to Algeria.

<sup>2</sup> Payment to the IMF of \$344 million increase in U.S. gold subscription, less sale by the IMF of \$300 million (see note 3).

<sup>3</sup> IMF sold to the United States a total of \$800 million of gold (\$200 million in 1956, and \$300 million in 1959 and in 1960) with the right of

Note—Tables 3-22: The tables in this section provide data on U.S. reserve assets and liabilities and other statistics related to the U.S. balance of payments; see Table 1. A number of changes were introduced in the May 1967 issue of the BULLETIN to increase the usefulness of this section.

At that time the table showing the U.S. gold stock and holdings of convertible foreign currencies (now Table 4) was revised to include in the reserve assets of the United States its reserve position in the International Monetary Fund. In accordance with IMF policies, the United States has the right to draw foreign currencies equivalent to this amount virtually automatically if needed. (Under appropriate conditions the United States could draw additional amounts equal to the U.S. quota of \$5,160 million.) This presentation corresponds to the treatment of U.S. monetary reserves in the U.S. balance of payments

Table 5 shows the factors that affect the U.S. position in the IMF.

Table 6 brings together the various statistical components of the liabilities that enter into the U.S. balance of payments calculated on the liquidity basis. The inclurequires that the "holdings of dollars" of the IMF in Table 4 requires that the "holdings of dollars" of the IMF be excluded from the data on liabilities to foreigners, in order to avoid double counting. For further explanation of this change in the liabilities statistics, see next to last paragraph.

Table 7 (formerly Table 1), presenting an area break-down of U.S. liquid liabilities to official institutions of foreign countries, was revised to include holdings of convertible nonmarketable U.S. Govt. securities with an original maturity of more than 1 year.

repurchase; proceeds from these sales invested by IMF in U.S. Govt.

Payment to the IMF of \$259 million increase in U.S. gold subscription, less gold deposits by the IMF.

5 Represents gold deposit by the IMF; see note 1(b) to table 4.

Data on short-term liabilities to foreigners shown in Tables 8 and 9 (formerly Tables 1 and 2) were revised to exclude the holdings of dollars by the IMF derived from payments of the U.S. subscription and from the exchange transactions and other operations of the IMF. (Liabilities representing the "gold investment" of the IMF continue to be included.) This change in the treatment of the "holdings of dollars" of the IMF is related to the revision of the table on U.S. monetary reserve assets (Table 4) to include the U.S. reserve position in the IMF. The "holdings of dollars" of the IMF do not represent liabilities to foreigners in the same sense as do other reported liabilities to foreigners. They are more accurately viewed as contingent liabilities, since they represent essentially the amount of dollars available for drawings from the IMF by other member countries. Changes in these holdings (arising from U.S. drawings and repayments of foreign currencies, from drawings and repayments of dollars by other countries, and from other dollar operations of the IMF) give rise to equal and opposite changes in the U.S. gold tranche position in the IMF. In the absence of U.S. lending to the IMF, the gold tranche position is equal to the U.S. reserve position in the IMF. Since the reserve position is included in U.S. reserve assets, it is necessary, in order to avoid double-counting, to exclude the "holdings of dollars" of the IMF from U.S. liabilities to foreigners. The revised presentation conforms to the treatment of these items in the U.S. balance of payments and the international investment position of the United States.

Table 10 shows estimated foreign holdings of marketable U.S. Govt. bonds and notes.

# 4. U.S. GOLD STOCK, HOLDINGS OF CONVERTIBLE FOREIGN CURRENCIES, AND RESERVE POSITION IN IMF

(In millions of dollars)

	Total	Gold	stock 1	Con- vertible	Reserve position		Total	Gold :	stock 1	Con- vertible	Reserve position
End of year	reserve	Total <sup>2</sup>	Treasury	foreign currencies	in IMF <sup>3</sup>	End of month	reserve assets	Total 2	Treasury	foreign curren- cies 5	in IMF 3
1958	22,540 21,504 19,359 18,753 17,220 16,843 16,672 15,450 14,882 14,830	20,582 19,507 17,804 16,947 16,057 15,596 15,471 413,806 13,235 12,065	20,534 19,456 17,767 16,889 15,978 15,513 15,388 413,733 13,159 11,982	116 99 212 432 781 1,321 2,345	1,958 1,997 1,555 1,690 1,064 1,035 769 4863 326 420	1967—May	13,943 14,274 14,224 14,605 14,649 14,927 15,438 14,830 14,620 14,790 13,926 13,840 14,348	13,214 13,169 13,136 13,075 13,077 13,039 12,965 12,065 12,003 11,900 10,703 10,547 10,468	13,109 13,110 13,108 13,008 13,006 12,905 12,908 11,982 11,984 11,882 10,484 10,484 10,384	363 738 719 1,162 1,200 1,509 2,092 2,345 2,176 2,235 2,746 2,804 3,386	366 367 369 368 372 379 381 420 441 655 477 489 494

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes (a) gold sold to the United States by the International Monetary Fund with the right of repurchase, and (b) gold deposited by the IMF to mitigate the impact on the U.S. gold stock of foreign purchases for the purpose of making gold subscriptions to the IMF under quota increases. For corresponding liabilities, see Table 6.

<sup>2</sup> Includes gold in Exchange Stabilization Fund.

<sup>3</sup> In accordance with IMF policies the United States has the right to draw foreign currencies equivalent to its reserve position in the IMF virtually automatically if needed. Under appropriate conditions the United States could draw additional amounts equal to the U.S. quota, See Table 5.

Note.—See Table 18 for gold held under earmark at F.R. Banks for foreign and international accounts. Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States.

#### 5. U.S. POSITION IN THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

(In millions of dollars)

		Tran	sactions affe (d	cting IMF h uring period		ollars		IMF h of do (end of		
Period		.S. transacti	1	IF	other c	tions by ountries IMF			Per cent	U.S. reserve position in IMF
	Payments of subscriptions in dollars	Net gold sales by IMF 1	Drawings of foreign curren- cies 2	IMF net income in dollars	Drawings of dollars	Repay- ments in dollars	Total change	Amount	of U.S. quota	(end of period) <sup>3</sup>
1946—1957. 1958. 1959. 1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965. 1966.	776	150	525 435 680	-45 -2 2 11 16 17 16 18 12 15 20	-2,664 -252 -139 -149 -822 -110 -194 -282 -282 -159 -114	827 271 442 580 521 719 207 5	775 17 1,336 442 -135 626 29 266 165 1,313 -94	775 792 2,128 2,570 2,435 3,061 3,090 3,356 3,356 3,521 4,834 4,740	28 29 52 62 59 74 75 81 85 94	1,975 1,958 1,997 1,555 1,690 1,064 1,035 769 \$863 326 420
1967—May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec				4 2 1 2 -1 3 2	-13 -3 -3 -1 -3 -10 -4 -39		-9 -1 -2 1 -4 -7 -2 -39	4,794 4,793 4,791 4,792 4,788 4,781 4,779 4,740	93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93	366 367 369 368 372 379 381 420
1968—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May.			200	3 2 1 2 2	-24 -216 -23 -14 -7		-21 -214 178 -12 -5	4,719 4,505 4,683 4,671 4,666	91 87 91 91 90	441 655 477 489 494

Note.—The initial U.S. quota in the IMF was \$2,750 million, The U.S. quota was increased to \$4,125 million in 1959 and to \$5,160 million in Feb. 1966. Under the Articles of Agreement, subscription payments equal to the quota have been made 25 per cent in gold and 75 per cent in dollars.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Reserve position includes, and gold stock excludes, \$259 million gold subscription to the IMF in June 1965 for a U.S. quota increase which became effective on Feb. 23, 1966. In figures published by the IMF from June 1965 through Jan. 1966, this gold subscription was included in the U.S. gold stock and excluded from the reserve position.

<sup>5</sup> For holdings of F.R. Banks only, see pp. A-12 and A-13.

¹ Represents net IMF sales of gold to acquire U.S. dollars for use in IMF operations. Does not include transactions in gold relating to gold deposit or gold investment (see Table 6).

² Represents purchases from the IMF of currencies of other members for equivalent amounts of dollars. The United States has a commitment to repay drawings within 3 to 5 years, but only to the extent that the holdings of dollars of the IMF exceed 75 per cent of the U.S. quota. Drawings of dollars by other countries reduce the U.S. commitment to repay by an equivalent amount.

³ Represents the U.S. gold tranche position in the IMF (the U.S. quota minus the holdings of dollars of the IMF), which is the amount that the United States could draw in foreign currencies virtually automatically if needed. Under appropriate conditions, the United States could draw additional amounts equal to its quota.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Represents a \$600 million IMF gold sale to United States (1957)-less \$6 million gold purchase by IMF from another member with U.S. dollars (1948).
<sup>5</sup> Includes \$259 million gold subscription to the IMF in June 1965 for a U.S. quota increase, which became effective on Feb. 23, 1966. In figures published by the IMF from June 1965 through Jan. 1966, this gold sub-scription was included in the U.S. gold stock and excluded from the reserve position.

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## 6. U.S. LIQUID LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS

(In millions of dollars)

		Monet	bilities to ary Fund	arising					countrie			mor	oilities to a netary intl. al organiza	and .
		Home	solu transa	CHOIIS		Official in	stitutions	3	Banks a	nd other f	oreigners	region	ar Organiza	4410113
End of period	Total	Total	Gold de- posit <sup>1</sup>	Gold invest- ment <sup>2</sup>	Total	Short- term liabil- ities re- ported by banks in U.S.	Market- able U.S. Govt. bonds and notes 4	Non- market- able convert- ible U.S. Treas- ury bonds and notes	Total	Short- term liabil- ities re- ported by banks in U.S.	Market- able U.S. Govt. bonds and notes 4	Total	Short- term liabil- ities re- ported by banks in U.S.6	Market- able U.S. Govt. bonds and notes 4
1957	20,994 21,027 22,853 322,936 24,068 24,068 26,361 26,322 28,951 29,002	200 200 500 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 8	34 211 211	200 200 500 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 8	n.a. 10,120 11,078 11,088 11,830 11,830 12,748 12,714 14,387 14,353 15,424 15,372 13,6600 13,655	7,917 8,665 9,154 10,212 10,940 10,940 11,997 11,963 12,467 12,467 13,224 13,220 13,066 12,484 12,539	876 890	703 703 1,079 1,079 1,201 256 256	n.a. 7,618 7,591 7,598 8,275 8,357 8,359 9,214 9,204 11,056 11,478 14,387 14,208	5,724 5,950 7,077 7,048 7,048 7,759 7,841 7,911 8,863 8,863 8,63 10,625 10,680 11,006 13,859 13,680	n.a. n.a. 541 543 550 516 516 448 341 376 472 528 528	n.a. n.a. 1,190 1,525 1,541 1,948 1,949 2,161 2,195 1,960 1,965 1,722 1,722 1,431 906 905	542 552 530 750 750 703 704 1,250 1,284 808 818 818 679 581 580	n.a. n.a. 660 775 791 1,245 1,245 911 1,152 1,157 904 752 325
1967—Mar Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	28,990 29,379 29,612 729,629 730,833 731,216 732,427 33,815 (33,298 r\33,147	1,028 1,030 1,030 1,033 1,033 1,033 1,033 1,033 1,033 1,033	228 230 230 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 233	800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	13,558 14,102 14,380 14,097 14,158 14,071 14,378 14,907 15,956 15,695 15,687	12,365 12,873 13,115 12,806 12,867 12,711 12,968 13,395 14,337 14,076 14,068	865 901 917 917 917 911 911 911 908 908	328 328 348 374 374 449 499 601 711 711	13,535 13,385 13,361 13,708 r14,060 14,943 r15,069 r15,765 r16,074 r15,883 r15,745	13,005 12,856 12,832 13,170 713,519 14,395 714,517 715,204 715,527 715,325 715,325	530 529 538 541 548 552 561 547 558 558	869 862 841 7791 836 7786 736 7722 752 687	637 629 607 7561 609 7579 528 7515 548 483 7478	232 233 234 230 227 207 208 207 204 204 204
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup>	r33,122 33,328 32,467	1,033 1,033 1,041	233 233 241	800 800 800	r15,247 15,368 14,321	713,819 14,005 12,961	717 652 549	711 711 811	r16,154 16,295 16,358	r15,584 15,702 15,754	570 593 604	7688 632 747	r484 427 542	204 205 205

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents liability on gold deposited by the International Monetary Fund to mitigate the impact on the U.S. gold stock of foreign purchases for the purpose of making gold subscriptions to the IMF under quota in-

<sup>7</sup> Includes total foreign holdings of U.S. Govt, bonds and notes, for which breakdown by type of holder is not available,

8 Data on the two lines shown for this date differ because of changes in reporting coverage. Figures on the first line are comparable with those shown for the preceding date; figures on the second line are comparable with those shown for the following date.

Note.—Based on Treasury Dept, data and on data reported to the Treasury Dept, by banks and brokers in the United States. Data correspond to statistics following in this section, except for minor rounding differences. Table excludes IMF "holdings of dollars," and holdings of U.S. Treasury letters of credit and non-negotiable, non-interest-bearing special U.S. notes held by other international and regional organizations. The liabilities figures are used by the Dept. of Commerce in the statistics measuring the U.S. balance of international payments on the liquidity basis; however, the balance of payments statistics include certain adjustments to Treasury data prior to 1963 and some rounding differences, and they may differ because revisions of Treasury data have been incorporated at varying times. The table does not include certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign official institutions that enter into the calculation of the official reserve transactions balance by the Dept. of Commerce.

for the purpose of making gold subscriptions to the IMF under quota increases.

2 U.S. Govt, obligations at cost value and funds awaiting investment obtained from proceeds of sales of gold by the IMF to the United States to acquire income-earning assets. Upon termination of investment, the same quantity of gold can be reacquired by the IMF.

3 Includes Bank for International Settlements and European Fund.

4 Derived by applying reported transactions to benchmark data; breakdown of transactions by type of holder estimated for 1960-63. Includes securities issued by corporations and other agencies of the U.S. Govt. that are guaranteed by the United States.

5 Principally the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the Inter-American Development Bank.

6 Includes difference between cost value and face value of securities in IMF gold investment account. Liabilities data reported to the Treasury include the face value of these securities, but in this table the cost value of the securities is included under "Gold investment." The difference, which amounted to \$32 million at the end of 1966, is included in this column.

