## FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN



### **SEPTEMBER 1941**

Review of the Month—Consumer Credit Regulation and Banking Conditions Regulation W—Consumer Credit Questions and Answers on Consumer Credit Bank Lending for Defense United States Savings Bonds and Tax Anticipation Notes Revision in the Index of Industrial Production Assets and Liabilities of Branches of Member Banks

> BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM WASHINGTON

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#### Subscription Price of Bulletin

The Federal Reserve BULLETIN is issued monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. It is sent to member banks without charge. The subscription price in the United States and its possessions, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Mexico, Newfoundland (including Labrador), Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Uruguay, and Venezuela, is \$2.00 per annum, or 20 cents per copy; elsewhere, \$2.60 per annum or 25 cents per copy. Group subscriptions for 10 or more copies, in the United States, 15 cents per copy per month, or \$1.50 for 12 months.



Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois

# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

Vol. 27

SEPTEMBER 1941

No. 9

### Consumer Credit Regulation and Banking Conditions

dated August 9. authorizing the Board of

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**Regulation** of consumer credit

Governors of the Federal Reserve System to regulate the terms and conditions under

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which credit repayable in instalments may be extended for purchasing or carrying consumers' durable goods, other than a residential building in its entirety. Various other types of credit were also made subject to regulation, particularly where necessary to prevent evasion or prevent defeat of the purposes of the Order. The initial regulation issued by the Board under the authority of the Order was adopted on August 21 to become effective as of September 1, 1941, except for certain sections which become effective on October 1, November 1, or at the beginning of 1942. This regulation, known as Regulation W of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and the Executive Order are printed elsewhere in this BULLETIN. Separate copies of the regulation may be obtained from any of the Federal Reserve Banks or their branches.

In preparing its regulation the Board of Governors had the advice and assistance of a consultative committee, created by the Executive Order and consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Federal Loan Administrator, and the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply, or their alternates. A tentative preliminary draft of the regulation was discussed at a meeting on August 14 with representatives of the Federal Reserve Banks, through which the regulation will be administered, and at a meeting on the next day with representatives of organizations of banking and produced in sufficient quantity to meet the increas-

The President issued an Executive Order, | credit institutions and dealers in goods to be regulated. This draft was released for publication, and all comments and suggestions received, both from those called in for consultation and from others, were given careful consideration in preparing the final draft of the regulation as adopted and issued by the Board.

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The reasons for regulating consumer credit and for assigning this task to the Board of

Governors of the Federal Reserve **Purpose** of System were set forth in the Exregulation ecutive Order and are restated in the Foreword to the Board's regulation. In further explanation of the regulation, Chairman Eccles issued the following statement, made public on August 25:

It is important that the public know why they are asked to accept and to cooperate in making effective the President's Executive Order calling for regulation of instalment credit. Employment and national income are rapidly rising to new high levels primarily because of the huge defense expenditures. This means that by and large people have more money to spend than ever before. This is happening at a time when more and more of our industrial plant must be used to produce defense materials. To the extent that plants can be expanded, or can work longer hours, or that shortages of strategic materials or of skilled help, can be overcome, we can produce both for defense and for civilian consumption. And the aim of all policy should be to increase production to the fullest possible extent. But we know that there are acute shortages of certain metals and other strategic materials. We know that beyond a point our plants cannot turn out more and more goods for the public and at the same time produce more and more for defense. The imperative demands of defense must have the right of way over civilian needs.

If there are no restraints upon the public's spending of increasing income for articles that cannot be

ing demand, the inevitable result is that the prices of these articles will be rapidly bid up. The consequence is what is commonly termed inflation. Inflation is as destructive as deflation. It shatters all of the adjustments of our economic machine. It hits hardest of all those of small means. It would not only vastly increase the costs of defense, but it would imperil our entire economy and make increasingly difficult the adjustments of the post-war period.

The Government is striving in various ways to combat inflation. Taxation is a means not only of helping to pay for defense but of drawing off buying power that would otherwise inundate our markets. Similarly, the Treasury has appealed to the public to invest in savings bonds and stamps, and in tax anticipation notes, to aid in meeting the costs of defense and to divert money from the marketplace until such time as we can turn again to peace time production.

These broad measures have to be backed up by Thus, in the case of acute shortages, the others. Government has had to fix prices, to invoke rationing and priorities. Beyond all this, however, it is evident that if we, in effect, draw off buying power with one hand and extend credit with the other, we have accomplished nothing in reducing the aggregate demand in the markets. If you pay \$50 in taxes and invest \$50 in savings bonds, and then turn around and borrow \$100 to spend, you have not curtailed your purchases by a penny.

Accordingly, it is of primary importance that restraints be placed upon the wholesale extension of credit, including instalment buying. The volume of instalment credit has been expanding very rapidly, as it always does in times of rising national income. Yet when incomes are at high levels, that is the time when people should reduce their debts or get out of debt. Our people cannot spend their increased incomes and go into debt for more and more things today without precipitating a price inflation that would recoil ruinously upon all of us. Instead of an ever-expanding volume of consumer credit, we need to bring about a substantial reduction in the total outstanding. Civilian demand for goods must be adjusted as closely as possible to supplies available for consumption. Regulation of instalment credit is a necessary measure to this end. By deferring civilian demand at this time we can help avoid inflation, we can aid in defense, and we can store up a backlog of buying power that will help offset a postdefense slump.

The impression held by some that regulation of

automobiles. The purpose of instalment credit regulation is to help dampen demand for goods the civilian supply of which has already been reduced and must be further reduced because of defense needs. In a word, the purpose is to dampen demand, not to diminish production. If production could keep pace with both civilian and defense demands, we would have no price inflation troubles. We would need none of the measures of control and regulation which are being invoked with the objective of protecting the public.

The regulation issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System covers a list of consumers' durable goods. Demand for these goods tends to cause inflationary price rises as well as to absorb materials increasingly needed for defense. The regulation prescribes instalment terms that are by no means stringent or onerous. It does not prohibit buying on instalments, whether it be automobiles or ice boxes. It is a supplemental instrument to be used in conjunction with the broader, more basic fiscal and other governmental powers in combating price inflation. It is not being used as an instrument of reform or alteration of the fundamentals of our economic system. In effect, it recognizes what in many lines are standard practices. The intent is not to disrupt but to protect the economy.

The public should be fully aware, however, that the regulation is subject to change from time to time as experience with its administration develops, and as economic conditions require a further dampening of buying power in order to safeguard the interests of consumers and the public generally.

In issuing its initial regulation on consumer credit the aim of the Board was to act

#### Scope and nature of **Board's regulation**

promptly in adopting a regulation which would apply moderate restric-

tions in a manner consistent where possible with prevailing trade standards. The initial regulation lays a basis for such subsequent changes in coverage and adjustment of terms as experience in this field and economic developments may indicate to be necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the Executive Order and, at the same time, not impose unnecessary burdens on consumers, dealers, or credit institutions.

The regulation<sup>1</sup> covers primarily extensions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The regulation, in order to be unequivocal and in order to preinstalment buying tends to restrict production or to curtail the business of dealers in merchandise is based on misunderstanding. It is because of defense needs, not because of regulation of instalment credit, that civilian supply is reduced in various lines, such as

of instalment credit for the purpose of pur-|of loans secured by listed goods. The downchasing or carrying certain designated types of consumers' durable goods. The list of articles covered is given in a supplement to the regulation and is subject to change from time to time. Used articles, as well as new ones, are covered in all cases except household furniture. In order to cover more broadly the field of consumers' instalment credit and to prevent evasion of the main purposes of the order and regulation, maturity restrictions are imposed on cash loans repayable in instalments, whether or not secured by listed articles, provided the loan does not exceed \$1,000. The regulation does not apply to open book accounts, nor to any loan payable in full on a fixed date. Instalment contracts and loan agreements made prior to the effective date of the regulation are not covered by regulation, except in certain cases where they are renewed, revised, or consolidated after the effective dates of applicable provisions.

Some types of instalment loans are exempted from the regulation, including loans of over \$1,000 not secured by a listed article recently or about to be purchased, first mortgage loans on real estate, some building repair loans, loans made for educational purposes, loans for medical and similar expenses where needed to prevent undue hardship, loans to dealers, and certain other special types.

While the regulation in general is effective as of September 1, 1941, the effective dates of certain provisions have been postponedsome to October 1, some to November 1, and others to January 1. These postponed provisions apply to records to be kept; renewals, revisions, additions, and consolidations of outstanding credit; and in the last case to minimum monthly payments.

For all types of loans covered by the regulation a maximum maturity of 18 months is prescribed and, with some exceptions, loans must be repayable in approximately equal instalments at regular intervals, not exceeding one month. Minimum down payments are required in the case of instalment sales and rectly by the dealers in the various durable

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payment requirements amount to  $33\frac{1}{3}$  per cent for automobiles, which may include the trade-in value of a used car, to 20 per cent for refrigerators and other household appliances, to 15 per cent for major items of housing equipment such as furnaces and plumbing. and to 10 per cent for household furniture.

For all listed goods, except automobiles, the down payment required is figured as a percentage of the full purchase price minus the value of the trade-in, if any. For this reason, the instalment buyer of such articles, regardless of the trade-in allowance, must always make a down payment in cash. No down payment is required on real estate modernization loans of less than \$1,000 for services and materials other than listed articles, but such loans must be repaid in 18 months.

Persons and agencies subject to this regulation include all who are engaged in the business of making extensions of instalment credit, or discounting or purchasing instalment paper, including instalment sellers of the listed articles, whether dealers, stores, mail order houses, or others; sales finance companies; banks, including Morris Plan and other industrial banks; and personal finance or "small loan" companies and credit unions. Persons engaged in the business of extending the types of credit regulated are required to register not later than the end of the year with the Federal Reserve Bank of their district and must be licensed in order to engage in the business of extending such credits. To all persons engaged in that business, however, a general license is granted by the regulation itself until December 31, 1941.

Thus the institutional coverage of this regulation will be broad, including not only member banks of the Federal Reserve System, which are already under the supervision of the Board in various respects, but also many other types of business establishments. Α large part of consumer credit is extended diconsumers' goods. A somewhat smaller proportion is extended to consumers directly by cash lending agencies, including commercial banks, industrial banks, personal finance companies, credit unions, and a few others. The paper created by vendors of durable consumers' goods is commonly discounted with or sold to finance companies or banks. Some dealers, however, particularly department or furniture stores, finance their instalment sales by borrowing from banks on regular lines of credit or from the open market and hold the instalment paper they create. Sales finance companies also go to banks or to the open market for funds.

Administration of the regulation will be decentralized so far as possible through the 12 Federal Reserve Banks and their 24 branches, to which inquiries relative to the regulation may be addressed. Suggestions from anyone interested in or affected by the regulation are invited. When the registration forms required by the regulation have been prepared, they will be available to registrants at Federal Reserve Banks and branches.

For a year or more the sales of consumers' durable goods such as automobiles, refrigerators and furniture, have been

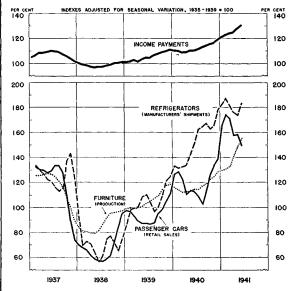
Growing demand for consumers' durable goods

increasing rapidly. As shown in the accompanying chart automobile sales in the second

quarter of 1941 increased by about 40 per cent over the same period of 1940. On the same basis refrigerator sales increased by over 20 per cent and furniture production by 30 per cent. Sales in house furnishings departments of department stores have increased more than in most other departments. In the aggregate, sales of consumers' durable goods appear to have expanded two or three times as much as income payments to individuals.

A more-than-proportionate increase of expenditures for consumers' durable goods usually appears in a period of expanding consumer income but the recent increase has been relatively greater than usual.

INCOME PAYMENTS AND SELECTED DURABLES



Source.—Income payments to individuals estimated by the United States Department of Commerce. Retail sales of passenger cars reported by the Automobile Manufacturers Association. Manufacturers' shipments of refrigerators supplied by United States Department of Commerce. Furniture production is one of the constituent series in the Board's index of the physical volume of production. Passenger car sales, refrigerator shipments, and furniture production are three-month moving averages, centered on the second month.

It has become increasingly evident that the expanded output of many consumers' durable goods was interfering with the defense effort and that scarce materials and skilled labor, needed in armament production, were being used. As a result programs have been undertaken for restricting the production of several of the more important of these goods. The Office of Production Management and the Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply announced late in August that in the four months August to November, 1941, output of passenger cars would be curtailed 261/2 per cent below the corresponding period last year and that in following months further decreases could be anticipated with the expectation that passenger car production would be 50 per cent smaller in the model year beginning August 1, 1941, than in the previous year. Similar plans for curtailing the output of mechanical refrigerators and home laundry equipment are being formulated, and it has been indicated that restriction might be

expected in the production of other consumers' durable goods. Many producers are faced with the prospect of being unable to get the materials they need to maintain current levels of production. In the p

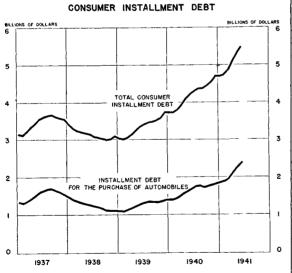
It appears, therefore, that expected supplies of important consumers' durable goods may not be large enough to meet the growing demand at existing prices, particularly if such demand should be supplemented by a growing volume of instalment credit. Some price advances have already occurred in automobiles, refrigerators, and furniture. The pressure for further price advances may be forestalled only by the prompt adoption of appropriate measures.

Instalment credit has been facilitating a large part of the recent growth in demand

## Expansion of instalment credit

for consumers' durable goods. The present volume of consumer instalment

debt, amounting to about \$6 billion, is at an all-time peak and is nearly double the recent low in 1938. During the past year the amount of credit outstanding on automobiles increased over 40 per cent and other forms of instalment credit also have increased sub-



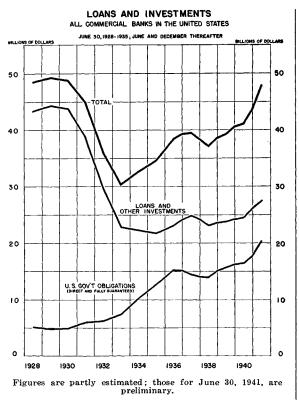
Source.—Estimates of total consumer instalment debt and of instalment debt for the purchase of automobiles prepared by National Bureau of Economic Research and brought up to date by the Department of Commerce. Estimates for the first six months of 1941 based on incomplete data.

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stantially. The accompanying chart shows the total expansion of consumer instalment debt and of instalment debt arising from automobile sales.

In the past year the country has experienced the most rapid increase in the volume of bank credit during its **Expansion** in bank history. Loans of commercredit and deposits cial banks have expanded by nearly \$3 billion and their holdings of United States Government obligations by about \$3.6 billion, as shown by the chart. As a result of this expansion and of the further increase in monetary gold stock, the country's abundant supply of bank deposits and currency in circulation has increased further. The volume of money payments, as reflected in the figures of debits to checking accounts in banks, has risen sharply since the inauguration of the defense program last summer. and the turnover of bank deposits, which represents the rate at which deposits are being used, has also increased. Although the expansion of bank credit, the growth of currency in circulation, and the building up of Treasury deposits at the Reserve Banks have caused some reduction in the volume of bank reserves in excess of legal requirements, excess reserves are still very large, amounting to about \$5 billion for all member banks. These reserves are available to banks as a basis for a further very large expansion in their loans and investments and correspondingly in the volume of deposits.

One of the outstanding banking developments since the start of the defense program has been the rapid growth of bank loans. By far the largest increase has occurred in the broad category of commercial and industrial loans, which have been expanding sharply for both defense and nondefense purposes, especially at city banks. Bank holdings of open-market paper have also shown a moderate increase, reflecting in part a larger volume of commercial paper available in the market. Latest member bank call report fig-



ures for June 30, 1941, are given in the accompanying table. This table shows that real estate loans also increased further during the past year, principally at country banks. Loans to brokers and dealers in securities increased somewhat at city banks, while loans to others for purchasing and carrying securities showed a further slow decline.

So-called "other loans", not separately classified in bank reports, increased at all classes of member banks. This increase aggregated about \$550 million and was due in large part to an expansion in retail instalment paper and personal loans. These loans include the types of credit that come within the scope of the consumer credit regulation just issued by the Board.

Agricultural loans of country banks, after increasing somewhat in the latter half of 1940, declined during the first half of this year, a season when they ordinarily increase.

During March, April, and the first half of May, farmers redeemed substantial quantities of the 1940 cotton and wheat crops pledged to secure loans at banks, guaranteed by the Commodity Credit Corporation. These redemptions resulted principally from the fact that market prices for these commodities rose above loan values, partly as a result of the prospect for higher loan rates on 1941 crops.

Since the end of June commercial loans at reporting banks in leading cities have risen further. The total increase in these loans since August 1940, when the current rise began, has been about \$1,700 million. As

CHANGES IN LOANS AT MEMBER BANKS JUNE 29, 1940-JUNE 30, 1941

[In millions of dollars]

	Loans out-	Cha	nge since	June 29,	1940
	standing June 30, 1941, all member banks	All mem- ber banks	New York central reserve city banks	Other reserve city banks <sup>1</sup>	Coun- try banks
Total loans	16, 729	+2, 761	+764	+1, 376	+620
Commercial and indus- trial loans	7,270 738 537 3,365	+1,732 +2 +87 +297	+605 -3 -7 -8	$+937 \\ -4 \\ +52 \\ +109$	+190 +9 +42 +196
carrying securities: To brokers and dealers. To others Other loans	575 635 3, 609	$^{+128}_{-33}_{+548}$	$+102 \\ -2 \\ +77 \\ +77 \\ -2 \\ +77 \\ +7$	$^{+26}_{-18}$ +274	$\overset{(2)}{-13}_{+196}$

<sup>1</sup> Includes Chicago central reserve city banks. <sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000.

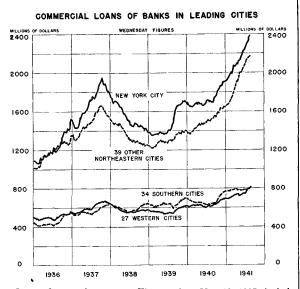
shown by the chart, the expansion at New York City banks and banks in other Northern and Eastern cities (in the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, and Chicago Federal Reserve districts), was more marked this year than in 1939 and 1940. Commercial loans at city banks in the Minneapolis, Kansas City, and San Francisco Reserve districts have shown as large a percentage rise as those in the Northern and Eastern districts, but they account for a relatively small part of the total increase. Southern city banks have shown little further increase in commercial loans since the beginning of the year.

From a survey of loans made for defense purposes, undertaken by the Board of Gover-

#### Defense loans by banks

nors in cooperation with the Office of Production Management and discussed in a special

article on pages 878-881 of this BULLETIN, it appears that as of April 30 the volume of defense loans outstanding at banks in leading cities aggregated \$460 million. Defense loans amounted to nearly half of the total increase in commercial loans at these banks from August 21, 1940 to April 30, 1941. De-



Latest figures, August 20. Figures since May 12, 1937, include commercial, industrial, and a small amount of agricultural loans; for earlier dates figures are estimated on the basis of changes in so-called "other" loans. Cities grouped as follows: Northeastern—cities in the Boston, New York (outside New York City), Philadelphia, Cleveland, and Chicago Federal Reserve districts; Southern—cities in the Richmond, Atlanta, St. Louis, and Dallas districts: Western—cities in the Minneapolis, Kansas City, and San Francisco districts.

fense loans accounted for about 8 per cent of total commercial loans outstanding at city banks on April 30, and the figure has probably since increased to about 12 per cent. The contribution of commercial banks to the financing of the defense effort has been substantial and is of growing importance. Likewise, lending for defense purposes is becoming an increasingly significant part of the banks' lending business.

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The table pictures the distribution of defense loans by Federal Reserve districts. While the Boston, New York, Cleveland, Chicago, and San Francisco districts rendered the largest dollar contributions, the Boston, Richmond, and Philadelphia districts had the largest share of their new commercial loans directed to defense purposes.

#### DEFENSE LOANS AND TOTAL COMMERCIAL LOANS OF CITY BANKS BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS APRIL 30, 1941

1	Amounts	in	millions	of	dollars
	Amounts	ш	mmons	ы	uonaisi

			oans		
Federal Reserve District	Total com- mercial loans	Amount	Per cent of total com- mercial loans	Per cent of increase in commercial loans since Aug. 21, 1940	
Boston New York. Philadelphia Cleveland	2,245 267 382	$55 \\ 156 \\ 24 \\ 38$	15 7 9 10	87 36 69 38	
Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis	148 196 770 224	19 12 82 15	13 6 11 7	79 26 44 36	
Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	211 214	$\begin{array}{c} 5\\6\\14\\34\end{array}$	5 3 7 8	42 19 38 51	
Total	5, 532	460	8	43	

About one-third of defense loans outstanding on April 30 had been granted for the financing of new plant facilities, the other two-thirds for the financing of current production. The plant facility loans had been obtained largely by the aircraft and shipbuilding industries and there was also a large amount of loans to provide housing and to build military bases. The more established industries manufacturing such products as machinery, textiles, and iron and steel products had borrowed from banks primarily for working capital purposes.

About two-fifths of the number of defense loans, representing a quarter of the total amount lent for defense purposes, had been obtained by subcontractors, mostly small and medium-size firms. The assignment of contract claims against the Government as a means of obtaining bank credit has been used widely in the granting of plant facility loans, thus making it easier for small firms and producers engaging in new lines of production to obtain credit.

Along with expansion of loans, banks have continued to increase their holdings of United

Continued increase in bank investments States Government securities. A large part of the increase during the

year ended June 1941 was at New York City banks, which added \$1,800 million to their holdings of Government securities. Other member banks showed a growth of \$1,600 million. Increases in the second quarter of this year amounted to \$600 million at New York City banks, \$300 million at reserve city banks, and \$200 million at country banks.

Expansion of commercial bank holdings of Government securities in the year ending June 30, 1941, represented about two-thirds of the increase in the volume of Government securities outstanding, excluding special issues to Government agencies and trust funds but including Savings Bonds which cannot be purchased by banks. As shown by the accompanying table, total outstanding Government securities increased by \$6,900 million during the year. Federal agencies and trust

#### DISTRIBUTION OF DIRECT AND GUARANTEED SECURITIES OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, BY CLASSES OF HOLDERS

In millions of dollars]

In millions of do.	llarsj		
	June 29, 1940	June 30, 1941	Change
Total outstanding	47, 874	54, 747	+6, 873
Holdings by— Federal agencies and trust funds: Public issues	2,293 4,775 2,466	2, 360 6, 120 2, 184	$^{+67}_{+1,345}$ $^{-282}$
Commercial banks 1	16, 550 3, 110 6, 100	20, 130 3, 360 6, 600	$^{+3, 580}_{+250}_{+500}$
Other investors: Marketable issues 1 Nonmarketable issues 1	9, 700 2, 900	9, 700 4, 300	+1, 400

<sup>1</sup> Estimated figures for commercial banks and mutual savings banks have been rounded to nearest 10 millions and estimated figures for insurance companies and other investors have been rounded to nearest 100 millions.

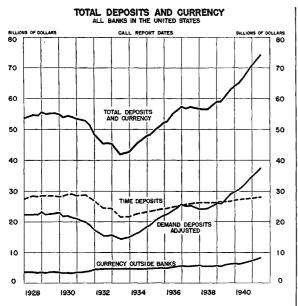
funds added about \$1,400 million to their holdings, mostly special issues, while the Federal Reserve Banks reduced theirs by about \$300 million. Another \$1,400 million of nonmarketable issues, mostly Savings Bonds, were sold to the general public other than banks. The net increase in marketable issues held by the public was \$4,300 million, and was entirely at banks and insurance companies.

Since the end of June, the Treasury has sold about \$2,300 million of new securities, including \$600 million of guaranteed obligations of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Commodity Credit Corporation, \$600 million of Defense Savings Bonds, \$1,000 million of tax anticipation notes, which were placed on sale on August 1, and a small amount of depositary bonds. In this period weekly reporting member banks increased their holdings of guaranteed obligations by nearly \$300 million, equivalent to about one-half of the additional guaranteed securities issued by the Treasury, and their holdings of other Government securities showed little change. Thus, in accordance with its program, the Treasury was able in this period to raise a substantial amount of funds from investors other than banks.

Expanding loans and investments of banks, together with continued, although reduced,

High level of bank deposits ge High level of bank deposits the public in the form of bank deposits and currency. These funds are ready money that can be used by their holders in increasing demands for commodities. As of the end of June this year, total bank deposits and currency held by the public amounted to over \$74 billion. This volume exceeds all previous records, as shown by the chart. It was about \$19 billion above the predepression peak of 1928 and \$17 billion above the levels of 1937

and the first half of 1938.



Figures are partly estimated; figures for June 30, 1941, are preliminary. Deposit figures cover all commercial and savings banks in United States and Postal Savings System. Demand deposits are adjusted for cash items in process of collection. Interbank deposits are excluded throughout and U. S. Government deposits are excluded from "demand deposits adjusted" but included in "total deposits and currency". Deposits in Postal Savings System and in mutual savings banks are included in time deposits.

The significance of the present high level of bank deposits and their current rapid increase must be appraised in the light of the changed business situation. Expansion in the volume of bank deposits, which proceeded at a rapid rate from 1933 to 1937. accompanied and helped to facilitate business recovery during that period. Bank deposits showed little net change in 1937 and the first half of 1938, but thereafter their rapid growth was resumed and it has continued up to the present time at an accelerated rate. With development of the defense program during the past year, the general business situation has radically changed and has required a shift in general economic policy from one of stimulating the demand for goods to one of checking demand in the case of a growing number of commodities. Under these conditions the creation of new bank deposits and the enormous volume of bank deposits

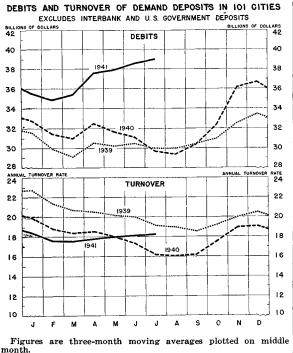
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and currency held by the public assume new significance.

In recent months the volume of checks drawn against deposit accounts in banks has increased sharply. After Expansion in volume little net change in 1939 of money payments and the opening months of 1940, the volume of debits to checking accounts at banks in 101 leading cities began to rise substantially in the closing months of last year, following the launching of the defense program. The chart shows that this increase was much sharper than the seasonal increase that occurred in 1939. In recent months the rise has been resumed following a brief interruption after the turn of the year; debits are currently about 25 per cent higher than in both 1939 and 1940.

These figures of bank debits represent charges to demand deposit accounts at banks in leading cities held for individuals and corporations and for State and local governments, but they exclude debits to demand deposits held for other banks, demand deposits of the Federal Government, and time In order to eliminate the usual deposits. sharp weekly and monthly movements that obscure the general trend, data shown on the chart are 3-month moving averages. Debits include check payments made by the general public for a variety of purposes. Because of recent inactivity in the security markets, which have at times accounted for a large part of the movement in bank debits at city banks, it appears that the rise in bank debits since last Summer mainly records increased spending by business concerns for wages, materials, and plant and by the public for consumer goods.

In addition to the increase in check payments, the amount of small denomination currency in circulation has increased substantially in recent years, indicating an expansion in cash payments of various sorts.



Owing to the sharp upturn in the volume of bank debits and notwithstanding the con-

tinued expansion of bank de-Rise in deposit posits, the rate of deposit

turnover turnover at city banks has risen somewhat in the past year. Larger money expenditures, therefore, reflect in part a more active use of existing deposits. The rate of deposit turnover is computed by dividing the volume of debits during a period by the average volume of deposits over the same period and hence represents the average number of times a deposit is spent. When an increasing volume of deposits is being held idle, the rate of turnover declines, as during most of 1939 and 1940. Toward the closing months of each year the seasonal rise in bank debits usually produces a corresponding rise in turnover, but the chart shows that the increase in the late months of 1940 was appreciably greater than in the corresponding period of 1939. Moreover, there has been a slight but steady increase in turnover since early Spring as against de- required reserves they were used as a basis

clines during the same period of 1939 and 1940.

Banks have had a large volume of idle funds with which to expand their loans and investments because of the **Recent** changes in increase in their excess reexcess reserves serves and balances held with correspondent banks. Excess reserves of member banks, which reached an unprecedented maximum of \$7 billion last October. have decreased this year, while balances due from correspondent banks have shown little further change, continuing in excess of \$6 billion. The present volume of these balances is nearly three times as large as that generally maintained for the two decades prior to 1934.

CHANGE IN RESERVE POSITION OF MEMBER BANKS JANUARY 15-AUGUST 20, 1941

	Billions of dollars
Decrease in excess reserves New reserve funds from gold inflow	1.8 .6
Main factors using reserve funds: Increase in currency circulation Increase in Treasury cash and deposits with Reserve Banks Increase in required reserves	1.3 .7 .4

Since last January, excess reserves have decreased by \$1,800 million, even though monetary gold stock, which adds to reserve funds, rose by about \$600 million during the period. Foremost among the uses of these \$2,400 million of reserve funds, as shown in the table, was a flow of \$1,300 million of currency into circulation. Increased required reserves arising from the expansion of bank deposits accounted for \$400 million of reserve funds, and a growth in Treasury holdings of cash and deposits with the Federal Reserve Banks for an additional \$700 million.

Analysis of the uses of reserve funds indicates that the recent decrease in excess reserves has resulted in large part from an expansion in bank credit and in the demand for currency. To the extent that the excess reserves were reduced by an increase in for deposit expansion, and the increase in effect on the reserves of New York City money in circulation also represents an addition to the supply of immediately available liquid funds in the hands of the public. Some of the factors which contributed to the reduction in excess reserves, moreover, may be only temporary in nature because reserves may again increase through a return of currency from circulation and through a reduction of Treasury balances with the Reserve Banks.

The \$1,800 million decline in the volume of excess reserves of member banks since

represent about 40 per cent of total excess

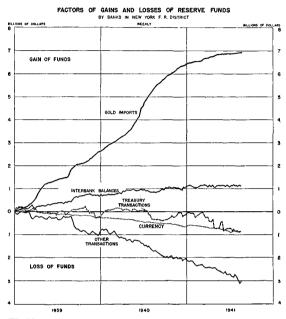
last January has been al-**Decline of reserves** most entirely at New York in New York City City banks. Around the middle of last January, New York City banks held \$3,500 million of excess reserves. or about 50 per cent of the total held by all member banks. By the middle of August excess reserves of New York City banks had declined to about \$1,900 million, which now

reserves. Developments responsible for the recent loss in excess reserves at banks in the New York Federal Reserve district are illustrated in the chart. These figures reflect principally changes in the condition of money market banks in New York City. Operations of the United States Treasury were the principal factor reducing excess reserves in the New York market since the middle of last January. Treasury withdrawals of funds from the New York district, arising from new security sales and tax receipts, were about \$800 million larger than its expenditures in the district, principally repayments of maturing obligations and general disbursements. In this period New York banks have purchased substantial amounts of United States Government obligations; some of these were new issues bought directly from the Treasury, while some were purchased from other holders. During 1939 and 1940, Treasury transactions in the New York district were ap-

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banks.

This year, as in the past two years, there has been a rather steady drain of funds out of the New York district on account of the wide variety of commercial and financial transactions other than transactions with



Weekly gains and losses cumulative from December 28, 1938, to August 20, 1941. Curves above zero line represent funds gained, below zero line, funds lost. Figures of interbank balances repre-sent balances of out-of-town banks with banks in New York City.

the Treasury and with correspondent banks. This loss of funds is shown by the residual item of "other" transactions. Payments for goods and services obtained from outside the New York district, use of loans from New York banks by borrowers in other parts of the country, and purchases of securities from holders outside the district, to name some of the principal items, have exceeded the amount of payments which have been made in the New York district with funds originating elsewhere. The net loss of funds on this account has amounted to about \$800 million since last January.

As in other parts of the country, there has been a steady increase in the amount of money proximately in balance and had almost no net in circulation in the New York Federal Re-

Withdrawal of funds from Reserve Position of Member Banks, by Classes of serve district. New York banks due to increased demands for currency has amounted to about \$300 million since last January, as compared with about \$1,000 million in the other 11 districts.

Losses of reserve funds by New York City banks as a result of Treasury transactions, currency withdrawals, and general commercial transactions, have been partly offset by additions to reserves arising from a further import of gold. Since last January gold imports in the New York district have amounted to about \$400 million. This is only a fraction of the volume of gold imports in 1939 and 1940, which were responsible for the rise in excess reserves at New York City banks in those years.

Excess reserves distributed are well throughout the banking system. As shown in the table, member banks as **Distribution of** a whole have excess reserves excess reserves amounting to 63 per cent of their required reserves. This proportion varies from 85 per cent for so-called country banks to a little over 50 per cent for New York City banks. In addition to excess reserves, country banks as a group have large balances with city correspondents.

The table indicates the reserve position of member banks by groups; for individual banks there is more variation, some having and correspondent balances aggregating less

BANKS, AVERAGE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 15. 1941.

ļ	Amounts	in	millior	s of	dollars	

	Res	Per cent of excess		
	Total	Re- quired	Excess	above require- ments
Central Reserve city banks	F . F . F . F . F . F . F . F . F . F .	0.070	1.000	
New York City Chicago	5,539 1,145	3, 676 738	$1,863 \\ 407$	51 52
Reserve city banks	4, 300	2,458	1,841	75
Country banks t	1,971	1,066	905	85
Total	12,954	7.937	5,017	63

<sup>1</sup> Figures for required and excess reserves estimated.

requirements than others. A survey of the reserve position of individual member banks. made by the Board of Governors and the Federal Reserve Banks, for the week ending June 25, 1941, indicates that the large majority of banks hold excess reserves amounting to considerably more than oneseventh of their present required reserves. Under the law the Board of Governors can increase the reserve requirements of member banks by approximately one-seventh above existing requirements. About three-fourths of the banks, or 5,065, were in this category. Nearly all of the remaining 1,484 member banks held balances with correspondents far in excess of amounts needed to increase their excess reserves to one-seventh of required reserves. Only 19 banks had excess reserves considerably more reserves relative to their than one-seventh of their required reserves.

## From a Legal Standpoint

Administrative interpretations of banking laws, new regulations issued by the Board of Governors, and other similar material.

There is set forth below the text of the Executive Order issued by the President on August 9, 1941, with respect to regulation of consumer credit.

#### **EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 8843**

#### REGULATION OF CONSUMER CREDIT

#### Declaration of Necessity and Purpose

WHEREAS a large volume of credit is being devoted to financing and refinancing purchases of consumers' goods and services through extensions of credit that usually are made to individuals and to a large extent are on an instalment payment basis; and

WHEREAS the conditions under which such credit is available have an important influence upon the volume and timing of demand, not only for the particular goods and services purchased on credit but also for goods and services in general; and WHEREAS liberal terms for such credit tend to stim-

ulate demand for consumers' durable goods the pro-duction of which requires materials, skills, and equipment needed for national defense; and

WHEREAS the extension of such credit in excessive volume tends to generate inflationary developments of increasing consequence as the limits of productive capacity are approached in more and more fields and to hinder the accumulation of savings available for financing the defense program; and

WHEREAS the public interest requires control of the use of instalment credit for financing and refinancing purchases of consumers' durable goods the production of which absorbs resources needed national defense, in order (a) to facilitate for the transfer of productive resources to defense industries, (b) to assist in curbing unwarranted price advances and profiteering which tend to re-sult when the supply of such goods is curtailed without corresponding curtailment of demand, (c) to assist in restraining general inflationary tendencies, to support or supplement taxation imposed to restrain such tendencies, and to promote the accumu-lation of savings available for financing the defense program, (d) to aid in creating a backlog of demand for consumers' durable goods, and (e) to restrain the development of a consumer debt structure that would repress effective demand for goods and services in the post-defense period; and

WHEREAS in order to prevent evasion or avoidance of this order and such regulations as may be pre-

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Executive Order with Respect to Regulation of Consumer Credit | be available for regulating the use of other instalment credit and other forms of credit usually extended to consumers or on consumers' durable goods; and

WHEREAS it is appropriate that such credit be controlled and regulated through an existing govern-mental agency which has primary responsibilities with respect to the determination and administration of national credit policies: Now, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested

in me by section 5(b) of the act of October 6, 1917, as amended, and by virtue of all other authority declared by more on May 27, 1941, to promote the national defense and protect the national economy, it is hereby ordered as follows:

#### Administration

SECTION 1. (a) The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (hereinafter called the Board) is hereby designated as the agency through which transfers of credit between and payments by or to banking institutions (as defined herein pur-suant to section 5(b) of the aforesaid Act) which constitute, or arise directly or indirectly out of, any extension of credit of a type set out in section 2(a) of this order shall be investigated, regulated and prohibited.

(b) The Board shall, whenever it deems such action to be necessary or appropriate, take any lawful steps herein authorized and such other lawful steps as are within its power to carry out the pur-poses of this order, and may, in administering this order, utilize the services of the Federal Reserve Banks and any other agencies, Federal or State, which are available and appropriate.

(c) In order to facilitate the coordination of the Board's functions under this order with other phases of the program for national defense and for protecting the national economy, there shall be a committee consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Federal Loan Administrator, and the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply, or such alternate as each shall designate, and such other members as the President shall subse-quently appoint. The Board shall maintain liaison with the committee, and in formulating policies with respect to down-payments, maturities, terms of repayment, and other such questions of general policy shall consult with the committee and take into consideration any suggestions or recommendations it may make.

#### Regulations

SECTION 2. (a) Whenever the Board shall deterscribed to effectuate its purposes, means should also mine that such action is necessary or appropriate

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for carrying out the purposes of this order, the Board shall prescribe regulations with respect to transfers and payments which constitute, or arise directly or indirectly out of, any extension of instal-ment credit for the purpose of purchasing or carry-ing any consumers' durable good except a residential building in its entirety; and the Board may in addition, to the extent deemed by it to be desirable and feasible in order to prevent evasion of such regulations as may be so prescribed or in order to control forms of credit the use of which might defeat the purposes of this order and such regulations, pre-scribe regulations with respect to transfers and payments which constitute, or arise directly or indirectly out of, (1) any other extension of instalment credit, or (2) any other extension of credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any consumers' durable good, or (3) any other extension of credit in the form of a loan other than a loan made for business purposes to a business enterprise or for agricultural purposes to a person engaged in agriculture. Such regulations may be prescribed by the Board at such times and with such effective dates as the Board shall deem to be in accordance with the purposes of this order.

(b) Such regulations may from time to time, originally or by amendment, regulate or prohibit such transfers and payments or exempt them from regulation or prohibition and may classify them according to the nature of the transactions or goods or persons involved or upon such other basis as may reasonably differentiate such transfers and payments for the purposes of regulations under this order, and may be made applicable to one or more of the classes so established; and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such regulations may require transactions or persons or classes thereof to be registered or licensed; may prescribe appropriate limitations, terms, and conditions for such registrations or licenses; may provide for suspension of any such registration or license for violation of any provision thereof or of any regulation, rule, or order prescribed hereunder, may prescribe appropriate requirements as to the keeping of records and as to the form, contents, or substantive provisions of contracts, liens, or any relevant documents; may prohibit solicitations by banking institutions which would encourage evasion or avoidance of the requirements of any regulation, license, or registration under this order; and may from time to time make appropriate provisions with respect to-

(1) The maximum amount of credit which may be extended on, or in connection with any purchase of, any consumers' durable good;

(2) The maximum maturity, minimum periodic payments, and maximum periods between payments, which may be stipulated in connection with extensions of credit;

(3) The methods of determining purchase prices or market values or other bases for computing permissible extensions of credit or required downpayments; and

(4) Special or different terms, conditions, or exemptions with respect to new or used goods, minimum original cash payments, temporary credits which are merely incidental to cash purchases, payment or deposits usable to liquidate credits, and other adjustments or special situations.

(c) On and after the effective date of any regulation prescribed by the Board with respect to any extension of credit of a type set out in section 2(a), and notwithstanding the provisions of any other proclamation, order, regulation, or license under the aforesaid Act, all transfers and payments which are in violation of such regulation shall be and hereby are prohibited to the extent specified in such regulation.

(d) Neither this order nor any regulation issued thereunder shall affect the right of any person to enforce any contract, except that after the effective date of any such regulation every contract which is made in connection with any extension of credit and which violates, or the performance of which would violate, any provision of such regulation (other than a provision designated therein as being for administrative purposes), and every lien, pledge, seller's interest in a conditional sale, or other property interest, subject to the provisions of such contract or created in connection therewith, shall be unenforceable by the person who extends such credit or by any person who acquires any right of such person in such contract; provided that such disability shall not apply to any person who extends such credit, or acquires such right for value, in good faith and without knowing or having reason to know the facts by reason of which the making or performance of such contract was or would be such a violation.

#### Reports

SECTION 3. Reports concerning the kinds, amounts, and characteristics of any extensions of credit subject to this order, concerning transfers and payments which arise out of any such extensions of credit, or concerning circumstances related to such extensions of credit or such transfers or payments or to the regulation thereof, shall be filed on such forms, under oath or otherwise, at such times and from time to time, and by such persons, as the Board may prescribe by rule, regulation, or order as necessary or appropriate for enabling the Board to perform its functions under this order. The Board may require any person to furnish, under oath or otherwise, complete information relative to any transaction within the scope of this order, including the production of any books of account, contracts, letters, or other papers, in connection therewith in the custody or control of such person.

#### Definitions

SECTION 4. For the purposes of this order, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms shall have the following meanings, provided that the Board may in its regulations give such terms more restricted meanings:

(a) "Person" has the meaning set forth in section
5(b) of the act of October 6, 1917, as amended.
(b) "Transfers and payments" means "transfers

(b) "Transfers and payments" means "transfers of credit between and payments by or to banking institutions".

(c) "Banking institution" means any person engaged as principal, agent, broker, or otherwise, in the business of making or holding extensions of credit and includes, without limitation, any bank, any loan company, and finance company, or any other person engaged in the business of making or holding extensions of credit whether as a vendor of consumers' durable goods or otherwise. (d) "Consumers' durable good" includes any good,

(d) "Consumers' durable good" includes any good, whether new or used, which is durable or semi-durable and is used or usable for personal, family or

household purposes, and any service connected with the acquisition of any such good or of any interest therein.

(e) "Extension of credit" means any loan or mortgage; any instalment purchase contract, any conditional sales contract, or any sale or contract of sale under which part or all of the price is payable subsequent to the making of such sale or contract; any rental-purchase contract, or any contract for the bailment or leasing of property under which the bailee or lessee either has the option of becoming the owner thereof or obligates himself to pay as compensation a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the value thereof; any contract creating any lien or similar claim or property to be discharged by the payment of money; any purchase, discount, or other acquisition of, or any extension of credit upon the security of, any obligation or claim arising out of any of the foregoing; and any transaction or series of transactions having a similar purpose or effect.

(f) An extension of credit is an extension of "instalment credit" if the obligor undertakes to repay the credit in two or more scheduled payments or undertakes to make two or more scheduled payments or deposits usable to liquidate the credit, or if the extension of credit has a similar purpose or effect, or if it is for the purpose of financing a business enterprise which makes such extensions of credit.

(g) An extension of credit is "for the purpose of purchasing or carrying any consumers' durable good" if it is directly or indirectly for the purpose of financing or refinancing the purchase of any consumers' durable good or is directly or indirectly secured by any consumers' durable good, or if the extension of credit has a similar purpose or effect, or if it is for the purpose of financing a business enterprise which makes such extensions of credit.

#### **Penalties**

SECTION 5. Whoever willfully violates or knowingly participates in the violation of this order or of any regulation prescribed hereunder, shall be subject to the penalties applicable with respect to violations of section 5(b) of the said act of October 6, 1917, as amended.\*

(Signed) FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

The White House, August 9, 1941.

#### Regulation of Board of Governors Relating to Consumer Credit

There is set forth below the text of the Board's Regulation W, relating to consumer credit, as adopted August 21, 1941, to become effective September 1, 1941, except as to certain designated sections.

#### **REGULATION W**

#### CONSUMER CREDIT

#### As Adopted August 21, 1941

#### FOREWORD

#### (Not a part of the regulation)

Regulation W has been adopted by the Board of Governors in order to carry out the President's Executive Order of August 9, 1941, which sets forth the necessity for and purpose of regulation of consumer credit, as follows:

1. A large volume of credit is being devoted to financing and refinancing purchases of consumers' goods and services through extensions of credit that usually are made to individuals and to a large extent are on an instalment payment basis.

2. The conditions under which such credit is available have an important influence upon the volume and timing of demand, not only for the particular goods and services purchased on credit but also for goods and services in general. 3. Liberal terms for such credit tend to stimulate

3. Liberal terms for such credit tend to stimulate demand for consumers' durable goods the production of which requires materials, skills, and equipment needed for national defense.

4. The extension of such credit in excessive volume tends to generate inflationary developments of increasing consequence as the limits of productive capacity are approached in more and more fields and to hinder the accumulation of savings available for financing the defense program.

5. The public interest requires control of the use of instalment credit for financing and refinancing purchases of consumers' durable goods the production of which absorbs resources needed for national defense, in order (a) to facilitate the transfer of productive resources to defense industries, (b) to assist in curbing unwarranted price advances and profiteering which tend to result when the supply of such goods is curtailed without corresponding curtailment of demand, (c) to assist in restraining general inflationary tendencies, to support or supplement taxation imposed to restrain such tendencies, and to promote the accumulation of savings available for financing the defense program, (d) to aid in creating a backlog of demand for consumers' durable goods, and (e) to restrain the development of a consumer debt structure that would repress effective demand for goods and services in the post-defense period.

6. In order to prevent evasion or avoidance of this order and such regulations as may be prescribed to effectuate its purposes, means should also be available for regulating the use of other instalment credit and other forms of credit usually extended to consumers or on consumers' durable goods.

7. It is appropriate that such credit be controlled and regulated through an existing governmental agency which has primary responsibilities with respect to the determination and administration of national credit policies. Regulation W is issued in the light of the fore-

Regulation W is issued in the light of the foregoing considerations and as a step supplementing more fundamental governmental measures designed to combat inflationary developments.

There will be changes from time to time in this regulation, particularly in the list of consumers' dur-

<sup>\*</sup> The section reads in part: "Whoever willfully violates any of the provisions of this subdivision or of any license, order, rule or regulation issued thereunder, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$10,000, or, if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or both; and any officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both."

able goods covered by the regulation, in the size of the minimum down payments required, and in the

maximum length permitted for instalment contracts. Any inquiry relating to this regulation should be addressed to the Federal Reserve Bank or the Federal Reserve branch bank of the district in which the inquiry arises.

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APPENDIX

Executive Order

#### **REGULATION W**

#### CONSUMER CREDIT

#### SECTION 1. SCOPE OF REGULATION

This regulation is issued by the Board of Gover-nors of the Federal Reserve System (hereinafter called the "Board") under authority of section 5(b)of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended, and Ex-ecutive Order No. 8843, dated August 9, 1941 (here-inafter called the "Executive Order").<sup>1</sup>

The regulation applies, in general, to any person who is engaged in the business of making extensions of instalment credit, or of discounting or purchasing obligations arising out of extensions of instalment credit. It applies whether the person so engaged is acting as principal, agent, broker or otherwise, and whether the person is a bank, loan company, or finance company, or a person who is so engaged in connection with any other business, such as by mak-ing such extensions of credit as a dealer, retailer, or other person in connection with the selling of consumers' durable goods.<sup>2</sup>

#### SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this regulation, unless the context otherwise requires: (a) "Person" means an individual, partnership,

association, or corporation.

(b) "Extension of Credit" means any loan or mortgage; any instalment purchase contract, any conditional sales contract, or any sale or contract of sale under which part or all of the price is payable subsequent to the making of such sale or contract; any rental-purchase contract, or any contract for the bailment or leasing of property under which the bailee or lessee either has the option of becoming the owner thereof or obligates himself to pay as compen-sation a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the value thereof; any contract creating any lien or similar claim on property to be discharged by the payment of money; any purchase, discount, or other acquisition of, or any extension of credit upon the security of, any obligation or claim arising out of any of the foregoing; and any transaction or series of transactions having a similar purpose or effect. (c) "Extension of Instalment Credit" means an

extension of credit which the obligor undertakes to repay in two or more scheduled payments or as to which the obligor undertakes to make two or more scheduled payments or deposits usable to liquidate the credit, or which has a similar purpose or effect.

<sup>1</sup> The Executive Order is printed in the Appendix. However, it has been the purpose to couch this regulation in such terms as will eliminate the need of cross reference to the Order. <sup>2</sup> The Supplement to this regulation lists the consumers' durable goods within the scope of the regulation.

(d) "Extension of Instalment Sale Credit" means an extension of instalment credit which is made, as principal, agent or broker, by any seller of any consumers' durable good specified in the Supplement to this regulation (hereinafter called a "listed article") and arises out of the sale of such listed article. For the purposes of this section 2(d) a lease or bailment which is similar in purpose or effect to a sale shall be deemed to be a sale. (e) "Extension of Instalment Loan Credit" means

(e) "Extension of Instalment Loan Credit" means an extension of instalment credit, other than instalment sale credit, which is a loan (as distinguished from other types of extensions of credit) and which (1) is in a principal amount of \$1,000 or less, or (2) regardless of amount, is wholly or partly secured, or according to any oral or written agreement of the parties is to become so secured, by any listed article which has been purchased within 45 days prior to, or is to be purchased at any time after, such extension of instalment credit; but the definition does not include any loan upon the security of any obligation or claim which arises out of any extension (A) of instalment sale credit or (B) of instalment loan credit as defined above in this section 2(e).

## SECTION 3. REGISTRATION AND GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

(a) General Requirements.—No person engaged in the business of making extensions of instalment sale credit<sup>3</sup> or instalment loan credit, or engaged in the business of lending on the security of or discounting or purchasing obligations or claims arising out of such extensions of credit, shall make any payment or receive any payment which constitutes or arises directly or indirectly out of any such extension of credit made by such person or out of any such obligation or claim lent on or discounted or purchased by such person, except on the following conditions:

(1) Such person shall be licensed pursuant to this section (any person so licensed being hereinafter called a "Registrant"); and

(2) The Registrant shall not make any such payment or receive any such payment (A) if, when the Registrant made the extension of in-stalment credit, the Registrant knew or had reason to know any fact by reason of which such extension of instalment credit failed to comply with any of the requirements of this regulation applicable thereto, or (B) if, when the Registrant purchased or discounted the obligation or claim or accepted the obligation or claim as collateral, the obligation or claim showed on its face some failure to comply with such requirements, or the Registrant knew any fact by reason of which the extension of instalment credit giving rise to the obligation or claim failed to comply with such requirements, or (C) if, when the Registrant renewed, revised, or consolidated the obligation or claim arising out of an extension of instalment credit, the Registrant knew or had reason to know any fact by reason of which such renewal, revision or consolidation resulted in a failure to comply with such requirements.

(b) General License.—A general license is hereby granted to all persons engaged on or before December 31, 1941 in the type of business described in sec-

<sup>8</sup> It is to be noted that the term "instalment sale credit" includes only credit connected with the sale of listed articles. tion 3(a); *Provided*, however, That such general license terminates at the close of December 31, 1941 for every person who has not registered on or before that date in the manner provided in section 3(c). After December 31, 1941, any person, whose license is not suspended, may become licensed by registering in the manner provided in section 3(c).

(c) **Registration.**—Registration as required by this section 3 may be accomplished by filing, with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the main office of the Registrant is located, a registration statement on forms obtainable from any Federal Reserve Bank or branch.

(d) Suspension of License.—The license of any Registrant may, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing, be suspended by the Board, either in its entirety or as to particular activities or particular offices or for specified periods, on any of the following grounds:

(1) Any material misstatement or omission willfully or negligently made in the registration statement;

(2) Any willful or negligent failure to comply with any provision of this regulation or any requirement of the Board pursuant thereto.

A license which is suspended for a specified period will again become effective upon the expiration of such period. A license which is suspended indefinitely may be restored by the Board, in its discretion, if the Board is satisfied that its restoration would not lead to further violations of this regulation and would not be otherwise incompatible with the public interest.

#### SECTION 4. INSTALMENT SALE CREDIT

Except as otherwise permitted by section 6, any extension of instalment sale credit shall comply with the following requirements:

(a) Maximum Amount of Credit.—The deferred balance shall not exceed the maximum credit value of the listed article specified in the Supplement to this regulation (hereinafter called the "Supplement"):

ment"); (b) Maximum Maturity.—The maturity shall not exceed that specified for the listed article in the Supplement;

(c) Amounts of Payments.—Except as permitted by section 4(d), the instalments in which the time balance is repayable shall be substantially equal in amount or be so arranged that no instalment is substantially greater in amount than any preceding instalment;

(d) Intervals of Payments.—The instalments shall be payable at approximately equal intervals not exceeding one month, except that, when appropriate for the purpose of facilitating repayment in accordance with the seasonal nature of the obligor's main source of income or to encourage off-seasonal purchases of seasonal goods, the payment schedule may reduce or omit payments over any period or periods totaling not more than 4 months during the life of such extension of instalment sale credit if the schedule increases the schedule payments in such manner as to meet all the other requirements of this section 4; \* (e) Minimum Monthly Payment.—Except as

\* (e) Minimum Monthly Payment.—Except as permitted by section 4(d), the schedule of payments

\* Effective January 1, 1942.

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shall call for instalments aggregating not less than

\$5.00 per month; \*(f) Statement of Transaction. — The extension of instalment sale credit shall be evidenced by a written instrument or record, and there shall be incorporated therein or attached thereto a written statement, of which a copy shall be given to the obligor as promptly as circumstances will permit, and which shall set forth (in any order) the following information:

(1) A brief description identifying the article

(2) The bona fide cash purchase price of the article and accessories purchased (including any sales taxes thereon) and of any services (ex-cluding any interest or finance charge and the cost of any insurance) rendered in connection

(3) The amount of the purchaser's down pay-ment (A) in cash and (B) in goods accepted in trade, together with a brief description identifying such goods and stating the monetary value assigned thereto in good faith; (4) The deferred balance, which is the differ-

ence between items (2) and (3);

(5) The amount of any insurance premium for which credit is extended and of any finance charges or interest by way of discount included in the principal amount of the obligation, or the sum of these amounts;

(6) The time balance owed by the purchaser, which is the sum total of items (4) and (5); and (7) The terms of payment.

(g) Credit of Which a Part Arises Out of Sale of a Listed Article.-In case an extension of instalment sale credit arises partly out of a sale of an article listed in the Supplement and partly out of another sale, the amount and the terms of such extension of credit shall be such as would result if the credit were divided into two parts, the part relating to the listed article being treated in accordance with the pro-visions of this regulation relating to such article and the remainder being treated in the manner in which the Registrant would in good faith treat a similar extension of credit if standing alone.

SECTION 5. INSTALMENT LOAN CREDIT

Except as otherwise permitted by section 6, any extension of instalment loan credit shall comply with the following requirements: (a) Loans Secured by Listed Article.—If the ex-

tension of instalment loan credit is wholly or partly secured, or according to any oral or written agreement of the parties is to become so secured, by any listed article which has been purchased within 45 days prior to, or is to be purchased at any time after, such extension of instalment loan credit:

(1) The principal amount lent to the obligor (excluding any interest or finance charges, and the cost of any insurance) shall not exceed the maximum credit value of the listed article specified in the Supplement; and, in determining such maximum credit value, the Registrant may accept in good faith a written statement signed by the obligor setting forth the bona fide cash purchase price of the article and of any acces-sories and of any services, except insurance,

\* Effective October 1, 1941.

rendered in connection with the acquisition thereof, which statement so accepted shall, for purposes of this regulation, be deemed to be

correct; and (2) The maturity shall not exceed that specified for the listed article in the Supplement, and such maximum maturity shall be calculated from the date of purchase of such listed article or from the date of such extension of instalment loan credit, whichever is earlier.

(b) Miscellaneous Loans of \$1,000 or Less.—If the extension of instalment loan credit is not subject to section 5(a) but is in a principal amount of \$1,000 or less, the maximum maturity shall not exceed that specified in the Supplement for extensions of instalment loan credit subject to this section 5(b). (c) General Requirements.—Whether subject to

section 5(a) or section 5(b), the extension of instal-ment loan credit shall comply with the following additional requirements:

\*(1) The extension of instalment loan credit shall be evidenced by a written instrument or record, and there shall be incorporated therein or attached thereto a written statement, of which a copy shall be given to the obligor as promptly as circumstances will permit, and which shall set forth the terms of payment and, if the loan is subject to section 5(a), the *bona fide* cash purchase price used for determining the maxi-mum credit value of the listed article involved;

(2) Except as permitted by section 5(c) (3), the total of the principal and any interest or finance charges shall be payable in instalments which shall be substantially equal in amount or be so arranged that no instalment is substan-tially greater in amount than any preceding instalment;

(3) Instalments shall be payable at approximately equal intervals not exceeding one month. except that, when appropriate in order to facilitate repayment in accordance with the seasonal nature of the obligor's main source of income or to encourage off-seasonal purchases of seasonal goods, the payment schedule may reduce or omit payments over any period or periods totaling not more than 4 months during the life of such extension of credit if the schedule increases the scheduled payments in such manner as to meet

the other requirements of this section 5; and \*\*(4) Except as permitted by section 5(c) (3), the schedule of payments shall call for instalments aggregating not less than \$5.00 per month.

(d) Determining When Listed Article Purchased.-In case the Registrant accepts in good faith a writ-ten statement signed by the obligor that any listed article which secures an extension of instalment loan credit has not been purchased within 45 days prior to such extension of credit such statement shall, for the purposes of this regulation, be deemed to be correct.

#### SECTION 6. CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS

Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 4 and 5, the requirements of such sections shall not apply to any of the following:

(a) Any extension of credit which is secured by

\* Effective October 1, 1941. \*\* Effective January 1, 1942.

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a bona fide first lien on improved real estate duly recorded.

(b) Any extension of credit over \$1,000 which is made for materials and services in connection with repairs, alterations, or improvements upon urban, suburban, or rural real property in connection with existing structures, even though such materials include articles listed in Group C or D in the Supplement, provided the *bona fide* cash purchase price of such articles so listed does not exceed 50 per cent of the total over-all deferred balance.

(c) Any extension of instalment loan credit which is made to or for a student for *bona fide* educational purposes.

(d) Any extension of instalment loan credit if (1) the proceeds are to be used for *bona fide* medical, hospital, dental, or funeral expenses and (2) the income of the obligor available for the purpose is such that he could not reasonably meet the requirements of this regulation otherwise applicable, and failure to obtain the extension of credit would cause undue hardship to him; *Provided*, That if the Registrant accepts in good faith a written statement signed by the obligor and setting forth the facts relied upon to bring the loan within the exception of this section 6(d) the facts set forth in such statement shall, for the purposes of this regulation, be deemed to be correct.

(e) Any extension of credit (1) to finance the purchase of aircraft in order to facilitate participation in the Civilian Pilot Training Program of the Civil Aeronautics Authority; or (2) to remodel or rehabilitate any dwelling or residence which the Defense Housing Coordinator, or his authorized agent, shall designate as being for "defense housing" as defined by the Coordinator. Information regarding the procedure for obtaining such a designation may be obtained through any Federal Reserve Bank or branch.

(f) Any extension of instalment sale credit which is to be repaid at approximately equal intervals and in approximately equal instalments, the last of which matures within three months after the first day of the calendar month next following such extension.

(g) Any extension of credit to a dealer in any listed article, whether a wholesaler or retailer, to finance the purchase of any such article for resale.

(h) Any extension of credit which is to be repaid within not more than twelve months and is made to a bona fide salesman of automobiles in order to finance the purchase of a new automobile to be used by him principally as a demonstrator.

(i) Any extension of credit which is for the purpose of financing a premium in excess of one year on a fire or casualty insurance policy if the proceeds are paid directly to the insurance agent, broker, or company issuing or underwriting the insurance and the extension of credit is fully secured by the unearned portion of the premium so financed.

(j) Any extension of instalment sale credit made on or before December 31, 1941, which (1) does not bring above \$50 the total of the obligor's outstanding indebtedness to the Registrant arising out of extensions of instalment sale credit made on or after September 1, 1941, and (2) is to be repaid at approximately equal intervals and in approximately equal instalments the last of which matures within 9 months after the first day of the calendar month next following such extension.

(k) Any extension of instalment loan credit which is made to a person engaged in agriculture, or to a cooperative association of such persons, provided that

the extension of instalment loan credit (1) is approved by the Farm Security Administrator, or his authorized agent, as being necessary for the rehabilitation of a needy farm family, or (2) is for general agricultural purposes and is not for the purpose of purchasing any listed article and not secured by any listed article purchased within 45 days before the extension of credit. In determining whether a loan meets the description of clause (2) above, a Registrant may accept in good faith a written statement signed by the obligor setting forth the facts relied upon to bring the loan within the description, and the facts set forth in such statement shall, for the purposes of this regulation, be deemed to be correct.

#### SECTION 7. ENFORCEABILITY OF CONTRACTS

Pending an opportunity for the Board to observe this regulation in operation and except as may subsequently be otherwise provided, all of the provisions of this regulation are designated, pursuant to section 2(d) of the Executive Order, as being for administrative purposes within the meaning of said section 2(d) which provides that noncompliance with provisions of the regulation so designated shall not affect the right to enforce contracts.

#### SECTION 8. RENEWALS, REVISIONS, AND ADDITIONS

\*(a) Renewals or Revisions.—If any obligation or claim evidencing any extension of instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit is renewed or revised by a Registrant, the extension of instalment credit does not comply with the requirements of this regu-lation if such renewal or revision has the effect of changing the terms of repayment to terms which this regulation would not have permitted in the first instance for such credit; Provided, however, That this shall not prevent the Registrant from taking any such action if the Registrant accepts in good faith a statement of necessity as provided in section 8(d) and the extension of instalment credit provides for a schedule of repayment in conformity with this regulation as though it were a new extension of instal-ment credit; and *Provided further*, That nothing in this regulation shall be construed to prevent any Registrant from making any renewal or revision, or taking any action that it shall deem necessary in good faith, (1) with respect to any obligation of any member of the armed forces of the United States incurred prior to his induction into such service, or (2) for the Registrant's own protection in connection with any obligation which is in default and is the subject of *bona fide* collection effort by the Registrant. \*(b) Additions to Outstanding Credit.—If any

\*(b) Additions to Outstanding Credit.—If any Registrant makes any extension of instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit and such extension of instalment credit is consolidated with any obligation held by the Registrant evidencing any prior extension of instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit to the same obligor, neither extension of instalment credit complies with the requirements of this regulation unless the terms of the consolidated obligation are such as would have been necessary to meet the requirements of this regulation if the two extensions had not been so consolidated; *Provided*, *however*, That if the Registrant accepts in good faith a statement of necessity as provided in section 8(d), the combined obligation may provide for a schedule of repayment in conformity with this regulation as

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<sup>\*</sup> Effective November 1, 1941.

though it were a new extension of instalment credit. \*(c) Credit to Retire Obligations Held Elsewhere.

Any extension of instalment credit, the proceeds of which a Registrant knows or has reason to know will be used in whole or in part to reduce or retire any extension of instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit not held by such Registrant, shall be subject to the requirements of section 8(a) or 8(b), including the provisos thereof, to the same extent as if the obligation being reduced or retired were held by the Registrant. In determining whether the proceeds of any extension of instalment credit will be so used, if the Registrant accepts in good faith a written statement with respect thereto signed by the obligor, such statement shall, for the purposes of this regulation, be deemed to be correct. \*(d) Statement of Necessity to Prevent Undue

\*(d) Statement of Necessity to Prevent Undue Hardship.—The requirements of a statement of necessity, as provided for in sections 8(a), 8(b), and 8(c), will be complied with only if the Registrant accepts in good faith a written statement on a form prescribed by the Board and signed by the obligor that the contemplated renewal, revision, or other action is necessary in order to avoid undue hardship upon the obligor resulting from contingencies which were unforeseen by the obligor at the time of obtaining the original extension of instalment credit or which were beyond the control of the obligor, which statement also sets forth briefly the principal facts and circumstances with respect to such contingencies and specifically states that the renewal, revision, or other action is not pursuant to any preconceived plan, arrangement, or intention to evade or circumvent any requirement of this regulation.

(e) Obligations Outstanding on September 1, 1941. —The requirements of sections 8(a), 8(b), and 8(c), do not apply to any renewal or revision of any obligation arising out of any extension of instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit made prior to September 1, 1941; but when any such outstanding obligation has been combined with any extension of instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit made on or after September 1, 1941, or has been the subject of any renewal or revision made on or after such date, such extension of instalment credit shall thereafter be treated for the purposes of this regulation as having been made on or after such date.

as having been made on or after such date. (f) Side Loan to Make Down-Payment on Listed Article.—An extension of instalment credit which is limited in amount by this regulation to the maximum credit value of any listed article, does not comply with the requirements of this regulation if the Registrant making such extension of instalment credit knows or has reason to know that there is, or that there is to be, any other extension of credit in connection with the purchase of the listed article which would bring the total amount of credit extended in connection with such purchase beyond the maximum credit value of such article as specified in the Supplement; *Provided*, That, if the Registrant accepts in good faith a written statement signed by the obligor that no such other extension exists or is to be made, such statement shall, for the purposes of this regulation, be deemed to be correct. (g) Evasive Side Agreements.—No extension of

(g) Evasive Side Agreements.—No extension of instalment credit complies with the requirements of this regulation if at the time it is made there is any agreement, arrangement, or understanding by which the obligor is to be enabled to make repayment on

conditions inconsistent with those required by this regulation, or which would otherwise evade or circumvent, or conceal any evasion or circumvention of, any requirement of this regulation.

#### SECTION 9. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

(a) Clerical Errors.—Any failure to comply with this regulation resulting from a mistake in determining, calculating, or recording any price, credit value, or extension of credit, or other similar matter, shall not be construed to be a violation of this regulation if the Registrant establishes that such failure to comply was the result of excusable error and was not occasioned by a regular course of dealing.

(b) Calculating Maximum Maturity of Contract.— In calculating the maximum maturity of a contract from the date on which any listed article was purchased or any loan was made, depending upon which such date is required by this regulation to be used for such calculation, a Registrant may, at his option, use as such date of purchase or loan any date not more than 15 days subsequent to the actual date thereof.

as such date of purchase or loan any date not more than 15 days subsequent to the actual date thereof.
(c) "Lay-away" Plans.—With respect to any extension of instalment sale credit involving a bona fide "lay-away" plan, or other similar plan by which a purchaser makes one or more payments on an article before receiving delivery thereof, the Registrant may, for the purposes of this regulation, treat the extension of instalment sale credit as not having been made until the date of the delivery of the article to the purchaser.
(d) Outstanding Contracts.—Except as provided

(d) Outstanding Contracts.—Except as provided in section 8(e) with respect to contracts made prior to September 1, 1941, which have been renewed, revised, or consolidated on or after such date, nothing in this regulation shall apply with respect to any valid contract made prior to such date.

(e) Payments Arising out of Loans on Instalment Obligations.—With respect to any loan on the security of an obligation or claim which arises out of an extension of instalment credit, the prohibitions of this regulation shall be deemed to apply only to payments arising out of the obligation or claim rather than to payments arising out of the loan.

(f) Determining Security for Instalment Loan Credit.—In determining whether an extension of instalment loan credit is secured by any recently acquired listed article, as described in section 5(a), the Registrant acting in good faith may disregard any such listed article which specifically secures some other extension of credit and secures the loan in question merely by reason of an "overlap agreement," "spreader clause," or other form of general over-all lien.

(g) **Records and Reports.**—Every Registrant shall keep such records and make such reports as the Board may from time to time require as necessary or appropriate for enabling it to perform its functions under the Executive Order.

(h) Production of Records.—Every Registrant, as and when required by the Board, shall furnish complete information relative to any transaction within the scope of the Executive Order, including the production of any books of account, contracts, letters, or other papers in connection therewith.

(i) Transactions Outside United States.—Nothing in this regulation shall apply with respect to any extension of credit made in Alaska, the Panama Canal Zone, or any territory or possession outside the continental United States.

<sup>\*</sup> Effective November 1, 1941.

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(j) Right of Registrant to Impose Stricter Requirements .--- Nothing in this regulation shall be construed to modify the right of any Registrant to refuse to extend credit, or to extend less credit than the amount permitted by this regulation, or to require that repayment be made within a shorter period than the maximum permitted by this regulation.

#### SECTION 10. EFFECTIVE DATE OF REGULATION

This regulation shall become effective September 1, 1941, except that sections 4(f) and 5(c)(1) shall not become effective until October 1, 1941, sections 8(a), 8(b), 8(c), and 8(d) shall not become effective until November 1, 1941, and sections 4(e) and 5(c) (4) shall not become effective until January 1, 1942.

#### SUPPLEMENT TO REGULATION W

Part 1. Listed Articles, Maximum Maturities, and Maximum Credit Values.—For the purposes of the regulation the following maximum maturities and maximum credit values shall apply to the following list of articles:

	Manimum	Credit Value in per
Articles of Consumers' Durable Goods	Maturity	
(Whether new or used)	in Months	
Group A		
1. Automobiles (passenger cars de	-	(a
signed for the purpose of trans porting less than 10 passengers	-	(See Part 3 of this
including taxicabs)		Supplement.)
Group B	. 10	bupplement.)
1. Aircraft (including gliders)	. 18	66 - 2/3
2. Power driven boats, and motors de		
signed for use therein, other than boats or motors designed specifi		
cally for commercial use	. 18	66-2/3
3. Outboard boat motors	. 18	66-2/3
4. Motorcycles (two or three-whee motor vehicles, including motor	1	
bicycles)	r . 18	66 - 2/3
Group C	. 10	00-2/3
1. Mechanical refrigerators of less that	n	
12 cubic feet rated capacity	. 18	80
2. Washing machines designed for	r to	0.0
household use 3. Ironers designed for household use	. 18 . 18	80 80
4. Suction cleaners designed for house	- 10	00
hold use	. 18	80
5. Cooking stoves and ranges with les		•
than seven heating surfaces 6. Heating stoves and space heater		80
designed for household use		80
7. Electric dishwashers designed fo		
household use	. 18	80
<ol> <li>Room-unit air conditioners</li> <li>Sewing machines designed for house</li> </ol>		80
hold use	. 18	80
10. Radio receiving sets, phonographs	,	
or combinations	. 18	80
11. Musical instruments composed prin cipally of metals		80
Group D	. 10	80
1. Household furnaces and heating	g	
units for furnaces (including o	il 🛛	
burners, gas conversion burners and stokers)	, . 18	85
2. Water heaters designed for house	- 10	00
hold use	. 18	85
3. Water pumps designed for house		
hold use 4. Plumbing and sanitary fixtures de	. 18	85
signed for household use	. 18	85
5. Home air conditioning systems	. 18	85
6. Attic ventilating fans. 7. New household furniture (include	. 18	85
7. New household furniture (includ	-	
ing ice refrigerators, bed springs and mattresses but excluding floo	i, 1*	
coverings, wall coverings, dra	-	
coverings, wall coverings, dra peries, and bed coverings) <sup>1</sup>	. 18	90
8. Pianos and household electric organ	.s 18	90
1 An article is not now if it has been us	od by a cos	

<sup>1</sup> An article is not new if it has been used by a consumer.

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Articles of Consumers' Durable Goods (Whether new or used)	Maturity	Maximum Credit Value in per cent of Basis Price
Group E	_	
1. Materials and services (other than		
materials listed in Group C or D)		
in connection with repairs, alter	-	
ations, or improvements upor		
urban, suburban, or rural rea	1	
property in connection with exist	-	
ing structures, provided the de	-	
ferred balance does not exceed		
\$1,000	10	No limitation

Part 2. Basis Price of Listed Articles Other Than Automobiles .- The basis price of any listed article other than an automobile shall be the bona fide cash purchase price of the article and accessories purpurchase price of the article and accessories pur-chased, including any sales taxes thereon and any bona fide delivery and installation charges, minus the amount of any allowance made by the seller for any article traded-in by the purchaser (including as such a trade-in anything which the seller buys or arranges to have bought from the purchaser at or about the time of the purchase of the listed article) about the time of the purchase of the listed article).

Part 3. Maximum Credit Value of Automobiles .-For the purposes of section 4 and section 5(a) of the regulation:

(a) The maximum credit value of a new automobile shall be 66% per cent of the bona fide cash purchase price of the automobile and accessories (including any sales taxes thereon and any bona fide delivery charges) but in no event to exceed 662/3 per cent of the sum of the following items:

(1) The advertised delivered price of the automobile (with standard equipment) at the factory;

(2) Transportation charges established by the manufacturer from factory to point of delivery;

(3) Any Federal, State, or local taxes not included in the foregoing; and

(4) Any bona fide charges for delivery or accessories not included in the foregoing items.

In case the automobile is sold for delivery at the factory, by a dealer in a given place to a resident of such place or its vicinity who actually intends to bring the automobile to such place or vicinity and use it there, an amount equal to the freight from the factory to such place may be included.

(b) For any used automobile the maximum credit value, until otherwise provided, shall be 66% per cent of the bona fide cash purchase price (including any sales taxes thereon).

Part 4. Instalment Loan Credit Subject to Section 5(b) of the Regulation.—The maximum maturity of any extension of instalment loan credit of \$1,000 or less subject to section 5(b) of the regulation shall be 18 months.

#### APPENDIX TO REGULATION W

The Appendix to Regulation W consists of the text of the Executive Order of the President with respect to regulation of consumer credit. The text of this Executive Order is set forth above at p. 837.]

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#### Interpretations of Regulation W

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has issued the following interpretations of Regulation W relating to Consumer Credit.

#### Pre-September Commitment to Make Loan

#### Interpretation No. 1 of Regulation W

An inquiry which may be stated as follows has been received under Regulation W:

"Work is in progress on a home modernization job which cannot be completed by August 31. Prior to the issuance of Regulation W or the signing of Executive Order 8843 under which Regulation W was issued, a lender made a written commitment to finance the modernization upon its completion. When the work is completed in due course after September 1, may it be financed pursuant to the pre-September commitment, or must the financing comply with the 18-months limitation stated in the Supplement to the regulation? Would it make any difference whether the credit was instalment sale credit instead of instalment loan credit?"

It is the opinion of the Board that in such a case of a bona fide written pre-September commitment, which is in effect a contract to make a contract and which involves no effort to evade the regulation, section 9(d) permits the modernization to be financed pursuant to such commitment even though the loan is not made until after September 1. The same result would follow in such a case whether the credit was instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit.

#### **Commitment to Make Loan—Calculating Maturity of Loan**

Interpretation No. 2 of Regulation W An inquiry which may be stated as follows has been received under Regulation W:

"In connection with a contract for the modernization of a building, a written commitment is made on September 2, 1941, for a loan which will be subject to Regulation W and is to be made when the work is completed. The construction and installations involved in the modernization are expedited as much as circumstances will permit, and are completed on October 10, when the loan is made on the certificate of completion. In calculating the 18-months maximum maturity permitted for the credit, should September 2 or October 10 be taken as the base? Would it make any difference if the credit was instalment sale credit instead of instalment loan credit?"