## 7. U.S. LIQUID LIABILITIES TO OFFICIAL INSTITUTIONS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES, BY AREA

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

End of period	Total foreign countries	Western Europe 1	Canada	Latin American republics	Asia	Africa	Other countries 2
1963	14,353	8,445	1,789	1,058	2,731	154	176
	15,424	9,220	1,608	1,238	3,020	160	178
	15,372	8,608	1,528	1,497	3,300	194	245
	{13,600	7,488	1,189	1,134	3,284	277	228
	13,655	7,488	1,189	1,134	3,339	277	228
1967—Mar.  Apr.  May  June  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	13,558	7,490	1,127	1,246	3,208	259	228
	14,102	7,829	1,156	1,455	3,148	284	230
	14,380	8,014	1,154	1,508	3,183	284	237
	14,097	8,213	909	1,287	3,157	270	7261
	14,158	8,297	909	1,315	3,160	246	7231
	14,071	8,357	912	1,186	3,122	253	241
	14,378	8,649	903	1,184	3,172	224	7246
	14,907	9,065	968	1,219	3,170	228	257
	15,956	10,257	901	1,266	3,053	224	255
	15,687	9,872	996	1,136	3,179	246	258
1968—Jan	r15,247	9,373	1,091	r1,215	3,090	226	252
	15,368	9,179	1,403	1,175	3,122	269	220
	14,321	8,881	851	1,179	2,966	227	217

Includes Bank for International Settlements and European Fund.
 Includes countries in Oceania and Eastern Europe, and Western European dependencies in Latin America.
 Data on the two lines shown for this date differ because of changes in reporting coverage. Figures on the first line are comparable in coverage

# 8. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRY

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

		Internat	ional and	regional		Foreign							Other
End of period	Grand total 1	Total 1	Intl.1	Re- gional <sup>2</sup>	Total	Offi- cial <sup>3</sup>	Other	Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia	Africa	coun- tries
1966	27,599	1,380	1,270	110	26,219	12,539	13,680	13,933	2,502	3,883	5,250	385	266
1967—Apr.  May.  June.  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec. 4	27,354 r27,337 r27,795 r28,485 r28,813 r29,914 31,212	1,407 1,361 1,409 1,379 1,328 1,315 1,348	1,311 1,287 1,252 1,296 1,248 1,205 1,187 1,217 1,177	118 120 1109 113 1131 123 128 131 106	25,729 25,947 725,976 726,386 727,106 727,485 728,599 29,864 729,401 729,255	12,873 13,115 12,806 12,867 12,711 12,968 13,395 14,337 14,076 114,068	12,856 12,832 13,170 r13,519 14,395 r14,517 r15,204 r15,527 r15,325 r15,187	13,406 13,437 13,917 14,145 14,948 15,116 15,788 17,104 16,365 16,186	2,298 2,317 2,065 2,270 2,253 2,329 2,688 2,613 2,706 2,709	4,273 4,366 r4,145 r4,148 r4,017 r4,044 r4,126 r4,226 r4,145 r4,142	5,088 5,158 5,169 5,200 5,245 5,371 5,356 5,286 5,526	389 392 376 339 367 329 332 328 349 349	275 277 303 284 277 296 309 306 310 310
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	30,934 30,057	1,227 1,342	71,186 1,113 1,250 1,322	798 114 92 93	729,403 29,707 28,715 29,141	r13,819 14,005 12,961 13,064	715,584 15,702 15,754 16,077	716,020 16,116 15,829 15,804	73,101 3,201 2,791 2,942	74,199 4,131 4,078 4,303	75,446 5,539 5,390 5,432	326 434 339 366	312 286 287 295

8a, Europe

End of period	Total	Austria	Belgium- Luxem- bourg 5	Den- mark	Fin- land	France	Ger- many, Fed. Rep. of	Greece	Italy	Nether- lands	Norway	Portu- gal	Spain	Sweden
1966	13,933	196	420	305	58	1,070	2,538	129	1,410	364	283	358	162	656
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	13,437 13,917 14,145 14,948 15,116 15,788	159 173 197 181 188 176 184 231	426 480 557 545 563 585 618 605 600 631	297 274 276 262 235 242 211 201 243 243	94 89 96 91 102 98 99 99	929 958 948 1,021 1,064 1,048 1,080 1,431 1,326 1,330	2,392 2,376 2,342 2,297 2,278 2,294 2,221 2,276 2,218 2,217	117 108 103 106 122 148 161 161 170	1,319 1,410 1,422 1,573 1,773 1,908 1,993 1,999 1,948 1,948	328 402 396 405 367 400 494 542 585 586	287 301 348 379 396 370 379 389 449	353 345 352 357 370 378 409 414 437 437	121 117 122 181 191 187 158 130 150	623 651 659 660 674 659 634 493 489
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	*16,020 16,116 15,829 15,804	177 154	7582 579 537 510	212 220 199 177	116 126 139 141	1,350 1,245 1,162 1,202	1,924 2,143 2,351 2,123	165 159 154 156	1,896 1,786 1,573 1,533	527 485 358 324	367 390 385 402	437 426 388 394	137 121 129 134	512 532 525 562

For notes see following two pages.

with those shown for the preceding date; figures on the second line are comparable with those shown for the following date.

NOTE.—Data represent short-term liabilities to the official institutions of foreign countries, as reported by banks in the United States, and foreign official holdings of marketable and convertible nonmarketable U.S. Govt, securities with an original maturity of more than I year.

# 8. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRY—Continued

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

			8a. E	urope—	Contin	ued							8b. La	tin Ame	rica		
End of period	Switzer- land	Turkey	United King- dom	Yugo slavia	``   W∈	ther estern irope 6	U.S.S.R.	Otho Easte Euro	rn 7	l'otal		gen- ina	Brazil	Chile	Colom- bia	Cuba	Mexico
1966	1,805	43	3,817	3	17	234	8		40 3	,883		418	299	261	178	8	632
1967—Apr  May  June  July  Aug  Sept  Oct  Nov  Dec. 4	1,700 1,747 1,801 1,717 1,657 1,701 1,629 1,652 [1,732 {1,732	31 25 26 23 23 29 27 38 33 33	3,814 3,531 3,667 3,641 4,319 4,221 4,851 5,931 4,846 4,662	2 2 2 2 2	6	355 386 557 630 581 592 585 491 736 7706	4 4 5 4 5 6 4 8 8		34	,273 ,366 ,145 ,148 ,017 ,044 ,126 ,226 ,145		524 645 578 603 609 606 581 594 485 484	339 331 249 219 196 216 263 273 237 237	258 252 249 233 229 224 222 230 252 252	195 158 169 153 135 166 151 158 169	9 9 8 8 9 9 10 9	704 762 7715 7745 7702 7693 7685 7703 7723 7720
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	1,539 1,517 1,649 1,543	39 39 29 29	r5,137 5,426 5,568 5,858	5 5	2 6 2 0	r834 653 439 441	7 6 4 4	- 3	29   4 35   4	,199 ,131 ,078 ,303		432 419 435 449	277 291 301 351	251 239 263 260	159 165 157 163	9 8 8 8	7722 747 721 745
		8	b. Latin	America-	Cont	inued				,				8c.	Asia		
End of period	Panama	Peru	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	,   L	ther A. ep.	Bahamas & Bermuda	Ant	eth. illes & inam	Oth Lat Ame	in	Total	China Main- land	Hong Kong	India	In- do- nesia	Israel
1966	150	249	161	70	7	522	177		104		17	5,250	36	142	179	54	115
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec.4	160 145 145 155 157 159 164 181 {170 170	245 257 265 270 257 250 250 264 274 274	156 155 133 136 128 138 131 137 147	77 73 69 76 72 70 77 79 79	2 1 4 5 6 8 2 3	578 576 567 544 520 521 515 520 523 523	204 218 236 192 209 219 234 236 233 233		107 107 121 110 116 121 123 111 111		18 20 19 17 24 17 18 20 18	5,088 5,158 5,169 5,200 5,245 5,371 5,356 5,526	36	150 167 158 165 181 187 194 209 215	217 223 216 220 242 243 233 250 354 357	51 49 47 58 50 47 59 39 34	103 106 165 166 148 142 148 149 138
1968Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	160 153 137 136	281 267 258 275	143 152 143 140	85 770 730 814	0 0	512 559 579 603	276 252 242 242		108 89 86 90		18 17 19 25	75,446 5,539 5,390 5,432	37 36 37 35	224 226 225 221	329 351 319 342	40 42 39 46	127 147 123 135
	8	c. Asia—	-Continue	i						8 d	. Afı	rica		,	8e. C	ther cou	ntries
End of period	Japan	Korea	Philip- pines	Tai- wan	Thai- land	Otl As		1	Congo (Kin- shasa)	M	o- co	South Africa	U.A.R. (Egypt)	Other Africa	Total	Aus- tralia	All
1966		162	285	228	598	7	79 38	5	15		31	71	39	229	266	243	22
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec.4	2,480 2,516 2,449 2,443 2,554 2,523 2,462	175 168 171 191 184 192 193 203 176	267 268 260 276 271 287 273 286 291 291	227 225 227 227 230 230 229 7220 7226 7222	655 663 617 663 685 684 663 629 630	77 77 77 88 88 88 88	53 38 73 39 55 37 49 33 75 36 68 32 05 33 02 32 58 34 59 34	2 6 9 7 9 2 8 9	11 11 10 13 17 14 16 13 33 33		30 32 31 35 33 37 32 26 18	56 58 67 63 73 55 59 63 61	26 18 18 15 21 17 15 17 15 17	266 273 250 214 224 205 210 209 221 221	275 277 303 284 277 296 309 306 310	249 253 276 255 252 271 284 276 283 283	25 24 27 28 25 25 25 27 27
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	. 2.545	195 181 174 185	299 295 294 289	216 211 209 196	655 661 669 692	8 7	30 32 43 43 64 33 40 36	4	30 30 28 27	) i	17 22 22 14	61 53 57 55	18 15 17 18	201 315 214 252	312 286 287 295	285 254 258 270	27 33 29 25

For Note see end of Table 8.

Data exclude the "holdings of dollars" of the International Monetary Fund.
 Latin American, Asian, African, and European regional organizations, except Bank for International Settlements and European Fund which are included in "Europe."
 Foreign central banks and foreign central govts, and their agencies, and Bank for International Settlements and European Fund.
 Data on the two lines shown for this date differ because of changes in reporting coverage. Figures on the first line are comparable in coverage

with those shown for the preceding date; figures on the second line are comparable with those shown for the following date.

5 Through the first line for Dec. 1967 Luxembourg was included in Other Western Europe.

6 Includes Bank for International Settlements an 1 European Fund; beginning with the second line for Dec. 1967 excludes Luxembourg.

# 8. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRY—Continued

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

8f. Supplementary data 7 (end of period)

A and an advertise	19	966	19	67	Area or country	19	66	19	67
Area or country	Apr.	Dec.	Apr.	Dec.	Area or country	Apr.	Dec.	Apr.	Dec.
Other Western Europe: Iceland. Ireland, Rep. of. Luxembourg.  Other Latin American republics: Bolivia. Costa Rica. Dominican Republic Ecuador. El Salvador Guatemala. Haiti. Honduras. Jamaica. Nicaragua Paraguay. Trinidad & Tobago  Other Latin America: British West Indies. French West Indies & French Guiana.	4.0 6.6 28.2 64.4 32.9 54.3 62.3 786.9 16.7 11.5 75.0 6.3	6.6 8.9 25.3 66.9 34.6 53.2 86.3 68.9 64.2 16.3 26.8 11.7 72.8 4.7	5.7 7.4 21.7 57.9 41.9 92.4 96.4 83.9 16.8 19.3 62.7 16.6 5.4	4.3 8.8 31.5 59.9 42.6 55.1 85.6 72.8 73.0 15.8 29.7 22.4 45.6 12.7 6.1	Other Asia—Cont.: Iraq. Jordan. Kuwait. Laos. Lebanon. Malaysia. Pakistan. Ryukyu Islands (incl. Okinawa). Saudi Arabia. Singapore. Syria. Vietnam. Other Africa: Algeria. Ethiopia, (incl. Eritrea). Ghana. Libra. Libya. Mozambique. Nigeria. Somali Republic. Southern Rhodesia.	27.1 16.0 24.6 5.7 92.0 31.2 21.0 39.5 291.0 4.8 123.8 123.8 123.8 123.8 123.8	17.6 39.7 49.2 4.6 100.1 38.3 49.2 *15.9 176.1 34.6 3.4 132.0 11.3 53.5 6.9 21.2 37.1 5.0 25.7 8	28.0 45.2 28.6 6.5 112.2 34.9 45.3 31.2 96.4 60.3 4.7 146.3 13.4 40.2 5.3 21.6 76.0 4.1 36.5 8.3	n.a. n.a. 36.6 113.3 63.9 54.8 14.5 61.2 159.3 148.2 6.9 23.8 4.3 24.9 17.9 3.7 n.a. 8 2.4
Other Asia: Afghanistan. Burma. Cambodia Ceylon. Iran.	8.0 34.6 3.1 3.3 79.2	9.5 34.4 1.1 3.2 36.6	7.8 20.3 1.3 2.7 44.0	5.5 10.8 1.9 5.0 49.6	TunisiaZambia	1.0 16.1 27.1	3.4 1.1 34.7	6.7 1.0 25.9	10.3 24.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Represent a partial breakdown of the amounts shown in the "other" categories (except "Other Eastern Europe") in Tables 8a-8e.
<sup>8</sup> Data exclude \$12 million resulting from changes in reporting coverage and classification.

Nore.—Short-term liabilities are principally deposits (demand and time) and U.S. Govt. securities maturing in not more than I year from

their date of issue. Data exclude the "holdings of dollars" of the International Monetary Fund; for explanation see note following Table 3. Data exclude also U.S. Treasury letters of credit and non-negotiable, non-interest-bearing special U.S. notes held by the Inter-American Development Bank and the International Development Association.

For data on long-term liabilities, see Table 14.

# 9. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPE

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

						Payable i	n dollars					
		To bank	s, official	and inter	national insti	tutions 1		To al	l other fo	reigners		Payable in
End of period	Total	T1	Depo	osits	U.S. Treasury	Osban 1	Takal	Dep	osits	U.S. Treasury	Ouls - 1	foreign currencies
966		Total	Demand	Time 2	bills and certificates	Other 3	Total	Demand	Time 2	bills and certificates	Other 3	
966,	27,599	23,266	8,371	4,050	7,464	3,381	3,744	1,513	1,819	83	329	589
067—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec. 4	27,354 r27,337 r27,795 r28,485 r28,813 r29,914	22,829 23,008 23,016 23,016 22,479 24,222 24,527 25,650 26,904 26,329 26,176	7,469 7,656 7,874 8,214 8,915 9,044 9,846 9,994 10,054 79,883	3,589 3,479 3,617 3,750 3,746 3,810 r3,966 r3,864 r3,774 r3,763	8,277 8,253 7,866 7,891 7,896 8,035 8,117 9,444 19,093 9,093	3,494 3,621 r3,659 r3,624 r3,665 r3,639 r3,722 r3,602 3,408 r3,437	3,783 3,823 3,825 3,812 3,831 3,907 3,983 4,077 4,126 4,128	1,535 1,578 1,615 1,580 1,515 1,579 1,577 1,630 1,693 1,693	1,845 1,855 1,844 1,871 1,916 1,937 1,999 2,036 2,052 r2,057	73 86 68 66 69 76 84 776 81	330 305 297 296 331 315 7322 335 301 7297	546 522 496 503 432 379 282 231 229 229
68—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	r30,687 30,934 30,057 30,556	r26,350 26,535 25,655 26,177	10,144 10,203 10,483 10,743	r3,689 3,610 3,470 3,540	8,867 8,943 8,097 8,046	r3,649 3,779 3,605 3,847	74,046 4,091 4,079 4,080	1,576 1,581 1,584 1,606	2,083 2,090 2,055 2,059	7103 104 96 88	283 315 344 327	291 308 324 299

<sup>1</sup> Data exclude "holdings of dollars" of the International Monetary <sup>2</sup> Excludes negotiable time certificates of deposit, which are included in "Other."

<sup>3</sup> Principally bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, and negotiable time certificates of deposit.

<sup>4</sup> Data on the two lines shown for this date differ because of changes in reporting coverage. Figures on the first line are comparable in coverage with those shown for the preceding date; figures on the second line are comparable with those shown for the following date.

# 10. ESTIMATED FOREIGN HOLDINGS OF MARKETABLE U.S. GOVERNMENT BONDS AND NOTES

(End of period; in millions of dollars)

	1000	}				1967					ļ	19	968	
Area and country	1966	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar."	Apr."
Europe: Austria. Demnark. France. Germany. Italy. Netherlands. Norway. Spain. Sweden. Switzerland. United Kingdom Other Western Europe Eastern Europe	3 13 7 1 2 5 5 51 2 24 93 348 49 7	3 12 7 1 2 5 5 5 5 1 2 2 24 92 355 50 7	3 12 7 1 2 5 5 51 2 24 91 359 50 7	3 12 7 1 9 4 51 2 24 90 364 50 7	3 12 6 1 9 4 51 2 24 88 368 368	3 12 6 1 9 4 51 2 24 87 375 51	3 12 6 1 9 4 51 2 24 87 379 51	3 12 7 1 9 5 51 2 24 91 383 51	3 12 7 1 9 5 51 2 24 91 371 51	3 12 7 2 9 5 51 2 24 91 380 51 7	3 12 7 2 9 4 51 2 24 91 390 51	3 12 7 2 6 4 49 2 24 92 415 51	3 12 7 2 6 4 49 2 24 91 423 38 7	3 12 7 2 6 4 49 1 26 91 431 38
Total	605	611	613	624	626	633	637	646	634	643	652	674	669	677
Canada	692	722	719	716	717	717	718	716	715	716	527	463	378	377
Latin America: Latin American republics Other Latin America	8 19	7 18	7 18	6 18	6 18	6 18	6 18	6 18	6	6 18	6 20	6 20	5 20	5 19
Total	25	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	25	26	25	24
Asia: Japan Other Asia	9 <b>42</b>	9 <b>42</b>	9 53	9 53	9 54	9 54	9 54	9 54	9 54	9 54	9 54	9 54	9 54	9 54
Total	50	50	62	62	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	62	63	63
Africa	15	23	28	28	28	22	22	22	19	19	19	19	19	19
Other countries	1	1	t	1	t	1	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	1
Total foreign countries	1,388	1,430	1,446	1,455	1,458	1,459	1,463	1,472	1,455	1,466	1,287	1,245	1,153	1,161
International and regional: International Latin American regional Other regional	250 75	172 60	172 61 1	172 57 1	169 58 1	169 38 1	169 38 1	169 38 1	169 35 1	168 35 1	168 36 1	168 36 1	168 36 1	168 36 1
Total	325	233	234	230	227	207	207	207	204	204	204	205	205	205
Grand total	1,713	1,663	1,680	1,685	1,685	1,666	1,671	1,679	1,659	1,670	1,491	1,450	1,358	1,366

Note.—Data represent estimated official and private holdings of marketable U.S. Govt. securities with an original maturity of more than I year, and are based on a July 31, 1963 survey of holdings and regular

monthly reports of securities transactions (see Table 15 for total transactions).