The Board is of the opinion that in the specified case the date to be used as the base for calculating the 18-months maximum maturity is October 10. This would hold true whether the credit is instalment sale credit or instalment loan credit.

#### "Designed for Household Use"

#### Interpretation No. 3 of Regulation W

Re Regulation W inquiry on furniture, if furniture is of the type used in households it is subject to the regulation and it does not matter that the particular piece may be sold for use in an office, hospital, store, or other commercial building.

#### **Cooking Stoves and Ranges—Heating Surfaces**

Interpretation No. 4 of Regulation W

Re Regulation W inquiry on cooking stoves and ranges, an oven or a broiler is considered a heating surface if it has a separate source of heat, as, for example, a separate burner or electric element, but if oven and broiler have a separate source of heat in common it is considered that there is but one heating surface. Neither is considered a heating surface if its source of heat is a central firebox.

#### **Collateral Trust Notes Secured by Instalment Sales Paper**

Interpretation No. 5 of Regulation W

An inquiry which may be stated as follows has been received under Regulation W:

"Pursuant to an established bona fide business practice a finance company issues and sells notes which are secured by instalment sales obligations trusteed under a collateral trust agreement. It is not feasible for a purchaser of the collateral trust notes to examine the underlying obligations held by the trustee. Suppose one of the underlying instalment obligations failed to comply with the requirements of Regulation W and such noncompliance, although

unknown to the purchaser of the collateral trust notes, showed on the face of the underlying instalment obligation. Would the purchase of the collateral trust note in such a case, or the receipt of payments on the note, constitute a violation of Regulation W?"

The regulation does not apply to the purchaser unless he is a person required by section 3(a)(1) to be licensed. If he is such a person, the payments received, according to the question as stated, arise out of the collateral trust note rather than the underlying obligation and under section 9(e) the regulation does not apply to such payments.

Even if the transaction were such that the payments arose out of the underlying obligation rather than the collateral trust note the receipt of payments by the registrant purchasing the note secured by such underlying obligation would not be contrary to the regulation if when he made the purchase the underlying obligation did not on its face show some noncompliance or if he did not at that time know some fact by reason of which the extension of credit on which the underlying obligation was based failed to comply with the regulation. In this connection it will be noted that while 4 (f) requires that extension of instalment sale credit be evidenced in the prescribed manner, this does not require that the obligation or claim referred to in section 3(a)(2)(B) shall contain all the prescribed information, since under section 4(f)the evidence of the underlying transaction which must contain the necessary information, or have such information attached, may be a separate instrument or record and need not be the same as the obligation or claim referred to in section 3(a)(2)(B).

#### Refrigerators—Frozen Food Cabinets—Milk Coolers

#### Interpretation No. 6 of Regulation W

The classification mechanical refrigerators includes frozen food cabinets of the specified capacity but does not include milk coolers, assuming that they are not designed for household use.

#### **Clothes Driers**

#### Interpretation No. 7 of Regulation W

Tumbler clothes driers are not included in any of the classifications of listed articles.

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#### Mail Order Business—Orders Postmarked Before September 1 Received Thereafter

#### Interpretation No. 8 of Regulation W

In connection with section 9(d) of Regulation W exempting contracts made before September 1, questions have been received as to whether orders received through the mail by a mail order company come within the exemption if the orders are postmarked prior to September 1 but in the usual course of business are not filled until after that date. The standing practice of the company has been to fill all such mail orders according to the terms of the catalog, subject only to the right of the company to refuse to fill the order for certain specified reasons such as unsatisfactory credit standing of the customer. If such orders are received in good faith pursuant to an outstanding catalog and without personal solicitation, it is the view of the Board that those postmarked before September 1 may be deemed to be exempted under section 9(d) even though in the usual course of business they are not filled until after that date.

#### Lamps Included in "Household Furniture"

Interpretation No. 9 of Regulation W The classification household furniture includes lamps designed for household use.

#### Coupons Sold by Department Store—Calculation of Down Payment

Interpretation No. 10 of Regulation W An inquiry which may be stated as follows has been received under Regulation W:

"Coupons serve as money within a department store and are sold by store on instalment basis with maturity shorter than prescribed in Regulation but down payments are smaller than required by Regulation. May coupons purchased for 10 per cent down and 8 months to pay be used for purchase of vacuum cleaner requiring 20 per cent down payment?"

Board is of opinion that for purposes of applying Regulation W face value of coupon is not material but that consideration should be given only to amount of money actually paid by purchaser.

Accordingly sale of vacuum cleaner would not comply with Regulation if sufficient money to constitute required down payment had not whether the contract included credit arrangebeen paid before sale, whether money was ments, relatively little proof would be needed paid for coupons or otherwise.

#### Effective Date of Regulation Not Changed by Holiday

Interpretation No. 11 of Regulation W

Question has been raised as to effect of September 1 holiday upon the effective date of Regulation W. Fact that this is holiday does not alter effective date of regulation, which becomes effective at beginning of business on September 1.

#### Pre-September Commitment to Make Loan-General Principles

Interpretation No. 12 of Regulation W

Certain questions have been received regarding the status under Regulation W of commitments made prior to September 1 to extend credit after September 1. Section 9 (d) of the regulation exempts "any valid contract made prior" to September 1. An earlier ruling of the Board has indicated that this exemption applies to a written commitment made prior to September 1 with respect to a modernization job that is in process on August 31. In order to clarify further the application of this provision to outstanding commitments, certain general principles applicable to such commitments are set out below.

1. The underlying principle is that the exemption in section 9(d) for "any valid contract" made before September 1 applies not only to an extension of credit actually made before that date, but also to a valid contract to make a contract. The exemption, therefore, includes a valid commitment made in good faith before September 1 to extend credit after September 1, and includes also the credit extended pursuant to such a commitment.

2. In order for the exemption to apply there must have been a valid contract. The general test is that the borrower should, in the absence of the regulation, have been able to maintain a suit for damages if the credit had not been granted pursuant to the contract. Some of the requirements for such a contract may be briefly summarized: (a) Even an exact agreement on the sale of a particular article is not necessarily an agreement to extend credit therefor. There must have been a valid contract relating to the credit. Where there is ambiguity as to

ments, relatively little proof would be needed in the case of a contract for a unique or "custom built" item, as for example a home modernization job, to show that the contract did include credit arrangements; but in the case of a standard article the presumption would be strongly the other way. (b) There must in any case be considerably more than general negotiations or indefinite "understandings" that the credit would be extended. There must have been an agreement to extend the credit and a reasonably exact agreement as to terms and amount. (c) While not always essential, the case is much clearer if there is written evidence of the commitment. The time as of which the extension of credit is itself dated is not important, the significant date being that of the prior commitment.

3. Substance and good faith rather than technicalities and formalities control in determining whether there is a valid pre-September contract. The most elaborate written documents do not constitute such a contract unless they represent a bona fide commitment made as a part of a regular business transaction and not as a means of evading the regulation.

#### "Household Furniture"—Articles Included

Interpretation No. 13 of Regulation W

The classification household furniture includes mirrors, unpainted furniture, stools, kitchen or breakfast room sets, porch tables, chairs, and swings, and kitchen cabinets but does not include pictures or clothes hampers.

#### **Certain Articles Which Are Not "Listed Articles"**

#### Interpretation No. 14 of Regulation W

The following articles are not included in any of the classifications of listed articles: toasters, food mixers, roasters, air circulating or ventilating fans other than attic fans or air conditioners, waffle irons, clocks, carpet sweepers not electrically operated.

#### **Intervals Between Instalments**

Interpretation No. 15 of Regulation W

Section 4(d) of Regulation W does not permit sale of listed article for payment in five equal instalments spaced at three month intervals.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

848

#### Broker Borrowing From Nonmember Bank Under Section 8(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

The Board recently considered a question under section 8(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which is incorporated in section 5 of the Board's Regulation T and which reads in part as follows:

"SEC. 8. It shall be unlawful for any member of a national securities exchange, or any broker or dealer who transacts a business in securities through the medium of any such member, directly or indirectly—

"(a) To borrow in the ordinary course of business as a broker or dealer on any security (other than an exempted security) registered on a national securities exchange except (1) from or through a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, (2) from any nonmember bank which shall have filed with the Federal Reserve Board an agreement, which is still in force and which is in the form prescribed by the Board, undertaking to comply with all provisions of this Act, the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, and the Banking Act of 1933, which are applicable to member banks and which relate to the use of credit to finance transactions in securities, and with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed pursuant to such provisions of law or for the purpose of preventing evasions thereof, or (3) in accordance with such rules and regulations as the Federal Reserve Board may prescribe to permit loans between such members and/or brokers and/or dealers, or to permit loans to meet emergency needs. . . ."

The question was, in effect, whether a broker subject to the provision may borrow from a nonmember bank that has not signed the specified agreement if the loan is not obtained directly from the nonmember bank but is made by a member bank acting as agent for the nonmember bank.

It is the view of the Board that Section 8(a)(2) of the Act states the general rule for borrowings, of the specified type, from nonmember banks. It is true that under clause (3) the Board is authorized "to permit loans to meet emergency needs", and that under this authority the Board might conceivably authorize such emergency loans even by nonmember banks that have not filed the specified agreement. Such emergency au-

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thorization, however, would not alter the fact that ordinary day-to-day borrowings from nonmember banks are covered by clause (2).

Similarly, the Board feels that the provision in clause (1) for borrowings "from or through a member bank of the Federal Reserve System" should not be construed to authorize a broker to do indirectly what the law clearly forbids him to do directly. Such a construction of the provision would, in the opinion of the Board, extend the meaning of the word "through" considerably beyond that which it might reasonably be expected to have in the context.

It is perhaps not entirely clear why the word "through" was included in clause (1), or why it was omitted in clause (2). However, it may have been included to authorize, or to clarify, borrowings by a broker from a member bank when the member bank is acting as agent for another member bank or for a nonmember bank that has signed the agreement. Such a construction would seem to be more in conformity with the general purpose and tenor of the section than would the suggested extension of the term.

The Committee reports on the legislation and the drafts of the provision in the bills that preceded the final statute were carefully examined for any light they might throw on the question, and the Board is unable to see how these conflict with the views expressed above. In fact, they seem to reinforce the conclusion.

As originally introduced by Senator Fletcher on February 9, 1934 (S. 2693) and Congressman Rayburn on February 10, 1934 (H. R. 7852) the provision on the point in both bills entirely excluded borrowings from nonmember banks and did it in a form somewhat different from that of later drafts. The identical provision in both these bills provided that it would be unlawful for the specified persons:

"(a) To borrow on any security registered on a national securities exchange from any person other than a member bank of the Federal Reserve System;"

The word "through" first appeared in H. R. 8720, introduced by Congressman Rayburn on March 19, 1934. Section 7(a) of that bill prohibited the specified borrowing:

"... except (1) from or through a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, or (2) in accordance with such rules

and regulations as the Federal Reserve Board may prescribe to permit limited loans between members and/or brokers or dealers who transact a business in securities through the medium of a member, or to permit loans from or through others than member banks in localities where there are no member banks, or to meet emergency needs."

Section 8(a) of S. 3420, introduced by Senator Fletcher on April 20, 1934 and reported out by the Senate Banking and Currency Committee on the same day, contained substantially the same provision. The Committee report on the bill strongly negatives any thought that the word "through" was intended to have the meaning suggested by the inquiry. Instead, it rather indicates that the word was used more or less as a synonym for "from" and was intended to add very little to that term. The report at page 7 says that the provision:

". . . prohibits brokers and dealers from borrowing except through a member bank of the Federal Reserve System or in accordance with regulations of the Commission".

And on page 16 the report states that the provision confines the specified borrowings to:

". . . loans from member banks of the Federal Reserve System and loans from other sources made in accordance with such rules as the Commission may prescribe, either in general or under particular conditions."

It seems clear that the terms "from" and "through" were considered to be more or less synonymous and interchangeable.

Section 7(a) of H. R. 9323, introduced by Congressman Rayburn on April 25, 1934 and reported out on April 27, 1934 by the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, contained a provision identical with section 8(a) of the final Act. The Committee report on this bill, like that on the Senate bill, gives every indication that "from or through" was intended to refer only to the usual direct banking relations and that the word "through" was not intended to have the extended meaning suggested by the inquiry. On page 7 the report states that:

"Borrowings by brokers to finance their

or through member banks of the Federal Reserve System or those nonmember banks which apply for a license from the Board.'

Far from giving the suggested broad meaning to the word "through", the Committee did not even draw any distinction between clause (1), where the word "through" is used in authorizing borrowings from member banks, and clause (2), where the word is entirely omitted in authorizing borrowings from nonmember banks. The same is true when the provision is described in more detail on pages 19-20, as follows:

"By subsection (a), borrowing on registered securities (other than exempted securities) by members, brokers, and dealers who do a business through members is confined to loans from member banks of the Federal Reserve System or from nonmember banks which agree to comply with the provisions of this act, the Federal Reserve Act, and the Banking Act of 1933, insofar as they relate to the use of credit to finance transactions in securities. This, however, is subject to certain exceptions in case of transactions between members, brokers, and dealers and in emergency cases." (Italics added.)

In view of these considerations, which have been set forth at some length because of the novelty of the question, the Board expressed the opinion that section 8(a) does not authorize ordinary borrowings by a broker from a nonmember bank which has not filed the specified agreement and that this is not altered by the fact that the loan is made by a member bank acting as agent for the nonmember bank.

#### Use of Obligations of the United States as Collateral for Federal **Reserve Notes**

There is set forth below the text of an Act of Congress approved June 30, 1941, extending until June 30, 1943, the period during which direct obligations of the United States may be used as collateral security for Federal Reserve notes.

> [Public Law 141—77th Congress] [Chapter 264—1st Session] [S. 1471] AN ACT

To extend the period during which direct obligations of the United States may be used as collateral security for Federal Reserve notes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reprecustomers are confined to borrowings from sentatives of the United States of America in Cong-

ress assembled, That the second paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is "until June 30, 1941" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "until June 30, 1943."

Approved, June 30, 1941.

#### Extension of Powers Relating to the Stabilization Fund and the Weight of the Dollar

There is set forth below the text of an Act of Congress approved June 30, 1941, extending the time within which the President may exercise the powers relating to the stabilization fund and the alteration of the weight of the dollar.

> [Public Law 142-77th Congress] [Chapter 265-1st Session] [H. R. 4646] AN ACT

To extend the time within which the powers relating to the stabilization fund and alteration of the weight of the dollar may be exercised.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-sentatives of the United States of America in Con-gress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 10 of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934, approved January 30, 1934, as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

"(c) All the powers conferred by this section shall expire June 30, 1943, unless the President shall sooner declare the existing emergency ended and the operation of the stabilization fund terminated."

SEC. 2. The second sentence added to paragraph (b) (2) of section 43, title III, of the Act approved May 12, 1933, by section 12 of said Gold Reserve Act of 1934, as amended, is further amended to read as follows: "The powers of the President specified in this paragraph shall be deemed to be separate, distinct, and continuing powers, and may be exercised by him, from time to time, severally or together, whenever and as the expressed objects of this section in his judgment may require; except that such powers shall expire June 30, 1943, unless the President shall sooner declare the existing emergency ended.'

Approved, June 30, 1941.

#### **Executive Order Establishing the Economic Defense Board**

There is set forth below the text of an Executive Order issued by the President on July 30, 1941, providing for the establishment of the Economic Defense Board.

#### **EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 8839**

ESTABLISHING THE ECONOMIC DEFENSE BOARD

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes of the United States, by virtue of the existence of an unlimited national emergency, and for the purpose of developing and coordinating policies, plans, and programs designed to protect and strengthen the international economic relations of the United States in the interest of na-

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tional defense, of international economic activities including those relating to exports, imports, the acquisition and disposition of materials and com-modities from foreign countries including preclusive buying, transactions in foreign exchange and foreign-owned or foreign-controlled property, international investments and extensions of credit, shipping and transportation of goods among countries, the international aspects of patents, international communications pertaining to commerce, and other foreign economic matters.

2. There is hereby established an Economic Defense Board (hereinafter referred to as the "Board' The Board shall consist of the Vice President of the United States, who shall serve as Chairman, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Attorney General, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Commerce. The Chairman may, with the approval of the President, appoint addi-tional members to the Board. Each member of the Board, other than the Chairman, may designate an alternate from among the officials of his Department, subject to the continuing approval of the Chairman, and such alternate may act for such member in all matters relating to the Board.

3. In furtherance of such policies and objectives as the President may from time to time determine, the Board shall perform the following functions and duties:

a. Advise the President as to economic defense measures to be taken or functions to be performed which are essential to the effective defense of the Nation.

b. Coordinate the policies and actions of the several departments and agencies carrying on activities relating to economic defense in order to assure unity and balance in the application of such measures

c. Develop integrated economic defense plans and programs for coordinated action by the departments and agencies concerned and use all appropriate means to assure that such plans and programs are carried into effect by such departments and agencies.

d. Make investigations and advise the President on the relationship of economic defense (as defined in paragraph 1) measures to post-war economic reconstruction and on the steps to be taken to pro-tect the trade position of the United States and to expedite the establishment of sound, peace-time international economic relationships.

e. Review proposed or existing legislation re-lating to or affecting economic defense and, with the approval of the President, recommend such additional legislation as may be necessary or desirable.

4. The administration of the various activities relating to economic defense shall remain with the several departments and agencies now charged with such duties but such administration shall conform to the policies formulated or approved by the Board.

5. In the study of problems and in the formulation of programs, it shall be the policy of the Board to collaborate with existing departments and agencies which perform functions and activities pertaining to tional defense, it is hereby ordered as follows: 1. The term "economic defense," whenever used in this Order, means the conduct, in the interest of naproposed policies and measures involving economic defense considerations and shall supply such information and data as the Board may require in performing its functions. The Board may arrange for the establishment of committees or groups of advisers, representing two or more departments and agencies as the case may require, to study and develop economic defense plans and programs in respect to particular commodities or services, geographical areas, types of measures that might be exercised, and other related matters.

6. To facilitate unity of action and the maximum use of existing services and facilities, each of the following departments and agencies, in addition to the departments and agencies represented on the Board, shall designate a responsible officer or officers, subject to the approval of the Chairman, to represent the department or agency in its continuing relationships with the Board: The Departments of the Post Office, the Interior, and Labor, the Federal Loan Agency, the United States Maritime Commission, the United States Tariff Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Resources Planning Board, the Defense Communications Board, the Office of Production Management, the Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply, the Office for Coordination of Commercial and Cultural Relations Between the American Republics, the Permanent Joint Board on Defense, the Administrator of Export Control, the Division of Defense Aid Reports, the Coordinator of Information, and such additional departments and agencies as the Chairman may from time to time determine. The Chairman shall provide for the systematic conduct of business with the foregoing departments and agencies.

7. The Chairman is authorized to make all necessary arrangements, with the advice and assistance of the Board, for discharging and performing the responsibilities and duties required to carry out the functions and authorities set forth in this Order, and to make final decisions when necessary to expedite the work of the Board. He is further authorized, within the limits of such funds as may be allocated to the Board by the President, to employ necessary personnel and make provision for the necessary supplies, facilities, and services. The Chairman may, with the approval of the President, appoint an executive officer.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

The White House, July 30, 1941.

#### Executive Order and Regulations on Transfers of Property of Foreign Countries and Their Nationals

The Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Treasury Regulations issued thereunder providing that transfers of credit, foreign exchange transactions, the export or earmarkings of coin, bullion or currency, or other similar operations, by persons or institutions in the United States which involve property of all countries of Continental Europe or any nationals thereof, shall be subject to license by the Secretary of the Treas-

ury, were amended on July 26, 1941, so as to extend to China and Japan.

The texts of the Executive Order and accompanying Regulations and amendments thereto have been printed in previous issues of the Federal Reserve BULLETIN. There is published below a statement issued by the Treasury Department in explanation of the recent amendments together with the full texts of the July 26 amendments.

#### Treasury Department, Washington, July 26, 1941

In view of the unlimited national emergency declared by the President, he has today issued an Executive Order freezing Japanese assets in the United States in the same manner in which assets of various European countries were frozen on June 14, 1941. This measure, in effect, brings all financial and import and export trade transactions in which Japanese interests are involved under the control of the Government and imposes criminal penalties for violation of the Order. This Executive Order, just as the Order of June 14, 1941, is designed among other things to prevent the use of the financial facilities of the United States and trade between Japan and the United States, in ways harmful to national defense and American interests, to prevent the liquidation in the United States of assets obtained by duress or conquest, and to curb subversive activities in the United States.

At the specific request of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and for the purpose of helping the Chinese Government, the President has, at the same time, extended the freezing control to Chinese assets in the United States. The administration of the licensing system with respect to Chinese assets will be conducted with a view to strengthening the foreign trade and exchange position of the Chinese Government. The inclusion of China in the Executive Order, in accordance with the wishes of the Chinese Government, is a continuation of this Government's policy of assisting China.

#### EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 8832

#### Amendment of Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, As Amended

By virtue of the authority vested in me by Section 5(b) of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 415), as amended, and by virtue of all other authority vested in me, I, Franklin D. Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, as amended, by changing the period at the end of subdivision (j) of Section 3 of such Order to a semicolon and adding the following new subdivision thereafter:

(k) June 14, 1941— China, and Japan.

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

The White House, July 26, 1941.

#### Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

#### AMENDMENT TO REGULATIONS \*

The Regulations of April 10, 1940, as amended (Sections 130.1 to 130.7), are hereby amended so that reports on Form TFR-300 shall be filed with respect to all property subject to the jurisdiction of the United States on the opening of business on July 26, 1941, as well as with respect to all property subject to the jurisdiction of the United States on the opening of business on June 1, 1940, and with respect to all property subject to the jurisdiction of the United States on the opening of business on June 14, 1941, in which on the respective dates China or Japan or any national thereof had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect. Such reports shall be filed by the persons specified in Section 130.4 of the Regulations and in the manner prescribed in the Regulations.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved: July 26, 1941. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

#### General Licenses and Public Circulars Issued by the Secretary of the Treasury

Since the publication of certain General Licenses, Public Circulars, and General Rulings on pages 740 through 744 of the August 1941 Federal Reserve BULLETIN, the following General Licenses and Public Circulars have been issued by the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury under authority of the Executive Order of April 10, 1941, as amended, and **Regulations** issued pursuant thereto relating to transactions in foreign exchange, etc.

#### Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 13, as Amended, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.<sup>+</sup>

General License No. 13 is amended by deleting the following offices therefrom:

(a) the Kobe, Shanghai and Amoy offices of the Nederlandsch Indische Handelsbank;

(b) the Kobe and Shankhai offices of the Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 54, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

A general license is hereby granted licensing any transaction which is prohibited by the Order solely by reason of the fact that it involves property in which China or Japan, or any national thereof, has at any time prior to July 26, 1941, but not on or since July 26, 1941, had any interest.

This general license shall not be deemed to authorize any transaction, if (i) such transaction is by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of China or Japan, or any national thereof, or (ii) such transaction involves property in which China or Japan, or any national thereof, has at any time on or since July 26, 1941, had any interest.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 55, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted authoriz-ing any banking institution within the United States to make payments from blocked accounts of China or Japan, or any national thereof:

a. Of checks and drafts drawn or issued prior to July 26, 1941, and to accept and pay and debit to such accounts drafts drawn prior to July 26, 1941, under letters of credit provided:

(1) The amount involved in any one payment, acceptance, or debit does not exceed \$500; or

(2) The amount involved in any one payment, acceptance, or debit does not exceed \$10,000 and the check or draft was within the United States in process of collection on or prior to July 26, 1941; and

b. Of documentary drafts drawn under irrevocable letters of credit issued or confirmed by a domestic bank prior to July 26, 1941.

(2) This general license shall not be deemed to authorize any payment to a blocked country, or na-tional thereof, except payments into a blocked account in a domestic bank unless such foreign country or national is otherwise licensed to receive such payments.

(3) Banking institutions making any payment or debit authorized by this general license shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank weekly reports showing the details of such transactions.

(4) This license shall expire at the close of business on August 26, 1941.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

 as amended by Ex. Order 5/55, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order
 Acting Secretary of the 1 reasury.

 \$832, July 26, 1941.
 † Sec. 5 (b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat.

 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order
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 tions, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

<sup>\*</sup> Sections 130.1 to 130.7:—Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 56, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing any partnership, association, corporation or other organization engaged in commercial activities within the Territory of Hawaii and which is a national of China or Japan, to engage in all transactions ordinarily incidental to the normal conduct of its business activities within the Territory of Hawaii, provided, however, that this general license shall not authorize:

(a) Any transaction which could not be effected without a license if such organization were not a national of any blocked country; or

(b) Any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked account in any banking institution within any part of the United States other than the Territory of Hawaii.

(2) Any organization engaging in business pursuant to this general license shall not engage in any transaction, pursuant to this general license or any other general license, which, directly or indirectly, substantially diminishes or imperils the assets of such organization within the Territory of Hawaii or otherwise prejudicially affects the financial position of such organization within the Territory of Hawaii.

(3) Any such organization shall file with the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, within sixty days after the date hereof, an affidavit on Form TFBE-1 setting forth the data called for in such form. Any organization not complying with this requirement is not authorized to engage in any transaction under this general license.

(4) Any bank effecting any payment, transfer or withdrawal pursuant to this general license shall satisfy itself that such payment, transfer or withdrawal is being made pursuant to the terms and conditions of this general license.

(5) Any organization engaging in business pursuant to this general license shall file monthly reports in triplicate with the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii setting forth the details of the transactions engaged in by it during the reporting period. Such report shall indicate receipts and expenditures classified into general categories by source, payee and purpose.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

#### Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 57, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

The British Crown Colony of Hongkong is not a part of China within the meaning of the Order.

By reason of the large number of nationals of blocked countries within Hongkong and its interrelation with the Chinese economy, a general license

\* Sec. 5 (b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

is hereby granted extending the privileges of all general licenses to Hongkong to the same extent as though Hongkong were a part of China.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 58, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pwrsuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing all transactions ordinarily incident to the importing and exporting of goods, wares and merchandise between the United States and any part of China other than Manchuria, *provided* the following terms and conditions are complied with:

(a) Such transaction is not by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of (i) any blocked country other than China, or (ii) any person within Manchuria, or (iii) any national of any blocked country other than China unless such national is within China;

(b) Such transaction does not involve property in which (i) any blocked country other than China, or (ii) any person within Manchuria, or (iii) any national of any blocked country other than China unless such national is within China, has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest; and

(c) Any banking institution within the United States, prior to issuing, confirming or advising letters of credit, or accepting or paying drafts drawn, or reimbursing themselves for payments made, under letters of credit, or making any other payment or transfer of credit, in connection with any importation or exportation pursuant to this general license, or engaging in any other transaction herein authorized, shall satisfy itself (from the shipping documents or otherwise) that: (1) any such transaction is incident to a bona fide importation or exportation and is customary in the normal course of business, and that the value of such importation or exportation reasonably corresponds with the sums of money involved in financing such transaction; and (2) such importation or exportation is or will be made pursuant to all the terms and conditions of this license.

(2) Banking institutions within the United States engaging in any transactions authorized by this general license shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank monthly reports setting forth the details of such transactions during such period, including appropriate identification of the accounts which are debited or credited in connection with any such transaction.

(3) As used in this general license a person shall not be deemed to be "within China" unless such person was situated within and doing business within China on and since June 14, 1941.

#### E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

\* Sec. 5 (b). 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1: 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 59, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing the offices within China of the following as generally licensed nationals:

- The Chase Bank (a)
- (b) National City Bank of New York(c) Underwriters Savings Bank
- (d) American Express Company

- (d) American Express Company
  (e) Moscow Narodny Bank, Ltd.
  (f) Thos. Cook & Son (Bankers), Ltd.
  (g) Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation
  (h) Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.
  (i) David Sassoon & Co., Ltd.

- (j) E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd.
  (k) E. D. Sassoon Banking Co., Ltd.
- Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, (1)Ltd.
  - (m) Nederlandsch Indische Handelsbank (n) Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(2) This general license shall also authorize any such office of any such banking institution to finance imports and exports, and transactions ordinarily incidental thereto, between any part of China except Manchuria and any of the following:

(a) The United States(b) The American Republics (as defined in General License No. 53)

- (c) The British Commonwealth of Nations(d) The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
- (e) The Netherlands East Indies;

provided, however, that this authorization shall not be deemed to permit any payment, transfer or with-drawal from any blocked account; and provided further, that any such office of any such bank, prior to issuing, confirming or advising letters of credit, or accepting or paying drafts drawn, or reimbursing themselves for payments made under letters of credit, or making any other payment or transfer of credit, in connection with any importation or ex-portation pursuant to this general license, or engageing in any other transaction herein authorized, shall satisfy itself (from the shipping documents or otherwise) that: (i) any such transaction is incident to a bona fide importation or exportation and is cus-tomary in the normal course of business, and that the value of such importation or exportation reasonably corresponds with the sums of money involved in financing such transaction; and (ii) such im-portation or exportation is or will be made pursuant to all the terms and conditions of this license.

(3) This general license shall not be deemed to authorize any transaction by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals" or involving property in which any such person has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest.

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regula-1008, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941: 1008, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941: 1008, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941: 1008, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941: 1008, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941: 1008, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

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(4) Banking institutions within the United States making any payment, transfer or withdrawal from the accounts of any such office of the aforementioned banking institutions shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank monthly reports setting forth the details of such transactions during such period.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 60, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing the National Government of the Republic of China and the Central Bank of China as generally licensed nationals.

(2) Any transaction engaged in by such government or such bank pursuant to the order of or for the account of any person within China is also hereby authorized to the same extent, and under the same circumstances, as though such transaction were solely for the account of such government or such bank; provided, however, that this authorization shall not be deemed to permit any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked account except as provided in paragraph (3) of this general license.

(3) This general license shall also authorize any payment or transfer of credit or transfer of securities from any blocked account in which any national of China has an interest to an account in a domestic bank in the name of such government or such bank; provided, no other blocked country or any national thereof has an interest, or has had an interest in such blocked account at any time on or since the effective date of the Order.

(4) Banking institutions within the United States making any payment, transfer or withdrawal from the accounts of such government or such bank or from any blocked account referred to in paragraph (3) shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank monthly reports setting forth the details of such transactions during such period.

(5) The term "generally licensed national" as applied to the National Government of the Republic of China shall mean that such government may be regarded as though China were not a blocked country, and all persons to the extent that they are acting for or on behalf of such government may be regarded as generally licensed nationals.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 61, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

A general license is hereby granted licensing (1)the offices outside the United States and not within

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any blocked country other than China of the following Chinese banks as generally licensed nationals:

- (a) the Bank of China;
- (b) the Bank of Communications; and
- (c) the Farmers Bank.

Any transaction engaged in by any such office of any such bank pursuant to the order of or for the account of any person not within any blocked country is also hereby authorized to the same extent, and under the same circumstances, as though such transaction were solely for the account of such office of such bank; provided, however, that this authorization shall not be deemed to permit any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked account.

(2) This general license shall also authorize any such office of any such banking institution to finance imports and exports, and transactions ordinarily incidental thereto, between any part of China except Manchuria and any of the following:

(a) the United States

(b) the American Republics (as defined in General License No. 53)

- (c) the British Commonwealth of Nations
- (d) the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics
- (e) the Netherlands East Indies;

provided, however, that this authorization shall not be deemed to permit any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked account; and provided further, that any such office of any such bank, prior to issuing, confirming or advising letters of credit, or accepting or paying drafts drawn, or reimbursing themselves for payments made, under letters of credit, or making any other payment or transfer of credit, in connection with any importation or exportation pursuant to this general license, or engaging in any other transaction herein authorized, shall satisfy itself (from the shipping documents or otherwise) that: (i) any such transaction is incident to a bona fide importation or exportation and is customary in the normal course of business, and that the value of such importation or exportation reasonably corresponds with the sums of money involved in financ-ing such transaction; and (ii) such importation or exportation is or will be made pursuant to all the terms and conditions of this license.

(3) This general license shall not be deemed to authorize any transaction by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals" or involving property in which any such person has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest.

(4) Banking institutions within the United States making any payment, transfer or withdrawal from the accounts of any such office of the aforementioned banks shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank monthly reports setting forth the details of such transactions during such period.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 62, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing as generally licensed nationals:

- (a) China Defense Supplies, Inc., 1601 V Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.;
- (b) the Universal Trading Corporation, 630 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York; and
- (c) the New York office of the Bank of China. E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 63, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

A general license is hereby granted licensing as generally licensed nationals the offices in the Philippine Islands of:

- (a) the China Banking Corporation;
- (b) the Philippine Bank of Communications; (c) the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.; and

(d) the Bank of Taiwan. E. H. FOLEY, JR.,

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 64, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing all transactions ordinarily incident to the importing and exporting of goods, wares and merchandise between the Philippine Islands and China and between the Philippine Islands and Japan, *provided* the following terms and conditions are complied with:

(a) Such transaction is not by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of (i) any blocked country other than China or Japan, or (ii) any national of any blocked country other than China or Japan unless such national is within China or Japan;

(b) Such transaction does not involve property in which (i) any blocked country other than China or Japan, or (ii) any national of any blocked country other than China or Japan unless such national is within China or Japan, has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest;

(c) Such transaction does not involve any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regula-tions, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

account in any banking institution within any part of the United States other than the Philippine Islands; and

(d) Any banking institution within the Philip-pine Islands, prior to issuing, confirming or advising letters of credit, or accepting or paying drafts drawn, or reimbursing themselves for payments made, under letters of credit, or making any other payment or transfer of credit, in connec-tion with any importation or exportation pursuant to this general license, or engaging in any other transaction herein authorized, shall satisfy itself (from the shipping documents or otherwise) that: (i) any such transaction is incident to a bona fide importation or exportation and is customary in the normal course of business, and that the value of such importation or exportation reasonably corresponds with the sums of money involved in financing such transaction; and (ii) such importation or exportation is or will be made pursuant to all the terms and conditions of this license.

(2) Banking institutions within the Philippine Islands engaging in any transactions authorized by this general license shall file promptly with the High Commissioner of the Philippine Islands monthly reports setting forth the details of such transaction during such period, including appropriate identification of the accounts which are debited or credited in connection with any such transaction.

(3) As used in this general license a person shall not be deemed to be "within China" or "within Japan", respectively, unless such person was situated within and doing business within China or Japan, respectively, on and since June 14, 1941.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 65, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general licence is hereby granted licensing any partnership, association, corporation or other organization engaged in commercial activities within the Philippine Islands and which is a national of China or Japan, to engage in all transactions ordi-narily incidental to the normal conduct of its business activities within the Philippine Islands, provided, however, that this general license shall not authorize:

(a) Any transaction which could not be effected without a license if such organization were not a national of any blocked country; or

(b) Any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked account in any banking institution within any part of the United States other than the Philippine Islands.

(2) Any organization engaging in business pursuant to this general license shall not engage in any transaction, pursuant to this general license or any other general license, which, directly or indirectly. substantially diminishes or imperils the assets of

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such organization within the Philippine Islands or otherwise prejudicially affects the financial position of such organization within the Philippine Islands.

(3) Any such organization shall file with the High Commissioner of the Philippine Islands, within sixty days after the date hereof, an affidavit on Form TFBE-1 setting forth the data called for in such form. Any organization not complying with this requirement is not authorized to engage in any transaction under this general license.

(4) Any bank effecting any payment, transfer or withdrawal pursuant to this general license shall satisfy itself that such payment, transfer or with-drawal is being made pursuant to the terms and conditions of this general license.

(5) Any organization engaging in business pur-suant to this general license shall file monthly re-ports in triplicate with the High Commissioner of the Philippine Islands setting forth the details of the transactions engaged in by it during the report-ing period. Such report shall indicate receipts and expenditures classified into general categories by source, payee and purpose.

#### E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 66, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

A general license is hereby granted licensing as generally licensed nationals the offices in the Territory of Hawaii of:

- (a) the American Security Bank;(b) the Honolulu Trust Company;
- (c) the Liberty Bank of Honolulu;
- (d) the Pacific Bank:
- (e) the Sumitomo Bank of Hawaii; and
- (f) the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.

E. H. FOLEY, JR.,

#### Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 67, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted authorizing payments, transfers or withdrawals from blocked accounts, in domestic banks, of any partnership, association, corporation or other organization engaged in commercial activities within the United States and which is a national of China or Japan for the purpose of paying current salaries, wages or other compensation due employees of such organization, provided that:

(a) such employees are engaged in employment in and residing in the United States; and

(b) the total payments, transfers or withdrawals from blocked accounts of any such organization

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1: 54 Stat. 179: Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 832, July 26, 1941; Regula-tions, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

for such purposes does not exceed in any one week the average weekly payroll, for such em-ployees of such organization, during the six months' period immediately preceding the date of this license.

(2) Any bank effecting any such payment, trans-fer or withdrawal shall satisfy itself that such pay-ment, transfer or withdrawal is being made pursuant to the terms and conditions of this general license.

(3) Each such organization shall promptly file weekly reports in triplicate with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank with respect to any such pay-ments, transfers or withdrawals made from its blocked accounts during the reporting period. Such report shall include: (a) the total amount of such payments, transfers or withdrawals made during such period; (b) the names and addresses of the domestic banks holding the blocked accounts from which such payments, transfers or withdrawals were made, and the amount of such payments, transfers or withdrawals made from the blocked accounts in each bank; and the first weekly report filed by such organization shall include (c) comparable data for each of the six months preceding the date of this license.

(4) This license shall expire at the close of business on August 26, 1941.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

# Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 68, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing as generally licensed nationals individuals who are nationals of China and Japan and who have been residing only in the United States at all times on and since June 17, 1940; provided, however, that this license shall not be deemed to license as a generally licensed national any individual who is a national of China or Japan by reason of any fact other than that such individual has been a subject or citizen of China or Japan at any time on or since such date.

(2) Reports on Form TFR-300 are not required to be filed with respect to the property interests of any individuals licensed herein as generally licensed nationals.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, July 26, 1941

General License No. 69, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

A general license is hereby granted licensing the following as generally licensed nationals:

(a) the San Francisco office of the Bank of Canton;

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14. 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regula-tions, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941; tions, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

(b) the Sacramento office of the Sumitomo Bank of California;

(c) the Seattle office of the Sumitomo Bank of Seattle; and

(d) the offices in Los Angeles, San Francisco and Seattle of the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 1, 1941

Revocation of General License No. 45, as Amended, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Ex-change, Etc.\*

General License No. 45, as amended, is hereby revoked.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 1, 1941

General License No. 55, as Amended, Under Execu-tive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Étc.\*

General License No. 55 is amended to read as follows:

(1) A general license is hereby granted authoriz-ing any banking institution within the United States to make payments from blocked accounts of China or Japan, or any national thereof:

A. Of checks and drafts drawn or issued prior to July 26, 1941, and to accept and pay and debit to such accounts drafts drawn prior to July 26, 1941, under letters of credit provided:

(1) The amount involved in any one payment, acceptance, or debit does not exceed \$500; or

(2) The amount involved in any one payment, acceptance, or debit does not exceed \$10,000 and the check or draft was within the United States in process of collection on or prior to July 26, 1941; and

B. Of documentary drafts drawn under revocable or irrevocable letters of credit issued or advised by a domestic bank prior to July 26, 1941, provided:

(1) That such letters of credit were not issued in favor of Japan or China or any national thereof; or

(2) That such drafts have not, since July 26, 1941, been held by or for the account of any blocked country or national thereof.

(2) Banking institutions making any payment or debit authorized by this general license shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank weekly reports showing the details of such transactions.

(3) This license shall expire at the close of business on August 30, 1941.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 1, 1941

Amendment of General License No. 59, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

General License No. 59 is hereby amended by substituting in paragraph (1)(c) thereof the term "Underwriters Bank for the Far East Inc." for the term "Underwriters Savings Bank".

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 1, 1941

Amendment of General License No. 61, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

General License No. 61 is hereby amended by substituting in paragraph (1) (c) thereof the term "the Farmers Bank of China" for the term "the Farmers Bank".

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 5, 1941

Amendment of General License No. 53, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

General License No. 53 is hereby amended to read as follows:

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing all transactions ordinarily incident to the importing and exporting of goods, wares and merchandise between the United States and any of the members of the generally licensed trade area or between the members of the generally licensed trade area if (i) such transaction is by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of any national of a blocked country within the generally licensed trade area, or (ii) such transaction involves property in which any such national has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest, *provided* the following terms and conditions are complied with:

(a) Such transaction is not by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of (i) any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals," or (ii) any blocked country or national thereof not within the generally licensed trade area;

(b) Such transaction does not involve property in which (i) any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals," or (ii) any blocked country or national

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 3389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941. thereof not within the generally licensed trade area, has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest; and

(c) Any banking institution within the United States, prior to issuing, confirming or advising letters of credit, or accepting or paying drafts drawn, or reimbursing themselves for payments made, under letters of credit, or making any other payment or transfer of credit, in connection with any importation or exportation pursuant to this general license, or engaging in any other transaction herein authorized, shall satisfy itself (from the shipping documents or otherwise) that: (i) any such transaction is incident to a bona fide importation or exportation and is customary in the normal course of business, and that the value of such importation or exportation reasonably corresponds with the sums of money involved in financing such transaction; and (ii) such importation or exportation is or will be made pursuant to all the terms and conditions of this license.

(2) Subject to all other terms and conditions of this general license any national of a blocked country doing business within the United States pursuant to a license is also hereby authorized, while so licensed, to engage in any transaction referred to in paragraph (1) to the same extent that such national is licensed to engage in such transaction involving persons within the generally licensed trade area who are not nationals of a blocked country.

(3) As used in this general license:

(a) The term "generally licensed trade area" shall mean the following:

(i) the American Republics, *i.e.*, (1) Argentina, (2) Bolivia, (3) Brazil, (4) Chile, (5) Colombia, (6) Costa Rica, (7) Cuba, (8) the Dominican Republic, (9) Ecuador, (10) El Salvador, (11) Guatemala, (12) Haiti, (13) Honduras, (14) Mexico, (15) Nicaragua, (16) Panama, (17) Paraguay, (18) Peru, (19) Uruguay, and (20) Venezuela;
(ii) the British Commensuealth of Nations

(ii) the British Commonwealth of Nations, *i.e.*, (1) the United Kingdom (England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland), (2) The British Dominions (Canada, Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa and Newfoundland), (3) Eire, (4) The Isle of Man, (5) India, (6) Egypt, (7) Anglo-Egyptian Soudan, (8) Iraq, (9) all colonies and protectorates under the British Crown, and (10) all mandated territories administered by the United Kingdom or by any British Dominion;

(iii) the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics;

(iv) the Netherlands East Indies;

(v) the Netherlands West Indies;

(vi) the Belgian Congo and Ruanda-Urundi;

(vii) Greenland; and

(viii) Iceland.

(b) The term "member" of the generally licensed trade area shall mean any of the foreign countries or political subdivisions comprising the generally licensed trade area.

(c) The term "any national of a blocked country within the generally licensed trade area" shall mean any national of a blocked country who was situated within and doing business within such area on and since June 14, 1941. (d) The term "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals" shall mean "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals" as amended and supplemented promulgated pursuant to the Proclamation of July 17, 1941. E. H. FOLEY, JR

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 11, 1941

General License No. 9, as Amended, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

General License No. 9 is amended to read as follows:

A general license is hereby granted authorizing the bona fide purchase and sale of commodities futures contracts and of evidences of ownership of actual commodities on an exchange or board of trade within the United States by banking institutions within the United States, for the account of nationals of any blocked country, pursuant to the instructions of such nationals, and necessary transfers or other dealings in evidences of ownership of commodities, transfers of credit and payments between accounts in banking institutions within the United States as required in connection with such purchases or sales or because of fluctuations in the market value of the commodities covered by such contracts or evidences of ownership, provided that:

(a) In the case of such purchase, the futures contracts and evidences of ownership of the commodities are held in a blocked account in the name of the national for whom the purchase was made and in the banking institution within the United States which maintained the account for which the purchase was made; and

(b) In the case of such sales, the proceeds of the sale are credited to a blocked account in the name of the national for whose account the sale was made and in the banking institution within the United States which maintained the account for which the sale was made.

Each banking institution engaging in any transaction herein authorized is required to file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank monthly reports showing the details of each such transaction, including a description of the commodities futures contracts or evidences of ownership of actual commodities purchased or sold, the dates of the purchases or sales, the persons for whose account the purchases or sales were made, the price at which each purchase or sale was made, and the name of the exchange or board of trade on which each such transaction was effected.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 11, 1941

General License No. 70, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pwrsuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted licensing

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 3389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941

any transaction referred to in Section 1 of the Order, if (i) such transaction is by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of Portugal, or any national thereof, or (ii) such transaction involves property in which Portugal, or any national thereof, has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest, *provided*, *that*:

(a) Such transaction is not by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of any blocked country or any national thereof, other than Portugal or any national of Portugal;

(b) Such transaction does not involve property in which any blocked country or any national thereof, other than Portugal or any national of Portugal, has at any time on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest; and

(c) If such transaction is not by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of the Government of Portugal or the Banco de Portugal, such transaction shall not be effected until the Banco de Portugal has certified in writing that the Banco de Portugal has determined that such transaction complies with the conditions of paragraphs (a) and (b) above.

(2) This general license also authorizes any payment or transfer from a blocked account in which any national of Portugal has an interest to a blocked account in a domestic bank in the name of the Banco de Portugal; provided, however, that this authorization shall not be deemed to authorize any payment or transfer from a blocked account in which any national of a blocked country, other than Portugal, has an interest, or has had an interest at any time on or since the effective date of the Order.

(3) Except as provided in paragraph (2), this general license shall not be deemed to permit any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked account other than blocked accounts in the name of the Government of Portugal or the Banco de Portugal, until the Banco de Portugal has certified, with respect to the transaction, as provided in paragraph (1) (c) above.

(4) This general license shall not apply with respect to any national of Portugal who is also **a** national of any other blocked country.

(5) Banking institutions within the United States engaging in any transactions authorized by this general license shall file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank weekly reports setting forth the details of transactions effected by them under this license.

(6) As used in this general license, the "Government of Portugal" shall include the government of any political subdivision (territories, dependencies, possessions, states, departments, provinces, counties, municipalities, districts or other places subject to the jurisdiction thereof), or any political agency or instrumentality of the government.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 16, 1941

General License No. 71, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

(1) A general license is hereby granted authorizing the payment from any blocked account to any publisher or agent thereof for an individual subscription to a periodical published within the United States, provided that:

(a) Such publisher (and the agent thereof, if payment is made to an agent of such publisher) is located within the United States; and

(b) The total amount of any such payments from any blocked account does not exceed \$25 in any one month and does not exceed \$100 in any one year.

(2) This general license also authorizes the mailing by any publisher or agent thereof of periodicals to any addresses, provided that the periodicals are separately mailed from the United States direct to each addressees.

(3) The term "periodical" as used in this general license shall include, but not by way of limitation, any newspaper whether published daily or less frequently.

(4) Banking institutions within the United States engaging in any transactions authorized by this general license shall file with the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank on or before the first day of January, April, July and October reports indicating details of such transactions during each such quarterly period, including appropriate identification of the accounts which are debited, and the total amounts debited to each such account.

> E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 1, 1941

Public Circular No. 2, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.<sup>†</sup>

The following are replies which the Treasury Department has made to inquiries:

(1) Drafts or other orders for payment drawn under irrevocable letters of credit issued in favor or on behalf of any blocked country or national

• Sec. 5 (b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941. † This public circular affects Parts 130 and 131 and will be included in appendices to those parts. Sec. 5 (b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8382, July 26, 1941; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

thereof may not be presented, accepted or paid except pursuant to license.

(2) Drafts or other orders for payment, in which any blocked country or national thereof has on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest, drawn under any irrevocable letter of credit may not be presented, accepted or paid except pursuant to license.

(3) Documentary drafts in which any blocked country or national thereof has on or since the effective date of the Order had any interest may not be presented, accepted or paid except pursuant to license.

(4) General License No. 1 does not authorize any such payment into blocked accounts.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 11, 1941

Public Circular No. 3, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

The Treasury Department has made the following reply to inquiries relative to General Licenses Nos. 15, 53, and 58:

Transactions may be engaged in pursuant to the terms and conditions of such general licenses, irrespective of the ownership, control or documentation of the vessel on which the goods, wares and merchandise are shipped, and irrespective of whether or not freight on such goods, wares and merchandise has been prepaid.

E. H. FOLEY, JR., Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, August 16, 1941

Amendment of Public Circular No. 1, Under Executive Order No. 8389, April 10, 1940, as Amended, and Regulations Issued Pursuant Thereto, Relating to Transactions in Foreign Exchange, Etc.\*

Public Circular No. 1 is amended to read as follows:

"Reference is made to Section 130.4 of the Regulations providing that reports on Form TFR-300 shall be filed on or before July 14, 1941.

"The time within which such reports on Form TFR-300 shall be filed is hereby extended from July 14, 1941, to September 30, 1941."

E. H. FOLEY, JR.,

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

\* Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; Ex. Order 8389, April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, and Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

# From the Board's Correspondence

Questions of general interest, relating to money and banking, are answered in this section of the BULLETIN.

## Consumer Credit

The Board has received a large number of inquiries about Regulation W (printed on pages 839-845) governing consumer instalment credit. The following series of questions and answers covers some of the more important of these inquiries:

When does the regulation go into effect?

September 1, 1941, but the effective date of some of the provisions has been deferred until October 1, 1941, some until November 1, 1941, and others until January 1, 1942.

Where may interested persons obtain information concerning the regulation and the forms required by it?

At the offices of the 12 Federal Reserve Banks and their 24 branches, the locations of which are indicated on the map on page 962 of this BULLETIN. It will be helpful if interested trade associations will communicate with the Federal Reserve Banks of the districts in which their headquarters are located.

What, in general, are the purposes of the regulation?

A summary of the purposes is given in the preamble of Executive Order No. 8843, dated August 9, 1941, which appears on page 837.

Who is subject to the regulation?

The regulation applies, in general, to any person who is engaged in the business of making extensions of instalment credit, or of discounting or purchasing obligations arising out of extensions of instalment credit. It applies, among others, to banks, loan companies, finance companies and credit unions, and to dealers, retailers, and other sellers of consumers' durable goods on the instalment plan. Subject to the regulation, for example, are automobile dealers, radio and electric appliance stores, furniture dealers, mail order houses, lumber dealers, contractors, etc., if they sell on the instalment plan any of the articles listed in the regulation. What transactions are subject to the regulation?

The transactions subject to the regulation may be divided into the three following categories:

- (1) Sales on the instalment plan of the consumers' durable goods listed in the regulation, which are referred to therein as "listed articles";
- (2) Instalment loans which are in the amount of \$1,000 or less, or which, regardless of their amounts, are secured by listed articles which have just been purchased or are about to be purchased;
- (3) Discounts or purchases of (or loans on) obligations or claims, such as notes or instalment sale contracts, arising out of the extensions of credit described in (1) and (2) above.

What are the "listed articles"?

The regulation lists the articles in five groups. The list appears on page 845 of this BULLETIN.

Does the regulation apply to instalment loans of \$1,000 or less, even though the purpose of the loan is not to purchase any listed article?

Yes—but there are a number of qualified exceptions to the rule, including, among others, loans under certain circumstances to meet medical, dental, hospital, or funeral expenses; loans secured by first mortgages on improved real estate; loans made to students for educational purposes; loans made under certain conditions in connection with national defense activities; and loans made to dealers to finance the purchase of listed articles for resale.

What is the maximum length of contract permitted by the regulation?

18 months. This is the limitation applicable to instalment sales of listed articles and to those instalment loans which are subject to the regulation.

What down payment does the regulation require on sales of automobiles?

The down payment required on an automobile, whether new or used, is  $33\frac{1}{3}\%$  of

the cash purchase price of the automobile would be \$30. In case a used refrigerator is (including any freight, accessories, and delivery charges). This results from the fact that the regulation assigns to automobiles a "maximum credit value" of  $66\frac{2}{3}$ % of the cash purchase price; the deferred balance of the cash purchase price (arrived at by deducting the down payment) may not exceed this maximum credit value, but finance charges and insurance may be added. While in general the maximum credit value of an automobile is 66%% of its cash purchase price, it should be noted that in the case of a new car the cash purchase price used for this purpose may not exceed the advertised factory delivered price of the car plus certain specified amounts that may be added.

# What down payment does the regulation require on electric appliances and household furniture?

The maximum credit values specified by the regulation are 80% on refrigerators, vacuum cleaners, washing machines, and some other appliances; 85% on some other articles such as oil burners and stokers; and 90% on household furniture, pianos, and organs. Hence the required down payments on these classes of articles are 20%, 15%, and 10%, respectively. It should be noted, however, that the maximum credit values of these articles are to be based on the purchase price of the article *minus* any trade-in allowance which the purchaser may obtain on old goods being traded in, so that in effect the down payment required may be said to consist of the trade-in allowance on the article, if any, traded in *plus* an amount in cash equal to 20%, 15%, and 10% of the remainder of the cost of the goods purchased. It may also be noted that, until January 1, 1942, the down payment may be waived in the case of a sale on which full payment is due over a period of nine months or less if the total indebtedness of the purchaser to the seller, arising out of sales of listed articles since September 1, 1941, is not brought above \$50.

How is the down payment to be calculated in the case of an article other than an automobile?

The regulation prescribes that in the case of a refrigerator, for instance, the down payment must be 20% of the basis price. In the case of a refrigerator costing \$150, for example, if sold without a trade-in, the basis price is \$150 and the down payment required

traded in by the purchaser, for which the seller allows \$50, the basis price is \$150 minus \$50, or \$100, and the down payment required (in addition to the trade-in) would be 20% of \$100, or \$20.

Does the regulation require that records be kept and reports be made?

Yes, but certain requirements as to records have been deferred to October 1 and requirements as to reports have not yet been determined by the Board.

Do criminal sanctions apply in case of violation of the regulation?

Yes. Section 5(b) of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended, provides, in case of conviction, for a fine of not to exceed \$10,000, or imprisonment for not more than ten years, or both. It is under authority of this Act that Executive Order No. 8843 of August 9 and Regulation W pursuant thereto were issued. Certain other sanctions, administrative or civil, are also applicable, for which the regulation itself should be consulted.

How is the required license to be obtained by sellers and lenders who are subject to Regulation W?

A general license is granted by the regulation itself which is good until December 31, 1941. This license is extended beyond that date for persons who file a specified registration statement with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district.

May the regulation be amended from time to time in a way which will require different down pay-ments, different terms, or both?

Yes, the regulation may be so amended whenever the Board determines that such amendment is necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of Executive Order No. 8843, pursuant to which the regulation was issued.

May the regulation be amended to add to, or subtract from, the "listed articles"?

Yes, whenever the Board determines that such amendment is necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of Executive Order No. 8843.

Are wearing apparel and jewelry included among the listed articles now subject to regulation?

No.

#### **PUBLICATION OF BANKING STUDIES**

The Board has just published a volume, entitled "Banking Studies", which comprises seventeen papers on banking and monetary subjects written by members of the Board's staff. These studies, which are listed below, should be of interest to bankers, to teachers of money and banking, and to others concerned with contemporary problems of monetary control, bank supervision and Government finance.

As stated in the Preface, the purpose of the studies is "to present in brief form and simple language the substance of a large mass of information bearing on banking and monetary problems that the Federal Reserve System has accumulated during its quarter century of operation, and particularly during the past decade."

The authors of the studies have specialized in the particular subjects of which they write, and in the preparation of their papers they have sought to present facts and not opinions. The papers, while assembled in one volume, are not intended to be a series of related chapters but separate studies of important aspects of this country's banking and monetary system and of the role that it plays in the functioning of the economy.

The book is cloth bound, has 494 pages, 31 charts, and 32 appendix tables, and is indexed. The price is \$1.50 for single copies and 75 cents in group purchases of ten or more. The papers included in this volume are as follows:

PREFACE.	
HISTORICAL INTRODUCTION	Bray Hammond
FEDERAL BANKING LEGISLATION	Walter Wyatt
CURRENCY SYSTEM OF UNITED STATES	Victor M. Longstreet
BANKING STRUCTURE OF UNITED STATES.	John E. Horbett
BRANCH, CHAIN, AND GROUP BANKING	
CREDIT AND SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS OTHER THAN BANKS.	David M. Kennedy
COMMERCIAL BANK OPERATIONS	Roland I. Robinson
SUPERVISION OF THE COMMERCIAL BANKING SYSTEM.	Robert F. Leonard
POLICY AND PROCEDURE IN BANK EXAMINATION.	Leo H. Paulger
PUBLIC NATURE OF THE RESERVE BANKS.	E. A. Goldenweiser
OPERATIONS OF THE RESERVE BANKS	Edward L. Smead
DETERRENTS TO MEMBERSHIP IN THE RESERVE SYSTEM.	B. Magruder Wingfield
MONEY SYSTEM OF UNITED STATES	Woodlief Thomas
MONETARY CONTROLS	Woodlief Thomas
WORK OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS	Carl E. Parry
System Organization: Determination of Credit Policy.	Carl E. Parry
INSTRUMENTS OF FEDERAL RESERVE POLICY.	E. A. Goldenweiser

#### **REVISED EDITION OF FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOK I**

The Board will have available for distribution in the early part of October, a revised edition of Federal Reserve Charts on Bank Credit, Money Rates, and Business. Several of the charts will be substantially revised and all of them will be brought up to date with the latest figures available as of September 3, 1941.

The Chart Book, as usual, will be of brief case size, will contain about fifty charts on bank credit, money rates, security markets, business conditions and international finance. There will be a list of sources for back figures and an index. Many of the charts will cover the period from 1919 to date and some will cover the period from 1914 to date. Space will be left blank, with lightly printed grids, for plotting data through 1942. Current data for keeping the charts up to date will be presented regularly in the Federal Reserve BULLETIN in a table entitled, "Statistics for Federal Reserve Chart Book—Current Series", which appears on pages 930-932 of this issue.

The price of this Chart Book is 50 cents per copy, postage free, and in quantities of 10 or more to book stores and groups of students, 45 cents per copy, postage free.

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# Current Events

#### **Appointments**

On August 28, 1941, announcement was President and H. O. Koppang as First Vice President of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, each for the unexpired portion of the five-year term ending February 28, 1946. The appointment of Mr. Leedy was to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of George H. Hamilton and Mr. Koppang succeeded Mr. Leedy as First Vice President. Mr. Leedy was Counsel for the Kansas City Bank for a number of years prior to his appointment on February 1, 1938, as Vice President and General Counsel. He was appointed First Vice President and General Counsel of the Bank on March 1, 1941. Following a period of service at the Helena Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis, Mr. Koppang became a member of the examining staff of the Board of Governors on September 1, 1926, and since May 24, 1939, has served as the examiner in charge of the examinations of the Federal Reserve Banks made by the Board.

In order to assist in the preparation of regulations relative to consumer credit, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has engaged the services of Mr. Kenton R. Cravens, who is on leave of absence from The Cleveland Trust Company, of which he is a vice president.

Mr. Cravens has been Chairman of the Consumer Credit Council of the American Bankers Association since the organization of the Council and was formerly president of the Bankers Association for Consumer Credit.

#### Election of Class B Director

The Federal Reserve Bank of Boston on August 26, 1941, announced the election of Ralph E. Flanders, President of the Jones & Lamson Machine Company, Springfield, Vermont, as a Class B director of the Bank for the unexpired portion of the term ending December 31, 1943. Death of Class B Director

On August 28, 1941, announcement was made of the appointment of H. G. Leedy as President and H. O. Koppang as First Vice President of the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, each for the unexpired portion died on August 24, 1941.

#### Admissions of State Banks to Membership in the Federal Reserve System

The following State banks were admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period July 16, 1941, to August 15, 1941, inclusive.

Connecticut

Meriden-Puritan Bank and Trust Company Illinois Moline-Moline State Trust and Savings Bank Indiana Amboy-State Bank of Amboy Iowa Clarinda-Citizens State Bank Michigan Gwinn-The Gwinn State Savings Bank Missouri Polo-Farmer's Bank of Polo, Missouri New Jersey Long Branch-Long Branch Trust Company Maplewood-The Maplewood Bank and Trust Company New York Norwood—State Bank of Norwood Rockville Centre—Bank of Rockville Centre Trust Company Solvay-Solvay Bank Ohio Bucyrus-The Farmers and Citizens Bank and Savings Company Texas Seminole-Seminole State Bank Virginia South Boston-Citizens Bank of South Boston West Virginia White Sulphur Springs-Bank of White Sulphur Springs Wisconsin

Cudahy-Cudahy State Bank

Bank Lending For Defense

VICTOR M. LONGSTREET <sup>1</sup> Division of Research and Statistics

INANCING of business concerns engaged | therefore comprised a significant part of their in supplying the Government with goods and in building new plants under national defense contracts has become an important activity of the banks of the country and has accounted for a substantial increase in bank loans during the past year. While a considerable volume of financing for these purposes has been provided in various ways by the Government and many businesses have had large amounts of their own funds available to meet all or a part of their needs, many firms have found it necessary or desirable to borrow from banks.

For the purpose of supplying information as to the amount and character of the participation of banks in the defense effort, the Board of Governors in cooperation with the Office of Production Management made a survey of defense loans and loan commitments at banks in 101 leading cities as of April 30, 1941. These city banks, which account for almost all of defense lending by April 30, 1941. the banking system, have shown a sharp and steady increase in total commercial loans amounting to about \$1,700 million in the year ending August 20, 1941. Coinciding with the development of the national defense program, this expansion reflects lending directly to defense producers and suppliers as well as to others whose business has been improving under the stimulus of the defense program.

The Board's survey of defense lending shows:

1. On April 30, 1941 city banks had outstanding on their books 3,630 defense loans and 2,254 of additional defense commitments. Loans amounted to \$460 million and commitments to \$633 million. Defense loans were responsible for about 40 per cent of the increase in commercial loans at these banks from August 1940 to the end of April. Defense loans accounted for about 8 per cent of the total commercial loans at city banks, and

lending business.

2. Defense loans and commitments at city banks as of April 30, 1941 represented about 10 per cent of the \$11 billion of defense contracts awarded up to that time, only a part of which would still require financing because a considerable amount of the contracts had already been fulfilled and liquidated. Thus, it appears that banks are playing a substantial role in the financing of the defense program.

3. Defense loans from banks were used principally to furnish working capital funds for production of machinery, textiles and apparel, iron and steel products, ordnance and ammunition, and motor vehicles and equipment and to furnish new plant facilities for aircraft and ship production and for housing and military bases.

4. Many bank borrowers are producing defense goods under subcontracts. Subcontractors accounted for about 40 per cent of the number of defense loans and for about 25 per cent of their volume. An important contribution of banks in financing the defense program appears to be in their traditional field of meeting the credit requirements of large numbers of small and medium-size firms, which the Government is attempting to muster to defense production, partly through the extension of subcontracting.

5. Assignment of contractual claims against the Government as a means of obtaining bank credit, which has been possible since new legislation of last October, has been of considerable importance in defense financing, especially in the construction of defense plant facilities. About 35 per cent of the dollar volume of plant facilities loans and 7 per cent of the production loans were made with assignment of claims.

#### Uses of defense loans

Vast expansion of plant facilities as well as heavy orders for current production under the defense program have been reflected in sharp increases in loans at city banks in most parts of the country. Table 1 gives a breakdown of loans and commitments of city banks be-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The figures on defense loans reported by banks and used in this article were compiled in the Board's Division of Bank Opera-tions. Richard A. Musgrave and William H. Glazier of the Division of Research and Statistics shared in the preparation of the article. The report form used by banks in submitting this information and the instructions issued for preparation of the reports are given in the note at the end of this article. Note:---Views expressed in signed articles published in the BULLETIN are those of the writers and not necessarily those of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

new plant facilities including machinery and additions to existing plant, and (2) for pur-

#### TABLE 1-DEFENSE LOANS AND COMMITMENTS OF CITY BANKS, BY INDUSTRY AND PURPOSE

#### APRIL 30, 1941

#### [In millions of dollars]

			Loans		Commitments		
Product	Total	Totalı	Plant facil- ities	Pro- duc- tion	Total <sup>2</sup>	Plant facil- ities	Pro- duc- tion
Machinery Textiles and apparel Iron and steel products_	$\begin{array}{c}137\\96\\82\end{array}$	$70 \\ 66 \\ 42$	5 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 4	$57 \\ 66 \\ 34$	$     \begin{array}{r}       67 \\       30 \\       40     \end{array}   $	11 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 4	47 30 27
Ordnance and ammuni- tion Aircraft Shipbuilding	97 158 80	$     \begin{array}{r}       34 \\       32 \\       30     \end{array}   $	9 17 15	23 13 11		13 73 29	34 46 11
Motor vehicles and equipment Other industrial Housing and military	$\begin{array}{c} 45\\ 162 \end{array}$	20 67	1 17	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 45 \end{array}$	25 95	19	19 77
basesOther	$\begin{array}{c} 128 \\ 107 \end{array}$	52     46	$52 \\ 22$	$\binom{4}{20}$	76 61	75 41	(4) 17
Total	1, 092	460	142	283	633	266	308

<sup>1</sup> Includes \$35 million for combined purposes of plant facilities and production not shown separately in table. <sup>2</sup> Includes \$59 million for combined purposes of plant facilities and production not shown separately in table.

Less than \$500.000. <sup>4</sup> Small amount of loans and commitments for housing and military bases reported by banks as for production purposes are classified under plant facilities.

poses of production, frequently described as loans for working capital to cover outlays for wages and materials on hand or in process of manufacture.

Of total defense loans amounting to \$460 million at city banks on April 30, about 67 per cent were to be used for production purposes and the remainder for providing plant facilities. The fact that banks are making most of their defense loans for production purposes is in line with customary practices; banks have been the traditional source of working capital funds and ordinarily furnish loans for plant expansion to a lesser extent.

It appears that roughly from 10 to 15 per cent of the financing required for new defense plant facilities has so far been provided by banks. This figure is obtained by comparing the total of plant facility loans and commitments for future loans at banks with the total defense plant expansion announced to April 30, 1941, after a rough adjustment to exclude projects owned by the Government which had been completed and which there-

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tween funds used (1) for the financing of fore did not require continued bank financing. Such adjustment is necessary since bank loans to construction contractors used for building plants to be owned by the Government and completed by April 30 were already repaid and were consequently not shown in the loan reports. In making this comparison commitments <sup>1</sup> for future loans have been added to the amount of loans outstanding, since the figure for plant expansion includes all scheduled projects that have been announced, whether actually begun or not, for which most of the financing arrangements presumably had already been made.

> Industries producing textiles and textile goods (including apparel) and machinery were the chief defense borrowers from banks. These industries are composed in large part of established firms and were able to reach a relatively high level of defense output at a comparatively early stage. This may partly explain why these industries have borrowed large amounts and why their loans outstanding were large as compared with commitments for future loans. Another possible explanation is that these industries include many small firms which are more accustomed to relving on bank borrowing. For industries in which production has had to be preceded by extensive plant expansion, on the other hand, as in the case of ordnance and ammunition, aircraft, and shipbuilding, loan commitments were relatively large when compared with loans already outstanding. Taking both loans and commitments, the aircraft, machinery, and housing industries were the most important customers of defense credit by banks.

> among industries Variations in the amounts of defense loans and commitments obtained from banks reflect differences in the volume of defense business in these industries, as well as varying degrees of reliance upon bank credit. Table 2 compares for several important industries (1) the totals of defense loans and commitments for the financing of new plant facilities with (2) the volume of scheduled expansion of facilities. Partly for the reason that no adjustments are made for Government owned plants

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Banks were not specifically instructed as to what should be classified as a "commitment." In order to provide a cushion against contingencies, commitments have frequently been estab-lished which are substantially in excess of the amount expected to be actually utilized (see *Financing Defense Orders* by Lynn L. Bollinger, McGraw-Hill, 1941). Partly for these reasons, only loans actually outstanding are presented elsewhere in this article.

already completed, which no longer required shown by Table 3. All bank credit used for private financing, the comparisons are necessarily rough. They do afford, however, some indication of the wide variation in the degree of reliance upon bank credit by various industries.

## TABLE 2—LOANS AND COMMITMENTS OF CITY BANKS FOR DEFENSE PLANT FACILITIES COMPARED WITH PLANT EXPANSION, BY INDUSTRIES

#### APRIL 30, 1941

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

	Loans and com- mitments for plant facilities	Plant expansion <sup>1</sup>			Percent- age of total plant
Product		Total	Gov't owned	Priv- ately owned	expan- sion rep- resented by bank credit
Machinery Iron and steel products. Ordnance and ammuni-	16 9	169 294	14 98	$155 \\ 196$	9 3
tion Aircraft Shipbuilding	23 90 43	$558 \\ 631 \\ 506$	477 379 450		4 14 9
Motor vehicles and equipment	1	57	35	22	2

<sup>1</sup> OPM data. "Government owned" includes plants built under (a) the arsenal plan as shown by contracts and letters of intent and (b) Defense Plant Corporation lease agreements as shown by formal agreements and commitments. "Privately owned" includes plants built under (a) Emer-gency Plant Facilities Contracts and (b) regular procurement method as shown by applications for certificates of necessity filed through May 15, 1941, approved and pending.

Bank loans and commitments for new plants represent a considerably larger part of plant expansion in the aircraft, machinery, and shipbuilding industries than in industries producing ordnance and ammunition, motor vehicles and iron and steel. These differences cannot be assigned to any single cause. One important factor is probably that the motor vehicle and iron and steel industries, being composed mainly of large and well established firms, have been relying heavily on their own internal funds for plant expansion. The iron and steel industry also obtained more funds for plant expansion from new security issues and from loans of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation than from banks. Small reliance of the ordnance and ammunition industries on bank credit for plant facilities is due partly to the fact that a large part of their new plant facilities are Government owned and have already been completed or are considerably well along toward completion.

The aircraft and shipbuilding industries used more than half of their bank credit for the financing of new plant facilities, as

defense housing and military bases is of course for the construction of facilities. Other industries have borrowed primarily for production purposes. In the machinery, textiles and apparel, iron and steel, and motor vehicles and equipment industries, over 85 per cent of their defense credits were used for production purposes. In part this reflects the

TABLE 3-PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF DEFENSE LOANS AND COMMITMENTS OF CITY BANKS, BY INDUSTRY AND PURPOSE

April	30.	1941

Product	Per cent of amount for purpose of:		
Froduct	Plant facilities	Produc- tion	
Machinery Textiles and apparel Iron and steel products	4	87 96 88	
Ordnance and ammunition Aircraft. Shipbuilding	29 61 66	71 39 34	
Motor vehicles and equipment Other industrial Housing and military bases Other	$223 \\100 \\63$	98 77 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 37	

<sup>1</sup> Small amount of loans and commitments for housing and military bases reported by banks as for production purposes are classified under plant facilities.

high level of production schedules reached by many of these industries in the early phases of the defense program possibly because of the existence of unused capacity, but it may also indicate a tendency on the part of some industries to use their own internal funds for purposes of financing plant expansion and to rely upon bank credit chiefly for the financing of current production.

Large firms with assets of \$1,000,000 and

TABLE 4-DEFENSE LOANS AND COMMITMENTS OF CITY BANKS, BY ASSET SIZE OF BORROWER AND PURPOSE

APRIL 30, 1941

	Amount	Per cent for pur	of amount pose of:
Asset size of borrower	in millions of dollars	Plant facilities	Produc- tion
Under \$100,000 \$100,000_\$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	$33 \\ 251 \\ 801$	53 61 33	47 39 67
All sizes	1, 086	40	60

NOTE: \$8 million of loans and commitments not classified according to asset size of borrower are omitted.

loans and commitments for the financing of plant facilities. This is brought out by Table 4. The medium-size corporations, with assets between \$100,000 and \$1,000,000 obtained close to two-thirds of their loans and commitments for this purpose. Among the smallest group of borrowers with assets less than \$100,000, banking funds were split evenly between plant facilities and production. These figures indicate a tendency on the part of the larger corporations to favor the use of funds of their own for the financing of new facilities and to rely upon bank credit to meet the financing needs of current production.

#### Loans to subcontractors

The Board's survey throws some light on the extent to which producers holding defense contracts directly from the Government have engaged in subcontracting with other firms for the production of defense materials. No direct information is available on the amount of subcontracting for the country as a whole and the figures obtained from banks are of limited significance since they reflect subcontracting only to the extent that subcontractors borrow from banks. Subcontractors are, generally speaking, the smaller and medium-size businesses which rely more on bank financing than do the larger firms.

Over 40 per cent of the defense loans by city banks on April 30 were to subcontractors: subcontractor borrowers numbered 1,368 and prime contractor borrowers numbered 1,927 (excluding 335 borrowers in both categories or unclassified). Though nu-merically large, loans made by city banks to defense subcontractors amounted to only about a quarter of total defense loans. Loans to subcontractors at the end of April amounted to \$96 million and loans to prime contractors were \$292 million.

The relatively smaller volume of bank loans to subcontractors, as compared with loans to prime contractors, appears to be explained mostly by the fact that prime contractors have been generally subcontracting only a fraction of their Government orders: though the number of subcontractor borrowers was large, their contracts were relatively small. Another factor making for a low volume of borrowing by subcontractors, as compared with borrowing by prime contractors, is the practice of prime contractors of fur-lization are readily adaptable to subcontract-

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over obtained less than one-third of their nishing a part and occasionally the entire amount of the funds needed by subcontractors in financing their defense orders.

The comparatively small size of subcontracting firms and their relatively weak demand for funds to expand plant facilities are brought out in Table 5. About four-fifths of the subcontractors that were borrowing from city banks had assets of less than \$1 million, while only about two-thirds of the prime contractors were in this class. Subcontractors used about one-fifth of their borrowed funds to increase plant facilities while prime contractors used about two-fifths for this purpose.

TABLE	5-DEFENSE	LOANS	S TO PRIME AND SUBCON-
	TRACTORS AT	CITY .	BANKS, BY SIZE OF
	Firm	AND 1	BY PURPOSE

APRIL 30, 1941

	Prime co	ontractors	Subcontractors		
Classified by:	Millions of dollars	Number of loans	Millions of dollars	Number of loans	
Asset size Under \$100,000 \$100,000-\$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over Unclassified	$\begin{bmatrix} 8\\ 63\\ 220\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	510 778 612 27	$7 \\ 33 \\ 56 \\ 1$	568 538 210 32	
Total	292	1, 927	96	1, 368	
For plant facilities	112	677	21 70	496 819	
For production For both	157 22	1, 209 41	70 5	53	
Total	292	1, 927	96	1, 368	

NOTE: Excludes \$72 million of loans to 335 firms acting as both prime and subcontractor or whose status was unspecified

There appear to be wide differences in the extent of borrowing by subcontractors in various sections of the country, as shown in Table 6. In the Cleveland, St. Louis, Kansas City, and San Francisco Federal Reserve districts, the number of loans to subcontractors exceeded, or were approximately as large as, the number of loans to prime contractors. In dollar volume the largest proportion of subcontractor loans, 45 per cent, was in the Boston district and the largest amounts in the New York and Boston districts.

One reason for the large amount of loans to subcontractors in the Boston and New York districts is that a large part of the country's textile and apparel industry and, to a lesser extent, the machinery industry is in these These are industries with many districts. firms whose production processes and organ-

Moreover, in these industries many the making of defense loans with assigning. firms arrange their contracting through deal-|ment of contract claims. About two-thirds ers or agents who are thus the prime con- of the volume of loans with assignments was tractors. large size of subcontractors that are borrow- ton, New York, and Philadelphia, as shown ing funds in these districts and hence the in Table 7. The largest percentages of as-relatively large size of their bank loans. signment loans to total volume of defense Nearly half of the 210 defense subcontractors loans were in the Atlanta, Philadelphia, and with assets of \$1 million or over that were New York districts. In the Minneapolis disborrowing from city banks in April were trict loans made with assignment were only located in these two districts.

TABLE 6-DEFENSE LOANS TO PRIME AND SUBCON-
TRACTORS AT CITY BANKS, BY FEDERAL
RESERVE DISTRICTS

	,				
		orime actors	To sub- contractors		
Federal Reserve district	Millions of dollars	Number	Millions of dollars	Number	
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland	. 110.6 15.5	174 443 115 107	23. 6 26. 4 2. 5 9. 7	$146 \\ 205 \\ 52 \\ 136$	-   H   N
Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis	9.7 43.4	187 86 233 63	2.7 2.2 12.0 4.6	113 64 149 87	F C F A
Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	3, 9 10, 5	39 99 135 246	(1) 1.4 3.5 6.9	$12 \\ 82 \\ 87 \\ 235$	S N K
Total	291.8	1927	95. 9	1368	

April 30, 1941

NOTE: Excludes \$72 million of loans to 335 firms acting as both prime and subcontractor or whose status was unspecified. <sup>1</sup> Under \$500,000.

#### Assignment of Government claims

Since the Assignment of Claims Act of October 9, 1940, it has been possible for a holder of a Government contract to assign to banks and other financial institutions the Government payments due under the contract. This measure, by furnishing an additional basis for the obtaining of bank credit, has facilitated the financing of defense contracts. The Board's survey shows that on April 30 city banks had outstanding \$72 million of defense loans with assignment of claims and \$96 million of additional commitments for future loans of this type. Thus, about 16 per cent of the defense loans were granted on an assignment basis. The bulk of defense loans were granted without assignment on the basis of already established customer relationships.

Another factor is the relatively in the Northeastern Reserve districts of Bos-2 per cent of total defense loans.

#### TABLE 7-DEFENSE LOANS OF CITY BANKS MADE WITH ASSIGNMENTS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

Federal Reserve district	Amount with assigned claims	Percentage of loans with assigned claims			
		All defense loans	Plant facilities loans	Produc- tion loans	
Boston	8	13. 9	46. 2	9.9	
New York	31	19. 6	49. 3	6.6	
Philadelphia	7	30. 2	60. 8	18.7	
Cleveland	3	8. 3	15. 7	5.0	
Richmond	3	$15.2 \\ 40.8 \\ 7.9 \\ 8.4$	18.4	7, 5	
Atlanta	5		44.6	18, 8	
Chicago	6		24.8	2, 6	
St. Louis	1		16.6	, 9	
Minneapolis	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$	1.9	.8	.3	
Kansas City		14.5	6.7	22.7	
Dallas		8.0	4.0	13.6	
San Francisco		17.9	38.0	4.9	
All districts	72	15.7	35. 5	6.7	

<sup>1</sup> Less than \$500,000.

Assignment of claims was more frequent on plant facilities loans than on production loans. Over 35 per cent of the volume of plant facilities loans and about 7 per cent of the production loans were made with assignments. This spread was evident in each Reserve district outside Kansas City and Dallas, where the percentage of production loans with assignments was considerably larger than in the case of plant facility loans.

There appear to be two important determinants of whether contract claims are assigned in making a loan: (1) the size of the loan relative to the asset size of the borrower and (2) the availability of other collateral.

When the ratio of the amount of the loan to the amount of the borrowers assets is high, contract claims are more frequently assigned. In such cases the size of the loans, owing to the Government's extremely large defense There was wide diversity among banks in orders, may be in excess of what the bank

had become accustomed to lend to the bor-lable as loan collateral. Assignment of conrower under the usual credit arrangements tract claims under such circumstances is the and therefore the bank wishes to obtain additional collateral. Frequently the borrower has no collateral to offer other than his future contract claims against the Government. It is in instances of this sort that the Assignment of Claims Act has facilitated the granting of defense loans.

That the loan-asset ratio has been a factor in assignment of claims is brought out in Table 8. It gives, for the various size groups of loans and commitments and for borrowers loans. It has been more convenient, therein the three asset size groups, the percentage fore, for banks to continue existing customer of total loans and commitments made with arrangements in granting production loans assignments. For borrowers in a given size for defense purposes rather than to adopt the group the percentage of loans and commitments made with assignments increases with

#### TABLE 8-PERCENTAGE OF DEFENSE LOANS AND COM-MITMENTS MADE WITH ASSIGNMENTS

Classified by size of loan and size of borrower

APRIL 30, 1941

Size of loan or commitment	Percentage of assignments to total defense loans and commit ments for borrowers with assets of				
	Under \$100,000	\$100,000- \$1,000,000			
Under \$10,000 \$10,000-\$50,000 \$50,000-\$100,000 \$100,000-\$500,000 \$100,000-\$500,000 \$1,000,000 and over	$19\% \\ 24 \\ 27 \\ 29 \\ (1) \\ (1)$	9% 11 13 17 9 ( <sup>1</sup> )	(1) 4 7 15 19 15		

NOTE: Excludes borrowers whose asset size was not specified. Commit-ments as well as loans are used in this table because the loan figures did not afford a sufficiently broad sample for some of the groups. <sup>1</sup> Not shown because of inadequate sample.

the size of the loan or commitment, as shown by reading down each column in the table. Likewise, for loans and commitments within a given size group, the proportion of assignments decreases as the size of the borrower increases, as shown by following the table from left to right.

That availability of other collateral is also an important factor in determining whether claims are to be assigned is indicated by the fact that over two-thirds of the assignments are for plant facility loans.

Frequently the new defense plant facilities are not available as loan collateral because of outstanding mortgages on old plant which provide for prior liens on additions to plant. In such cases the new facilities are auto- can be explained by the fact that a large part matically encumbered and hence unavail- of the plant facilities loans are for the pur-

SEPTEMBER 1941

simplest way of providing the bank with collateral.

With production loans, the situation is entirely different. A large part of production loans is used to purchase raw materials and carry goods in process of manufacture. Banks have customarily arranged, through such means as bills of lading, warehouse receipts, and trust certificates, to pledge these commodities as security against production new method of assigning Government claims.

#### Maturity of defense loans

Most defense loans at city banks were made at short term. About 78 per cent of the loans mature within less than a year, 6 per cent within 1 to 3 years, and 16 per cent after 3 years. As shown by Table 9, there was considerable variation in the distribution of maturities among the various Federal Reserve Districts. City banks in the Atlanta, St. Louis, Dallas, Kansas City, and Boston districts made relatively few defense loans with maturities exceeding one year. In the other districts 10 per cent or better of the amount of defense loans were of the longer maturities. The New York and Philadelphia districts showed the highest percentages of 28 and 23 per cent. City banks in the New York district, mainly in New York City, made \$42 million of loans maturing after 3 years, nearly two-thirds of the total longterm defense loans reported by city banks. The breakdown of total defense loans by maturities and the district comparisons might be considerably different if allowance could be made for the likelihood that some short-term loans were granted with an understanding of renewal, thus being of a longer term character than the figures indicate.

Loans maturing beyond 3 years are not only for plant facilities but also for production purposes. Ordinarily, it might be expected that loans made for plant facilities purposes would generally have longer maturities than loans for production purposes. That this is not the case with defense loans

TABLE 9-MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF DEFENSE LOA	
AT CITY BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS	;

Federal Reserve district	Percentage of amount with maturity of:				
rederal Reserve district	Less than 1 year	1–3 years	Over 3 years		
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland	92 65 71 80	6 7 6 8	2 28 23 11		
Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis	83 99 82 97	3 7 (1)	14 1 11 3		
Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	81 93 96 82	5 7 4 5	14 (i) 13		
Total	78	6	16		

APRIL 30, 1941

<sup>1</sup> Less than .5 per cent.

pose of furnishing working capital funds to construction firms, particularly for the construction of defense housing and military bases.

It appears that a large proportion of the loans with maturities beyond 3 years went to prime contractors. Those Reserve districts where the proportion of loans to prime contractors was large as compared with loans to subcontractors generally had a large proportion of long-term loans, with the exception of the Cleveland district. Conversely, where loans to prime contractors were in relatively small volume when compared with subcontractor loans, the amount of funds loaned at long term was also relatively small, except in the Atlanta district. This relationship appears reasonable since prime contractors might be expected generally to arrange for financing for a longer period than subcontractors, because more of them would be likely to hold contracts requiring several years or more to fulfill.

About \$74 million of the \$460 million of defense loans at city banks had terms for repayment on an instalment basis, in a few cases extending over a period exceeding 7 years. About \$43 million, or 57 per cent, of the instalment loans had final payments falling due after 3 years. About 60 per cent of these were in the New York Reserve District. Instalment loans were also common in most other districts outside of Atlanta, Dallas, and Kansas City.

#### Effects of defense lending on banks

The Board's survey shows that the demand for new funds by producers of defense goods has been felt by city banks throughout the country. As shown by Table 10, the strongest demand has been in the Northeastern and Central industrial areas and on the West Coast—the same districts which show the largest volume of commercial loans by city banks. Of \$460 million of defense loans outstanding at city banks on April 30, \$389 million or 85 per cent were in the Federal Reserve districts of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Chicago, and San Francisco; of all commercial loans by reporting banks 80 per cent were in these six districts. Some banks in these areas, particularly banks in New York City, supply funds for use by borrowers in other parts of the country.

By April 30, defense loans amounted to 8 per cent of total commercial loans at city banks. In the Boston and Richmond districts

TABLE 10—DEFENSE LOANS COMPARED WITH TOTAL COMMERCIAL LOANS OF BANKS IN LEADING CITIES, BY RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

	Total	Defense loans			
Federal Reserve district	commer- cial loans April 30, 19411	April 30, 1941	Per cent of total commer- cial loans		
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland	2,245 267 382	$55 \\ 156 \\ 24 \\ 38$	15 7 9 10		
Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis	148 196 770 224	19 12 82 15	13 6 11 7		
Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	$103 \\ 211 \\ 214 \\ 406$	5 6 14 34	5 3 7 8		
Total	5, 532	460	8		

 $^{1}\,\mathrm{It}$  is estimated that less than 5 per cent of the total represents agricultural loans.

corresponding percentages amounted to 15 per cent and 13 per cent, and the percentages in the Philadelphia, Cleveland, and Chicago districts were also above the average. In the Kansas City district defense loans were only 3 per cent of total commercial loans.

It is evident that lending for defense purposes in the first 10 months of the defense program had begun to assume a substantial

part of the lending business of banks in many parts of the country. With further increases in lending since April, it is probable that the volume of defense loans at city banks in August amounted to about 12 per cent of their total commercial loans and this proportion will no doubt continue to increase.

The role of banks in aiding the Government in its attempt to mobilize production facilities to the full extent possible is not adequately brought out by figures on the volume of defense loans alone. This is due to the fact that the special field of banks is in the domain of small and medium-size business and, consequently, numerous defense loans are made by banks though they do not bulk large in dollar amounts when terials.

compared with the total defense program. For most small and medium-size firms, banks are the principal and, frequently, the only source of funds. Credit requirements in their local communities are met by the banks of the country with a foundation of long standing customer relationships and intimate knowledge of the borrowers' business abilities. In helping to finance defense contracts in this populous area of the business community, the Board's survey shows that the banking system is rendering a valuable contribution to the Government's program of utilizing as much of the Nation's productive capacity as possible, and as rapidly as possible, for the output of vital defense ma-

#### NOTE

#### Instructions for Preparation of Reports on Form F. R. 550. "Loans and Commitments for National Defense as of April 30, 1941"

The following report form F. R. 550 calls for a list of loans and commitments for national defense purposes as of April 30, 1941. Each loan and commitment should be listed separately, but the name of the borrower is not to be listed. Information for individual loans and for individual banks will be considered strictly confidential. If the reporting bank is participating with other banks in a defense loan or commitment, the bank should report only its own participation.

Include all commitments and loans made directly or indirectly for national defense purposes, whether or not secured by assigned Government contracts, and whether made to prime contractors or to subcontractors. If the proceeds of a commitment or loan are to be used only in part for defense purposes, the reporting bank should, if practicable, make an estimate of the amount to be so used and report only this amount. In the absence of information to the contrary, however, it may be assumed that if a borrower is engaged to a substantial extent directly or indirectly in providing facilities, supplies, or equipment for national defense, all new loans and commitments to such a borrower since the defense program was inaugurated, outstanding on April 30, 1941, may be reported as being for the purpose of financing the defense program.

Columns 1 and 2. The balance outstanding on April 30, 1941, of each defense loan actually disbursed should be shown in column 2. The amount of any definite commitment to make such a loan in the future should be shown in column 1. If no loan has yet been made under a commitment, no entries the construction of non-industrial plants, the nature

are to be made, of course, in columns 2, 3, and 12, but all of the other columns should be filled out to the extent that the information is available.

Column 3. The original period of the loan-from the date the loan was made to maturity-should be shown, in months, in column 3. If the loan is repayable in instalments, give the period of the first and the last instalment; for example, 12 to 60 months.

Columns 4 and 5. A check mark should be shown in column 4 if the bulk of the proceeds of the loan are being used or are to be used to finance the construction of plant facilities (including machinery installed therein) or other construction or reconstruction, including cantonments. A check mark should be shown in column 5 if the bulk of the proceeds of the loan are to be used to produce or provide defense supplies. This includes loans for inventories, loans for goods in process of manufacture, etc. Check marks should be shown in both columns 4 and 5 if the proceeds of the loan are to be used to a large extent for both construction and production.

Column 6. Specify the principal type of product or products to be produced or supplied with the aid of the loan or by the plant being constructed or reconstructed with the aid of the loan. For this purpose make entries in column 6 such as:

armor plate, machine guns, maleable-iron castings, radios and parts, aircraft engines, aircraft parts, aircraft instruments, machine tools, excavating machinery, copper smelting, cotton textile fabrics, ferro-alloys, synthetic rubber, explosives, ammunition, tungsten ore, etc.

If the proceeds of the loan are to be used to finance

of the construction should be shown in column 6; for example,

cantonments, housing facilities, aeronautical training schools, etc.

If the proceeds of the loan are to be used to provide services of a non-industrial nature, make entries in column 6 such as:

warehousing and storage, mechanic instruction, radio research, etc.

Columns 7, 8 and 9. The approximate size of the borrowing firm, as measured by total assets on some recent date, should be shown by a check mark in column 7, 8 or 9.

Columns 10 and 11. The nature of the contract to be financed by the loan should be indicated by a check mark in column 10 or 11, depending on whether the loan is to finance the completion of (a) a contract made directly with the Government, (b) a subcontract made with a contractor who is dealing directly or indirectly with the Government. If the proceeds are to be used to finance both kinds of contracts, check marks should be shown in both columns 10 and 11.

Column 12. If the loan was made with an assignment of a claim under a Government contract (whether an emergency plant facilities contract or any other Government contract), a check mark should be shown in column 12.

#### LOANS AND COMMITMENTS FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE AS OF APRIL 30, 1941

Please promp the Fe	e mail this repo otly as practica ederal Reserve	rt as ble to Bank.				(State)			R. Dist			
List each loan	Amount of each	Amount of each	Period of	eriod Proceeds of loan used or to be used for (Check one or both)		l for th) total assets of bor- rower		Chec or b	Check one or both	Check if loan was made with		
or com- mit- ment	commitment for future loans, April 30, 1941	each Ioan outstanding April 30, 1941	loan in months	n Plant	d other defense nstruc- supplies	Type of products to be produced or supplied (See accompanying instructions)	Under \$100,000	\$1.00,000 to \$1,000,030	\$1,000,000 and over	Prime con- tract	Sub- con- tract	assignment of claim under government contract
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1.				 				[				
2.												
3.		}										
4.												
5.						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						1
6.				·								
7.												
8.				-								
9.												
10.												
11.				-								-
12.												

# United States Savings Bonds and Tax Anticipation Notes

GUNHILD ANDERSON Division of Research and Statistics

OW to finance the expenditures entailed by chases of securities by banks have the effect problems of the Administration. Taxes were increased last year and a further sharp increase is now under consideration by Congress. Nevertheless, it will be necessary to raise a large amount of the needed funds by borrowing.

The latest estimates of the Bureau of the Budget issued on June 1 placed total budget expenditures for the current fiscal year which ends next June at \$22,200,000,000, of which \$15,500,000,000 will be for national defense. Total budget receipts, excluding additional revenue from the pending tax bill, were estimated at \$9,400,000,000, leaving a deficit of 12,800,000,000 for the fiscal year. If a tax program is enacted in the near future to yield \$3,500,000,000 on a full-year basis, somewhat over \$2,000,000,000 of additional revenue will be collected during the fiscal year, and the deficit will be reduced to about \$10,500,000,-000. About \$1,500,000,000 of this amount will be financed from net receipts in social security and other trust funds which are regularly invested in special Government securi-The remainder, about \$9,000,000,000, ties. must be financed by borrowing from the public-banks, insurance companies, and other institutional investors, as well as individuals.

In order to restrict inflationary tendencies that might result from the large expenditures for the defense program, it is essential that as large a part as possible of the additional funds needed by the Treasury be borrowed from investors other than commercial banks. Pur- application for notes in whole or in part if

the defense program is one of the major of increasing the supply of bank deposits, whereas purchases by other investors will absorb some of the increased income resulting from the defense effort.

> As one of the several steps taken by the Government to reduce expansion in bank deposits and the stimulative effect of large defense expenditures on private spending for consumption, the Treasury has recently been selling two types of securities which are designed to reduce current excess purchasing power and to tap savings. Defense Savings bonds and stamps have been on sale since May 1 and have already been purchased by hundreds of thousands of investors. Commercial banks are not permitted to purchase these securities.

> Since August 1 tax anticipation notes have been on sale for the purpose of making it easier for taxpayers, both large and small, to prepare for increased Federal income taxes. Although these notes are designed primarily for the purpose of providing a means for taxpayers to set aside regularly the funds which will be required to pay income taxes, their sale also tends to reduce somewhat more promptly the amount of current income available for private spending. The notes are not transferable and yield a return only when used for payment of Federal income taxes. They may be purchased by banks as well as by other taxpayers. The Secretary of the Treasury reserves the right to reject any

Note.-Views expressed in signed articles published in the BULLETIN are those of the writers and not necessarily those of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

he deems such action to be in the public interest.

#### Sales of Defense Savings bonds and stamps

From the beginning of May to the end of August about \$1,300,000,000 of Defense Savings bonds and stamps were sold. This amount for the four-months' period contrasts with net receipts of \$1,040,000,000 from the sale of the former savings bonds in the full fiscal year 1940, the year in which the sale of these securities reached its peak. The new Defense Savings securities which have been on sale since May 1 include three series of bonds and also savings stamps.

Series E Savings bonds, which replaced the former savings bonds on sale since March 1, 1935, are issued on a discount basis and mature in 10 years. The yield on this series is about 2.90 per cent if held to maturity. These bonds are issued only to individuals. The amount which may be purchased by any one person in any one calendar year is limited to \$5,000, maturity value. They may be redeemed prior to maturity after 60 days from the issue date, at the owner's option, at fixed redemption values which provide a lower investment yield.

The Series F bonds are issued on a discount basis, mature in 12 years, and yield about 2.53 per cent if held to maturity. The Series G bonds are issued at par and pay interest semiannually. They mature in 12 years and yield 2.50 per cent if held to maturity. Both Series F and Series G bonds may be purchased by investors other than commercial banks in an amount of not more than \$50,000, issue price, in any one calendar year, for the two issues combined. Series F and G bonds may be redeemed prior to maturity after six months from the issue date and on one month's notice, under terms which provide a lower investment yield. Defense Savings stamps are issued in denominations of from 10 cents to 5 dollars, and when enough stamps are accumulated they may be exchanged for a Defense Savings bond.

As shown in the following summary, about 65 per cent of the sales of Defense Savings bonds during the period from May 1 through July 31 were Series F and G bonds. The fact that sales of the latter two series have declined since May indicates that many investors have purchased the full amount, \$50,000, which they are permitted to buy during the current calendar year. Sales of the Series E bonds during May and June were \$100,-000,000 each month but increased to about \$150,000,000 in July. This rise may be due in large part to the adoption of payroll deduction plans and the Treasury's advertising and educational program, in which financial, labor, industrial, and other groups are participating. Purchases of this issue will probably increase further.

Sales of Defense Savings Bonds, May-July 1941— Issue Price

(In millions of dollars)

	Total	May	June	July
Series E Series F	348 94	101 38	$103 \\ 29 \\ 100$	$145 \\ 27 \\ 120$
Series G	$\frac{564}{1.006}$	211 350	$\frac{183}{315}$	$\frac{169}{342}$

Every effort is being made to bring to the attention of the public the desirability of investing in Defense Savings securities and to make them readily available to the small investor. The Series E bonds may be purchased at most banks, post offices, and savings and loan associations. Savings stamps may also be bought at a large number of retail stores. Voluntary pay-deduction plans are now in operation in hundreds of factories and offices.<sup>1</sup> There has been a steady expansion in the advertising of these securities by radio and in the press.

#### Tax anticipation notes

Tax anticipation notes were put on sale on August 1, and receipts from their sale amounted to \$1,040,000,000 for the month.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A description of the pay-deduction plan adopted by the Board of Governors for members of its staff appeared in the Federal Reserve BULLETIN for May, 1941, pp. 405-408. Copies of the plan, in pamphlet form, may be had by writing to the Board of Governors.

which are designed for the relatively small crues each month per \$100 principal amount taxpayer, and Series B, designed for the large is 16 cents for the Series A and 4 cents for taxpayer. The Series A notes are issued in denominations of \$25, \$50, and \$100, yield about 1.92 per cent a year, and their use for tax purposes is limited to \$1,200 principal amount for any one taxpayer in any one tax year. The Series B notes are issued in denominations ranging from \$100 to \$1,000,-000 and provide a return of about 0.48 per cent a year. Both issues mature on August 1, 1943, and were sold at par during August 1941. During each subsequent month that they remain on sale they will be sold at par purchase price paid for the notes.

These notes are of two types: Series A, and accrued interest. The interest which acthe Series B notes.

> Tax anticipation notes will be acceptable in payment of Federal income taxes at any time beginning with the third month after the month of purchase, but not before January 1, 1942. If not presented in payment of income taxes, the Series A notes may be redeemed without advance notice and the Series B notes may be redeemed after 60 days from the date of issue and on 30 days' advance notice. Such redemption will be at the

# Revision in the Index of Industrial Production

sioned by the national defense program also in the transportation equipment index. has necessitated a number of changes in the new Federal Reserve index of industrial production. Although the index, as published in August 1940, was so constructed that most ordnance and other production originating under the defense program was included, developments in the past year have made desirable and possible a slight further broadening of the coverage of the index. Now practically all defense work is believed to be represented.

In this revision data have been added for production carried on by the Government in manufacturing arsenals, quartermaster depots, and shipyards, and for output of electric steel. A series on man hours worked in the automobile industry has been introduced and revisions have been made in the aircraft series, and in three of the nonferrous metals series. Finally the seasonal adjustment factors for a number of lines have been revised.

The only significant result of the revision prior to the early part of 1940 was some smoothing of the index. Since that time the revised index has shown a sharper increase than the index previously published; in recent months the difference has averaged about 2 per cent or 3 points in the total index. In addition the course of the seasonally adjusted index has been greatly smoothed by alteration of seasonal factors, particularly since last December. The extent of the changes in the index since January 1940 is indicated in the accompanying table.

Tables showing preliminary figures for the new and the revised series are published on pages 933-937 of this BULLETIN. There is also a table showing the 1941 seasonal factors tentatively adopted. Current and back figures on activity in arsenals, quartermaster depots, and Government shipyards will not be published separately but will be included in the total index and in the indexes for manufactures and for durable manufactures; the data

EXCEPTIONAL volume of output occa- for Government shipyards will be included

The tabulation on the next page lists the series for which revisions, other than simply seasonal revisions, have been made and summarizes briefly the nature of the changes in each.

The revised indexes for industrial production and for selected groups will be included in a new edition of the Federal Reserve Chart Book on Bank Credit, Money Rates, and Business, to be published early in October. A revised edition of the industrial production chart book, including all published indexes for the various groups, industries, and products, will be issued somewhat later. A reprint of the description of the index of industrial production containing tables showing up-to-date figures for all series will be available within the next month.

#### INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

1935-39 average=100

	Without seasonal adjustment			A	djusted f mal varis	or ation
	Old index	Re- vised index	Differ- ence (in points)	Old index	Re- vised index	Differ- ence (in points)
1040 Тописан	117	117	0	100	122	
1940—January		117	0	$122 \\ 116$	1122	0
February March	112	113		113	113	0
April	112	112	Ö	113	113	
April May	117	117	ŏ	115	116	I II
June	121	121	ŏ	121	110	+1 +1 +1 +1 +3 +2 +1 +1
July	118	120	$+2^{0}$	121	122	-i
August	120	124	4	121	124	+3
September	129	132	$+\hat{3}$	125	127	+2
October	134	136	+2	129	130	∔ī
November	135	136	$+\overline{1}$	133	134	+1
December	135	136	+3 +2 +1 +1 +1	139	139	Ō
1941—January	134	135	+1	140	140	0
February	138	140	+2	141	144	+3
March	143	144	+1	143	147	+4
April	142	144	+2	140	144	+4
May June	153	155	+2	150	154	+4 +4
	157	160	+3	157	159	-2
July	p156	p159	+4	p161	p161	0

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.

#### Inclusion of armament data

The Board's index as revised in August 1940 included most activity involved in the production of materials and finished prod-

Note.—This revision of the Board's production index was pre-pared largely by Frank R. Garfield and Paul Simpson of the Division of Research and Statistics. Maxwell R. Conklin, now with the U. S. Bureau of the Census, contributed in large measure, particularly in the earlier stages of the work.

ucts for armament. introduced at that time for the machinery and transportation equipment industries were particularly useful in this connection, since much of the fabrication of armament is done in these industries.

In this revision by far the most important change with regard to materials for armament has been the introduction of a series on electric steel production and the reweighting of the other series in the iron and steel group. Although the tonnage of electric steel produced is small relative to other types of steel, the amount of value added by manufacture per ton of electric steel is several times as large as for other types, and, inasmuch as output of electric steel has increased much more rapidly, introduction of the electric steel series has raised the index for the iron and steel group appreciably in the past The revision of the iron and two years. steel group was carried back to 1923, on the basis of data newly available, but changes before 1940 were of relatively minor importance.

In the nonferrous metals group, the series on lead shipments has been revised to take the tabulation below. In addition to repreaccount of imports of pig lead for consump-senting armament production, the series on

The man-hours data revised to include production from foreign concentrates shipped for export. For tin, a series on consumption has been substituted since January 1935 for the series on deliveries. The latter ceased to be an accurate measure of the use of tin when reexports became substantial in 1940 and there were large imports for Government and industry stock piles. The net effect of these changes has been to lower the level of the nonferrous metals group index since the beginning of 1940.

The introduction of additional series for the automobile industry brings in data covering armament output other than automobiles by establishments in this industry. Manhours worked figures as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics have been used beginning in January 1935, with a productivity adjustment based on the studies com-piled by the National Research Project. About nine-tenths of the weight formerly applied to the factory sales series has been transferred to the new series, leaving the weight for the entire automobile industry unchanged. The new weights are shown in tion; the series on zinc smelting has been man-hours worked has the further advantage

SUMMARY OF RECENT CHANGES IN THE COMPOSITION OF THE INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Series	Period covered by revision	Nature of changes
Industrial production	1923 to date	
Durable manufactures	1923 to date	Manufacturing in Government arsenals and quartermaster depots included from 1939 to date and revisions made in iron and steel, transportation equipment, and nonferrous metals.
Iron and steel	1923 to date	Beries on open hearth and Bessemer steel revised, series on electric steel added, and new weights assigned as follows: Pig iron 1.70 Open hearth and Bessemer steel 1 8.70 Electric steel 60.60
Steel production Open hearth and	1923 to date	New series representing output at steel works and rolling mills. Obtained by weighting electric steel (.60) and open hearth and Bessemer steel (4.27).
Bessemer steel	1923 to date	Steel for castings made by ingot producers (estimated monthly for period 1923 through 1939) added to ingot production. Daily average production computed on the basis of a 7-day week with full nonworking day allowances for July 4 and December 25, and for Labor Day, a one-half day allowance for period 1931 thru 1936 and a full day allowance thereafter. Daily average base: 126,370 net tons. Source of current data: American Iron & Steel Institute.
Electric steel	1923 to date	New series including ingots and steel for castings made by ingot producers (estimated monthly for period 1923 through 1939). Working day allowances same as open hearth and Bessemer steel. Daily average
Transportation equipment	1935 to date	base: 2,216 net tons. Source of current data: American Iron & Steel Institute. Shipbuilding in Government yards introduced, aircraft series revised, and new automobile series based on man-hours data introduced.
Aircraft Automobiles	1935 to date 1935 to date	Man-hours figures adjusted for changes in productivity. Weight for factory sales series reduced to .48 and remainder of weight (4.31) assigned to a new series based on man-hours worked in the entire industry and on productivity adjustments as estimated by use of National Research Project studies.
Nonferrous metals	1935 to date	Series on zinc smelting, tin deliveries, and lead shipments changed.
Zinc smelting Tin consumption	Jan. 1940 to date 1935 to date	New series including production from foreign concentrates shipped for export. Supersedes tin deliveries series. Daily average consumption computed on the basis of a 6-day working week with a full nonworking day allowance for July 4. Daily average base: 213.9 gross tons. Source: American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
Lead shipments	Oct. 1940 to date	Imports of pig lead for consumption added to domestic shipments.

<sup>1</sup> The difference between the 8.70 shown here and the 4.27 shown under steel production is the weight assigned to open hearth and Bessemer steel to represent the industries, other than steel works and rolling mills, included in the Census classification of iron and steel and not assigned to pig iron

of smoothing out many of the irregularities made for changes in productivity of labor in the period 1935 through 1939, when the in the manufacture of aircraft because suffiindustry was not as yet engaged in armament production, by reflecting, directly, changes in output of parts and supplies as well as finished automobiles. This was particularly important at times of change-over to new model output.

The new series measuring output at arsenals, quartermaster depots, and Government shipyards are estimates based on manhours and other unpublished data collected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The series for Government shipyards includes all activity in the construction of ships and one half of the activity reported for service and repair yards. It is assumed that only about this proportion of the latter activity may be considered as manufacturing.

The inclusion of manufacturing activity of the Government raises special problems of weighting since previously this activity had not been included either directly or indirectly in the index of industrial production. For convenience in use and computation, the original weights had been so calculated that the weighted figures in the base period averaged 100. The addition of new series would upset this relationship unless some special adjustment were made. Recalculation of all the weights in the index to make room for the additions is avoided by use of a special device which makes possible combination of the data with series already in the index. Only the differences between the man-hours worked each month and the average number of man-hours worked monthly during the base period are used and the man-hour figures so obtained are weighted the same as those of comparable series. For Government arsenals the weight for machinery is used and for Government shipyards the weight for private Through this device, the full shipyards.<sup>1</sup> effects of the growth in governmental industrial activity can be represented in the index without having to recompute the index with a new base or without raising the base period average above 100.

In last year's revision, no adjustment was

cient data on output were not available. Recent study of new Census data and other material has left little doubt that substantial improvement in the productivity of labor had been achieved beginning in 1939. From this information and from studies of productivity in other lines, a probable mini-mum growth could be determined, and this has been applied.

The aircraft series in the index of industrial production is based on man-hours worked in plants of final assembly and of parts manufacture. Aircraft engines are included among the machinery industries, and this fact, together with the general increase of subcontracting in the manufacture of various parts outside of the industry, prevents the series from being a satisfactory measure of the total output of aircraft. Nevertheless, it serves rather well its main purpose of covering a certain area of productive activity.

Computation of separate indexes for defense production and for nondefense production has not been possible. In some lines, such as the aircraft and shipbuilding industries, output is now practically all for defense purposes, whereas in some others, such as the food, liquor, tobacco, and printing industries, output is mainly for nondefense purposes. In the vast majority of industries, however, no such clear separation is possible on the basis of reported figures. Ordnance and other defense products are in large part made in the same industries and even in the same plants as nondefense products and, in most cases, separate data for each are not available. Even where such data on finished products are available, there is not a sufficient basis for the construction of comprehensive indexes of activity inasmuch as corresponding data for the earlier stages of production are lacking; this is a problem of considerable importance at a time when the use of subcontracting and the reorganization of productive methods is proceeding so rapidly. The use of man-hours worked data for measuring production overcomes some of the difficulties involved in including defense production in the index, since the man-hours data are common to all types of production and since they represent only the net productive contribution at each stage of production. However, they are not at present susceptible to a breakdown as between defense and nondefense

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The results of this method are not greatly different from those that would have been obtained if the usual procedure had been followed. The percentage weight factor for Government ship-yards would in the latter case be .36 and the difference between the index of industrial production so computed and that obtained from the method actually used would be .36 minus .0036 times the index for a given month. Thus, for July 1941 the index of industrial production as actually computed was .2 of a point higher on this account than it would have been if the usual method had been followed. Similarly, use of this method for arsenals raised the index by another .1 of a point in July.

items. such as steel, nonferrous metals, chemicals, and the like, between defense and nondefense purposes would be particularly difficult except in a very broad sort of way.

#### **Changes in Seasonal Adjustment Factors**

In many industries seasonal influences ordinarily affecting output have changed and in some cases they have completely disappeared as a result of the recent industrial The table below lists the developments. series for which revised seasonal adjustment factors have been computed. For those in which seasonal movements seem to have disappeared the seasonal factors have been fixed at 100 for each month; that is to say, no seasonal adjustment is made and the unadjusted index is used as the seasonally adjusted index.

Shifts in seasonal movements or their disappearance have occurred for the most part in lines where the seasonal has in the past been caused mainly by fluctuations in demand rather than by fluctuations in supply conditions dependent upon the weather. Iron and steel, railway equipment, nonferrous metals, and textiles are examples of lines so affected, in contrast with canning and lumbering where weather is the dominant seasonal influence. Pressure of demand on available capacity or materials has leveled out production, and in some instances orders have been placed so as to maintain production during normally slack periods. Other lines, notably the railroad equipment industry and, more recently, the automobile industry, have shifted to production of armaments, the demand for which has no seasonal variation. In these lines and some others there will continue to be a shift in seasonal movement as more facilities are used for armament production and as rationing of materials affects output for civilian use. In such cases the seasonal factors selected for 1941 are subject to further change.

In making the change to a constant seasonal factor of 100 in the industries where this seemed desirable, the shift was made at the time when capacity or near capacity operations were first reached or when defense program needs became the dominant influence in the industry. In most instances this was in the latter part of 1940, although for aircraft the change was made as early as January 1939 and for automobiles as late [1 Seasonal factors revised but not to constant of 100.

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Similarly, the division of materials, as September 1941 when curtailment of passenger car production first became effective. Since the effects of the defense program appeared gradually in most lines, a further aim in selecting the month of transition was to preserve as far as possible the continuity of monthly figures on a seasonally adjusted December generally seemed to be the basis. best month of change since the sharp decline in activity, which is usual in this month, did not occur in 1940.

In the chemical industry, which is represented in the index of industrial production by a single composite series, activity in some lines has been expanding much more rapidly than in others and, inasmuch as there are wide differences in seasonal movements, this has made the old seasonal factors unsatisfactory for current use. On the basis of study of the behavior of the various components, it appeared desirable to apply seasonal adjustment factors of absolute amounts to allow primarily for continued wide seasonal fluctuations in production of fertilizers and of cottonseed oil. Both of these are being produced in about the same volume as heretofore whereas output of basic chemicals, explosives, and some other products which show little seasonal change, has been increasing rapidly.

CHANGES IN SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

Series	Initial change	Change to constant of 100
Open hearth and Bessemer steel Electric steel	January 1923 January 1923 October 1940 January 1939 December 1940 December 1940 December 1940 February 1938 January 1935 January 1940	December 1940 December 1940 October 1940 January 1939 December 1940 December 1940 September 1941 September 1941
Copper Smetring Zinc smetring Copper deliveries. Lead shipments. Zinc shipments. Tin consumption. Cotton consumption.	November 1940 December 1940 December 1940 November 1940 January 1935	December 1940 November 1940 December 1940 November 1940 ( <sup>1</sup> ) November 1940
Rayon deliveries Silk deliveries Carpet wool consumption	December 1940 August 1941 December 1940	December 1940 August 1941 December 1940
Apparel wool consumption Woolen yarn Worsted yarn Woolen and worsted cloth	December 1940 December 1940 December 1940 December 1940	December 1940 December 1940 December 1940 December 1940
Byproduct coke. Beehive coke. Chemicals. Rubber consumption	December 1940 December 1940 January 1941 July 1941	December 1940 December 1940 ( <sup>1)</sup> July 1941
Iron ore shipments Copper Lead Zinc		(1) (1) (1) November 1940

# Assets and Liabilities of Branches of Member Banks

presented have shown various distributions of the number of branches and of the volume of loans, investments, and deposits of the branch-operating banks, but have not shown the volume of assets and liabilities of the branches themselves. An analysis was recently completed, however, of the assets and liabilities—principally loans and depositsreported by branches of all member banks, The analysis is both national and State. based on condensed condition reports submitted by member banks covering branches in operation on June 30, 1940. Member banks operated 2,523<sup>1</sup> of the 3,641 domestic branches in existence on June 30, 1940; the analysis, therefore, reflects the volume and character of assets and liabilities reported by about two-thirds of the branches in the country. It should be borne in mind, however, that the function of investing branch funds is generally carried on at the head office, and that to some extent loans initiated at branches are consummated at the head office; consequently, branch reports frequently show a large proportion of their assets as "due from head office" rather than as loans and investments. The data are, moreover, heavily weighted by branches in two States-New York and California. Nearly one-third of the head-office city branches were located in New York City and over one-half of the out-of-town branches were in California.<sup>2</sup>

The principal points disclosed by the data compiled from the branch condition reports may be summarized as follows:

1. Total deposits reported by member bank

Statistics of branch banking heretofore branches amounted to \$8,150 millions,<sup>3</sup> or 16 per cent of the deposits of all member banks. Total loans reported by branches amounted to \$2,060 millions and comprised 15 per cent of the loans held by all member banks (Table 1).

2. Demand deposits (exclusive of interbank deposits of \$168 millions) at head-office city branches amounted to \$3,670 millions (Table 1). Of this amount \$2,700 millions, or 73 per cent, was at branches of 10 New York City banks: these 10 banks operated 347 of the 1,440 head-office city branches.

3. About 78 per cent of the branches in head-office cities and 56 per cent of those outside reported deposits of \$1,000,000 or more (Table 2).

4. Branch deposits accounted for 25 per cent or more of the total deposits (excluding interbank deposits) at 136 of the 367 branch-operating member banks. On the other hand 69 banks reported branch deposits representing less than 10 per cent of total deposits (Table 3).

5. The number and deposits of out-of-town branches were distributed as follows:

	Number	c Deposits
In head-office county		\$400,000,000
In counties contiguous to that		
of head-office	248	450,000,000
In noncontiguous counties.	602	1,590,000,000
Total	1,083	2,440,000,000

6. Savings deposits were more predominant at branches outside of head-office cities than at head-office city branches. Such deposits represented at least one-half of total deposits at 50 per cent of the out-of-town The proportion of out-of-town branches. branches with relatively large amounts of savings deposits seemed to be somewhat lower in the smaller localities than in the larger cities (Table 4).

7. Of the total of 2,523 branches, 439 reported some holdings of interbank deposits. Such deposits amounted to 20 per cent or

Note.—This article was prepared by John R. Farrell, under the supervision of J. E. Horbett, Assistant Chief of the Division of Bank Operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of the fact that at some branches certain or all ac-counts are consolidated with those of the head office or another branch, a considerable number of the branch reports were incom-plete. For example, of the 2,523 branches, 204 did not report

plete. For example, of the 2,523 brancnes, 204 up not represent deposits. <sup>2</sup> A distribution of branches by States and classes, as of Decem-ber 31, 1940, is shown on page 461 of the Federal Reserve Bulletin for May 1941. <sup>2</sup> Frequencies of branches whose accounts are consolidated with

for May 1941. <sup>3</sup> Exclusive of branches whose accounts are consolidated with those of the head office.

1

more of total deposits at 50 branches, of which 45 were located in New York City and one each in Atlanta, Ga., Augusta, Ga., Baltimore, Md., Charlotte, N. C., and Columbia, S. C. (Table 5).

8. About a third of the branches in headoffice cities and half of those outside re-

#### TABLE 1-CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS 1 OF ALL MEMBER BANKS AND BRANCHES OF MEMBER BANKS

#### JUNE 30, 1940

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

		Branche	s of membe	er banks
	All member banks <sup>2</sup>	All branches	Head- office city branches	Out-of- town branches
Assets				
Real estate loans	3, 068, 565	652, 092	210, 810	441, 282
Other loans and discounts (including overdrafts) United States Government	10, 900, 205	1, 407, 778	855, 584	552, 194
and other securities	20, 482, 237	73, 112	3, 323	69, 789
Cash assets 3	21,829,674 1,565,665	6,154,864 46,824	4,713,317 22,882	1,441,547 23,942
Total assets	57, 846, 346	8, 334, 670	5, 805, 916	2, 528, 754
		o, 554, 070	3, 805, 910	2, 528, 754
Liabilities				
Demand deposits-total	39, 659, 398	5, 018, 019	3, 841, 962	1,176,057
Deposits of individ- uals, partnerships and corporations Deposits of U. S. Gov- ernment, States and	26, 396, 600	4, 412, 997	3, 551, 246	861, 751
political subdivi- sions Certified checks, etc Deposits of banks	3, 239, 638 475, 041 9, 548, 119	306, 951 56, 311 241, 760	91, 405 31, 519 167, 792	$215, 546 \\ 24, 792 \\ 73, 968$
Time deposits—total	12, 069, 722	3, 128, 759	1, 864, 719	1,264,040
Savings deposits Deposits of States and	10, 098, 565	2, 851, 652	1, 763, 587	1, 088, 065
political subdivi- sions Other time deposits (including postal	410, 049	136, 270	18, 284	117, 986
savings)	1, 561, 108	140, 837	82, 848	57, 989
Total deposits	51, 729, 120	8, 146, 778	5, 706, 681	2, 440, 097
Due to head office (or to other branches) Other liabilities	509, 474	131, 317 56, 575	81, 249 17, 986	50, 068 38, 589
Total liabilities	52, 238, 594	8, 334, 670	5, 805, 916	2, 528, 754
Capital accounts	5,607,752			
Total liabilities and capital accounts	57, 846, 346			
Number of banks or branches	6, 398	4 2, 285	1, 250	1,035

<sup>1</sup> Since the balance sheet of all member banks represents consolidated figures in which "due from" and "due to" branch accounts are eliminated and since investments and capital accounts are customarily not allocated to individual branches, the figures are not in all respects comparable. <sup>2</sup> Includes amounts reported by branches.

<sup>3</sup> Includes, in the case of branches, amounts due from head office or from other branches.

\* Excludes 238 branches from which balanced reports were not received (48 of which were located outside of head-office cities) because their accounts are consolidated with those of the head office or another branch.

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ported loans aggregating \$500,000 or more (Table 6).

9. Loans reported by out-of-town branches amounted to two-fifths of the deposits of such branches, whereas loans of head-office city branches were less than one-fifth of deposits. The lower ratio in the case of head-office city branches is due in part to the fact that local branches more frequently than out-of-town branches refer loans to the head office. Loans at all member banks amounted to about onefourth of deposits and at country banks to about one-third. On the basis of the classification made of out-of-town branches, there seems to be little relation between ratio of loans to deposits and size of place in which the branch is located (Tables 1 and 7).

10. Real estate loans accounted for 44 per cent of the loans of out-of-town branches. whereas for all member banks real estate loans comprise less than a fourth of all loans. The proportion of real estate to total loans was generally higher at branches located in larger places (Tables 1 and 8).

#### TABLE 2-CLASSIFICATION OF MEMBER BANK BRANCHES BY SIZE OF DEPOSITS

JUNE 30, 1940

	Total	In head-office city	Outside head-office city
Number of branches with de-			
Under \$150,000	18	6	12
\$150,000-250,000		8	29
\$250,000-500,000 \$500,000-1,000,000	205 479	63 210	142
\$300,000-1,000,000	419	210	269
\$1,000,000-5,000,000	1,266	758	508
\$5,000,000-10,000,000	182	137	45
\$10,000,000 and over	132	3 97	4 35
Branches not reporting 1	204	161	43
Total	2, 523	1, 440	1,083
Per cent <sup>2</sup> of branches with de-			
Under \$150,000	.8	.5	1.2
\$150,000-250,000	1.6	.6	2.8
\$250,000-500,000	8.8	4.9	13.7
\$500,000-1,000,000	20.7	16.4	25.9
\$1,000,000-5,000,000	54.6	59.3	48.8
\$5,000,000-10,000,000		10.7	4.3
\$10,000,000 and over		7.6	3.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Branches whose accounts were consolidated with those of the head office or another branch. <sup>2</sup> The percentage distribution is based on the number of branches for

<sup>2</sup> The percentage distribution is based on the humder of branches for which deposits were reported. <sup>3</sup> Sixty-eight of these branches were in New York City, and 10 of these 68 had deposits in excess of \$50,000,000. Three other head-office city branches (1 in San Francisco and 2 in Los Angeles) had deposits of more than \$50,000,000. <sup>4</sup> Instances 2 because with deposite in excess of \$50,000,000, 1, each in

<sup>4</sup> Includes 3 branches with deposits in excess of \$50,000,000, 1 each in Los Angeles, Oakland and Atlanta.

## TABLE 3—CLASSIFICATION OF BRANCH-OPERATING TABLE 4—CLASSIFICATION BANKS BY RATIO OF BRANCH DEPOSITS BRANCHES OUTSIDE OF HE TO TOTAL DEPOSITS 1

#### JUNE 30, 1940

[Deposits in thousands of dollars]

[Deposits in thousands of donars]							
Banks operating head-office city branches out-of-town branches, or both							
all branches to total deposits of bank <sup>1</sup>	Number of of banks branches		Deposits of banks and branches	Deposits of branches <sup>2</sup>			
Under 10 % 10-25 %	69 97 90	160 275 533	4, 084, 731 4, 248, 541 7, 383, 610	200,043 654,034 2,884,994			
50-75 % 75 % and over Unclassified <sup>3</sup>	34 12 65	533 879 143	2, 764, 811 2, 987, 860 2, 764, 585	1, 633, 386 2, 573, 998			
Total	367	2, 523	24, 234, 138	7, 946, 455			
Ratio of deposits of	Banks operating one or more out-of-town branches						
out-of-town branches to total deposits of bank 1	Number of banks	Number of out-of-town branches	Deposits of banks and branches	Deposits of out-of-town branches <sup>2</sup>			
Under 10 % 10-25 % 25-50 %	49 25 38	74 74 283	2,098,242 981,677 1,585,192	81, 659 158, 321 573, 875			
50-75 %	5	$\begin{array}{c} 147\\ 488\end{array}$	590, 520 1, 556, 150	337, 514 1, 218, 170			
Unclassified 3	14	17	281, 508				
Total	145	1, 083	7, 093, 289	2, 369, 539			

<sup>1</sup> Deposits of both banks and branches are exclusive of interbank deposits; deposits of banks include amounts held at branches.
<sup>2</sup> Exclusive of deposits of branches whose accounts are consolidated with those of the head office.
<sup>3</sup> Represents banks and their branches for which no branch deposits were reported due to the fact that the accounts of *all* branches of the respective banks are consolidated with those of the head office. There were 61 other branches which did not report deposits, 26 of which were out-of-town branches; these 61 branches were operated by 23 banks which had 739 branches that did report deposits, and they are included in the distribution of the number of branches by ratio of branch deposits to total bank deposits. total bank deposits.

#### Member OF Bank BRANCHES OUTSIDE OF HEAD-OFFICE CITIES BY RATIO OF SAVINGS DEPOSITS TO TOTAL DE-POSITS<sup>1</sup> AND BY POPULATION OF PLACES IN WHICH LOCATED

JUNE 30, 1940

		Branches located in places with population of—					
	Total	Under 500	500- 2, 500	2, 500- 10, 000	10, 000– 50, 000	50, 000 and over	
Number of branches with ratio of savings deposits to total deposits of —							
Under 10% 10-25% 25-50%	$24 \\ 110 \\ 376$	$\begin{array}{c}2\\3\\18\end{array}$	$753 \\107$	$     \begin{array}{c}       6 \\       28 \\       142     \end{array} $	7 14 64	$     \begin{array}{c}       2 \\       12 \\       45     \end{array} $	
50–75% 75% and over Reports incomplete or no savings deposits	411 108	$15 \\ 2$	$100 \\ 22$	124 19	67 19	105 46	
shown <sup>2</sup>	54	9	26	8	9	2	
Total	1, 083	· 49	315	327	180	212	
Per cent <sup>3</sup> of branches with ratio of savings deposits to total deposits of— Under 10%	2.3	5. 0	2.4	1.9	4.1	1.0	
10-25% 25-50%	10, 7 36, 6	7.5 45.0	18.4 37.0	8.8 44.5	8.2 37.4	5.7 21.4	
50–75% 75% and over	39. 9 10. 5	37. 5 5. 0	34.6 7.6	38. 9 5. 9	39. 2 11. 1	50. 0 21. 9	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	

<sup>1</sup> High ratios (50 per cent and over) of savings deposits to total deposits, loans to deposits, and real estate loans to total loans were more prevalent at California branches—which constitute over half of all out-of-town branches—than at branches elsewhere. Consequently the percentage distributions of all branches taken as a whole are substan-tially influenced by the California ratios. <sup>2</sup> Branches which had no savings deposits or which did not maintain separate accounts. <sup>3</sup> The percentages are based on the number of branches for which savings deposits were reported.

#### TABLE 5 — CLASSIFICATION BANK | TABLE OF Member BRANCHES WITH INTERBANK DEPOSITS, BY AMOUNT OF TOTAL DEPOSITS AND BY RATIO OF INTERBANK DEPOSITS TO TOTAL DEPOSITS

#### JUNE 30, 1940

	(D. 1. 1)	Ratio of interbank deposits to total deposits					
	Total	Under 10%	10-20%	20-40%	40% and over		
Number of branches with total deposits of- Under \$1,000,000 \$2,000,000-2,000,000 \$2,000,000-10,000,000 \$10,000,000 and over Total.	39 74 159 76 91 1439	34 69 118 53 77 351	$ \begin{array}{r} 4\\ 4\\ 12\\ 8\\ 10\\ 38\\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 17 \\ 11 \\ 3 \\ 32 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 1\\12\\4\\1\\\hline18\end{array} $		

<sup>1</sup> Branches which reported no interbank deposits either because none

<sup>1</sup> Israncines which reported no interbank deposits either because none were held or because accounts were consolidated with those of the head office or another branch numbered 2, 084. <sup>2</sup> Includes 2 branches with a ratio in excess of 60%—one with 61.1% and one with 76.9%. Both of these branches were in New York City and both had total deposits of from \$5,000,000-\$10,000,000.

#### TABLE 7 --- CLASSIFICATION OF MEMBER BANK BRANCHES OUTSIDE OF HEAD-OFFICE CITIES BY RATIO OF LOANS TO DEPOSITS 1 AND BY POPULATION OF PLACES IN WHICH LOCATED

JUNE 30, 1940

			•			——	
		Bran	ches loc popu 	ated in Ilation o	places v of—	vith	
	Total	Under 500	500- 2, 500	2, 500– 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	50, 000 and over	
Number of branches with ratio of loans to deposits							
Under 10% 10-25% 25-50%	$67 \\ 156 \\ 378$	1 5 16	$17 \\ 43 \\ 110$	$18 \\ 56 \\ 112$	14 27 53	$17 \\ 25 \\ 87$	
50-75%	258 93 70	9 4 4	68 30 18	89 28 16	$50 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14$	42 17 18	
no loans shown 2	61	10	29	8	8	6	
Total	1,083	49	315	327	180	212	
Per cent <sup>3</sup> of branches with ratio of loans to deposits of—							
Under 10% 10-25% 25-50%	6.6 15.3 37.0	2.5 12.8 41.0	5.9 15.0 38.5	$5.6 \\ 17.6 \\ 35.1$	8.2 15.6 30.8	8.3 12.1 42.2	
50–75% 75–100% 100% and over	25.2 9.1 6.8	$\begin{array}{c} 23.1 \\ 10.3 \\ 10.3 \end{array}$	$23.8 \\ 10.5 \\ 6.3$	27.9 8.8 5.0	29.0 8.2 8.2	20. 4 8. 3 8. 7	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
		11		·	1	<u> </u>	1

<sup>1</sup> See note 1, table 4. <sup>2</sup> Branches which made no loans or which did not maintain separate accounts. <sup>3</sup> The percentages are based on the number of branches for which loans were reported.

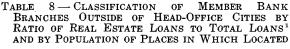
#### 6 - CLASSIFICATIONOF MEMBER BANK BRANCHES BY SIZE OF TOTAL LOANS

JUNE 30, 1940

	Total	In head-office city	Outside head-office city
Number of branches with loans of-			
Under \$50,000	179	150	29
\$50,000-150,000	350	215	135
\$150,000-250,000	259	132	127
\$250,000-500,000	416	186	230
\$500,000-1,000,000	374	147	227
\$1,000,000-5,000,000	426	181	245
\$5,000,000 and over	67	1 38	<sup>2</sup> 29
Branches not reporting <sup>3</sup>	452	391	61
Total	2, 523	1,440	1,083
Per cent <sup>4</sup> of branches with loans of-			
Under \$50,000	8.6	14.3	2.8
\$50,000-150,000	16.9	20.5	13.2
\$150,000-250,000	12.5	12.6	12.4
\$250,000-500,000	20.1	17.7	22.5
\$500,000-1,000,000	18.1	14.0	22.2
\$1,000,000-5,000,000	20.6	17.3	24.0
\$5,000,000 and over	3.2	3, 6	2.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

<sup>1</sup> Twenty-five of these branches were in New York City, and 10 of these 25 had loans in excess of \$10,000,000. Five other head-office city branches had loans of more than \$10,000,000-2 in Los Angeles and 1 each in San Francisco, Buffalo and Philadelphia. <sup>2</sup> Includes 8 branches with loans in excess of \$10,000,000-2 each in Oak-land and Sacramento, and 1 each in Los Angeles, Fresno, Atlanta and Augusta (Ga.). <sup>3</sup> Branches which made no loans or which did not maintain separate accounts

accounts. <sup>4</sup> The percentage distribution is based on the number of branches for which loans were reported.



#### JUNE 30, 1940

		Branches located in places with population of—					
	Total	Under 500	500- 2, 500	2, 500- 10, 000	10, 000- 50, 000	50, 000 and over	
Number of branches with ratio of real estate loans to total loans of—							
Under 10% 10-25% 25-50%	$125 \\ 169 \\ 243$	9 7 13	49 60 88	36 63 81	19 33 25	12 6 36	
50-75% 75% and over Reports incomplete or no real estate loans	$297 \\ 117$	8 2	56 14	89 28	49 34	95 39	
shown <sup>2</sup>	132	10	48	30	20	24	
Total	1,083	49	315	327	180	212	
Per cent <sup>3</sup> of branches with ratio of real estate loans to total loans of—							
Under 10% 10-25% 25-50%	13.1 17.8 25.6	23.1 18.0 33.3	18.4 22.5 32.9	$ \begin{array}{c c} 12.1 \\ 21.2 \\ 27.3 \end{array} $	11.9 20.6 15.6	6.4 3.2 19.1	
50-75%		$20.5 \\ 5.1$	$21.0 \\ 5.2$	30.0 9.4	$30.6 \\ 21.3$	50, 5 20, 8	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

1 See note 1, table 4. <sup>2</sup> Branches which made no real estate loans or which did not maintain separate accounts. <sup>3</sup> The percentages are based on the number of branches for which real estate loans were reported.

SEPTEMBER 1941

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# National Summary of Business Conditions

Compiled August 18 and released for publication August 20. Figures shown on charts may differ from preliminary figures used in text.

NDUSTRIAL activity in July and the first | shift to new model production. Activity in half of August was maintained at the high level reached in June. Wholesale commodity prices advanced further and distribution of commodities to consumers was in exceptionally large volume.

#### Production

Volume of industrial output showed little change from June to July. **Reductions** in activity at automobile factories and steel mills were largely offset in the total by further increases in the machinery, aircraft, shipbuilding, and lumber industries. The Board's adjusted index, which includes allowance for a considerable decline at this season, advanced from 157 to 162 per cent of the 1935-1939 average.

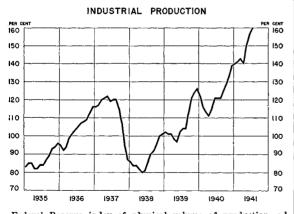
Steel production, which in June had been at about 98 per cent of capacity, declined to 96 per cent in July, owing in part to holiday shutdowns at some mills. In the first half of August steel output was again at about 98 per cent of capacity. Automobile production in July declined less than usual but in the first half of August there was a sharp reduction as most plants were closed to prepare for the

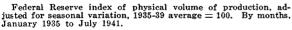
the nonferrous metals industries continued at a high rate. Early in August copper, pig iron, and all forms of steel were placed under complete mandatory priority control as it became evident that actual demand for these metals could not be fully met.

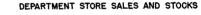
In the wool, cotton, and rayon textile industries and at shoe factories activity in July was maintained at or near the peak levels of other recent months and production of chemicals rose further. Output of manufactured foods increased less than seasonally from the high level reached in June.

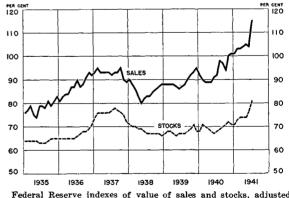
Coal production declined slightly in July but as in June was unusually large for this time of year. Crude petroleum production was maintained at about the high rate that had prevailed in the previous two months.

Value of construction contract awards in July increased further to a level more than two-fifths higher than a year ago, according to F. W. Dodge Corporation reports. The rise reflected chiefly a continued increase in contracts for public construction, mostly defense projects. Private residential building contracts increased somewhat, although there is usually some decline at this season, while









adjusted for seasonal variation, 1 uary 1935 to July 1941. 1923-25 average == 100. By months. Jan-

awards for other private building declined further from earlier high levels.

#### Distribution

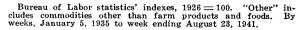
Sales at department stores and in rural areas declined by much less than the usual seasonal amount in July and variety store sales increased further. In the first half of August department store sales rose sharply.

Total loadings of revenue freight in July and early August showed little change from the advanced level reached in June. Grain shipments, which had been larger than usual in May and June, increased less than seasonally and loadings of coal declined somewhat.

#### **Commodity Prices**

The general index of wholesale prices advanced about 2 per cent further from the middle of July to the middle of August, reflecting sharp increases in prices of a number of agricultural and industrial commodities. Federal action to limit price increases was extended to additional basic materials, including burlap, silk, rayon fabrics, rubber, and sugar, and in the early part of August prices of these commodities in domestic markets showed little change or were reduced. On the other hand, prices for paper-board, automobile tires, and cotton yarns and gray goods were advanced with Federal approval; prices of textile products not under Federal control continued to rise; and there were considerable increases in prices of lumber, other building materials, and chemicals. On August 16 it was announced that for Southern pine maximum prices somewhat below recent high levels would become effective on September 5.





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#### Agriculture

Agricultural production in 1941 may exceed that in any previous year, according to indications on August 1, and carryovers of major crops are unusually large. Crops of wheat and other leading foodstuffs are expected to be exceptionally large, while substantial declines in production are indicated for the major export crops—cotton and tobacco. Although the cotton crop is estimated at 10,600,000 running bales, or 1,800,000 bales less than last season, total supplies of cotton will be about the same owing to a larger carryover on August 1. Marketings of livestock and livestock products, except hogs, will be substantially above last year.

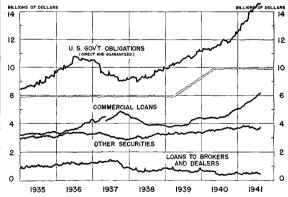
#### **Bank Credit**

Total loans and investments at reporting banks in 101 leading cities rose further during the five weeks ending August 13. Commercial loans continued to increase substantially, while holdings of United States Government obligations showed little change. Bank deposits remained at a high level.

#### **United States Government Security Prices**

After advancing to the highest levels on record, prices of both taxable and partially tax-exempt Treasury bonds declined somewhat in the first part of August. On August 15 the partially tax-exempt  $2\frac{3}{4}$  per cent 1960-65 bonds yielded 2.06 per cent, compared with the all-time low of 2.02 per cent on July 29. Yields on Treasury notes showed little change in the period.

MEMBER BANKS IN IOI LEADING CITIES



Wednesday figures, January 2, 1935, to August 20, 1941. Commercial loans, which include industrial and agricultural loans, represent prior to May 19, 1937, so-called "Other loans" as then reported.

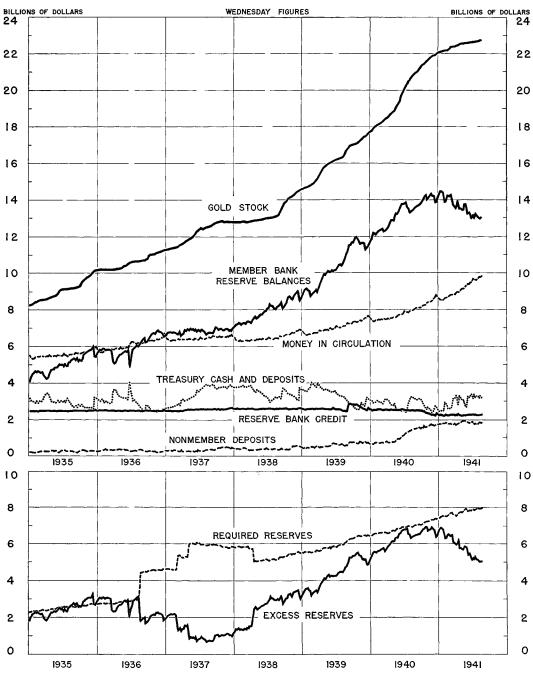
## FINANCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS UNITED STATES

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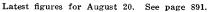
Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to the Federal Reserve Banks and the member banks of the Federal Reserve System are derived from regular reports made to the Board; index numbers of production are compiled by the Board on the basis of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, money in circulation, Treasury finance, and operations of Government credit agencies are obtained principally from statements of the Treasury, or of the agencies concerned; data on money and security markets and commodity prices and other series on business activity are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures may in most cases be obtained from earlier BULLETINS and from Annual Reports of the Board of Governors for 1937 and earlier years. Current figures compiled by the Board are generally released prior to publication in the BUL-LETIN and press statements will be sent without charge to those wishing them. For a list of current releases see FEDERAL RESERVE PUBLICATIONS at the back of this BULLETIN.

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## MEMBER BANK RESERVES AND RELATED ITEMS



#### MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS [In millions of dollars]

Member Reserve Bank credit outstanding bank reserve Treasbalances ury de posits with Other Treas U. S. Government ury cur-rency Treas Non Fedsecurities Money ury cash memeral All other in cir cula-Date Gold Fed-eral Reber de-Re Bills stock serve out hold-Ма-Total dis-Ma-Reserve tion ac-counts standings posits Excounted turing withturing after Bank credit<sup>1</sup> Total ing serve Banks cess' Total in 5 5 years years Monthly averages of daily figures: 2, 472 2, 474 2, 450 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 529 2, 542 2, 515 2, 272 2, 262 2, 280 2, 298 13, 086 13, 596 13, 735 13, 600 13, 650 6, 288 6, 696 6, 752 5, 883 5, 831 5, 351 5, 193 1,2051,2061,2021, 267 1, 269 1, 247 1, 201 1, 177 7, 617 7, 752 7, 884 8, 995 2, 231 2, 194 2, 206 2, 277 18, 974 19, 560 3, 004 3, 010 440 286 1940--May\_ 3 2 54 65 879 255 259 261 288 287 290 289 June..... 1,026 1, 316 1, 774 1, 926 20, 260 22, 441 22, 547 3, 017 3, 115 3, 129 391 July\_ 63  $\frac{3}{2}$  $\frac{2}{2}$ April..... May..... 983 85 75 1941-2, 264 2, 249 2, 303 1.008 9, 193 618 952 951 1, 232 1, 234 22, 602 22, 651 3, 141 3, 156 1,856 1,774 13, 201 13, 120 June..... 94 9.442 987 July\_\_\_\_\_ ĩ 111 949 9,670 End of month figures: 1940- May 31..... June 29.... July 31..... 2, 198 2, 186 2, 250 2, 283 2, 215 2, 275 2, 477 2, 466 2, 448 2, 184 2, 519 2, 531 2, 484 2, 234 2, 280 2, 267 2, 293 19, 209 19, 963 20, 463 22, 506 365 13, 237 13, 781 13, 498  $\frac{3}{2}$ 1,271 3.008 7,710 973 253 6, 385 1.206 39 1, 262 1, 262 1, 246 1, 177 1, 177 1, 234 7,848 7,883 9,071 1, 198 1, 382 1, 830 1,204 1,202 63 32 3, 013 3, 024 234 694 261 262 6, 857 6, 514  $\frac{1}{2}$ 1941-Apr. 30..... May 31..... 5, 771 1.008 48 3, 122 865 288 13, 524 3, 122 3, 134 3, 149 3, 166 5, 801 5, 210 5, 215 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 1,008 1,008 951 22, 575 22, 624 9,357 9,612 1,965 285 290 13, 724 13, 051  $\tilde{92}$ 443 4 2 5 June 30.... 81 980 July 31 ..... 2.184 951 1,234 104 22,675 9,732 2.334 877 1.752 287 13, 151 Wednesday figures: 2, 482 2, 445 2, 481 2, 388 2, 381 2, 424 2, 399 2, 384 2, 352 1, 587 1, 574 1, 660 1, 600 6, 721 6, 816 6, 869 6, 940 6, 930 1940-Oct. 2..... 21, 271 21, 349 21, 373 21, 428 2, 294 2, 294 2, 268 2, 232 13, 800 13, 927 14, 016 1, 181 678 1.243 53 38 94 32 44 3.046 8.172 268 6 8 4 8, 172 8, 199 8, 229 8, 236 8, 265 Oct. 9\_\_\_\_\_ Oct. 16\_\_\_\_\_ Oct. 23\_\_\_\_\_ 3, 048 3, 052 3, 055 1,075 1,108 1, 325 1, 276 579 270 271 272 463 4 4 1,086 1,266 383 14.148 Oct. 30 .... 2, 333 1,074 1, 259 21, 499 3, 056 2, 187 376 1.569 272 14, 177 1, 070 1, 044 1, 036 2, 327 2, 254 2, 231 2, 204 2, 362 2, 326 2, 302 2, 276 Nov. 6..... Nov. 13.... Nov. 20.... 8, 385 8, 395 8, 436 8, 465 465 1.681 6, 73**2** 6, 79**5** 6, 80**0** 4 4 1, 258 1, 210 30 21, 581 21, 637 21, 716 3,060 2 221 271 13 979 2, 221 2, 211 2, 18**8** 2, 18**2** 1, 681 1, 688 1, 749 1, 685 3,062 3,066 404 310 275 276 14, 052 14, 127 67 44 1, 195 1, 180 67 Nov. 27 .... 1,025 68 21, 755 3,069 199 278 14, 292 6, 931 2, 266 2, 241 2, 306 2, 336 2, 274 2, 195 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 67 51 117 1, 020 2551,708 278 14, 154 4 5 1.176 21.827 3.074 8, 569 2,204 6, 816 Dec. 4..... Dec. 11..... Dec. 18..... Dec. 24..... 2, 204 2, 197 2, 204 2, 213 2, 213 1, 708 1, 687 1, 702 1, 711 1, 732 21,858 21,898 3,077 8, 625 8, 716 235 570 279 289 14, 152 13, 804 6, 785 6, 395 1,020 1,048 1,165 4 3 1,048 1,048 1, 136 149 88 21, 930 21, 995 8, 817 8, 732 6, 438 6, 615 3, 082 481 289 13 837 Dec. 31..... 2, 184 3, 087 368 284 14,026 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 237 2, 254 2, 256 2, 228 1, 740 1, 742 1, 750 1, 799 6, 835 6, 896 6, 864 6, 799 1, 048 1, 136 1, 136 1, 136 1, 136 1, 136 2, 203 2, 195 2, 196 50 67 3, 034 8, 628 14 284 1941-Jan. 8. 22, 034 220 284 3 4 4 3 Jan. 8..... Jan. 15..... Jan. 22..... 14, 284 14, 414 14, 410 14, 347 1,048 1,048 1,048 1,048 237 283 283 3, 092 3, 095 8, 542 8, 541 8, 548 22, 066 69 41 22, 089 22, 110 261 Jan. 29.... 3,097 2, 200 258 283 2, 212 2, 212 2, 222 6, 306 6, 331 6, 440 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 1, 048 31 74 49 2, 217 2, 260 2, 235 22, 122 22, 130 22, 140 2 1, 136 692 1.784 283 13 842 Feb. 5 3, 099 8,627 1, 784 1, 837 1, 785 1, 752 Feb. 12..... Feb. 19.....  $\frac{1}{2}$ 1,048 1, 136 1, 136 622 479 283 13, 871 14, 021 3, 100 3, 102 8,665 8,668 282 Feb. 26.... 3 2, 184 1,048 1, 136 36 2, 223 22, 179 3, 101 8,725 2, 204 368 281 14, 175 6, 542 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 237 2, 244 2, 259 2, 221 1, 772 1, 748 1, 721 1, 788 6, 435 6, 48**3** 6, 106 6, 011 3, 103 3, 106 3, 104 3, 108 2 1, 136 1, 136 1, 201 22, 237 22, 318 22, 335 14, 136 Mar 5 1,048 1,048 51 59 8.805 2.192 391 280 Mar. 12.... Mar. 19.... 8, 811 8, 826 2, 192 2, 196 2, 208 421 913 280 280 289 14, 211 13, 741 111 984 73 Mar. 26 ... 984 1,201 35 23, 359 8,842 2,230 906 288 13, 633 5, 941 6, 027 6, 264 5, 760 5, 771 2, 244 2, 235 2, 286 2, 239 1, 704 1, 740 1, 763 1, 808 2, 184 1,230 2, 251 1,045 288 13, 506 Apr. 2..... 1 955 59 22, 384 3, 110 8.944 Apr. 9..... Apr. 16..... 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 1,2301,17746 100 22, 384 22, 413 22, 421 22, 482 3, 113 3, 116 8, 993 8, 989 2, 272 2, 272 2, 269 2, 299 813 534 288 289 13, 656 13, 979 13, 506 955 5 1 2 2 1,008 Apr. 23..... Apr. 30..... 53 48 3, 118 3, 122 289 1.008 1, 177 8 992 947 2, 184 1,008 1,177 2, 234 22, 506 9,071 2, 283 865 1,830 288 13, 524 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 292 2, 283 2, 280 2, 221 1, 905 1, 961 1, 972 1, 926 5, 711 5, 689 5, 855 5, 824 2, 229 2, 239 2, 237 2, 231 3, 125 3, 129 3, 131 288 13, 440 May 7..... 1,008 1,177 43 22.525 9, 151 804 1 2 2 4 762 477 462 13, 458 13, 732 13, 749 May 14 ..... May 21 ..... 1,008 1,008 1,008 1, 177 1, 177 53 50 22, 538 22, 565 9, 155 9, 186 287 286 May 28.... 1, 177 43 22, 573 3, 133 9, 294 286 1, 852 1, 809 1, 855 1, 891 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 240 2, 249 2, 241 2, 249 3, 136 2, 229 2, 240 5, 407 June 4  $\frac{2}{2}$ 951 1,234 54 22, 579 9, 394 993 285 13, 201 951 951 951 3, 130 3, 138 3, 142 3, 148 9, 393 9, 433 9, 490 June 11\_\_\_\_\_ June 18\_\_\_\_ 1, 234 1, 234 63 55 22, 593 22, 612 5, 488 941 285 13, 312  $\frac{1}{2}$ 2, 258 2, 275 024 295 295 13, 131 12, 985 5, 314 5, 145 June 25\_\_\_\_ 1.234 63 22,620 1.081 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 273 2, 249 2, 294 2, 248 2, 276 2, 291 5, 265 July 2 ..... 3 951 1,234 86 22, 627 3, 150 9,704 837 1,820 289 13, 125 July 9 July 16 July 23 5, 124 5, 336 5, 181 5, 155 951 951 951 1, 234 1, 234 1, 234 1, 234 22, 640 22, 655 22, 664 3, 152 3, 157 3, 161 9, 695 9, 645 9, 634 1,756 1,792 1,759 61 108  $\frac{3}{2}$ 1.039 289 12,971 2, 309 2, 320 849 954 288 288 13, 223 13, 117 3 61 July 30 ....  $\overline{5}$ 2, 184 951 1, 234 56 2, 245 22,673 3, 163 9, 697 2, 330 921 1.748 288 13,097 5, 018 5, 027 5, 058 Aug. 6..... Aug. 13..... Aug. 20..... 12,951 2, 184 2, 184 2, 184 2, 231 2, 247 2, 272 839 1.865 1.234 41 53 9, 795 9, 792 2 345 2875 051 22,682 3.169 10 1, 234 22, 703 22, 710 3, 172 2, 361 919 785 1,816 1,835 287 285 12,948 951 951 1.23480 3, 178 9,840 2, 377 8

<sup>1</sup> Includes industrial advances and bills bought, shown separately in subsequent tables.
<sup>1</sup> End of month and Wednesday figures estimated.
NOTE.—For description of figures in this table and discussion of their significance, see BULLETIN for July 1935, pp. 419–429. Reprints of article together with available back figures, may be obtained upon request. Back figures are also shown in Annual Report for 1937 (tables 3 and 4) and for excess reserves in BULLETIN for August 1935, pp. 499–500. Back figures for end of month and Wednesday dates since January 6, 1937 on maturity distribution of security holdings will be supplied on request.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES [Per cent per annum]

				[1 or comp p	A Contraction	1								
	Rediscounts and advances under sections 13 and 13a of the Federal Reserve Act except last paragraph of Section 13					Advances under Sec- tion 10(b) of the		Advances secured by direct obligations of the United States (last paragraph of Section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act)						
Federal Reserve Bank	eligible	by direct and guaranteed ob- is of the U. S.	1	All other	Federal Reserve Act								To others	
	Rate Sept. 3	In effect beginning—	<b>Rate</b> Sept. 3	In effect beginning—	Rate Sept. 3	In effect beginning—	Rate Sept. 3	In effect beginning—	Rate Sept. 3	In effect beginning—				
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \end{array} $	Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 27, 1937 Bept. 4, 1937 May 11, 1935 Aug. 27, 1937 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 24, 1937 Aug. 24, 1937 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 3, 1937	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 27, 1937 Sept. 4, 1937 May 11, 1935 Aug. 27, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 24, 1937 Sept. 3, 1937 Sept. 3, 1937	222222222222222222222222222222222222222	Sept. 2, 1937 Oct. 10, 1935 Sept. 4, 1937 Oct. 19, 1935 Sept. 10, 1935 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 21, 1937 Aug. 24, 1937 Sept. 3, 1937 Sept. 3, 1937 Sept. 17, 1937	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ $	Sept. 1, 1939 Aug. 25, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 16, 1939 Sept. 1, 1939		Apr. 29, 1938 Feb. 8, 1934 Sept. 1, 1939 May 11, 1935 Feb. 19, 1935 Feb. 19, 1933 Oct. 16, 1933 Oct. 16, 1938 Apr. 16, 1938 Apr. 16, 1938 Oct. 19, 1933				

<sup>1</sup> Two and one-half per cent to lenders other than banks. NOTE.—Rates applicable to United States Government securities' repurchase agree-ments are as follows: New York, one per cent; Cleveland, Kansas City, and Dallas, one and one-half per cent. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 40).