# 11. NONMARKETABLE U.S. TREASURY BONDS AND NOTES ISSUED TO OFFICIAL INSTITUTIONS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES

(In millions of dollars or dollar equivalent)

			Payable	in dollars		,		Payable	in foreign c	urrencies		
End of period	Total	Total	Canada 1	Italy <sup>2</sup>	Sweden	Total	Austria	Belgium	Germany	Italy	Switzer- land	B.I.S.
1964 1965	1 692	354 484 353	329 299 144	160 184	25 25 25	1,086 1,208 342	50 101 25	30 30 30	679 602 50	125 125	257 257 111	70 93
1967—May	784 809 934 1,007 1,257 1,483 1,563	349 349 347 347 546 516 516	144 144 144 144 344 314 314	180 180 180 178 178 178 177	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	434 460 585 660 710 937 1,047	25 25 25 50 50 50 50 50	60	151 151 276 326 376 551 601	125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	133 159 159 159 159 159 211 211	
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	1,479 1,879	312 307 606 604 904	114 114 414 414 714	173 168 167 165 165	25 25 25 25 25 25	1,172 1,172 1,272 1,398 1,398	50 50 50 50 50	60 60 60 60	726 726 726 852 852	125 125 125 125 125 125	211 211 311 311 311	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes bonds issued to the Government of Canada in connection with transactions under the Columbia River treaty. Amounts outstanding were \$204 million, Sept. 1964 through Oct. 1965; \$174 million, Nov. 1965

through Oct. 1966; \$144 million, Nov. 1966 through Oct. 1967; and \$114 million, Nov. 1967 through latest date.

<sup>2</sup> Bonds issued to the Government of Italy in connection with military purchases in the United States

# 12. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRY

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

End of period	Grand total	Intl. and regional	Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia	Africa	Other countries
1964	7,957 {7,632 {7,734 {7,819 {7,853	* * 1	1,230 1,201 1,208 1,366 1,374	1,004 593 669 620 611	2,235 2,288 2,293 2,489 2,453	3,294 3,343 3,358 3,135 3,206	131 139 139 147 147	64 67 67 62 62
1967—Apr.  May  June  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec. 1	7,957 8,111 8,261 8,232 8,282 8,338 8,267 8,360 {*8,597 *8,611	* 1 * * * * * * *	1,277 1,307 1,288 1,258 1,342 1,316 1,260 1,224 1,232 1,236	625 594 592 596 602 564 572 564 611	2,468 2,516 2,544 2,574 2,587 2,579 2,554 2,603 2,709 2,709	3,387 3,497 3,640 3,612 3,560 3,692 3,704 3,791 3,875 73,885	139 133 127 117 119 115 108 107 102	62 63 71 74 71 71 70 71 67
1968—Jan Feb	8,442 8,538 8,394 8,399	* * *	1,136 1,133 1,060 1,102	554 547 527 510	2,692 2,723 2,702 2,702	3,889 3,947 3,931 3,915	101 117 106 104	70 71 68 65

## 12a. Europe

End of period	Total	Aus- tria	Bel- gium- Luxem- bourg <sup>2</sup>	Den- mark	Fin- land	France	Germany, Fed. Rep. of	Greece	Italy	Neth- er- lands	Nor- way	Por- tugal	Spain	Swe- den
1964 1965 <sup>1</sup>	1,201	8 8 16	48 52 52 67 67	26 37 37 62 62	84 87 87 91 91	81 72 72 73 74	152 190 190 215 227	10 13 13 16 16	114 110 110 108 110	36 38 38 40 40	43 51 51 76 76	23 26 26 41 41	40 50 50 67 67	49 52 52 74 75
1967—Apr  May June July  Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec.	1,307 1,288 1,258 1,342 1,316 1,260	10	73 67 65 61 65 66 72 63 66 83	35 34 40 37 37 33 36 48 37	97 100 101 97 93 90 85 83 78 78	74 68 71 75 74 79 60 82 88 88	193 192 188 198 184 189 198 174 176	15 17 14 15 15 18 20 18	66 75 68 68 61 57 79 69 58	35 34 29 31 30 36 31 49 35 35	60 60 44 50 51 52 52 57 61	36 34 28 27 26 26 24 14 26 26	68 71 72 68 61 53 56 53 54 54	78 73 75 62 68 65 71 67 75
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	1,136 1,133 1,060 1,102		757 64 58 57	34 32 39 30	78 77 77 77	60 74 59 66	151 140 116 113	19 19 14 17	51 55 58 65	38 37 31 37	61 55 55 59	22 19 16 16	54 53 76 73	65 58 59 61

## 12b. Latin America

								l						
End of period	Switz- er- land	Tur- key	United King- dom	Yugo- slavia	Other Western Europe 3	U.S.S.R.	Other Eastern Europe	Total	Argen- tina	Brazil	Chile	Co- lom- bia	Cuba	Mex- ico
1964 1965 <sup>1</sup>	702	37 42 42 52 52 52	310 210 216 210 193	16 28 28 19	20 28 28 37 40	* 6 6 2 2	20 27 27 16 16	2,235 2,288 2,293 2,489 2,453	203 232 232 232 193 187	126 94 94 114 112	176 174 174 159 158	338 270 270 308 305	17 16 16 16	644 669 674 767 757
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec. 1	85 86 103 119 111 118 110	47 37 38 39 47 49 34 23 38 38	21 4 267 274 235 321 289 242 232 242 242	23 24 24 25 22 23 19 19 13	42 32 31 33 28 36 33 34 30	1 * 1 * 2 * * 3 3 3	20 21 22 22 24 20 19 19 18 18	2,468 2,516 2,544 2,574 2,587 2,579 2,554 2,603 2,709 2,709	181 175 185 185 185 189 199 208 221 221	121 123 116 115 117 118 124 136 173 173	150 153 155 161 160 170 172 175 179	249 232 223 239 242 244 227 227 217 217	16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	837 877 861 913 943 944 929 910 960 960
1968—Jan Feb Mar. " Apr. "	106	37 37 28 33	230 249 241 240	15 15 15 17	724 11 11 12	3 2 1 3	21 20 23 25	2,692 2,723 2,702 2,702	218 227 198 208	197 221 213 233	195 185 187 179	201 193 190 188	15 15 15 15	954 994 1,009 987

For notes see the following page.

# 12. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRY—Continued

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

	End of period         Panama         Peru         Uru-guay         Vene-zuela         L.A. republics         % Rermuda         Auguar           64										12c. /	Asia		
End of period	Panama	Peru			L.A. repub-	mas & Ber-	Antilles & Suri-	Other Latin Amer- ica	Total	China Main- land	Hong Kong	India	Indo- nesia	Israel
1964 1965 <sup>1</sup>	159   59   84	170 170 211	45 45 45	220 220 226	250 250 272	53 53 61	14 14 18	21 23 23 17 16	3,294 3,343 3,358 3,135 3,206	2 1 1 1	28 29 29 31 31	21 17 17 16 16	7 2 2 6 6	47 86 86 98 98
June July	75 68 64 62	262 285 255	60 64 63	217 210 212	241 248 247	51 78 65	18 17 17	16 16 18 20 19 19 20 18	3,387 3,497 3,640 3,612 3,560 3,692 3,704 3,791 3,875 73,885	1 1 1 1 1 2 1	31 35 36 37 35 36 36 29 28 30	14 14 17 13 11 12 11 11 10	5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 5 5	89 94 88 78 69 59 59 58 57 57
1968—Jan Feb	52 52	248 246 234 230	40 38 40 35	224 228 221 214	266 252 254 260	53 46 62 71	10 10 9 10	19 18 18 20	r3,889 3,947 3,931 3,915		28 30 27 27	14 12 12 15	5 9 9 10	50 46 47 51

	12	2c. Asia-	Continu	ed					12d.	Africa			12e. Other countries		
End of period	Japan	Korea	Philip- pines	Tai- wan	Thai- land	Other Asia	Total	Congo (Kin- shasa)	Moroc- co	South Africa	U.A.R. (Egypt)	Other Africa	Total	Aus- tra- lia	All other
1964 19651 19661	2,810 {2,751 2,768 {2,502 2,502 2,572	21 22 22 22 31 31	203 231 230 220 220	9 15 15 14 15	65 82 82 81 81	82 108 107 134 135	131 139 139 147 147	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2	20 34 34 50 50	42 43 43 25 25	67 60 60 69 69	64 67 67 62 62	48 52 52 52 52 52 52	16 15 15 10
1967—Apr		44 49 55 46 47 48 46	245 250 270 289 299 324 323 326 295 296	33 30 27 29 23 29 27 31 37	84 83 87 81 88 84 84 90 100	116 114 122 116 119 119 124 131 137	139 133 127 117 119 115 108 107 102 102	* * 1	2 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	37 34 30 31 33 35 35 37 37	26 31 27 26 25 18 18 14	74 63 66 58 59 60 53 54 52	62 63 71 74 71 71 70 71 67	53 52 60 62 59 58 57 58 54 54	9 11 12 12 13 13 13 13
1968—Jan, Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	3,181 3,212 3,213 3,223	48 52 54 54	290 305 305 276	41 44 44 42	105 107 92 90	125 128 129 127	101 117 106 104	1 1 1 2	2 3 2 3	37 39 37 39	12 11 11 14	49 64 55 46	70 71 68 65	58 59 55 53	13 12 13 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data on the two lines shown for this date differ because of changes in reporting coverage. Figures on the first line are comparable in coverage with those shown for the preceding date; figures on the second line are comparable with those shown for the following date.

Note.—Short-term claims are principally the following items payable on demand or with a contractual maturity of not more than 1 year: loans made to, and acceptances made for, foreigners; drafts drawn against foreigners, where collection is being made by banks and bankers for their own account or for account of their customers in the United States; and foreign currency balances held abroad by banks and bankers and their customers in the United States. Excludes foreign currencies held by U.S. monetary authorities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Through the first line for Dec. 1967 Luxembourg was included in Other Western Europe.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Beginning with the second line for Dec. 1967 excludes Luxembourg.

# 13. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPE

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

					Payable i	n dollars			_	Payab	e in foreig	n currenci	ies
End of period	Total			Loans	to—		Collec-	Accept-			Deposits	Foreign govt. se- curities.	
		Total	Total	Official institu- tions <sup>1</sup>	Banks	Others	stand- ing of eign	made for acct. of for- eigners	Other	Total	with for- eigners	coml. and fi- nance paper	Other
1964 1965 <sup>2</sup>	{7,632 {7,734	7,333 7,158 7,243 7,399 7,433	2,773 2,967 2,970 3,138 3,141	221 271 271 256 256	1,403 1,566 1,567 1,739 1,739	1,150 1,130 1,132 1,143 1,145	1,135 1,268 1,272 1,367 1,288	2,621 2,501 2,508 2,450 2,540	803 422 492 443 464	624 474 492 420 420	336 325 329 240 241	187 54 68 70 70	102 95 96 110 110
1967—Apr  May  June  July  Aug  Sept  Oct  Nov  Dec. 2	8,111 8,261 8,232 8,282 8,338 8,267 8,360	7,537 7,698 7,862 7,817 7,771 7,916 7,834 7,950 '8,173 '8,187	2,969 2,928 2,917 2,871 2,918 3,046 2,977 3,033 r3,151 r3,164	271 246 253 261 287 271 270 264 306 306	1,536 1,557 1,553 1,482 1,497 1,595 1,556 1,566 1,603	1,162 1,125 1,111 1,127 1,134 1,181 1,152 1,204 1,242 1,242	1,352 1,385 1,430 1,440 1,452 1,456 1,508 1,511	2,739 2,914 3,028 3,039 2,944 2,929 2,899 2,942 3,016 3,016	476 471 487 478 470 489 502 467 496 455	421 413 400 415 510 422 433 410 425 425	256 263 262 281 368 291 293 269 287 287	77 62 54 57 70 48 61 71 74 74	88 89 83 78 73 83 79 70 63 63
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	8,538 8,394	8,039 8,172 8,069 8,052	3,077 3,170 3,045 3,043	293 303 306 276	1,557 1,652 1,524 1,569	1,227 1,215 1,216 1,197	1,560 1,628 1,630 1,612	3,029 2,982 2,995 3,017	374 392 398 380	403 366 325 347	261 254 219 240	70 55 50 50	72 57 56 57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes central banks.

<sup>2</sup> Data on the two lines shown for this date differ because of changes in reporting coverage. Figures on the first line are comparable in coverage

with those shown for the preceding date; figures on the second line are comparable with those shown for the following date.

# 14. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES TO AND CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES

(Amounts outstanding; in millions of dollars)

		Liabilitio	es						Claims					
						Туре				Co	untry or a	rea		
End of period	Total	Foreign coun-	Inter- national and	Total	Payable i	n dollars	Payable in	United					0.1	Other
964		tries	regional		Loans	All other	foreign cur- rencies	King- dom	Other Europe	Canada	Latin America	Japan	Other Asia	coun- tries 1
1964 1965 1966	310 513 1,494	203	106 311 506	4,285 4,517 4,180	3,995 4,211 3,915	288 297 247	1 9 18	87 86 70	1,632 1,506 1,143	327 358 326	1,275 1,296 1,346	430 445 326	255 391 409	278 436 562
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	r2,524 r2,314 r2,284 r2,345	71,872 71,854 71,882 71,660 71,654 71,681	576 592 600 604 642 654 630 664 7684	4,020 3,996 3,839 3,843 3,894 73,911 73,980 3,961 3,895	3,771 3,747 3,585 3,588 3,635 73,623 73,694 3,677 3,621	233 232 237 238 242 268 271 267 258	16 17 17 17 17 19 15 17	69 65 40 48 51 52 52 51 56	1,051 1,024 931 952 942 909 856 825 720	331 329 333 355 352 364 377 377 413	1,309 1,309 1,349 1,410 1,455 1,500 1,534 1,555 1,556	278 263 195 185 176 171 204 193 180	380 385 381 393 396 395 408 416 433	602 621 610 500 522 7520 7549 545 537
1968—Jan Feb <i>Mar.<sup>p</sup></i> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	2,520	1.835	688 684 635 629	3,833 3,767 3,691 3,753	3,574 3,517 3,446 3,490	247 240 235 252	12 10 11 11	57 55 54 65	708 684 671 662	416 400 401 421	1,514 1,474 1,436 1,446	176 175 172 164	430 442 448 476	533 539 509 519

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Africa.