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BUYING RATES ON ACCEPTANCES

[Per cent per annum]						
Maturity	Rate in effect on Sept. 3	In effect be- ginning—	Previous rate			
1-15 days <sup>1</sup> 16-30 days 31-45 days 46-60 days 61-90 days 91-120 days 121-180 days	12122	Oct. 20, 1933 do do do do do do	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1/4			

<sup>1</sup> This rate also applies to acceptances bought under repurchase agree-ments, which agreements are always for a period of 15 days or less. Norg.—Minimum buying rates at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on prime bankers' acceptances payable in dollars; higher rates may be charged for other classes of bills. The same minimum rates apply to purchases, if any, made by other Federal Reserve Banks. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 41).

#### **MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS**

[Per cent of deposits]

	[	o or dopor			
Classes of deposits and banks	June 21, 1917– Aug. 15, 1936	Aug. 16, 1936– Feb. 28, 1937	Mar. 1, 1937- Apr. 30, 1937	May 1, 1937- Apr. 15, 1938	Apr. 16, 1938- and after
On net demand deposits: <sup>1</sup> Central reserve city Reserve city Country On time deposits: All member banks	13 10 7 3	1914 15 1014 414	2234 1712 1214 514	26 20 14 6	22 <b>3</b> 1775 12 5

1 See footnote to table on p. 898 for explanation of method of computing net demand deposits.

#### **MARGIN REQUIREMENTS 1**

Prescribed by Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 [Per cent of market value]

	Apr. 1, 1936- Oct. 31, 1937	Nov. 1, 1937 and after
For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities, under Regulation T For short sales, under Regulation T For loans by banks on stocks, under Regulation U	55 (3) 3 55	40 50 40

Regulations T and U limit the amount of credit that may be extended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of the extension; the "margin requirements" shown in this table are the difference between the market value (100%) and the maximum loan value.
 Requirement under Regulation T was the margin "customarily required" by the broker.
 Regulation U became effective May 1, 1936. NOTE.—Regulations T and U also provide special margin requirements on "omnibus" accounts and loans to brokers and dealers.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL ADVANCES

Rates in effect Sept. 3 on advances and commitments under Section 13b of the Federal Reserve Act [Per cent per annum except as indicated by footnote 6]

	Advances direct to	Advances to ticipation w ing inst	Commit-	
Federal Reserve Bank	industrial or com- mercial or- ganizations	On por- tion for which institu- tion is obligated 1	On re- maining portion 1	ments to make advances
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Atlanta. Chicago. St. Louis. Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas. San Francisco.	31/2-6 4-6 31/2-5 4-6 4-6 3-6 31/2-51/2 3-6 4-6 4-6 4-6 4-6	$ \begin{array}{r} 3\\ 2-3\\ 2/5\\ (^8)\\ (^4)3\\ -6\\ 11/5-2\\ 3-6\\ 11/5-2\\ -4\\ 4\\ -4\\ -4\\ -4\\ -4\\ -4\\ -4\\ -4\\ -4\\$	$3\frac{3}{2}$ $2-5$ (1) (2) (6)4 4-6 3-6 (1) 3-6 (1) 3-6 4 4-6 4-5	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ (6)1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ (6)1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ (6)1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ (6)1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ (6)1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ (6)1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ (6)1 \\ -2 \\ ($

<sup>1</sup> The Federal Reserve Banks of New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Richmond, Atlanta, Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City, and Dallas may charge same rate as charged borrower by financing institution, if

may charge same rate as charged borrower by financing institution, if lower than rate shown.
<sup>1</sup> Same as rate charged borrower by financing institution.
<sup>3</sup> One per cent less than rate charged borrower by financing institution.
<sup>4</sup> One per cent less than rate charged borrower by financing institution with minimum of three per cent (see note 1).
<sup>5</sup> One-half of one per cent less than rate charged borrower by financing institution institution with minimum of four per cent (see note 1).
<sup>6</sup> Minimum charge one-fourth of one per cent.

#### **MAXIMUM RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS**

Maximum rates that may be paid by member banks as established by the Board of Governors under provisions of Regulation Q [Per cent per annum]

(I C	a cent per ann	սայ	
	Nov. 1, 1933 to Jan. 31, 1935	Feb. 1, 1935 to Dec. 31, 1935	In effect beginning Jan. 1, 1936
Savings deposits Postal savings deposits Other time deposits pay- able in:	3 3	2½ 2½	$21/2 \\ 21/2 \\ 21/2$
6 months or more 90 days to 6 months Less than 90 days	3 3 3	$21_{2}$ $21_{2}$ $21_{2}$ $21_{2}$	21/2 2 1

NOTE.—Maximum rates that may be paid by insured nonmember banks as established by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, effective February 1, 1936, are the same as those in effect for member banks. Under Regulation Q the rate payable by a member bank may not in any event exceed the maximum rate payable by State banks or trust companies on like deposits under the laws of the State in which the member bank is located.

#### PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF ALL FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[In thousands of dollars]

			En								
	;		19	1940							
	Aug. 20	Aug. 13	Aug. 6	July 30	July 23	July 16	July 9	July 2	July	June	July
Assets											
Gold certificates on hand and due from U. S. Treas- ury	20, 299, 532	20, 300, 529	20, 300, 531	20, 302, 533	20, 302, 531	20, 307, 532	20, 310, 531	20, 312, 231	20, 302, 532	20, 312, 731	18, 188, 977
Redemption fund—F. R. notes Other cash	16,229 274,639	16, 657 279, 984			16, 271 293, 072	12, 186 283, 282	10, 553 252, 279	8, 853 241, 080			12,852 377,336
Total reserves	20, 590, 400	20, 597, 170	20, 585, 431	20, 612, 036	20, 611, 874	20, 603, 000	20, 573, 363	20, 562, 164	20, 602, 602	20, 582, 916	18, 579, 165
Bills discounted: For member banks For nonmember banks, etc	8, 289	9, 962	5, 389	4, 560	2, 728	2, 296	3, 357	2, 508	4, 682	1, 772	3, 667 5
Total bills discounted.	8, 289	9, 962	5, 389	4, 560	2, 728	2, 296	3, 357	2, 508	4, 682	1,772	3, 672
Industrial advances U. S. Government securities: Direct	9, 586	9, 270	9, 448	9, 930	9, 853	9, 807	9, 352	9, 273	9, 620	9, 227	8, 884
Bonds Notes Guaranteed	$\begin{array}{c c}1,359,200\\820,300\\4,600\end{array}$	1, 359, 200 820, 300 4, 600	820, 300		1, 359, 200 820, 300 4, 600		1, 359, 200 820, 300 4, 600	820, 300	820, 300		$\begin{array}{c} 1,314,596\\ 1,126,732\\ 6,600 \end{array}$
Total U. S. Govern- ment securities, di- rect and guaranteed. Other Reserve Bank credit outstanding	2, 184, 100 69, 995	2, 184, 100 44, 148	, , , ,	2, 184, 100 46, 440	2, 184, 100 51, 103	, , ,	2, 184, 100 52, 274	2, 184, 100 77, 189		, , ,	2, 447, 928 23, 065
Total Reserve Bank credit outstanding		2, 247, 480		2, 245, 030		2, 293, 991					
Liabilities											
F. R. notes in actual circu- lation	6, 952, 605	6, 906, 411	6, 903, 785	6, 829, 182	6, 771, 077	6, 774, 078	6, 797, 124	6, 787, 914	6, 857, 075	6, 723, 567	5, 247, 601
Deposits: Member bank-reserve account	13, 037, 470	12, 947, 724	12, 951, 427	13, 096, 940	13, 117, 089	13, 223, 032	12, 971, 077	13, 125, 376	13, 151, 455	13, 050, 968	13, 498, 134
U. S. Treasurer—general account Foreign Other deposits	$785,344\\1,202,872\\631,830$	1, 194, 306	1, 201, 653	1, 144, 031	954, 398 1, 165, 141 593, 544	1, 185, 116	${\begin{array}{r}1,038,545\\1,191,575\\564,481\end{array}}$	$\begin{array}{r} 836,852 \\ 1,208,225 \\ 611,503 \end{array}$		1,233,273	694, 083 787, 371 594, 991
Total deposits	15, 657, 516	15, 683, 120	15, 656, 082	15, 766, 437	15, 830, 172	15, 864, 719	15, 765, 678	15, 781, 956	15, 780, 893	15, 862, 672	15, 574, 579
Ratio of total reserves to de- posit and F. R. note lia- bilities combined (per cent)	91.1	91. 2	91.2	91. 2	91, 2	91.0	91. 2	91.1	91.0	91. 1	89. 2

#### MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF BILLS AND U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

#### **HELD BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS**

#### [In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Within 15 days	16 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 days to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 years to 5 years	Over 5 years
Bills discounted:         July 30.         Aug. 6.         Aug. 20.         Industrial advances:         July 30.         Aug. 6.         Aug. 20.         Udustrial advances:         July 30.         Aug. 6.         Aug. 20.         U.'S. Government securities, direct and guaranteed:         July 30.         Aug. 6.         Aug. 6.         Aug. 6.         Aug. 13.         Aug. 20.	4,560 5,389 9,962 8,289 9,930 9,448 9,270 9,586 2,184,100 2,184,100 2,184,100		94 118 217 1, 343 325 323 381 360			$\begin{array}{c} 266\\ 161\\ 155\\ 104\\ 1, 127\\ 1, 174\\ 1, 265\\ 1, 141\\ 43, 000\\ 43, 000\\ 43, 000\\ 43, 000\end{array}$			584,000 584,000	

## STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, BY WEEKS

[In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Assets Gold certificates on hand and due from U. S. Treasury: July 16 July 23 Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Redemption Fund—Federal Reserve notes:	20, 307, 532 20, 302, 531 20, 302, 533 20, 300, 531 20, 300, 531 20, 300, 529 20, 299, 532	1, 214, 415 1, 213, 897 1, 196, 195 1, 184, 358 1, 189, 678 1, 169, 938	8, 779, 562 8, 816, 271 8, 775, 382 8, 606, 225 8, 503, 174 8, 564, 933	1, 201, 628 1, 188, 943 1, 243, 217 1, 269, 140 1, 310, 471 1, 299, 629	1, 564, 028 1, 574, 362 1, 572, 133 1, 593, 691 1, 570, 557 1, 603, 922	692, 026 672, 053 686, 281 694, 827 711, 537 707, 191	474, 115 471, 784 470, 106 480, 357 491, 794 486, 914	3, 360, 120 3, 325, 273 3, 324, 248 3, 351, 111 3, 380, 408 3, 334, 194	550, 410 544, 558 543, 369 548, 512 546, 366 542, 754	339, 855 340, 233 352, 228 352, 438 354, 214 350, 402	463, 044 473, 185 463, 796 485, 092 481, 354 484, 822	324, 178 321, 346 323, 025 348, 601 344, 837 330, 564	1, 344, 151 1, 360, 626 1, 352, 553 1, 386, 179 1, 416, 139 1, 424, 269
July 16. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20.	$\begin{array}{c c} 12, 186\\ 16, 271\\ 16, 271\\ 16, 657\\ 16, 657\\ 16, 657\\ 16, 229\end{array}$		1, 810 1, 656 1, 656 1, 388 1, 388 1, 155	482 416 416 1, 286 1, 286 1, 181	862 799 799 686 686 586	$1,761 \\ 1,324 \\ 1,324 \\ 1,577 \\ 1,577 \\ 1,577 \\ 1,898 \\$	687 656 656 600 600 548	1, 655 1, 593 1, 593 1, 478 1, 478 1, 378	1, 013 999 973 973 973 949	603 594 583 583 583 571	560 548 548 526 526 508	794 786 786 770 770 754	1, 805 1, 787 1, 787 1, 752 1, 752 1, 723
Other cash:         July 16	283, 282 293, 072 293, 232 268, 243 279, 984 274, 639	$\begin{array}{c} 22,461 \\ 20,868 \\ 20,669 \\ 20,725 \end{array}$	66, 057 68, 053 69, 813 63, 855 68, 615 65, 161	19, 033 20, 458 20, 509 19, 063 17, 421 17, 923	$\begin{array}{c} 21,003\\ 17,191\\ 21,288\\ 15,590\\ 20,610\\ 17,234 \end{array}$	18, 647 14, 431 15, 334	$\begin{array}{c} 22,572\\ 26,613\\ 24,189\\ 23,551\\ 22,478\\ 22,029\end{array}$	38, 956 40, 570 37, 746	17, 979 18, 718 16, 854 15, 448 14, 397 17, 052	5, 574 5, 972 6, 683 5, 891 6, 349 4, 965	11, 953 11, 929 10, 140	13,115 12,751	30, 208 30, 918 31, 754 30, 098 31, 546 30, 688
Total reserves:           July 16	20, 603, 000 20, 611, 874 20, 612, 036 20, 585, 431 20, 597, 170 20, 590, 400	$\begin{array}{c} 1,238,213\\ 1,241,488\\ 1,223,769\\ 1,210,264\\ 1,215,385\\ 1,195,641 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 8,847,429 \\ 8,885,980 \\ 8,846,851 \\ 8,671,468 \\ 8,573,177 \\ 8,631,249 \end{array}$	1,264,142 1,289,489 1,329,178	1,594,220 1,609,967 1,591,853	702, 036 711, 738 725, 339	494, 951 504, 508 514, 872	3, 366, 411 3, 390, 335 3, 422, 434	561, 222 564, 933 561, 736	359, 505 358, 912 361, 146	476, 273 495, 758 494, 091	336, 562 360, 030 358, 522	$1,386,094 \\1,418,029 \\1,449,437$
Secured by U. S. Govern- ment obligations, direct and guaranteed: July 16. July 23. July 23. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20.	930 905 1, 622 1, 748 5, 462 2, 187	37 87 37 10	515 420 940 1, 170 4, 870 1, 420	80 50 201 180 159 195	100 100 100 110 110 100	8 8 25 17£		50 50	45 30 25 47 47	40 40 101 61 75 75		46 91 91 91 117 130	25 25 25 25
Other bills discounted: July 16July 23 July 23 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Totol bills discounted.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		790 1, 285 2, 271 2, 971 3, 806 5, 415	46 36 74 63 21 16	22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22		38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38		50	169 169 172 162 154 98	87 95 78 56 56 46	204 168 273 319 393 407	10 10 10 10 10 10
Total bills discounted:           July 16	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37 87 37 10	$\begin{array}{c} 1,305\\ 1,705\\ 3,211\\ 4,141\\ 8,676\\ 6,835\end{array}$	126 86 275 243 180 211	122 132	8 8 25 175	58 58 58		45 30 25 47 97		114 114 97 85 85 61	250 259 364 410 510 537	35 35 35 35 10 10
July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 U. S. Government securities,	9,853 9,930 9,448	$1, 106 \\ 1, 302 \\ 1, 300 \\ 1, 300$	1, 533 1, 533 1, 533 1, 184 1, 184 1, 184	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 522 \\ 3, 557 \\ 3, 562 \\ 3, 583 \\ 3, 586 \\ 3, 586 \\ 3, 676 \end{array}$	323 340 338 342 339 337	818 800 820 795 788 819	168 168 167 166	417 365 393		448 447 447 445 462 463	544	274 353 347 337 337 333	174 171 171 171 171 168
direct and guaranteed: Bonds: July 16July 23July 23July 23July 20July 20.July 20.J		99, 286 99, 286 99, 286	384, 113 384, 113 384, 113 384, 113 384, 113 384, 113 384, 113	107, 301 107, 301 107, 301 107, 301	141, 895 141, 895 141, 895 141, 895 141, 895 141, 895 141, 895	74, 720 74, 720 74, 720 74, 720 74, 720	57, 484 57, 484 57, 484 57, 484	166, 999 166, 999	65, 886 65, 886 65, 886 65, 886	38, 477 38, 477 38, 477 38, 477 38, 477	66, 280 66, 280 66, 280 66, 280 66, 280	53, 594 53, 594 53, 594 53, 594 53, 594	107,765 107,765
Notes: July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Total U. S. Government se-	. 820, 300 820, 300 820, 300 820, 300 820, 300	59, 719 59, 719 59, 719 59, 719 59, 719	$\begin{array}{c} 231,036\\ 231,036\\ 231,036\end{array}$	64, 541 64, 541 64, 541 64, 541 64, 541	85, 348 85, 348 85, 348 85, 348 85, 348 85, 348 85, 348	44, 943 44, 943 44, 943 44, 943 44, 943	34, 577 34, 577 34, 577 34, 577 34, 577	100, 446 100, 446	39, 630 39, 630 39, 630 39, 630	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	39, 864 39, 864 39, 864	32, 235 32, 235 32, 235	64, 817 64, 817 64, 817 64, 817 64, 817 64, 817 64, 817
July 26.       July 28.       July 30.       Aug. 6.       Aug. 13.       Aug. 20.	$   \begin{bmatrix}     2, 184, 100 \\     2, 184, 100 \\     2, 184, 100 \\     2, 184, 100 \\     2, 184, 100   \end{bmatrix} $	159,005 159,005 159,005 159,005	$\begin{array}{c} 615, 149\\ 615, 149\\ 615, 149\\ 615, 149\\ 615, 149\end{array}$	171, 842 171, 842 171, 842 171, 842 171, 842	$\begin{array}{c} 227, 243 \\ 227, 243 \\ 227, 243 \\ 227, 243 \\ 227, 243 \end{array}$	119, 663 119, 663 119, 663 119, 663 119, 663 119, 663 119, 663	92,061 92,061 92,061 92,061 92,061	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	105, 516 105, 516 105, 516 105, 516 105, 516 105, 516 105, 516	$\begin{array}{c} 61, 621 \\ 61, 621 \\ 61, 621 \\ 61, 621 \\ 61, 621 \end{array}$	106, 144 106, 144 106, 144 106, 144 106, 144 106, 144	85,829 85,829 85,829 85,829 85,829	172, 582 172, 582 172, 582 172, 582 172, 582

# Federal Reserve Banks-Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Assets—Continued Total bills and securities: July 16	2, 196, 203 2, 196, 681 2, 198, 590 2, 198, 937 2, 203, 332	160, 061 160, 148 160, 394 160, 342 160, 315	617, 987 618, 387 619, 893 620, 474 625, 009	175, 490 175, 485 175, 679 175, 668 175, 608	227, 688 227, 705 227, 703 227, 717 227, 714 227, 702	120, 471	92, 274 92, 287 92, 287 92, 286 92, 285	$\begin{array}{r} 267,914\\ 267,862\\ 267,810\\ 267,838 \end{array}$	105, 516 105, 561 105, 546 105, 541 105, 563	$\begin{array}{c} 62,277\\ 62,341\\ 62,289\end{array}$	107, 387 107, 217 107, 066 106, 988 106, 773 106, 952	86, 353 86, 441 86, 540 86, 576 86, 676	172, 791 172, 788 172, 788 172, 788 172, 788 172, 763
Aug. 20 Due from foreign banks: July 16 July 23 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Federal Reserve notes of other banks:	2, 201, 975 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	160, 312 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	623, 168 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	175, 729 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	227, 702 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	120, 657 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	92, 285 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	267, 841 6 6 6 6	105, 613 1 1 1 1 1 1	62, 257 * * * * *	106, 952 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	86, 699 1 1 1 1 1 1	172, 760 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
July 16. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Uncollected items:	$\begin{array}{c} 30, 130\\ 29, 911\\ 26, 338\\ 30, 090\\ 31, 467\\ 33, 305 \end{array}$	1, 083 983 915 1, 075 812 1, 131	3, 646 2, 904 2, 318 2, 481 2, 661 2, 311	$1,915 \\1,588 \\1,614 \\1,599 \\1,818 \\1,927$	1, 483 1, 736 1, 267 1, 838 1, 694 2, 314	6, 356 7, 519 8, 463 9, 130 9, 813	1,976 2,258 2,914	3, 011 2, 804 2, 638 2, 329 2, 368 2, 665	$1,874 \\2,586 \\1,518 \\2,552 \\2,156 \\2,000$	887 817		965 762 947 991 911 750	3, 388 4, 056 2, 999 3, 323 3, 067 3, 992
July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Bank premises:	I 930 334I	$120, 224 \\ 87, 206 \\ 83, 636 \\ 87, 512 \\ 99, 198 \\ 102, 876$	$\begin{array}{c} 265, 586\\ 220, 893\\ 219, 910\\ 208, 811\\ 228, 760\\ 234, 610 \end{array}$	76, 448 62, 659 62, 735 64, 054 68, 789 73, 413	$\begin{array}{c} 148,829\\ 116,521\\ 108,883\\ 102,804\\ 137,843\\ 113,504 \end{array}$	81, 640 81, 167 68, 092 66, 993 77, 551 79, 367	32, 586 29, 987 32, 167 37, 057	164, 893 131, 365 124, 763 138, 294 146, 891 140, 426	64, 488 52, 955 48, 145 42, 895 55, 001 49, 363	22, 510 21, 531 19, 708 24, 675	37, 877 36, 096 40, 119 43, 739	34, 230 31, 802 29, 985 28, 961 33, 993 33, 932	53, 919 58, 793 47, 662 48, 165 49, 381 57, 059
July 16 July 23. July 20. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20.	40, 429 40, 396 40, 417 40, 456 40, 667	2, 805 2, 805 2, 801 2, 801 2, 801 2, 801 2, 801	10, 107 10, 107 10, 107 10, 088 10, 095 10, 280	4, 766 4, 766 4, 756 4, 823 4, 823 4, 837	4, 513 4, 500 4, 500 4, 500 4, 500 4, 500 4, 488	2, 687 2, 687 2, 687 2, 687 2, 719	$\begin{array}{c} 1,970\\ 1,969\\ 1,966\\ 1,966\\ 1,966\\ 1,966\\ 1,966\end{array}$	3,007 3,001 3,001 3,001 3,001	2, 303 2, 302 2, 299 2, 298 2, 298 2, 298 2, 298	1,353 1,350 1,350	2,932	1, 181 1, 181 1, 181 1, 174 1, 174 1, 174	2, 804 2, 804 2, 797 2, 797 2, 797 2, 797 2, 797
July 16 July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20.	45, 896 46, 641 47, 601 48, 189 48, 898 49, 359	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 102 \\ 3, 153 \\ 3, 192 \\ 3, 256 \\ 3, 308 \\ 3, 354 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,090\\ 12,415\\ 12,668\\ 12,747\\ 13,149\\ 13,161 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,866\\ 3,942\\ 4,043\\ 4,049\\ 4,141\\ 4,177\end{array}$	5, 207 5, 263 5, 328 5, 415 5, 500 5, 548	2, 924 2, 964 2, 947	1, 960 1, 990 2, 022 2, 011 2, 070	5, 374 5, 498 5, 612 5, 647 5, 776	$\begin{array}{c} 2,103\\ 2,126\\ 2,177\\ 2,220\\ 2,263\\ 2,304 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,366\\ 1,407\\ 1,412\\ 1,431 \end{array}$	2,282 2,288 2,332	2,001 1,977	$\begin{array}{r} 4,015\\ 4,023\\ 4,144\\ 4,190\\ 4,214\\ 4,282\end{array}$
July 16. July 23. July 23. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20.	$\begin{array}{c} 24,036,227\\ 23,861,917\\ 23,806,433\\ 23,783,594\\ 23,924,248\\ 23,904,546\end{array}$	1, 525, 491 1, 495, 786 1, 474, 710 1, 465, 253 1, 481, 822 1, 466, 118	9, 756, 863 9, 750, 704 9, 711, 765 9, 526, 087 9, 452, 869 9, 514, 797	1, 483, 633 1, 458, 262 1, 512, 974 1, 539, 687 1, 584, 362 1, 578, 821	1, 973, 617 1, 948, 081 1, 941, 905 1, 952, 245 1, 969, 108 1, 975, 302	923, 471 905, 531 903, 737 913, 265 938, 181 940, 212	$\begin{array}{c} 636,273\\ 630,162\\ 623,159\\ 635,209\\ 651,107\\ 644,490\end{array}$	3, 840, 945 3, 776, 292 3, 770, 179 3, 807, 387 3, 848, 185 3, 794, 524	745, 687 729, 806 720, 908 720, 440 729, 018 722, 334	439, 040 436, 098 446, 983 444, 483 452, 584 448, 776	$\begin{array}{c} 634,488\\ 637,968\\ 626,378\\ 650,444\\ 652,071\\ 653,950\end{array}$	463, 634 457, 428 457, 247 479, 798 483, 278 467, 648	1, 613, 085 1, 635, 79 1, 616, 488 1, 649, 296 1, 681, 663 1, 697, 574
Liabilities Federal Reserve notes in ac- tual circulation: July 26 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Deposits: Member bank — reserve	6, 774, 078 6, 771, 077 6, 829, 182 6, 903, 785 6, 906, 411 6, 952, 605	561, 896 560, 594 567, 789 574, 122 574, 884 578, 592	1,805,923	472, 665 477, 163 481, 595	008, 327	1330, 143	[ZZ8, 408	1, 457, 066 1, 457, 220 1, 464, 312 1, 476, 257 1, 479, 113 1, 486, 813	[237, 103	1114,441	[231, 090	109,068	070, 249
Aug. 13	13, 223, 032 13, 117, 089 13, 096, 940 12, 951, 427 12, 947, 724 13, 037, 470	662, 838	6, 416, 098	688, 859 742, 134 762, 208	$\begin{array}{c} 973,361\\ 967,150\\ 961,166\\ 950,139\\ 946,186\\ 968,545\end{array}$	411, 599 395, 494 408, 369 421, 588 422, 789 416, 263	284, 358 280, 243 271, 744 280, 880 288, 114 284, 867	1, 901, 920 1, 840, 713 1, 846, 865 1, 859, 214 1, 876, 760 7, 892, 612	323, 357 319, 439 322, 995 327, 450 326, 879 327, 620	165, 902 167, 700 176, 804 169, 974 171, 147 165, 902	292, 365 286, 445 281, 375 293, 850 295, 893 296, 743	242, 312 236, 106 234, 138 247, 759 252, 813 242, 117	834, 685 834, 872 835, 147 845, 726 883, 960 891, 884
July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	849, 372 954, 398 921, 055 839, 314 919, 425 785, 344	79, 136 71, 018 56, 052 62, 900 55, 236	282, 567 301, 647 313, 931 271, 072 317, 754 269, 506	60 991	63, 140 69, 588	1 34 439	36, 103 37, 679 32, 252 38, 132	3 154 015	1 40 491	34, 309 38, 990 39, 516 43, 284	41,043	40 441	49, 743 37, 261 41, 627 32, 380
July 16 July 23 July 23 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	1, 185, 116 1, 165, 141 1, 144, 031 1, 201, 653 1, 194, 306 1, 202, 872	$\begin{array}{c} 56,227\\ 54,345\\ 56,720\\ 55,463\\ 54,604\\ 54,202\end{array}$	449, 497 443, 201 432, 769 460, 834 454, 319	114, 998 113, 008 110, 803 116, 017 116, 017	107, 183 105, 091 110, 037 110, 037	50, 096 49, 119 51, 430 51, 430	41, 494 40, 776 39, 980 41, 862 41, 862	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35, 567 34, 951 34, 269 35, 882 35, 882		33, 786 33, 127 34, 686 34, 686	33, 786 33, 127 34, 686 34, 686	88, 574 86, 821 90, 916 90, 943
Other deposits: July 16July 23July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	607, 199 593, 544 604, 411 663, 688 621, 665 631, 830	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 11, 371 \\ 9, 194 \\ 10, 443 \\ 11, 607 \\ 9, 652 \\ \end{array} $		$\begin{array}{c c} 16,813\\ 18,426\\ 21,285\\ 16,226\\ 17,859\\ 23,070\\ \end{array}$	27, 731 27, 796 28, 369 27, 071	5,269 5,049	6, 793 6, 793 7, 173 6, 830	3 7, 998 3 4, 598 5 4, 868	9, 264 9, 787 8 8, 599 5 8, 036	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2, 582 2, 808 7 3, 187 6 2, 448	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

\* Less than \$500.

SEPTEMBER 1941

# Federal Reserve Banks-Continued

[In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Liabilities-Continued													
Total deposits: July 16. July 23. July 20. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20.	15, 864, 719 15, 830, 172 15, 766, 437 15, 656, 082 15, 683, 120 15, 657, 516	837, 980 826, 645 804, 505 791, 667 789, 994 771, 135	7, 605, 547 7, 635, 547 7, 574, 084 7, 401, 344 7, 309, 472 7, 362, 577	903, 550 889, 514 939, 169 957, 336 996, 538 986, 444	1, 170, 801 1, 165, 204 1, 163, 641 1, 166, 826 1, 155, 950 1, 172, 588	506, 442 490, 840 497, 681 506, 309 515, 913 509, 368	362, 442 364, 451 356, 196 362, 167 374, 944 367, 410	2, 175, 699 2, 138, 978 2, 130, 848 2, 119, 033 2, 158, 129 2, 118, 482	418, 416 413, 075 406, 274 407, 346 404, 916 402, 106	233, 581 233, 500 247, 142 242, 360 246, 850 241, 178	358, 192 363, 856 351, 945 369, 370 368, 295 369, 940	311, 406 308, 531 309, 336 329, 542 329, 598 314, 621	980, 663 1, 000, 031 985, 616 1, 002, 782 1, 032, 521 1, 041, 667
Total deposits: July 16. July 23. July 20. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Deferred availability items: July 26. July 28. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Other liabilities, including accrued dividends: July 16.	1, 022, 766 885, 278 835, 032 848, 354 958, 777 918, 845	99, 679 82, 383 76, 303 73, 567 90, 986 90, 469	$\begin{array}{c} 229,930\\ 195,157\\ 200,864\\ 175,560\\ 208,095\\ 202,649 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 76,177\\ 64,609\\ 66,378\\ 70,427\\ 71,429\\ 72,954 \end{array}$	$131, 627 \\108, 884 \\100, 511 \\98, 666 \\120, 063 \\107, 573$	80, 322 79, 631 65, 422 63, 642 75, 786	38,008 31,369 29,547 29,542 33,952	$160, 149 \\131, 970 \\126, 822 \\163, 964 \\162, 721 \\141, 152$	63,588 53,118 48,448 44,635	23, 101 20, 095 17, 831 17, 993 21, 466	40, 238 36, 696 35, 234 38, 979 41, 225 39, 485	33, 761 30, 659 28, 206 28, 204 33, 012	46, 186 50, 707 39, 466 43, 175 45, 015 50, 343
July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	2, 658 3, 033 2, 704 3, 231 2, 931	553 509 301 358 319	359 527 644 575 742 696	161 212 218 224 269 258	227 259 343 320 347 275	315 304	88 78 97 89	229 295 377 322 406 372	75 81 92 111 129 114	90 103 105 118 102	107 109 140 124 143 135	123 143 133	48 66 83 121 164 134
July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	$\begin{array}{c} 23,663,678\\ 23,489,185\\ 23,433,684\\ 23,410,925\\ 23,551,539\\ 23,531,897 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{1, 499, 890} \\ \mathbf{1, 470, 175} \\ \mathbf{1, 449, 106} \\ \mathbf{1, 439, 657} \\ \mathbf{1, 456, 222} \\ \mathbf{1, 456, 215} \end{array}$	9, 628, 294 9, 622, 118 9, 583, 162 9, 397, 491 9, 324, 232 9, 386, 122	$\begin{array}{c} 1,449,098\\ 1,423,719\\ 1,478,430\\ 1,505,150\\ 1,549,831\\ 1,544,288 \end{array}$	1, 939, 203 1, 913, 663 1, 907, 481 1, 917, 825 1, 934, 687 1, 940, 874	907, 470 889, 493 887, 705 897, 239 922, 157 924, 170	$\begin{array}{c} 622,646\\ 616,531\\ 609,518\\ 621,566\\ 637,462\\ 630,844 \end{array}$	3, 793, 143 3, 728, 463 3, 722, 359 3, 759, 576 3, 800, 369 3, 746, 819	733, 877 717, 966 709, 048 708, 596 717, 175 710, 490	429, 346 426, 395 437, 279 434, 779 442, 881 439, 073	623, 215 626, 666 615, 079 639, 132 640, 753 642, 653	452, 174 445, 965 445, 778 468, 343 471, 821 456, 188	$\begin{array}{c}1,585,322\\1,608,031\\1,588,739\\1,621,571\\1,653,949\\1,669,861\end{array}$
Capital Accounts Capital paid in: July 16	140, 797 140, 889 140, 894 140, 911 140, 933 140, 868	9, 344 9, 351	51, 637 51, 639 51, 646 51, 648 51, 670 51, 691	11, 921 11, 925 11, 921 11, 921 11, 921 11, 913 11, 913	$14, 515 \\ 14, 515 \\ 14, 522 \\ 14, 526 \\ 14, $	5, 528 5, 531 5, 531 5, 534	4,834 4,836 4,836	15, 134 15, 165 15, 169 15, 171 15, 173 15, 069	4, 332 4, 343 4, 343 4, 344 4, 344 4, 344 4, 348	3,000 3,000 3,001 3,002	4, 544	$\begin{array}{r} 4,278 \\ 4,280 \\ 4,280 \\ 4,281 \end{array}$	11, 761 11, 766 11, 757 11, 757 11, 757 11, 757 11, 763
Aug. 20. Surplus (section 7): July 16. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Surplus (section 13b): July 16. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Other capital accounts: July 16. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 20. Other capital accounts: July 18. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 12. Aug. 12	$157,065\\157,065\\157,065\\157,065\\157,065\\157,065\\157,065$	10, 906 10, 906 10, 906 10, 906 10, 906 10, 906	56, 447 56, 447 56, 447 56, 447 56, 447 56, 447	15, 144 15, 144 15, 144 15, 144 15, 144 15, 144	$14, 323 \\ 14, $	5, 247 5, 247 5, 247 5, 247 5, 247 5, 247	5, 725 5, 725	22, 824 22, 824 22, 824 22, 824 22, 824 22, 824 22, 824	$\begin{array}{c} 4,925\\ 4,925\\ 4,925\\ 4,925\\ 4,925\\ 4,925\\ 4,925\\ 4,925\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 3,152\\ 3,152\\ 3,152\\ 3,152\\ 3,152\end{array}$	$3,613 \\ 3,613$	3, 974 3, 974 3, 974 3, 974 3, 974	10, 785 10, 785 10, 785 10, 785 10, 785 10, 785 10, 785
July 16. July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Other capital accounts:	26, 785 26, 785 26, 785 26, 785 26, 785 26, 785 26, 785	2, 874 2, 874 2, 874 2, 874 2, 874 2, 874 2, 874 2, 874	7,070 7,070 7,070 7,070 7,070 7,070 7,070		1,007 1,007 1,007 1,007 1,007 1,007	$\begin{array}{c} 3,244\\ 3,244\\ 3,244\\ 3,244\\ 3,244\\ 3,244\\ 3,244\\ 3,244\end{array}$	713 713 713 713 713 713	$\begin{array}{c} 1,429\\ 1,429\\ 1,429\\ 1,429\\ 1,429\\ 1,429\\ 1,429\\ 1,429\end{array}$	533 533 533	$\begin{array}{c} 1,000\\ 1,000\\ 1,000\\ 1,000\\ 1,000\\ 1,000\end{array}$	1, 138 1, 138 1, 138 1, 138 1, 138 1, 138	$1,263 \\$	2, 121 2, 121 2, 121 2, 121 2, 121 2, 121 2, 121 2, 121
July 16 July 23. July 30. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Total liabilities and capital accounts:	47, 902 47, 993 48, 005 47, 908 47, 926 47, 931	2, 479 2, 480 2, 465 2, 469 2, 472	13, 431 13, 450 13, 467	3, 077 3, 081 3, 086 3, 079 3, 081 3, 083	4, 572 4, 564 4, 565	2,019 2,010 2,004 1,999	2,359 2,367 2,369 2,370	8, 415 8, 411 8, 398 8, 387 8, 390 8, 383	2,039 2,059 2,042 2,041	2, 551 2, 552 2, 551 2, 549	1,9792,0072,0032,0162,0222,001	1, 938 1, 939	3,096 3,096 3,086 3,062 3,051 3,044
July 23. July 23. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Commitments to make in-	24, 036, 227 23, 861, 917 23, 806, 433 23, 783, 594 23, 924, 248 23, 904, 546	1, 525, 491 1, 495, 786 1, 474, 710 1, 465, 253 1, 481, 822 1, 466, 118	9, 756, 863 9, 750, 704 9, 711, 765 9, 526, 087 9, 452, 869 9, 514, 797	$\begin{array}{c} 1,483,633\\ 1,458,262\\ 1,512,974\\ 1,539,687\\ 1,584,362\\ 1,578,821 \end{array}$	1, 973, 617 1, 948, 081 1, 941, 905 1, 952, 245 1, 969, 108 1, 975, 302	923, 471 905, 531 903, 737 913, 265 938, 181 940, 212	636, 273 630, 162 623, 159 635, 209 651, 107 644, 490	3, 840, 945 3, 776, 292 3, 770, 179 3, 807, 387 3, 848, 185 3, 794, 524	745, 687 729, 806 720, 908 720, 440 729, 018 722, 334	439, 040 436, 098 446, 983 444, 483 452, 584 448, 776	634, 488 637, 968 626, 378 650, 444 652, 071 653, 950	463, 634 457, 428 457, 247 479, 798 483, 278 467, 648	$\begin{array}{c} 1,613,085\\ 1,635,799\\ 1,616,488\\ 1,649,296\\ 1,681,663\\ 1,697,574 \end{array}$
dustrial advances: July 16July 23. July 23. Aug. 6. Aug. 13. Aug. 20.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$1, 321 \\ 1, 419 \\ 1, 219 \\ 1, 217 \\ 1$	$1, 528 \\ 1, 528 \\ 1, 528 \\ 1, 526 \\ 1, 526 \\ 1, 526 \\ 1, 524$	2, 186 2, 193	<u>669</u>	779 779 783 773	49 49 899 899	2 2 252 252	352 706 705 705	31 31 29 29	571 638 852	39 39 49 105	3, 609 3, 620 3, 551 3, 536

#### **INDUSTRIAL ADVANCES BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS** [Amounts in thousands of dollars]

		_	Тит	Junto III III	ousanus or	donarsj					
Date (last Wednesday of each month)	Applic	cations ived	Applicati conside	ions under eration	Applic appr	eations oved	Advances out- standing <sup>1</sup> (amount)	ments out- standing	Approved but not com- pleted <sup>2</sup>	or with- drawn by appli-	Partici- pations out- standing <sup>2</sup>
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	(uniounio)	(amount)	(amount)	cant, etc. (amount)	(amount)
1934 - Dec. 26	$\begin{array}{c} 6,325\\ 7,437\\ 8,006\\ 8,247\\ 8,347\\ 8,534\\ 8,534\\ 8,578\\ 8,976\\ 9,102\\ 9,188\\ 8,976\\ 9,249\\ 9,308\\ 9,428\\ 9,3366\\ 9,418\\ 9,433\\ 9,456\\ 9,467\\ 9,457\\ 9,456\\ 9,467\\ 9,566\\ 9,556\\ 9$	$\begin{array}{c} 146, 972\\ 237, 581\\ 293, 084\\ 314, 471\\ 328, 998\\ 333, 300\\ 339, 509\\ 341, 842\\ 350, 551\\ 358, 936\\ 369, 853\\ 378, 974\\ 387, 490\\ 392, 230\\ 395, 499\\ 402, 305\\ 405, 225\\ 406, 097\\ 407, 392\\ 402, 305\\ 405, 225\\ 406, 097\\ 407, 392\\ 411, 628\\ 413, 178\\ 414, 172\\ 414, 198\\ 413, 188\\ 414, 188\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 71\\ 68\\ 28\\ 12\\ 59\\ 10\\ 1\\ 7\\ 19\\ 8\\ 8\\ 5\\ 14\\ 5\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 4\\ 7\\ 4\\ 3\\ 2\\ 2\\ 6\\ 1\\ 4\\ 2\\ 2\\ 4\\ 1\\ 3\\ 2\\ 5\\ 2\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 955\\ 11, 349\\ 2, 823\\ 1, 880\\ 1, 245\\ 1, 322\\ 1, 263\\ 800\\ 550\\ 1, 299\\ 476\\ 146\\ 247\\ 146\\ 247\\ 344\\ 255\\ 370\\ 344\\ 476\\ 146\\ 247\\ 344\\ 476\\ 146\\ 247\\ 344\\ 476\\ 32\\ 370\\ 411\\ 76\\ 32\\ 370\\ 411\\ 76\\ 32\\ 375\\ 355\\ 355\\ 1, 725\\ 355\\ 145\\ 255\\ 145\\ 355\\ 145\\ 355\\ 355\\ 145\\ 355\\ 355\\ 145\\ 355\\ 355\\ 355\\ 355\\ 355\\ 355\\ 355\\ 3$	$\begin{array}{c} 984\\ 1, 646\\ 1, 993\\ 2, 183\\ 2, 280\\ 2, 361\\ 2, 381\\ 2, 406\\ 2, 464\\ 2, 566\\ 2, 617\\ 2, 683\\ 2, 721\\ 2, 781\\ 2, 782\\ 2, 781\\ 2, 782\\ 2, 805\\ 2, 814\\ 2, 752\\ 2, 814\\ 2, 805\\ 2, 814\\ 2, 832\\ 2, 853\\ 2, 856\\ 2, 855\\ 2, 856\\ 2, 855\\ 2, 856\\ 2,$	$\begin{array}{c} 49, 634\\ 88, 778\\ 124, 493\\ 133, 343\\ 133, 9829\\ 141, 545\\ 150, 987\\ 154, 918\\ 150, 987\\ 154, 918\\ 164, 158\\ 164, 158\\ 164, 158\\ 177, 895\\ 177, 895\\ 177, 878\\ 177, 895\\ 192, 665\\ 194, 096\\ 195, 739\\ 194, 096\\ 195, 739\\ 197, 096\\ 195, 739\\ 197, 096\\ 195, 739\\ 197, 096\\ 195, 739\\ 197, 096\\ 195, 739\\ 197, 096\\ 195, 739\\ 202, 041\\ 122, 510\\ 223, 226\\ 228, 732\\ 225, 849\\ 234, 714\\ 238, 567\\ 248, 867\\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 13, 589\\ 27, 518\\ 32, 493\\ 30, 484\\ 25, 526\\ 23, 019\\ 21, 415\\ 20, 216\\ 19, 3714\\ 18, 454\\ 17, 567\\ 17, 345\\ 15, 778\\ 15, 778\\ 15, 778\\ 15, 255\\ 14, 454\\ 13, 683\\ 12, 997\\ 12, 773\\ 15, 778\\ 14, 454\\ 13, 683\\ 12, 997\\ 12, 773\\ 10, 779\\ 10, 779\\ 10, 778\\ 10, 484\\ 9, 883\\ 9, 451\\ 9, 453\\ 9, 451\\ 9, 451\\ 9, 526\\ 9, 157\\ 9, 639\\ 10, 549\\ 10, 761\\ 10,$	$\begin{array}{c} 8, 225\\ 20, 579\\ 27, 649\\ 24, 454\\ 20, 959\\ 18, 611\\ 14, 880\\ 13, 110\\ 13, 597\\ 14, 161\\ 12, 780\\ 13, 649\\ 12, 642\\ 14, 161\\ 11, 175\\ 10, 520\\ 8, 966\\ 8, 224\\ 8, 725\\ 8, 852\\ 8, 7351\\ 7, 106\\ 8, 206\\ 8, 226\\ 8, 7351\\ 7, 106\\ 7, 351\\ 7, 352\\ 7, 352\\ 7, 352\\ 7, 352\\ 7, 352\\ 7, 352\\ 7, 352\\ 7, 352$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,966\\ 11,248\\ 11,548\\ 9,381\\ 9,381\\ 8,226\\ 7,898\\ 1,470\\ 537\\ 3,369\\ 3,084\\ 5,737\\ 1,946\\ 5,737\\ 1,946\\ 5,737\\ 1,946\\ 1,975\\ 2,067\\ 1,975\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,659\\ 2,594\\ 1,454\\ 2,474\\ 2,474\\ 2,474\\ 2,474\\ 2,474\\ 2,474\\ 2,095\\ 1,991\\ 2,325\\ 20,424\\ 19,986\\ 13,954\\ 12,325\\ 20,424\\ 19,986\\ 13,954\\ 12,325\\ 14,134\\ 13,035\\ 14,134\\ 8,030\\ 11,626\\ 20,122\\$	5, 558 24, 900 44, 025 61, 425 77, 910 97, 663 102, 588 107, 384 111, 193 117, 555 1122, 447 128, 839 135, 004 139, 281 146, 156 151, 679 154, 629 155, 574 158, 110 159, 950 161, 491 162, 612 164, 949 165, 805 167, 046 169, 746 169, 746 179, 969 183, 649 183, 649 192, 783 192, 285 192, 285 193, 285 195, 285,	$\begin{array}{c} 1,296\\ 4,533\\ 8,778\\ 7,599\\ 7,208\\ 6,767\\ 7,275\\ 7,304\\ 7,238\\ 7,825\\ 8,426\\ 9,032\\ 12,471\\ 12,000\\ 12,169\\ 10,981\\ 10,981\\ 10,981\\ 10,981\\ 10,981\\ 11,166\\ 11,345\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,282\\ 11,282\\ 11,182\\ 11,282\\ 11,182\\ 11,282\\ 11,182\\ 11,282\\ 11,182\\ 11,282\\ 11,182\\ 11,282\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,182\\ 11,282\\ 12,182\\ 12,$
July 30 Aug. 20 <sup>5</sup>	9, 855 9, 883	471, 035 479, 614	3	145 80	3, 096 3, 115	248,867 256,564	$10,761 \\ 10,381$	$11,697 \\ 13,078$	$11,626 \\ 11,102$	202, 287 206, 864	12, 496 15, 139
			1	, ,			1	1	1		

<sup>1</sup> Includes industrial advances past due 3 months or more which are not included in industrial advances outstanding in weekly statement of condition of Federal Reserve Banks.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.
 <sup>3</sup> Does not include financing institution guaranties of advances and commitments made by Federal Reserve Banks, which amounted to \$1,339,-032, Aug. 20, 1941.
 <sup>4</sup> Tuesday.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES-FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS, BY WEEKS [In thousands of dollars]

	Total	Bos- ton	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	· · · ·	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- neap- olis	Kan- sas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Federal Reserve Notes: Issued to F. R. Bank by F. R. agent													
July 30	7, 179, 380	600, 161	1, 885, 717	492, 320	667, 990	348, 310	247, 727	1, 498, 306	269, 648	177, 751	238,000	122, 154	631, 296
Aug. 6	7, 247, 873	602, 976	1, 911, 394	499, 683	674, 263	350, 925	248,073	1, 510, 076	271, 367	180, 013	241, 441	122, 536	635, 126
Aug. 13	7,264,985 7,300,458	599, 792	1, 914, 563	497, 496	679, 739	353, 112	248,064	1, 514, 978	274, 995	179, 745	241,782	121,768	638,951
Aug. 20	[7, 300, 458]	605, 238	1,905,427	501, 397	687, 115	359, 270	257,208	1, 523, 549	277, 273	180, 813	243,916	121, 187	638, 065
Held by Federal Reserve Bank:	970 100	00.070		10 055	05 004	04 010	01.010		1		10.040	11.040	07 700
July 30 Aug. 6	350, 198 344, 088			19,655	25,004	24,016	24,049	33, 994	15,414 14,863	5, 548		14,046 12,062	67,722 59,633
Aug. 6. Aug. 13	344,088	28,804	91, 382	22, 520	22, 250	23, 937	18, 294 19, 595	33,819	14,863	5,092		12,062	
Aug. 20	308, 574			10,901	21,412	22,909	19, 595	30,800	17, 892	5,298		12,700	
In actual circulation: <sup>1</sup>	041,000	20,040	00, 221	10,700	20,017	21,004	21,004	00,700	10,000	0,240	10, 645	11, 575	00, 540
July 30	6, 829, 182	567 789	1 807 570	472 665	642 986	324 204	223 687	1 464 312	254 234	172 203	227 760	108 108	563.574
Aug. 6	6, 903, 785	574, 122	1,820,012	477, 163	652 013	326 988	229, 779	1, 476, 257	256, 504	174, 321	230 659	110, 474	575, 493
Aug. 13	6, 906, 411	574, 884	1,805,923	481, 595	658, 327	330, 143	228, 469	1, 479, 113	257.103	174, 447	231,090	109,068	576, 249
Aug. 20	6, 952, 605	578, 592	1, 820, 200	484, 632	660, 438	337, 686	229, 554	1, 486, 813	258, 705	175, 567	233.093	109,608	577, 717
Collateral held by agent as security for	/ · / ·		1 ´ ´	,		,	ĺ ĺ	l´ ´		1,	, .	l í	
notes issued to bank:	1 1												
Gold certificates on hand and due	1 1	t				1							1
from U. S. Treasury:				1				1		i			
July 30	7, 305, 500	615,000	1, 910, 000	500,000	670,000	370,000	255,000	1,520,000	279,000	181,000	240,000	126,500	639,000
Aug. 6	7, 372, 000	615,000	1, 920, 000	510,000	680, 000	370,000	255,000	[1, 540, 000]	279,000	181,000	245,000	128,000	649,000
Aug. 13	7, 382, 000	615,000	1,920,000	510,000	680,000	370,000	255,000	1,540,000	289,000	181,000	245,000	(128,000)	649,000
Aug. 20	7, 430, 000	615,000	1, 920, 000	510,000	690, 000	385, 000	265,000	1, 540, 000	289,000	184,000	245,000	128,000	1028,000
Eligible paper: July 30	3, 937	07	3, 211	007						000	97		
Aug. 6	3, 937		4, 141						30 25	269	85		
Aug. 13									23 47	219	85		
Aug. 20	9, 200 7, 513					175			47		61		
Total collateral:	1,010	1 10	0,000	211		110			41	110	01		
	7, 309, 437	615 087	1 913 211	500 235	670 000	370 008	255 000	1 520 000	279 030	181 260	240 007	126 500	639 000
Aug. 6	7, 376, 711												
Aug. 13	7, 391, 253	615, 010	1, 928, 677	510, 180	680,000	370, 025	255, 000	1, 549, 000	289, 047	181, 229	245,085	128,000	649,000
Aug. 20	7, 437, 513	615, 010	1, 926, 836	510, 211	690, 000	385, 175	265,000	1. 540, 000	289,047	184, 173	245, 061	128,000	659,000
	.,, ===				,			,,					

<sup>1</sup> Includes Federal Reserve notes held by the United States Treasury or by a Federal Reserve Bank other than the issuing bank.

#### SEPTEMBER 1941

### **RESERVE POSITION OF MEMBER BANKS, JULY, 1941**

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

### **MEMBER BANK RESERVE BALANCES BY CLASSES OF BANKS**

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

Classes of banks and districts	Gross de- mand	Net de- mand	Time de-		erves w ral Rese Banks	
	de- posits	de- posits 1	posits	Re- quired	Held	Ex- cess
All member banks Central reserve city banks: New York Chicago	16, 948	37, 901 16, 190 3, 107	12, 474 831 497	7, 927 3, 725 732	13, 120 5, 875 1, 120	5, 193 2, 150 388
Reserve city banks: Boston district New York district Philadelphia district	$1,433 \\ 271 \\ 1,580$	${}^{1,286}_{212}\\{}^{1,332}$	81 149 232	$229 \\ 45 \\ 245$	449 58 496	$220 \\ 14 \\ 251$
Cleveland district Richmond district Atlanta district	2, 326 1, 042 983	$^{1,851}_{\begin{array}{c}764\\685\end{array}}$	$734 \\ 236 \\ 180$	$361 \\ 146 \\ 129$	$768 \\ 285 \\ 183$	$408 \\ 140 \\ 54$
Chicago district St. Louis district Minneapolis district	1, 877 1, 084 483	1, 354 829 353	$698 \\ 175 \\ 83$	$272 \\ 154 \\ 66$	488 251 101	216 97 35
Kansas City district Dallas district San Francisco district.	1, 219 913 2, 883	801 565 2, 335	156 134 2, 044	148 106 511	214 153 753	66 47 242
Total	16, 096	12, 366	4, 901	2,409	4, 198	1, 789
Country banks: Boston district New York district Philadelphia district	1, 152 1, 694 830	828 1, 244 542	564 1, 461 886	128 222 109	$242 \\ 436 \\ 202$	114 214 93
Cleveland district Richmond district Atlanta district	821 757 690	533 425 413	738 390 253	$     \begin{array}{c}       101 \\       71 \\       62     \end{array} $	191 126 103	90 55 41
Chicago district St. Louis district Minneapolis district	1, 171 490 388	732 300 238	846 257 280	130 49 43	245 81 69	$115 \\ 33 \\ 27$
Kansas City district Dallas district San Francisco district.	532 642 439	$321 \\ 390 \\ 271$	161 106 303	47 52 48	74 90 67	$27 \\ 38 \\ 20$
Total	9,606	6, 237	6, 245	1,061	1, 927	866

	All mem- ber	city t		Re- serve city	Coun- try banks 1
	banksi	New York	Chi- cago	banks	Janks
Total reserves held:					
1940-July	13, 735	6,979	1, 168	3,837	1,751
August	13, 408	6,709	1,154	3, 804	1,740
September	13, 643	6, 705	1,234	3,905	1,800
October	14,043	6,889	1, 279	4,024	1,851
November	14, 131	6, 975	1, 218	4,080	1,858
December	14,049	6, 997	1, 142	4,096	1, 815
1941—January	14, 339	7,135	1,051	4,240	1,913
February	13,996	6,807	1,033	4,258	1,898
March	13,979	6,924	931	4, 197	1,928
April May	13, 600 13, 650	6, 518 6, 243	966 1.144	4, 204 4, 298	1,912 1,965
June	13, 201	5, 958	1, 144	4, 298	1,905
July	13, 120 13, 120	5, 875	1, 120	4, 198	1, 927
Week ending (Friday):	10, 120	0,010	1,120	1,100	1, 021
1941—July 4	13,032	5,855	1,086	4, 152	1, 939
July 11	12,966	5.780	1, 108	4, 151	1,928
July 18	13, 222	5.876	1, 144	4,243	1,959
July 25	13, 210	5,943	1,134	4, 217	1,916
Aug. 1	13, 147	5,917	1, 109	4,214	1,907
Aug. 8	13,017	5,702	1, 125	4, 245	1,946
Aug. 15	12, 954	5, 539	1, 145	4, 300	1,971
Excess reserves:					
1940July	6,752	3, 588	522	1,803	839
August	6, 407	3, 344	499	1, 748	816
September	6, 582	3, 324	570	1,821	866 902
October November	6,864 6,830	3, 465 3, 493	610 546	1,888 1,895	897
December	6,646	3, 493	476	1, 895	840
1941—January	6,832	3, 505	381	2,016	930
February	6,422	3, 166	347	2,004	906
March	6, 304	3, 203	252	1,923	927
April	5,883	2,812	295	1.885	891
May	5, 831	2, 514	434	1,949	F 33
June	5, 351	2,238	424	1,820	870
July	5, 193	2,150	388	1,789	866
Week ending (Friday):					
1941—July 4	5, 172	2, 143	363	1,779	888
July 11	5,094	2,074	385	1,763	872
July 18	5, 287	2,152	409	1,826	899
July 25	5,246	2,206	395	1,795	850
Aug. 1	5, 165	2,174	372	1,780	840
Aug. 8 Aug. 15	5, 052 5, 004	1,992 1,863	390 407	1,804 1.841	867
Aug. 10	0,004	1,000	407	1,041	092

<sup>1</sup> Gross demand deposits minus demand balances with domestic banks (except private banks and American branches of foreign banks) and tems in process of collection.

Note.—See table on p. 892 for percentages of deposits required to be held as reserves.

### DEPOSITS OF MEMBER BANKS IN LARGER AND SMALLER CENTERS

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

		All mem	ber bank	8		er banks places ov			Member banks in smal (places under 15,			
Federal Reserve district	Gross d	lemand	Ti	me	Gross	lemand	Ti	me	Gross d	emand	Ti	me
	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June	July	June
Boston	2, 586 18, 913 2, 410 3, 147 1, 799 1, 673 6, 557 1, 574 871 1, 751 1, 555 3, 322	$\begin{array}{c} 2,522\\ 18,909\\ 2,380\\ 3,074\\ 1,760\\ 1,668\\ 6,471\\ 1,526\\ 855\\ 1,691\\ 1,554\\ 3,242 \end{array}$	645 2, 441 1, 117 1, 471 626 434 2, 041 432 363 317 239 2, 348	$\begin{array}{r} 644\\ 2,414\\ 1,116\\ 1,471\\ 622\\ 433\\ 2,033\\ 430\\ 364\\ 319\\ 242\\ 2,359\end{array}$	2, 435 1, 609 2, 112 2, 838 1, 574 1, 511 1, 2, 618 1, 289 690 1, 390 1, 207 3, 188	2, 384 11, 632 2, 100 2, 775 1, 542 1, 503 12, 583 1, 248 677 1, 342 1, 204 3, 112	524 1 1, 100 654 1, 127 425 349 1 1, 207 306 197 207 193 2, 247	524 <sup>1</sup> 1, 098 655 <sup>1</sup> , 128 422 348 <sup>1</sup> 1, 204 306 197 208 195 2, 259	$150 \\ 357 \\ 298 \\ 309 \\ 224 \\ 162 \\ 430 \\ 286 \\ 181 \\ 361 \\ 348 \\ 134$	139343280299218165424278178349351130	$121 \\ 510 \\ 463 \\ 344 \\ 201 \\ 85 \\ 336 \\ 126 \\ 166 \\ 110 \\ 47 \\ 101$	$120 \\ 508 \\ 462 \\ 343 \\ 200 \\ 85 \\ 334 \\ 124 \\ 167 \\ 111 \\ 47 \\ 100$
Total	46, 157	45, 652	12, 474	12, 448	<sup>1</sup> 22, 461	122, 101	1 8, 535	1 8, 545	3, 240	3, 152	2, 611	2, 600

<sup>1</sup> Excluding central reserve city banks, for which figures for latest month are shown in table above.

### **KINDS OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION**

[Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. In millions of dollars]

End of month	Total	Gold certifi- cates	Silver dollars	Silver certifi- cates	Treas- ury notes of 1890	Subsid- iary silver coin	Minor coin	United States notes	Federal Reserve notes	Federal Reserve Bank notes	Na- tional bank notes
1940—June July August September October November December	7, 883 8, 059 8, 151 8, 300	67 66 66 66 65 65 65	46 46 47 48 48 49 50	1, 582 1, 565 1, 605 1, 615 1, 620 1, 658 1, 667	1 1 1 1 1	384 386 389 394 400 407 412	169 172 174 177 180 183 185	248 249 258 259 264 275 290	5, 163 5, 212 5, 334 5, 409 5, 541 5, 705 5, 883	22 22 22 22 22 22 21 21 21	165 164 162 161 160 159 157
1 941—January February March April May June July	8,781 8,924 9,071	64 64 63 63 63 63 63	$50 \\ 50 \\ 51 \\ 51 \\ 52 \\ 53 \\ 54$	1, 595 1, 635 1, 651 1, 654 1, 697 1, 714 1, 691	1 1 1 1 1 1	403 406 413 418 426 434 438	183 184 186 189 191 194 196	278 278 277 274 286 300 307	5, 842 5, 985 6, 106 6, 247 6, 468 6, 684 6, 813	21 21 21 20 20 20 20	156 155 154 153 152 150 149

Back figures .- See Annual Report for 1937 (table 35).

### PAPER CURRENCY, BY DENOMINATIONS, AND COIN IN CIRCULATION

[Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. In millions of dollars]

End of month	Total in cir-	c	oin and	small (	lenomin	nation c	urrency	2	Large denomination currency <sup>2</sup>							Un- assort-
	cula- tion 1	Total	Coin	\$1 3	\$2	\$5	\$10	\$20	Total	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10, 000	ed ?
1940—June July August September October November December	7, 848 7, 883 8, 059 8, 151 8, 300 8, 522 8, 732	5, 584 5, 599 5, 748 5, 814 5, 911 6, 098 6, 247	599 604 611 618 627 639 648	546 544 556 566 575 591 610	35 35 36 36 36 38 39	1, 015 1, 013 1, 044 1, 055 1, 068 1, 107 1, 129	1, 791 1, 798 1, 858 1, 876 1, 908 1, 977 2, 021	1, 599 1, 605 1, 644 1, 663 1, 696 1, 748 1, 800	2, 264 2, 286 2, 313 2, 340 2, 392 2, 426 2, 489	485 489 495 503 512 523 538	1, 013 1, 025 1, 035 1, 048 1, 071 1, 089 1, 112	210 211 213 216 223 225 225 227	481 486 493 496 508 512 523	26 26 25 25 25 26 30	50 49 51 52 52 51 60	2 2 3 3 3 4
1941—January February March April. May June. July.	8, 781 8, 924 9, 071	6, 094 6, 243 6, 342 6, 430 6, 683 6, 890 6, 992	635 641 650 658 669 681 688	577 582 590 595 615 625 626	37 38 38 39 40 41 40	1,091 1,116 1,132 1,135 1,176 1,207 1,215	1, 973 2, 041 2, 074 2, 112 2, 211 2, 289 2, 334	1, 781 1, 826 1, 858 1, 892 1, 972 2, 047 2, 090	2, 502 2, 541 2, 583 2, 642 2, 675 2, 725 2, 742	540 551 560 573 587 607 615	1, 126 1, 144 1, 163 1, 197 1, 218 1, 244 1, 257	230 232 238 241 242 244 244 244	530 535 543 550 546 546 548 544	24 24 25 24 24 24 24 24	52 55 56 56 57 57 58	4 1 2 2 2 2

<sup>1</sup> Total of amounts of coin and paper currency shown by denominations less unassorted currency in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. <sup>2</sup> Includes unassorted currency held in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and currency of unknown denominations reported by the Treas-

ury as destroyed. <sup>3</sup> Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 36).

### TREASURY CURRENCY OUTSTANDING

### SHIPMENTS AND RECEIPTS OF UNITED STATES PAPER CURRENCY

[Held by Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and in circulation. In millions of dollars]

[By selected ban	iks and	financial	institutions in	New	York City	Ζ.
[D] bolociou bai	uro and	ппопская	Institutions in	1404	TOLE OIL	

End of month	Total	Silver dollars and silver bul- lion 1	Sub- sid- iary silver coin	Minor coin	United States notes	Fed- eral Re- serve Bank notes	Na- tional bank notes	
1940—June. July August September. October November. December.	3, 014 3, 024 3, 036 3, 044 3, 059 3, 072 3, 087	1, 900 1, 909 1, 915 1, 920 1, 931 1, 937 1, 945	402 404 409 411 415 419 425	174 175 178 181 183 187 189	347 347 347 347 347 347 347 347 347	23 23 23 22 22 22 22 22	167 167 164 163 162 160 159	19 19 19
1941—January February March A pril May June July	3, 097 3, 102 3, 109 3, 122 3, 134 3, 149 3, 166	1, 953 1, 959 1, 965 1, 971 1, 977 1, 983 1, 991	427 428 429 434 440 447 455	191 192 193 194 196 199 202	347 347 347 347 347 347 347 347	22 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 20	158 156 155 154 153 152 151	19
				·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	<u> </u>	

 $^4$  Includes silver held against silver certificates amounting to 1,920,-000,000 on July 31, 1941 and 1,825,000,000 on July 31, 1940.

In millions of dollars]

Year or month	Ship- ments to Europe	Receipts from Europe	Net ship- ments	Net receipts
1937 1938 1939 1940	21. 5 33. 1 110. 2 17. 7	47.6 34.4 9.8 .7	100.3 17.0	26. 1 1. 2
1940—June August September October November December	.6 .3 .1 .1 .1	$\begin{array}{c} .1\\ .1\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ .1\\ .2\\ .1\end{array}$	.3 .5 .3 .1 .1	
1941—January February March April June July	(1) .1	$ \begin{array}{c} .1\\ .1\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1)\\ (1) \end{array} $	(1) 	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)

<sup>1</sup> Less than \$50,000. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 38). Description.—See BULLETIN for January 1932, pp. 7-8.

### ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF UNITED STATES

[In millions of dollars]

	[11] I		1011313]			
Period	Gold stock at end of period	Increase in gold stock	Net gold import	Ear- marked gold: de- crease or in- crease (-)	Domes- tic gold produc- tion <sup>1</sup>	
<b>1934</b> 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	8, 238 10, 125 3 11, 258 3 12, 760 14, 512 17, 644 21, 995	4, 202. 5 1, 887. 2 1, 132. 5 1, 502. 5 1, 751. 5 3, 132. 0 4, 351. 2	1, 133. 9 1, 739. 0 1, 116. 6 1, 585. 5 1, 973. 6 3, 574. 2 4, 744. 5	82.6 $.2$ $-85.9$ $-200.4$ $-333.5$ $-534.4$ $-644.7$	92.9 110.7 131.6 143.9 148.6 161.7 170.2	Fra Por Swe Swi Uni U. S Car
1940—March April June July August September October November December 1941—January March April May June July Aug. 1-27 P	$\begin{array}{c} 18,433\\ 18,770\\ 19,209\\ 19,963\\ 20,443\\ 20,913\\ 21,244\\ 21,506\\ 21,201\\ 21,905\\ 22,116\\ 22,232\\ 22,367\\ 22,575\\ 22,624\\ 22,675\\ 22,716\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 256.\ 0\\ 336.\ 9\\ 439.\ 0\\ 754.\ 2\\ 499.\ 4\\ 450.\ 2\\ 331.\ 6\\ 261.\ 1\\ 295.\ 2\\ 194.\ 0\\ 115.\ 4\\ 138.\ 5\\ 69.\ 1\\ 49.\ 2\\ 50.\ 5\\ 41.\ 5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 459.8\\ 249.9\\ 435.1\\ 1,163.0\\ 520.0\\ 351.6\\ 334.1\\ 326.0\\ 330.1\\ 137.2\\ 234.2\\ 108.6\\ 118.6\\ 1172.0\\ 34.8\\ 30.7\\ 37.0\\ 34.4\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -213.\ 4\\ 67.\ 2\\ -36.\ 7\\ -437.\ 2\\ -55.\ 1\\ 67.\ 0\\ 36.\ 6\\ -117.\ 9\\ -39.\ 5\\ 7.\ 4\\ -52.\ 8\\ -46.\ 2\\ -10.\ 5\\ -3.\ 8\\ 4.\ 0\\ 4-27.\ 7\\ 4-32.\ 3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12.2\\ 13.2\\ 14.2\\ 11.1\\ 16.2\\ 12.5\\ 19.2\\ 19.2\\ 10.6\\ 16.3\\ 12.6\\ 12.6\\ 12.6\\ 12.6\\ 12.6\\ 12.6\\ 14.4\\ 13.6\\ 14.4\\ 13.6\end{array}$	Mei Cen Wes Boli Bra Chi Cold Ecu Per Ven Brit Aus Nev Brit Net Chi Star Ven Brit Star Star Star Star Star Star Star Sta
				I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Phi

Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Figures are those for United States published in table on p. 943, adjusted to exclude Philippine Islands production received in United

States. Figures based on rate of \$20.67 a fine ounce in January 1934 and \$35

<sup>1</sup> Figures based on rate of \$20.67 a nne ounce in January 1904 and 500 a fine ounce thereafter. <sup>3</sup> Includes gold in the Inactive Account amounting to \$27,000,000 on Dec. 31, 1936, and \$1,228,000,000 on Dec. 31, 1937. <sup>4</sup> Gold held under earmark at Federal Reserve Banks for foreign ac-count, in millions of dollars: July 31-1,944.5; August 27-1,976.8.

NOTE .- For back figures see Annual Report for 1937 (table 29).

**BANK SUSPENSIONS 1** 

	Total,	Men bar			ember nks
	all banks	Na- tional	State	In- sured <sup>2</sup>	Not insured
Number of banks suspended:           1934           1935           1936           1938           1938           1939           1939           1940           1941           1941           1942	57 34 44 59 55 42 22 5	1 4 1 4 1 4 1 2	2 1 3	8 22 40 47 47 25 18 3	48 8 3 6 10 3
(in thousands of dollars): 3 1934 1935 1937 1937 1938 1938 1938 1939 1940 1941—JanJuly	36, 937 10, 015 11, 306 19, 723 13, 012 34, 998 5, 943 2, 436	40 5, 313 507 7, 379 36 1, 341 256 1, 933	1, 708 211 24, 629	11, 721	939 592 480 1, 044

<sup>1</sup> Represents banks which, during the periods shown, closed temporarily or permanently on account of financial difficulties; does not include banks whose deposit liabilities were assumed by other banks at the time of closing (in some instances with the aid of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation loans).
 <sup>1</sup> Federal deposit insurance became operative January 1, 1934.
 <sup>3</sup> Deposits of member banks and insured nonmember banks suspended are as of dates of suspension, and deposits of noninsured nonmember banks are based on the latest data available at the time the suspensions were reported

were reported.

Back figures .- See Annual Report for 1937 (table 76).

#### **MOVEMENT OF GOLD TO AND FROM UNITED STATES 1** [In thousands of dollars]

·		194	11		
Ju	ly	Ju	ne	Jan	July
Im- ports	Ex- ports <sup>2</sup>	Im- ports	Ex- ports?	Im- ports	Ex- ports <sup>2</sup>
1		48 1		$1 \\ 182 \\ 1,747 \\ 899 \\ 2,110$	
19, 228		17, 521		3, 112 - 11, 236 297, 310 - 6, 832 - 6, 274	
		42 22 5		444 120 76 17	
708 2, 128 97 501 340		1,117 7 449 1,329 416		13,275 1,647 5,469	
$     \begin{array}{r}       108 \\       5, 199 \\       187 \\       345     \end{array} $		98 4, 593 199 329 131		$\begin{array}{r} 682 \\ 42,841 \\ 1,559 \\ 2,263 \end{array}$	
6		75		829 2, 982 9, 444	
88 362		69 		288, 631 1, 679	  40
	Im- ports 	ports         ports²	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

<sup>1</sup> Figures represent customs valuations which, with some exceptions, are at rate of \$35 a fine ounce. <sup>3</sup> Beginning May 1941, the Department of Commerce temporarily suspended publication of export statistics by country of destination.

Back figures.—See table, p. 943, and Annual Report for 1937 (tables 31 and 32).

#### **BANK DEBITS**

Debits to deposit accounts, except interbank accounts. [In millions of dollars]

[zu mine	LD OI GOING			
Year and month	Total, all report- ing centers	New York City	140 other lead- ing centers 1	133 other report- ing centers
1929 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	469, 463 405, 929 423, 932	603, 089 208, 936 197, 836 168, 778 171, 382 171, 582	331, 938 219, 670 235, 206 204, 745 218, 298 236, 952	47, 50 33, 28 36, 42 32, 40 34, 25 37, 32
1940—June	$\begin{array}{c} 35,959\\ 32,844\\ 33,812\\ 39,695\\ 39,695\\ 39,695\\ 46,673\\ 41,133\\ 35,783\\ 44,558\\ 42,237\\ 43,665\\ 45,942\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,110\\ 13,612\\ 11,604\\ 12,594\\ 14,952\\ 18,626\\ 15,147\\ 13,268\\ 17,402\\ 15,657\\ 16,124\\ 17,282\\ 16,288\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 18,850\\ 19,244\\ 18,314\\ 18,267\\ 21,365\\ 20,819\\ 24,327\\ 22,498\\ 19,457\\ 23,586\\ 23,074\\ 23,795\\ 24,853\\ 24,660\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 04 \\ 3, 10 \\ 2, 92 \\ 2, 95 \\ 3, 37 \\ 3, 31 \\ 3, 37 \\ 3, 37 \\ 3, 37 \\ 3, 57 \\ 3, 57 \\ 3, 57 \\ 3, 57 \\ 3, 57 \\ 3, 57 \\ 3, 80 \\ 3, 86 \\ 3, 86 \\ \end{array}$
			l	Į

<sup>1</sup> Comprises centers for which bank debit figures are available begin-ning with 1919, except that one substitution was made in 1920 and one in 1928. <sup>2</sup> Centers (other than the 141 centers) for which bank debits are current-ly reported. The number has changed very little since 1934 and has been 133 since 1936.

Back figures.—For corresponding monthly totals for 1928-1937 see Annual Report for 1937 (Table 71), which also gives a definition of bank debits. Monthly figures for individual reporting centers with totals by Federal Reserve districts for recent years, and annual figures for indi-vidual reporting centers with totals by Federal Reserve districts for the years 1919-1939, are available and will be furnished upon request.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

### **ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES**

Comprises all national banks in the continental United States and all State commercial banks, trust companies, mutual and stock savings banks and such private and industrial banks as are included in abstracts issued by State banking departments. Also includes, during the period June 1934-June 1935, private banks which, pursuant to the provisions of sec. 21 (a) of the Banking Act of 1933, submitted condition reports to the Comptroller of the Currency. Under the amended provisions of sec. 21 (a) private banks no longer report to the Comptroller of the Cur-rency. For comparative figures of private banks included in the figures from June 1934 to December 1935, see Federal Reserve BULLETIN for December 1935, p. 883, and July 1936, p. 535. Figures for nonmember banks are for dates indicated or nearest thereto for which figures are available available.