## 15. PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM SECURITIES, BY TYPE

(In millions of dollars)

	Market	able U.S	. Govt.	bonds and	notes 1		S. corposecurities		Fo	oreign bo	onds	Fo	oreign sto	cks
Period		Net pu	urchases	or sales										
<u>-</u>	Total	Intl.		Foreign		Pur- chases	Sales	Net pur- chases or sales		Sales	Net pur- chases or sales	Pur- chases	Sales	Net purchases or sales
	Total	regional	Total	Official	Other									
1964 1965 1966	-338 -76 -616 -43	-315 -151 -427 -121	-23 75 -189 78	-59 -20 -245 45	36 95 56 33	3,537 4,395 6,318 10,208	3,710 4,770 5,616 9,148	-173 -375 703 1,059	915 1,198 1,778 2,026	1,843 2,440 2,692 3,185	-928 -1,242 -914 -1,159	748 906 960 880	548 617 731 1,037	200 290 229 157
1967—Apr	35 17 5 * 19 5 9 20	-3 -3 -20 *	35 16 9 3 1 5 8 16	35 16 -3 6 	** 12 3 7 5 8 -14 10	700 915 926 943 877 1,109 960 848 1,005	563 760 821 740 793 858 1,148 885 774	137 156 105 203 84 251 -188 -37 231	154 127 248 145 147 350 195 112	259 168 309 314 225 481 323 142 266	-105 -41 -61 -169 -78 -131 -128 -30 -144	67 68 71 68 67 81 77 75 94	55 65 95 69 106 125 91 89	12 3 -24 -1 -39 -44 -14 -14
1968—Jan	-178 -42 -92 8	1 * *	-179 -42 -92 8	-191 -65 -103	13 23 11 8	1,109 991 1,089 1,274	831 648 809 996	277 342 279 278	85 157 325 165	264 265 375 362	-179 -108 -50 -197	68 70 110 73	79 80 148 79	-11 -10 -38 -6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes nonmarketable U.S. Treasury bonds and notes issued to official institutions of foreign countries; see Table 11.

<sup>2</sup> Includes State and local govt. securities, and securities of U.S. Govt.

agencies and corporations that are not guaranteed by the United States.

Note.—Statistics include transactions of international and regional organizations.

# 16. NET PURCHASES OR SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF U.S. CORPORATE SECURITIES, BY TYPE OF SECURITY AND BY COUNTRY

(In millions of dollars)

		Type of	Type of security		Country or area											
Period	Total	Stocks	Bonds	France	Swit- zer- land	United King- dom	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia	Africa	Other coun- tries	Intl. and regional		
1964 1965 1966	-173 -375 703 1,059	-349 -413 -333 748	176 38 1,036 311	-37 14 37 182	-200 14 65 426	-4 -522 -80 -452	14 47 116 220	-228 -446 140 375	3 42 224 305	25 -13 65 115	10 24 18 79	-4 1 34	-1 2 4 17	18 21 251 136		
1967—Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	137 156 105 203 84 251 -188 -37 231	66 14 64 87 71 143 58 144	71 141 41 115 13 108 -246 -182 83	8 8 6 61 11 37 12 9	34 20 21 56 29 49 47 62 78	-3 67 8 -10 5 15 -302 -221 13	13 31 31 -4 25 28 32 29	51 126 37 139 41 126 -213 -118 133	8 21 63 28 25 42 6 49 32	5 -4 5 3 * 15 24 8 44	* 3 -2 6 9 8 3 11 23	10 * 24 * *	1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3	72 1 2 8 60 -8 3 -4		
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup> .	277 342 279 278	155 81 247 261	122 261 32 17	16 33 10 20	85 94 34 100	92 7 1	66 92 268 16	175 311 319 136	63 24 29 83	16 -5 -14 36	5 5 5 16	3 * 1 *	1	14 8 -59 7		

Note.—Statistics include State and local govt, securities, and securities of U.S. Govt, agencies and corporations that are not guaranteed by the United States.

# 17. NET PURCHASES OR SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES, BY AREA

(In millions of dollars)

Period	Total	Intl. and re- gional	Total for- eign coun- tries	Eu- rope	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia	Af- rica	Other coun- tries
1964 1965 1966 1967	-728 -953 -685 -1,316	-140 -164 -171 -393	-588 -788 -514 -923	163 108 214 3	-670 -659 -726 -771	-36 -55 -9 38	-131	7 3 16 14	
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	-39 -85 -171 -117 -175 -142	-1 -9 -14 -43 -72 13 -37	-38 -76 -157 -75 -103 -154 -7	27 -23 -4 7 -4	1 -23 -45 -117 -24 -101 -148 6 -127	-6 *	-5 -49 -53 -31	*	-10 -18 2 2 2 2 2 2
1968—Jan Feb Mar. <sup>p</sup> Apr. <sup>p</sup>	-190 -117 -88 -202	-33	-126 -127 -55 -149	−7 −29	-116 -112 -8 -148	-5 -40		-1 -1 12 *	! 2 2

## 18. DEPOSITS, U.S. GOVT. SECURITIES, AND GOLD HELD AT F.R. BANKS FOR FOREIGNERS

(In millions of dollars)

End of		Assets in	custody
period	Deposits	U.S. Govt. securities 1	Earmarked gold
1964	229	8,389	12,698
1965	150	8,272	12,896
1966	174	7,036	12,946
1967—May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	193	7,799	12,972
	147	7,667	12,977
	117	7,665	12,976
	144	7,535	12,993
	117	7,535	12,992
	135	7,861	13,000
	168	9,456	13,032
	135	9,223	13,253
1968—Jan	160	8,861	13,201
Feb	192	8,922	13,232
Mar	197	8,418	13,466
Apr	140	8,763	13,614
May	422	8,328	13,645

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Treasury bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, and bonds; includes securities payable in foreign currencies.

Note.—Excludes deposits and U.S. Govt. securities held for international organizations. Earmarked gold is gold held for foreign and international accounts and is not included in the gold stock of the United States.

## 19. LIABILITIES OF U.S. BANKS TO THEIR FOREIGN BRANCHES

(In millions of dollars)

Wednesday	Amount	Wednesday	Amount	Wednesday	Amount	Wednesday	Amount
1964		1966		1967		1967	
Jan. 29	1,040 1,077 1,046	Jan. 26	1,688 1,902 1,879	Apr. 5	3,201 3,064 3,137 3,047	Nov. 1	4,320 4,560 4,623 4,864
Apr. 29	1,146 1,132 917	Apr. 27	1,909 2,003 1,951	May 3	2,843 2,790 2,950	29 Dec. 6	4,206 4,480 4,634
July 29	1,008 1,166 1,166	July 27	2,786 3,134 3,472	24	3,254 2,776 3,059	20,	4,365 4,241
Oct. 28 Nov. 25 Dec. 30	1,198 1,380 1,183	Oct. 26	3,671 3,786 4,036	21 28	2,991 3,215 3,166	1968  Jan. 3	4,157 4,092
1965		1967		July 5	3,078 3,304 3,558	10 17 24.	4,289 4,367 4,516
Jan. 27	1,358 1,592 1,431	Jan. 4	3,702 3,924 3,683 3,653	26	3,660 3,370 3,669	Feb. 7	4,259 4,352 4,474
Apr. 28	1,433 1,432 1,436	Feb. 1	3,217 3,422 3,376	16 23 30,	3,877 4,031 3,976	21	4,739 4,530 4,513
July 28	1,572 1,792 1,611	Mar. 1	3,396 3,382 3,464	Sept. 6	3,848 3,840 3,930 4,059	13 20 27	4,805 4,430 4,920
Oct. 27 Nov. 24 Dec. 29	1,719 1,697 1,345	15 22 29	3,367 3,372 3,412	Oct. 4	4,047 4,293 4,235	Apr. 3	4,768 4,606 4,845 5,020

Rreak in series: see NOTE

Note.—The data represent gross liabilities of reporting banks to their branches in foreign countries. Certain changes in coverage and definitions

have occurred that affect the comparability of the data. Where such changes are known to have been significant, two figures for the same date are given; the first is comparable with the data that precede it, and the second with the data that follow.

20. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO AND CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY NONBANKING CONCERNS (End of period; in millions of dollars)

		Liabil	ities to fore	eigners			Clair	ns on forei	gners	
Area and country	1966		19	67	·	1966		1	967	
	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec."	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.p
Europe:										
Austria Belgium	2 32	34	28	32	26	53	63	9 39	7 45	8 42
Denmark	3	5	28 8 2	8	7	14	ii	10	9	ii
Finland	1 62	1	2	2	3	1 4	122	5	6	6
France	78	61 81	55 85	61 94	64 92	110	122 122	102 122	99 115	111
Greece	2	2	65 65	3	8	15	17	18	20	20
Italy Netherlands	54 68	62 80	65 78	66 82	61 79	101	98 45	80 47	93 45	103
Norway	2	2	3	3	1 4	48	7	47	8	51
Portugal	9	7	5	6	6	7	6	7	6	7
SpainSweden	27 17	30 19	36	35 24	31	61	76 18	62	77 20	90
Switzerland	58	47	21 51	84	24 86	36 18	26	18 24	24	24 29
Turkey	2	2	2	2	3	6	7	9	7	9
United Kingdom	208	236	234	312	306	579	646	577	542	690
Yugoslavia Other Western Europe	1 4	5	5	1 3	4	11	12	13	13	4 14
Eastern Europe	i	Ĭ	ĭ	Ĭ	i	2	3	5	4	8
Total	631	678	682	820	807	1,212	1,296	1,158	1,141	1,373
Canada	146	173	199	190	200	489	482	494	461	545
Latin America:				f					1	
Argentina	6	3	4	4	4	39	39	35	29	29
Brazil	10	[ 11 ]	10	10	8	65	61 30	60	75 26	85 34
Colombia	4 7	5 5	6	13	9	32 25	24	31 24	20	22
Cuba	*	*		*	*	3	2	2	2	22
Mexico	11 10	16	16	12	10	95 12	96 11	125	118	114 14
PanamaPeru	7	6	3 5	1 7	4 6	31	31	10 29	32	29
Uruguay	1	1	1	1	1	7	7	9	6	5
Venezuela	36 20	38	37	36 19	33	62	56	53	54 59	59
Other L.A. republics	3	7	17	4	23	60 18	62 12	56 21	25	29 5 59 60 25 7
Neth. Antilles & Surinam	7	6	8	5	5	1 4	5	5	5	
Other Latin America	1	1	1	1	1	10	9	10	7	10
Total	124	118	122	122	121	463	445	469	473	492
Asia:	2								11	
Hong KongIndia	3 17	13	15	12	12	34	33	9 35	11 39	9 43
Indonesia	2 2	2	4	5	4	7	5	5	3	43 3
Israel	2 27	*	1	1 44	3	5	163	170	195	213
Japan	3	30 2	38 2	1	62	164	163	179 6	193	213
Philippines	7	6	7 2	7	7	17	17	23	22	30
Taiwan	4	5		į	5	.7 \	12	10	10	11
ThailandOther Asia	4 31	4 41	4 39	5 45	5 46	11 75	10 88	8 79	10 78	10 89
Total	100	107	114	126	150	331	346	357	380	422
		,	•••		130	,		33,		
Africa: Congo (Kinshasa)	1	1	1	1		2	2	2	2	. 3
South Africa	17		8	7	8	24	16	16	14	14
U.A.R. (Egypt)	1	5 2 7	2 8	3 11	13	11	9 35	7 32	31	7 34
Other Africa	6		8		12	32			31	
Total	24	15	19	21	23	69	62	58	54	58
Other countries:										
Australia	58	52	49	61	58	58	54	44	44	57
All other	6	6	7	8		8	8	<u> </u>		7
Total	64	58	56	70	65	66	61	50	50	64
International and regional	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	<u> </u>	1	
Grand total	1,089	1,148	1,193	1,349	1,367	2,631	2,692	2,587	2,560	2,955

Note.—Reported by exporters, importers, and industrial and commercial concerns and other nonbanking institutions in the United States.

Data exclude claims held through U.S. banks, and intercompany accounts between U.S. companies and their foreign affiliates.

# 21. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO AND CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY NONBANKING CONCERNS, BY TYPE

(In millions of dollars)

		Liabilities			(	Claims	
End of period		Payable	Payable		Payable	Payable in to	
·	Total	in dollars	in foreign currencies	Total	Payable in dollars	Deposits with banks abroad in reporter's name	Other
1963—Dec	626	479	148	2,188	1,778	199	211
1964—Mar.  June  June  Sept.  Dec.  Dec.  Dec.2	631	475	156	2,407	1,887	239	282
	622	471	151	2,482	2,000	220	262
	585	441	144	2,430	1,952	219	260
	650	498	152	2,719	2,168	249	302
	695	553	141	2,776	2,306	189	281
	700	556	144	2,853	2,338	205	310
1965—Mar  June  Sept  Dec  Dec  Dec.2	695	531	165	2,612	2,147	189	277
	740	568	172	2,411	1,966	198	248
	779	585	195	2,406	1,949	190	267
	807	600	207	2,397	2,000	167	229
	810	600	210	2,299	1,911	166	222
1966—Mar. June Sept. Dec	849	614	235	2,473	2,033	211	229
	894	657	237	2,469	2,063	191	215
	1,028	785	243	2,539	2,146	166	227
	1,089	827	262	2,631	2,228	167	236
1967Mar	1,148	864	285	2,692	2,249	192	252
	1,193	906	287	2,587	2,112	199	275
	1,349	1,025	324	2,560	2,122	192	246
	1,367	1,023	343	2,955	2,524	202	229

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes reports from firms having \$500,000 or more of liabilities or of claims; for previous series the exemption level was \$100,000.

# 22. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES TO AND CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY NONBANKING CONCERNS

(In millions of dollars)

							Claims					
End of period	Total					C	ountry or	area				
	liabilities	Total	United Kingdom	Other Europe	Canada	Brazil	Mexico	Other Latin America	Japan	Other Asia	Africa	Ali other
1964—Dec	107	1,081	56	116	190	215	73	137	89	98	91	15
1965—Mar	115 110 120 136 147	1,075 1,081 1,101 1,169 1,139	35 31 31 31 31	121 118 116 112 112	203 208 230 233 236	220 221 217 209 209	74 70 74 69 65	137 144 138 196 198	81 85 89 98 98	96 96 96 114 87	91 91 91 89 85	18 17 18 17 18
1966—Mar June Sept Dec	176 188 249 329	1,156 1,207 1,235 1,256	27 27 23 27	124 167 174 198	239 251 267 272	208 205 202 203	61 61 64 56	206 217 207 212	98 90 1 <b>02</b> 95	87 90 91 93	87 86 90 87	19 14 14 13
1967—Mar June Sept Dec. <sup>p</sup>	454 430 415 418	1,324 1,494 1,452 1,545	31 27 40 43	232 263 212 257	283 303 309 310	203 214 212 212	58 88 84 85	210 290 283 288	108 110 109 128	98 98 103 117	84 85 87 89	17 15 13 16

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Data differ from that shown for Dec. in line above because of changes in reporting coverage.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Data differ from that shown for Dec. in line above because of changes in reporting coverage.

# GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS

(In millions of dollars)

									_				
End of period	Esti- mated total world <sup>1</sup>	Intl. Mone- tary Fund	United States	Esti- mated rest of world	Afghan- istan	Argen- tina	Aus- tralia	Aus- tria	Bel- gium	Brazil	Burma	Canada	Chile
1961	41,120 41,475 42,305 43,015 243,230 43,185	2,077 2,194 2,312 2,179 31,869 2,652	16,947 16,057 15,596 15,471 13,806 13,235	22,095 23,225 24,395 25,365 27,285 27,300	36 36 36 36 35 35	190 61 78 71 66 84	162 190 208 226 223 224	303 454 536 600 700 701	1,248 1,365 1,371 1,451 1,558 1,525	285 225 150 92 63 45	42 42 84 84 84	946 708 817 1,026 1,151 1,046	48 43 43 43 44 45
1967—Apr	42,980	2,657 2,658 2,669 2,674 2,678 2,679 2,680 2,682 2,682	13,234 13,214 13,169 13,136 13,075 13,077 13,039 12,965 12,065	27,140 27,200 27,200	35 35 35 35 35 33 33 33 33	84 84 84 84 84 84 84	228 229 229 229 229 228 230 229 231	701 701 701 701 701 701 701 701 701	1,525 1,524 1,522 1,520 1,516 1,514 1,512 1,510 1,480	45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 45	84 84 84 84 84 84 84	1,042 1,053 1,066 1,074 1,086 1,099 1,104 1,110 1,015	46 47 47 46 46 46 45
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr		2,684 2,699 2,711 2,727	12,003 11,900 10,703 10,547		33 33 33 33	84 84 84	233 234 233 232	701 701 701 701	1,460 1,454 1,418 1,450	45 45 45	84 84 84 84	1,025 1,026 976 976	45 42 45 45
End of period	Co- lombia	Den- mark	Fin- land	France	Ger- many, Fed. Rep. of	Greece	India	Indo- nesia	Iran	Iraq	Israel	Italy	Japan
1961	88 57 62 58 35 26	107 92 92 92 97 108	47 61 61 85 84 45	2,121 2,587 3,175 3,729 4,706 5,238	3,664 3,679 3,843 4,248 4,410 4,292	87 77 77 77 78 120	247 247 247 247 247 281 243	43 44 35	130 129 142 141 146 130	84 98 98 112 110	10 41 60 56 56 46	2,225 2,243 2,343 2,107 2,404 2,414	287 289 289 304 328 329
1967—Apr	28 29 29 29 30 30 31 31	108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	48 48 47 47 47 47 47 47 45	5,241 5,241 5,235 5,233 5,234 5,234 5,234 5,234 5,234	4,296 4,294 4,292 4,285 4,283 4,284 4,281 4,277 4,228	127 132 149 150 149 130 132 132	243 243 243 243 243 243 243 243 243 243		145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 144	106 106 94 94 94 94 94 94 115	46 46 46 46 46 46 46	2,417 2,416 2,412 2,406 2,400 2,401 2,398 2,394 2,400	330 335 338
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	32 32 32 32 32	107 107 107 107	45 45 45 46	5,234 5,234 5,235 5,235	4,140 4,125 3,972 3,972	131 130 134	243 243 243 243		144 143 166 166	151 151 165 209	46 46 46 46	2,364 2,368 2,376 2,401	341
End of period	Kuwait	Leb- anon	Libya	Mexi- co	Moroc- co	Nether- lands	Nigeria	Nor- way	Paki- stan	Peru	Philip- pines	Portu- gal	Saudi Arabia
1961	43 49 48 48 52 67	140 172 172 183 182 193	3 7 17 68 68	112 95 139 169 158 109	29 29 29 34 21 21	1,581 1,581 1,601 1,688 1,756 1,730	20 20 20 20 20 20 20	30 30 31 31 31 18	53 53 53 53 53 53	47 47 57 67 67	27 41 28 23 38 44	443 471 497 523 576 643	65 78 78 78 78 73 69
1967—Apr	73 73 89 89 89 89 89 136	193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193	68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68	120 149 160 159 157 155 155 164 166	21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	1,731 1,731 1,731 1,731 1,731 1,731 1,731 1,731 1,731	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	18 18 18 18 18 18 18	53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53	55 45 30 25 20 20 20 20 20	49 51 53 54 56 57 58 59	651 654 661 668 686 690 692 698 699	69 69 69 69 69 69 69
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr.	134 124 125	193 203 267 267	68 75 85 85	164 163 156	21 21 21 21	1,682 1,677 1,654 1,654	20 20 11 20	18 18 18 18	53 53 54 54	20 20 20 20 20	62 63 64	699 711 711 711	69 69 69 69

For notes see end of table.

## GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS-Continued

(In millions of dollars)

End of period	South Africa	Spain	Sweden	Switzer- land	Taiwan	Thai- land	Turkey	U.A.R. (Egypt)	United King- dom	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Yugo- slavia	Bank for Intl. Settle- ments 4
1961	298 499 630 574 425 637	316 446 573 616 810 785	180 181 182 189 202 203	2,560 2,667 2,820 2,725 3,042 2,842	43 43 50 55 55 62	104 104 104 104 96 92	139 140 115 104 116 102	174 174 174 139 139 93	2,268 2,582 2,484 2,136 2,265 1,940	180 180 171 171 155 146	401 401 401 401 401 401	6 4 14 17 19 21	115 50 279 50 558 424
1967—Apr  May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	519 482 468 493 487 489 518 558	784 784 784 784 784 785 785 785 785	203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	2,643 2,619 2,831 2,844 2,843 2,841 2,840 2,753 3,089	74 74 81 81 81 81 81 81	92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92	97 97 96 96 96 97 97 97	93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93	1,708	146 146 146 146 146 146 147 140	401 401 401 401 401 401 401 401	22 22 22 21 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	37 -87 -266 -271 -375 -364 -358 -275 -624
1968—JanFeb MarApr	625 691 742 847	785 785 785	203 203 203 203 203	2,978 2,793 2,603 2,603	83 83 81	92 92 92 91	97 97 97 97	93 93 93 93		133 133 133	401 401 401 401	22 21 22	-529 -406 -345 -331

¹ Includes reported or estimated gold holdings of international and regional organizations, central banks and govts. of countries listed in this table and also of a number not shown separately here, and gold to be distributed by the Tripartite Commission for the Restitution of Monetary Gold; excludes holdings of the U.S.S.R., other Eastern European countries, and China Mainland.

The figures included for the Bank for International Settlements are the Bank's gold assets net of gold deposit liabilities. This procedure avoids the overstatement of total world gold reserves since most of the gold deposited with the BIS is included in the gold reserves of individual countries.

countries.

2 Adjusted to include gold subscription payments to the IMF made by

some member countries in anticipation of increase in Fund quotas, except those matched by gold mitigation deposits with the United States and United Kingdom; adjustment is \$270 million.

3 Excludes gold subscription payments made by some member countries in anticipation of increase in Fund quotas: for most of these countries the increased quotas became effective in Feb, 1966.

4 Net gold assets of BIS, i.e., gold in bars and coins and other gold assets minus gold deposit liabilities.

Note.—For back figures and description of the data in this and the following tables on gold (except production), see "Gold," Section 14 of Supplement to Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1962.

## **GOLD PRODUCTION**

(In millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce)

			Aſr	ica			North at	nd South	America	1	A	sia	Ot	her
Period	World produc- tion 1	South Africa	Rho- desia	Ghana	Congo (Kin- shasa)	United States	Can- ada	Mex- ico	Nica- ragua	Colom- bia	India	Philip- pines	Aus- tralia	All other
1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965. 1966.	1,215.0 1,295.0 1,355.0 1,405.0 1,440.0	748.4 803.0 892.2 960.1 1,018.9 1,069.4 1,080.8	19.6 20.1 19.4 19.8 20.1 19.0	30.8 29.2 31.1 32.2 30.3 26.4 24.0	11.1 8.1 7.1 7.5 6.6 3.2 5.6	58.8 54.8 54.5 51.4 51.4 58.6 63.1	162.0 156.6 146.2 139.0 133.0 125.6 114.6	10.5 9.4 8.3 8.3 7.4 7.6 7.5	7.0 7.9 7.8 7.2 7.9 6.9 7.0	15.2 14.0 13.9 11.4 12.8 11.2 9.8 9.0	5.6 5.5 5.7 4.8 5.2 4.6 4.2	14,4 14,8 14,8 13,2 14,9 15,3 15,8	38.0 37.7 37.4 35.8 33.7 30.7 32.0	53.6 53.9 56.6 64.3 62.8 61.5 61.3
1967—Mar		89.5 89.1 91.2 89.1 88.9 90.5 **90.5 **90.0 ********************************			21.1		9.1 8.9 8.1 8.4 8.3 8.6 8.2 8.7	.6 .6 .4 .4 .4 .7		.5 .8 .8 .8 .7 .8 .7 .8 .6		1.4	2.6 2.3 2.6 2.4 2.1 2.2 2.7 2.4	
Feb Mar		90.3 90.0 91.8					7.7 8.4							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated; excludes U.S.S.R., other Eastern European countries, China Mainland, and North Korea.

<sup>2</sup> Quarterly data.

<sup>3</sup> Data for Jan.-June.

NOTE.—Estimated world production based on report of the U.S. Bureau of Mines. Country data based on reports from individual countries and Bureau of Mines. Data for the United States are from the Bureau of the Mint.

#### CENTRAL BANK RATES FOR DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES TO COMMERCIAL BANKS

(Per cent per annum)

		te as of				Cl	anges d	luring tl	ne last l	2 mont	hs				
Country	May	31, 1967				1967						1968			Rate as of May. 31,
	Per cent	Month effective	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	1968
Argentina	6.0 4.25 4.5 12.0 4.0	Dec. 1957 Apr. 1967 May 1967 Jan. 1965 Feb. 1962													6.0 3.75 3.75 12.0 4.0
Canada <sup>1</sup>	4.5 5.0 15.84 8.0 3.0	Apr. 1967 May 1965 July 1966 May 1963 Apr. 1939			 							7.5			7.5 5.5 16.61 8.0 3.0
Denmark. Ecuador. El Salvador. Finland. France.	6.5 5.0 4.0 7.0 3.5	June 1964 Nov. 1956 Aug. 1964 Apr. 1962 Apr. 1965													7.0 5.0 4.0 7.0 3.5
Germany, Fed. Rep. of Ghana. Greece Honduras <sup>3</sup> Iceland.	3.0 6.0 5.5 3.0 9.0	May 1967 May 1967 Jan. 1963 Jan. 1962 Jan. 1966		4.5											3.0 5.5 4.5 3.0 9.0
India. Indonesia Iran. Ireland. Israel.	6.0 9.0 5.0 5.44 6.0	Feb. 1965 Aug. 1963 Aug. 1966 May 1967 Feb. 1955	5.50		5,50		5.94	7.75	7.78	 7.69	7.62		7.38		5.0 9.0 5.0 7.38 6.0
Italy Jamaica Japan Korea Mexico	3.5 5.0 5.48 28.0 4.5	June 1958 May 1967 June 1965 Dec, 1965 June 1942		, .		5.84				6.21					3.5 6.0 6.21 28.0 4.5
Netherlands New Zealand Nicaragua Norway Pakistan	4.5 7.0 6.0 3.5 5.0	Mar. 1967 Mar. 1961 Apr. 1954 Feb. 1955 June 1965													4.5 7.0 6.0 3.5 5.0
Peru Philippine Republic Portugal South Africa Spain	9.5 4.75 2.5 6.0 4.0	Nov. 1959 Jan. 1966 Sept. 1965 July 1966 June 1961	6.0												9.5 7.5 2.5 6.0 4.0
Sweden. Switzerland. Taiwan <sup>4</sup> Thailand. Tunisia.	5.0 3.5 13.3 5.0 5.0	Mar, 1967 July 1966 May 1967 Oct. 1959 Sept, 1966							<b></b>						5.5 3.0 13.3 5.0 5.0
Turkey United Arab Rep. (Egypt) United Kingdom Venezuela	7.5 5.0 5.5 4.5	May 1961 May 1962 May 1967 Dec. 1960			•••••		6.0	58.0				7.5			7.5 5.0 7.5 4.5

Note.—Rates shown are mainly those at which the central bank either discounts or makes advances against eligible commercial paper and/or govt, securities for commercial banks or brokers. For countries with more than one rate applicable to such discounts or advances, the rate shown is the one at which it is understood the central bank transacts the largest proportion of its credit operations. Other rates for some of these countries follow:

Argentina—3 and 5 per cent for certain rural and industrial paper, depending on type of transaction;

Brazil-8 per cent for secured paper and 4 per cent for certain agricultural

Brazil—8 per cent for secured paper and 4 per cent for certain agricultural paper;

Colombia—5 per cent for warehouse receipts covering approved lists of products, 6 and 7 per cent for agricultural bonds, and 12 and 18 per cent for rediscounts in excess of an individual bank's quota;

Costa Rica—5 per cent for paper related to commercial transactions (rate shown is for agricultural and industrial paper);

Ecuador—6 per cent for bank acceptances for commercial purposes;

Indonesia—various rates depending on type of paper, collateral, commodity involved, etc.;

Japan—penalty rates (exceeding the basic rate shown) for borrowings from the central bank in excess of an individual bank's quota;

Peru—8 per cent for agricultural, industrial, and mining paper;

Philippines—4 per cent for financing the production, importation, and distribution of rice and corn and 5.75 per cent for credits to enterprises engaged in export activities. Preferential rates are also granted on credits to rural banks;

Spain—4.6 per cent for financial paper rediscounted for banks (rate shown is for commercial bills); and

Venezuela—2 per cent for rediscounts of certain agricultural paper (Sept. 1962), and 4 per cent for advances against govt. bonds, mortgages, or gold, and for rediscounts of certain industrial paper, and 5 per cent on advances against securities of Venezuelan companies. against securities of Venezuelan companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On June 24, 1962, the bank rate on advances to chartered banks was fixed at 6 per cent. Rates on loans to money market dealers will continue to be .25 of 1 per cent above latest weekly Treasury bill tender average rate, but will not be more than the bank rate.

<sup>2</sup> Beginning with Apr. 1, 1959, new rediscounts have been granted at the average rate charged by banks in the previous half year. Old rediscounts remain subject to old rates provided their amount is reduced by one-eighth each month beginning with May 1, 1959, but the rates are raised by 1.5 per cent for each month in which the reduction does not occur.

<sup>3</sup> Rate shown is for advances only.

<sup>4</sup> Rate shown is for call loans.

<sup>5</sup> Effective Nov. 9 the rate was 6.5 per cent.

## **OPEN MARKET RATES**

(Per cent per annum)

	Can	ada		United I	Kingdom		France	Geri Fed, F	nany, Rep. of	Nethe	rlands	Switzer- land
Month	Treasury bills, 3 months 1	Day-to- day money <sup>2</sup>	Bankers' accept- ances, 3 months	Treasury bills, 3 months	Day-to- day money	Bankers' allowance on deposits	Day-to- day money 3	Treasury bills, 60–90 days 4	Day-to- day money 5	Treasury bills, 3 months	Day-to- day money	Private discount rate
1965—Dec 1966—Dec	4,45 5,05	4.03 4.71	5.91 6.94	5.48 6.64	4.79 6.00	4.00 5.00	4.48 5.68	3.88 4.75	4.00 5.81	4.29 4.90	3.47 3.68	3.00 4.00
1967—Apr	4.14 4.34 4.27 4.33 4.50 4.91 5.15	3.90 4.12 4.27 3.68 4.16 4.24 4.82 4.69 5.67	5.69 5.47 5.44 5.54 5.53 5.54 5.79 6.88 7.78	5.39 5.23 5.27 5.34 5.32 5.34 5.60 6.55 7.52	4.98 4.55 4.54 4.51 4.56 4.58 4.81 5.80 6.83	4.00 3.56 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.71 4.90 6.00	5.03 4.79 4.29 4.76 4.46 4.34 4.48 4.67 4.76	3.75 3.00 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75	4.19 3.00 3.63 2.38 2.56 3.13 2.19 2.31 2.44	4.47 4.56 4.56 4.54 4.49 4.48 4.50 4.50	4.25 4.36 4.38 4.38 3.83 3.69 4.60 3.23 4.05	4.25 4.25 4.25 4.13 4.00 4.00 3.75 3.75 3.75
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr	6.69	5,32 6,38 6,76 6,85	7.78 7.75 7.65 7.42	7.48 7.45 7.25 7.08	6,85 6.86 6.72 6,48	6.00 6.00 5.81 5.50	5.00 4.77 5.07	2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75	2.38 2.69 2.31 2.44	4.33 4.19 4.34 4.33	3.12 3.65 3.10 3.49	3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75 3.75

Based on average yield of weekly tenders during month,
 Based on weekly averages of daily closing rates.
 Rate shown is on private securities.
 Rate in effect at end of month,

NOTE.—For description and back data, see "International Finance," Section 15 of Supplement to Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1962.