### NUMBER OF BANKS

#### **DEPOSITS, EXCLUSIVE OF INTERBANK DEPOSITS 1**

		Me	mber ba	nks	Nonm bar			1	[In millio	ns of doll	ars]		
Call date	Total					Other			Me	mber ba	nks	Nonmen	nb <b>er banks</b>
	1000	Total	Na- tional	State	Mutual savings banks	non- mem- ber banks	Call date	All banks	Total	Na- tional	State	Mutual savings banks	Other nonmem- ber banks
1929—June 29	25, 110	8, 707	7, 530	1, 177	611	15, 792	1929—June 29	53, 852	32, 284	19,411	12, 873	8, 983	12, 584
Dec. 31	24, 630	8, 522	7, 403	1, 119	609	15, 499	Dec. 31	55, 289	33, 865	20,290	13, 575	8, 916	12, 508
1933—June 30	14, 519	5, 606	4, 897	709	576	8, 337	1933—June 30	37, 998	23, 338	14, 772	8, 566	9, 713	4, 946
Dec. 30	15, 011	6, 011	5, 154	857	579	8, 421	Dec. 30	38, 505	23, 771	15, 386	8, 385	9, 708	5, 026
1936—June 30	15, 752	6, 400	5, 368	$1,032 \\ 1,051$	566	8, 786	1936—June 30	51, 335	34, 098	21, 986	12, 112	10, 060	7, 17 <b>8</b>
Dec. 31	15, 628	6, 376	5, 325		565	8, 687	Dec. 31	53, 701	35, 893	23, 107	12, 786	10, 143	7, 66 <b>6</b>
1937—June 30	15, 527	6, 357	5, 293	1, 064	564	8, 606	1937—June 30	53, 287	35, 440	22, 926	12, 514	10, 213	7, 635
Dec. 31	15, 393	6, 341	5, 260	1, 081	563	8, 489	Dec. 31	52, 440	34, 810	22, 655	12, 155	10, 257	7, 373
1938—June 30	15,287	6, 338	5, 242	1, 096	563	8, 386	1938—June 30	52, 195	34, 745	22, 553	12, 193	10, 296	7, 15 <b>3</b>
Dec. 31	15,206	6, 338	5, 224	1, 114	556	8, 312	Dec. 31	54, 054	36, 211	23, 497	12, 714	10, 365	7, 478
1939—June 30	15, 082	6, 330	5, 203	1, 127	553	8, 199	1939—June 30	55, 992	38, 027	24, 534	13, 493	10, 521	7, 44 <b>4</b>
Dec. 30	15, 037	6, 362	5, 187	1, 175	552	8, 123	Dec. 30	58, 344	39, 930	25, 661	14, 269	10, 613	7, 801
1940—Mar. 26	15, 006	6, 377	5, 178	1, 199	551	8, 078	1940—Mar. 26	59, 017	40, 579	25, 911	14, 667	<sup>3</sup> 10, 544	³ 7, 895
June 29	14, 953	6, 398	5, 164	1, 234	551	8, 004	June 29	60, 582	42, 039	26, 931	15, 108	10, 631	7, 912
Dec. 31	14, 895	6, 486	5, 144	1, 342	551	7, 858	Dec. 31	65, 021	46, 007	29, 214	16, 793	10, 658	8, 356
1941—Apr. 4 June 30	14, 871	6, 528 4 6, 556	5, 138 5, 130	1, 390 4 1, 426	550	7, 793	1941—Apr. 4 June 30	65, 211	46, 179 4 48, 076	29, 467 30, 684	16, 712 4 17, 392	10, 684	8, 347

For footnotes see table below.

For footnotes see table below.

### LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

		All banks		м	ember ba	nks			Nonmem	ber banks	8	
Call date			Invest-			Invest-	Mutu	al savings	banks	Other r	onmembe	r banks
:	Total	Loans	ments	Total	Loans	ments	Total	Loans	Invest- ments	Total	Loans	Invest- ments
1929—June 29	58, 474	41, 531	16, 943	35, 711	25, 658	10, 052	9, 556	5, 892	3, 664	13, 207	9, 981	3, 227
Dec. 31	58, 417	41, 918	16, 499	35, 934	26, 150	9, 784	9, 463	5, 945	3, 518	13, 020	9, 823	3, 197
1933—June 30	40, 076	22, 203	17, 872	24, 786	12, 858	11, 928	10, 044	5, 941	4, 103	5, 246	3, 404	1, 841
Dec. 30	40, 319	21, 977	18, 342	25, 220	12, 833	12, 386	9, 985	5, 906	4, 079	5, 115	3, 238	1, 877
1936—June 30	48, 458	20, 679	27, 778	32, 259	12, 542	19, 717	9, 961	5, 105	4, 856	6, 238	3, 032	3, 20 <b>6</b>
Dec. 31	49, 524	21, 449	28, 075	33, 000	13, 360	19, 640	10, 060	5, 027	5, 034	6, 464	3, 062	3, 40 <b>2</b>
1937—June 30	49, 696	22, 514	27, 182	32, 739	14, 285	18, 454	10, 180	5,002	5, 178	6, 778	3, 227	3, 55 <b>0</b>
Dec. 31	48, 566	22, 198	26, 368	31, 752	13, 958	17, 794	10, 187	4,996	5, 191	6, 627	3, 244	3, 38 <b>3</b>
1938-June 30	47, 381	21, 130	26, 252	30, 721	12, 938	17, 783	10, 196	4, 961	5, 235	6, 465	3, 231	3, 23 <b>4</b>
Dec. 31 <sup>2</sup>	48, 929	21, 354	27, 575	32, 070	13, 208	18, 863	10, 255	4, 930	5, 325	6, 604	3, 217	3, 387
1939—June 30	49, 616	21, 318	28, 299	32, 603	13, 141	19, 462	10, 342	4, 931	5, 411	6, 671	3, 245	3, 42 <b>5</b>
Dec. 30	50, 885	22, 169	28, 716	33, 941	13, 962	19, 979	10, 314	4, 961	5, 353	6, 630	3, 246	3, 384
1940—Mar. 26	51, 135	22, 190	28, 945	34, 163	13, 939	20, 224	<sup>3</sup> 10, 226	4, 922	5, 304	<sup>3</sup> 6, 746	3, 329	3, 417
June 29	51, 335	22, 341	28, 995	34, 451	13, 969	20, 482	10, 188	4, 926	5, 262	6, 696	3, 445	3, 251
Dec. 31	54, 188	23, 741	30, 448	37, 126	15, 321	21, 805	10, 248	4, 959	5, 289	6, 815	3, 461	3, 35 <b>3</b>
1941—Apr. 4 June 30	56, 147	24, 322	31, 825	38, 983 + 40, 659	15, 878 16, 729	23, 104 4 23, 930	10, 276	4, 954	5, 322	6, 889	3, 490 	3, 39 <b>9</b>

 <sup>1</sup> Prior to Dec. 30, 1933, member bank figures include interbank deposits not subject to immediate withdrawal, which aggregated \$103,000,000 on that date. Prior to June, 1940, the nonmember bank figures on some call dates included some interbank deposits not shown separately in a few State bank abstracts.
 <sup>3</sup> Prior to December 1938 the figures include loans and investments indirectly representing bank premises or other real estate, now classified in condition reports among "Other assets." The amounts of such loans and investments in December, 1988, were approximately \$50,000,000 and \$100,-000,000, espectively.
 <sup>3</sup> One bank (with deposits, excluding interbank deposits. of \$90,000 000 and total loans and investments of \$96,000,000 on December 30, 1939) which, prior to March, 1940, was classified as a mutual savings bank, is now included in figures in the "Other nonmember banks" column.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes two mutual savings banks in Wisconsin and one in Indiana, all admitted to membership since the preceding call date, April 4, 1941 Back figures .-- See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 48-49).

SEPTEMBER 1941

### **CONDITION OF ALL MEMBER BANKS—LOANS AND INVESTMENTS**

[In millions of dollars]

						Loan	S 1			-			I	nvestn	ients 1			
	Total loans		Com-			Loar purch or car	asing					U. S.	Gover	nment	obligat	ions	Obli- gations	
Call date	and in- vest-	Total <sup>1</sup>	mer- cial and	Agri- cul-	Open mar-	secu		Real	Loans to	Other	Total			Direct	t r		of States and	Other secu- rities
	ments	1 Utar	in- dus- trial <sup>9</sup>	tur- al <sup>9</sup>	ket paper	To brok- ers and deal- ers	To others <sup>s</sup>	loans	banks	loans 4		Total	Bills 5	Notes	Bonds	Guar- an- teed	polit- ical sub- divi- sions	
Total—All Member Banks																		
1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—June 30 Dec. 31 1939—June 30 Dec. 30 1940—Mar. 26 6 June 29. Dec. 31 1941—Apr. 46	24, 786 30, 721 32, 070 32, 603 33, 941 34, 163 34, 451 37, 126 38, 983	26, 150 12, 858 12, 938 13, 208 13, 141 13, 962 13, 939 13, 969 15, 321 15, 878	4,737 4,783 5,386 5,538 6,204	712 788 730 736 865	583 595 492 442 420 455 	2, 463 953 701 973 731 790 	7, 685 3, 752 2, 614 775 736 700 668 652	3, 191 2, 372 2, 613 2, 716 2, 828 2, 957 3, 069 3, 228	714 330 120 125 58 56 	11, 515 4, 857 6, 397 2, 728 2, 796 2, 888 3, 020 3, 230	18, 863 19, 462 19, 979 20, 224 20, 482 21, 805 23, 104	3, 863 6, 887 12, 343 13, 222 13, 777 14, 328 14, 421 14, 722 15, 823 16, 988	249 1, 113 316 286 441 563 797 652	520 2, 049 3, 653 3, 389 2, 720 2, 223 2, 543 2, 594	3, 094 3, 725 6, 246 7, 208 7, 786 8, 398 8, 261 9, 091	2, 128 2, 340 2, 831 3, 144 3, 107 3, 121 3, 486 3, 487 2, 487	1, 393 1, 744 2, 143 2, 448 2, 554 2, 692 2, 905 2, 888 3, 013 3, 206	4, 528 3, 297 3, 296 3, 192 3, 131 2, 959 2, 898 2, 873 2, 970 2, 911
June 30 New York City '	40, 659	16, 729	7, 270	738	537	575	635	3, 365	44	3, 565	23, 930	18, 078	1, 127	2, 631	10, 481	3, 839	2, 984	2,867
1929-Dec. 31 1933-June 30 1938-June 30 Dec. 31 1939-June 30 Dec. 30 1940-Mar. 26 <sup>6</sup> June 29 Dec. 31 1941-Apr. 4 <sup>4</sup> June 30 June 30		6, 683 3, 424 3, 172 3, 262 2, 988 3, 296 3, 211 3, 014 3, 384 3, 502 3, 778	1, 456 1, 474 1, 768 1, 801 2, 025 2, 405	5 5 7 6 6	195 364 141 138 128 120 	1, 257 759 556 787 555 611 	2, 145 1, 044 717 220 215 188 	169 157 132 121 130 133 	322 162 85 99 41 44 	2, 595 937 1, 541 436 440 425 	2,091 3,709 4,840 5,072 5,700 6,043 6,383 6,815 7,527 8,194 8,715	1, 112 2, 551 3, 740 3, 857 4, 483 4, 772 4, 972 5, 486 6, 044 6, 625 7, 268	58 638 222 158 168 315 421 207 577	166 987 1, 358 1, 142 908 797 1, 092 1, 245 1, 526	889 926 1,451 1,663 2,284 2,385 2,650 2,977 3,415	709 894 1, 123 1, 275 1, 286 1, 324 1, 615 1, 620 1, 751	222 478 394 517 480 579 726 634 695 771 651	758 680 707 698 736 693 686 695 788 798 798 796
City of Chicago 7																		
1929-Dec. 31 1933-June 30 1938-June 30 1938-June 30 1939-June 30 1940-Mar. 28 <sup>6</sup> June 29. Dec. 31 1941-Apr. 4 <sup>e</sup> June 30	$\begin{array}{c} 1,757\\ 1,287\\ 1,806\\ 1,969\\ 2,052\\ 2,105\\ 2,222\\ 2,205\\ 2,377\\ 2,649\\ 2,707\end{array}$	1,448 677 525 539 544 569 564 603 696 780 846	319 329 365 417 476 609	17 19 6 	19 69 15 16 15 17 16 17 21	$ \begin{array}{c} 251 \\ 61 \\ 29 \\ 43 \\ 39 \\ 41 \\ \hline 23 \\ 42 \\ \hline 36 \\ \end{array} $	533 251 109 70 71 66 61 54 55	21 30 10 12 12 13 	88 30 	535 237 361 62 59 60 	309 610 1, 281 1, 430 1, 507 1, 536 1, 658 1, 602 1, 681 1, 869 1, 861	116 384 981 1, 114 1, 175 1, 203 1, 319 1, 258 1, 307 1, 466 1, 483	3 206 12 59 185 153 	19 82 313 291 234 176 	94 97 535 655 621 701 710 752 803	122 109 135 172 139 134 112 125 138	96 87 140 141 154 162 175 177 188 226 190	96 138 159 176 179 170 164 167 186 177 188
Reserve City Banks						}						1.000						
1929-Dec. 31 1933-June 30 1938-June 30 Dec. 31 1939-June 30 Dec. 30. 1940-Mar. 26° June 29. Dec. 31. 1941-Apr. 4 <sup>5</sup> June 30 Country Banks	8, 492 11, 150 11, 654 11, 756 12, 272 12, 153 12, 160 13, 013 13, 494	9,084 4,482 4,853 5,004 5,329 5,305 5,365 5,931 6,165 6,498	1, 914 1, 884 2, 100 2, 134 2, 436 2, 879	207 234 221 176 263 175	168 126 163 149 138 155 	664 108 95 119 115 119 	2,775 1,340 998 242 221 222 210 207 198	1, 538 1, 131 1, 201 1, 230 1, 284 1, 335 1, 372 1, 436 1, 477	258 99 26 20 12 9 6 15 	3, 679 1, 678 2, 369 1, 081 1, 116 1, 168 1, 224 1, 307 1, 457	2,944 4,011 6,298 6,691 6,751 6,943 6,848 6,943 6,848 6,795 7,081 7,328 7,515	1, 368 2, 483 4, 658 5, 018 4, 991 5, 194 5, 070 4, 947 5, 204 5, 440 5, 700	91 205 69 57 78 63 	165 681 1, 268 1, 224 1, 014 819 	1, 112 1, 597 2, 603 2, 997 3, 010 3, 339 3, 052 3, 281 3, 858	718 740 889 972 963 969 1,049 1,047 1,162	448 598 732 808 895 890 928 981 984 1,034 979	1, 128 930 908 866 860 850 850 868 893 855 836
1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—June 30 Dec. 31 1939—June 30 Dec. 30 1940—Mar. 26 ° June 29	7, 873 9, 752 10, 113 10, 109 10, 224 10, 194 10, 257 10, 826 11, 144	8, 936 4, 275 4, 388 4, 444 4, 605 4, 768 4, 860 4, 987 5, 309 5, 431 5, 607	1,048 1,095 1,151 1,187 1,267 1,377	483 531 495 546 590 555	$201 \\ 35 \\ 173 \\ 138 \\ 140 \\ 163 \\$	291 25 21 25 22 20  17 21  17	2, 231 1, 117 790 243 229 224 208 201 195	1, 462 1, 055 1, 269 1, 353 1, 402 1, 477 1, 544 1, 644 1, 739	45 38 9 5 5 4 	4, 705 2, 005 2, 126 1, 149 1, 180 1, 234 1, 308 1, 397 1, 504	4, 439 3, 598 5, 364 5, 669 5, 504 5, 456 5, 334 5, 270 5, 517 5, 713 5, 839	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 267\\ 1, 469\\ 2, 964\\ 3, 233\\ 3, 127\\ 3, 159\\ 3, 060\\ 3, 030\\ 3, 269\\ 3, 456\\ 3, 627\\ \end{array}$	97 64 13 11 11 31 36 45	171 299 715 732 563 431 451 433 374	999 1, 106 1, 657 1, 893 1, 870 1, 972 1, 849 2, 081 2, 404	579 597 683 725 719 695 710 694 788	627 581 878 982 1,025 1,061 1,076 1,097 1,146 1,176 1,165	2, 546 1, 549 1, 522 1, 453 1, 351 1, 236 1, 197 1, 144 1, 102 1, 081 1, 047

<sup>1</sup> Classifications indicated were revised as of Dec. 31, 1938; for explanation see BULLETIN for January, 1939, pp. 22-23, and BULLETIN for April, 1939, pp. 259-264, 332. Beginning June 30, 1939, detailed classifications available on June and December dates only.
 <sup>4</sup> Not shown in call reports prior to December 1938, but the total amount of agricultural loans was reported separately on some dates, and the total amount of "Commercial, industrial and agricultural paper" has been reported by weekly reporting banks since May, 1937.
 <sup>5</sup> Figures in this column prior to Dec. 31, 1938, represent all loans on securities, regardless of purpose, excepting only loans on securities to banks and to brokers and dealers.
 <sup>4</sup> This is a residual item and, because of the revised loan classifications, figures beginning Dec. 31, 1938, are not comparable with earlier figures.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes Treasury certificates of indebtedness through 1934.
 <sup>5</sup> Breakdown of loans and investments not reported separately.
 <sup>7</sup> Central reserve city banks.
 <sup>8</sup> Breakdown of Loans haves.

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 52-58)

# CONDITION OF ALL MEMBER BANKS-RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

						deposit nterbani			ne depos ot interl			nterban deposits				
Re- serves with Fed-	Cash	Bal- ances with	De- mand de-	Indi- vid- uals,	States	Certi-		Indi- vid- uals,	States		Dom bar			Bor-	Cap- ital	Call date
eral Re- serve Banks	in vault	do- mestic	posits ad- justed <sup>2</sup>	part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	fied and offi- cers' checks etc. <sup>3</sup>	U. S. Gov- ern- ment	part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Postal sav- ings 4	De- mand	Time	For- eign banks	row- ings	ac- counts	
																Total—All Member Banks
2, 374 2, 235 8, 004 8, 694 10, 011 11, 604 12, 279 13, 751 13, 992 13, 531 12, 959	558 405 712 746 712 841 862 789 991 837 999	2, 168 2, 008 4, 084 4, 240 4, 674 5, 506 5, 634 5, 751 6, 185 6, 340 6, 293	16, 647 12, 089 20, 893 22, 293 23, 587 25, 681 27, 877 30, 429 31, 576 32, 678	17, 526 11, 830 19, 816 21, 119 22, 448 24, 604 24, 965 26, 397 29, 576 29, 752 31, 429	1, 335 1, 087 2, 314 2, 386 2, 532 2, 321 2, 499 2, 529 2, 724 2, 957 2, 940	1, 681 657 662 547 790 563 558 475 913 662 738	143 806 543 790 694 743 725 711 616 523 619	12, 267 7, 803 10, 874 10, 846 11, 063 11, 215 11, 368 11, 459 11, 687 11, 837 11, 898	595 300 454 462 441 432 411 410 435 392 397	122 788 83 61 59 51 52 59 56 54 55	3, 517 3, 057 6, 096 6, 510 7, 097 8, 507 8, 507 8, 852 9, 581 6 9, 873 9, 610	95 89 135 132 142 144 6 145 134 135 6 137 138	698 146 331 511 607 759 6737 703 706 6635 688	879 191 11 5 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3	6, 709 4, 837 5, 368 5, 424 5, 426 5, 522 5, 562 5, 608 5, 698 5, 754 5, 800	1929—Dec. 31 1933—June 30 1938—June 30 Dec. 31 1939—June 30 Dec. 30 1940—Mar. 26 June 29 Dec. 31 1941—Apr. 4 June 30 New York City 5
827 846 3, 517 4, 104 4, 975 5, 915 6, 386 7, 072 7, 057 6, 715 5, 857	68 46 65 68 61 89 84 88 102 85 136	179 101 119 109 122 125 6 163 119 122 6 154 131	4,750 4,358 6,698 7,168 8,012 8,899 9,562 10,235 11,062 11,645 11,619	5,847 4,676 6,900 7,273 8,281 9,030 9,652 10,283 11,357 11,629 11,895	128 96 273 280 288 251 219 258 370 302 319	$\begin{array}{c} 1,180 \\ 461 \\ 367 \\ 195 \\ 472 \\ 178 \\ 260 \\ 147 \\ 471 \\ 302 \\ 306 \end{array}$	20 332 123 139 84 74 68 67 48 29 32	1, 112 671 694 652 653 693 742 732 768 806 778	<b>33</b> 4 32 36 46 43 35 29 51 38 27		1, 198 1, 255 2, 514 2, 687 2, 992 3, 542 <sup>6</sup> 3, 629 3, 840 4, 032 <sup>6</sup> 4, 021 3, 948	40 22 	597 128 291 442 524 695 6 672 650 646 6 577 623	179 8	2, 105 1, 582 1, 587 1, 593 1, 586 1, 592 1, 601 1, 599 1, 615 1, 623 1, 625	1929-Dec. 31 1933-June 30 1938-June 30 Dec. 31 1930-June 30 Dec. 30 1940-Mar. 26 June 29 Dec. 31 1941-Apr. 4 June 30 City of
169 232 936 884 897 993 909 1, 187 1, 051 815 1, 062	$     \begin{array}{r}       13 \\       34 \\       31 \\       35 \\       26 \\       42 \\       25 \\       39 \\       42 \\       20 \\       41 \\     \end{array} $	133 203 208 235 283 6 195 242 319 6 283 262	957 912 1, 523 1, 688 1, 666 1, 739 1, 544 1, 898 1, 941 1, 755 2, 205	1,041 870 1,386 1,597 1,565 1,676 1,503 1,782 1,905 1,685 2,109	42 87 221 181 197 167 133 199 174 181 213	32 16 23 29 22 24 18 17 27 26 33	8 46 83 60 80 79 90 108 95	332 358 443 452 471 483 482 489 496 486 480	58 1 16 9 17 10 11 15 8 10 17	2 6 	310 259 688 658 746 879 997 949 997 *1,151 1,010	19	33 2 6 9 12 9 6 7 7 8 6 7 8 8 8 8	41	316 204 249 257 270 250 253 260 270 270 270 279	Chicago 5 1929-Dec. 31 1933-June 30 1938-June 30 Dec. 31 1939-June 30 Dec. 30 1940-Mar. 26 June 29 Dec. 31 1941-Apr. 4 June 30 Reserve City
751 705 2, 289 2, 354 2, 735 3, 118 3, 336 3, 759 4, 027 4, 107 4, 125	156 122 300 321 318 348 364 334 396 361 385	947 1,002 1,951 1,940 2,210 2,485 62,632 2,679 2,741 62,859 2,793	5, 229 3, 764 6, 934 7, 214 7, 654 8, 176 8, 400 8, 774 9, 581 10, 137 10, 480	5, 547 3, 708 6, 668 7, 034 7, 331 8, 002 7, 978 8, 372 9, 468 9, 552 10, 142	423 349 812 796 917 813 942 956 995 1, 206 1, 139	300 108 146 170 160 150 147 228 171 209	76 312 266 424 415 435 431 422 327 273 341	4, 433 2, 941 4, 238 4, 233 4, 320 4, 362 4, 386 4, 422 4, 506 4, 540 4, 590	371 208 262 269 233 240 214 219 226 202 211	41 388 31 17 19 14 12 18 19 19	1, 604 1, 315 2, 514 2, 719 2, 920 3, 516 6 3, 525 3, 526 3, 919 6 4, 023 4, 000	30 59 113 108 115 117 • 115 105 106 • 108 108	64 15 32 57 69 53 656 44 51 649 55	292 16	2,029 1,533 1,753 1,777 1,812 1,828 1,833 1,873 1,904 1,917 1,940	Banks 1929-Dec. 31 1933-June 30 1938-June 30 Dec. 31 1939-June 30 Dec. 30 1940-Mar. 26 June 29 Dec. 31 1941-Apr. 4 June 30
627 452 1, 263 1, 353 1, 403 1, 578 1, 648 1, 733 1, 857 1, 857 1, 894 1, 914	321 203 316 322 307 363 389 328 452 372 437	908 702 1, 806 1, 956 2, 117 2, 614 62, 645 2, 711 3, 002 63, 044 3, 106	5,711 3,054 5,738 6,224 6,255 6,866 6,954 6,969 7,845 8,039 8,374	5,091 2,576 4,863 5,215 5,272 5,896 5,832 5,866 5,832 5,960 6,846 6,886 7,282	742 555 1,008 1,128 1,130 1,090 1,205 1,115 1,184 1,269 1,269	169 72 126 154 135 172 131 164 187 163 190	39 116 68 143 136 154 147 143 151 114 151	6, 390 3, 833 5, 499 5, 509 5, 619 5, 677 5, 757 5, 816 5, 917 6, 006 6, 049	133 86 144 147 145 140 151 147 150 151 142 143	61 285 52 44 40 35 35 37 33 31 31	405 228 380 446 439 571 \$566 538 633 \$677 652	6 7 22 23 26 26 6 29 29 29 6 29 30	3 1 2 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 2 2 6 2 2 2 5 2 2 2 2 5 2 2 2 2	367 167 11 6 5 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2, 258 1, 517 1, 778 1, 778 1, 828 1, 851 1, 875 1, 876 1, 909 1, 943 1, 956	Country Banks 1929-Dac. 31 1933-June 30 1938-June 30 Dec. 31 1939-June 30 Dec. 30 1940-Mar. 26 June 29 Dec. 31 1941-Apr. 4 June 30

[In millions of dollars]

<sup>1</sup> Prior to Dec. 31, 1935, excludes balances with private banks to the extent that they were then reported in "Other assets." Since Oct. 25, 1933, includes time balances with domestic banks which on that date amounted to \$69,000,000 and which prior to that time were reported in "Other assets."
<sup>3</sup> Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection and, prior to Dec. 31, 1935, less cash items reported on hand but not in process of collection.
<sup>3</sup> Includes "Due to Federal Reserve Banks (transit account)," known as "Due to Federal Reserve Banks (deferred credits)" prior to Dec. 31, 1935.
<sup>4</sup> U. S. Treasurer's *time* deposits, open account, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.
<sup>6</sup> Central reserve city banks.
<sup>6</sup> Partly estimated.

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 52-58).

September 1941

### WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS---NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

								, ingure.		1			tmanta			
			1		Loan	1							stments			
	Total loans and		Com- mer- cial,		Loan purch or can secun	asing rying					<u>U.</u>	S. Gove	rnment	obligati 	ons	
Date or month	in- vest- ments	Total	in- dus- trial, and agri- cul- tural	Open mar- ket paper	To brok- ers and deal- ers	To oth <b>er</b> s	Real estate loans	Loans to banks	Other loans	Total	Total	Bills	Notes	Bonds	Guar- an- teed	Other secu- rities
Total—101 Cities 1940—July 1941—March May June July	23, 787 26, 793 27, 270 27, 764 28, 157 28, 560	8, 494 9, 698 9, 849 10, 029 10, 252 10, 501	4, 451 5, 374 5, 506 5, 621 5, 772 5, 975	295 335 351 360 370 381	399 503 482 479 483 496	473     455     450     446     447     445     445     445     4	$\begin{array}{c} 1,204\\ 1,227\\ 1,230\\ 1,237\\ 1,243\\ 1,249 \end{array}$	37 38 41 39 40 40	1,847 1,897	15, 293 17, 095 17, 421 17, 735 17, 905 18, 059	$11,728\\13,299\\13,628\\14,024\\14,253\\14,490$	777 896 847 949 1,033 1,079	2, 081 2, 452 2, 185 2, 214 2, 234 2, 249	6, 455 7, 190 7, 701 7, 789 7, 952 7, 946	2, 415 2, 761 2, 895 3, 072 3, 034 3, 216	3, 565 3, 796 3, 793 3, 711 3, 652 3, 569
1941-May 28	27, 915	10, 226	5, 673	367	571	451	1, 239	42	1, 883	17, 689	13, 996	929	2, 212	7, 833	3, 022	3, 693
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	28, 061 28, 131 28, 155 28, 279	10, 183 10, 238 10, 262 10, 324	5, 706 5, 764 5, 792 5, 825	366 373 370 372	496 478 471 487	444 447 444 452	$1,240 \\ 1,241 \\ 1,246 \\ 1,246 \\ 1,246$	39 40 42 38	1, 892 1, 895 1, 897 1, 904	17, 878 17, 893 17, 893 17, 955	$14, 186 \\ 14, 233 \\ 14, 287 \\ 14, 304$	950 1,030 1,056 1,098	2, 231 2, 235 2, 232 2, 232 2, 236	7, 975 7, 931 7, 961 7, 940	3, 030 3, 037 3, 038 3, 030	3, 692 3, 660 3, 606 3, 651
July 2 July 9 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	28, 325 28, 481 28, 577 28, 646 28, 771	$\begin{array}{c} 10,453\\ 10,453\\ 10,523\\ 10,504\\ 10,572 \end{array}$	5, 897 5, 933 5, 988 6, 011 6, 047	371 374 382 388 388	$529 \\ 505 \\ 505 \\ 461 \\ 478$	453 446 447 441 439	1, 244 1, 248 1, 249 1, 252 1, 253	40 41 39 37 43	1,906 1,913 1,914		14, 593	1,080 1,071 1,087 1,081 1,074	2, 246 2, 248 2, 247 2, 251 2, 253	7, 929 7, 940 7, 951 7, 959 7, 952	3, 038 3, 212 3, 221 3, 302 3, 309	3, 579 3, 557 3, 548 3, 549 3, 611
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	28,761 28,874	10, 597 10, 663 10, 688	6, 087 6, 146 6, 180	397 399 404	462 457 444	439 440 437	$1,254\\1,254\\1,252$	39 42 41	1, 919 1, 925 1, 930	18,211	14, 553 14, 559 14, 593	1,075 1,059 1,064	2, 253 2, 256 2, 276	7, 920 7, 932 7, 939	3, 305 3, 312 3, 314	$3, 611 \\ 3, 652 \\ 3, 744$
New York City 1940—July. 1941—March April. May. June July.	9, 400 10, 916 11, 263 11, 635 11, 794 11, 926	$\begin{array}{c} 2,778\\ 3,209\\ 3,229\\ 3,314\\ 3,412\\ 3,496 \end{array}$	1, 710 2, 058 2, 090 2, 141 2, 213 2, 291	90 96 96 92 94 90	281 357 341 349 349 349 357	$167 \\ 165 \\ 163 \\ 161 \\ 161 \\ 161 \\ 164$	$122 \\ 111 \\ 112 \\ 114 \\ 114 \\ 112 \\ 112$	30 29 32 31 30 31	378 393 395 426 451 451	6, 622 7, 707 8, 034 8, 321 8, 382 8, 430	5, 285 6, 237 6, 578 6, 929 7, 003 7, 080	392 227 351 487 582 605	1, 035 1, 471 1, 374 1, 449 1, 456 1, 442	2, 570 2, 961 3, 185 3, 219 3, 242 3, 232	1, 288 1, 578 1, 668 1, 774 1, 723 1, 801	1, 337 1, 470 1, 456 1, 392 1, 379 1, 350
1941—May 28	11, 759	3, 442	2, 166	92	427	163	114	32	448	8, 317	6, 942	503	1, 455	3, 247	1, 737	1, 375
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	$\begin{array}{c} 11,832\\ 11,769\\ 11,761\\ 11,812 \end{array}$	3, 387 3, 406 3, 420 3, 433	2, 182 2, 210 2, 227 2, 231	93 94 93 94	359 347 340 349	$159 \\ 160 \\ 159 \\ 164$	113 114 114 114 114	31 30 33 30	450 451 454 451	8, 445 8, 363 8, 341 8, 379	7,060 6,987 6,986 6,977	575 589 587 579	1, 456 1, 453 1, 454 1, 460	3, 293 3, 223 3, 229 3, 222	1, 736 1, 722 1, 716 1, 716	1, 385 1, 376 1, 355 1, 402
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	11, 865 11, 930 11, 954 11, 896 11, 983	$\begin{array}{c} 3,500\ 3,492\ 3,507\ 3,477\ 3,505 \end{array}$	2, 264 2, 278 2, 295 2, 300 2, 318	91 89 91 83 89	382 369 363 333 339	$168 \\ 165 \\ 165 \\ 162 \\ 162 \\ 162$	$111 \\ 112 $	32 29 31 30 32	452 450 450 452 453	8, 365 8, 438 8, 447 8, 419 8, 478	7, 021 7, 098 7, 112 7, 081 7, 087	610 607 630 587 591	1, 459 1, 444 1, 438 1, 433 1, 434	3, 245 3, 244 3, 242 3, 214 3, 216	1, 707 1, 803 1, 802 1, 847 1, 846	1, 344 1, 340 1, 335 1, 338 1, 391
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	$\begin{array}{c} 12,001\\ 12,041\\ 12,127\end{array}$	3, 512 3, 545 3, 540	2, 337 2, 372 2, 385	88 88 84	332 328 317	$161 \\ 161 \\ 169$	112 111 109	31 33 32	$451 \\ 452 \\ 453$	8, 489 8, 496 8, 587	7, 097 7, 074 7, 091	$     \begin{array}{r}       625 \\       582 \\       609     \end{array}   $	$egin{array}{c} 1,432 \ 1,433 \ 1,445 \end{array}$	3, 195 3, 200 3, 183	$1,845 \\ 1,859 \\ 1,854$	$1,392 \\ 1,422 \\ 1,496$
Outside New York City																
1940—July 1941—March April May June July	$\begin{matrix} 14, 387\\ 15, 877\\ 16, 007\\ 16, 129\\ 16, 363\\ 16, 634 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5,716\\ 6,489\\ 6,620\\ 6,715\\ 6,840\\ 7,005 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,741\\ 3,316\\ 3,416\\ 3,480\\ 3,559\\ 3,684 \end{array}$	205 239 255 268 276 291	118 146 141 130 134 139	306 290 287 285 286 281	$\begin{array}{c} 1,082\\ 1,116\\ 1,118\\ 1,123\\ 1,129\\ 1,137\end{array}$	7 9 8 10 9	1, 257 1, 373 1, 394 1, 421 1, 446 1, 464	9,388	6, 443 7, 062 7, 050 7, 095 7, 250 7, 410	$\begin{array}{r} 385 \\ 669 \\ 496 \\ 462 \\ 451 \\ 474 \end{array}$	1,046 981 811 765 778 807	3, 885 4, 229 4, 516 4, 570 4, 710 4, 714	1,183	2, 228 2, 326 2, 337 2, 319 2, 273 2, 219
1941—May 28	1	6, 784	3, 507	275	144	288	1, 125	10	1, 435	9, 372	7, 054	426	757	4, 586	1,285	2, 318
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	16,362 16,394	$\begin{array}{c} 6,796\\ 6,832\\ 6,842\\ 6,891 \end{array}$	3, 524 3, 554 3, 565 3, 594	273 279 277 278	137 131 131 138	285 287 285 288	$1, 127 \\ 1, 127 \\ 1, 132 \\ 1, 132 \\ 1, 132$	8 10 9 8	1, 442 1, 444 1, 443 1, 453	9, 433 9, 530 9, 552 9, 576	7, 126 7, 246 7, 301 7, 327	375 441 469 519	775 782 778 776	4, 682 4, 708 4, 732 4, 718	$\begin{array}{c} 1,294\\ 1,315\\ 1,322\\ 1,314 \end{array}$	2, 307 2, 284 2, 251 2, 249
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	16,623 16,750	6, 953 6, 961 7, 016 7, 027 7, 067	3, 633 3, 655 3, 693 3, 711 3, 729	280 285 291 300 299	$147 \\ 136 \\ 142 \\ 128 \\ 139$	285 281 282 279 277	1, 133 1, 136 1, 137 1, 140 1, 141	8 12 8 7 11	1, 467 1, 456 1, 463 1, 462 1, 471	9, 507 9, 590 9, 607 9, 723 9, 721	$\begin{array}{c} 7,272\\ 7,373\\ 7,394\\ 7,512\\ 7,501 \end{array}$	470 464 457 494 483	787 804 809 818 819	4, 684 4, 696 4, 709 4, 745 4, 736	1, 331 1, 409 1, 419 1, 455 1, 463	2, 235 2, 217 2, 213 2, 211 2, 220
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	$\begin{array}{c} 16,760\\ 16,833\\ 16,898 \end{array}$	7, 085 7, 118 7, 148	3, 750 3, 774 3, 795	$309 \\ 311 \\ 320$	130 129 127	278 279 277	$1,142\\1,143\\1,143$	8 9 9	1, 468 1, 473 1, 477	9, 675 9, 715 9, 750	7, 456 7, 485 7, 502	450 477 455	821 823 831	4, 725 4, 732 4, 756	$1,460 \\ 1,453 \\ 1,460$	2, 219 2, 230 2, 248

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars.]

NOTE.—For description of figures see BULLETIN for November 1935 (pp. 711-738) or reprint, and BULLETIN for June 1937 (pp. 530-531). For back figures see BULLETIN for November 1935 (pp. 711-738) or reprint, BULLETIN for December 1935 (p. 876), Annual Report for 1937 (tables 65-67) and corresponding tables in previous Annual Reports.

### WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS—NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

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						deposit iterbani			ne depo pt inter			nterbar deposit:				
Re- serves with	Cash	Bal- ances	De- mand	Indi- vid-	States	Certi-		Indi- vid-	States			nestic nks		Bor-	Cap-	
Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	in vault	with do- mestic	de- posits ad- justed <sup>1</sup>	uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	fied and offi- cers' checks etc.	U. S. Gov- ern- ment <sup>2</sup>	uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Postal sav- ings <sup>2</sup>	De- mand	Time	For- eign banks	row- ings	ital ac- counts	Date or month
11, 600 11, 714 11, 371 11, 294 10, 925 10, 823	491 515 510 546 585 564	3, 468 3, 472 3, 495 3, 479	20, 847 23, 324 23, 515 24, 010 23, 969 24, 211	20, 380 22, 826 22, 947 23, 356 23, 509 23, 884	$1,769 \\ 1,853 \\ 1,741$	$411 \\ 489 \\ 491 \\ 461 \\ 518 \\ 526$	475 328 390 394 456 467	5, 141 5, 282 5, 275 5, 246 5, 233 5, 254	$178 \\ 173 \\ 172 \\ 183 \\ 175 \\ 163$	$22 \\ 26 \\ 25 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26$	8, 310 9, 180 9, 077 9, 069 9, 059 9, 078	111 115 114 115 114 113	$     \begin{array}{r}       676 \\       645 \\       645 \\       660 \\       663 \\       659 \\       659     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\3\\2\\1\\1\end{array}$	3, 774 3, 833 3, 847 3, 862 3, 873 3, 873	Total 101 Cities 1940—July 1941—March April May June July
11, 493	563	3, 532	24, 311	23, 612	1, 870	514	390	5, 240	183	26	9, 107	113	663	3	3, 864	1941—May 28
10, 982 11, 046 10, 883 10, 788	565 596 581 596	$3,465 \\ 3,500$	23, 888 24, 071 23, 872 24, 046	23, 337 23, 675 23, 517 23, 507	1,757 1,706	583 516 477 495	455 454 457 458	5, 233 5, 225 5, 235 5, 239	$     181 \\     181 \\     170 \\     169   $	26 26 26 26	9, 122 9, 055 9, 123 8, 934	114 114 113 114	649 667 666 671	1 1 1	3, 877 3, 873 3, 873 3, 868	June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25
$\begin{array}{c} 10,863\\ 10,665\\ 10,899\\ 10,855\\ 10,835\end{array}$	570 597 546 548 561	3, 412 3, 583 3, 496	23, 949 23, 920 24, 260 24, 381 24, 544	23, 667 23, 562 24, 157 24, 004 24, 029	$1,560 \\ 1,593$	$616 \\ 488 \\ 552 \\ 451 \\ 523$	463 465 467 470 470	5, 243 5, 258 5, 255 5, 254 5, 260	174 165 161 158 158	$26 \\ 26 \\ 24 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26$	9, 158 9, 071 9, 195 9, 002 8, 965	$ \begin{array}{c} 114\\ 113\\ 114\\ 113\\ 113\\ 113 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 666\\ 662\\ 654\\ 654\\ 654\\ 659\end{array}$	1 2 1 1 1	3, 872 3, 876 3, 871 3, 877 3, 869	July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30
$\begin{array}{c} 10,662\\ 10,594\\ 10,696 \end{array}$	537 556 536	3, 539	24, 217 24, 245 24, 455	23, 546 23, 927 23, 897	1,736	$455 \\ 471 \\ 464$	502 520 533	5, 273 5, 276 5, 276	157 157 158	$25 \\ 25 \\ 20$	8, 981 9, 109 9, 106	$110 \\ 112 \\ 112 \\ 112$	$\begin{array}{c} 649 \\ 648 \\ 631 \end{array}$	1 4 1	3, 882 3, 884 3, 883	Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20
6, 657 6, 622 6, 202 5, 897 5, 667 5, 586	81 83 82 89 123 107	116 99 97	9,716 10,982 10,987 11,055 10,986 11,022	9, 770 11, 054 11, 064 11, 108 11, 086 11, 183	280 313 307 353 291 247	225 294 282 231 305 297	33 14 18 19 19 18	657 717 719 700 699 722	$27 \\ 32 \\ 27 \\ 26 \\ 22 \\ 21$		3, 717 3, 928 3, 862 3, 844 3, 860 3, 846		622 589 585 597 600 596		1, 489 1, 507 1, 511 1, 517 1, 519 1, 510	New York City 1940—July 1941—March April May June July
6, 042	97	116	11, 291	11, 314	367	277	19	698	26		3, 897		601		1, 515	1941—May 28
5, 658 5, 752 5, 640 5, 617	$112 \\ 123 \\ 125 \\ 132$	$\frac{100}{87}$	11, 030 11, 048 10, 879 10, 986	11, 065 11, 180 11, 020 11, 080	306 300 262 295	$352 \\ 324 \\ 274 \\ 270$	20 19 19 19 19	695 696 702 704	$26 \\ 25 \\ 19 \\ 19 \\ 19$		3,871 3,867 3,889 3,814		586 603 602 609		$\begin{array}{c} 1,522\\ 1,521\\ 1,520\\ 1,513 \end{array}$	June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25
5, 622 5, 465 5, 593 5, 660 5, 589	$128 \\ 126 \\ 94 \\ 91 \\ 95$	89 88 86	10, 988 10, 925 11, 008 11, 088 11, 100	$\begin{array}{c} 11, 166 \\ 11, 052 \\ 11, 234 \\ 11, 211 \\ 11, 251 \end{array}$	250 236 226 244 277	359 285 313 229 298	$20 \\ 20 \\ 19 \\ 17 \\ 16$	708 721 724 724 725	$20 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\$		3, 877 3, 838 3, 881 3, 807 3, 827		603 599 588 591 597		$\begin{array}{c} 1,509\\ 1,511\\ 1,511\\ 1,512\\ 1,512\\ 1,508 \end{array}$	July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30
5, 360 5, 263 5, 339	88 90 85	85	10, 906 10, 788 10, 979	10, 958 10, 997 11, 047	252 247 338	$242 \\ 265 \\ 248$	39 54 66	740 740 740	$23 \\ 23 \\ 24$		3, 778 3, 821 3, 799		587 586 568		1, 518 1, 519 1, 518	Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20
4, 943 5, 092 5, 169 5, 397 5, 258 5, 237	410 432 428 457 462 457	$3,348 \\ 3,356$	11, 131 12, 342 12, 528 12, 955 12, 983 13, 189	$10, 610 \\ 11, 772 \\ 11, 883 \\ 12, 248 \\ 12, 423 \\ 12, 701 \\ 12, 701 \\ 10, 610 \\ 10, $	1, 344 1, 462 1, 500 1, 450	186 195 209 230 213 229	442 314 372 375 437 449	4, 484 4, 565 4, 556 4, 546 4, 534 4, 532	151 141 145 157 153 142	$22 \\ 26 \\ 25 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26$	4, 593 5, 252 5, 215 5, 225 5, 199 5, 232	111 115 114 115 114 114 113	54 56 60 63 63 63	1 3 2 1 1	2, 285 2, 326 2, 336 2, 345 2, 354 2, 363	Outside New York City 1940—July 1941—March April May June July
5, 451	466	3, 416	13, 020	12, 298	1, 503	237	371	4, 542	157	26	5, 210	113	62	3	2, 349	1941—May 28
5, 324 5, 294 5, 243 5, 171	453 473 456 464	3, 413	13,023	12, 272 12, 495 12, 497 12, 427	1,457 1,444	$231 \\ 192 \\ 203 \\ 225$	435 435 438 439	4, 538 4, 529 4, 533 4, 535	$155 \\ 156 \\ 151 \\ 150 $	$26 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26$	5, 251 5, 188 5, 234 5, 120	114 114 113 114	$     \begin{array}{r}       63 \\       64 \\       64 \\       62     \end{array} $	1 1 1 1	2, 355 2, 352 2, 353 2, 353 2, 355	June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25
5, 241 5, 200 5, 306 5, 195 5, 246	442 471 452 457 466	3, 323 3, 495 3, 410	12, 961 12, 995 13, 252 13, 293 13, 444	$\begin{array}{c} 12,501\\ 12,510\\ 12,923\\ 12,793\\ 12,778\\ \end{array}$	$1,334 \\ 1,349$	$257 \\ 203 \\ 239 \\ 222 \\ 225 \\$	$\begin{array}{r} 443 \\ 445 \\ 448 \\ 453 \\ 454 \end{array}$	4, 535 4, 537 4, 531 4, 530 4, 525	$154 \\ 143 \\ 139 \\ 137 \\ 136$	$26 \\ 26 \\ 24 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26$	5, 281 5, 233 5, 314 5, 195 5, 138	$114 \\ 113 \\ 114 \\ 113 \\ 113 \\ 113$	$\begin{array}{c} 63 \\ 63 \\ 66 \\ 63 \\ 62 \end{array}$	$1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$	2, 363 2, 365 2, 360 2, 365 2, 365 2, 361	July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30
5, 302 5, 331 5, 357	449 466 451	3,454	13, 311 13, 457 13, 476	12, 588 12, 930 12, 850	1,489	$213 \\ 206 \\ 216$	463 466 467	4, 533 4, 536 4, 536	134 134 134	$25 \\ 25 \\ 20$	5, 203 5, 288 5, 307	$110 \\ 112 \\ 112 \\ 112$	$     \begin{array}{c}       62 \\       62 \\       63     \end{array}   $	1 4 1	2, 364 2, 365 2, 365	Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars.]

<sup>1</sup> D emand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection. <sup>2</sup> U. S. Treasurer's *time* deposits, open account, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.

September 1941

# WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

### LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars.]

					Loa	ins						Inv	estment	s		
			Com-		Loan						U. 8	5. Gover	nment	obligati	ons	
	Total		mer- cial,		purch or car secu	rying										
Federal Reserve district and date (1941)	loans and in-	Total	in- dus-	Open mar-			Real estate	Loans to	Other loans	Total	ļ				Guar-	Other secu-
(1541)	vest- ments		trial, and	ket paper	To brok-		loans	banks	Ioans		Total	Bills	Notes	Bonds	an- teed	rities
			agri- cul- tural		ers and deal-	To others										
			tura		ers											
Boston (6 cities)	1 410		410			10			140						= 1	100
July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13	$\begin{array}{c} 1,412 \\ 1,421 \\ 1,430 \end{array}$	762 769 772	419 418 420	82 87 88	11 13 13	16 16 16	81 80 80	4 4 4	149 151 151	$     \begin{array}{r}       650 \\       652 \\       658     \end{array} $	$524 \\ 527 \\ 536$	$23 \\ 25 \\ 24$	39 39 41	388 389 396	74 74 75	$126 \\ 125 \\ 122$
Aug. 20 New York (8 cities)*	1, 443	777	424	90	12	16	80	4	151	666	543	27	43	397	75 76	123
July 30 Aug. 6	12,955 12,978	3, 910 3, 918	2,468 2,488 2,525	103 102	344 337	208 207	196 196	32 31	559 557	9,045 9,060	$7,521 \\ 7,535$	615 651	1,474 1,474	$3,460 \\ 3,436$	1,972 1,974	$1,524 \\ 1,525$
Aug. 13. Aug. 20. Philadelphia (4 cities)	13, 021 13, 117	3, 954 3, 949	2, 525 2, 538	$102 \\ 99$	333 321	207 206	196 194	33 32	558 559	9,067 9,168	$7,512 \\ 7,532$	609 636	$1,476 \\ 1,488$	$3,442 \\ 3,426$	$1,985 \\ 1,982$	1,555 1,636
July 30	$1,334 \\ 1,334$	557 561	297 300	41 42	29 27	30 31	51 51		109 110	777 773	507 505		25 26	389 383	93 96	$270 \\ 268$
Aug. 13 Aug. 20	1, 336 1, 337	$\frac{562}{562}$	301 299	43 44	26 26	31 31	51 51		110 111	774 775	504 504	1	26 25	382 382	96 96	270 271
July 30	2.227	872	410	20 20	24	20	184	1	213	1,355	1,094	2	181	730	181 181	261
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	2,218 2,222 2,226	861 860 859	411 411 411	20 20 21	14 14 13	$     \begin{array}{c}       20 \\       20 \\       19     \end{array} $	184 184 184	1 1 1	211 210 210	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1,357\\ 1,362\\ 1,367 \end{array} $	1,094 1,097 1,099	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\end{array}$	182 182 183	729 732 733	181	263 265 268
Richmond (12 cities) July 30	785	315	148	14	3	13	49	1	87	470	403	2	84	218	99	67
Aug. 6 Aug. 13	791 793	316 318	148 150	14	3	13	50 50	1	88 88	475	407 407	22	84 81	223 227	98 97	68 68 68
Aug. 20. Atlanta (8 cities) July 30.	817 733	319 377	151 191	14	3	13 10	50 37	3	88 124	498 356	430 241		78 47	251 114	99 72	115
Aug. 6 Aug. 13	734 734	377 379	190 190	5 5	77		38 38	$\begin{vmatrix} 3\\2\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	124 126	357 355	$242 \\ 241$	99	47	115 115	71 70	115 114
Aug. 20. Chicago (12 cities)*	735 4, 121	377	191	5	7 40	11 61	138		123	358	243 2, 221	10 383	48 216	115 1, 257	70 365	115 562
July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13	4, 121 4, 079 4, 112	1,338 1,341 1,351	878 882 888	46 48 49	40 39 40	61 61	138 138 138		175 173 175	2, 783 2, 738 2, 761	2,177 2,193	343 364	216 217 216	1, 257 1, 256 1, 253	361 360	561 568
Aug. 13 Aug. 20 St. Louis (5 cities)		1, 358	891	52	42	60	139		174	2,728	2, 159	332	216	1, 251	360	569
July 30 Aug. 6	848 849 852	403 405 407	232 233 235	20 21 21	444	12	60 60 60	1	74	445 444 445	334 334		34 34 35	219 220 220	80 79 79	111 110 110
Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Minneapolis (8 cities)	856 856	407	235 236	21	4	12 12	60	1	75 76	445	335 336	1	35	220	80	110
July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13	$\begin{array}{c} 458\\ 464\end{array}$	233 239	118     123	3	1	6 6	15 15		90 91	$225 \\ 225$	185 185	3 4	22 22	122 121	38 38	40 40
Aug. 20	471 475	241 242	124 126	33		7 6	15   15		91	230 233	189 192	8 10	22 20	121 122	38 40	41
Kansas City (12 cities) July 30 Aug. 6	789 793	379 384	222 227	28 28	34	10	33 33	1	82 82	410 409	$276 \\ 275$	6 6	47 45	$112 \\ 113$	111 111	134 134
Aug. 13 Aug. 20	800 809	390 399	233 240	29 30	33	10 10	33 32		82 84	410 410	$275 \\ 275$	6 7	45 45	113 113	$     111 \\     110 $	135 135
Dallas (9 cities) July 30 Aug. 6	620 622	328 328	219 219	32	3 4	14 14	23 23	i	66 65	292 294	233 234	31 32	34 34	121 121	47 47	59 60
Aug. 13 Aug. 20	624 627	331 330	213		4 3	14 14	23 23 23	1 1	65 64	293 297	233 237	32 34	34 35	121 122	46 46	60 60
San Francisco (7 cities) July 30	2,489	1,098	445	23	9	39	386		196	1,391	1,049		50	822	177	342 342
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	2,479	1,098 1,098 1,106	448 447 450	25 24 23	9 9 9	38 38 39	386 386 386		192 194 199	1,380 1,381 1,391	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,038\\ 1,037\\ 1,043 \end{array} $	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\ 2\\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	49 51 60	814 810 807	175 174 174	342 344 348
Aug. 20 City of Chicago* July 30 Aug. 6	2, 131	873	647	28	34	53	21		90	1,860	1,490	382	123	824	161	370
Aug. 13	2,715	873 879	649 652	28 29	33	54	21 21		88 89	1,813	1,445 1,461	342 362	121 118	823 822	159 159	368 375 374
Aug. 20	2, 683	884	654	32	35	53	21		89	1, 799	1, 425	330	116	820	159	3/4

\* Separate figures for New York City are shown in the immediately preceding table, and for the city of Chicago in this table. The figures for the New York and Chicago districts, as shown in this table, include New York City and Chicago, respectively.

# WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

						-										1
				I e	emand xcept in	deposit iterbanl	s, c	Tin exce	ne depo pt inter	sits, bank	I	nterban deposits	1k 8			-
Re- serves with Fed-	Cash in	Bal- anceş with	De- mand de-	Indi- vid- uals,	States and	Certi- fied	U. S.	Indi- vid- uals,	States and			nestic aks		Bor- row-	Cap- ital	Federal Reserve
eral Re- serve Banks	vault	do- mestic	posits	part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	polit- ical sub- divi- sions	and offi- cers' checks etc.	Gov- ern- ment <sup>2</sup>	part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Postal sav- ings <sup>2</sup>	De- mand	Time	For- eign banks	ings	ac- counts	district and date (1941)
533 533 525 513	151 150 151 150	205 197 207 197	$1,448\\1,445\\1,452\\1,452\\1,451$	1, 414 1, 399 1, 422 1, 418	91 97 95 93	22 23 22 25	13 13 13 11	229 230 230 230 230	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	382 386 392 383		$21 \\ 21 \\ 20 \\ 21$	1 1 1 1	249 249 249 249 249	Boston (6 cities) July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 New York (8 cities)*
5,756 5,525 5,423 5,513	$120 \\ 112 \\ 115 \\ 109$	242 239 251 245	11,672	$\begin{array}{c} 11,886\\ 11,583\\ 11,642\\ 11,694 \end{array}$	437 416 409 519	$322 \\ 263 \\ 282 \\ 267$	37 60 76 88	1,099 1,105 1,105 1,105 1,105	$24 \\ 25 \\ 25 \\ 26$	7 7 7 7	3,909 3,861 3,903 3,882	13 13 13 13	599 588 588 570	3	$1,634 \\ 1,644 \\ 1,645 \\ 1,644 \\ 1,64$	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Philadelphia (4 cities)
553 575 597 593	$25 \\ 24 \\ 25 \\ 25 \\ 25$	237 216 219 219	$1, 241 \\1, 231 \\1, 253 \\1, 252$	$1,186\\1,159\\1,164\\1,173$	$140 \\ 145 \\ 170 \\ 153$	$13 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12$	17 17 17 17	$258 \\ 258 \\ 258 \\ 258 \\ 256$	$2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\$		455 464 471 472	13 13 13 13	6 6 6 6		218 219 219 219 219	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Cleveland (10 cities)
778 768 760 785	$54 \\ 51 \\ 55 \\ 52$	388 387 411 407	$1,808 \\ 1,767 \\ 1,779 \\ 1,794$	$1,796 \\ 1,741 \\ 1,784 \\ 1,776$	$106 \\ 115 \\ 118 \\ 116$	25 29 29 27	42 48 48 47	724 727 728 729	$21 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20$		493 501 513 521	36 36 36 36	1 1 1 1		393 393 393 393	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Richmond (12 cities)
280 291 291 285	$27 \\ 26 \\ 27 \\ 26 \\ 26$	277 275 280 262	$\begin{array}{c} 658 \\ 665 \\ 669 \\ 663 \end{array}$	630 634 649 647	72 74 73 70	14 12 13 14	31 31 32 32	206 206 207 207	3 3 3 3	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\end{array}$	361 369 374 378	6 5 6 6			$103 \\ 104 \\ 102 \\ 102$	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug.13 Aug. 20 Atlanta (8 cities)
178 181 187 183	17 16 17 16	$256 \\ 255 \\ 258 \\ 267$	533 531 537 539	504 500 519 519	82 84 83 83	6 6 5 5	47 47 48 48	186 187 187 187	4 4 4 4	$\begin{array}{c}3\\2\\2\\2\\2\end{array}$	346 351 350 356	333	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\end{array}$		98 98 98 98	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug.20 Chicago (12 cities)*
1, 534 1, 546 1, 541 1, 562	84 80 82 79	$     \begin{array}{r}       616 \\       599 \\       612 \\       613     \end{array} $	3,478 3,428 3,436 3,435	$\begin{array}{c} 3,238\\ 3,170\\ 3,233\\ 3,190 \end{array}$	424 409 408 416	51 49 47 50	$129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 120 $	979 979 978 978 978	19 19 19 19	8 8 8 3	1,3551,3571,3921,392	9 9 9	9 9 9 9		419 421 421 421 421	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 St. Louis (5 cities)
240 243 242 240	14 14 15 14	201 198 205 203	590 587 597 595	590 587 612 604	52 53 51 51	10 7 8 8 8	20 20 20 21	187 187 187 187 187	3 4 4 4	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\end{array}$	418 421 420 420	1 1 1 1			97 97 98 98	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Minneapolis (8 cities)
$118 \\ 113 \\ 109 \\ 106$	8 7 8 7	$123 \\ 117 \\ 116 \\ 111$	361 349 350 343	311 308 314 309	76 71 67 65	9 7 8 8	1 1 1 1	111 111 111 111 111		1 1 1	174 180 183 185	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\2\\2\\2\\2\end{array}$	1 1 1 1			July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Kansas City (12 cities)
203 213 213 213 215	19 18 19 19	320 316 336 323	618 615 641 638	$598 \\ 598 \\ 631 \\ 619$	88 88 89 93	$     \begin{array}{c}       11 \\       11 \\       10 \\       11     \end{array} $	$13 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 14$	139 139 140 140	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\end{array}$	1 1 1 1	460 471 472 473	6 6 6 6			109 109 109 109	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Dallas (9 cities)
$146 \\ 158 \\ 162 \\ 152$	13 13 14 12	304 298 311 316	575 579 593 587	545 550 578 570	63 64 59 56	11 11 10 11	37 38 38 39	$124 \\ 124 \\ 124 \\ 124 \\ 124$	8 9 9 9	1 1 1 1	$271 \\ 275 \\ 280 \\ 281$		1 1 1 1		91 91 91 91	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 San Francisco (7 cities)
516 516 544 549	29 26 28 27	312 313 333 332	$\begin{array}{c} 1,370\\ 1,348\\ 1,383\\ 1,392 \end{array}$	1, 331 1, 317 1, 379 1, 378	$119 \\ 119 \\ 114 \\ 110$	$29 \\ 27 \\ 26 \\ 26 \\ 26$	83 84 84 86	$1,018 \\ 1,020 \\ 1,021 \\ 1,022$	71 68 68 68		341 345 359 363	23 22 23 23	19 20 20 23		395 394 396 396	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 City of Chicago*
1, 128 1, 143 1, 136 1, 161	41 41 40 40	$267 \\ 264 \\ 266 \\ 274$	2, 303 2, 276 2, 269 2, 274	2, 190 2, 152 2, 178 2, 169	224 217 218 217	$     \begin{array}{r}       31 \\       29 \\       28 \\       29     \end{array} $	95 95 95 95	478 477 476 476	17 17 17 17 17	5 5 5	$\begin{array}{c c}1,015\\1,010\\1,041\\1,042\end{array}$		8 8 8		272 274 274 274 274	July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20

**RESERVES AND LIABILITIES** [In millions of dollars]

\* See note on preceding page.
<sup>1</sup> Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
<sup>2</sup> U. S. Treasurer's *time* deposits, open account, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.

### **COMMERCIAL PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING**

[In millions of dollars]

					Dolla	r accepta	nces out	standing			
	Com-			Helo	l by				Based (	n	
End of month	mer- cial paper out- stand-	Total out-	10tai    -		pting banks		Im-	Exports	Dollar	Goods sto shipped poin	between
	ing 1	ing	Total	Own bills	Bills bought	Others <sup>2</sup>	ports into United States	from	ex- change	United States	Foreign coun- tries
1940—April	239 234 224 245 251 252 232 218	223 214 206 188 182 177 187 197 209	$178 \\ 171 \\ 166 \\ 152 \\ 148 \\ 142 \\ 149 \\ 159 \\ 167 \\ 167 \\ 178 \\ 178 \\ 178 \\ 178 \\ 167 \\ 100 $	$118 \\ 113 \\ 112 \\ 103 \\ 100 \\ 96 \\ 99 \\ 100$	$\begin{array}{c} 61 \\ 58 \\ 54 \\ 49 \\ 44 \\ 42 \\ 53 \\ 60 \\ 67 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 45 \\ 43 \\ 40 \\ 36 \\ 34 \\ 35 \\ 38 \\ 38 \\ 42 \end{array}$	86 78 79 75 80 80 91 98 109	$ \begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 47 \\ 43 \\ 32 \\ 24 \\ 22 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 18 \\ \end{array} $	13     12     13     13     11     11     11     9     10     10	46 41 35 38 35 37 41 44	33 34 32 29 28 28 28 29 27
1941—January February March. April. May June. July	241 263	213 212 217 220 215 213 210	168     164     170     170     164     161     161     161     161     1	$     \begin{array}{r}       103 \\       99 \\       107 \\       105 \\       105 \\       101 \\       106 \\       \end{array} $	65 65 66 60 59 55	45 48 47 49 51 52 49	$115 \\ 119 \\ 120 \\ 126 \\ 125 \\ 123 \\ 121$	$     \begin{array}{r}       16 \\       18 \\       24 \\       25 \\       24 \\       24 \\       24 \\       22 \\     \end{array} $	11 7 8 7 3 3 3 3	44 42 41 38 41 43 43 47	26 26 25 23 22 20 16

As reported by dealers; includes some finance company paper sold in open market.
 None held by Federal Reserve Banks. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 70).

### CUSTOMERS' DEBIT BALANCES, MONEY BORROWED, AND PRINCIPAL RELATED ITEMS OF STOCK EXCHANGE FIRMS CARRYING MARGIN ACCOUNTS

[Member firms of New York Stock Exchange. Ledger balances in millions of dollars]

		Debit ba	lances		Credit balances							
71 A A		Debit balances in	Debit balances in			Custo credit ba		Other	r credit bal	ances		
End of month	Customers' debit balances (net) <sup>1</sup>	partners' investment and trading accounts	investment and trading accounts	Cash on hand and in banks	Money bor- rowed <sup>3</sup>	Free	Other (net)	In partners' invest- ment and trading accounts	In firm invest- ment and trading accounts	In capital accounts (net)		
1935—December	1, 258	75	135	179	930	286	79	24	10	410		
1936—June December	1, 267 1, 395	67 64	164 164	219 249	985 1, 048	276 342	86 103	24 30	14 12	420 424		
1937—June December	1, 489 985	55 34	161 108	214 232	1, 217 688	266 278	92 85	25 26	13 10	397 355		
1938—June December	774 991	27 32	88 106	215 190	495 754	258 247	89 60	22 22	11 5	298 305		
1939—June December	834 906	25 16	73 78	178 207	570 637	230 266	70 69	21 23	6 7	280 277		
1940—June July September October November December	653 642 631 635 653 666 677	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	58 64 56 57 70 64 99	223 213 215 218 203 214 204	376 376 368 370 381 383 427	267 261 256 268 269 280 281	62 62 57 56 58 59 54	22 22 21 20 20 20 22	5 5 5 4 5	269 264 260 255 253 253 253 247		
1941—January February April. May June. July.	633	11 11 9 10 10 11 10	73 78 81 86 102 89 87	207 199 199 199 185 185 186 189	399 375 387 368 403 395 388	275 267 268 265 262 255 266	54 53 60 61 65 70	22 22 21 20 17 17 17	6 6 8 7 7 8	238 237 231 227 223 222 221		

1 Excluding balances with reporting firms (1) of member firms of New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and (2) of

<sup>1</sup> Excluding balances with reporting mins (*i*) of means the second seco

#### **OPEN-MARKET RATES IN NEW YORK CITY** [Per cent per annum]

#### **COMMERCIAL LOAN RATES**

AVERAGES OF RATES CHARGED CUSTOMERS BY BANKS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

[m				1
i rer	cent	ver	annum	

			per an	uunij				
	Preva rate <sup>1</sup>	on—		Average ate on—			-5 year . S.	-
			Stock	U.S.' ury 9 bil	1-day	Trea no	tes	
Year, month, or week	Prime com- mercial paper, 4 to 6 months	Prime bank- ers' accept- ances, 90 days	ex- change call loan re- new- als <sup>2</sup>	New issues of- fered within period	Deal- ers' quo- tation	Tax- ex- empt	Tax- able	
1938 average 1939 average 1940 average	. 81 . 59 . 56	. 44 . 44 . 44	$1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00$	. 053 . 023 . 014	.07 .05 .04	. 83 . 59 . 50		1
1940—July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	.56 .56 .56 .56 .56 .56	. 44 . 44 . 44 . 44 . 44 . 44	$\begin{array}{c} 1,00\\ 1,00\\ 1,00\\ 1,00\\ 1,00\\ 1,00\\ 1,00\end{array}$	. 009 . 019 . 021 ( <sup>4</sup> ) . 003 ( <sup>4</sup> )	.05 .04 .05 .02 .02 .02	.57 .58 .48 .43 .34 .35	. 65	1
1941Jan. Feb Mar May June July	. 56     . 56     . 56     . 56     . 56     . 56     . 56     . 50     .	. 44 . 44 . 44 . 44 . 44 . 44 . 44	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 00\\ 1.\ 00\\ \end{array}$	(4) . 034 . 089 . 092 . 082 . 089 . 097	.02 .04 .11 .10 .11 .12 .12	.43 .55 .50 .52 .44 .38 .37	.76 .81 .84 .81 .72 .68 .67	1
Week ending: Aug. 2 Aug. 9 Aug. 16 Aug. 23	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	7/16 7/16 7/16 7/16	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.00 \\       1.00 \\       1.00 \\       1.00 \\       1.00 \\       \end{array} $	. 106 . 114 . 116 . 114	.12 .12 .13 .13	. 33 . 33 . 34 . 33	.63 .63 .64 .61	1

•				
	Total 19 cities	New York City	7 other North- ern and Eastern cities	11 South- ern and Western cities
1934 averaget	2. 68 2. 59 2. 53 2. 78	2.45 1.76 1.72 1.73 1.69 2.07 2.04	3. 71 3. 39 3. 04 2. 88 2. 75 2. 87 2. 56	4. 32 3. 76 3. 40 3. 25 3. 26 3. 51 3. 38
Monthly figures <sup>1</sup> 1938—June July	2.57 2.52 2.53 2.53	1.70 1.70 1.67 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70	2, 78 2, 78 2, 71 2, 74 2, 90 2, 68 2, 95	3, 31 3, 35 3, 28 3, 26 3, 21 3, 20 3, 23
1939—January February	2.64 2.52	1.73 1.70	2.97 2.69	3. 32 3. 26
Quarterly figures 1939—March June	2.91	2. 13 2. 15 2. 04 1. 96	3, 05 3, 05 2, 78 2, 59	3. 77 3. 62 3. 31 3. 32
1940-March June September December	2.59	2. 03 2. 00 2. 14 2. 00	2.67 2.49 2.56 2.53	3, 35 3, 38 3, 43 3, 36
1941—March June	2.58 2.55	2.06 1.95	2, 53 2, 58	3. 25 3. 23

<sup>1</sup> Monthly figures are averages of weekly prevailing rates. <sup>2</sup> The average rate on 90-day stock exchange time loans was 1.25 per cent during the entire period. <sup>3</sup> Tax-exempt bills prior to March 1941; taxable bills thereafter. <sup>4</sup> Rate negative. Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (tables 43 and 44). Figures for Treasury bills and Treasury notes available on request.

 $^1$  Prior to March 1939 figures were reported monthly on a basis not strictly comparable with the current quarterly series.

Back figures.—See November 1939 BULLETIN, pp. 963-969 for description and for back figures.

BOND YIELDS 1
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[Per cent per annum]

Veer month or week U.S.				Corporate (Moody's) <sup>5</sup>											
Year, month, or week	U.S. Govern- ment <sup>2</sup>	Munic- ipal <sup>3</sup>	High- grade corpor-		By ratings By groups										
	ment -		ate <sup>4</sup>	Total	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility				
Number of issues	2-6	15	5	120			30	30	40	40	40				
1938 average 1939 average 1940 average	$2.56 \\ 2.36 \\ 2.21$	$2.91 \\ 2.76 \\ 2.50$	3. 12 2. 92 2. 77	4. 19 3. 77 3. 55	$\begin{array}{r} 3.19\\ 3.01\\ 2.84\end{array}$	3.56 3.22 3.02	4. 22 3. 89 3. 57	5.80 4.96 4.75	$3.50 \\ 3.30 \\ 3.10$	$5.21 \\ 4.53 \\ 4.30$	3. 87 3. 48 3. 25				
1940—July	2, 10 1, 97 1, 89 1, 99 2, 10 2, 01	2. 54 2. 49 2. 44 2. 32 2. 18 2. 07 2. 16 2. 27 2. 28 2. 20 2. 14 2. 08 2. 03	2.85 2.80 2.71 2.70 2.65 2.59 2.57 2.71 2.73 2.76 2.75 2.70 2.66	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 57\\ 3, 55\\ 3, 50\\ 3, 46\\ 3, 46\\ 3, 36\\ 3, 36\\ 3, 36\\ 3, 40\\ 3, 39\\ 3, 39\\ 3, 39\\ 3, 37\\ 3, 34\\ 3, 30\\ \end{array}$	2.88 2.85 2.79 2.75 2.71 2.75 2.71 2.75 2.78 2.80 2.82 2.81 2.81 2.77 2.74	$\begin{array}{c} 3.\ 01\\ 3.\ 03\\ 3.\ 01\\ 2.\ 96\\ 2.\ 92\\ 2.\ 95\\ 3.\ 00\\ 3.\ 01\\ 3.\ 04\\ 2.\ 99\\ 2.\ 95\\ 2.\ 90 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 3.57\ 3.55\ 3.52\ 3.48\ 3.40\ 3.36\ 3.36\ 3.38\ 3.37\ 3.38\ 3.37\ 3.38\ 3.34\ 3.31\ 3.26\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{4.80}\\ \textbf{4.66}\\ \textbf{4.66}\\ \textbf{4.56}\\ \textbf{4.48}\\ \textbf{4.45}\\ \textbf{4.45}\\ \textbf{4.38}\\ \textbf{4.38}\\ \textbf{4.33}\\ \textbf{4.33}\\ \textbf{4.32}\\ \textbf{4.31}\\ \textbf{4.28} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.15\\ 3.12\\ 3.06\\ 2.98\\ 2.93\\ 2.96\\ 3.00\\ 3.02\\ 3.02\\ 3.02\\ 2.96\\ 2.96\\ 2.90\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4.32\\ 4.30\\ 4.23\\ 4.15\\ 4.07\\ 4.03\\ 3.96\\ 4.00\\ 3.98\\ 3.96\\ 3.95\\ 3.95\\ 3.92\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.\ 23\\ 3.\ 23\\ 3.\ 19\\ 3.\ 18\\ 3.\ 14\\ 3.\ 13\\ 3.\ 17\\ 3.\ 19\\ 3.\ 17\\ 3.\ 16\\ 3.\ 13\\ 3.\ 10\\ 3.\ 10\\ 3.\ 07\\ \end{array}$				
Week ending: Aug. 2 Aug. 9 Aug. 16 Aug. 23	1. 90 1. 93 1. 97 1. 95	2, 00 1, 98 2, 01 2, 01	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 65\\ 2.\ 65\\ 2.\ 66\\ 2.\ 66\end{array}$	3, 29 3, 28 3, 29 3, 30	2.74 2.74 2.75 2.75 2.75	2. 89 2. 89 2. 90 2. 91	3, 25 3, 25 3, 25 3, 24	4. 27 4. 26 4. 27 4. 29	2, 90 2, 89 2, 90 2, 90	3. 91 3. 90 3. 92 3. 93	3.06 3.06 3.06 3.06 3.06				

<sup>1</sup> Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds, which are based on Wednesday figures.
 <sup>2</sup> Average of yields on all outstanding partially tax-exempt U. S. Government bonds due or callable in more than 12 years.
 <sup>3</sup> Standard and Poor's Corporation.
 <sup>4</sup> U. S. Treasury Department.
 <sup>5</sup> Moody's Investors Service, week ending Friday. Because of limited number of suitable issues, the industrial Aaa and Aa groups have each been reduced from 10 to 3 issues, and the railroad Aaa and Aa groups from 10 to 5 and 10 to 9 issues respectively.
 *Back figures.* - See Annual Report for 1937 (table 80) and for high-grade corporate bonds, Bulletin of the Treasury Department for July 1941, pages 21-24. Figures for U. S. Government bonds available on request.

### SEPTEMBER 1941

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**BOND PRICES<sup>1</sup>** 

	U. S.		Corporate <sup>3</sup>							
Year, month, or date	Govern- ment <sup>2</sup>	Munic- ipal <sup>3</sup>	Total	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility				
Number of issues	2-6	15	60	20	20	20				
1938 average 1939 average 1940 average	102.5 105.2 107.2	113.7 116.3 121.2	78.9 81.6 82.0	82.9 86.0 87.5	58.6 58.0 57.9	95.3 100.9 100.6				
1940—July September October November December 1941—January February March April	106.7 107.7 108.8 110.7 111.8 110.4 108.8 110.1 110.8	120. 4 121. 2 122. 3 124. 6 127. 3 129. 3 127. 7 125. 6 125. 4 126. 8	81. 2 81. 5 82. 7 83. 6 83. 9 84. 0 85. 3 84. 5 85. 3 85. 8	86. 3 86. 8 87. 8 89. 2 90. 3 90. 2 90. 5 89. 9 90. 2 90. 2	57.1 $57.5$ $59.7$ $61.0$ $60.9$ $61.1$ $64.3$ $62.7$ $64.3$ $65.9$	100. 2 100. 2 100. 6 100. 6 100. 5 100. 7 101. 2 100. 9 101. 3 101. 1				
May June July	111.4 111.5 111.7	128. 1 129. 2 130. 0	86. 0 85. 8 86. 3	90, 1 90, 4 91, 1	66.7 65.8 66.6	101, 2 101, 1 101, 0				
July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	111.2	$130.\ 6\\131.\ 0\\130.\ 4\\130.\ 4$	86. 4 86. 2 85. 9 85. 9	91. 2 91. 2 91. 0 90. 7	67. 1 66. 4 65. 6 65. 7	101. 0 101. 0 101. 1 101. 2				

<sup>1</sup> Monthly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds, which are averages of Wednesday figures. <sup>2</sup> Prices derived from average of yields on all outstanding partially tax-exempt U. S. Government bonds due or callable in more than 12 years on basis of a 2¾ per cent, 16 year bond. For description see November 1940 BULLETIN, pp. 1179–1180. Prices expressed in decimals. Weekly data are averages of daily figures for week ending on Saturday following date shown. <sup>3</sup> Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation.