## ARBITRAGE ON TREASURY BILLS

(Per cent per annum)

		United Stat	es and Unite	ed Kingdom			τ	Inited State	s and Canac	la	
	Tre	asury bill r	ates				Treasury	bill rates			
Date	United	-		Premium (+) or discount	Net incentive	Cai	nada			Premium (+) or discount	Net incentive
	Kingdom (adj. to U.S. quotation basis)	United States	Spread (favor of London)	(-) on forward pound	(favor of London)	As quoted in Canada	Adj. to U.S. quotation basis	United States	Spread (favor of Canada)	(-) on forward Canadian dollars	(favor of Canada)
1968											
Jan. 5 12 19 26	7.26 7.21 7.34 7.34	4.95 5.03 5.02 4.87	2.31 2.18 2.32 2.47	-2.50 -2.60 -2.72 -2.99	19 42 40 52	5.92 5.81 5.80 6.26	5.79 5.67 5.66 6.08	4.95 5.03 5.02 4.87	+.84 +.64 +.64 +1.21	32 85 -1.74 -1.30	+.52 21 -1.10 09
Feb. 2	7.38 7.32 7.21 7.29	4.81 5.01 4.93 4.96	2.57 2.31 2.28 2.33	-2.59 -2.60 -2.68 -2.86	02 29 40 53	6.35 6.65 6.65 6.74	6.15 6.40 6.40 6.54	4.81 5.01 4.93 4.96	+1.34 +1.39 +1.47 +1.58	-1.20 -1.46 -1.28 -1.41	+.14 07 +.19 +.17
Mar. 1	7.24 7.15 7.15 7.00 6.95	5.00 5.06 5.33 5.21 5.14	2.24 2.09 1.82 1.79 1.81	-3.09 -7.01 -8.75 -4.78 -7.33	85 -4.92 -6.93 -2.99 -5.52	6.75 6.82 6.88 6.99 6.96	6.60 6.61 6.65 6.78 6.75	5.00 5.06 5.33 5.21 5.14	+1.60 +1.55 +1.32 +1.57 +1.61	-1.50 -1.62 -2.39 -1.67 -1.69	+.10 07 -1.07 10 08
Apr. 5	6.90 6.97 6.97 6.90	5.23 5.37 5.50 5.49	1.67 1.60 1.47 1.41	-4.83 -4.33 -3.83 -4.53	$ \begin{array}{r} -3.16 \\ -2.73 \\ -2.36 \\ -3.12 \end{array} $	6.83 6.87 6.93 7.00	6.63 6.66 6.72 6.79	5.23 5.37 5.50 5.49	+1.40 +1.29 +1.22 +1.30	-1.51 -1.38 -1.47 -1.53	11 09 25 23
May 3	6.94 6.92 6.94 7.03 7.06	5.44 5.52 5.75 5.70 5.65	1.50 1.40 1.19 1.33 1,41	-4.06 -4.95 -5.28 -6.10 -6.79	-2.56 -3.55 -4.09 -4.77 -5.38	7.00 6.92 6.93 6.97 6.94	6.79 6.71 6.72 6.76 6.73	5.44 5.52 5.75 5.70 5.65	+1.35 +1.19 +.97 +1.06 +1.08	-1.62 -1.25 -1.21 -1.38 -1.36	27 06 24 32 28
June 7	7.03	5,62	1,41	-6.10	-4.69	6.94	6.73	5.62	+1.11	-1.90	79

<sup>5</sup> Based on average of lowest and highest quotation during month.

Note.—Treasury bills: All rates are on the latest issue of 91-day bills. U.S. and Canadian rates are market offer rates 11 a.m. Friday; U.K. rates are Friday opening market offer rates in London. Premium or discount on forward pound and on forward Canadian dollar: Rates per annum computed on basis of midpoint quotations (between bid and offer) at 11 a.m. Friday in New York for both spot and forward pound sterling and for both spot and forward Canadian dollars.

All series: Based on quotations reported to F.R. Bank of New York

An series: Based on quotations reported to P.R. Bank of New York by market sources.

For description of series and for back figures, see Oct. 1964 BULLETIN, pp. 1241-60. For description of adjustments to U.K. and Canadian Treasury bill rates, see notes to Table 1, p. 1257, and to Table 2, p. 1460, Oct. 1964 BULLETIN.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

(In cents per unit of foreign currency)

Period	Argentina	Aus	tralia	Austria	Belgium	Canada	Ceylon	Denmark	Finland
101104	(peso)	(pound)	(dollar)	(schilling)	(franc)	(dollar)	(rupee)	(krone)	(markka)
1963	.72447 .71786 .59517 .48690 .30545	223.10 222.48 222.78 2223.41	3111.22 111.25	3.8690 3.8698 3.8704 3.8686 3.8688	2.0052 2.0099 2.0144 2.0067 2.0125	92.699 92.689 92.743 92.811 92,689	21.015 20.988 20.959 20.946 20.501	14.484 14.460 14.460 14.475 14.325	131.057 31.067 31.070 31.061 429.553
1967—May.  June.  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	.28505 .28506 .28501 .28505 .28507 .28503 .28488 .28449		111.43 111.20 111.05 110.97 110.90 110.88 111.28 111.85	3.8686 3.8698 3.8714 3.8728 3.8720 3.8693 3.8656 3.8696	2.0145 2.0143 2.0147 2.0148 2.0146 2.0147 2.0145 2.0138	92.400 92.544 92.766 92.937 92.989 93.149 93.004 92.559	20.946 20.917 20.903 20.900 20.894 20.889 519.806 16.660	14.453 14.439 14.413 14.403 14.417 14.416 14.028 13.404	31.062 31.062 31.062 31.062 31.062 426.672 23.714 23.716
1968—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	.28465 .28469 .28468 .28469 .28469		111.98 111.98 6111.54 111.64 111.05	3.8648 3.8645 3.8635 3.8655 3.8670	2.0123 2.0142 2.0136 2.0105 2.0110	92.181 91.962 92.171 92.568 92.760	16.688 16.688 16.688 16.688 16.671	13,409 13,412 13,419 13,413 13,399	23,745 23,763 23,763 23,763 23,763
Period	France (franc)	Germany (deutsche mark)	India (rupee)	Ireland (pound)	Italy (lira)	Japan (yen)	Malay- sia (dollar)	Mexico (peso)	Neth- erlands (guilder)
1963	720.404 20.404 20.401 20.352 20.323	25.084 25.157 25.036 25.007 25.084	20.966 20.923 20.938 816.596 13.255	280.00 279.21 279.59 279.30 275.04	.16087 .16014 .16004 .16014 .16022	.27663 .27625 .27662 .27598 .27613	32.664 32.566 32.609 32.538 32.519	8,0056 8,0056 8,0056 8,0056 8,0056	27.770 27.724 27.774 27.630 27.759
1967—May June July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.		25.147 25.122 24.996 24.985 24.988 24.974 25.072 25.094	13.267 13.242 13.224 13.220 13.217 13.215 513.236 13.334	279.69 279.12 278.73 278.53 278.37 278.32 9266.18 240.63	.16008 .16007 .16020 .16041 .16049 .16061 .16059 .16019	.27628 .27627 .27620 .27599 .27618 .27622 .27621 .27633	32,572 32,519 32,478 32,467 32,441 32,432 1032,472 32,687	8.0056 8.0056 8.0056 8.0056 8.0056 8.0056 8.0056	27.739 27.756 27.866 27.797 27.799 27.809 27.805 27.804
1968—Jan Feb Mar. Apr May.	20.307 20.315 20.316 20.290 20.212	24.974 24.987 25.067 25.093 25.119	13,337 13,337 13,319 13,318 13,268	240.91 240.92 6239.97 240.18 238.92	.16004 .16004 .16023 .16011 .16059	.27612 .27616 .27620 .27603 .27604	32.712 32.721 32.630 32.654 32.556	8.0056 8.0056 8.0056 8.0056 8.0056	27.747 27.719 27.728 27.632 27.635
Period	New 2	Cealand (dollar)	Norway (krone)	Portu- gal (escudo)	South Africa (rand)	Spain (peseta)	Sweden (krona)	Switz- erland (franc)	United King- dom (pound)
1963	277,22 276,45 276,82 276,54 11276,69	12131.97	13.987 13.972 13.985 13.984 13.985	3.4891 3.4800 3.4829 3.4825 3.4784	139,48 139,09 139,27 139,13 139,09	1,6664 1,6663 1,6662 1,6651 1,6383	19.272 19.414 19.386 19.358 19.373	23.139 23.152 23.106 23.114 23.104	280.00 279.21 279.59 279.30 275.04
1967—May.  June.  July.  Aug.  Sept.  Oct.  Nov.  Dec.	276.92 276.35 11276.12	12137.97 137.89 137.81 137.78 128.28 111.95	13.990 13.992 13.986 13.981 13.978 13.979 13.985 13.996	3.4830 3.4810 3.4788 3.4766 3.4755 3.4736 3.4654 3.4817	139,32 139,04 138,85 138,75 138,66 138,64 139,05 139,84	1.6631 1.6632 1.6634 1.6637 1.6640 1.6635 91.5831 1.4236	19.399 19.415 19.412 19.394 19.381 19.341 19.326 19.341	23.169 23.166 23.128 23.061 23.027 23.035 23.146 23.158	279.69 279.12 278.73 278.53 278.37 278.32 9266.18 240.63
1968—Jan Feb Mar. Apr May.		112.09 112.10 6111.66 111.75 111.17	13.997 14.001 14.005 14.000 14.000	3.4861 3.4866 3.4854 3.4891 3.4874	140,00 140,01 6139,46 139,58 138,85	1.4236 1.4231 1.4264 1.4283 1.4283	19.366 19.361 19.345 19.338 19.354	23,017 22,994 23,085 23,049 23,118	240.91 240.92 6239.97 240.18 238.92

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A new markka, equal to 100 old markkaa, was introduced on Jan. 1, 1963.

<sup>1963.

2</sup> Based on quotations through Feb. 11, 1966.

3 Effective Feb. 14, 1966, Australia adopted the decimal currency system. The new unit, the dollar, replaces the pound and consists of 100 cents, equivalent to 10 shillings or one-half the former pound.

4 Effective Oct. 12, 1967, the Finnish markka was devalued from 3.2 to 4.2 markkaa per U. S. dollar, Quotation not available Oct, 12.

5 Quotations not available Nov. 21-24, 1967.

6 Quotations not available Mar. 15, 1968.

7 Effective Jan. 1, 1963, the franc again became the French monetary unit, It replaces, at a 1 to 1 ratio, the new franc; introduced Jan. 1, 1960.

8 Effective June 6, 1966, the Indian rupee was devalued from 4.76 to 7.5 rupees per U.S. dollar.

<sup>9</sup> Quotations not available Nov. 21, 1967.

10 Quotations not available Nov. 21-27, 1967.

11 Based on quotations through July 7, 1967.

12 Effective July 10, 1967, New Zealand adopted the decimal currency system. The new unit, the dollar, replaces the pound and consists of 100 cents, equivalent to 10 shillings or one-half the former pound.

Note.—After the devaluation of the pound sterling on Nov. 18, 1967, the following countries devalued their currency in relation to the U.S. dollar: Ceylon, Denmark, Ireland, New Zealand, and Spain. The averages for Nov. 1967 reflect the extent of the devaluation.

Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. For description of rates and back data, see "International Finance," Section 15 of Supplement to Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1962.

# BANK HOLDING COMPANIES, DECEMBER 31, 1967

(Registered pursuant to Section 5, Bank Holding Company Act of 1956)

Location of principal office	Holding company	Location of principal office	Holding company
California Los Angeles	Western Bancorporation	Montana Great Falls	Bancorporation of Montana
Colorado Denver Denver I	Denver U.S. Bancorporation, Inc. First Colorado Bankshares, Inc.	New Hampshire Nashua	New Hampshire Bankshares, Inc.
District of Columbia Washington	Financial General Corporation	New York Buffalo New York 1	Marine Midland Banks, Inc. 1 Bankers Trust New York Corporation
Florida Coral Gables 1 Haines City Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville	United Bancshares of Florida, Inc. First Florida Bancorporation Atlantic Bancorporation The Atlantic National Bank of Jacksonville Barnett National Securities Corporation Trustees, Estate of Alfred I. duPont	New York. New York. New York. Rochester Rochester Warsaw. Warsaw.	Charter New York Corporation Empire Shares Corporation The Morris Plan Corporation Lincoln First Group Inc. Security New York State Corporation Financial Institutions, Inc. Geneva Shareholders, Inc.
MiamiMiami.Orlando.Pensacola.Riviera Beach	Commercial Bancorp, Inc. Southeast Bancorporation, Inc. First at Orlando Corporation Commercial Associates, Inc. Bancstock Corporation of America	Ohio Cleveland Columbus Columbus	Society Corporation BancOhio Corporation Huntington Bancshares Incorporated
Tampa Tampa	The First National Bank of Tampa Union Security & Investment Co.	Oklahoma Oklahoma City	First Oklahoma Bancorporation, Inc.
Georgia Atlanta Atlanta Sayannah,	Trust Company of Georgia Trust Company of Georgia Associates Citizens and Southern Holding Company	Tennessee Chattanooga	Hamilton National Associates, Incorporated
Savannah	The Citizens and Southern National Bank	Dallas	Mercantile National Bank at Dallas The First National Bank of Fort Worth C. B. Investment Corporation
South Bend	St. Joseph Agency, Inc. St. Joseph Bank and Trust Company	Utah Salt Lake City	First Security Corporation
Iowa Des Moines	Brenton Banks, Inc.	Virginia Arlington	First Virginia Bankshares Corporation
Kentucky Louisville	Trustees, First National Bank of Louisville	Richmond Richmond Roanoke	United Virginia Bankshares Incorporated Virginia Commonwealth Bankshares, Inc. Dominion Bankshares Corporation
Maine Augusta Bangor	Depositors Corporation Eastern Trust and Banking Company	Washington Port Angeles Spokane	Union Bond & Mortgage Company Old National Corporation
Massachusetts Boston Boston	Baystate Corporation Shawmut Association, Inc.	Wisconsin Appleton Appleton	First National Corporation Valley Bancorporation
Michigan Flint	Charles Stewart Mott Foundation	Milwaukee	First Wisconsin Bankshares Corporation The Marine Corporation Marshall & Ilsley Bank Stock Corporation
Minnesota Minneapolis Minneapolis Minneapolis St. Paul St. Paul	Bank Shares Incorporated First Bank System, Inc. 1 Northwest Bancorporation Otto Bremer Company Otto Bremer Foundation	Wausau  Canada  Montreal  Toronto	Central Wisconsin Bankshares, Inc.  Bank of Montreal Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce
Missouri Kansas City		England London	Barclays Bank Ltd.
St. Joseph St. Louis	The First National Bank of St. Joseph	Japan Tokyo	The Bank of Toyko, Ltd.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Reflects name and location changes subsequent to Dec. 31, 1967.

# MONEY SUPPLY AND RELATED DATA, 1963-68

(In billions of dollars)

		Seasonall	y adjusted			Not s	easonally ad	justed	
Month		Money suppl	Ī	Time deposits		Money suppl	у	Time deposits	U.S. Govt.
	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	ad- justed i	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	ad- justed 1	demand deposits
1963—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July. Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	148.0 148.6 148.8 149.3 149.3 150.4 151.0 151.2 151.5 152.3 153.3	30.7 30.9 31.0 31.1 31.3 31.5 31.6 31.8 31.9 32.0 32.3 32.5	117.4 117.7 117.8 118.2 118.5 118.9 119.4 119.5 119.6 120.3 121.0	99.0 100.3 101.4 102.7 103.6 104.7 105.9 107.2 108.4 109.6 111.1 112.2	151.8 148.4 147.6 149.8 147.5 148.3 149.5 149.2 150.6 152.5 154.8 157.3	30.5 30.5 30.7 30.9 31.0 31.4 31.8 31.9 32.0 32.1 32.6 33.1	121.2 117.9 116.9 118.9 116.5 116.7 117.7 117.3 118.6 120.4 122.1 124.1	98.6 100.1 101.9 103.1 104.3 105.2 106.2 107.5 108.3 109.5 110.2	4.8 5.7 6.0 4.2 7.1 7.5 7.8 6.3 6.6 5.3 4.4
1964—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	153.5 153.8 154.1 154.5 155.1 155.6 156.6 157.3 158.0 158.5 159.1	32.6 32.8 32.9 33.1 33.3 33.5 33.6 33.8 33.9 34.0 34.2 34.2	120.9 121.1 121.2 121.4 121.8 122.1 123.0 123.6 124.2 124.6 125.0 125.1	113.4 114.4 115.2 116.2 117.4 118.7 119.8 120.8 122.2 123.5 125.0 126.6	157.7 153.7 152.9 154.9 152.2 153.4 155.0 155.0 157.1 159.0 160.6 164.0	32.4 32.6 32.8 33.1 33.4 33.7 33.9 34.1 34.6 35.0	125.2 121.3 120.2 122.2 119.2 120.0 121.3 121.1 123.2 124.9 126.1 129.1	113.0 114.5 115.7 116.7 118.0 119.1 120.0 121.1 122.0 123.4 124.1 125.2	4.1 4.8 6.0 4.2 6.8 7.6 6.9 6.3 5.5 5.8 5.5
1965—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June. July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	159.6 160.0 160.2 160.7 160.9 161.7 162.4 163.2 164.0 165.2 165.2	34.4 34.6 34.7 34.7 35.0 35.2 35.5 35.7 36.0 36.1 36.3	125.2 125.4 125.6 126.0 126.7 127.2 127.8 128.4 129.3 129.6 130.5	128.6 130.5 132.0 133.4 134.9 136.4 138.0 139.8 141.7 143.7 145.2 146.6	164.4 159.5 158.9 161.5 157.5 159.5 160.8 160.3 163.1 165.7 167.3 172.0	34.4 34.2 34.4 34.5 34.6 34.9 35.4 35.5 36.0 36.5	130.0 125.2 124.6 127.1 122.9 124.5 125.4 124.8 127.5 129.7 130.8 134.9	128.3 130.8 132.7 134.0 135.4 136.6 138.3 140.2 141.4 144.3 145.2	4.2 5.7 6.6 5.5 9.1 9.0 7.3 5.5 5.0 4.1 4.6
1966—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. May. June. July. Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	167.9 168.6 169.2 170.3 170.5 169.9 170.0 170.5 170.2 170.2	36.6 36.7 36.9 37.1 37.3 37.4 37.6 37.8 37.9 38.0 38.2	131.4 131.9 132.3 133.2 133.0 133.1 132.3 132.2 132.6 132.1 132.0 132.1	147.7 148.3 149.6 151.8 153.6 154.1 155.9 156.9 157.7 157.3 156.9 158.1	173.0 167.7 167.8 171.5 166.7 168.6 167.0 169.7 170.5 171.5 175.8	36.5 36.4 36.5 36.8 37.0 37.3 37.8 37.8 37.9 38.1 38.5	136.5 131.3 131.2 134.7 129.7 131.4 130.1 129.2 131.8 132.4 133.0 136.7	147.4 148.7 150.4 152.4 154.2 154.4 156.2 157.4 157.4 157.1 156.1	3.8 5.1 4.5 3.0 7.1 6.1 8.0 5.1 4.3 4.8 3.7 3.4
1967—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	170.3 171.8 173.2 172.5 174.4 176.0 177.8 178.9 179.1 180.2 181.0	38.5 38.7 38.9 39.0 39.1 39.3 39.4 39.5 39.7 39.9 40.1 40.4	131.8 133.0 134.3 135.3 136.7 138.4 139.4 140.2 141.0 140.9	161.0 163.5 165.9 168.1 170.1 172.6 174.8 177.2 179.4 180.6 182.0 183.5	175.3 170.6 171.9 173.6 171.0 174.2 175.7 175.8 178.3 180.5 182.4 187.1	38.5 38.3 38.5 38.6 38.6 39.2 39.6 39.7 40.0 40.5 41.2	136.8 132.2 133.4 134.9 132.2 135.0 136.2 136.2 138.5 140.5 141.9	160.6 164.0 166.7 168.8 170.0 175.2 177.8 179.0 180.4 181.3 182.0	4.2 5.1 4.9 4.8 6.6 4.0 5.7 4.3 5.0 6.3 5.3
1968—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May <sup>p</sup> .	182.3 182.7 183.4 184.4 186.1	40.6 40.7 41.1 41.4 41.6	141.7 141.9 142.2 143.0 144.5	184.1 185.2 186.7 187.1 187.6	187.6 181.4 182.0 185.6 182.5	40.5 40.3 40.7 41.1 41.4	147.1 141.1 141.2 144.6 141.1	183.7 185.8 187.6 187.9 188.4	5.0 7.2 6.7 4.2 6.4

(In billions of dollars)

			Seasonall	y adjusted			Not s	easonally adj	usted	
	Week ending—		Money suppl	у	Time deposits		Money suppl	у	Time deposits	U.S. Govt.
		Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	ad- justed 1	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	ad- justed !	demand deposits
1963—Jan.	29	147.9 148.0 148.0 148.1 148.1	30.6 30.7 30.7 30.7 30.7	117.3 117.3 117.4 117.4 117.4	98.5 98.7 98.9 99.2 99.4	153,3 152,4 152,7 151,5 150,2	30,9 31,0 30,6 30,4 30,2	122.4 121.4 122.1 121.1 120.0	97.6 98.1 98.5 98.9 99.2	6.9 6.1 4.3 4.2 4.1
Feb.	6	148.4 148.5 148.6 148.8	30.8 30.9 30.9 31.0	117.6 117.6 117.7 117.8	99.6 100.1 100.4 100.8	150.4 149.7 147.7 146.4	30.5 30.6 30.5 30.4	119.9 119.1 117.2 116.0	99.5 99.9 100.2 100.5	4.9 4.9 6.2 6.7
Mar.	6	148.8 148.9 148.8 148.8	31.0 31.0 31.0 31.0	117.8 117.9 117.8 117.8	100.9 101.2 101.4 101.7	147.5 148.2 148.7 146.4	30.7 30.8 30.8 30.6	116.8 117.4 117.9 115.7	101.0 101.6 102.0 102.3	6.5 4.6 5.0 7.3
Apr.	3	149.0 149.0 149.6 149.2	31.1 31.1 31.1 31.1	117.9 117.9 118.5 118.0	102.1 102.2 102.6 102.9	147.1 148.6 151.3 150.5	30.8 31.2 31.0 30.8	116.3 117.4 120.3 119.8	102.7 103.0 103.0 103.1	7.0 4.6 3.2 3.6
May	1	149,5 149,6 149,7 149,9 150,1	31.2 31.3 31.3 31.4 31.4	118.2 118.3 118.4 118.5 118.7	103.1 103.3 103.6 103.8 103.9	149.8 149.0 148.5 146.1 146.4	30.6 31.2 31.1 31.1 30.9	119.2 117.8 117.4 115.0	103.4 103.7 104.1 104.5 104.7	4,7 6,7 6,3 8,2 7,6
June	5	150.0 150.2 150.2 150.3	31.4 31.4 31.5 31.5	118.7 118.8 118.8 118.8	104.2 104.6 104.8 104.9	147.5 148.9 149.4 147.1	31.3 31.5 31.4 31.2	116.2 117.3 118.0 115.9	104.9 105.1 105.2 105.3	6.8 4.7 5.9 10.5
July	3	150.7 150.6 151.1 151.1 151.0	31.5 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.6	119,2 119,1 119,6 119,5 119,5	105.1 105.4 105.8 106.1 106.4	148.1 148.6 150.0 149.7 150.0	31.6 32.1 31.8 31.7 31.5	116.6 116.5 118.2 118.1 118.5	105,8 105,9 106,1 106,4 106,7	10.9 9.5 7.7 6.7 6.0
Aug.	7	151.1 151.3 151.2 151.3	31.6 31.7 31.8 31.9	119,5 119,5 119,4 119,4	106.7 107.0 107.3 107.5	150.7 150.3 148.0 147.8	31.9 32.0 31.9 31.7	118.8 118.3 116.1	107.0 107.3 107.6 107.8	6.4 5.4 6.9 6.6
Sept.	4	151.3 151.5 151.6 151.7	31,9 31,9 31,9 31,9	119,4 119,6 119,7 119,8	107.8 108.2 108.5 108.6	149.4 150.8 152.1 149.9	31.9 32.2 32.0 31.8	117.5 118.6 120.2 118.1	108.1 108.2 108.4 108.3	6.1 5.1 5.1 8.1
Oct.	2	152.0 152.1 152.1 152.2 152.5	31,9 32,0 32,0 32,1 32,2	120.0 120.2 120.2 120.1 120.3	108.8 109.1 109.3 109.7 110.3	150.1 151.3 152.8 152.6 153.3	31.7 32.3 32.2 32.2 31.9	118.4 119.0 120.6 120.5 121.4	108.7 109.1 109.3 109.6 110.1	8.8 7.7 5.4 4.1 3.1
Nov.	6	153.1 153.1 153.2 153.3	32.1 32.2 32.2 32.4	121,0 120,9 120,9 120,9	10.5   10.7   11.2   11.5	155.0 155.2 154.4 153.8	32.3 32.7 32.6 32.6	122.7 122.5 121.8 121.2	110,2 110,2 110,1 110,4	4.2 3.6 4.7 4.9
Dec.	4	153.3 153.2 153.1 153.1	32,5 32,4 32,5 32,4	120.8 120.7 120.6 120.7	111.8 112.1 112.2 112.3	155.5 156.4 158.2 157.5	33.0 33.3 33.1 33.3	122.5 123.1 125.1 124.3	110.5 110.8 111.0 111.0	4.5 3.8 4.2 6.6
1964—Jan.	1	153.2 153.3 153.5 153.6 153.6	32.4 32.5 32.6 32.7 32.7	120.7 120.8 120.8 120.9 120.9	112.6 112.9 113.3 113.6 113.8	158.8 158.7 158.4 158.0 156.0	32.8 32.9 32.6 32.5 32.1	126.0 125.8 125.8 125.5 124.0	111.5 112.3 112.9 113.2 113.6	6.5 6.4 4.2 3.1 2.8
Feb.	5	153.6 153.7 153.8 153.9	32.6 32.7 32.8 32.8	121.0 121.0 121.0 121.1	113.9 114.2 114.5 114.6	156.0 155.4 153.1 151.4	32.2 32.5 32.3 32.2	123.8 122.9 120.8 119.2	113.9 114.4 114.6 114.8	3.5 3.6 5.2 5.9

(In billions of dollars)

			Seasonall	y adjusted			Not s	easonally adj	justed	
	Week ending—		Money suppl	у	Time		Money suppl	у	Time	U.S.
	Nook Chang	Tota!	Currency component	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed 1	Govt. demand deposits
1964—Mar.	4	154.0 154.1 154.1 154.1	32.8 32.9 32.9 33.0	121.2 121.2 121.2 121.1	114.7 115.0 115.2 115.4	152,3 153,0 154,3 151,8	32.3 32.8 32.7 32.6	120.0 120.3 121.6 119.2	115.2 115.5 115.8 115.9	5.6 4.5 4.6 7.7
Apr.	1	154.4 154.4 154.5 154.7 154.7	33.0 33.1 33.1 33.2 33.2	121.4 121.4 121.4 121.5 121.5	115.5 115.8 116.1 116.3 116.7	152,5 153,6 155,4 156,5 154,6	32.5 33.0 32.9 32.8 32.5	120.0 120.7 122.5 123.7 122.1	116.2 116.4 116.6 116.6 117.1	7.8 5.9 5.0 2.3 2.9
May	6,	154.9 155.0 155.1 155.2	33.2 33.3 33.3 33.3	121.7 121.8 121.8 121.9	117.0 117.2 117.6 117.9	154.3 153.3 151.3 150.4	33.0 33.1 33.0 32.9	121.3 120.2 118.3 117.5	117.3 117.8 118.1 118.4	5.5 6.0 7.4 7.5
June	3	155.3 155.4 155.4 155.5	33.4 33.4 33.4 33.5	121.9 122.0 122.0 122.1	118.2 118.6 118.8 118.8	152.2 153.0 155.1 153.2	33.2 33.6 33.4 33,3	119.0 119.4 121.7 119.9	118.8 119.1 119.2 119.1	7.1 6.1 6.2 8.8
July	18	155.9 156.1 156.5 156.7 156.9	33.5 33.5 33.6 33.6 33.6	122.4 122.6 122.9 123.1 123.2	118.9 119.3 119.6 119.9 120.2	152.7 154.3 155.3 155.4 155.1	33.3 34.0 33.9 33.8 33.5	119.5 120.2 121.5 121.6 121.6	119.3 119.6 119.9 120.2 120.4	10.0 9.5 8.1 5.4 4.6
Aug.	5	157.0 157.3 157.4 157.5	33.7 33.7 33.7 33.7	123.4 123.6 123.7 123.8	120.2 120.5 120.8 121.0	156,3 156,0 154,4 153,6	33.7 34.0 33.9 33.7	122.5 122.0 120.6 119.9	120.6 120.9 121.1 121.4	5.8 5.4 6.8 7.2
Sept.	29	157.6 157.7 157.9 158.1 158.3	33.8 33.8 33.8 33.9 34.0	123.9 123.9 124.0 124.1 124.3	121.4 121.8 122.1 122.4 122.6	155.2 156.4 158.8 157.3 155.9	33.6 34.3 34.0 33.8 33.6	121.6 122.1 124.8 123.5 122.3	121.7 121.9 122.1 121.8 122.2	5.9 5.6 4.0 7.5 9.1
Oct.	7	158.4 158.5 158.6 158.7	33.9 34.0 34.0 34.1	124.5 124.5 124.5 124.7	122.9 123.3 123.6 124.0	157.8 159.1 159.1 159.3	34.1 34.2 34.1 33.9	123.7 124.9 125.0 125.4	122.8 123.3 123.4 123.8	8.2 5.5 4.5 4.1
Nov.	4	158,9 159,1 159,1 159,2	34.1 34.1 34.1 34.1	124.8 125.0 125.0 125.1	124.2 124.5 125.0 125.4	160,8 161,1 161,1 159,6	34.1 34.6 34.6 34.6	126.7 126.5 126.5 125.0	124.0 124.1 124.1 124.2	5.1 4.5 5.3 6.9
Dec.	2	159.3 159.3 159.0 159.2 159.3	34.2 34.2 34.3 34.3 34.3	125.1 125.1 124.8 125.0 125.0	125.7 126.0 126.5 126.8 127.0	161.1 162.1 165.0 165.0 164.2	34.7 35.0 34.9 35.0 35.1	126.4 127.1 130.1 130.0 129.1	124.4 124.7 125.1 125.3 125.7	7.1 5.5 3.6 5.7 6.6
1965—Jan.	6	159.6 159.5 159.5 159.5	34.3 34.4 34.4 34.5	125.2 125.1 125.1 125.1	127.4 128.1 128.8 129.1	166.9 165.1 164.5 162.4	34.8 34.6 34.2 34.0	132.1 130.6 130.3 128.4	126.7 127.7 128.5 129.3	6.4 4.0 2.9 3.8
Feb.	3	159.8 159.9 159.9 160.0	34.5 34.6 34.6 34.6	125.3 125.3 125.4 125.4	129,5 130.0 130.3 130.8	162.5 161.4 159.6 156.6	34.0 34.4 34.2 34.1	128.4 127.0 125.4 122.4	129.7 130.4 130.9 131.3	4.6 4.7 5.2 7.1
Mar,	3	160.2 160.2 160.4 160.0 160.2	34.6 34.6 34.7 34.7 34.7	125.6 125.5 125.8 125.3 125.4	131.1 131.6 131.9 132.1 132.5	158.9 159.1 160.9 157.8 157.7	34.1 34.6 34.4 34.4 34.1	124.8 124.6 126.4 123.4 123.5	131.6 132.3 132.7 132.8 133.3	6.6 5.2 4.6 8.2 8.4
Apr.	7	160.5 160.7 161.1 160.7	34.8 34.8 34.8 34.8	125.7 125.9 126.2 125.9	132.9 133.2 133.5 133.8	160.0 161.8 164.0 160.8	34.7 34.7 34.6 34.1	125.3 127.1 129.4 126.7	133.6 133.9 133.9 134.3	7.1 4.6 4.4 5.7

(In billions of dollars)