Poor's Corporation.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1937 (table 79). For U. S. Gov-ernment bonds see November, 1940 BULLETIN.

1 Standard and Poor's Corporation. Monthly data are averages of

 Standard and Poors Corporation. Atominy data are inclused of Wednesday figures.
 A verage prices of industrial high-grade preferred stocks, adjusted to a \$7 annual dividend basis.
 A verage daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange. Weekly figures are averages for the week ending Saturday. Back fagures.-For stock prices see Annual Report for 1937 (table 79).

### **CAPITAL ISSUES**

Year, month, or date

Number of issues.

1938 average ......

1939 average..... 1940 average.....

1940—July\_\_\_\_\_ August\_\_\_\_\_ September\_\_\_

1941—January February March

October.... November... December ...

April May\_\_\_\_\_ June\_\_\_\_\_

July .....

July 30 .....

Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20

Pre-ferred

20

135. 6

141. 2 140. 1

136. 9 137. 3 139. 1

139. 1 140. 4 141. 9 143. 9 145. 4 143. 0 142. 1 141. 8 140. 9

141.0

142.8

143. 7 144. 0

143.9 144.1

#### (In millions of dollars)

					For new	capital				For refunding						· ·	
	Total (new	Total			Dom	estic					Domestic						
Year or month	and re- fund-	(do- mestic and		State and	Fed- eral	C	Corporate			Total (do- mestic		State and	Fed- eral	Corporate			For
	ing)	for- eign)	pal         Total         an           2,860         1,235         75         1,551         1,255	Bonds and notes	Stocks	eign 3	and for- eign)	Total	mu- nici- pal	agen- cies <sup>1</sup>	Totai	Bonds and notes	Stocks	eign ²			
1931           1932           1933           1934           1935           1936           1937           1938           1938           1939	4,038 1,751 1,063 2,160 4,699 6,214 3,937 4,449 5,842 4,804	3, 095 1, 197 720 1, 386 1, 457 1, 972 2, 138 2, 360 2, 289 1, 956	2, 860 1, 165 708 1, 386 1, 409 1, 949 2, 094 2, 325 2, 239 1, 954	1, 235 762 483 803 855 735 712 971 931 757	75 77 64 405 150 22 157 481 924 461	1, 551 325 161 178 404 1, 192 1, 225 873 383 736	1, 239 305 40 144 334 839 817 807 287 601	311 20 120 35 69 352 408 67 97 135	235 32 12 0 48 23 44 35 50 2	944 554 343 774 3, 242 4, 242 1, 799 2, 089 3, 553 2, 848	893 498 283 765 3, 216 4, 123 1, 680 2, 061 3, 465 2, 848	21 87 37 136 365 382 191 129 195 478	51 93 26 317 987 353 281 665 1, 537 344	821 319 219 312 1, 864 3, 387 1, 209 1, 267 1, 733 2, 026	789 315 187 312 1, 782 3, 187 856 1, 236 1, 236 1, 596 1, 834	32 4 32 0 81 200 352 31 137 193	51 56 60 9 26 119 119 28 88 88 0
1940—July Aug Sept Oct Dec 1941—Jan Feb Mar May July	$\begin{array}{c} 712\\ 284\\ 229\\ 711\\ 442\\ 613\\ 421\\ 347\\ 406\\ 920\\ 406\\ 881\\ 612\\ \end{array}$	401 130 114 258 264 191 95 77 182 745 107 519 296	401 129 114 258 264 191 95 77 182 745 107 519 296	$\begin{array}{c} 62\\ 61\\ 46\\ 98\\ 53\\ 129\\ 40\\ 37\\ 86\\ 60\\ 37\\ 59\\ 40\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 289 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 112 \\ 42 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 645 \\ 5 \\ 370 \\ 212 \end{array}$	$50\\68\\48\\169\\62\\53\\32\\87\\39\\64\\90\\44$	$\begin{array}{c} 47\\ 53\\ 64\\ 22\\ 166\\ 46\\ 51\\ 25\\ 56\\ 29\\ 61\\ 77\\ 30\\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 15 \\ 4 \\ 26 \\ 3 \\ 16 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 31 \\ 10 \\ 3 \\ 14 \\ 13 \\ \end{array} $	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 (3) (3) (3)	$\begin{array}{c} 311\\ 154\\ 116\\ 453\\ 178\\ 422\\ 325\\ 270\\ 223\\ 175\\ 299\\ 362\\ 316\\ \end{array}$	311 154 116 453 178 422 325 270 219 175 299 362 316	20 14 24 80 25 73 26 93 40 74 26 14	48 28 26 59 14 31 17 11 28 28 223 216	$\begin{array}{c} 242\\ 113\\ 66\\ 345\\ 94\\ 335\\ 271\\ 227\\ 115\\ 107\\ 197\\ 113\\ 86\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 240 \\ 108 \\ 64 \\ 332 \\ 68 \\ 292 \\ 269 \\ 210 \\ 84 \\ 107 \\ 162 \\ 108 \\ 76 \end{array}$	3 4 14 26 43 3 17 32 0 35 5 11	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0

Includes publicly-offered issues of Federal credit agencies, but excludes direct obligations of U. S. Treasury.
 Includes issues of noncontiguous U. S. Territories and Possessions.
 Less than \$500,000.

Source .- For domestic issues, Commercial and Financial Chronicle; for foreign issues, U. S. Department of Commerce. Monthly figures subject to revision.

Back figures .- See Annual Report for 1937 (table 78).

### STOCK MARKET

Total

420

83

89 84

 $\begin{array}{r} 76 \\ 78 \\ 81 \\ 82 \\ 80 \\ 81 \\ 76 \\ 76 \\ 74 \\ 73 \\ 75 \\ 79 \end{array}$ 

Stock prices 1

Indus

trial

348

105 97

95

95

92 93

Common (index, 1926=100)

Railroad

32

26

28 27

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{24} \\ \mathbf{25} \\ \mathbf{27} \\ \mathbf{28} \\ \mathbf{26} \\ \mathbf{27} \\ \mathbf{28} \end{array}$ 

29 28

 $\frac{\widetilde{28}}{28}$ 

Vol-Vol-ume of trad-ing <sup>3</sup> (in thou-

sands of shares)

1, 104

977 767

Public utility

40

73 85

82

70

70 69

69

#### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT--- VOLUME AND KIND OF DIRECT SECURITIES

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

			Interest-bearing											Noninterest- bearing	
					Pu	blic issu	es				Specia	l issues			
End of month	Total gross debt	Total		1	Marketal	ole issues	1		rketable ues					Ma- tured	Other
		bearing		Treas- ury bills	Treas- ury notes	Treas- ury bonds <sup>2</sup>	Postal Savings and prewar bonds	U.S. Savings bonds	Ad- justed service bonds	Total	Social se- curity <sup>3</sup>	Ad- justed service 4	All other <sup>s</sup>		
1932—June 1933—June 1934—June 1935—June 1936—June 1937—June 1938—June 1939—June 1940—June	$19, 487 \\ 22, 539 \\ 27, 053 \\ 28, 701 \\ 33, 779 \\ 36, 425 \\ 37, 165 \\ 40, 440 \\ 42, 968 \\$	19, 161 22, 158 26, 480 27, 645 32, 989 35, 800 36, 576 39, 886 42, 376	\$18, 852 \$21, 834 \$26, 084 \$27, 012 \$32, 363 \$34, 242 \$33, 900 \$36, 116 \$37, 602	616 954 1,404 2,053 2,354 2,303 1,154 1,308 1,302	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 261 \\ 4, 548 \\ 6, 653 \\ 10, 023 \\ 11, 381 \\ 10, 617 \\ 9, 147 \\ 7, 243 \\ 6, 383 \end{array}$	13, 460 13, 417 15, 679 14, 019 17, 168 19, 936 21, 846 25, 218 26, 555	790 806 831 855 200 198 197 196 196	62 316 800 1,238 1,868 2,905	945 389 319 283 261	309 323 396 633 626 1,558 2,676 3,770 4,775	19 579 1, 601 2, 511 3, 528	105 92 118 156 127 538 549 556 536	204 231 278 478 480 441 526 702 712	60 66 54 231 169 119 141 142 205	266 315 518 825 620 506 447 411 386
1940—July Aug Sept Oct Nov Eeb feb Mar Apr June July	43, 905 44, 073 44, 137 44, 273 45, 025 45, 877 46, 090 47, 173	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{43, 186} \\ \textbf{43, 317} \\ \textbf{43, 480} \\ \textbf{43, 560} \\ \textbf{43, 560} \\ \textbf{43, 707} \\ \textbf{44, 458} \\ \textbf{45, 320} \\ \textbf{45, 535} \\ \textbf{46, 581} \\ \textbf{46, 673} \\ \textbf{47, 160} \\ \textbf{48, 387} \\ \textbf{48, 965} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 38, 333\\ 38, 383\\ 38, 417\\ 38, 459\\ 39, 089\\ 39, 089\\ 39, 089\\ 39, 089\\ 40, 002\\ 40, 898\\ 40, 967\\ 41, 326\\ 42, 267\\ 42, 641\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 302\\ 1, 303\\ 1, 303\\ 1, 307\\ 1, 308\\ 1, 310\\ 1, 307\\ 1, 306\\ 1, 604\\ 1, 603\\ 1, 603\\ 1, 603\\ 1, 603\\ 1, 603\\ 1, 603\\ 1, 603\\ \end{array}$	6, 384 6, 384 5, 660 5, 660 6, 178 6, 813 6, 813 5, 722 5, 721 5, 698 5, 698 5, 698	27, 226 27, 236 27, 235 27, 960 27, 960 27, 960 27, 960 27, 960 27, 960 29, 532 29, 554 29, 554 30, 215 30, 215	196 196 196 196 196 196 196 196 196 196	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 966\\ 3, 008\\ 3, 044\\ 3, 084\\ 3, 123\\ 3, 195\\ 3, 371\\ 3, 480\\ 3, 599\\ 3, 647\\ 4, 008\\ 4, 314\\ 4, 649 \end{array}$	258 256 254 252 249 248 247 245 244 243 241 7 279	4, 853 4, 934 5, 063 5, 102 5, 209 5, 370 5, 426 5, 534 5, 534 5, 683 5, 707 5, 834 6, 120 6, 324	$\begin{array}{c} 3,536\\ 3,622\\ 3,751\\ 3,777\\ 3,885\\ 4,047\\ 4,066\\ 4,174\\ 4,324\\ 4,324\\ 4,324\\ 4,354\\ 4,855\\ 4,728\\ 4,811\\ \end{array}$	515 517 517 516 516 516 517 518 518 529 530 553 555	803 797 808 808 806 842 841 840 824 824 824 839 957	198 205 212 197 187 189 181 180 220 186 190 205 180	386 383 381 380 379 377 376 374 372 372 370 369 368

<sup>1</sup> Including amounts held by Government agencies and trust funds which aggregated \$2,092,000,000 on June 30, and \$2,093,000,000 (prelimin-ary) on July 31, 1941. These amounts exclude holdings by production credit associations and joint stock land banks. <sup>3</sup> Including picture lines to Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, unemployment trust fund, and railroad retirement account. <sup>4</sup> Including special issues to Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, unemployment trust fund, and railroad retirement account. <sup>4</sup> Including special issues to Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, unemployment trust fund, and railroad retirement account. <sup>4</sup> Including special issues to Government employees' retirement funds, to Postal Savings System, to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and <sup>5</sup> Including special issues of indebtedness not shown separately: 1932, \$2,726,000,000; 1933, \$2,108,000,000; 1934, \$1,517,000,000. <sup>7</sup> Includes \$40,000,000 of depositary bonds.

### SECURITIES FULLY GUARANTEED BY UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, BY ISSUING AGENCIES <sup>1</sup>

[In millions of dollars]

				·		·			
				Int	terest-beari	ng			Non-
End of month	Total amount outstand- ing <sup>2</sup>	Total	Federal Farm Mortgage Corpora- tion	Home Owners' Loan Corpora- tion	Recon- struction Finance Corpora- tion	Com- modity Credit Corpora- tion	U. S. Housing Author- ity	Federal Housing Admin- istration	Non- interest bearing matured debt <sup>2</sup>
1934—June December		681 3, 063	312 980	134 1, 834	235 249				
1935—June December		4, 123 4, 494	1, 226 1, 387	2, 647 2, 855	250 252				
1936—June December		$4,718 \\ 4,662$	$1,422 \\ 1,422$	3, 044 2, 988	$252 \\ 252$			(3)	
1937—June December		4, 665 4, 645	1,422 1,410	2, 987 2, 937	$255 \\ 297$			(3) (3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1938—June December		4, 853 4, 992	1,410 1,388	2, 937 2, 888	299 509	206 206		1 1	
1939–June December	5, 704	5, 450 5, 621	1, 379 1, 269	2, 928 2, 731	820 1, 096	206 407	114 114	3 4	83
1940—June	$\begin{array}{c} 5,526\\ 5,813\\ 5,808\\ 5,810\\ 5,919\\ 5,917\\ 5,915\\ 5,914\\ 5,916\\ 6,560\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5,498\\ 5,499\\ 5,788\\ 5,787\\ 5,790\\ 5,901\\ 5,901\\ 5,901\\ 5,901\\ 5,901\\ 5,901\\ 6,550\\ 6,550\\ 6,359\\ 6,360\\ 6,930\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 269\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,603\\ 2,603\\ 2,603\\ 2,602\\ 2,600\\ 2,600\\ 2,600\\ 2,600\\ 2,600\\ 2,600\\ 2,600\\ 2,409\\ 2,409\\ 2,409\\ 2,409\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,096\\ 1,096\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,097\\ 1,741\\ 1,741\\ 2,101\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 407\\ 407\\ 696\\ 696\\ 696\\ 696\\ 696\\ 696\\ 696\\ 69$	$114 \\ 114 \\ 114 \\ 114 \\ 114 \\ 226 $	8 9 9 12 13 13 12 13 12 13 16 17 17 17	31 28 24 21 19 18 15 14 13 11 10 10 12 11

<sup>1</sup> Principal amount of obligations guaranteed as to interest and principal. Excludes obligations held by U. S Treasury and reflected in the Public debt.
 <sup>2</sup> Figures on matured debt were not published prior to September 1939.
 <sup>3</sup> Less than \$500,000.

SEPTEMBER 1941

### MATURITIES OF PUBLIC MARKETABLE SECURITIES OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED, JULY 31, 1941 [In millions of dollars]

		Direct	securities	s maturin	g			Fully g	uaranteed	securities	s maturin	g	Total fully
Maturing or				Во	nds	Treas- ury bonds		Federal Farm	Home	Recon- struc-	Com-	U. S.	guar- anteed securi-
callable	Total	Treas- ury bills	Treas- ury notes	Treas- ury	Pre-war and Postal Savings	due or callable <sup>1</sup>	Total <sup>2</sup>	Mort- gage Corpor- ation	Owners' Loan Corpor- ation	tion Finance Corpor- ation	modity Credit Corpor- ation	Housing Author- ity	ties due or callable <sup>1</sup>
1941—Before Oct. 1 Oct. 1-Dec. 31	1, 148 706	1, 102 501	204	47		47	616			300	2 204	112	2 616
1942—Jan. 1-Mar. 31 Apr. 1-June 30	426		426	   <b></b>	(3)		310			310			650
July 1–Sept. 30 Oct. 1–Dec. 31	$\begin{array}{r} 342 \\ 232 \end{array}$		342 232		(3)		$\begin{array}{c} 276\\ 320\end{array}$			$276 \\ 320$			1, 151 320
1943 1944 1945	1, 396 1, 849 3, 191 1, 535		1, 396 1, 849 1, 249	1, 941 1, 519	(3) (3) (3) (6)	1, 855 2, 555 1, 755 2, 344	614 1, 561 412		875	324 571	289  412	114	614 2, 394 1, 167
1946 1947 1948	1, 333 2, 384 1, 489 821			1, 319 2, 370 1, 487 819	10 14 2 2	$     \begin{array}{r}       2, 544 \\       1, 460 \\       3, 361 \\       2, 278     \end{array} $	1, 095 835	340 835			<b>-</b>		
1949 1950 1951	$1,689 \\ 1,230$			1,687 1,223	27	1, 186 3, 500		830					
1952 1953 1954	2,454 2,932 3,709			2,436 2,904 3,687	18 27 22	$1,024 \\ 725 \\ 681$	779						
1955	1, 515 1, 170			1,480 1,170	35	2,611 2,431							
1958 1959 1960	$1,449 \\ 982 \\ 2,611$			$     1,449 \\     982 \\     2,611 $		919 1, 485							
1961 1963 1964	50 919			919	50			95					
1964	1, 485			1, 485				95					
Total	37, 713	1, 603	5, 698	30, 215	196	30, 215	6, 913	1, 269	2, 409	2, 101	907	226	6, 913
Within 1 year	2, 281 8, 545 7, 613 16, 870	1,603		47 3, 460 7, 585 16, 719	$(^3)$ 17 28 152	47 8, 509 9, 911 11, 748	1, 204 2, 906 1, 930 779	1, 175	875 755 779	886 1, 216	206 701	112 114	2, 419 4, 494
Over 20 years	2, 404			2, 404			95	95					

Securities not callable prior to maturity are shown as of date of maturity.
 Excluding debentures of Federal Housing Administration, which amounted to \$17,000,000 on July 31.
 Less than \$500,000.

### OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED

[In millions of dollars]

		Held by agenci	Federal es and				Pr	ivately hel	d ı		
	Total	trust	funds	Held by						Other i	nvestors <sup>2</sup>
End of Month	interest- bearing securities	Special issues	Public issues	Federal Reserve Banks	Total	Member banks	Other com- mercial banks	Mutual savings banks	Insur- ance com- panies <sup>2</sup>	Market- able issues 2	U.S. Savings and adjusted service bonds
	$ \begin{array}{c c} 16,520\\ 19,161\\ 22,158\\ 27,161 \end{array} $	764 291 309 323 396 633	208 144 261 366 1, 055 1, 365	591 668 1, 784 1, 998 2, 432 2, 433	14, 359 15, 417 16, 807 19, 471 23, 278 27, 337	4,061 5,343 5,628 6,887 9,413 11,429	920 670 590 590 890 1, 290	520 650 680 720 970 1, 540	800 1,000 1,500 2,600	8, 900 8, 800 9, 100 10, 300 10, 500 10, 400	
1936—June	38, 362 40, 465 41, 353 41, 428 43, 891 45, 336 47, 067 47, 874 50, 360	$\begin{array}{c} 626\\ 632\\ 1,558\\ 2,227\\ 2,676\\ 3,156\\ 3,770\\ 4,231\\ 4,775\\ 5,370\\ 6,120\\ \end{array}$	1,703 1,820 2,036 2,049 2,123 2,198 2,138 2,323 3 2,233 3 2,250 3 2,360	2, 430 2, 430 2, 526 2, 564 2, 564 2, 564 2, 564 2, 551 2, 484 2, 486 2, 184 2, 184	32, 948 33, 480 34, 345 34, 513 34, 065 35, 973 36, 877 38, 029 38, 340 40, 556 44, 083	$\begin{array}{c} 13, 671\\ 13, 545\\ 12, 689\\ 12, 371\\ 12, 343\\ 13, 222\\ 13, 777\\ 14, 328\\ 14, 722\\ 15, 823\\ 18, 087 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 600\\ 1, 710\\ 1, 870\\ 1, 790\\ 1, 700\\ 1, 850\\ 1, 920\\ 1, 970\\ 1, 830\\ 1, 940\\ 2, 040\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,050\\ 2,330\\ 2,390\\ 2,450\\ 2,690\\ 3,880\\ 3,040\\ 3,100\\ 3,110\\ 3,220\\ 3,360\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 900\\ r4, 500\\ 5, 000\\ 5, 200\\ r5, 600\\ r5, 800\\ r6, 000\\ 6, 100\\ 6, 500\\ 6, 600\end{array}$	10, 500 r10, 500 11, 300 11, 500 10, 700 r10, 800 r10, 400 r10, 400 9, 700 9, 900 9, 700	$\begin{array}{c} 1,200\\ 900\\ 1,100\\ 1,200\\ 1,400\\ 1,600\\ 1,900\\ 2,200\\ 2,900\\ 3,200\\ 4,300 \end{array}$

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
<sup>1</sup> Estimated figures for other commercial banks and mutual savings banks have been rounded to nearest 10 millions and estimated figures for insurance companies and other investors have been rounded to nearest 100 millions.
<sup>1</sup> Holdings of insurance companies included with "Other investors" prior to 1932.
<sup>2</sup> Excluding holdings of production credit associations and joint stock land banks.

NOTE.-For end of June figures 1916-1929, see BULLETIN for July 1941, p. 664.

### SUMMARY OF TREASURY OPERATIONS

					Ge	eneral ar	nd speci	al accou	ints						Trust	Increas	e or de-
			Rec	eipts				Expend	litures (	excl. de	bt retir	ements)			ac- counts etc., <sup>2</sup>	crease per	
Period	In- come taxes	Mis- cella- neous inter- nal reve- nue	Social secur- ity taxes	All other	Total re- ceipts	Net re- ceipts <sup>1</sup>	Inter- est on debt	Na- tional de- fense	Agri- cul- tural Ad- just- ment Pro- gram	Un- em- ploy- ment re- lief	Trans- fers to trust ac- counts etc. <sup>1</sup>	All other	Totalı	Excess of re- ceipts (+) or expen- ditures (-)	excess of re- ceipts (+) or ex- pendi- tures (-)	Gen- eral fund bal- ance <sup>2</sup>	Gross debt <sup>3</sup>
Fiscal year ending: June 1938 June 1939 June 1940 June 1941	2, 640 2, 189 2, 125 3, 470	2, 279 2, 232 2, 345 2, 967	755 740 838 932	567 507 617 900	6, 242 5, 668 5, 925 8, 269	5, 855 5, 165 5, 387 7, 607	926 941 1, 041 1, 111	1, 028 1, 163 1, 559 6, 048	362 787 1, 020 968	1, 914 2, 595 1, 919 1, 741	220 182 208 235	2, 789 3, 039 3, 251 2, 609	7, 239 8, 707 8, 998 12, 711	-1,384 -3,542 -3,611 -5,103	$^{+306}_{+890}$ $^{+136}_{-148}$	-338 + 622 - 947 + 742	+740 +3, 275 +2, 528 +5, 994
1940—May. June _ Juny _ Aug Sept Oct Oct Nov Dec I941—Jan Feb Apr May. June. July.	$\begin{array}{c} 40\\ 464\\ 50\\ 38\\ 432\\ 44\\ 49\\ 63\\ 104\\ 1,208\\ 75\\ 63\\ 916\\ 84 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 179\\ 201\\ 237\\ 346\\ 213\\ 252\\ 231\\ 210\\ 204\\ 204\\ 204\\ 244\\ 254\\ 265\\ 268\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 137\\ 32\\ 39\\ 139\\ 29\\ 38\\ 138\\ 34\\ 47\\ 193\\ 34\\ 43\\ 165\\ 32\\ 48\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43\\ 88\\ 41\\ 43\\ 37\\ 46\\ 52\\ 172\\ 52\\ 240\\ 58\\ 64\\ 56\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 400\\ 784\\ 367\\ 566\\ 711\\ 365\\ 485\\ 741\\ 372\\ 674\\ 1, 567\\ 602\\ 541\\ 1, 277\\ 456\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 400\\ 649\\ 331\\ 447\\ 711\\ 333\\ 362\\ 740\\ 340\\ 541\\ 1,566\\ 565\\ 394\\ 1,276\\ 413\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10\\ 305\\ 20\\ 20\\ 148\\ 73\\ 11\\ 219\\ 25\\ 21\\ 150\\ 73\\ 12\\ 339\\ 25\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 154\\ 153\\ 177\\ 200\\ 219\\ 287\\ 376\\ 473\\ 572\\ 593\\ 746\\ 761\\ 837\\ 808\\ 940\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62\\ 43\\ 54\\ 76\\ 75\\ 103\\ 108\\ 110\\ 103\\ 96\\ 102\\ 71\\ 39\\ 32\\ 60\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 169\\ 151\\ 151\\ 142\\ 139\\ 145\\ 138\\ 155\\ 146\\ 138\\ 159\\ 148\\ 145\\ 135\\ 135\\ 132\\ \end{array}$	4 114 25 10 20 18 20 10 18 153	248 235 302 243 168 261 164 215 247 209 232 244 108 215 288	$\begin{array}{c} 647\\ 887\\ 818\\ 706\\ 759\\ 869\\ 817\\ 1,172\\ 1,111\\ 1,075\\ 1,399\\ 1,315\\ 1,141\\ 1,528\\ 1,598\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -247\\ -237\\ -487\\ -259\\ -48\\ -536\\ -455\\ -432\\ -771\\ -534\\ +167\\ -750\\ -747\\ -252\\ -1,185\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -83\\ -61\\ +51\\ +320\\ -158\\ -24\\ +216\\ -209\\ +15\\ -3\\ -236\\ +403\\ -264\\ -259\\ +599\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -181\\ -139\\ +367\\ +196\\ -39\\ -495\\ -103\\ +111\\ +97\\ -324\\ +1,014\\ +290\\ -521\\ +729\\ -34\end{array}$	$^{+150}_{+160} \\ ^{+803}_{+803} \\ ^{+135}_{+168} \\ ^{+64}_{+136} \\ ^{+752}_{+852} \\ ^{+213}_{+213} \\ ^{+58}_{+490} \\ ^{+1, 241}_{+551} \\ \end{array}$

[On basis of daily	y statements of	United States Treasur	y. In millions of dollars]
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					Det	tails of t	rust accou	nts, etc.							eneral f d of per	
Period	trust fu	age insu nd and i ment ac	railroad		employr rust fun		Net ex accounts	penditures of Govern	s in check ment ag	cing encies	All o	other				
	Net re- ceipts	In- vest- ments	Bene- fit pay- ments	Re- ceipts	In- vest- ments	Other ex- pendi- tures	Recon- struction Finance Corpora- tion	Com- modity Credit Corpora- tion	United States Hous- ing Au- thority	All other	Re- ceipts	Ex- pendi- tures	Total	In- cre- ment on gold	Seign- iorage	Work- ing bal- ance
Fiscal year end- ing: June 1938 June 1939 June 1940 June 1941	550 639 703 844	461 516 573 637	85 120 129 186	763 838 959 1, 114	560 395 443 563	191 442 514 555	*9 *658 *234 80	$*184 \\ 136 \\ 10 \\ 58$	$1 \\ *60 \\ 17 \\ 121$	*12 *186 166 *33	414 440 415 545	327 324 323 485	2, 216 2, 838 1, 891 2, 633	142 142 143 143	446 536 585 605	1, 628 2, 160 1, 163 1, 885
1940—May June Aug Sept Oct Dec 1941—Jan. Feb Mar May June July	$     \begin{array}{r}       179 \\       56 \\       145 \\       11 \\       32     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 175 \\ *5 \\ 1 \\ 148 \\ *5 \\ 151 \\ *10 \\ *5 \\ 160 \\ *10 \\ *6 \\ 224 \\ 24 \end{array}$	$12 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 17 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15$	$145 \\ 46 \\ 59 \\ 143 \\ 67 \\ 107 \\ 145 \\ 51 \\ 78 \\ 149 \\ 28 \\ 69 \\ 167 \\ 51 \\ 82$	$\begin{array}{c} 81\\ *11\\ 13\\ 85\\ *18\\ 31\\ 113\\ 11\\ 29\\ 113\\ *10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 9\\ 60\\ \end{array}$	58 54 57 53 81 81 81 33 41 43 37 35 30 31 29	$\begin{array}{c} *6\\ 17\\ 25\\ (')\\ *13\\ *10\\ 59\\ 15\\ 16\\ 160\\ 64\\ *406\\ 82\\ 87\\ *280\\ \end{array}$	(*) 45 10 *144 21 24 17 12 7 37 33 57 *16 *221	*17 *5 25 *6 15 51 *103 8 32 *8 25 24 31 27 *22	107 *11 *57 *32 16 *13 *50 21 *43 *30 *50 21 *43 *50 21 *43 *12 241 *18 *11	$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 62 \\ 120 \\ 18 \\ 24 \\ 29 \\ 18 \\ 35 \\ 38 \\ 33 \\ 46 \\ 57 \\ 43 \\ 86 \\ 147 \end{array}$	$17 \\ 72 \\ 103 \\ 15 \\ 17 \\ 17 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 25 \\ 50 \\ 42 \\ 49 \\ 48 \\ 32 \\ 83 \\ 122$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,030\\ 1,891\\ 2,258\\ 2,454\\ 2,415\\ 1,928\\ 2,025\\ 1,701\\ 2,715\\ 2,425\\ 1,904\\ 2,633\\ 2,599 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 143\\ 143\\ 143\\ 143\\ 143\\ 143\\ 143\\ 143\\$	$\begin{array}{c} 584\\ 585\\ 590\\ 592\\ 596\\ 596\\ 597\\ 599\\ 601\\ 602\\ 603\\ 604\\ 605\\ 607\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{matrix} 1, 303\\ 1, 163\\ 1, 527\\ 1, 720\\ 1, 680\\ 1, 183\\ 1, 078\\ 1, 188\\ 1, 283\\ 957\\ 1, 970\\ 1, 679\\ 1, 157\\ 1, 885\\ 1, 848\end{matrix}$

<sup>1</sup> Beginning with July 1, 1940, net receipts represent total receipts less net social security employment taxes, which under the 1939 amendments to the Social Security Act are appropriated directly to the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund. To make the figures for earlier periods comparable, transfers to this trust fund, formerly shown under expenditures, have been deducted from total receipts, from total expenditures, and from transfers to trust accounts.
 <sup>\*</sup> Details given in lower section of table.
 <sup>\*</sup> For details, see page 911.
 <sup>\*</sup> Less than \$500,000.
 <sup>\*</sup> For social security investments, excess of redemptions; for net expenditures in checking accounts, excess of receipts.

NOTE.-For explanation of table seeBulletin for October, 1940, pp.1052-1054.

### **GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES**

[Based on compilation by U. S. Treasury Department from reports received from organizations concerned. In millions of dollars.]

				1940							41		
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
Assets												-	
Loans and preferred stock: Loans to financial institu- tions Preferred stock, etc Loans to railroads	429 783 524	430 772 552	433 756 553	437 757 513	441 757 512	469 739 515	485 736 516	445 729 523	425 711 518	409 706 523	400 703 523	397 702 505	417 698 505
Home and housing mortgage loans Farm mortgage loans Other agricultural loans All other loans	2,323 2,549 675 1,187	2, 342 2, 540 693 1, 185	2, 336 2, 534 815 1, 197	2, 348 2, 526 802 1, 200	2, 387 2, 517 785 1, 214	2, 387 2, 508 772 1, 291	2, 390 2, 500 757 1, 298	2, 424 2, 481 728 1, 309	$2,395 \\ 2,485 \\ 727 \\ 1,352$	2, 406 2, 475 776 1, 386	2, 427 2, 467 867 1, 409	2, 436 2, 458 830 1, 472	2, 445 2, 448 779 1, 511
Total loans and preferred stock	8, 470	8, 513	8, 623	8, 583	8, 613	8, 680	8, 682	8, 639	8, 614	8, 681	8, 796	8, 800	8, 804
Cash U. S. Govt. direct obligations Obligations of Government credit	412 748	462 740	566 715	572 693	521 704	549 699	533 701	580 723	595 736	620 756	771 771	464 780	376 802
agencies: Fully guaranteed by U. S Other <sup>1</sup> Accounts and other receivables Business property Property held for sale Other assets	$131 \\ 48 \\ 404 \\ 562 \\ 1,067 \\ 179$	131 35 394 567 1,067 184	$131 \\ 36 \\ 519 \\ 569 \\ 1,061 \\ 191$	$131 \\ 36 \\ 512 \\ 570 \\ 1,081 \\ 193$	$130 \\ 30 \\ 521 \\ 597 \\ 1,094 \\ 188$	$128 \\ 24 \\ 513 \\ 601 \\ 1, 113 \\ 210$	$128 \\ 22 \\ 491 \\ 593 \\ 1, 141 \\ 211$	$127 \\ 21 \\ 552 \\ 599 \\ 1, 190 \\ 214$	$127 \\ 22 \\ 524 \\ 600 \\ 1,206 \\ 251$	$124 \\ 20 \\ 551 \\ 602 \\ 1, 245 \\ 310$	$126 \\ 21 \\ 555 \\ 608 \\ 1, 297 \\ 338$	$125 \\ 17 \\ 549 \\ 623 \\ 1, 392 \\ 359$	$123 \\ 18 \\ 598 \\ 636 \\ 1, 497 \\ 423$
Total assets other than in- teragency <sup>2</sup>	12, 021	12,092	12, 410	12, 371	12, 398	12, 518	12, 500	12, 645	12, 676	12, 909	13, 282	13, 108	13, 277
Liabilities			_										
Bonds, notes, and debentures: Guaranteed Other 1 Other liabilities	$5,529 \\ 1,343 \\ 1,105$	5, 526 1, 351 1, 103	5, 811 1, 354 1, 234	5,809 1,356 1,238	5, 808 1, 354 1, 243	5, 919 1, 422 1, 237	5, 917 1, 395 1, 214	5, 915 1, 389 1, 294	5, 914 1, 386 1, 292	5, 916 1, 390 1, 391	6, 560 1, 385 1, 432	6, 371 1, 434 1, 492	6, 370 1, 443 1, 604
Total liabilities other than interagency <sup>2</sup>	7,977	7, 980	8,400	8, 403	8, 406	8, 579	8, 526	8, 599	8, 592	8, 696	9, 377	9, 297	9, 417
Excess of assets over liabilities, excluding interagency transac- tions	4, 044	4, 112	4, 010	3, 968	3, 992	3, 939	3, 974	4, 046	4, 084	4, 213	3, 906	3, 811	3, 860
U. S. Govt. interests Privately owned interests	3, 639 405	3, 706 406	3, 603 407	3, 558 410	3, 580 412	3, 526 413	<b>3,</b> 559 415	3, 629 417	3, 666 418	3, 792 421	3, 484 422	3, 388 423	3, 436 424

Excluding Federal land bank bonds held by Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation.
 Including, however, investments in securities of agencies (other than mentioned in footnote 1) and deposits of agencies with Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

### PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF GOVERNMENTAL CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES, JUNE 30, 1941

[Based on compilation by U. S. Treasury Department from reports received from organizations concerned. In millions of dollars]

				Assets					ilities
	Total		<b>U.</b> S.	Guaran-	Accounts				otes, and ntures
	loans and preferred stock	Cash	Govt. direct obliga- tions	teed obliga- tions	and other receiv- ables	Business property	Property held for sale	Guar- anteed by United States	Other
Reconstruction Finance Corporation National defense corporations Home mortgage and housing agencies:	1, 511 (1)	(1) <sup>2</sup>	51		27 41	(1) (1)	44 257	1, 741	
Home Owners' Loan Corporation Federal home loan banks RFC Mortgage Company	2,053 170 65	111 58 (1)	53	10 (1)	( <sup>1</sup> ) <sup>6</sup> 2	3	319	2, 419	<sup>(1)</sup> 76
Federal National Mortgage Association United States Housing Authority	194 316	4	6	1	43	(1) 127	1	226	85
Farm credit agencies: Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Federal land banks Federal intermediate credit banks	630 1, 818 255	21 53 17	104 36		$ \begin{array}{r} 49\\170\\2 \end{array} $	6	11 70	1, 270	46 2 977 235
Banks for cooperatives Production credit corporations Regional agricultural credit corporations	74 62 7	14 1 15	24 46	8		(1) (1)	(1) (1)		
Commodity Credit Corporation Farm Credit Administration Farm Security Administration	244 263 461	1 13			(1) (1) 29	5 	753	696 	
Insurance agencies: Federal Crop Insurance Corporation Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Cor-		8 19	419		(1) 36 2	(1)	29		
poration Federal Housing Administration Export-Import Bank of Washington	114	1     14     2     9	25 32	103	28 69		11	17	2
Tennessee Valley Authority	33 289	9 			8 20 6	385 38			8
Public Works Administration Other	97 96	15	6		14	63	1		14
Total	8, 804	376	802	123	598	636	1, 497	6, 370	1, 443

Less than \$500,000.
 Excludes Federal land bank bonds in the amount of \$761,000,000 held by Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation.

### **RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION LOANS AND INVESTMENTS**

[Amounts outstanding at end of month. In millions of dollars]

			194	40						1941			
	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Loans to financial institutions Loans on preferred stock of banks and insur-	147	145	142	142	167	172	166	162	158	154	149	145	139
ance companies Preferred stock, capital notes, and debentures_ Loans to railroads (including receivers) Loans to industrial and commercial businesses:	57 466 507 39	$57 \\ 459 \\ 508 \\ 42$	$57 \\ 460 \\ 470 \\ 38$	57 460 470 47	$56 \\ 455 \\ 473 \\ 36$	$53 \\ 452 \\ 474 \\ 36$	$50 \\ 447 \\ 482 \\ 37 \\ 37 \\ $	$\begin{array}{r} 49 \\ 442 \\ 482 \\ 35 \end{array}$	49 437 487 35	49 434 487 36	48 432 470 37	48 429 470 37	$48 \\ 425 \\ 462 \\ 81$
For national defense. Other Loans to drainage, levee, and irrigation dis-	(1) 130	(1) 129	3 129	3 128	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\126\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 121 \end{array}$	9 119	$\begin{array}{c} 11\\117\end{array}$	$17 \\ 115$	21 114	$\begin{array}{c} 61 \\ 113 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix}&65\\111\end{smallmatrix}$	70 109
other loans Securities purchased from Public Works Ad-	83 5	$^{83}_{5}$	$^{83}_{5}$	$^{83}_{5}$	$^{84}_{5}$	83 5	83 5	83 5	83 5	76 5	74 5	$\frac{79}{5}$	79 5
ministration	107	110	116	116	115	116	114	113	113	113	111	122	120
Total loans and investments, other than interagency	1, 541	1, 538	1, 503	1, 511	1, 522	1, 519	1, 512	1, 499	1, 499	1, 488	1, 503	1, 511	1, 538
Preferred stock of, and loans to Export-Im- port Bank. Loans to Rural Electrification Administration Capital stock of, and loans to RFC Mortgage Company.	74 146 59	74 146 60	74 146 61	74 146 63	99 146 64	99 146 67	174 152 68	174 157 68	174 164 69	174 168 71	174 175 71	$174 \\ 182 \\ 73$	174 190 75
Capital stock of, and loans to Federal Na- tional Mortgage Association Loans to Tennessee Valley Authority Capital stock of, and loans to national defense	76 8	79 8	81 8	85 8	87 87	90 8	93 8	96 8	99 8	99 8	101 8	102 8	103 8
comparies 2 Loans to Farm Security Administration Capital stock of Federal Home Loan Banks	1 10	2 10	10 10	24 21	33 23	45 28	63 18	83 33 125	121 60 125	168 81 125	$219 \\ 97 \\ 125$	$282 \\ 116 \\ 125$	$327 \\ 89 \\ 125$
Total loans and investments	1, 915	1, 918	1, 894	1, 932	1, 983	2,003	2, 089	2, 244	2, 319	2, 383	2, 473	2, 573	2, 630

<sup>1</sup> Less than \$500,000. <sup>2</sup> Including Metals Reserve Company, Rubber Reserve Company, Defense Plant Corporation, and Defense Supplies Corporation.

### FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

### LOANS AND DISCOUNTS OUTSTANDING, BY INSTITUTIONS

[In millions of dollars]

		Farm	mortgage	loans		Short-ter	m credit		Loans	to cooper	atives
End of year or month	Total	Total	Federal land banks	Land Bank Com- mis- sioner	Total <sup>1</sup>	Federal inter- mediate credit banks <sup>2</sup>	Produc- tion credit associa- tions <sup>3</sup>	Emer- gency crop and drought relief loans	Total 4	Banks for cooper- atives <sup>3</sup>	Agricul- tural market- ing act revolv- ing fund
1934	2, 964 3, 321 3, 363 3, 335 3, 211 3, 058	2, 533 2, 867 2, 901 2, 848 2, 735 2, 596	1,9162,0722,0642,0351,9821,905	617 795 837 813 753 691	315 358 337 367 364 364 364	56 47 41 40 34 33	61 94 105 138 148 154	111 173 165 173 171 168	117 97 125 120 112 99	28 50 70 88 87 76	55 44 54 31 24 21
1940—July August September October November December	2,986	2, 540 2, 534 2, 526 2, 517 2, 508 2, 500	$1,875 \\1,871 \\1,867 \\1,862 \\1,856 \\1,851 $	665 963 659 655 652 648	434 433 420 394 383 381	42 42 41 35 34 34	204 203. 195 180 173 172	181 180 178 173 170 168	82 83 89 96 96 93	65 67 73 79 77 75	15 15 16 17 17 16
1941—January February March April May June July	2, 982 2, 988 2, 988	2, 489 2, 485 2, 475 2, 467 2, 458 2, 448 2, 448 2, 437	$1,844 \\1,842 \\1,836 \\1,830 \\1,824 \\1,818 \\1,811$	645 643 640 637 634 634 630 626	382 393 413 431 440 450 453	35 36 37 39 40 42 44	174 182 195 207 215 221 224	167 169 175 179 179 179 179	92 91 88 85 90 90 96	75 74 70 68 74 74 80	$     \begin{array}{r}       16 \\$

### FEDERAL HOME MORTGAGE AND HOUSING AGENCIES

### **POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM** [In millions of dollars]

1

#### LOANS AND DISCOUNTS OUTSTANDING, BY INSTITUTIONS

[In millions of dollars]

		In mun	ons or uon	arsj			
End of month	Home Own- ers' Loan Cor- pora- tion	Fed- eral Home Loan Banks 1	Fed- eral savings and loan asso- ciations <sup>2</sup>	RFC Mort- gage Com- pany	Fed- eral Na- tional Mort- gage Asso- ciation	United States Hous- ing Au- thority	
1933—June         Dec.         1934—June         Dec.         1935—June         1936—June         1936—June         Dec.         1937—June         Dec.         1939—June         Dec.         1939—June         Dec.         1939—June         Dec.         1939—June         Dec.         1939—June	$\begin{array}{c} 132\\ 1,217\\ 2,379\\ 2,658\\ 2,897\\ 2,945\\ 2,765\\ 2,556\\ 2,398\\ 2,265\\ 2,169\\ 2,081\\ 2,081\\ 2,038\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 47\\ 85\\ 85\\ 79\\ 103\\ 119\\ 145\\ 167\\ 200\\ 196\\ 199\\ 169\\ 181\end{array}$	81 186 348 474 587 742 854 948 1,034 1,136 1,271	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & $	38 80 125 147	10 13 32 68 123	- 1 1 1 1
1940—June July Sept Oct Nov Dec 1941—Jan Feb Mar Apr June July	$\begin{array}{c} 2,013\\ 2,005\\ 1,996\\ 1,988\\ 1,969\\ 1,956\\ 1,956\\ 1,929\\ 1,914\\ 1,900\\ 1,885\\ 1,870\\ 1,855\\ \end{array}$	$157 \\ 162 \\ 168 \\ 176 \\ 182 \\ 186 \\ 201 \\ 171 \\ 157 \\ 146 \\ 142 \\ 145 \\ 170 \\ 168 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 \\ 168 \\ 157 $	$\begin{array}{c} 1,405\\ 1,432\\ 1,462\\ 1,488\\ 1,515\\ 1,533\\ 1,546\\ 1,579\\ 1,600\\ 1,628\\ 1,658\\ 1,658\\ 1,688\\ 1,718\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 60\\ 60\\ 60\\ 61\\ 63\\ 65\\ 67\\ 68\\ 69\\ 70\\ 70\\ 70\\ 65\\ 67\\ \end{array}$	$163 \\ 166 \\ 168 \\ 171 \\ 175 \\ 178 \\ 181 \\ 185 \\ 187 \\ 190 \\ 190 \\ 192 \\ 194 \\ 196 \\ 196$	$\begin{array}{c} 87\\112\\111\\129\\168\\176\\186\\228\\211\\233\\266\\288\\316\\296\end{array}$	1

				As	sets		
	Depos-				Gover securiti		Cash
End of month	itors bal- ances <sup>1</sup>	Total	Cash in de- posi- tory banks	Total	Di- rect obli- ga- tions	Guar- an- teed obli- ga- tions	re- serve funds, etc. <sup>2</sup>
1934—June. December 1935—June. December 1936—June. December 1938—June. 1938—June. 1939—June. 1939—June. 1930—June. July August. September December October. November December	1, 198 1, 207 1, 205 1, 201 1, 232 1, 268 1, 270 1, 252 1, 279 1, 203 1, 279 1, 203 1, 279 1, 297 1, 297 1, 297 1, 297 1, 298 1, 298 1, 314 1, 318 1, 310 P1, 300 P1, 310 P1, 300 P1, 310 P1, 300 P1, 300	$\begin{matrix} 1, 225\\ 1, 237\\ 1, 236\\ 1, 237\\ 1, 265\\ 1, 206\\ 1, 307\\ 1, 308\\ 1, 200\\ 1, 201\\ 1, 319\\ 1, 339\\ 1, 340\\ 1, 339\\ 1, 340\\ 1, 339\\ 1, 341\\ 1, 348\\ 1, 361\\ 1, 361\\ 1, 362\\ 1, 359\\ \end{matrix}$	86 68 53 43 42 41 40 38 37 36 34 33 31	$\begin{array}{c} 453\\ 597\\ 777\\ 853\\ 967\\ 1,058\\ 1,100\\ 1,007\\ 1,103\\ 1,132\\ 1,157\\ 1,192\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,224\\ 1,259\\ 1,259\\ 1,259\\ 1,259\\ 1,254\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 418\\ 467\\ 630\\ 706\\ 800\\ 891\\ 933\\ 936\\ 965\\ 1,011\\ 1,046\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,078\\ 1,108\\ 1,113\\ 1,108\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 130\\ 147\\ 167\\ 167\\ 167\\ 167\\ 167\\ 167\\ 146\\ 146\\ 146\\ 146\\ 146\\ 146\\ 146\\ 146$	76 100 74 98 93 71 80 73 75 74 69 75 75 80 88 88 88 88 83 74 75
July	p1, 307						

<sup>1</sup> Loans and discounts to member institutions of the Federal Home Loan Bank System.
 <sup>2</sup> Federal Home Loan Bank Board estimates for all Federal savings and loan associations which are private institutions chartered and supervised by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

 Preliminary.
 Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit. Does not include accrued interest nor outstanding savings stamps.
 Includes working cash with postmasters, 5-per cent reserve fund and mixcellaneous working funds with the Treasurer of the United States, accrued interest on bond investments, and accounts due from late post-masters masters.

Back figures.—See BULLETIN for August 1935, p. 502.

#### FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

[In millions of dollars]

		Loans i Adn	nsured by ninistratio	Federal 1 n (Gross)	Housing		Iı	nsured hor	ne mortga by class	ages (Title es of instit	e II) held outions <sup>2</sup>	in portfoli	.0
End of month	Total	Prop- erty im- prove- ment (Title I)	New small home con- struc- tion (Title I)	Home mort- gages (Title II)	Mort- gages on rental and group housing (Title II)	De- fense hous- ing (Title VI)	Total	Com- mer- cial banks	Mu- tual sav- ings banks	Sav- ings and loan asso- ciations	Insur- ance com- panies	Fed- eral agen- cies <sup>3</sup>	Other 4
1936-Dec.           1937-Dec.           1938-Mar.           Sept.           Dec.           1939-Mar.           June           Sept.           1939-Mar.           June           Sept.           1940-Mar.           June           Sept.           Dec.           1940-Mar.           June           Sept.           June	$\begin{array}{r} 907\\ \mathbf{i}, 403\\ \mathbf{i}, 494\\ \mathbf{i}, 646\\ \mathbf{i}, 852\\ 2, 097\\ 2, 313\\ 2, 547\\ 2, 783\\ 3, 051\\ 3, 265\\ 3, 482\\ 3, 761\\ 4, 076\\ 4, 345\\ 4, 613\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 500\\ 561\\ 566\\ 609\\ 662\\ 721\\ 759\\ 814\\ 867\\ 929\\ 972\\ 1,023\\ 1,098\\ 1,179\\ 1,236\\ 1,297\end{array}$	3 8 13 18 26 32 38 44 50 57 64 69 73	403 827 903 998 1, 131 1, 300 1, 451 1, 607 1, 777 1, 970 2, 133 2, 288 2, 480 2, 706 2, 908 3, 108	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 15\\ 25\\ 36\\ 51\\ 63\\ 86\\ 100\\ 108\\ 114\\ 117\\ 121\\ 126\\ 127\\ 132\\ 135\end{array}$		$\begin{array}{r} 365\\771\\856\\933\\1,049\\1,199\\1,349\\1,622\\1,793\\1,949\\2,075\\2,232\\2,409\\2,598\\2,755\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 228\\ 431\\ 472\\ 509\\ 565\\ 634\\ 699\\ 759\\ 824\\ 903\\ 971\\ 1,026\\ 1,093\\ 1,162\\ 1,247\\ 1,318\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8\\ 27\\ 26\\ 28\\ 32\\ 38\\ 44\\ 50\\ 57\\ 71\\ 90\\ 100\\ 112\\ 130\\ 146\\ 157\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 56\\110\\119\\127\\137\\149\\159\\167\\178\\192\\201\\208\\216\\224\\230\\237\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 41\\ 118\\ 146\\ 165\\ 187\\ 212\\ 241\\ 271\\ 302\\ 341\\ 393\\ 432\\ 480\\ 542\\ 606\\ 668\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 5\\ 32\\ 42\\ 44\\ 56\\ 77\\ 114\\ 137\\ 148\\ 153\\ 171\\ 182\\ 190\\ 201\\ 210\\ 221\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 53\\ 51\\ 60\\ 72\\ 89\\ 92\\ 94\\ 113\\ 133\\ 123\\ 123\\ 127\\ 141\\ 150\\ 159\\ 154\end{array}$

<sup>1</sup> These figures represent gross insurance written and do not take account of principal repayments. On the latest date for which figures of in-sured loans less repayments are available, the amounts were as follows: Property improvement (Title I) on May 1, 1941, \$321,000,000; new small home construction (Title I) on May 1, 1941, \$52,000,000; home mortgages (Title II) on July 1, 1941, \$2,600,000; and rental and group housing (Title II) on July 1, 1941, \$109,000,000. (Fitte II) on July 1, 1941, \$109,000,000.
 <sup>2</sup> Gross amount of mortgages held, does not include terminated mortgages and cases in transit to or being audited at the Federal Housing Administration.
 <sup>3</sup> The RFC Mortgage Company, the Federal National Mortgage Association, and the United States Housing Corporation.
 <sup>4</sup> Including mortgage companies, finance companies, industrial banks, endowed institutions, private and State benefit funds, etc.
 \* Less than \$500,000.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

# **BUSINESS INDEXES**

[The terms "adjusted	" and "unadjusted"	" refer to adjustment of monthly	figures for seasonal variation]
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	ť	1 ne ter	ms "au	Justea.	and .	unaaj	ustea	reier to	aujus	tment o	п шопі	niy ngu	res for s	easonal v	ariation		
	Income		Industri (physica 193		me) 2 *		ec award	nstruct ontract led (va 3-25=1	s lue) ³	Emj	ployme	nt 4	Fac- tory	Freight- car		Whole- sale	Cost of
Year and month	pay- ments (value)! 1935-39 =100	т	otal		Non- dur- able	Min- erals	Total	Resi- den- tial	All other	Non- agri- cul- tural <sup>5</sup> 1935–39 =100		tory 5=100	pay- rolls 4 1923-25 =100	load- ings * 1935-39 =100	store sales (value)*6 1923-25 =100	com- modity prices 4 1926 =100	liv- ing 4 1935-39 =100
	,	ľ	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	.≰d- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed
1919	110. 9 94. 3 73. 2 69. 5 80. 2 87. 2 101. 2 107. 2 98. 9		72 75 88 90 96 95 99 110 91 75 58 69 75 87 103 113 89	84 93 53 103 95 107 114 107 117 132 98 67 41 54 65 83 108 122 78	62 60 57 67 72 69 79 83 83 84 79 70 81 90 100 106 95	71 83 66 71 98 89 99 100 99 100 99 90 100 99 90 90 90 90 80 66 80 86 80 86 99 9112	63 63 56 79 84 122 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 135 51 63 28 82 25 32 37 55 59 64	44 30 44 68 81 95 124 121 117 126 87 50 37 13 11 12 21 37 41 45	79 90 65 86 94 120 1359 142 142 142 142 142 142 84 40 37 48 50 74 80	107. 6 100. 9 92. 3 82. 8 83. 3 90. 5 94. 2 100. 0 105. 0 98. 5		106. 7 107. 1 82. 0 90. 7 103. 8 96. 4 99. 8 101. 7 99. 5 99. 7 106. 0 92. 4 78. 1 66. 3 73. 4 85. 7 91. 3 99. 0 108. 6 108. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 98.0\\ 117.2\\ 75.6\\ 81.2\\ 102.9\\ 96.0\\ 101.1\\ 104.2\\ 102.4\\ 103.5\\ 110.4\\ 89.4\\ 67.8\\ 46.7\\ 80.1\\ 85.8\\ 102.5\\ 78.5\\ 78.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 120\\ 129\\ 110\\ 121\\ 142\\ 152\\ 147\\ 148\\ 152\\ 131\\ 105\\ 78\\ 82\\ 89\\ 92\\ 107\\ 111\\ 111\\ 89\\ 89\end{array}$	78 94 87 88 99 99 103 106 107 108 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111	$\begin{array}{c} 138.\ 6\\ 154.\ 4\\ 97.\ 6\\ 96.\ 7\\ 100.\ 6\\ 98.\ 1\\ 100.\ 0\\ 95.\ 4\\ 96.\ 7\\ 100.\ 0\\ 95.\ 3\\ 86.\ 4\\ 73.\ 0\\ 64.\ 8\\ 65.\ 9\\ 74.\ 9\\ 80.\ 0\\ 80.\ 8\\ 86.\ 3\\ 86$	124, 5 143, 2 127, 7 119, 7 121, 9 122, 2 125, 4 128, 4 128, 6 122, 6 122, 6 122, 5 119, 4 108, 7 97, 6 92, 4 95, 7 99, 1 99, 1 100, 7
1939 1940 1938	105.5 112.5		108 123	109 1 <b>3</b> 8	108 113	106 117	72 81	60 72	81 89	102.3 105.6		99. 9 107. 5	92. 2 105. 4	101 109	90 94	77.1 78.6	99.4 7100.2
June July August September October November December	97.0 97.2 98.1 99.1 100.2 100.7 101.4	81 86 90 93 96 100 101	81 91 97 100 102 99	66 71 78 83 89 96 97	90 95 99 100 100 103 104	92 94 97 98 98 102 102	54 59 66 78 82 96 96	42 49 53 56 57 56 57	64 68 77 96 102 128 128	96. 8 97. 0 97. 6 98. 2 98. 7 99. 6 100. 3	86. 3 87. 2 89. 3 91. 0 92. 0 94. 8 96. 7	85. 4 85. 9 90. 2 93. 6 94. 2 95. 3 96. 2	71. 6 71. 7 77. 9 82. 3 85. 0 85. 3 88. 1	85 88 90 92 95 95 95	82 83 85 86 87 88	78.3 78.8 78.1 78.3 77.6 77.5 77.0	100. 9 100. 7 
1939 January February March April June June July August September December	$\begin{array}{c} 101.\ 3\\ 101.\ 9\\ 103.\ 0\\ 101.\ 8\\ 103.\ 6\\ 104.\ 8\\ 104.\ 6\\ 106.\ 5\\ 107.\ 8\\ 109.\ 1\\ 109.\ 9\\ 111.\ 2\end{array}$	$101 \\ 101 \\ 98 \\ 98 \\ 103 \\ 105 \\ 105 \\ 105 \\ 114 \\ 121 \\ 124 \\ 125$	$\begin{array}{c} 97\\99\\100\\98\\99\\102\\102\\106\\119\\126\\126\\122\end{array}$	97 96 93 93 99 102 108 118 129 134 138	104 104 104 103 104 106 106 108 111 115 117 117	$\begin{array}{c} 103\\ 102\\ 103\\ 92\\ 96\\ 105\\ 107\\ 92\\ 114\\ 119\\ 120\\ 115\\ \end{array}$	86 73 69 67 63 63 67 73 73 76 83 86	55 58 55 58 55 58 62 67 68 68 68 61 60	111 85 80 74 68 67 71 78 76 82 101 107	100. 5 100. 7 100. 8 99. 8 100. 6 101. 7 102. 0 102. 4 103. 0 104. 2 104. 9 105. 4	96. 8 96. 7 96. 6 96. 3 97. 3 98. 4 99. 0 100. 8 104. 8 107. 0 108. 2	107.3 107.5	84. 7 87. 1 88. 8 86. 8 86. 3 87. 9 85. 8 91. 2 95. 4 103. 2 103. 2 105. 4	98 95 94 87 90 97 99 101 111 111 114 114 110	88 88 88 87 86 87 86 87 88 90 92 92 93 95	76. 9 76. 9 76. 2 76. 2 75. 6 75. 4 75. 0 79. 1 79. 4 79. 2 79. 2	99. 1 98. 6 100. 6 
1940 January February March July June July September October December 1941	$\begin{array}{c} 110.\ 6\\ 110.\ 1\\ 108.\ 8\\ 109.\ 1\\ 110.\ 1\\ 110.\ 2\\ 111.\ 7\\ 113.\ 3\\ 114.\ 6\\ 115.\ 8\\ 116.\ 6\\ 119.\ 0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 122\\ 116\\ 113\\ 112\\ 116\\ 122\\ 122\\ 124\\ 127\\ 130\\ 134\\ 139\\ \end{array}$	$117 \\ 113 \\ 112 \\ 112 \\ 117 \\ 121 \\ 120 \\ 124 \\ 132 \\ 136 $	$\begin{array}{c} 134\\ 124\\ 118\\ 116\\ 123\\ 133\\ 136\\ 143\\ 151\\ 155\\ 157\\ 165\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 113\\ 110\\ 107\\ 107\\ 110\\ 114\\ 112\\ 112\\ 112\\ 112\\ 112\\ 112\\ 112$	118 114 117 119 120 113 117 119 120 113 117 113 118 119	75 63 62 64 64 74 85 90 93 95 111 115	53 56 57 62 64 69 77 82 82 82 82 87 90	93 68 66 65 77 91 98 101 103 130 136	104. 9 104. 2 104. 0 103. 3 103. 8 104. 2 104. 7 105. 6 106. 1 107. 3 108. 8 110. 6	111.4 114.2	105. 0 104. 4 103. 2 102. 5 103. 1 103. 2 107. 4 111. 4 113. 8	99.8 99.3 99.8 97.9 99.5 98.2 105.5 111.6 116.2 116.4 122.4	$\begin{array}{c} 111\\ 105\\ 100\\ 103\\ 106\\ 111\\ 110\\ 112\\ 112\\ 112\\ 110\\ 116\\ 119\\ \end{array}$	92 90 89 89 89 91 92 98 97 94 100 101	79. 4 78. 7 78. 4 78. 6 78. 4 77. 5 77. 7 77. 4 78. 0 78. 0 78. 7 79. 6 80. 0	99. 8 100. 5 100. 4 100. 2 100. 1 100. 7
January February March May June July August «	123.7 124.5 128.4 130.8 132.3	$ \begin{array}{c c} 140 \\ 144 \\ 147 \\ 144 \\ 154 \\ 159 \\ {}^{p161} \\ {}^{e161} \end{array} $	135 140 144 155 160 <i>p</i> 159 •163	$ \begin{array}{c c} 171 \\ 176 \\ 180 \\ 190 \\ 195 \\ p200 \\ \bullet 201 \end{array} $	123 126 127 130 135 139 <i>p</i> 138 <i>e</i> 137	118 118 125 96 125 133 \$	103 99 94 103 101 117 \$\$\$113	84 76 74 80 88 101 *104 	117 118 109 121 111 129 \$	111.0 111.6 111.4 111.5 112.9 114.0 p115.9	118.6 119.4 122.0 124.9 128.7	119. 9 122. 6 124. 9 127. 8 127. 8 130. 5	120. 7 126. 8 131. 2 134. 7 144. 1 152. 1 P152. 5	122 124 126 112 135 139 138 •139	101 103 103 104 105 104 115	80. 8 80. 6 81. 5 83. 2 84. 9 87. 1 88. 8 * 90. 3	100. 8 100. 8 101. 2 102. 2 102. 9 104. 6 105. 2

Preliminary.
Average per working day.
Revised.
Estimated.
Department of Commerce series on value of payments to individuals.
Revised series. For description see pp. 878-881 of this BULLETIN. For figures on old basis see pp. 918-921.
Based on F. W. Dodge Corporation data; for description. see p. 388 of BULLETIN for July 1931; by groups, see p. 926.
The unadjusted indexes of employment and payrolls, wholesale commodity prices, and cost of living are compiled by the Federal Reserve Board of Governors, see BULLETIN for October 1938, pp. 835-837, and for October 1939, p. 878. For indexes by groups or industries see pp. 922-925 for employment and payrolls, and payrolls and p. 929 for prices.
For sales comparisons by cities and by departments see p. 928 of this BULLETIN.
Back figures in BULLETIN.—For industrial production, August 1940, pp. 825-882 and Sept. 1941, pp. 933-937; for factory employment and payrolls, October 1938, pp. 838-66, October 1939, pp. 870-887, and February 1941, p. 166; for department store sales, October 1938, p. 918, and January 1941, p. 65; for freight-car loadings, June 1941 pp. 529-533.

### SEPTEMBER 1941

# **INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES**

# (Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average = 100]

				1940							1941			
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Industrial Production—Total	121	121	121	125	129	133	139	140	141	143	140	150	157	p161
Manufactures—Total Durable Nondurable	<i>122</i> 131 114	<i>121</i> 132 112	<i>122</i> 135 112	127 146 112	132 151 116	135 154 120	<i>142</i> 165 124	144 170 122	145 172 123	146 170 127	147 167 7132	154 176 136	<i>162</i> 188 141	<sup>p</sup> 166 <sup>p</sup> 197 <sup>p</sup> 141
Iron and Steel Pig iron Steel ingots	<i>154</i> 148 154	<i>156</i> 157 156	158 162 157	164 167 164	<i>165</i> 169 165	166 173 165	<i>181</i> 182 181	<i>174</i> 186 173	<i>168</i> 178 167	<i>168</i> 170 169	<i>160</i> 162 160	$     \begin{array}{r}       165 \\       166 \\       165     \end{array} $	182 177 182	<sup>p</sup> 183 185 p183
Machinery	128	133	138	145	146	153	163	173	176	181	191	202	213	Р224
Transportation Equipment Aircraft Automobiles Railroad cars Locomotives Shipbuilding	<i>122</i> 364 106 111 102 170	111 394 87 119 113 189	107 455 76 127 123 213	138 517 109 148 140 220	157 544 130 148 160 227	162 584 133 166 168 226	168 624 134 177 174 261	188 686 149 209 204 291	199 726 159 189 217 316	188 751 144 168 239 322	164 803 110 173 279 339	194 832 141 193 280 7361	210 878 152 210 296 409	p237 p998 167 p235 p338 p505
Nonferrous Metals and Products Nonferrous metal smelting ' Copper smelting Zine smelting Copper deliveries Lead shipments Zine shipments Tin deliveries	130 128 131 130 115 119 124 141	138 138 140 141 119 127 135 146	146 134 135 140 134 128 141	$153 \\ 130 \\ 126 \\ 148 \\ 154 \\ 126 \\ 143$	164 134 130 147 170 127 144	169 133 132 146 179 131 142	177 137 138 147 203 136 143	181 136 134 150 212 136 142	184 141 141 155 218 140 146	186 140 136 155 211 139 142	186 141 137 160 211 140 143	191 148 142 170 224 150 142	$\begin{array}{r} 191 \\ 145 \\ 136 \\ 173 \\ 221 \\ 155 \\ 150 \end{array}$	p200 p154 147 184 237 154 155
Lumber and Products Lumber Furniture	111 110 113	107 104 115	<i>114</i> 113 115	<i>121</i> 121 121	<i>123</i> 124 122	127 128 125	<i>182</i> 133 128	<i>18</i> 7 139 132	<i>135</i> 139 129	128 125 132	<i>132</i> 128 139	<i>132</i> 122 151	<i>135</i> 125 154	p141 130 p161
Stone, Clay and Glass Products Cement Common and face brick Common brick	112 113 118 120	115 110 117 117	119 115 129 130	124 125 131 124	126 133 126 126	130 140 135 136	140 155 147 147	154 181	158 183	150 156	142 139	141 134 	150 138	<sup><i>p</i>151</sup> 143
Glass containers Polished plate glass	112 111 80	118 117 100	125 114 114	146 116 118	127 115 111	130 132 114 113	148 119 117	123 137	131 138	139 135	135 142	148 142	155 152	154 146
Textiles and Products Textile fabrics Cotton consumption Rayon deliveries Silk deliveries Wool textiles Carpet wool consumption. Apparel wool consumption Woolen yarn Woolen yarn Woolen and worsted cloth.	$ \begin{array}{c} 107\\ 103\\ 114\\ 144\\ 56\\ 89\\ 79\\ 88\\ 92\\ 92\\ 89\\ 89 \end{array} $	113 109 121 137 57 101 69 113 102 113 105	113 111 124 127 61 106 95 108 104 117 105	$\begin{array}{c} 116\\ 113\\ 120\\ 120\\ 65\\ 123\\ 109\\ 137\\ 120\\ 135\\ 122\\ \end{array}$	123 121 126 129 71 132 125 152 124 149 127	134 130 135 146 77 140 128 160 131 152 140	139 136 145 156 74 140 141 158 132 143 141	184 130 138 157 69 134 125 152 124 146 134	135 131 142 150 67 136 131 152 122 157 134	144 140 147 158 71 152 131 177 139 170 154	155 149 156 171 74 165 148 182 149 177 173	162 156 164 *190 71 168 154 196 153 178 174	$\begin{array}{c} 163\\ 157\\ 168\\ 190\\ 73\\ 164\\ 152\\ 190\\ 150\\ 178\\ 166\\ \end{array}$	p166         p162           180         p179           p78         p163           p142         p186           p148         p188           p165         p165
Leather and Products Leather tanning Cattle hide leathers Calf and kip leathers Goat and kid leathers Shoes	96 90 90 88 91 101	94 85 88 75 84 101	97 92 98 83 83 101	95 90 95 82 83 99	97 93 100 85 81 100	$107 \\ 100 \\ 110 \\ 92 \\ 82 \\ 112$	$     \begin{array}{r}       108 \\       102 \\       113 \\       86 \\       86 \\       113     \end{array} $	107 102 115 88 79 110	108 103 112 92 87 112	114 113 119 112 97 115	114 109 118 97 96 117	123 7118 129 99 7105 126	139 121 131 98 112 136	<i>p126</i>
Manufactured Food Products	115 98 112 111 113	110 100 101 114 117	114 99 90 110 104	110 100 86 115 114	118 104 116 122 128	117 99 136 117 122	121 104 122 125 131	117 98 124 131 138	120 105 107 127 132	121 105 122 125 129	123 110 123 135 144	124 110 119 134	127 107 129 130	p126 p103
Butter Cheese Canned and dried milk Meat packing Pork and lard Beef. Veal. Lamb and mutton Other manufactured foods	113 106 111 118 126 152 101 91 99 115	r106 116 124 116 132 101 97 98 110	104 104 115 132 119 141 99 91 96 115	$ \begin{array}{c} 1117\\ 105\\ 115\\ 133\\ 121\\ 147\\ 95\\ 92\\ 95\\ 109\\ \end{array} $	108 114 135 127 152 101 98 106 118	122 106 117 126 133 159 106 102 110 116	131 110 118 138 134 165 107 97 109 120	138 119 123 136 114 121 110 86 112 117	$     \begin{array}{r}       132 \\       118 \\       124 \\       129 \\       126 \\       145 \\       109 \\       94 \\       112 \\       119 \\       \end{array} $	129 118 131 124 134 159 110 91 111 120	$     \begin{array}{r}       144 \\       119 \\       138 \\       135 \\       126 \\       143 \\       110 \\       96 \\       108 \\       122 \\     \end{array} $	117 134 139 132 147 120 97 109 122	$\begin{array}{c} 111\\ 121\\ 132\\ 124\\ 134\\ 120\\ 91\\ 101\\ 129\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 113\\ 128\\ 141\\ 125\\ 132\\ 123\\ 96\\ 110\\ p127\\ \end{array}$
Alcoholic Beverages Malt liquor Whiskey Other distilled spirits Rectified spirits	113 99 84 131 201	108 *104 72 148 *155	91 91 44 208 87	103 93 71 231 126	103 100 80 118 134	96 94 77 86 131	101 104 85 85 105	$     \begin{array}{r}       105 \\       105 \\       78 \\       112 \\       126     \end{array} $	108 106 81 132 131	104 100 80 132 130	107 102 82 140 137	$     \begin{array}{r}       114 \\       106 \\       90 \\       129 \\       170     \end{array} $	122 107 94 154 206	130 115 108 206 190
Tobacco Products Cigars Cigarettes Manufactured tobacco and snuff	115 98 127 99	103 101 106 99	106 105 110 96	108 102 113 100	115 105 120 112	113 103 119 106	114 108 121 101	113 111 118 101	116 110 125 96	117 109 127 97	120 117 127 101	119 109 131 100	118 106 131 97	114 106 123 97

r Revised.
P Preliminary.
Includes also lead production shown under "Minerals."

# Industrial Production, by Industries (Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)-Continued

				1940							1941			
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Paper and Paper Products	132	130	124	120	122	125	130	129	128	132	134	142	144	
Paper and pulp	132	130	123	118	121	124	131	129	128	133	136	145	144 149	
Pulp	159	153	150	150	148	150	159	153	153	160	161	162	175	
Groundwood pulp	118	117	119	117	118	123	119	119	122	119	121	120	121	
Soda pulp	148	142	120	114	124	113	142	128	129	137	135	141	151	
Sulphate pulp	186	179	179	185	184	186	200	190	193	199	199	203	216	
Sulphite pulp	157 128	$151 \\ 126$	148 118	145 113	140	143 120	148 127	144 126	144 124	$153 \\ 129$	$156 \\ 132$	$155 \\ 143$	170 145	
Paper Paperboard	128	120	121	113	117 123	132	143	120	124	$129 \\ 138$	132	143	145	17
Fine paper	118	121	114	107	123	114	143	110	110	138	145	138	133	
Newsprint production	115	111	113	111	112	109	109	113	115	115	114	114	114	11
Printing paper	135	126	117	111	114	114	117	119	123	126	130	+138	148	
Tissue and absorbent paper	137	131	121	125	124	120	131	132	125	133	132	137	144	
Wrapping paper	126	126	117	107	110	114	120	120	119	124	129	139	140	
Paperboard containers	128	128												
Printing and Publishing 1	120	114	110	108	109	110	112	111	114	116	118	r123	127	P12
Newsprint consumption	106	102	104	104	104	106	107	103	105	106	106	107	106	100
Petroleum and Coal Products	115	112	113	116	116	118	120	121	121	123	121	126	128	P123
Petroleum refining	112	108	109	112	112	114	116	117	117	119	120	122	123	[
Gasoline	110 113	106     111	109 116	113 113	$111 \\ 115$	112 116	$115 \\ 120$	117 120	118 122	$120 \\ 121$	120 121	124 120	123 123	
Fuel oil Lubricating oil	113	113	98	102	109	115	107	1120	104	105	118	120	123	
Kerosene	116	116	111	102	123	123	130	120	123	113	117	115	104	
Coke	132	139	140	143	145	147	148	148	148	150	133	151	156	15
Byproduct coke	132	137	137	139	141	143	143	143	144	144	134	141	145	14
Beehive coke	150	218	263	267	266	281	323	314	295	347	77	515	530	p51
Chemicals	116	117	115	114	116	118	121	123	123	123	+131	r135	144	₽14
Rubber products	117	109	115	124	126	132	144	141	153	155	158	162	192	P15
Rubber consumption	116	109	116	125	128	133	147	143	156	158	161	164	196	150
Tires and tubes	126	106	105	109	109	116	117	123	128	134	131	144	151	12
Pneumatic tires	127	108	106	110	110	118	118	124	128	135	131	144	151	12
Inner tubes	113	95	102	107	103	107	115	121	127	132	130	145	155	12
Minerals—Total	119	120	114	116	113	118	119	118	118	125	101	126	133	p12
Fuels	116	117	112	115	109	113	113	114	113	1	86	121	129	P12
Bituminous coal	116	121	121	119	98	112	115	117	114	149	22	149	153	P14
Anthracite	116	133	115	108	94	97	108	98	102	102	71	80	126	p13
Crude petroleum	116	114	108	114	115	115	113	114	113	112	113	114	120	P11
Metals	134	139	124	127	137	148	151	144	151	148	191	154	155	14
Iron ore shipments	155	159	159	155	163	192	186	188	189	191	354	212	180	17
Copper	143	150	144	132	140	141	142	148	152	148	150	161	155	16
Lead Zinc	117 118	120 129	117 125	108 131	119 131	107 134	112 135	116 137	116 142	118 140	120 147	120 150	117 152	16
Gold	122	129	93	107	131	134	135	137	133	140	147	114	152	10
Silver	1122	125	88	107	1123	136	132	1120	133	$124 \\ 127$	122	138	107	10
NART VI	114	122	00	103	110	100	102	119	100	1 14	121	1.00	10/	

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average = 100]

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
 <sup>p</sup> Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes also printing paper production shown under "Paper."
 Note.—Revised figures are shown on pages 933 to 937 of this BULLETIN. For description and back figures for series shown here see BULLETIN for August 1940 pages 753 to 771 and 825 to 882.

# **INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES**

(Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average = 100]

				1940							1941			
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Industrial Production—Total	121	118	120	129	134	135	135	134	138	143	142	r153	157	p156
Manufactures—Total Durable Nondurable	<i>122</i> 134 112	118 127 111	<i>120</i> 128 114	130 144 119	<i>136</i> 155 121	<i>138</i> 158 121	139 162 121	<i>137</i> 161 118	142 167 122	148 175 126	150 175 129	157 185 134	162 192 138	p161 p189 p138
Iron and Steel Pig iron Steel ingots	151 150 151	147 154 147	<i>153</i> 161 152	<i>161</i> 164 161	164 169 163	166 173 165	172 173 172	170 177 170	172 176 172	<i>181</i> 178 181	<i>171</i> 170 171	172 175 172	179 179 179	<i>p173</i> 181 <i>p</i> 172
Machinery	129	129	135	142	149	153	164	168	176	185	195	206	215	P217
Transportation Equipment Aircraft Automobiles Railroad cars Locomotives Shipbuilding	131 371 114 124 106 176	96 394 70 117 116 185	$63 \\ 455 \\ 23 \\ 130 \\ 124 \\ 202$	120 501 89 135 137 213	167 544 142 141 152 229	184 590 161 153 163 219	185 624 152 172 186 263	186 672 151 178 204 282	199 726 161 182 222 307	202 751 160 178 234 335	190 803 139 196 266 352	215 849 164 218 280 7380	223 895 164 235 308 426	p209 p998 134 p230 p348 p495
Nonferrous Metals and Products Nonferrous metal smelting <sup>1</sup> Copper smelting Zinc smelting Lead shipments Zinc shipments Tin deliveries	130 127 131 128 116 113 118 148	131 126 126 133 118 118 125 143	141 127 127 133 133 122 130	154 131 129 143 156 127 140	167 138 138 147 173 133 145	172 137 139 147 181 141 149	172 138 135 152 188 141 149	176 137 133 153 200 138 149	181 142 140 158 209 138 149	190 142 136 163 219 140 145	194 147 145 164 221 143 145	196 148 144 170 231 149 142	<i>191</i> 144 136 170 222 147 143	<i>p192</i> <i>p</i> 141 132 173 234 143 143
Lumber and Products Lumber Furniture	116 119 110	111 112 107	<i>123</i> 126 118	<i>132</i> 134 127	132 132 133	126 123 130	<i>121</i> 114 133	116 113 123	119 115 129	<i>123</i> 118 133	<i>130</i> 128 135	$134 \\ 130 \\ 142$	$140 \\ 135 \\ 150$	p144 p141 p149
Stone, Clay and Glass Products Cement Common and face brick Common brick Face brick Glass containers Polished plate glass	129 143 146 153 129 117 79	127 136 147 149 140 121 66	133 141 150 153 142 124 93	189 150 161 162 161 118 118	142 154 154 160 140 119 127	136 145 147 149 141 115 129	125 124 125 120 133 111 141	110 100  110 144	112 102  120 131	125 117  130 141	142 139  135 142	164 163  159 142	172 174  163 149	<i>p166</i> 177  160 96
Textiles and Products Textile fabrics Cotton consumption Rayon deliveries Silk deliveries Wool textiles Apparel wool consumption Woolen yarn Worsted yarn Wosted yarn Woolen and worsted cloth	101 98 108 131 51 88 77 88 92 92 88	105 101 109 134 51 98 67 108 102 107 102	111 108 114 137 57 109 101 113 108 120 107	118 115 120 138 65 120 111 137 119 130 116	126 124 129 144 77 129 124 145 121 149 122	187 134 139 151 87 139 126 162 129 152 139	140 136 142 154 154 145 131 163 132 157 149	138 133 144 154 72 136 119 149 125 150 142	$\begin{array}{c} 143 \\ 140 \\ 152 \\ 148 \\ 68 \\ 149 \\ 143 \\ 165 \\ 134 \\ 163 \\ 153 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 147\\ 143\\ 156\\ 150\\ 74\\ 152\\ 146\\ 179\\ 135\\ 163\\ 154\\ \end{array}$	150 146 160 158 73 152 139 171 140 166 156	$\begin{array}{c} 157\\ 152\\ 164\\ r169\\ r66\\ 165\\ 148\\ 196\\ 153\\ 178\\ 167\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 155\\ 150\\ 160\\ 173\\ 66\\ 163\\ 149\\ 190\\ 150\\ 178\\ 164 \end{array}$	<i>p155</i> <i>p</i> 150 162 <i>p</i> 173 <i>p</i> 159 <i>p</i> 139 <i>p</i> 177 <i>p</i> 148 <i>p</i> 179 <i>p</i> 160
Leather and Products Leather tanning Cattle bide leathers Calf and kip leathers Goat and kid leathers Shoes	88 88 86 90 91 89	<i>91</i> 83 82 83 83 98	104 89 93 87 81 114	102 89 94 81 84 111	98 93 101 82 80 102	98 101 114 87 79 96	99 104 115 88 87 95	104 103 116 87 79 106	117 112 125 97 91 121	122 112 121 105 96 128	$118 \\ 110 \\ 118 \\ 96 \\ 99 \\ 123$	<i>r120</i> <i>r</i> 115 <i>r</i> 126 94 <i>r</i> 103 <i>r</i> 124	119 117 125 100 112 119	<i>P122</i>
Manufactured Food Products	116 92 116 169 180	120 99 116 165 196	151 100 95 144 169	153 115 102 117 124	126 113 113 96 92	116 103 112 80 73	115 100 98 79 68	104 99 103 84 69	104 104 105 92 78	107 102 135 105 99	112 103 135 134 138	120 100 117 182	129 101 132 199	<i>p138</i> <i>p</i> 102 <i>p</i> 193
Butter Cheese Canned and dried milk Meat packing Pork and lard Beef Veal Lamb and mutton Other manufactured foods	148 171 175 123 148 99 92 94 110	*130 150 151 109 119 102 96 93 117	115 130 136 102 106 100 92 95 136	104 119 123 112 117 107 101 107 140	95 107 108 127 143 110 108 113 132	84 89 788 151 191 111 104 107 117	87 82 95 159 212 107 92 104 115	95 89 103 133 157 110 83 118 103	101 96 110 122 145 98 83 112 103	$\begin{array}{c c} 105\\ 107\\ 121\\ 122\\ 143\\ 100\\ 86\\ 107\\ 105\\ \end{array}$	118 133 152 119 135 102 95 105 107	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 155\\ 186\\ 195\\ 121\\ 130\\ 118\\ 92\\ 96\\ 123\\ \end{array} $	137 165 172 119 125 95 104 <i>p</i> 136
Alcoholic Beverages. Malt liquor. Whiskey. Other distilled spirits. Rectified spirits.	77	112 *128 40 70 130	89 106 24 100 68	108 94 56 317 134	108 82 76 314 174	104 77 96 181 207	93 81 98 105 140	87 84 104 73 92	94 90 106 79 113	100 96 98 86 124	108 111 91 84 122	120 124 90 77 149	129 137 75 91 165	131 142 59 97 160
Tobacco Products Cigars Cigarettes Manufactured tobacco and snuff	124 104 140 101	112 105 119 101	110 108 116 97	118 117 121 108	120 127 118 115	115 123 114 105	98 83 108 89	108 90 119 98	108 96 118 95	110 100 119 99	113 111 118 100	121 108 133 100	128 113 144 99	123 111 138 99

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.
<sup>1</sup> Includes also lead production shown under "Minerals."

# Industrial Production, by Industries (Without Seasonal Adjustment)-Continued

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average = 100]

				1940							1941	-		
Industry	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Paper and Paper Products	130	124	123	124	127	124	123	126	131	136	137	141	143	
Paper and pulp	131	123	121	120	124	124	124	128	133	137	140	145	147	
Pulp.	157	147	148	147	150	151	154	154	159	164	165	165	173	
Groundwood pulp	120	104	101	102	110	126	124	124	127	128	136	133	124	
Soda pulp	147	133	120	115	124	113	138	128	133	141	139	141	150	
Sulphate pulp	184	175	179	185	188	186	190	192	199	203	199	203	214	
Sulphite pulp	154	144	148	145	143	144	144	144	148	156	159	155	167	
Paper	127	120	117	116	120	120	120	124	129	133	136	142	143	
Paperboard	128	123	123	125	130	132	127	132	138	144	146	155	154	16
Fine paper	116	110	107	102	110	110	112	111	118	122	126	130	130	
Newsprint production	116	108	110	111	112	112	110	113	113	115	114	115	115	109
Printing paper	132	118	113	110	115	113	116	119	126	132	135	*141	145	
Tissue and absorbent paper	135	124	121	131	129	119	126	128	130	134	135	136	143	
Wrapping paper	123	122	116	108	113	114	116	120	124	126	130	136	137	
Paperboard containers	127	125												
Printing and Publishing 1	119	103	102	108	113	112	112	109	115	121	124	126	126	p116
Newsprint consumption	107	88	91	105	111	111	109	98	104	110	113	111	107	92
Petroleum and Coal Products	110	110		1 110	110	1 110	110	1 100	100	1 110	101	100	100	- 100
Petroleum unu Coul Products	116	113	114	118	118	119	119	120	120	119	121	126	128	P128
Petroleum refining	113	109 109	110 112	114	114	115	115	115	115	114	119	122	124	
Gasoline	112			116	114	113	112 122	113	114	114	118	124	126	
Fuel oil	112	109	114 97	114	116	117		123	124	119	119	120	122	
Lubricating oil	1122	111	107	102	109	115	106	108	103	104	122	122	134	
Kerosene			139	119	123 145	126	131	126	124	115	119	115	102	1
Coke	132 132	136 135	139	142 139	145	148	149	150	$152 \\ 145$	154	133	148	154	15
Byproduct coke						143	143	143		145	134	141	145	14
Beehive coke	123	181	210	222	274	309	378	367	398	434	69	386	435	42
Chemicals	110	110	112	116	120	120	122	121	123	128	r135	*134	137	P13
Rubber Products	117	109	115	126	126	135	137	145	151	155	157	162	192	P15
Rubber consumption	116	109	1116	128	128	138	140	148	153	158	160	164	196	15
Tires and tubes	126	106	105	109	109	116	117	123	128	134	131	144	151	12
Pneumatic tires	127	108	106	110	110	118	118	124	128	135	131	144	151	12
Inner tubes		95	102	107	103	107	115	121	127	132	130	145	155	12
Minerals—Total	118	121	117	124	122	119	114	113	115	116	96	127	131	p12
			100							1		1	1	
Fuels	. 111	111	109	116	112	115	116	117	118	121	87	118	123	P12
Bituminous coal	. 100	106	111	124	110	128	127	130	134	143	19	126	132	p12
Anthracite	. 107	104	85	103	99	98	115	114	112	105	76	88	116	P10
Crude petroleum	. 116	114	111	114	114	111	111	111	112	114	116	118	120	<i>p</i> 11
Metals	161	179	164	171	184	1.47	102	91	98	90	149	181	184	P18
Iron ore shipments	288	315	308	301	294	162	1 104	1 01	1 0	1 00	210	323	326	34
Copper	140	133	135	136	146	102	146	145	155	151	156	159	152	14
Lead	116	112	1114	112	1117	114	118	116	116	116	120	159	1116	14
Zine	116	121	114	1127	131	135	139	140	144	147			149	1
Gold	97	134	118	127	156	135	139		1144	147	151	150		15
Silver	114	113	91	107	115	140	133	112 118	122	103	107	108	125	11
N14 T VL		1	a ar	107	0.110	199	133	118	191	132	124	133	107	

Revised.
 Preliminary.
 Includes also printing paper production shown under "Paper."
 NOTE.—Revised figures are shown on pages 933 to 937 of this BULLETIN. For description and back figures for series shown here, see BULLETIN for August 1940, pages 753 to 771 and 825 to 882.

# FACTORY EMPLOYMENT, BY INDUSTRIES

# (Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

				1940							1941			
Industry and group	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total* Durable goods* Nondurable goods*	103.9 99.0 108.5	105. 1 100. 4 109. 6	107.4 104.3 110.2	108.9 107.4 119.3	111.4 111.2 111.5	114. 2 114. 6 113. 8	116.6 117.6 115.7	<i>118.3</i> 121.1 115.6	118.6 122.1 115.2	<i>119.4</i> 123 0 115.9	122. 0 126. 3 118. 0	r 129. 5	<i>128.7</i> 134.0 123.6	133. 2 140. 8 125. 9
Iron, Steel, Products Blast furnaces, steel works	103.7 115	107.3 120	111.1 123	112.9 123	116.1 125	118.9 127	122.4 130	124.8 133	125.5 133	<i>126.2</i> 133	128.3 136	r132.0 140	136.1 145	<i>139.9</i> 149
Bolts, nuts, washers, rivets Cast-iron pipe	104 75	110 76	116 78	119 81	121 84	128 89	135 89	139 88	145 92	151 92	153 93	$     160 \\     94 $	166     95     100	168 94
Cutlery, edge tools Forgings	102 66	104 70	104 74	107 77	109 81	110 83	110 88	110 90	108 94	$\frac{110}{96}$	114 100	$\frac{117}{102}$	$\frac{122}{104}$	130 110
Hardware Plumbers' supplies	82 83	84 84	98 87	102 89	105 90	109 94	113 98	113 99	114 98	$\frac{116}{100}$	115 101	$116 \\ 102$	$118 \\ 103$	114 102
Stamped, enameled ware	153 85	157 87	169 91	179 92	188 97	190 100	196	194 106	201	202	204	214	220 114	229 123
Steam, hot-water heating Stoves	91	95	96	92 95	97	100	$103 \\ 108$	106	106 106	$\frac{107}{106}$	$\frac{109}{107}$	111 110	114	123
Structural, ornamental	73 100	$\frac{75}{100}$	78 98	81 96	84 99	86 103	91 104	96 109	$100 \\ 112$	100 113	101 113	103 125	$\begin{array}{c} 104 \\ 132 \end{array}$	106 135
Tin cans, tinware Tools	92	95	98	101	106	111	116	121	126	128	133	136	138	141
Wirework	151	139	152	170	189	201	207	206	208	208	203	205	212	216
Machinery	114.9 136	<i>116.6</i> 133	<i>120.0</i> 139	122.5 141	<i>126.6</i> 143	<i>130.9</i> 140	<i>136.0</i> 143	141.2 147	144.2	148.1 126	155.8	<i>r161.5</i> 166	167.5 170	173.1 174
Agricultural implements Cash registers, etc	130	130	129	132	132	134	137	137	140 140	146	158 151	150	163	168
Electrical machinery Engines, turbines, etc	103 152	$104 \\ 165$	$107 \\ 176$	$\frac{111}{182}$	116 197	$\frac{120}{211}$	$\frac{126}{218}$	131 237	$\frac{137}{239}$	142 243	$\frac{147}{245}$	$\frac{153}{259}$	$\frac{159}{275}$	163 292
Foundry, machine-shop products.	97	98 237	101	103	107	110	114	118	120	124	129	134	140	144
Machine tools Radios, phonographs	228 144	237 145	247 145	247 138	257 134	$\frac{265}{142}$	$\frac{275}{150}$	$\frac{286}{155}$	$\frac{296}{165}$	304 178	315 189	324 197	335 184	349 191
Textile machinery Typewriters	79 112	77 116	76 119	79 123	81 126	83 128	$\frac{86}{130}$	89 131	92 110	95 134	98 138	101 143	104 150	107 155
Transportation Equipment Aircraft	111.8 2,829	110.7 3,115	120.9 3,479	<i>130.2</i> 3, 881	140. 2 4, 243	143.9 4,447	145.6 4,731	150.4 5,089	<i>152.9</i> 5,398	7154.1 5,509	<i>158.8</i> 5, 813	7164.5 76,107	174.1 6,515	195.2 7,142
Automobiles Cars, electric-, steam-railroad	102 49	97 51	107 50	116 55	125 58	127 64	124 67	123 75	123	123	125	+128 74	$131 \\ 82$	148 90
Locomotives	29	31	33	36	39	42	46	52	71 55	70 56	70 59	64	67	75
Shipbuilding	164	175	186	187	195	204	220	244	262	268	284	r299	338	383
Nonferrous Metals, Products	108.2 183	<i>110.7</i> 190	115.7 199	118.6 202	122.3 207	126.3 214	129.4	133.3 229	135.1	*136. 2	r138 9	+140.7	144.1 230	147.8 236
Aluminum* Brass, bronze, copper	128	132	140	147	153	162	218 168	173	224 176	220 179	229 181	234 183	191	193
Clocks, watches Jewelry	94 99	95 100	98 99	100 94	101 96	101 98	102 101	$107 \\ 102$	$\frac{109}{105}$	$\frac{111}{107}$	115 111	118 113	$\frac{121}{115}$	124 118
Lighting equipment	86	81	92	100	103	105	106	110	112	110	112	112	116	123
Silverware, plated ware Smelting, refining	68 87	71 89	70 92	72 92	74 94	75 94	76 96	77 98	79 100	79 101	81 7101	82 r102	84 102	93 103
Lumber, Products	67.4	67.5	69.0	70.6	71.3	73.6	75.2	76.3	75.5	74.0	74.2	<b>7</b> 74.6	<i>75.9</i>	79.0
Furniture Lumber, millwork	90 61	89 62	90 63	91 65	91 68	93	96	97	98	74.0 98	101	104	106	108
Lumber, sawmills	60	60	$62 \\ 62$	64	64	71 66	72 67	74 68	72 67	$71 \\ 65$	70 65	69 +64	$71 \\ 65$	75 68
Stone, Clay, Glass Products	79.8	81.3	81.8	83.0	84.7	88.4	<b>9</b> 0.4	94.6	92.9	92.3	92.3	92.1	93.7	98.7
Brick, tile, terra cotta Cement	58 67	60 66	60 69	61 70	61 72	65 74	68 76	75 75	74	71	70	69 73	69 74	73 76
Glass	103	105	107	109	112	117	117	120	$\frac{76}{116}$	$\frac{75}{118}$	74 121	122	124	131
Marble, granite, slate Pottery	47 91	45 94	45 94	46 94	46 96	45 100	$\begin{array}{c} 46 \\ 105 \end{array}$	46 108	$\frac{47}{108}$	$\frac{46}{108}$	45 109	$\frac{45}{109}$	44 116	43 126
Tertiles Products	96, 8	100.2	101.1	101.9	102.6	105.3	107.2	107.8	107.1	107.6	+109.8	112.9	116.1	120.2
Fabrics. Carpets, rugs. Cotton goods. Cotton small wares. Dyeing, finishing textiles	88.0	91. 3 71	92.6 72	93.5	95.2	97.7	98.7	98.8	99.1	100.4	103.3	105.9	109.0	111.1
Cotton goods	70 89	91	93	75 94	79 95	82 97	82 99	85 99	84 100	83 101	86 103	89 106	90 111	$90 \\ 113$
Cotton small wares Dveing finishing textiles	76 119	$\frac{77}{125}$	79 128	81 129	82 129	87 129	$\begin{array}{c} 90 \\ 132 \end{array}$	92 132	93 134	94 136	97 138	103 141	$107 \\ 144$	$110 \\ 150$
Hats, fur-feit	74	85	83	84	80	84	85	82	82	83	80	82	86	85
Hosiery Knitted outerwear	133 65	136 69	138 72	138 69	140 70	141 71	144 74	144 69	142 69	$     \begin{array}{r}       142 \\       68     \end{array} $	141 71	144 76	146 82	148 86
Knitted underwear	$\begin{array}{c} 72\\ 131 \end{array}$	76 138	75 147	74 151	75 153	76 151	74 77 149	81 144	78	78	79	81	79 164	91
Knitted cloth Silk, rayon goods Woolen, worsted goods	64	63	62	61	63	65	64	63	141 64	143 66	141 69	155 74	75	163 72
Woolen, worsted goods Wearing apparel	$77 \\ 112.5$	85     116.1	86 116, 1	$90 \\ 116.5$	93 114.8	99 118.0	98     121.9	98 122.0	$\frac{98}{120.5}$	102 119.3	109 119.8	$109 \\ 123.8$	$\frac{110}{126.8}$	112
Clothing, men's	102	105	104	104	102	109	115	114	111	110	114	122	124	124
Corsets, allied garments	158 113	166 106	$\frac{164}{112}$	$165 \\ 112$	164 112	168 114	$\begin{array}{c}170\\114\end{array}$	$\frac{166}{114}$	$\frac{166}{113}$	164 114	159 114	$\frac{160}{116}$	$     169 \\     119 $	194 117
Manla fumiabinga	111	120	125	126	122	118	116	116	118	118	119	121	124	137
Men's furnishings Millinery Shirts, collars	71	71	73	78	74	68	69	76	82	78	78	73	68	77

Revised.
 Indexes adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1939. For back figures see BULLETIN for February 1941, p. 166, and for June 1941, p. 569. NOTE.—Figures for July 1941 are preliminary. For description and back data see the BULLETIN for October 1938, pages 835-866, and for October 1939, pages 878-887. Underlying figures are for payroll period ending nearest middle of month.

### Factory Employment (Adjusted)—Continued

				1940							1941			
Industry and group	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Leather, Manufactures	89.6	90.9	89.1	89.9	91.1	<b>93</b> . 8	94.3	93.3	93. <i>2</i>	94.3	95.5	96.8	101.0	99. e
Boots, shoes	88	89	87	88	90	92	93	91	91	92	93	94	98	96
Leather	81	81	82	81	82	84	85	85	86	88	90	90	95	97
Food, Products	131.9	129.0	129.8	126.9	129.9	132.4	135.6	133.3	131.0	+131.3	132.5	135.0	137.1	136.
Baking	146	146	146	144	144	144	144	143	145	146	148	149	151	150
Beverages	278	268	272	265	271	281	285	281	279	278	277	287	285	289
Butter	97	96	96	96	96	102	101	98	99	102	105	107	105	102
Canning, preserving	161	137	146	130	152	152	157	149	144	139	140	147	156	156
Confectionery	83	86	88	86	86	90	91	89	88	91	92	89	90	97
Flour	80	79	79	79	78	78	78	78	77	78	79	78	80	79
Ice cream	77	75	76	75	79	81	81	80	81	*79	r82	779	78	78
Slaughtering, meat packing	109	111	108	109	110	114	121	112	111	113	114	119	121	118
Sugar, beet	102	99	106	110	100	102	145	240	144	111	97	99	93	89
Sugar refining, cane	96	97	93	91	95	95	97	92	89	97	103	102	97	88
Tobacco Manufactures	65.2	62.8	63.0	63.7	63.5	63.4	64.7	66.3	64.9	64.0	65.0	65.8	65.8	65.
Tobacco, snuff	59	58	56	57	57	55 <sup>′</sup>	57	57	54	54	54	54	53	53
Cigars, cigarettes	66	64	64	65	64	65	66	68	66	65	66	67	68	67
Paper, Printing	115.7	116.5	116.4	115.7	116.1	116.8	117.3	117.1	117.2	118.5	119.8	+121.2	122.9	124.8
Boxes, paper	118	119	119	117	117	120	122	123	122	125	129	132	139	142
Paper, pulp	116	117	117	117	115	116	116	116	117	119	120	123	125	126
Book, job printing	100	101	100	100	102	101	102	103	101	103	104	104	104	108
Newspaper, periodical printing	116	116	117	116	116	118	117	116	116	117	117	117	117	117
Chemicals, Petroleum, and Coal														
Products	122.4	121.7	122.2	121.7	122.9	124.1	125.3	126.5	127.4	128.1	r132.5	r135.7	139.8	141.1
Petroleum refining	123	122	122	121	121	120	120	120	120	121	121	123	125	126
Other than petroleum	122.3	121.5	122.2	121.8	123.5	124.9	126.4	128.1	129.1	129.9	r135, 2	r138.9	143.4	145.
Chemicals	138	138	141	141	143	147	151	154	157	161	163	168	172	173
Cottonseed oil, cake, meal	83	78	75	62	92	101	102	102	100	94	r110	r106	107	109
Druggists' preparations	120	119	117	116	114	113	113	116	118	119	122	129	132	135
Explosives	127	133	139	145	141	144	147	151	162	163	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Fertilizers	120	114	113	107	107	107	103	104	103	95	112	118	125	126
Paints, varnishes	122	124	126	127	125	127	128	130	130	134	135	136	140	145
Rayon, allied products	315	308	306	309	310	311	314	310	306	308	324	330	337	329
Soap	82	83	85	86	86	82	87	88	90	89	91	93	94	98
Rubber Products	84.2	84.7	87.0	89.7	91.6	<b>93</b> . 6	96.8	99.0	100.4	102.0	103.9	+106.1	111.8	113.0
Rubber boots, shoes	57	56	54	54	57	60	64	67	69	69	74	78	82	83
Rubber tires, inner tubes	69	69	71	73	74	75	77	78	79	80	82	83	86	88
Rubber goods, other	140	141	149	155	157	160	167	171	174	177	176	179	192	194

[Index numbers of the Board of Governors; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

r Revised.

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.

### TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT

[Thousands of persons]

	Total		Er	nployees ir	nonagricu	iltural esta	blishment	3		Mili-
Year and month	non- agricul- tural employ- ment * 1 <sup>2</sup>	Total *2	Manu- factur- ing *	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Trans- porta- tion and public utilities	Trade	Finan- cial, serv- ice, and miscel- laneous	Gov- ern- ment <sup>2</sup>	tary and naval forces
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1940—July	36, 324	29, 305 29, 604 29, 793 30, 181 30, 684 31, 317	9, 981 10, 160 10, 280 10, 477 10, 698 10, 899	861 862 849 835 833 833	1, 219 1, 256 1, 318 1, 490 1, 669 1, 974	3, 036 3, 058 3, 059 3, 053 3, 053 3, 053 3, 064	6, 256 6, 282 6, 285 6, 289 6, 341 6, 437	$\begin{array}{c} 4,161\\ 4,175\\ 4,174\\ 4,181\\ 4,204\\ 4,226\end{array}$	3, 791 3, 811 3, 828 3, 856 3, 886 3, 880	506 546 634 737 822 884
1941—January February March A pril. May June July.	37, 787 37, 724 37, 772 37, 772 738, 243 738, 680	$\begin{array}{c} 31, 428\\ 31, 644\\ 31, 581\\ 31, 629\\ r32, 100\\ r32, 537\\ 33, 091 \end{array}$	11, 021 11, 045 11, 108 11, 316 *11, 545 *11, 842 12, 199	849 846 855 572 *877 *889 913	2, 014 2, 132 1, 933 1, 859 1, 698 1, 644 1, 653	3, 077 3, 087 3, 105 3, 133 r3, 192 r3, 220 3, 267	6, 298 6, 333 6, 351 6, 474 r6, 449 r6, 536 6, 605	4, 233 4, 250 4, 254 4, 258 4, 280 74, 296 4, 333	3, 936 3, 951 3, 975 4, 017 4, 059 r4, 110 4, 121	$958 \\1, 139 \\1, 343 \\1, 554 \\1, 679 \\1, 758 \\1, 821$
UNADJUSTED 1940—July September October November December	35, 902 36, 528 36, 867 36, 986	$\begin{array}{c} 29,311\\ 29,759\\ 30,385\\ 30,724\\ 30,843\\ 31,465\end{array}$	9, 832 10, 163 10, 479 10, 668 10, 735 10, 856	837 839 846 856 853 855	1, 378 1, 443 1, 511 1, 654 1, 709 1, 720	3, 059 3, 081 3, 120 3, 121 3, 065 3, 039	6, 159 6, 168 6, 321 6, 362 6, 433 6, 884	4, 218 4, 226 4, 255 4, 187 4, 167 4, 180	3, 828 3, 839 3, 853 3, 876 3, 881 3, 931	516 549 634 733 822 884
1941—January February March. April May. June. July.	36, 928           37, 227           37, 676           -           738, 321           -           738. 858	$\begin{array}{c} 30,478\\ 30,785\\ 31,084\\ 31,533\\ r32,178\\ r32,715\\ 33,098 \end{array}$	10, 797 10, 982 11, 152 11, 370 r11, 545 r11, 775 11, 985	852 854 864 564 *869 *876 887	1, 623 1, 678 1, 631 1, 775 1, 782 r1, 816 1, 877	$egin{array}{c} 3,012\ 3,028\ 3,056\ 3,113\ 3,185\ r_3,239\ 3,293\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,165\\ 6,173\\ 6,259\\ 6,463\\ 6,421\\ r6,530\\ 6,503\end{array}$	4, 142 4, 164 4, 187 4, 265 4, 327 r4, 353 4, 391	3, 887 3, 906 3, 935 3, 983 4, 049 r4, 126 4, 162	$\begin{array}{c} 958\\ 1,145\\ 1,343\\ 1,546\\ 1,662\\ 1,740\\ 1,857\end{array}$

Revised from January 1937 to date owing to adjustment of manufacturing employment to Census of Manufactures through 1939.
 Includes self-employed persons, casual workers, and domestic servants not included in total of employees in nonagricultural establishments.
 Excludes military and naval forces.
 Revised

NOTE.-Unadjusted data compiled by Bureau of Labor Statistics. Figures for July 1941 are preliminary. For back figures, adjusted for seasonal variation, see pp. 534-535 of the BULLETIN for June 1941.

### SEPTEMBER 1941

# FACTORY EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS, BY INDUSTRIES

# (Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

			Factory	7 emplo	yment					Fact	ory pay	rolls		
Industry and group	194	40			1941			19	940			1941		
	June	July	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	June	July	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total* Durable goods* Nondurable goods*	103. 1 99. 8 106. 2	103.2 98.4 107.8	119.9 123.7 116.3	122.6 127.7 117.8	r 124.9 r131.3 r118.8	135.1	130. 5 137. 8 123. 5	101.4	98. 2 97. 4 99. 1	131. 2 144. 6 116. 3	134. 7 149. 9 117. 7	r 144. 1 r 163. 1 r 122. 8	152. 1 173. 8 127. 8	<i>152.5</i> 172.4 130.3
Iron, Steel, Products. Blast furnaces, steel works Bolts, nuts, washers, rivets Cast-iron pipe Cutlery, edge tools Forgings Hardware Plumbers' supplies. Stamped, enameled ware Steam, hot-water heating Stoves Structural, ornamental Tin cans, tinware. Tools. Wirework	$\begin{array}{c} 103.\ 7\\ 114\\ 104\\ 77\\ 101\\ 66\\ 82\\ 83\\ 153\\ 85\\ 93\\ 74\\ 103\\ 92\\ 152 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 106.\ 2\\ 119\\ 109\\ 78\\ 99\\ 68\\ 83\\ 84\\ 152\\ 84\\ 152\\ 84\\ 92\\ 76\\ 106\\ 94\\ 136 \end{array}$	127.2 135 151 91 113 97 117 101 207 107 103 97 107 130 210	$\begin{array}{c} 129.\ 4\\ 137\\ 155\\ 93\\ 117\\ 100\\ 117\\ 101\\ 210\\ 109\\ 99\\ 110\\ 133\\ 207 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 133.0\\ 141\\ 161\\ 94\\ 102\\ 102\\ 117\\ 102\\ 218\\ 112\\ 113\\ 102\\ 123\\ 136\\ 211\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 136.1\\ 144\\ 166\\ 97\\ 120\\ 104\\ 118\\ 103\\ 220\\ 114\\ 116\\ 106\\ 135\\ 138\\ 214 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 138.\ 6\\ 148\\ 166\\ 97\\ 123\\ 107\\ 113\\ 102\\ 223\\ 119\\ 116\\ 108\\ 143\\ 140\\ 212 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 102.9\\ 114\\ 111\\ 70\\ 92\\ 74\\ 86\\ 75\\ 163\\ 77\\ 83\\ 65\\ 114\\ 89\\ 161\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 104.\ 4\\ 116\\ 112\\ 75\\ 91\\ 78\\ 86\\ 76\\ 167\\ 78\\ 81\\ 68\\ 113\\ 92\\ 141 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 141.2\\ 149\\ 199\\ 99\\ 123\\ 138\\ 138\\ 101\\ 241\\ 101\\ 241\\ 103\\ 97\\ 122\\ 161\\ 256\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 150.9\\ 164\\ 212\\ 104\\ 125\\ 140\\ 136\\ 98\\ 243\\ 117\\ 111\\ 103\\ 127\\ 166\\ 243\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {}^{r}161.0\\ 173\\ 234\\ 110\\ 134\\ 152\\ 142\\ 105\\ 265\\ 129\\ 119\\ 114\\ 152\\ 172\\ 273\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 168.7\\ 180\\ 248\\ 115\\ 139\\ 164\\ 150\\ 108\\ 279\\ 138\\ 125\\ 120\\ 169\\ 181\\ 281 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 167.\ 2\\ 182\\ 225\\ 111\\ 133\\ 155\\ 136\\ 101\\ 270\\ 143\\ 121\\ 112\\ 178\\ 177\\ 269 \end{array}$
Machinery Agricultural implements Cash registers, etc Electrical machinery Engines, turbines, etc Foundry, machine-shop products. Machine tools. Radios, phonographs Textile machinery Typewriters	$ \begin{array}{c} 115.1\\ 137\\ 130\\ 103\\ 158\\ 97\\ 229\\ 141\\ 79\\ 111\\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 116.1\\ 131\\ 130\\ 104\\ 168\\ 98\\ 235\\ 143\\ 77\\ 114\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 147.7\\ 133\\ 146\\ 142\\ 248\\ 124\\ 307\\ 149\\ 96\\ 134 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 156.\ 2\\ 169\\ 151\\ 147\\ 257\\ 130\\ 317\\ 159\\ 99\\ 138 \end{array}$	<i>r162.4</i> 171 151 154 272 <i>r</i> 135 326 174 101 144	$\begin{array}{c} 167.9\\172\\163\\159\\286\\140\\337\\181\\104\\148\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 172.5\\ 171\\ 168\\ 163\\ 297\\ 143\\ 345\\ 189\\ 106\\ 153\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 125.1\\ 158\\ 138\\ 118\\ 211\\ 96\\ 303\\ 134\\ 74\\ 112 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 125.7\\ 149\\ 136\\ 118\\ 223\\ 96\\ 308\\ 139\\ 73\\ 117\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 186.\ 2\\ 162\\ 179\\ 186\\ 7376\\ 144\\ 462\\ 157\\ 110\\ 159\end{array}$	r197.4 230 191 192 r372 152 472 164 112 175	<i>r217.5</i> 229 196 215 <i>r</i> 452 <i>r</i> 166 505 192 124 190	230, 2 233 216 224 480 179 527 200 131 208	232.5 227 215 232 483 178 534 217 133 217
Transportation Equipment Aircraft Automobiles Cars, electric-, steam-railroad Locomotives Shipbuilding	114.32,9141055129163	99.7 3,147 82 51 31 170	161.2 5,564 132 71 56 272	$166.4 \\ 5,929 \\ 132 \\ 74 \\ 60 \\ 294$	7171.6 76,290 134 80 65 7308	177.7 6,711 135 86 68 335	178.3 7,214 126 90 76 372	$121.0 \\ 2,968 \\ 112 \\ 45 \\ 29 \\ 186$	798.9 3,125 81 43 31 193	$\begin{array}{r}197. 2\\6,678\\163\\66\\64\\365\end{array}$	<i>191. 4</i> 7, 134 147 73 72 393	<i>r216.2</i> 77,697 170 84 80 430	<i>239. 1</i> 8, 155 188 92 91 500	230. 1 9, 084 159 90 103 581
Nonferrous Metals, Products Aluminum * Brass, bronze, copper Clocks, watches Jewelry Lighting equipment Silverware, plated ware Smelting, refining	$\begin{array}{c} 106.\ 6\\ 182\\ 127\\ 91\\ 91\\ 84\\ 68\\ 87\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 107.0\\ 187\\ 130\\ 90\\ 93\\ 77\\ 63\\ 89\\ \end{array}$	<i>*137.0</i> 224 181 111 104 112 80 101	r138.7 231 183 114 104 113 82 r100	139.9 234 *185 116 104 112 83 *102	$\begin{array}{c} 142.0\\ 228\\ 190\\ 117\\ 107\\ 114\\ 84\\ 102 \end{array}$	142.9 231 190 118 110 116 83 103	$\begin{array}{c} 105.8\\ 212\\ 141\\ 92\\ 76\\ 70\\ 56\\ 86\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 105.9\\ 212\\ 146\\ 91\\ 76\\ 64\\ 51\\ 87\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} r155.5\\ 258\\ r238\\ 129\\ 94\\ 105\\ 82\\ 106\end{array}$	r157.2 290 r235 134 94 106 82 r107	r166.8 322 r247 143 98 r111 91 r112	175. 2 321 264 148 101 118 94 117	173.0 310 262 144 102 118 88 117
Lumber, Products Furniture Lumber, millwork Lumber, sawmills	68.3 88 62 62	68.2 88 63 62	72.6 97 70 64	<i>73.8</i> 98 70 65	+74.7 100 70 66	76.9 104 73 67	79.7 106 76 70	63.6 76 49 58	60.7 74 49 54	72.8 94 58 63	75.7 95 59 66	$\begin{array}{c} 78.0\\ 103\\ 62\\ 66\end{array}$	83.9 110 67 71	84.7 110 69 72
Stone, Clay, Glass Products Brick, tile, terra cotta Cement Glass Marble, granite, slate Pottery	82.9 63 72 105 49 90	82.4 64 72 103 48 87	89.7656912043111	$egin{array}{c} 93.0\ 69\ 74\ 122\ 45\ 113 \end{array}$	$95.6\73\78\124\46\113$	97.1 75 79 125 46 114	99.7 78 82 129 45 116	$\begin{array}{c} 73.4\\51\\70\\111\\36\\76\end{array}$	71.1 52 68 105 34 71	$\begin{array}{r} 85. 2\\ 56\\ 66\\ 141\\ 31\\ 105\\ \end{array}$	<i>91.1</i> 62 76 144 35 111	97.8 69 85 150 39 114	100.2 72 90 153 35 118	99.7 74 90 150 35 114
Textiles, Products         Fabrics         Carpets, rugs         Cotton goods         Cotton small wares         Dyeing, finishing textiles         Hats, fur-felt         Hosiery         Knitted outerwear         Knitted underwear         Knitted doth         Silk, rayon goods         Woolen, worsted goods         Wearing apparel         Clothing, men's         Clothing, men's         Corsets, allied garments         Men's furnishings         Milinery         Shirts, collars	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 94.5\\ 88.0\\ 71\\ 88\\ 74\\ 116\\ 83\\ 131\\ 66\\ 72\\ 136\\ 61\\ 83\\ 104.9\\ 103\\ 137\\ 103\\ 137\\ 103\\ 110\\ 55\\ 111\\ \end{array}$	$102.7 \\ 86 \\ 104 \\ 98 \\ 142 \\ 85 \\ 144 \\ 68 \\ 80 \\ 146 \\ 67 \\ 103 \\ 103 \\ 102 \\ 103 \\ 102 \\ 103 \\ 100 \\ 10$	$\begin{array}{c} 112.1\\ 103.7\\ 87\\ 105\\ 101\\ 143\\ 81\\ 142\\ 71\\ 142\\ 73\\ 142\\ 69\\ 104\\ 126.2\\ 118\\ 172\\ 118\\ 172\\ 118\\ 122\\ 88\\ 130\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 112.4\\ 105.1\\ 89\\ 106\\ 103\\ 141\\ 80\\ 143\\ 77\\ 82\\ 155\\ 69\\ 107\\ 124.0\\ 119\\ 165\\ 118\\ 122\\ 76\\ 131\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 112.5\\ 106.2\\ 90\\ 109\\ 104\\ 139\\ 82\\ 143\\ 80\\ 79\\ 160\\ 69\\ 108\\ 121.7\\ 120\\ 158\\ 118\\ 122\\ 63\\ 131\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 113.4\\ 107.1\\ 89\\ 109\\ 105\\ 140\\ 83\\ 143\\ 82\\ 87\\ 161\\ 69\\ 109\\ 122.6\\ 122\\ 160\\ 112\\ 59\\ 130\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 72.5\\ 55\\ 75\\ 67\\ 93\\ 58\\ 128\\ 51\\ 64\\ 107\\ 46\\ 65\end{array}$	$54 \\ 78 \\ 69 \\ 95 \\ 78 \\ 129 \\ 54 \\ 63 \\ 117 \\ 47 \\ 74$	$\begin{array}{c} 107.0\\ 101.1\\ 83\\ 105\\ 105\\ 133\\ 88\\ 161\\ 61\\ 82\\ 133\\ 58\\ 100\\ 112.2\\ 99\\ 148\\ 133\\ 129\\ 85\\ 121\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 107.0\\ 104.1\\ 82\\ 113\\ 107\\ 135\\ 67\\ 155\\ 64\\ 133\\ 60\\ 102\\ 106.2\\ 98\\ 132\\ 133\\ 124\\ 76\\ 126 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 110.3\\ 109.2\\ 90\\ 117\\ 114\\ 134\\ 75\\ 158\\ 72\\ 85\\ 158\\ 72\\ 85\\ 158\\ 123\\ 105.7\\ 101\\ 131\\ 105.7\\ 101\\ 131\\ 137\\ 130\\ 51\\ 130\\ 130\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 90 \\ 120 \\ 116 \\ 133 \\ 84 \\ 158 \\ 76 \\ 83 \\ 153 \\ 64 \\ 117 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 113.7\\ 113.3\\ 90\\ 123\\ 120\\ 135\\ 89\\ 161\\ 77\\ 92\\ 153\\ 64\\ 117\\ 107.7\\ 110\\ 128\\ 129\\ 140\\ 42\\ 130\\ \end{array}$

Revised.
Indexes adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1939. For back figures see BULLETIN for February 1941, p. 166.

## Factory Employment and Payrolls—Continued

			Factor	y emplo	yment					Fact	ory pay	rolls		
Industry and group	19	40			1941			194	0			1941		
	June	July	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	June	July	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Leather, Manufactures Boots, shoes Leather	86, 8 85 80	91,6 91 80	98.7 97 89	98.0 96 90	<i>95.5</i> 93 90	98. 1 95 94	100.5 98 95	67.0 63 76	76.4 75 76	96. 1 94 94	<i>92.3</i> 89 95	91.0 87 98	97.2 92 107	102.4 98 109
Food, Products Baking Beverages Canning, preserving Confectionery Flour Ice cream Slaughtering, meat packing Sugar, beet Sugar refining, cane	$\begin{array}{c} 129.\ 7\\ 147\\ 302\\ 105\\ 141\\ 75\\ 78\\ 92\\ 108\\ 53\\ 98 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 135.\ 4\\ 147\\ 300\\ 105\\ 179\\ 74\\ 80\\ 92\\ 111\\ 58\\ 101 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 120.\ 3\\ 145\\ 264\\ 96\\ 80\\ 89\\ 77\\ r70\\ 111\\ 43\\ 96\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 123.\ 6\\ 147\\ 272\\ 102\\ 97\\ 86\\ 77\\ r78\\ 110\\ 44\\ 103 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 127.5\\ 149\\ 293\\ 110\\ 100\\ 81\\ 77\\ r87\\ 117\\ 47\\ 103 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 135.0\\ 152\\ 310\\ 114\\ 136\\ 80\\ 78\\ 92\\ 120\\ 48\\ 99\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 143.8\\ 151\\ 324\\ 112\\ 205\\ 83\\ 80\\ 97\\ 118\\ 52\\ 91\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 129.0\\ 141\\ 376\\ 91\\ 117\\ 72\\ 72\\ 78\\ 115\\ 54\\ 89 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 131.3\\142\\353\\90\\146\\69\\76\\78\\118\\56\\91\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} r122.\ 4\\ 140\\ 313\\ 85\\ 76\\ 94\\ 73\\ r62\\ 114\\ 46\\ 92 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 125.\ 2\\ 141\\ 331\\ 90\\ 88\\ 86\\ 76\\ r69\\ 115\\ 48\\ 93\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 134.7\\ 148\\ 362\\ 97\\ 91\\ 84\\ *75\\ *75\\ 133\\ 54\\ 90 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}144.\ 3\\154\\391\\105\\134\\86\\79\\83\\138\\57\\98\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 151.8\\ 153\\ 419\\ 104\\ 211\\ 83\\ 82\\ 85\\ 140\\ 56\\ 86\end{array}$
Tobacco Manufactures Tobacco, snuff Cigars, cigarettes	$64.9 \\ 58 \\ 66$	62.4 56 63	<i>63.3</i> 54 64	<i>63.5</i> 54 65	64.9 53 66	65, 5 52 67	<i>65.3</i> 52 67	66.9 67 67	62, 3 67 62	$62.7 \\ 64 \\ 62$	58.9 62 59	767.1 67 67	70. 1 67 70	<i>69.3</i> 68 69
Paper, Printing Boxes, paper Paper, pulp Book, job printing Newspaper, periodical printing	$     \begin{array}{r}         114.5 \\         115 \\         116 \\         97 \\         116 \\         116         \end{array} $	114.7 116 117 99 114	118.1 123 119 102 117	119.4 127 120 103 117	<i>120, 8</i> 130 123 103 118	121.5 135 125 102 117	<i>123.1</i> 138 126 106 115	$112.3 \\ 127 \\ 126 \\ 85 \\ 111$	111.2 128 126 87 106	$120.3 \\ 145 \\ 136 \\ 95 \\ 112$	121.2 151 139 94 112	$124.9 \\ 159 \\ 146 \\ 96 \\ 114$	$128.6 \\ 170 \\ 158 \\ 95 \\ 114$	128.6 172 157 99 110
Chemicals, Petroleum, and Coal Products	$\begin{array}{c} 119.\ 0\\ 123\\ 118.\ 0\\ 138\\ 51\\ 116\\ 126\\ 89\\ 126\\ 306\\ 82 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 118.5\\123\\117.4\\140\\45\\113\\133\\80\\125\\307\\81\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 130.\ 7\\ 120\\ 133.\ 4\\ 159\\ 100\\ 121\\ 161\\ 141\\ 133\\ 312\\ 91 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} r134.\ 7\\ 121\\ r138.\ 1\\ 162\\ r91\\ 122\\ (^1)\\ 179\\ 137\\ 318\\ 92 \end{array}$	r134.3 122 r137.3 167 r72 125 (1) 127 141 324 92	$\begin{array}{c} 135.8\\125\\138.3\\172\\66\\127\\(^1)\\93\\145\\327\\93\end{array}$	$137.8 \\ 127 \\ 140.4 \\ 176 \\ 63 \\ 128 \\ (^1) \\ 89 \\ 146 \\ 327 \\ 96 \\ 140 \\ 140 \\ 327 \\ 96 \\ 140$	$\begin{array}{c} 133.\ 2\\ 137\\ 132.\ 0\\ 165\\ 46\\ 126\\ 154\\ 136\\ 314\\ 100 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 133.0\\ 137\\ 131.9\\ 167\\ 43\\ 125\\ 167\\ 70\\ 132\\ 315\\ 100 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}148.1\\133\\152.7\\202\\93\\138\\207\\117\\147\\333\\115\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 157.\ 0\\ 142\\ r161.\ 5\\ 208\\ r84\\ 138\\ (1)\\ 177\\ 158\\ 342\\ 116 \end{array}$	r163.6 146 r168.9 222 66 143 (1) 127 170 356 126	$\begin{array}{c} 171.1\\ 157\\ 175.5\\ 233\\ 62\\ 150\\ (1)\\ 94\\ 178\\ 362\\ 129\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 173.6\\ 157\\ 178.6\\ 240\\ 61\\ 157\\ (1)\\ 87\\ 174\\ 367\\ 135 \end{array}$
Rubber Products	$ \begin{array}{c} 83.4\\ 55\\ 69\\ 138 \end{array} $	$83.5 \\ 54 \\ 69 \\ 138$	102.8 69 80 179	105.0 72 82 r181	r106.4 75 83 182	110.7 78 86 190	111.4 80 88 189	86.4 56 78 133	85.2 51 77 132	119.5 80 103 195	<i>*122.3</i> 84 *106 195	r128.7 88 r111 207	141.1 98 122 224	135.4 103 116 213

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1937. 1923-25 average=100]

r Revised.
 Data not available.
 NOTE.— Figures for July 1941 are preliminary. Back data may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Underlying figures are for payroll period ending nearest middle of month.

### HOURS AND EARNINGS OF WAGE EARNERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

[Compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics]

		Aver	age hou	urs work	ed per v	week		A	verage h	ourly ea	rnings	(cents p	er hour)	)
Industry and group	19	40			1941			19	40			1941		
	May	June	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	May	June	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June
	37.2	37.5	40.0	40.4	40.0	40.8	41.3	66.9	67.2	69.2	69.7	70.8	72.6	73.8
Durable goods	38. Z	38.7	41.6	42.0	41.5	42.5	43.1	73.0	73.2	76.2	76.8	78.5	80.6	82. <b>2</b>
Iron, Steel, Products Machinery Transportation Equipment Nonferrous Metals, Products Lumber, Products Stone, Clay, Glass Products	1 38.8	37.6 40.8 38.1 39.0 38.5 36.3	$\begin{array}{r} 40.7\\ 44.2\\ 42.1\\ 41.8\\ 39.4\\ 37.2\end{array}$	41.0 44.9 42.3 42.1 39.7 37.2	40. 8 r44. 5 39. 7 42. 0 40. 2 38. 0	$\begin{array}{r} 41.5\\ 45.4\\ 42.4\\ 42.8\\ 40.1\\ 38.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 42.0\\ 45.6\\ 43.8\\ 43.1\\ 40.9\\ 38.6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 76.7\\74.1\\90.2\\70.1\\52.1\\66.4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 77.4\\74.3\\90.5\\70.2\\52.3\\66.4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 79.1 \\ 77.1 \\ 91.8 \\ 74.0 \\ 53.4 \\ 68.5 \end{array}$	79.577.892.074.854.168.9	$\begin{array}{r} 84.1 \\ 78.9 \\ 92.3 \\ 74.9 \\ 54.7 \\ 69.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 85.9\\ 81.8\\ 94.5\\ 77.0\\ 55.6\\ 71.0\end{array}$	86.3 83.2 97.6 79.4 57.0 71.7
Nondurable goods	36.3	36.4	38.3	38.8	38.4	38.9	39.4	61.5	61.7	62.1	<i>62</i> .4	62.9	64.1	65.0
Textiles, Products Fabrics Wearing apparel Leather, Manufactures Food, Products Tobacco Manufactures Paper, Printing Chemicals, Petroleum, and Coal Products Petroleum refining Other than petroleum refining	$\begin{array}{c} 32.7\\ 30.9\\ 40.1\\ 36.4\\ 38.8\\ 38.8\\ 36.2\\ 39.7\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 33.5\\ 34.1\\ 32.5\\ 33.2\\ 40.1\\ 38.1\\ 38.5\\ 38.5\\ 35.7\\ 39.6\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 37.4\\ 38.3\\ 35.7\\ 39.1\\ 39.5\\ 35.4\\ 39.1\\ 38.8\\ 35.6\\ 39.8\\ 35.6\\ 39.8\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 37.8\\ 38.6\\ 36.3\\ 39.7\\ 40.0\\ 36.1\\ 39.7\\ 39.1\\ 36.0\\ 40.1\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 37.3\\ 38.3\\ 35.3\\ 38.0\\ 39.6\\ 33.2\\ 39.6\\ 39.6\\ 39.9\\ 37.0\\ 40.7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 37.9\\ 38.8\\ 36.2\\ 37.5\\ 40.3\\ r36.9\\ 40.0\\ 39.8\\ 37.0\\ 40.7\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 38.1\\ 39.1\\ 36.0\\ 38.7\\ 41.0\\ 37.6\\ 40.1\\ 40.5\\ 38.3\\ 41.2\\ \end{array}$	49.6 48.4 51.8 55.5 64.7 49.7 79.4 76.0 97.5 68.6	$\begin{array}{c} 49.\ 6\\ 48.\ 4\\ 51.\ 8\\ 55.\ 3\\ 64.\ 1\\ 50.\ 5\\ 79.\ 7\\ 77.\ 7\\ 98.\ 3\\ 70.\ 2\\ \end{array}$	51.4 49.2 55.5 56.4 65.1 49.5 80.3 77.0 97.0 70.7	51.7 $49.4$ $56.1$ $57.2$ $65.5$ $49.7$ $80.7$ $76.6$ $96.7$ $70.5$	52. 4 50. 9 55. 3 57. 9 65. 5 50. 6 80. 5 77. 3 99. 5 70. 7	53.0 $52.0$ $55.0$ $59.0$ $67.0$ $*50.9$ $81.1$ $80.6$ $100.8$ $74.4$	53. 4 52. 2 55. 9 59. 9 67. 2 51. 7 82. 6 82. 4 102. 2 76. 1
Rubber Products	36.4	36.4	39.3	39.7	39.4	40.3	41.3	77.8	78.0	79.2	79.9	80.4	<b>*81.6</b>	83.6

Revised.
Beginning with October 1940 figures are not comparable because of expansion in reporting sample.

### **CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION**

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars.]

	Π.	otal	Resid	ential			No	nresident	ial build	ing			Public	
Month	10		buil	ding	Fact	ories	Comn	nercial	Educa	tional 1	Oth	ier 1	and p utili	ties 1
	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941	1940	1941
January February March April May June July August September October November December	$\begin{array}{c} 196.\ 2\\ 200.\ 6\\ 272.\ 2\\ 300.\ 5\\ 328.\ 9\\ 324.\ 7\\ 398.\ 7\\ 414.\ 9\\ 347.\ 7\\ 383.\ 1\\ 380.\ 3\\ 456.\ 2 \end{array}$	305. 2 270. 4 479. 9 406. 7 548. 7 539. 1 	$\begin{array}{r} 77.\ 4\\ 74.\ 9\\ 121.\ 7\\ 135.\ 4\\ 145.\ 9\\ 135.\ 3\\ 140.\ 4\\ 153.\ 0\\ 152.\ 4\\ 148.\ 5\\ 152.\ 8\\ 159.\ 3\end{array}$	111.3 116.5 147.9 166.5 201.3 205.6	$\begin{array}{c} 12.9\\ 15.4\\ 21.8\\ 23.5\\ 23.2\\ 15.2\\ 49.5\\ 39.6\\ 38.0\\ 47.1\\ 79.0\\ 77.3 \end{array}$	55. 9 37. 8 121. 8 66. 2 81. 1 102. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 15. \ 9\\ 20. \ 2\\ 23. \ 1\\ 24. \ 0\\ 26. \ 1\\ 33. \ 1\\ 38. \ 9\\ 28. \ 6\\ 27. \ 1\\ 29. \ 4\\ 24. \ 9\\ 27. \ 1\end{array}$	26. 9 20. 9 33. 1 36. 2 50. 8 35. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 6.1\\ 8.1\\ 9.3\\ 17.4\\ 15.3\\ 14.3\\ 16.5\\ 14.4\\ 9.8\\ 18.6\\ 8.5\\ 8.9\end{array}$	11. 6 7. 9 10. 4 11. 2 17. 1 13. 5	17.7 $26.9$ $19.6$ $24.0$ $25.6$ $29.4$ $34.1$ $36.6$ $26.4$ $41.2$ $35.9$ $69.3$	24. 2 23. 5 36. 1 29. 7 53. 5 49. 0	66. 3 55. 2 76. 7 76. 3 92. 8 97. 5 119. 3 142. 8 94. 0 98. 2 79. 1 114. 3	75. 1 63. 9 130. 6 96. 9 144. 9 133. 0
Year	4,004.0		1, 596. 9		442.4		318.3		147.2		386.7		1, 112. 4	

<sup>1</sup> Not strictly comparable with data for earlier years due to changes in classification.

### **CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY OWNERSHIP**

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars.]

	Total .					Public ownership 1					Private ownership 1							
Month	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941
January February March April May June June August September October October December December Year	140 199 235 216 233 295 275 234 226 208 200	243 188 231 270 244 318 322 281 207 202 198 209 2.913	192 119 227 283 251 240 313 301 358 302 389 3, 197	252 220 301 330 288 300 312 323 262 300 354 3, 551	196 201 272 301 329 325 399 415 348 383 380 456 4,004	305 270 480 407 549 539 577 	149 79 96 105 94 116 153 153 153 116 101 89 82 1, 334	112 69 66 74 93 137 131 104 80 78 93 115 1, 152	118 51 95 99 144 108 98 171 160 203 179 279	148 111 128 160 135 128 137 158 144 92 144 225 1,708	93 82 95 103 112 147 205 195 144 175 195 258 1,802	111 96 226 169 255 302 346 	66 62 103 130 122 116 141 122 119 125 119 117	130 119 165 195 151 180 191 178 127 124 106 94 1, 761	75 68 132 123 139 143 142 142 141 154 123 110 1,492	104 109 173 170 174 161 163 154 179 170 156 129	104 119 177 197 217 177 194 220 204 209 186 198 2, 202	194 174 254 238 294 237 231 

1 Back figures.—See BULLETIN for February 1938, p. 159. Data for years prior to 1932 not available.

### **CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICTS**

### **COMMERCIAL FAILURES, BY DISTRICTS**

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in thousands of dollars.]

	19	41	1940
Federal Reserve district	July	June	July
Boston New York Philadelphia	33, 252 52, 988 50, 901	52, 027 112, 850 38, 158	53, 489 58, 206 29, 136
Cleveland Richmond Atlanta	73, 716 64, 333 33, 473	51, 477 92, 503 42, 323	$36,752 \\ 57,234 \\ 40,459$
Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis	95, 796 106, 509 14, 514	$\begin{array}{c} 73,113\\ 26,926\\ 12,651 \end{array}$	$58, 534 \\ 21, 016 \\ 10, 075$
Kansas City Dallas	28, 772 23, 138	$15,247\\21,831$	14, 761 19, 011
Total (11 districts)	577, 392	539, 106	398, 673

[Figures reported by Dun &	Bradstreet. dollars.]	Amounts in	n thousands	of
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		Number		Liabilities					
Federal Reserve district	19	41	1940	194	11	1940			
	July	June	July	July	June	July			
Boston	72	86	88	1,240	1,063	1, 513			
New York	329	377	419	6,657	3,763	4,215			
Philadelphia	61	55	91	483	856	749			
Cleveland	47	41	69	761	351	1,825			
Richmond	16	27	51	198	152	756			
Atlanta	39	38	64	551	319	466			
Chicago	129	130	155	1, 361	1,097	2,081			
St. Louis	25	28	33	184	233	419			
Minneapolis	15	14	11	204	137	58			
Kansas City	50	35	30	495	335	430			
Dallas	14	21	38	69	144	2, 320			
San Francisco	111	118	126	1, 219	999	1, 381			
Total	908	970	1, 175	13, 422	9, 449	16, 213			

New series. Includes cases of discontinuances where loss to creditors was involved even though actual legal formalities were not invoked. Back figures, available for 1939 only, may be obtained from Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.

### FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

### **MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS**

#### [In millions of dollars]

Month		Mercha	andise e	xports 1			Mercha	undise in	nports 2	1		Exce	ss of ex	ports	
Month	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941
January February March	223 233 257	289 262 275	213 219 268	370 347 351	325 303 357	240 278 307	171 163 173	178 158 190	242 200 217	$229 \\ 234 \\ 268$	$-18 \\ -45 \\ -51$	118 99 102	35 61 77	128 147 134	97 70 89
April May June	269 290 265	274 257 233	231 249 236	323 324 350	r386 385 338	287 285 286	160 148 146	186 202 179	212 211 211	288 297 280	$-18 \\ 5 \\ -21$	115 109 87	45 47 57	$111 \\ 112 \\ 138$	98 88 58
July August September	268 277 297	228 231 246	230 250 289	317 351 295		265 246 233	141 166 168	169 176 182	$232 \\ 221 \\ 195$		3 31 63	87 65 79	61 74 107	84 130 101	
October November December	333 315 323	278 252 269	332 292 368	344 328 322		224 223 209	178 176 171	215 235 247	207 224 253		$108 \\ 92 \\ 115$	100 76 98	117 57 121	137 104 69	
Year	3, 349	3, 094	3, 177	4,021		3, 084	1,960	2, 318	2, 625		265	1, 134	859	1, 396	
JanJune	1, 537	1, 591	1, 416	2,064	2, 093	1, 683	961	1, 094	1, 294	1; 594	-147	630	322	770	499

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
<sup>1</sup> Including both domestic and foreign merchandise.
<sup>1</sup> Including both domestic and foreign merchandise.
<sup>1</sup> General imports, including merchandise entered for immediate consumption and that entered for storage in bonded warehouses. Source.—Department of Commerce.
Back figures.—See BULLETIN for February 1937, p. 152; July 1933, p. 431; and January 1931, p. 18.

### FREIGHT-CAR LOADINGS, BY CLASSES

#### [Index numbers: 1025 20 exercise-100]

### **REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND INCOME OF CLASS I RAILROADS**<sup>1</sup>

	[Index numbers; 1935-39 average=100]										ſMi	llions of dolla	rsl	
	Total	Coal	Coke	Grain	Live- stock	For- est prod- ucts	Ore	Mis- cel- lane- ous	Mer- chan- dise l.c.l.		Total railway operating revenues	Total railway expenses	Net railway operating income	Net income
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED														
1940 June July Sept Oct Nov Dec 1941 Jan	$ \begin{array}{c} 111\\ 110\\ 112\\ 112\\ 110\\ 116\\ 119\\ 122\\ \end{array} $	$     120 \\     120 \\     124 \\     114 \\     91 \\     109 \\     107 \\     109 $	145 158 162 147 149 150 153 145	$98 \\ 100 \\ 96 \\ 106 \\ 100 \\ 98 \\ 96 \\ 102$	95 88 96 98 99 98 96 88	$     \begin{array}{r}       108 \\       r 107 \\       115 \\       122 \\       128 \\       131 \\       133 \\       133 \\       138 \\     \end{array} $	134 138 139 145 181 181 164 180	$ \begin{array}{c} 111\\ 108\\ 110\\ 112\\ 116\\ 120\\ 125\\ 130\\ \end{array} $	94 95 95 95 96 97 99 99	SEASONALLY ADJUSTED* 1940—May June July Aug Sept Oct	342 360 356 365 377 363 379	$290 \\ 7299 \\ 303 \\ 308 \\ 309 \\ 311 \\ 312$	52 761 54 57 67 52 67	11 19 13 16 25 8 25
Feb Mar Apr June July UNADJUSTED	124 126 112 135 139 138	$     \begin{array}{r}       113 \\       128 \\       45 \\       138 \\       156 \\       150 \\       150 \\       \end{array} $	149 168 137 182 189 200	$     \begin{array}{r}       102 \\       113 \\       113 \\       124 \\       126 \\       112     \end{array} $	93 93 93 91 88 83	133 127 130 130 136 149	181 192 266 266 152 156	131 128 130 136 139 140	101 100 102 102 102 102 100	Nov Dec 1941—Jan Feb Mar Apr June	379 401 389 402 417 382 439 474	312 316 319 334 323 346 363	85 73 84 83 59 93 110	29 43 32 43 41 17 50
1940—June July Sept Oct Nov Dec 1941—Jan	110 110 113 125 125 122 112 112	$     \begin{array}{r}       101 \\       102 \\       109 \\       120 \\       104 \\       121 \\       121 \\       121 \\       124 \\     \end{array} $	$131 \\ 136 \\ 136 \\ 144 \\ 149 \\ 159 \\ 167 \\ 174$	96 145 117 117 107 96 87 90	7574911291521249284	112 108 121 132 135 129 119 124	233 250 244 254 238 145 46 45	$     \begin{array}{r}       112 \\       107 \\       110 \\       124 \\       132 \\       125 \\       116 \\       115 \\     \end{array} $	94 96 100 100 98 95 94	UNADJUSTED 1940—May June July Aug Sept Oct Nurr	343 345 366 381 383 414 275	296 297 309 315 308 327 204	47 r48 57 66 74 87 71	4 7 16 22 31 43
r Revised.	$     \begin{array}{r}       113 \\       115 \\       120 \\       108 \\       131 \\       136 \\       138 \\       138 \\     \end{array} $	$124 \\ 129 \\ 132 \\ 38 \\ 117 \\ 131 \\ 127$	174 183 175 120 167 170 172	90 85 97 96 107 123 163	75 74 82 82 69 75	$     \begin{array}{r}       124 \\       128 \\       127 \\       130 \\       135 \\       141 \\       149 \\       \end{array} $	45 50 203 276 265 283	113 118 124 131 138 141 139	98 101 103 102 101 99	Nov Dec 1941—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June	375 382 377 358 416 375 442 442 455	304 303 315 300 336 322 354 362	71 79 62 58 81 53 89 93	31 51 20 15 35 7 43

Nore.—For description and back data, see pp. 529-533 of the BULLETIN for June 1941. Based on daily average loadings. Basic data compiled by Associa-tion of American Railroads. Total index compiled by combining indexes for classes with weights derived from revenue data of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

r Revised.
\* Derived from Interstate Commerce Commission data.
1 Excludes switching and terminal companies.

NOTE.-Descriptive material and back figures may be ob-tained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

### **DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS** Т

**MONTHLY INDEXES OF SALES AND STOCKS** 

Index numb	ers bas	ed on v	ge==100	)				
	Sea	sonall	y adjus	ted		Unad	justed	_
	1938	1939	1940	1941	1938	1939	1940	1941
SALES								
Jan.	90	88	92	101	70	69	71	79
Feb	88	88	90	103	70	69	71	81
Mar	86	88	89	103	77	82	86	93
Apr	83	88	89	104	86	88	86	106
May	80	87	89	105	80	87	89	105
June	82	86	91	104	79	83	87	100
July	83	87	92	115	58	60	64	79
Aug.	83	88	98		65	69	77	
Sept.	85	90	97		91	97	105	
Oct	86	92	94		92	99	101	
Nov	87	93	100		99	106	114	
Dec.	88	95	101		156	168	179	
Year					85	90	94	
STOCKS								
Jan	71	67	68	71	63	60	61	64
Feb.	70	68	71	73	67	65	68	70
Mar.	70	68	70	74	71	69	71	75
Apr	69	67	69	74	$\dot{71}$	69	71	76
May	69	66	68	74	71	68	70	76
June	68	67	67	77	65	64	64	73
July	67	67	68	81	61	60	61	73
Aug	67	67	69		65	65	66	
Sept.	67	68	70		70	71	73	
Oct.	67	69	71		74	$\dot{77}$	79	
Nov.	67	71	$\overline{72}$		78	82	83	
Dec.	66	68	71		62	64	66	
Year					68	68	69	

Back figures.—Department store sales, see BULLETIN for August 1936, p. 631, for October 1938, p. 918, and for January 1941, p. 65; department store stocks, see BULLETIN for March 1938, p. 232.

WEEKLY INDEX OF SALES

Weeks endi	ng on dates shown	. 1935-39 average	e==100
1938	1939	1940	1941
July 961 1669 2362 3062 3070 1369 2079 2079	July 8 62 15 73 22 68 29 66 Aug. 5 77 12 73 19 76 26 82	July 6 67 13 78 20 72 27 69 Aug. 3 81 10 79 17 81 24 92	July 5

### SALES BY DEPARTMENTS

Percentage change from corresponding periods of preceding year

Department	July 1941	Seven months 1941
NET SALES—entire store Main Store Basement Store	+24	+14* +14 +11
Women's, girls', and infants' apparel and ac- cessories Main store 1 Women's and misses' coats and suits Women's and misses' dresses Blouses, skirts, sportswear, sweaters, knit apparel Juniors' and girls' wear Aprons, housedresses, uniforms Women's underwear, slips, negligees	+27 +16 +17	+12 +15 +9 +17 +18 +14 +10
Infants' wear Women's and children's shoes Furs Basement <sup>2</sup> Men's and boys' wear Men's clothing Men's clothing Men's furnishings, hats, caps Boys' clothing and furnishings Basement <sup>2</sup>	+66 +17 +16 +17 +24 +13	+15 +11 +27 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12 +12 +14 +12 +14 +12 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14 +14
Homefurnishings Main store I Furniture, beds, mattresses, springs Draperies, curtains, upholstery Major appliances (refrigerators, wash- ers, stoves, etc.). Domestics, blankets, comforters, lin- ens, towels. Basement (including domestics, blankets, lines, towels) <sup>2</sup> .	+36 +37 +36 +36 +36 +36 +37 +34 +26 +54 +37 +37 +37 +36 +37 +37 +36 +37 +36 +37 +36 +36 +36 +36 +36 +36 +36 +36 +36 +36	+21 +22 +22 +22 +24 +13 +31 +22 +18
Piece goods (dress and coat yard goods, all materials)	+32 +16 +16 +16 +10	+18 +3 +2 +5 +7

\* Based on reports from 241 stores. Reports of total sales from a larger number of stores, including many stores not reporting sales by depart-ments, showed an increase of 24 per cent for July and 16 per cent for the first seven months of 1941, as indicated in the table below. <sup>1</sup> Group totals for main store include sales in departments not shown separately. <sup>2</sup> Group totals for basement are not strictly comparable with those shown for main store owing chiefly to inclusion in basement of fewer departments and somewhat different types of merchandise.