		Seasonall	y adjusted			Not s	easonally ad	justed	
Week ending-		Money suppl	у	Time		Money suppl	у	Time	U.S.
	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed 1	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed 1	Govt. demand deposits
1965—May 5	160.6	34.8	125.9	134,2	160.2	34.4	125,8	134.7	8.4
	160.8	34.8	125.9	134,4	158.8	34.8	124.0	135.1	8.3
	160.9	34.9	126.0	134,8	156.5	34.6	121.9	135.4	10.1
	161.0	34.9	126.2	135,1	155.6	34.5	121.1	135.7	10.6
June 2	161.2	35.0	126.2	135.7	157.4	34.8	122.7	136.1	9.5
	161.4	35.0	126.4	136.0	158.7	35.1	123.6	136.4	7.9
	161.7	35.0	126.7	136.3	161.1	35.0	126.1	136.7	7.0
	161.8	35.0	126.7	136.5	160.1	34.9	125.2	136.6	10.0
	161.9	35.1	126.8	136.9	158.3	34.7	123.6	137.0	11.3
July 7	162,2	35.2	127.0	137.1	160,3	35.6	124.6	137.5	11.8
	162,4	35.2	127.2	137.7	161,2	35.5	125.7	137.9	9.1
	162,4	35.3	127.2	138.1	160,9	35.4	125.5	138.4	8.2
	162,6	35.3	127.3	138.6	160,4	35.2	125.2	138.9	7.5
Aug. 4	163.1	35.3 35.4 35.4 35.4	127.6 127.7 127.8 127.8	138.9 139.4 139.8 140.1	162.0 161.3 160.2 158.7	35,3 35,7 35,6 35,4	126.7 125.5 124.6 123.2	139.3 139.8 140.2 140.5	7.3 6.6 7.5 8.0
Sept. 1	163.4	35.4	127.9	140.7	160,3	35,2	125,1	141.0	6.9
	163.5	35.6	127.9	141.2	161,5	36,0	125,6	141.4	5.5
	163.7	35.6	128.1	141.4	164,2	35,7	128,5	141.5	2.9
	164.1	35.7	128.4	141.7	164,7	35,6	129,1	141.0	5.7
	164.5	35.8	128.7	142.1	162,2	35,5	126,7	141.7	7.6
Oct. 6	165.0	35.9	129.1	142.7	164.3	35,9	128.4	142.5	6.2
	165.1	35.9	129.2	143.5	165.3	36,2	129.1	143.3	4.1
	165.2	35.9	129.3	143.8	165.9	36,1	129.9	143.6	5.7
	165.4	36.0	129.4	144.1	166.0	35,9	130.1	144.0	4.8
Nov. 3	165.6	36.0	129.6	144.5	167.6	36.0	131.7	144.2	4.3
	165.6	36.0	129.6	144.7	167.6	36.5	131.0	144.3	3.1
	165.7	36.1	129.7	145.1	167.8	36.5	131.3	144.2	3.3
	165.8	36.1	129.6	145.7	166.5	36.6	129.9	144.4	4.2
Dec. 1	166.0	36.1	129.9	146.1	167.3	36.6	130.7	144.6	5.7
	166.3	36.2	130.1	146.3	169.4	37.1	132.3	145.0	4.8
	166.6	36.3	130.3	146.5	171.9	37.0	134.8	145.2	2.6
	167.0	36.4	130.6	146.7	173.7	37.2	136.5	145.1	4.5
	167.2	36.4	130.8	147.0	172.7	37.2	135.5	145.6	6.0
1966—Jan. 5	167.6	36.5	131.1	147.2	175.6	36,9	138.7	146.5	5,3
	167.8	36.5	131.3	147.4	174.3	36,9	137.4	146.8	3,8
	167.9	36.5	131.4	147.7	173.3	36,5	136.8	147.4	2,5
	168.1	36.6	131.5	148.1	171.0	36,2	134.8	147.9	3,8
Feb. 2	168.3	36.7	131.6	148.2	171.0	36.1	134.9	148.2	4.3
	168.5	36.7	131.8	148.2	170.0	36.6	133.4	148.3	4.3
	168.6	36.7	131.9	148.3	168.4	36.4	132.0	148.7	4.5
	168.7	36.7	131.9	148.5	164.8	36.3	128.5	149.0	6.3
Mar. 2	168.7	36.8	131.9	148.7	166.3	36.2	130.2	149.3	5.6
	168.8	36.9	132.0	149.1	167.3	36.8	130.5	149.9	4.1
	169.0	36.9	132.1	149.3	169.4	36.6	132.7	150.2	2.6
	169.1	37.0	132.2	149.7	167.8	36.6	131.2	150.4	5.5
	169.3	37.0	132.4	150.4	166.5	36.4	130.1	151.1	5.7
Apr. 6	170.4	37.1 37.1 37.1 37.1	132.7 133.3 133.5 133.4	150.9 151.4 151.9 152.5	168,9 171.8 173.8 171.7	36.8 37.2 36.7 36.5	132.0 134.7 137.0 135.1	151.7 152.2 152.3 152.9	4.7 2.7 1.4 2.8
May 4	170.5	37.2 37.3 37.3 37.3	133.2 133.2 133.2 133.0	152.7 153.1 153.5 153.9	170.1 168.7 166.7 164.5	36.7 37.2 37.0 36.9	133.4 131.5 129.6 127.6	153,3 153.7 154,1 154,5	5.9 6.4 7.7 7.7
June 1	170.3 170.3 171.1	37.3 37.3 37.4 37.4 37.4	132.8 132.9 132.9 133.6 132.6	154.3 154.6 153.8 153.9 154.5	165.4 167.7 169.7 170.9 166.6	37.0 37.5 37.4 37.4 37.1	128.4 130.3 132.3 133.5 129.5	154.9 155.1 154.1 153.9 154.5	7.2 5.7 3.1 5.2 9.8

(In billions of dollars)

			Seasonall					easonally adj	usted	
	Week ending-		Money suppl		Time		Money suppl	y	Time	U.S.
		Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed 1	Total	Currency	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed	Govt, demand deposits
1966—July	6	170, 2 169, 9 169, 8 169, 8	37.5 37.6 37.6 37.7	132.7 132.3 132.2 132.1	155.2 155.7 155.9 156.1	168.6 167.9 168.4 166.7	37.9 38.0 37.8 37.6	130.7 129.9 130.6 129.2	155.3 155.9 156.4 156.7	10.7 8.9 6.7 7.0
Aug.	3 10 17 24 31	169.8 169.7 169.9 170.1 170.2	37,7 37,7 37,8 37,8 37,8	132.1 132.0 132.2 132.3 132.4	156.3 156.6 157.0 157.2 157.3	168.7 167.3 167.4 165.7 166.8	37.6 38.1 38.0 37.8 37.5	131.0 129.2 129.4 127.9 129.3	156.8 157.0 157.5 157.7 157.8	5.8 5.9 4.7 4.3 5.1
Sept.	7. 14. 21. 28.	170.5 170.6 170.7 170.5	37.9 37.9 37.9 37.9	132.6 132.7 132.8 132.6	157.4 157.5 157.8 157.8	168.6 170.1 172.3 167.9	38, 2 38, 1 37, 9 37, 6	130,4 132,1 134,4 130,4	157.6 157.6 157.1 157.3	4.6 3.1 3.0 6.2
Oct,	5	170.6 170.3 170.2 170.1	37.9 38.0 38.0 38.0	132.6 132.4 132.2 132.1	157.7 157.5 157.5 157.0	170.1 170.4 170.7 169.9	37.9 38.3 38.1 37.9	132.2 132.1 132.6 132.1	157.4 157.4 157.3 156.8	6.6 4.4 3.1 5.5
Nov.	2	170.0 170.0 170.1 170.1 170.1	38.0 38.1 38.2 38.2 38.2	132.0 131.9 131.9 131.9 131.9	156.9 157.0 157.1 157.3 157.4	171.5 171.5 171.9 170.9 171.2	37.8 38.5 38.6 38.6 38.6	133.7 132.9 133.3 132.3 132.6	156.7 156.5 156.2 155.9 155.9	4.6 4.5 3.1 3.2 3.5
Dec.	7	170,2 170.3 170.6 170.6	38.2 38.3 38.3 38.4	132.0 132.0 132.3 132.2	157.6 157.8 157.9 158.7	173.3 174.6 178.8 175.8	39.0 39.1 39.1 39.4	134.3 135.5 139.7 136.4	156.2 156.5 156.6 157.6	3.4 2.2 2.3 5.2
1967Jan.	4	170.7 170.6 170.4 170.3	38.5 38.5 38.5 38.5 38.5	132,2 132,1 131,9 131,8	159.3 159.9 160.7 161.6	178.7 177.1 176.4 173.2	38.9 38.9 38.5 38.1	139.8 138.2 137.9 135.0	158.7 159.4 160.4 161.6	5.0 4.4 2.7 4.5
Feb.	1,	170.5 171.1 171.4 172.3	38.6 38.6 38.7 38.8	131,9 132,5 132,7 133,6	162.4 162.8 163.4 163.9	172.5 172.3 171.0 169.4	37.9 38.5 38.5 38.3	134.6 133.8 132.5 131.1	162.5 163.1 163.9 164.4	4.6 5.3 4.7 5.0
Mar.	1 8 15 22 22 29	172.4 172.8 173.2 173.2 173.3	38.7 38.8 38.9 38.9 39.0	133,7 133,9 134,3 134,3 134,3	164,1 164,8 165,6 166,2 166,9	169.2 170.6 172.2 173.5 171.2	38.1 38.7 38.6 38.6 38.4	131.2 131.9 133.6 134.9 132.8	164.8 165.7 166.6 167.0 167.6	5.3 4.2 3.0 5.3 6.8
Apr.	5,	173.1 172.8 172.3 172.0	39.0 39.0 39.0 39.0	134.1 133.8 133.3 133.0	167.5 167.8 168.0 168.5	172.9 173.9 175.2 172.6	38.5 38.9 38.7 38.4	134.4 135.0 136.6 134.2	168.2 168.7 168.7 169.0	4.9 3.9 3.6 6.0
May	3 10 17 24	172.8 173.0 174.8 174.7 175.4	39.0 39.1 39.1 39.1 39.2	133.7 133.9 135.7 135.6 136.2	168.8 169.4 170.0 170.5	172,6 171,3 171,7 169,2 170,8	38.5 39.1 38.9 38.8 38.7	134.1 132.2 132.8 130.5 132.1	169.5 170.1 170.7 171.2 171.9	6.7 7.9 6.7 6.6 5.0
June	7	175.7 175.8 176.0 176.2	39.3 39.3 39.3 39.4	136.4 136.5 136.7 136.8	171.8 172.4 172.8 173.1	173.1 174.8 176.3 172.7	39.3 39.4 39.3 39.0	133.9 135.4 137.0 133.7	172.3 173.0 172.9 173.3	3.4 2.3 4.8 5.2
July	5	177.5 178.0 177.7 177.8	39.4 39.4 39.4 39.4	138.1 138.6 138.3 138.4	173.8 174.0 174.9 175.3	174.6 175.8 176.1 174.6	39.5 39.8 39.5 39.3	136.1 136.0 136.6 135.3	174.2 174.4 175.2 175.7	5.1 4.7 6.1 6.6
Aug.	2	178.2 178.6 178.8 178.9 179.1	39.4 39.5 39.5 39.6 39.7	138.8 139.1 139.3 139.3 139.4	175.9 176.7 177.0 177.4 178.0	176.7 176.1 176.5 174.5 175.2	39.2 39.9 39.7 39.6 39.3	137.5 136.2 136.8 134.9 135.9	176.4 177.2 177.7 178.0 178.5	5.4 5.5 3.8 4.5 3.2

(In billions of dollars)

	Seasonally adjusted			Not seasonally adjusted						
	Week ending		Money supply			Money supply			Time	U.S.
			Total Currency component	Demand deposit component	Time deposits ad- justed	Total	Currency component	Demand deposit component	deposits ad- justed 1	Govt. demand deposits
1967 - Sept.	6,	179.4 179.4 178.5 179.2	39.7 39.7 39.8 39.8	139.6 139.7 138.8 139.4	178.7 179.1 179.3 179.8	177.3 178.9 179.4 177.1	39.9 39.9 39.7 39.5	137,4 139,0 139,7 137,7	178.9 179.1 178.8 179.1	4.3 3.3 4.7 6.9
Oct,	4	179.8 180.2 180.2 180.0	39.7 39.9 39.9 40.0	140,1 140,3 140,3 140,1	180.2 180.4 180.7 180.8	179.4 180.5 181.0 179.7	39.6 40.2 40.1 39.9	139.8 140.2 140.9 139.8	179.6 180.1 180.5 180.6	6.1 5.3 6.7 7.0
Nov	1. 8. 15. 22. 29.	180,4 180,9 180,9 181,1	40.0 40.0 40.0 40.2 40.2	140.5 140.9 140.9 140.9 140.9	181.2 181.3 181.6 182.2 182.9	181.4 182.6 182.9 181.9 181.9	39.7 40.4 40.4 40.6 40.6	141.8 142.2 142.4 141.3 141.3	181.1 181.1 181.3 181.1 181.6	6.3 5.7 4.2 5.9 5.2
Dec.	6	181.2 181.0 180.9 181.4	40,2 40,3 40,3 40,5	141.0 140.7 140.6 140.9	183.3 183.6 183.5 183.5	184.8 185.4 187.7 187.6	40.9 41.2 41.2 41.6	143.9 144.2 146.5 146.0	181.8 182.1 181.9 182.0	4.8 3.2 4.7 7.1
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Apr.	3 10	183.9 183.9 186.0 183.8	41.2 41.3 41.3 41.4	142.7 142.6 144.7 142.4	187.3 187.0 187.1 186.9	183.0 184.5 189.7 185.4	40.8 41.4 41.3 40.9	142.2 143.1 148.3 144.5	188.2 188.1 187.8 187.4	5,2 3,7 2,8 5,0
May	/ 1	183.7 184.8 185.1 186.8 187.5	41.5 41.5 41.6 41.8 41.8	142,3 143,3 143,5 145,0 145,8	187.3 187.4 187.7 187.7 187.6	183.7 183.5 182.8 181.4 181.7	40.7 41.5 41.4 41.4 41.2	143.0 142.0 141.4 140.0 140.5	188.0 188.1 188.5 188.5 188.4	5.6 7.3 5.7 6.7 6.2

<sup>1</sup> At all commercial banks.

Note,—All figures are averages and are based on daily figures. Money supply consists of (1) demand deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic commercial banks and the U.S. Govt., less cash terms in process of collection and F.R. float; (2) foreign demand balances at F.R. Banks; and (3) currency outside the Treasury, the FRS, and the vaults of all commercial banks. Time deposits adjusted are time deposits

at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic commercial banks and the U.S. Govt.

Effective June 9, 1966, balances accumulated for payment of personal loans were reclassified for reserve purposes and are excluded from time deposits reported by member banks. The estimated amount of such deposits at all commercial banks (\$1,140 million) is excluded from time deposits adjusted thereafter.

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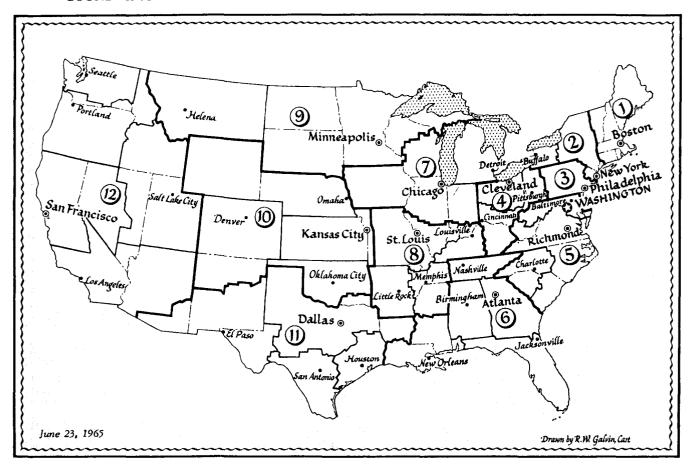
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- BANKING AND MONETARY STATISTICS, 1967. Selected series of banking and monetary statistics for 1967 only. Mar. and May 1968. 20 pp. MARGIN ACCOUNT CREDIT. June 1968. 12 pp.

# INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

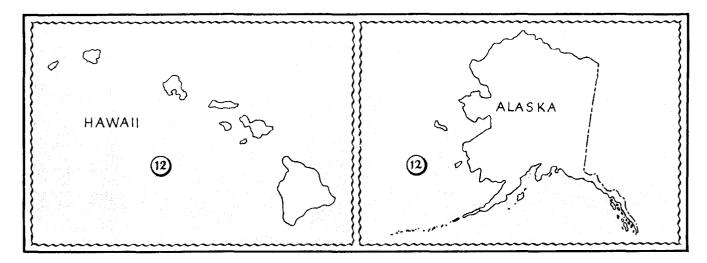
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# ☆ • THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM •



Legend

- Boundaries of Federal Reserve Districts —Boundaries of Federal Reserve Branch Territories

  Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
  - Federal Reserve Bank Cities
- Federal Reserve Branch Cities