### SALES BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND BY CITIES

Percentage change from corresponding periods of preceding year

				I trothage th	ango i		Jonroop	outring periods of f							
	July 1941		Seven mos. 1941			June 1941	Seven mos. 1941		July 1941	June 1941	Seven mos. 1941		July 1941	June	Seven mos. 1941
United States Boston Portland Boston Springfield Providence Providence Providence New York Bridgeport Newark Albany Buffalo Elmira Niagara Falls. New York and Brooklyn Poughkeepsie Rochester Syracuse	+21 +22 +33 +22 +23 +29 +31 +34 +21 +21 +21 +22 +18 +18	+11 +14 +13 +7 +13 +13 +10 +23 +9 +8 +15 r+26 +21 +12 +8 +41 +11	+15 +15 +15 +11 +11 +18 +17 +13 +14 +20 +24 +30 +9 +11 +14 +13	Cleveland (cont'd) Cleveland Columbus Toledo Pittsburgh Wheeling Bittsburgh Washington Baltimore Winston-Salem Charleston,S.C. Lynchburg Norfolk Richmond Charleston Huntington Atlanta Birmingham	$\begin{array}{r} +33\\ +226\\ +355\\ +388\\ +238\\ +386\\ +29\\ +336\\ +29\\ +327\\ +219\\ +222\\ +300\\ +222\\ +310\\ +221\\ +310\\ +221\\ +310\\ +221\\ +310\\ +221\\ +310\\ +3$	+12 +23 +21 +10 +17 +15 +14 +15 +14 +31 +39 +8	$\begin{array}{c} +15 \\ +16 \\ +22 \\ +14 \\ +20 \\ +20 \\ +21 \\ +20 \\ +12 \\ +34 \\ +14 \\ +47 \\ +16 \\ +23 \\ +18 \\ +17 \end{array}$	Chicago Chicago Fort Wayne Indianapolis Des Moines Sioux City Flint Grand Rapids Lansing Milwaukee St. Louis Fort Smith Little Rock Quincy Evansville St. Louis Springfield Memphis Minnacpolis	$\begin{array}{c} +24\\ +14\\ +13\\ +23\\ +15\\ +27\\ +27\\ +411\\ +28\\ +27\\ +411\\ +28\\ +27\\ +16\\ +25\\ +16\\ +25\\ +47\\ +26\\ +47\\ +26\\ +15\end{array}$	+3 +10 +10 +10 +10 +11 +21 +21 +12 +13 +13 +15 +15 +15 +14 +7 +24 +22	+12 +25 +18 +9 +10 +23 +28 +14 +27 +19 +14 +24 +12 +14 +24 +12 +14 +35 +14 +41	Dallas.         Shreveport.         Dallas.         Fort Worth         Baxersteined.         San Antonio         San Antonio         San Antonio         San Antonio         San Antonio         Bakersfield.         Fresno         Los Angeles	$\begin{array}{c} +24\\ +23\\ +24\\ +22\\ +18\\ +32\\ +36\\ +20\\ +13\\ +38\\ +20\\ +9\\ +17\\ +44\\ +10\\ 0\\ +71\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} +28\\ +20\\ +32\\ +17\\ +34\\ -1\\ +10\\ +24\\ +17\\ +13\\ +18\\ +38\\ +38\\ +5\\ \end{array}$	+17 +15 +25 +25 +25 +36 +24 +14 +7 +37 +13 +27 +27 +24 +14
Philadelphia Trenton Lanceaster Reading Wilkes-Barre York Cleveland Chron Cincinnati	$\begin{array}{r} +23\\ +21\\ +18\\ +26\\ +25\\ +24\\ +25\\ +30\\ +39\\ +26\end{array}$	+5 +6 +11 +16 +6 +13 +13 +24	+16 + 12 + 16 + 19 + 12 + 18 + 19 + 12 + 18 + 19 + 28	binningnam Montgomery Jacksonville Tampa Atlanta Macon Baton Rouge New Orleans Jackson Chattanooga Knoxville Nashville	+31 +35 +32 +29 +29 +24 +15 +27 +27 +34 +29 +24	+16 + 35 + 20 + 17 + 17 + 16 + 18 + 19 + 13 + 12	+13 +30 +23 +17 +20 +14 +15 +18 +19 +18	Kansas City Denver Hutchinson Topeka Wichita Joplin Kansas City St. Joseph Omaha Oklahoma City Tulsa	+23 +26 +19 +11 +32 +39 +25 +13 +15	+12 +15 +14 +10 +22 +14 +10 +12 +9 +14	+14 +13 +15 +11 +17 +24 +15 +13 +9	Nampa Portland Salt Lake City_ Bellingham Everett Spokane Tacoma Walla Walla Yakima	$ \begin{array}{c} +13 \\ +16 \\ +17 \\ +13 \\ +48 \\ +37 \\ +21 \\ +47 \\ +47 \\ +4 \\ -1 \end{array} $	+16 +13	+4 +15 +14 +7 +23 +26 +15 +36 -1 +1

· Revised.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

# WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. 1926=100]

							Ot	her commo	dities					
Year, month, or week	All com- modi- ties	Farm prod- ucts	Foods	Total	Hides and leather products	Textile products	Fuel and lighting materials	and metal	Building materials	cals all	emi- and ied lucts	House- furnish ing good	•   la	Liscel- meous
1929           1930           1931           1932           1933           1934           1935           1936           1937           1938           1939	95. 3 86. 4 73. 0 64. 8 65. 9 74. 9 80. 0 80. 8 86. 3 78. 6 77. 1 78. 6	104. 9 88. 3 64. 8 48. 2 51. 4 65. 3 78. 8 80. 9 86. 4 68. 5 65. 3 67. 7	99. 9 90. 5 74. 6 61. 0 60. 5 70. 5 83. 7 82. 1 85. 5 73. 6 70. 4 71. 3	91. 6 85. 2 75. 0 70. 2 71. 2 78. 4 77. 9 79. 6 85. 3 81. 7 81. 3 83. 0	109. 1 100. 0 86. 1 72. 9 86. 6 89. 6 95. 4 104. 6 92. 8 95. 6 100. 8	90. 4 80. 3 66. 3 54. 9 70. 9 70. 9 71. 5 76. 3 66. 7 69. 7 73. 8	83.0 78.5 67.5 70.3 66.3 73.3 73.5 76.2 77.6 76.5 73.1 71.7	100. 5 92. 1 84. 5 80. 2 79. 8 86. 9 86. 9 86. 4 87. 0 95. 7 95. 7 95. 7 94. 4 95. 8	95. 4 89. 9 79. 2 71. 4 77. 0 86. 2 85. 3 86. 7 95. 2 90. 3 90. 5 94. 8		94. 0 88. 7 79. 3 73. 9 72. 1 75. 3 79. 0 78. 7 82. 6 77. 0 77. 0	94. 92. 84.1 75. 75.8 81. 80.0 81. 89.5 89.5 86.8 86.8	7	82.6 77.7 69.8 64.4 62.5 69.7 68.3 70.8 77.8 73.3 74.8 77.3
1940—May June August September October November December	78.4 77.5 77.7 77.4 78.0 78.7 79.6 80.0	$\begin{array}{c} 67.\ 9\\ 66.\ 2\\ 66.\ 5\\ 65.\ 6\\ 66.\ 2\\ 66.\ 4\\ 68.\ 2\\ 69.\ 7\end{array}$	71. 4 70. 3 70. 3 70. 1 71. 5 71. 1 72. 5 73. 5	82. 5 82. 2 82. 3 82. 0 82. 3 83. 5 84. 1 84. 1	101. 3 99. 2 99. 0 96. 9 98. 3 100. 4 102. 3 102. 3	72, 9 72, 6 72, 4 72, 3 72, 5 73, 6 74, 5 74, 8	71. 7 71. 4 71. 1 71. 1 71. 0 71. 6 71. 9 71. 7	94. 5 94. 7 95. 1 94. 9 95. 4 97. 3 97. 6 97. 6	92. 5 92. 4 92. 5 93. 3 95. 6 97. 8 98. 9 99. 3		76. 7 76. 1 77. 0 76. 7 76. 8 76. 9 77. 5 77. 7	88.   88.   88.   88.   88.   88.   88.   88.		77. 7 77. 3 77. 7 76. 7 76. 5 76. 9 77. 5 77. 3
1941—January February March April June July	80. 8 80. 6 81. 5 83. 2 84. 9 87. 1 88. 8	71. 6 70. 3 71. 6 74. 4 76. 4 82. 1 85. 8	73. 7 73. 5 75. 2 77. 9 79. 5 83. 1 84. 7	84. 3 84. 4 84. 9 85. 9 87. 4 88. 6 89. 7	102. 4 101. 6 102. 6 103. 9 106. 4 107. 8 109. 4	75. 2 76. 4 78. 4 81. 0 83. 0 84. 5 86. 2	72. 1 72. 1 72. 0 72. 9 75. 6 77. 9 78. 5	97. 7 97. 6 97. 7 97. 9 98. 1 98. 3 98. 5	99. 6 99. 3 99. 5 100. 1 100. 4 101. 0 103. 1		78. 6 78. 5 79. 8 81. 8 83. 6 83. 8 83. 8 83. 2	89. ( 89. 1 89. 4 90. 4 91. 4 93. 1 94. 4		77. 1 76. 9 77. 6 78. 6 79. 6 80. 6 82. 0
Week ending	83. 2 84. 0 84. 6 85. 0 85. 2 85. 9 86. 7 87. 2 87. 7 87. 7 87. 7 88. 1 88. 3 88. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 74.\ 4\\ 75.\ 1\\ 76.\ 3\\ 77.\ 3\\ 79.\ 6\\ 81.\ 1\\ 83.\ 0\\ 84.\ 2\\ 84.\ 1\\ 85.\ 0\\ 85.\ 4\\ 86.\ 7\end{array}$	78.0 79.0 79.7 79.5 79.2 81.5 82.6 83.7 84.3 84.1 84.1 84.1 83.8 84.6	86. 4 86. 9 87. 3 87. 7 88. 2 88. 4 88. 8 89. 0 89. 1 89. 2 89. 5 89. 7 90. 0	105.0 105.3 106.1 106.9 107.8 107.6 108.4 108.2 • 108.5 108.8 109.3 109.6 109.7	80. 9 81. 4 82. 4 82. 9 83. 2 83. 2 83. 2 83. 8 84. 5 84. 7 84. 1 84. 3 85. 0 86. 4	74. 2 74. 9 75. 6 76. 2 77. 7 78. 3 78. 7 79. 0 79. 0 79. 1 79. 1 79. 3 79. 4	97. 9 97. 9 98. 1 98. 2 98. 2 98. 3 98. 4 98. 3 98. 4 98. 4 98. 4 98. 6 98. 6 98. 6 98. 6	$100.3 \\ 100.3 \\ 100.2 \\ 100.5 \\ 100.5 \\ 100.5 \\ 100.9 \\ 101.1 \\ 101.1 \\ 101.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.6 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.6 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.6 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.6 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.6 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.6 \\ 102.7 \\ 102.4 \\ 102.6 \\ 102.7 \\ 100.4 \\ 100.$		82. 8 83. 1 83. 7 84. 2 83. 9 83. 6 83. 7 83. 8 84. 3 84. 6 85. 1 85. 0 85. 0	91. 9 92. 3 92. 4 92. 9 93. 4 93. 4 93. 4 93. 4 93. 4 94. 5 95. 4 95. 4	3 3 7 3 3 3 3 4	78.5 79.0 79.4 79.7 79.7 80.2 80.3 80.9 81.2 81.3 81.3 81.8
August 2 August 9 August 16 August 23	89. 2 89. 6 89. 6 90. 0	87.2 87.8 86.4 86.7	85. 5 86. 2 86. 7 87. 0	90. 2 90. 6 90. 7 90. 9	109.7 109.9 110.2 110.8	86, 6 87, 1 87, 4 87, 3	79. 4 79. 6 79. 5 79. 8	98. 6 98. 6 98. 7 98. 6	$103. \ 3 \\ 104. \ 2 \\ 104. \ 8 \\ 105. \ 2$		85, 5 85, 7 85, 9 85, 9 85, 9	95. 8 95. 9 96. 4 96. 8	) L	82. 3 83. 0 83. 1 83. 6
		11	40	194	1					1940		194	1	
Subgroups		Jı	ily Apr.	May	June July	-	Sub	groups		July	Apr.	May	June	July
Fruits and vegetables Meats Other foods Hides and Leather Product Shoes Hides and skins Leather Other leather products: Clothing Clothing Cotton goods Hosiery and underwe Silk Rayon Woolen and worsted J Other textile product Fuel and Lighting Materia	s goods	6           77           61           61           77           61           77		$\begin{array}{c} 88.0\\ 69.5\\ 81.6\\ 78.2\\ 64.0\\ 87.2\\ 76.9\\ 110.1\\ 110.3\\ 1\\ 96.9\\ 101.7\\ 1\\ 90.9\\ 91.0\\ 61.3\\ 49.1\\ 29.5\\ 94.1\\ 92.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 75.9 & 76.3 \\ 98.0 & 98.9 \\ 79.8 & 79.8 \\ 80.3 & 87.7 \\ 79.8 & 80.3 \\ 79.5 & 80.3 \\ 79.5 & 81.6 \\ 11.7 & 114.7 \\ 112.4 & 112.5 \\ 87.9 & 98.1 \\ 02.1 & 102.7 \\ 91.6 & 93.9 \\ 94.6 & 96.1 \\ 10.9 & 62.9 \\ 51.2 & 51.4 \\ 95.5 & 20.5 \\ 94.6 & 96.5 \\ 94.1 & 98.0 \\ 98.0 \\ 81.0 \\$	Ag Fa Iroo Not Buildin Buildin Buildin Buildin Buildin Ce Lu Pa Ph Stu Ce Lu Ot Chemic	rm machin n and stee otor vehicle nferrous m umbing an ay Material ick and tile ment int and pa umbing an mber 1 int and pa int and pa uctural ste her buildir als and Al eemicals ugs and pt vilizer ma ixed fertiliz s and farts s and farts rnishings	mplements ery	ls	$84.6 \\ 80.5$	83.0 91.7 91.0 116.7	$\begin{array}{c} 93.5\\ 96.1\\ 100.2\\ 84.4\\ 83.0\\ 91.9\\ 91.5\\ 116.8\\ 89.3\\ 83.0\\ 107.3\\ 96.3\\ 86.8\\ 98.7\\ 71.1\\ 73.2\\ 80.6\\ 98.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 92.4\\ 93.5\\ 96.5\\ 100.3\\ 84.5\\ 83.1\\ 92.5\\ 91.9\\ 90.3\\ 83.1\\ 107.3\\ 96.9\\ 97.8\\ 83.6\\ 99.0\\ 87.2\\ 99.9\\ 69.9\\ 73.8\\ 80.6\\ 99.0\\ 87.0\\ \end{array}$	84.7 83.2 94.2 92.1 122.3 91.6 83.2 107.3 98.4 87.3 100.0 74.0 77.0 83.7 99.7
Anthracite. Bituminous coal Coke Electricity Gas. Petroleum products <sup>1</sup> Revised series.		99 109 73 88	8.1     80.9       5.8     100.0       6.6     113.8       8.3     69.2       8.2     78.1       9.5     51.9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	81.0         82.2           03.7         104.9           22.2         122.2           81.0	Au Ca Pa Ru	ttle feed per and pu lbber, crud	d tubes lp e aneous		58.8 83.2 93.5 44.2 83.5	58.8 85.2 94.5 47.6 84.3	81.8 96.7 49.8	58. 8 88. 9 98. 0 45. 6 87. 4	98.8 46.0

<sup>1</sup>Revised series. Back figures.—For monthly and annual indexes of groups, see Annual Report for 1937 (table 86); for indexes of subgroups, see Annual Report for 1937 (table 87).

### CURRENT STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOK\* ON BANK CREDIT, MONEY RATES, AND BUSINESS

	Chart			1941				Chart		1941	
	book page	July 23	July 30	Aug. 6	Aug. 13	Aug. 20		book page	May	June	July
WEEKLY FIGURES 1 RESERVES AND CURRENCY			In bil	lions of d	ollars		MONTHLY FIGURES RESERVES AND CURRENCY	i	In bil	lions of d	ollars
Reserve Bank credit, total. U. S. Gov't. securities, by maturities, total Within 5 yrs Gold stock Treasury currency	5 5 3 3	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 25\\ 2.\ 18\\ .\ 95\\ 1.\ 23\\ 22.\ 66\\ 3.\ 16\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.25\\ 2.18\\ .95\\ 1.23\\ 22.67\\ 3.16\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.\ 23\\ 2.\ 18\\ .\ 95\\ 1.\ 23\\ 22.\ 68\\ 3.\ 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 25\\ 2.\ 18\\ .\ 95\\ 1.\ 23\\ 22.\ 70\\ 3.\ 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 27\\ 2.\ 18\\ .\ 95\\ 1.\ 23\\ 22.\ 71\\ 3.\ 18\end{array}$	Reserve Bank credit, total U. S. Gov't. securities Bills discounted Gold stock Money in circulation Treasury cash	7 7 2 2 2	2. 26 2. 18 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 22. 55 9. 19 2. 26	2.282.18(5)22.609.442.25	$2.302.18(^{5})22.659.672.30$
Money in circulation Treasury cash holdings Troasury deposits Nonmember deposits Member bank reserves Excess reservestotal • New York City Chicago	. 3 . 3 . 3 . 9 . 9	$\begin{array}{c} 9.\ 63\\ 2.\ 32\\ .\ 95\\ 1.\ 76\\ 13.\ 12\\ 5.\ 25\\ 2.\ 21\\ .\ 40\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9,70\\ 2,33\\ ,92\\ 1,75\\ 13,10\\ 5,16\\ 2,17\\ .37\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9.80 \\ 2.34 \\ .84 \\ 1.87 \\ 12.95 \\ 5.05 \\ 1.99 \\ .39 \\ .39 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9.79\\ 2.36\\ .92\\ 1.82\\ 12.95\\ 5.00\\ 1.86\\ .41\\ \end{array}$	9.84 2.38 .79 1.83 13.04 <i>p</i> 5.08 1.92 .41	Treasury deposits Reserve balances Required reserves Excess reserves Money in circulation, total Coins and bills under \$50. Bills of \$50 and over	2, 8 8 8 10	$\begin{array}{r} . \ 62 \\ 13. \ 65 \\ 7. \ 82 \\ 5. \ 83 \\ 9. \ 36 \\ 6. \ 68 \\ 2. \ 68 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} .99\\ 13.\ 20\\ 7.\ 85\\ 5.\ 35\\ 9.\ 61\\ 6.\ 89\\ 2.\ 73\end{array}$	.95     13.12     7.93     5.19     9.73     6.99     2.74
Reserve city banks Country banks •	9	1.79 .85	1,78 .84	1.80 .87	1.84 .89	1.84 P.91	TREASURY FINANCE U. S. Government debt: Direct obligations, total	19	47.16	48.39	48.97
Total, 101 cities: Loans and investment: Balances due to	16	28.65	28, 77	28.76	28. 87	29. 03	Bonds Notes Bills Special issues	19 19 19	$\begin{array}{r} 34.\ 00\\ 5.\ 72\\ 1.\ 60\\ 5.\ 83\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 34.97\\ 5.70\\ 1.60\\ 6.12\end{array}$	35, 34 5, 70 1, 60 6, 32
domestic banks Adjusted demand deposits	. 16	9. 12 24. 38	9.08 24.54	9.09 24.22	9. 22 24. 25	9. 22 24. 46	Guaranteed obligations MONEY RATES, ETC.	19	6.36 Per c	6.36 ent per ar	6.93 1.num
Time deposits New York City: Commercial loans Brokers' loans	17 17	5. 41 2. 30 . 33	5. 42 2. 32 . 34	5.43 2.34 .33	5. 43 2. 37 . 33	5, 44 2, 39 , 32	F. R. Bank discount rate, N. Y Treasury bills (new issues)	23 23	1.00 0.082	1.00 0.089	1.00 0.097
U. S. Gov't. obligation 100 cities outside New York Commercial loans U. S. Gov't. obligation	. 17	7.08 3.71 7.51	7.09 3.73 7.50	7.10 3.75 7.46	7.07 3.77 7.49	7.09 3.80 7.50	Treasury notes <sup>2</sup> U. S. Gov't. bonds <sup>3</sup> Commercial paper Corporate Aaa bonds	29 25 25, 29	0.44 1.92 .56 2.81	$\begin{array}{c} 0.38 \\ 1.91 \\ .56 \\ 2.77 \end{array}$	0.37 1.90 .50 2.74
MONEY BATES, ETC.			. <u> </u>	ent per an			Corporate Baa bonds	29	4.32	4.31	4.28
Treasury bills (new issues) Treasury notes <sup>2</sup> U. S. Gov't. bonds <sup>3</sup> Corporate Aaa bonds Corporate Baa bonds	21 21, 29 29	. 094 . 35 1. 90 2. 74 4. 27	.106 .33 1.90 2.74 4.27	$.114 \\ .33 \\ 1.93 \\ 2.74 \\ 4.26$	. 116 . 34 1. 97 2. 75 4. 27	$\begin{array}{c} .114\\ .33\\ 1.95\\ 2.75\\ 4.29\end{array}$	Stock prices (1926=100): Total Industrial Railroad Public utility Volume of trading(mill. shares): Brokers' balances(mill. dollars)	31 31	73. 0 85. 6 26. 7 67. 5 . 42	75. 3 88. 3 26. 7 69. 8 . 46	78.8 93.2 27.8 70.0 .76
			In u	nit indic	ated		Brokers' balances (mill. dollars): Credit extended customers Money borrowed Customers' free credit	33	622 403	616 395	628 388
Stock prices (1926=100): Total Industrial Railroad	. 31 . 31	r79.9 r94.6 28.4 70.5	80, 1 94, 9 28, 5 70, 1	79.7 94.6 28.3 69.9	78.0 92.3 27.8 68.9	78.3 92.8 28.0 68.8	balances BUSINESS CONDITIONS Wholesale prices.	33	262	255	266
Public utility Volume of trading (mill. shares) BUSINESS CONDITIONS		. 87	. 84	. 60	. 41	. 40	All commodities (1926=100): Total <sup>6</sup>	35.65	84. 9 76. 4 87. 4	87. 1 82. 1 88. 6	88. 8 85. 8 89. 7
Wholesale prices: All commodities (1926= Total Farm products Other 4	- 35 - 35	88. 8 86. 7 90, 0	89. 2 87. 2 90. 2	89.6 87.8 90.6	89.6 86.4 90.7	90.0 86.7 90.9	(Aug. 1939=100): Total. Finished Raw and semifinished Cost of living (1935-39=100):	37 37 37	109.5 106.4 115.9	111.3 107.9 118.2	113. 0 109. 1 120. 8
Basic commodities (Aug. 1939=100), tota 12 foodstuffs 16 industrial	1 36	149.9 156.0	151, 3 158, 2	151. 8 160. 8	$150.6 \\ 159.1$	151.0 161.5	All items. Rent. Clothing. Food.	39	102.9 105.8 102.7 102.1	104.6 105.8 103.3 105.9	$105.\ 2\\106.\ 1\\104.\ 2\\106.\ 7$
materials Steel production 7 (per cent of capacity) Automobile production		145.4 96.0	146.3 97.6	145. 2 96. 3	144.4 95.6	143. 4 96. 2	• Estimated. • Preliminary.	r Revis	sed.		<u> </u>
(thous. cars) Freight-car loadings (thous Total	. cars): - 45	105.6 897.4	62.1 883.1	41.8 878.5	45.6 890.4	45.5 899.8 276.0	Wednesday included in the w <sup>2</sup> Tax-exempt issues only. <sup>3</sup> Partially tax-exempt issues	eekly per only.	riod.		
Miscellaneous Electric power production (mill. kw. hrs.) Department store sales	- 46	368. 0 3, 184	364. 3 3, 226	360. 7 3, 196	368.4 3, 201	376. 9 3, 193	<ul> <li>4 Other than farm products a</li> <li><sup>5</sup> Less than \$5,000,000.</li> <li><sup>6</sup> Estimate for August is show</li> <li><sup>7</sup> Revised figures based on caj</li> </ul>	vn on p. 9 pacity as	917. of June :	30, 1941.	
(1935-39=100) F.H.A. home mortgages new constr. (thous.)		87 5.15	102 3.97	116 5. 48	114 5. 03	119 4. 55	*Copies of this chart book ca each.	n be obt:	ained at i	a price of	50 cents

#### CURRENT STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOK-Continued

	Chart		1941			Chart		1941	
	book page	May	June	July		book page	May	June	July
MONTHLY FIGURES (cont.) BUSINESS CONDITIONS (cont.)		In	unit indic	cated	MONTHLY FIGURES (cont.) INTERNATIONAL FINANCE			1926—100	)
Industrial production:1 <sup>2</sup> Total (1935-39=100) Durable manufactures Iron and steel Machinery, etc Other durable Nondurable manufactures Textiles and leather	41 42 42 42 41	$150 \\ 66, 9 \\ 18, 2 \\ 33, 3 \\ 15, 4 \\ 63, 9 \\ 21, 0$	$157 \\ 71.2 \\ 20.0 \\ 35.4 \\ 15.8 \\ 66.0 \\ 21.2$	p161 p74.8 p20.2 p38.3 p16.3 p66.1 p21.5	Wholesale prices: Canada. Germany. Japan. Sweden. Switzerland. United Kingdom.	65 65 65 65 65 65	$\begin{array}{r} 88.5\\p83.6\\137.7\\135.8\\125.8\\122.1\end{array}$	90. 0 p83. 6 139. 8 137. 4 128. 1 123. 0	<u> </u>
Paper and printing Foods, liquors, and tobacco Other nondurable	$\frac{42}{42}$	12.3 17.1 13.4	$     12.7 \\     17.6 \\     14.4 $	p12.8 p17.6 p14.2	Foreign exchange rates:			nts per u ign curre	
Minerals New orders, shipments, and inventories (Jan. 1939=100): New orders, total. Durable, total.	41, 42	19. 1 19. 1 207 290	20. 2 229 330	<sup>p</sup> 19.6 <sup>p</sup> 226 <sup>p</sup> 336	Argentina (peso) Canada (dollar) Japan (yen) <sup>7</sup> Switzerland (franc) <sup>8</sup> United Kingdom (pound)	67 67 66 66 67	$\begin{array}{r} 29.77\\ 87.42\\ 23.44\\ 23.20\\ 403.10\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 29.\ 77\\ 88.\ 18\\ 23.\ 44\\ 23.\ 21\\ 403.\ 16\end{array}$	29.77 88.27 23.44 403.23
Iron and steel Machinery Shipments, total	43 43 43	$307 \\ 287 \\ 180$	289 304 191	<sup>p</sup> 276 <sup>p</sup> 316 <sup>p</sup> 184				1941	
Durable Inventories, total Durable	43 43	219 126 137	233 129 139	р221 р131 р141			Mar.	Apr.	May
Nondurable Freight-car loadings: <sup>1 2</sup> Total (1935-39=100) <sup>3</sup>	43	114 135	117 139	p121 138			In bil	lions of d	lollars
Coal Miscellaneous All other	57	29.4 74.4 31.5	33.1 76.3 29.2	$31.9 \\ 76.8 \\ 29.1$	Increase in U. S. gold stock: <sup>5</sup> Total Net capital inflow:	63	15.35	15.48	15. 55
			23-25=1	l	Total Inflow of foreign capital Return of domestic capital Merchandise export surplus Other factors	62, 63 62 63 63	r6. 19 r4. 17 1. 93 4. 62 4. 54	r6.33 4.27 1.96 4.72 4.44	$\begin{array}{c} 6.32 \\ 4.25 \\ 1.98 \\ 4.81 \\ 4.43 \end{array}$
Factory employment Factory payrolls A verage hourly earnings (cents per hour)	51, 53	124, 9 144, 1 72, 6	127. 8 152. 1 73. 8	p130. 5 p152. 5	Short-term foreign assets and liabili- ties of banks: Liabilities to foreigners Foreign assets Net foreign liabilities	64 64	3. 77 . 39 3. 38	3. 88 . 36 3. 52	3.89 .36 3.53
A verage hours worked (hours per week) Department store sales <sup>3</sup> Department store stocks <sup>1</sup>	51 59 59	$40.8 \\ 105 \\ 74$	41.3 104 77	115 81	Net loreign habinties	64		3, 52	
Department store stores '	08		llions of d	<u> </u>			Oct	Jan	Apr
Residential contracts awarded: Total	47	174	187	191			Dec.	Mar.	June
Public Private, total 1- and 2-family dwellings	47	47 127 110	72 115 101	$53 \\ 139 \\ 124$	QUARTERLY FIGURES		In bil	lions of d	ollars
Other Construction contracts awarded:4 Total Residential	47 49 49	17 414 162	14 478 185	15 <i>p</i> 463 <i>p</i> 192	Cash income and outgo of U.S. Treas.: Cash income Cash outgo Excess of cash outgo Domestic corporation security issues,	18 18 18	1. 90 3. 17 1. 27	2. 84 3. 89 1. 05	2, 62 4, 46 1, 84
Other Nonagricultural employment (mill. persons): Total		252 38. 32	293 38.86	₽271 ₽39, 24	total	32 32 32	1.05 .28 .77	.78 .17 .61	. 61 . 19 . 42
Manufacturing and mining Trade Government	50	$\begin{array}{r} 12.\ 41 \\ 6.\ 42 \\ 4.\ 05 \end{array}$	12.65 6.53 4.13	P12. 87 P6. 50 P4. 16			Per co	ent per a	nnum
Transportation and public utili- ties Construction	50 50	3. 19 1. 78	3.24 1.82	p3.29 p1.88	Bank rates on customers' loans: Total, 19 cities	25	2.59	2.58	2.55
Income payments: 16           Total           Salaries and wages           Other	54	r7, 205 r4, 896 r2, 309	r7, 339 r5, 002 r2, 337	7, 423 5, 066 2, 357	New York City7 7 other Northern and Eastern cities11 Southern and Western cities	27 27 27	2.00 2.53 3.36	2, 06 2, 53 3, 25	1, 95 2, 58 3, 23
Cash farm income: Total Crops Livestock and products Gov't payments Exports and imports;	55 55 55	$771 \\ 212 \\ 535 \\ 24$	798 237 536 25	p902 p335 p552 p15	<ul> <li>Preliminary, r Revised</li> <li>Adjusted for seasonal variation.</li> <li>In points in total index.</li> <li>Estimate for August is shown on p</li> <li>Three months moving average, a</li> </ul>	). 917. diusted (		nal varia	tion.
Excess of exports	61 61 61	385 297 88	338 280 58		<ul> <li><sup>5</sup> Cumulated from January 31, 1934.</li> <li><sup>6</sup> Revised series. Table and chart upon request.</li> </ul>	t of back			
					<sup>7</sup> No rate certified since July 25, 19 <sup>8</sup> No rate certified since June 14, 19	41. 41.			

#### **CURRENT STATISTICS FOR FEDERAL RESERVE CHART BOOK** ---Continued [In billions of dollars]

		[		ionaroj								
	Chart	19	38		19	39			1940		19	41
	book page	Sept. 28	Dec. 31	Mar. 29	June 30	Oct. 2	Dec. 30	Mar. 26	June 29	Dec. 31	Apr. 4	June 30
CALL REPORT FIGURES ALL BANKS IN THE U. S.												
Total deposits and currency Demand deposits adjusted Time deposits Currency outside banks Loans and investments, total Loans Investments	12	57. 65 25. 10 26. 27 5. 50 48. 24 21. 04 27. 21	26.01 26.38 5.83 48.87 21.30	26.56	60. 95 27. 35 26. 80 6. 01 49. 62 21. 32 28. 30	62. 87 29. 09 26. 81 6. 19 49. 95 21. 63 28. 32	29.79 27.06 6.40 50.88 22.17	27. 28 6. 23 51. 14	66. 96 31. 96 27. 47 6. 70 51. 34 22. 34 29. 00	70, 75 34, 94 27, 74 7, 32 54, 19 23, 74 30, <b>4</b> 5	>36. 10 >27. 90 > 7. 78 56. 15 24. 32	P28.00 P8.21 P57.90
MEMBER BANKS												1
Investments, total 1 U. S. Government obligations: Direct	14	18.69 10.71	18.86 10.88	10.69	19, <b>4</b> 6 10, 95	19. 61 10. 89	19.98 11.18	11, 31	20, 48 11, 60	21. 81 12. 34	13. 50	14.24
Guaranteed State and local government obligations Other domestic securities Foreign securities Loans, total 1	14 14 14	2.30 2.30 3.19 .18 12.94	2.34 2.45 3.01 .18 13.21	2.56 2.96 .18	2.83 2.55 2.94 .19 13.14	2.92 2.76 (2) (3) 13.47	3. 14 2. 69 2. 77 . 19 13. 96	2.91 (3) (1)	3. 12 2. 89 2. 70 . 17 13. 97	3.49 3.01 2.80 .17 15.32	3. 21 (1) (2)	2.98 2.72 .15
Commercial loans (incl. open-market paper) Street loans (Brokers' loans) Other loans on securities * Real estate loans All other loans i *	15 15 15 15	6.97 .53 2.77 2.66	<sup>3</sup> 5. 89 <sup>3</sup> . 79 <sup>3</sup> . 96 2. 72 2. 85	5.96 .67 .90 2.75	5. 99 . 56 . 91 2. 83 2. 85	(3) (3) (2) (2) (3)	6, 57 .61 .88 2, 96 2, 94	(1) (1) (2) (1)	6. 72 . 32 . 80 3. 07 3. 06	7.52 .47 .83 3.23 3.27	(2) (1) (1) (2)	8. 55 . 57 . 63 3. 37 3. 61
SEMI-ANNUAL FIGURES Ownership of U. S. Government Obligations												
Total direct and guaranteed obligations outstanding a Amount held by:		<b>-</b>	43. 89		45. 34		47.07		47.87	50.36		54.75
U. S. Government agencies and trust funds: Public issues. Special issues. Federal Reserve Banks. Commercial banks.	20 20		3.16 2.56		3.77 2.55		4.23		4.78	5.37		6.12
Mutual savings banks. Insurance companies. Other investors.	20 20		2.88 r <sup>6</sup> 5.60		3.04 5.80		3.10		3.11	3.22 6.50		p 6 6. 60

Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Series not shown in Chart Book. <sup>2</sup> Figures available for June and December dates only.
 <sup>3</sup> Figures are reported on somewhat different basis beginning December 31, 1938. For detailed explanation of the changes and for estimates on old basis as of December 31, 1938, see BULLETIN for A pril 1939, page 332.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes since December 31, 1938, only loans made for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities; loans on securities made for other purposes are included in commercial loans and in all other loans.
 <sup>5</sup> Includes loans to banks and other loans under new classification beginning December 31, 1938. <sup>4</sup> Partly estimated.

AUGUST CROP REPORT, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS [Based on estimates of the Department of Agriculture, by States, as of August 1, 1941] [In thousands of units]

Federal Reserve district         Produc- tion 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion Aug. 1, 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion Aug. 1, 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion Aug. 1, 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion Aug. 1, 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940           Federal Reserve district         Oats         Tame hay         Tobacco         White potate Aug. 1, 1940           Federal Reserve district         Produc- tion 1940         Estimate Aug. 1, 1940         Produc- tion 1940         Pr		Col	tton	C	orn	Winter	wheat	Spring	wheat
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Federal Reserve district	Produc- tion	Estimate Aug. 1,	Produe- tion	Estimate Aug. 1,	Produc- tion	Estimate Aug. 1,	Produc- tion	Estimate Aug. 1, 1941
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	New York Philadelphia. Cleveland. Richmond Atlanta. Chicago. St. Louis Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas. San Francisco.	1, 730 2, 304 1 3, 277 666 3, 869 720	946 2, 041 2 3, 546 446 3, 132 706	$\begin{array}{c} 7,366\\ 25,393\\ 47,863\\ 160,404\\ 135,014\\ 178,019\\ 965,662\\ 326,128\\ 265,502\\ 225,245\\ 105,113\\ 7,491 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7,679\\ 27,498\\ 48,911\\ 202,261\\ 135,238\\ 178,783\\ 1,045,392\\ 342,540\\ 258,299\\ 242,724\\ 90,020\\ 8,229\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8,786\\ 16,901\\ 47,351\\ 26,663\\ 6,508\\ 63,298\\ 62,531\\ 24,756\\ 232,606\\ 29,957\\ 69,794 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7, 327\\ 16, 580\\ 55, 298\\ 27, 251\\ 6, 955\\ 61, 072\\ 52, 978\\ 36, 576\\ 281, 793\\ 36, 105\\ 103, 031 \end{array}$	88 92 158 77 1, 921 77 187, 516 6, 522 105 30, 991	Bushels 80 88 154 58 231, 379 7, 124 158 25, 006 265, 987
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		0	ats	Tam	e hay	Tob	acco	White g	potatoes
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Federal Reserve district	tion	Aug. 1,	tion	Aug. 1,	tion	Aug. 1,	tion	Estimate Aug. 1, 1941
Total	Destan							Bushels	Bushels

Includes 18,000 bales grown in miscellaneous territory.
 Includes 19,000 bales grown in miscellaneous territory.

NOTE.-1940 figures for cotton are as revised in August 1941.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: NEW AND REVISED INDEXES 1935-39 average = 100

						1935-3	9 averag	e = 100								
	W	ithout s	easonal a	djustmer	nt				Adjı	isted for	season:	al variat	ion			
Year and month	Trans- porta- tion equip- ment	Air- craft	Auto- mobile bodies, parts and assem- bly	Non- ferrous metals and pro- ducts	Tin con- sump- tion	Trans- porta- tion equip- ment	Air- craft	Auto- inobile bodies, parts and assem- bly	Auto- mo- bile fac- tory sales	Non- fer- rous metals and pro- ducts	Non- fer- rous metal smelt- ing	Tin con- sump- tion	Min- erals	Metals	Iron ore ship- ments	Lead pro- duc- tion
1935	93	48	104	80	93											
1936 1937	110 123	76 105	114 121	104 122	111 117	• • • • <b>•</b> • • • •										
1938 1939	72	97	67	80	76											
1939	103 145	174 419	94 116	115 137	103     111											
1935—Jan.	84	40	97	67	83	86	41	97		68		89				
Feb Mar	104	43	119 122	76 78	97 107	94 94	43 41	107 · 106		75		$\frac{99}{104}$			• • • • •	
Apr.	111	44	124	81	110	93	44	104		78		105				
May June	100	44 47	112 94	76 73	99 89	90 85	43 45	102 95		75 74		97 88				
July Aug	78	48 52	86 81	74 78	92 95	85	48	96 100		77 80		93 94				
Sept.	$73 \\ 64$	52	74	82	95 81	89 91	51 54	103		82	• - • • • • - • • • • - • • • -	81				
Oct Nov	89 110	55 56	101 121	89 95	83 86	95 98	55 57	104 106		88 92		84 86			- <b></b>	
Dec	107	56	117	95	91	99	56	108		96		93				· · · · · · ·
1936-Jan.	100	57	108	94	91	101	58	108		96		98 93				
Feb Mar	91 103	61 65	95 106	91 93	$92 \\ 93$	89 96	61 65	92 99		92 91		90				
Apr. May	119 121	70 78	122 124	98 100	108     111	$104 \\ 110$	70 76	107 113		94 98		103 109				
June	115	80	119	101	121	114	77	120		102		119				
July Aug,	109	80 77	110 92	98 100	$115 \\ 110$	118 114	80 77	$123 \\ 116$		103 103		116 109				
Sept	85	79	86	112	120	115	82	116		111		120				
Oet Nov	109 132	83 87	115 139	118 124	$120 \\ 123$	114 118	83 88	117 120		116 120		121 123				
Dec	139	98	147	123	122	128	98	134		125		125				
1937—Jan Feb	117 126	97 105	119 128	$124 \\ 127$	$\begin{array}{c} 119\\125\end{array}$	119 124	99 105	119 125	<b></b>	127 129		128 128				
Mar	135	113	135	136	134	127	113	127		133		130				
Apr. May	137	115 114	134 140	$     141 \\     139   $	$135 \\ 132$	$125 \\ 129$	115 112	123 128		136 137		129 128	$110 \\ 112$	$\frac{126}{137}$	173 174	
June	134	115	132	135	129	133	113	133		136		126	115	138	174	
July Aug	121 115	96 105	117 110	$125 \\ 124$	$\frac{120}{124}$	$136 \\ 140$	$\frac{96}{105}$	$\frac{138}{139}$		131 128		121 124	$113 \\ 116$	$\frac{140}{147}$	$175 \\ 176$	
Sept Oct	102 130	93 101	101 132	$124 \\ 112$	$\frac{127}{97}$	$     \begin{array}{c}       131 \\       127     \end{array} $	96 101	$130 \\ 126$		123 110		$^{127}_{98}$	$115 \\ 113$	$\frac{127}{120}$	$159 \\ 131$	
Nov	122	101	121	100	91	109	100	105		97		91	110	119	131	
Dec	95	98	88	81	73	88	98	80		81		75	107	111	125	
1938—Jan Feb	71 69	97 101	62 61	$\begin{array}{c} 74 \\ 72 \end{array}$	$\frac{69}{81}$	$\frac{72}{68}$	99 101	$\frac{62}{59}$	$65 \\ 60$	$     74 \\     72 $		74 81	103 98	$\frac{105}{99}$	107 88	
Mar Apr	68 68	101 99	60 61	$     74 \\     72   $	79 81		101 99	57	57	72		76	97 95	91 86	70	<b>-</b>
May	63	98	55	69	77	62	96	$\frac{56}{56}$	54 51	69 68		77 74	90	79	55 34	93
June July	60 53	94 93	53 45	65 67	$\frac{73}{76}$		92 93	$\frac{56}{57}$	49 50	65 71	$\frac{71}{66}$	72 77	$92 \\ 94$	78 82	47 49	87 82
Aug	50	90 90	45	77	73	63	90	59	51	80	77	74	97	84	50	80 85
Sept Oct	65 87	94	63 90	85 98	$\frac{70}{76}$	70 80	93 94		56 69	85 96	$\frac{81}{95}$	$\frac{72}{76}$	98 98	85 86	50 54	87
Nov Dec	102 105	98 106	103 104	105 101	78 78	90 96	97 106	89 94	$\frac{98}{102}$	$102 \\ 101$	107     111	78 79	102 102	$\frac{92}{95}$	$51 \\ 53$	$102 \\ 103$
1939—Jan	100	110	98	96	76	90 98	100	96	102	97	108	80	102	97	60	114
Feb.	98 99	120 125	94 94	96 98	84 89	96 93	120	91	98	96	105	84 88	102 103	100 96	68	106 98
Apr	102	137	96	97	95	94	$\frac{125}{137}$	88 88	96 92	96 94	99 98	90	92	106	77 79	95
May June	94	153	85 85	95 96	$100 \\ 101$	94 99	$153 \\ 171$	86 91	$\frac{83}{84}$	94 97	95 98	96 98	96 105	98 106	85 98	$100 \\ 102$
July	83 82	180 190	70 72	97	96	101	180	93	80	102	98	97	107	102	102	$102 \\ 106$
Sept.	105	189	99	$     108 \\     132   $	100     115	104 109	$     190 \\     189 $	96 101 :	80 84	112 131	104 118	$101 \\ 118$	92 114	$105 \\ 121$	108     119	109
Oet Nov	119 117	212 241	111 104	$     152 \\     160   $	$134 \\ 133$	109 107	$212 \\ 241$	97 91	93 92	$\frac{149}{156}$	$123 \\ 130$	$135 \\ 133$	$\frac{119}{120}$	$\frac{128}{131}$	$\frac{133}{155}$	109 113
Dec	138	266	123	152	122	127	266	112	125	154	136	126	115	125	122	115
1940—Jan. Feb.	132 132	282 283	116 115	$     143 \\     131 $	$\frac{116}{105}$	130 130	$\frac{282}{283}$	$\frac{113}{111}$	124	145	$\frac{136}{131}$	$121 \\ 105$	$     118 \\     114 $	$\frac{127}{130}$	$\frac{132}{142}$	$     114 \\     116 $
Mar	138	300	118	127	100	131	300	111	123 119	133 124	131	- 98	117	133	151	117
Apr. May	135 130	307 331	116 106	124 124	107     110	$\frac{126}{129}$	$307 \\ 331$	107     109	114 109	$120 \\ 122$	$     130 \\     131 $	$104 \\ 106$	$\frac{119}{117}$	$\begin{array}{c} 134 \\ 134 \end{array}$	$\frac{149}{152}$	$116 \\ 119$
June	132	374	106	126	120	135	374	113	103	126	128	114	119	134	155	117
July Aug	$110 \\ 122$	398 460	77 91	$     126 \\     133   $	$\frac{115}{115}$	129 149	$\frac{398}{460}$	$\begin{array}{c}101\\121\end{array}$	83 71	$     131 \\     137 $	$\frac{132}{132}$	116 117	$\frac{120}{113}$	$\frac{137}{123}$	$159 \\ 159$	$\frac{115}{114}$
Sept Oct	154 179	508 552	119 142	143     153	$108 \\ 108$	159	508 552	121	110	144	$132 \\ 133$	113 109	$117 \\ 113$	$128 \\ 137$	155 163	$\frac{112}{117}$
Nov	185	600	143	158	112	$\frac{165}{171}$	600	$\frac{125}{125}$	130 134	$150 \\ 156$	135	112	118	148	192	113
Dec	188	635	138	162	112	177	635	125	129	162	137	115	119	152	186	116
1941—Jan. Feb.	194 207		$\frac{138}{148}$	$     166 \\     173   $	$     114 \\     130   $	$\frac{190}{203}$	$\frac{685}{741}$	$134 \\ 143$	$144 \\ 152$	$167 \\ 173$	$137 \\ 142$	$\frac{119}{130}$	$\frac{118}{118}$	$\frac{144}{152}$	187 189	116     116
Mar	214	768	150	179	146	207	768	142	143	179	142	143	125	148	191	118
Apr. May	$\frac{206}{230}$	823 872	$136 \\ 153$	$     184 \\     189   $	$151 \\ 153$	197 229	823 872	124 153	$122 \\ 151$	$\frac{183}{188}$	$\frac{147}{148}$	147 147	$\frac{96}{125}$	150 149	$\frac{200}{197}$	$\frac{119}{115}$
June July	243 235	922 p1,030	161 136	185 p186	148	242 261	922 p1,030	161 P171	148 154	184 187	144 p143	141	133 P130	161 p147	200 207	117
Aug.																
Sept Oct																
Nov.																
Dec.			•••••													

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION : NEW AND REVISED INDEXES—Continued 1935-39 average = 100

								Montl	nly							An	inual	
Year and month	St	eel	Elec ste		Zi smel		Le shipn		Cop- per smelt-	Non- dur- able	Tex- tiles	Tex- tile fab-	Chem-	Petrol- eum & coal	Cop- per pro-			Elec-
monen	Ad- jus-	Un- ad-	Ad- ius-	Un- ad-	Ad- jus-	Un- ad-	Ad- jus-	Un- ad-	ing	manu- factures		ries	icals	prod- ucts	duc- tion	Year	Steel	tric steel
	ted	jus- ted	ted	jus- ted	ted	jus- ted	ted	jus- ted		Adjus -	sted fo	r seasor	al varis	ition				
1940-Jan Feb Mar May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	151 125 108 107 130 155 162 166 175 178 177 181	$148 \\ 127 \\ 117 \\ 114 \\ 131 \\ 152 \\ 154 \\ 161 \\ 171 \\ 176 \\ 178 \\ 181 \\$	$182 \\171 \\160 \\165 \\181 \\200 \\210 \\219 \\247 \\259 \\263 \\283$	$179 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 175 \\ 182 \\ 196 \\ 199 \\ 212 \\ 242 \\ 257 \\ 265 \\ 283$	$133 \\ 135 \\ 130 \\ 133 \\ 135 \\ 130 \\ 141 \\ 140 \\ 148 \\ 147 \\ 147 \\ 152 \\$	$136 \\ 138 \\ 137 \\ 135 \\ 128 \\ 133 \\ 143 \\ 143 \\ 147 \\ 147 \\ 152 \\$	  132 145 158	138 155 165	$144\\134\\137\\132\\132\\131\\131\\133\\129\\130\\135\\135$	120 124	  134 140	132 135		 	147 141 141 144 143 142 139 137 141 143 145	1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934	$\begin{array}{c} 98\\ 83\\ 101\\ 107\\ 100\\ 115\\ 127\\ 91\\ 59\\ 31\\ 54\\ 61\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
1941—Jan Feb Mar May June July Aug Sept Oct	186 187 193 193 196 196 197	186 187 193 193 196 196 197	291 300 305 340 355 359 365	291 300 305 340 355 359 365	153 158 163 164 170 170 173	153 158 163 164 170 170 173	161 165 172 186 205 208 202	166 165 172 186 205 208 202	133 140 136 145 144 136 132	123 126 127 130 135 139 p138	$138 \\ 143 \\ 146 \\ 150 \\ 157 \\ 156 \\ p156 \\ \dots \\ $	133 140 143 146 152 151 <i>p</i> 151	122 123 123 132 135 142 146	122 123 123 121 125 127 p127	148 153 148 152 159 155 158	1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	81 114 121 68 115 151	76 108 118 71 128 212
Nov Dec																		

<sup>p</sup>Preliminary.

				1935-3	9 averag	e = 100							
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year
Without seasonal adjustment						1							
1923	82	85	89	91	93	92	89	89	89	89	86	80	88
1924	83	87	87	84	81	77	74	78	83	85	84	83	88 82
1925	87	89	90	90	<b>91</b>	89	89	90	91	95 ·	94	90	90
1926	90	93	95	95	95	95	93	98	101	102	98	91	96
1927	93	97	100	97	98	97	93	96	97	96	9ĭ	87	95
1928	91	95	97	97	99	98	97	102	106	107	104	99	99
1929	103	108	110	113	115	115	112	114	116	114	104	93	110
1930	96	99	98	100	199	95	88	87	89	86	80	74	91
1931	75	79	80	82	82	78	75	74	73	70	67	63	75
1932	62	63	62	59	57	55	52	54	60	62	59	55	58
1933	$56^{-0.2}$	58	54	59	69	79	84 84	81	80	74	68	66	60
1934	69	75	79	81	82	80	73	73	72	73	71	74	69 75
1935	80	85	85	84	84	84	83	87	91	95	95	93	87
1936	91	91	93	99	102	103	103	106	110	114	114	114	103
1937			120	121	102	119	103	119	118	111	97	86	113
1938	111	$\frac{115}{82}$	83	82	123			91	97	100	102	99	89
1020	82					81	84			100	102	122	108
1939	97	99	100	98	99	102	102	106 124	$     119 \\     132 $	120	120	136	108
1940	117	113	112	112	117	121	120	124	132	130	130	130	123
1941	135	140	144	144	155	160	p159						
Adjusted for seasonal variation													1
1923	85	86	89	91	92	91	90	88	87	86	86	84	
1924	86	88	86	83	80	76	75	78	81	82	84	86	
1925	89	89	89	90	90	89	91	90	88	91	94	95	
1926	93	93	95	94	94	95	95	96	98	98	97	97	
1927	96	97	99	96	97	96	95	95	94	92	92	93	
1928	94	95	96	95	97	98	99	101	101	103	105	107	
1929	108	108	108	110	112	113	114	114	112	110	105	100	
1930	100	100	98	98	96	93	89	86	85	83	81	79	
1931	78	79	80	80	80	77	76	73	70	68	67	66	
1932	64	63	62	58	56	54	53	54	58	60	59	58	
1933	58	57	54	58	68	78	85	82	77	73	69	70	
1934.	72	75	79	$79^{-0.0}$	80	79	73	72	1 70	71	72	77	
1935	83	85	84	82	83	84	84	87	89	92	94	95	
1936	94	92	93	98	100	103	104	106	108	110	113	116	1
	116	118	120	120	121	119	120	119	115	107	96	87	
			84	82	81	81	86	90	93	96	100	101	
	85	84						105		121	124	125	1
	101	101	101	98	98	103	105		114	121	124	125	
	122	116	113	112	116	122	122	124	127	130	134	139	
1941	140	144	147	144	154	159	₽161						
	1	1	1	I	I	1		1	I	1	1	1	I

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.

#### **PRODUCTION OF MANUFACTURES**

				1935-3	9 average	e = 100							
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Year
Without seasonal adjustment													
1923	81	85	89	91.	91	90	85	85	87	86	84	79 '	86
1924	82	86	87	85	80	75	71	76	81	83	83	82	81
1925	86	90	91		90	88	87	88	91	95	95	91	90
1926	91	95	97	96	95	94	91	96	100	99	95	89	95
1927	91	96	99	99	98	96	$\tilde{92}$	95	96	94	90	86	94
1928	90	96	98	99	99	98	97	102	105	106	103	99	99
1929	103	108	113	116	117	116	112	114	116	114	103	\$2	110
1930	95		100	102	99		87	86	88	84	78	73	69
	95 74	$100 \\ 70$	100	83	99 82	94		80 73	72	68 68	64	61	74
		79				78	74						57
	61	62	60	58	56	54	50	52	59	60	57	54	67
1933	54	56	51	58	68	79	84	80	78	73	67	65	68
1934	67	74	79	82	82	80	71	72	70	71	70	73	74
1935	80	85	85	85	84	83	83		92	95	95	93	87
1936	90	- 90	94	101	103	104	103	107	111	114	115	115	104
1937	113	117	121	124	124	120	118	119	117	109	95	82	113
1938	78	80	82	80	80	79	83	90	96	99	101	99	87
1939	97	98	100	99	99	102	102	108	119	126	127	124	108
1940	118	114	112	112	117	122	120	125	133	138	139	140	124
1941	139	144	149	153	160	165	P165	120	100	100	100		
1011	159	144	145	100	100	105	7100						
Adjusted for seasonal variation													1
	0.0	84	87	00	90	e0 .	60	86	62	84	84	83	l
	83			89		89	88 73		$\frac{85}{79}$				
	84	86	85	83	79	75		76		81	83		~
	88	89	89	89	88	88	89	88	89	93	95	97	· -
1926	94	94	94	93	93	94	94	95	97	96	95	95	
1927	95	95	96	96 (	96	96	95	95	93	91	91	92	
1928	94	95	95	95	97	98	99	101	102	104	106	108	-
1929	108	108	109 [	111	112	115	115	114	113	111	105	99	
1930	100	100	98	98	96	93	88	86	84	82	80	78	
1931	78	79	80	80	79	77	75	73	69	66	65	64	
1932	63	62	60	56	55	53	51	53	56	58	58	57	
1933	56	55	51	57	67	78	85	81	77	72	68	68	
1934	70	74	78	79	80	78	72	71	68	$\frac{1}{70}$	71	76	
1935	83	85	84	83	82	83	84	88	90	93	95	66	
1936	94	91	93	99	101	104	105	107	109	111	114	118	
	118	119	120	122	123	104	105	107	115	106	93	84	
												101	
	82	82	82	79	79	79	84	- 89	.92	95	100		
1939	101	101	100	99	99	103	104	108	114	122	125	127	
1949	123	116	112	111	116	122	123	126	129	134	137	142	
1941	144	148	151	153	160	164	P166						
	1	-		1	1								

» Preliminary.

#### **PRODUCTION OF DURABLE MANUFACTURES**

1:35-3) average = 100

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year
Without seasonal adjustment													
.923	93	98	106	111	113	111	105	104	104	103	100	94	103
924	97	106	109	105	95	86	81	- 88	91	94	92	- 93	95
925	109	105	110	110	108	105	103	102	105	114	113	109	107
926	107	114	119	119	119	116	112	117	117	116	109	100	11-
927	102	112	118	118	117	110	104	108	105	103	- 96	94 -	10
923	100	130	116	119	119	118	115	122	123	125	118	114	11
929	120	130	139	144	147	145	139	140	137	132	115	- 99	13.
930	105	115	117	119	116	107	94	91	89	83	75	69	6
931	71	78	82	84	81	73	66	62	58	54	52	49	6
932	48	48	46	46	45	42	36	34	37	38	37	36	4
933	35	37	33	$\tilde{42}$	52	65	74	72	66	61	52	53 -	5
934	55	66	74	80	$\tilde{82}$	$79^{-0.0}$	63	60	57	55	54	ĞŎ	6/
935	73	81	$\dot{82}$	83	81	77	76	83	85	92	96	84	8
936	89	88	94	107	111	112	109	310	112	120	122	124	105
937	118	125	133	137	$\hat{139}$	131	130	131	125	117	98	79	122
938	70	71	73	72	70	68	69	76	83	92	98	95	7
939	92	94	97	97	95	100	99	105	118	134	137	136	10
940	128	121	121	120	127	134	131	139	150	159	161	104	13:
941	166	171	178	182	192	198	p197	100	1.00	100	101	1.71	1 10
	100			.02	-02	100	- 107						
Adjusted for seasonal variation	98	98	103	106	108	108	107	104	104	102	102	102	1
924	102	106	104	100	91	85	83	88	91	93	94	100	
925	105	105	105	104	104	104	105	101	105	113	116	119	
926	114	113	113	113	113	114	114	115	116	115	113	110	
927	110	111	112	111	111	108	106	106	103	101	100	164	
928	108	110	110	111	112	114	117	120	103	101	126	130	
929	131	129	132	134	136	140	141	140	135	124	120	111	
930	113	113	112	134	107	102	95	91	89	84	80	77 :	
931	76	77	78	77	75	70	90 67	62	58	55	54	54	
	51	48	45		42	40	36	02 34	37	33	39	39	
		48   37	32	43 39	42 48		30 75			63	59 54	57	
	38	65			48 76	62		73	68			65	• • • • • • • •
	59		71	73		76	$\frac{62}{50}$	60	58	57	57		
	76	80	79	78	77	75	78	85	. 88	91	94	96	
	93	90	92	101	106	110	112	113	115	118	121	125	
937	125	128	130	132	133	129	134	135	129	114	95	80	
938	74	73	72	69	68	66	71	78	83	89	96	97	
939	97	97	96	93	93	99	102	108	118	129	134	138	
940	134	124	118	116	123	133	136	143	151	155	157	165	
941	171	176	180	180	190	195	p230 -						

Preliminary.

#### **IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTION**

				1935-3	9 average	e = 100							<u> </u>
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year
Without seasonal adjustment	•												
1923	111	111	118	120	124	116	109	109	102	104	95	88	109
1924	105	117	121	$102 \\ 102$	79	63	103	72	82	89	92	105	90
1925	120	120	121	102	100	95	92	98	103	111	115	103	108
1926	118	119	$121 \\ 127$	122	115	112	109	114	116	117	111	104	115
1927	110	121	130	124	118	106	97	102	99	97	94	95	108
1928	113	$121 \\ 122$	$130 \\ 128$	127	121	112	113	119	122	132	127	120	103
1929	113	$122 \\ 137$	$120 \\ 145$	146	151	112	113	119	135	132	108	90	133
1929	129	137	145	122	115	$143 \\ 103$	88	89	135 85	78	67	59 59	97
1930	70	79	86	81	73	$103 \\ 63$	56	49	46	45	46	38	61
	42				32		24	23			40 30	$\frac{38}{25}$	32
	42	44	40	37		27			29	30			54
	28	33	25	38	53	72	90	81	68	59	45	52	) 54 61
1934 1935	56	68	78	85	95	89	45	40	38	42	46	55	
	79	86	81	.77	75	67	67	82	84	89	93	91	81
1936	87	89	94	115	115	117	115	119	124	129	128	131	114
1937	135	140	149	150	148	126	137	142	134	101	68	47	123
1938	52	55	58	58	52	48	58	72	80	89	105	93	68
1939	92	96	100	90	83	94	96	110	131	157	164	156	114
1940	147	126	115	112	128	149	151	158	166	171	172	174	147
1941	179	179	184	181	184	184	185						
Adjusted for seasonal variation													
1923	108	104	110	114	122	117	115	112	107	105	99	93	
1924	102	109	109	97	78	65	61	74	85	90	96	111	1
1925	117	113	109	103	99	99	99	100	106	111	119	125	
1926	116	112	114	115	113	116	117	116	119	118	116	112	
1927	110	114	117	115	115	109	104	104	101	97	- 98	104	
1928	115	115	115	117	116	116	120	123	125	132	132	134	1
1929	131	127	131	135	145	147	152	146	138	131	112	103	
1930	110	115	111	112	110	104	94	91	86	78	69	68	
1931	72	72	79	75	70	64	59	50	47	46	48	44	
1932	42	40	37	34	30	27	25	24	29	30	30	28	
1933	29	30	23	35	51	73	95	83	69	59	46	58	
1934	57	64	73	79	91	90	47	41	39	42	48	60	
1935	81	82	76	72		68	70	84	85	90	95	96	
1936	89	87	88	107	111	119	120	122	127	130	132	136	
1937	139	138	139	142	145	119	144	146	127	102	68	48	
1937	53	54	54	54	51	49	60	74	82	90	104	96	
	95	95	93	85	82	49 95		113	134		163	162	
							101			158			
	151	124	107	106	126	152	159	163	169	172	171	174	
1941	179	179	184	181	184	184	185						
			۱	•		1		1		ł		ł	

#### **OPEN HEARTH AND BESSEMER STEEL PRODUCTION**

						5 100							
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year
Without seasonal adjustment													
923	110	110	116	117	121	111	104	106	99	102	93	85	106
924	104	117	120	99	76	61	56	73	84	89	92	106	90
925	120	119	120	106	99	95	91	98	103	111	115	117	108
926	118	120	128	121	112	110	108	114	116	117	110	103	115
927	109	121	131	123	117	104	95	101	-97	96	93	95	107
928	115	124	130	128	121	iñi	113	120	123	134	127	120	123
929	130	138	146	147	$1\overline{52}$	146	144	142	135	131	105	86	133
930	109	129	123	122	115	102	87	88	85	78	66	59	97
931	72	81	88	82	73	63	56	♦ 49	47	46	47	39	62
932	43	45	41	37	32	27	24	24	30	31	31	26	33
933	29	34	26	40	57	76	94	82	69	60	45	53	55
934	57	70	80	87	98	91	44	40	38	43	48	58	63
935	82	88	82	78	$\frac{36}{76}$	67	67	40 84	85	90	94	91	82
936	87	91	96	117	116	118	116	120	125	130	128	131	115
937	135	140										44	122
	135 50		$\frac{150}{58}$	$     150 \\     57   $	148	124	$135 \\ 59$	140	132	97 89	64	93	
938		54			52	48		73	81		106		
939	92	96	98	89	84	93	94	109	131	156	163	154	113
940	144	120	109	105	124	146	148	154	161	165	166	166	143
1941	172	171	177	172	174	173	174						
Adjusted for seasonal variation													
923	107	103	109	113	121	114	110	107	102	102	97	90	1
	101	103	103	95	76		60	74	85	89	96	112	
												126	
	116	111	107	102	99	99	99	99	105	111	120		)
	116	112	114	115	112	115	117	115	118	117	114	111	
927	109	114	117	115	114	108	102	103	99	96	97	104	
1928	116	116	116	119	116	116	120	124	126	134	132	134	
929	131	127	132	136	146	149	154	147	137	131	109	100	
1930	110	116	111	113	110	104	93	91	86	78	69	69	
1931	73	73	81	76	70	64	60	51	48	46	49	45	
1932	43	41	38	35	31	28	25	25	31	32	32	29	
1933	30	31	24	37	55	78	100	85	1 70	61	46	59	
1934	59	66	75	81	94	93	47	41	39	43	49	63	
1935	84	84	77	73	73	68	72	86	87	91	96	96	
1936	89	88	90	108	113	121	122	124	128	132	132	135	
1937	138	138	139	142	145	127	142	144	134	98	64	45	
1938	51	53	53	54	51	49	62	75	83	90	104	96	1
1939	94	94	91	84	84	95	99	112	133	157	161	159	
1940	147	118	101	99	122	149	155	159	164	167	164	166	
1940	172	171	177	172	174	149	174	109	104	107	104	100	
		1	1	1 12	}	1.0	1 11						
Seasonal adjustment factors											1		
1941	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

1935-39 average = 100

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FO	JR 1941	OR 3	TORS	FACTOR	ADJUSTMENT	SEASONAL	PRODUCTION:	INDUSTRIAL
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INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: SI	ASUN	AL AU	IUSIM	ENII	ACIU	K2 FU	K 194	1				
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Durable Manufactures	-											
Pig iron*	. 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Open hearth and Bessemer steel* Electric steel*	100	100 100	100 100	100     100	100 100	$\begin{array}{c}100\\100\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$	$100 \\ 100$	$100 \\ 100$	100 100	100 100	100 100
Machinery*	. 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	. 100	100
A ircroft*	1 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Railroad cars* Locomotives* Shipbuilding*	100	100 100	100 100	100	100 100	100 100	$100 \\ 100$	$100 \\ 100$	$100 \\ 100$	100 100	100 100	100 100
Shipbuilding*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Automobile bodies, parts, and assembly* Automobile factory sales*	103	103	106	109	100	100	80	85	100	100	100	100
Automobile factory sales*	105	106	112	114	108	111	87	50	100	100	100	100
Copper smelting*	. 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Zinc smelting* Copper deliveries*	. 100	100	100	100	100	100 100	$100 \\ 100$	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100
Lead shipments*	100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lead shipments*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tin consumption*	. 96	100	102	103	104	105	99	99	96	99	100	97 86
Lumber 1 Furniture	. 81 . 93	84	95 101	100 97	107	108 97	109 93	111 103	111 105	$106 \\ 109$	97 104	104
Cement	. 55	56	75	100	122	126	124	122	120	116	104	80
Common brick	. 54	48	63	95	120	127	127	117	130	127	110	82
Face brick	. 70 90	65 92	80 94	100 100	120 107	116 105	118 104	114 109	110 102	110 103	107	90 93
Glass containers Polished plate glass	105	92	105	100	100	98	66	82	100	115	114	120
Nondurable Manufactures			1									
	1 100	100	100	100	1 100	100	100	100		100	100	100
Cotton consumption* Rayon deliveries*		100 100	100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100
Silk deliveries*	108	105	98	95	89	87	92	100	100	100	100	100
Silk deliveries* Carpet wool consumption*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Apparel wool consumption*	. 100	100	100	$100 \\ 100$	100	100	100 100	100	100	100	100	100
Woolen yarn*	100	100 100	100 100	100	100 100	100 100	100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100 100	100
Worsted yarn* Woolen and worsted cloth*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Cattle nide leathers	101	111	101	100	98	95	93	95	99	101	104	102
Calf and kip leathers Goat and kid leathers	98	106 104	94	99 103	95 98	102 100	110 99	105 98	98 101	96 99	95 97	102
Shoes	96	108	111	105	98	88	97	113	112	102	86	84
Wheat flour		99	97	94	91	94	99	101	115	109	104	96
Cane sugar meltings	. 83	98	110	110	98	103	115	105	119	97	82	80
Ice cream	. 50	59	77	96	136	160	168	162	108	72	60	52
ButterCheese	80	86 78	89 82	99 97	129 132	140 154	$122 \\ 129$	110 113	99 103	88 94	79 76	79 70
Canned and dried milk	. 76	85	98	113	144	148	122	103	92	80	70	69
Pork and lard	130	100	90	95	100	97	90	75	80	94	120	129
Beef Veal	100	90 88	91	93 99	100	98 101	101 99	101	112	109	105	100 95
Lamb and mutton	105	100	95 97	99	104	95	99	101 99	110 112	110 106	102 97	95
Other manufactured foods	88	87	88	88	91	95	107	118	129	112	101	96
Malt liquor		85	96	109	118	128	124	117	101	82	82	78
Whiskey	132	130	123	110	100	80	55	55	80	95	125	115
Other distilled spirits Rectified spirits	65	60 86	65 95	60 89	60 88	59 80	47 84	48 78	137 106	265 130	210 158	124 133
Cigars	81	87	92	95	99	107	104	103	115	121	119	77
Cigarettes	1 101	94	93	93	102	110	112	105	107	98	96	89
Manufactured tobacco and snuff		99	102	99	101	102	102	101	108	102	99	88
Groundwood pulp	. 104	104	107	112	111	102	89	85	87	93	102	104
Sulphate pulp Sulphite pulp	$101 \\ 100$	103 103	$     102 \\     102   $	$100 \\ 102$	100	99	98 95	100 100	100 100	102 102	100 101	95 97
Soda pulp	100	103	102	102	100	99	94	100	101	100	100	97
Paperboard	. 96	103	104	102	98	100	95	101	106	106	100	89
Fine paper Printing paper	101	107 103	107 104	109 104	103 102	98 98	91 04	94 97	95 99	100	97 99	98 99
Tissue and absorbent paper	97	103	104	104	99	99	94 95	100	104	101 104	99	96
Wrapping paper	. 100	104	102	101	- 98	98	97	- 99	101	103	100	97
Newsprint production	100	99 98	100	100 100	101	101 99	98	97	100	100	103	101 92
Paper board containers Newsprint consumption	95	98	$102 \\ 104$	100	99 104	101	98 87	101 88	110 101	108 107	98 105	102
Gasoline	1	97	95	99	100	102	103	103	103	103	101	98
Fuel oil	1 103	101	98	98	100	99	98	98	103	103	101	102
Lubricating oil	97	99	99	104	104	100	99	- 99	100	100	100	99
Kerosene Byproduct coke*	. 105	101	101 100	$102 \\ 100$	100 100	98 100	95 100	96 100	98 100	100 100	103 100	101 100
Beehive coke*	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Chemicals* 2 Rubber consumption*	-1.0	0.0	+4.5	+3.0	-1.0	-5.5	-6.5	-3.0	+2.0	+4.5	+2.0	+1.0
Pneumatic tires.	$103 \\ 100$	98 100	100	99 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100 100
Inner tubes	100	100	$100 \\ 100$	100	100	$100 \\ 100$	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$	$100 \\ 100$	$100 \\ 100$	100 100	$100 \\ 100$	100
Minerals							-00	-00	100	100	100	
Bituminous coal Anthracite	. 111	117	96	84	85	86	88	92 74	104	112	114	111
Crude petroleum	116 98	110 99	103	$107 \\ 102$	110 103	$\begin{array}{c} 92 \\ 100 \end{array}$	78 100	$\frac{74}{103}$	96 100	106 99	102 97	106 98
Crude petroleum Iron ore shipments* 3			101	104	103	100	100	109	100	99	91	50
Copper*	98	101	102	103	100	98	94	98	99	103	103	101
Lead* Zinc*	100	100	98	102	102	100	97	100	100	$100 \\ 100$	101	101
Gold	100 94	$\begin{array}{c} 100\\92 \end{array}$	$100 \\ 83$	100 88	100 95	$\frac{100}{80}$	$100 \\ 107$	$100 \\ 108$	$\frac{100}{113}$	$\frac{100}{125}$	$\frac{100}{115}$	100 100
Silver	99	103	104	102	96	100	93	103	98	102	99	100
	المسمسيا				l							<u> </u>

\* New or revised. <sup>1</sup> These seasonal factors were derived by dividing the monthly indexes of total lumber production for 1940, without seasonal adjustment, by the corresponding monthly seasonally adjusted indexes. The index of total lumber production is obtained by combining figures for the various lumber producing regions, for which separate seasonal factors are computed and used. <sup>2</sup> Absolute seasonal adjustment. Subtract algebraically from unadjusted index. <sup>3</sup> The method of seasonal adjustment for this series, and the factors used, may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

September 1941

#### CHANGES IN NUMBER OF BANKS AND BRANCHES IN THE UNITED STATES

[Figures for 1941 are preliminary]

Figures for 19	are preli	minary]			_		
		Membe	r banks		Nonmem	ber banks	
	Total	National	State	savin	an mutual gs and e banks	Mutual	Private 1
				Insured	Not insured	savings	
Number of Banks (Head Offices)           December 31, 1933	15,029 16,063 15,869 15,667 15,387 15,194 15,034	5, 1545, 4625, 3865, 3255, 2605, 2245, 187	857 980 1,001 1,051 1,081 1,114 1,114	28, 7, 693 7, 728 7, 588 7, 449 7, 316 7, 171	341 1, 108 1, 046 1, 004 960 917 887	579 579 565 563 555 551	$98 \\ 241 \\ 138 \\ 134 \\ 74 \\ 68 \\ 63$
December 31, 1940	$     14,895 \\     14,854 $	5, 144 5, 130	1, 342 * 1, 426	6, 951 6, 868	851 829	551 $^{3}547$	56 4 54
Number of Branches							_
December 31, 1933	2,911 3,133 3,234 3,399 3,540 3,580 3,629 3,666 3,680	$\begin{array}{c} 1,121\\ 1,243\\ 1,329\\ 1,398\\ 1,485\\ 1,485\\ 1,499\\ 1,518\\ 1,539\\ 1,562\\ \end{array}$	960 981 952 981 994 992 1,002 1,002 1,006	2 7( 5 7' 828 848 891 908 927 940 929		125 126 128 128 128 135 132 135 <sup>3</sup> 134	5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 4 6
In head-office cities Outside head-office cities	1, 719 1, 961	635 877	$775 \\ 231$	140 789	6 37	112 22	1 5
Analysis of Bank Changes, Jan. 1 - June 30, 1941 Number of banks on December 31, 1949	14, 895	5, 144	1, 342	6, 951	851	551	ŕ
Increases in number of banks: Primary organizations (new banks) 6	+24	+4	+1	+12	+7		
Decreases in number of banks: Suspensions	$     \begin{array}{r}       -5 \\       -24 \\       -36     \end{array}   $	$-2 \\ -2 \\ -14$	$-2 \\ -1$	$-3 \\ -9 \\ -16$	$-10 \\ -3$	-1	
Inter-class bank changes: Conversions— State into national National into State Federal Reserve membership— <sup>8</sup>		+5 -5	-4	-1 + 5			
Admissions of State banks			$^{*}_{-2}^{+92}$	$^{-88}_{+2}$	-1	-3	
Admissions of State banks Withdrawals of State banks				+16 -1	-16 + 1		
Net increase or decrease in number of banks	-41	-14	+84	-83	-22	-4	-2
Number of banks on June 30, 1941	14,854	5, 130	1,426	6,868	829	547	54
Analysis of Branch Changes, Jan. I - June 30, 1941 Number of branches on December 31, 1940	3, 666	1, 539	1,002	940	44	135	6
Increases in number of branches: De novo branches Banks converted into branches	$^{+22}_{+9}$	+10	$^{+1}_{+4}$	$^{+11}_{+5}$			
Decreases in number of branches: Branches discontinued	-17	-6	-4	-5	-1	-1	
Inter-class branch changes: From State to national. From nonmember to State member		+19	$^{-19}_{+22}$	-22			
Net increase or decrease in number of branches	+14	+23	+4	-11	-1	-1	
Number of branches on June 30, 1941	3, 630	1, 562	1,096	929	43	134	6
				a			

 1 The figures for December 1934 include i40 private banks which reported to the Comptroller of the Currency under the provisions of Section

 21(a) of the Banking Act of 1933. Under the provisions of the Banking Act of 1935, private banks no longer report to the Comptroller of the Currency under the provisions of Section

 21(a) of the Banking Act of 1933. Under the provisions of the Banking Act of 1935, private banks no longer report to the Comptroller of the Currency and, accordingly, only such private banks as report to State banking departments are in the figures shown for subsequent years.

 2 Federal deposit insurance did not become operative until January 1, 1934.

 8 Number of banks comprises 50 insured and 497 uninsured; number of branches comprises 31 insured and 103 uninsured. The figures beginning with 1939 exclude one bank with 4 branches which theretofore was classified as an insured mutual savings bank but is now included with "Nonmember banks comprises 1 insured and 53 uninsured; all branches were uninsured.

 • Separate figures not available for branches of insured and not insured banks.

 • Exclusive of new banks organized to succeed operating banks.

 • Exclusive of new banks organized to succeed operating banks.

 • Exclusive of new banks organized to succeed operating banks.

 • Exclusive of new banks into State bank members, or vice versa, as such conversions do not affect Federal Reserve membership.

bership.

bersnip.
 Exclusive of conversions of member banks into insured nonmember banks, or vice versa, as such conversions do not affect Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation membership.
 \* Includes three mutual savings banks admitted during April (two in Wisconsin and one in Indiana), the first of such banks to become mem-bers of the Federal Reserve System.
 Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1939 (table 16) and BULLETIN for February 1939, p. 110.

#### ALL MEMBER BANKS-CONDITION ON JUNE 30, 1941, BY CLASSES OF BANKS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	All	All	All State	Central re member	serve city	Reserve	Country
	member banks <sup>1</sup>	national member banks	member banks <sup>1</sup>	New York	Chicago	city member banks²	member banks <sup>2</sup>
ASSETS							
Loans (including overdrafts) United States Government direct obligations Obligations guaranteed by United States Government Obligations of States and political subdivisions Obligations of Government corporations and agencies,	$\begin{array}{c} 16,729,381\\ 14,238,453\\ 3,839,296\\ 2,984,431 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,896,985\\ 8,833,695\\ 2,277,085\\ 2,015,912 \end{array}$	5,832,396 5,404,758 1,562,211 968,519	3,778,201 5,516,650 1,751,004 650,777	$\begin{array}{r} 845,921\\ 1,345,656\\ 137,727\\ 189,663\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,498,034\\ 4,537,583\\ 1,162,196\\ 978,753 \end{array}$	5,607,225 2,838,564 788,369 1,105,235
not guaranteed by United States Other bonds, notes, and debentures Corporate stocks (including Federal Reserve Bank stock) - <b>Total loans and investments</b> Reserve with Federal Reserve Banks Cash in yault.	$527, 591 \\1, 931, 443 \\408, 353 \\40, 658, 948 \\12, 959, 092 \\999, 433$	$\begin{array}{r} 323,722\\ 1,262,703\\ 208,386\\ \textbf{25,818,488}\\ 7,451,783\\ 702,589\end{array}$	203, 869 668, 740 199, 967 <b>14, 840, 460</b> 5, 507, 309 296, 844	$\begin{array}{r} 204,159\\ 447,150\\ 145,119\\ \textbf{13},\textbf{493},\textbf{060}\\ 5,857,272\\ 136,226\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 45,588\\ 116,269\\ 25,970\\ \textbf{2},\textbf{706},\textbf{794}\\ 1,062,316\\ 41,121 \end{array}$	171, 609 516, 325 148, 196 14, 012, 696 4, 125, 062 385, 448	106, 235 851, 699 89, 068 <b>11, 446, 395</b> 1, 914, 442 436, 638
Demand balances with banks in United States (except private banks and American branches of foreign banks).	$\begin{array}{c} 6,188,171\\ 104,487\\ 9,640\\ 121 \end{array}$	4, 743, 349 79, 971 6, 456	1,444,82224,5163,184121	129,866 1,352 5,390 121	$258,442 \\ 3,741 \\ 216$	2,758,579 34,489 2,935	3, 041, 284 64, 905 1, 099
Other balances with banks in foreign countries. Due from own foreign branches. Cash items in process of collection. Bank premises owned and furniture and fixtures. Other real estate owned. Investments and other assets indirectly representing bank promises or other real astate	2, 428, 800 913, 030 208, 477	1, 512, 266 591, 217 96, 562	916, 534 321, 813 111, 915	900, 400 202, 080 23, 732	150, 185 19, 391 2, 736	$1,010,738 \\319,682 \\76,725$	$367, 477 \\ 371, 877 \\ 105, 284$
premises or other real estate	$110, 642 \\78, 719 \\105, 402 \\92, 107$	61, 764 49, 905 61, 224 52, 370	48, 878 28, 814 44, 178 39, 737	$\begin{array}{c} 10,307\\ 50,039\\ 38,534\\ 14,841\end{array}$	736 2, 626 8, 271 7, 497	$\begin{array}{c} 77,327\\23,443\\39,678\\40,703\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 22,272\\ 2,611\\ 18,919\\ 29,066\end{array}$
Total assets	64, 857, 069	41, 227, 944	23, 629, 125	19, 863, 220	4, 264, 072	22, 907, 505	17, 822, 272
LIABILITIES							
Demand deposits—Total Individuals, partnerships, and corporations United States Government <sup>3</sup> States and political subdivisions Banks in United States Banks in foreign countries Certified and officers' checks, cash letters of credit and	<b>46, 016, 122</b> 31, 428, 718 618, 637 2, 940, 374 9, 609, 657 681, 010	<b>28, 789, 269</b> 19, 166, 544 490, 222 2, 193, 730 6, 149, 467 337, 609	<b>17, 226, 853</b> 12, 262, 174 128, 415 746, 644 3, 460, 190 343, 401	<b>17, 117, 763</b> 11, 895, 260 31, 713 318, 997 <b>3, 948, 080</b> 618, 085	<b>3, 468, 453</b> 2, 109, 218 95, 243 213, 237 1, 009, 982 7, 711	<b>15, 884, 419</b> 10, 142, 368 341, 136 1, 138, 750 3, 999, 875 53, 120	9, 545, 487 7, 281, 872 150, 545 1, 269, 390 651, 720 2, 094
Certified and officers' checks, cash letters of credit and travelers' checks, etc	737, 726 <b>12, 495, 387</b>	451, 697 8, <b>483, 952</b>	286, 029 <b>4, 011, 435</b>	305, 628 <b>810, 987</b>	33, 062 <b>502, 013</b>	209, 170 <b>4, 928, 772</b>	189, 866 <b>6, 253, 615</b>
Time deposits - Total. Individuals, partnerships, and corporations: Savings deposits	102, 100	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{7, 128, 933} \\ \textbf{498, 574} \\ \textbf{90, 843} \\ \textbf{294, 063} \\ \textbf{41, 198} \\ \textbf{328, 081} \\ \textbf{96, 938} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 224, 730 \\ 149, 943 \\ 42, 576 \\ 468, 346 \\ 13, 567 \\ 69, 341 \\ 41, 152 \end{array}$	398, 918 9, 629 7, 304 362, 575 26, 919 290	$\begin{array}{r} 428,824\\ 26,067\\ 1,175\\ 24,247\\ 4,500\\ 17,200\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4,103,242\\ 150,141\\ 43,506\\ 292,991\\ 18,973\\ 210,556\\ 107,613\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5,422,679\\ 462,680\\ 81,434\\ 82,596\\ 31,292\\ 142,747\\ 30,187 \end{array}$
States and political subdivisions Banks in United States Banks in foreign countries <b>Total deposits</b> Due to own foreign branches Bills payable, rediscounts, and other liabilities for bor- rowed money.	7, 102 58, 511, 509 175, 129	5, 322 37, 273, 221 139, 612	1, 780 21, 238, 288 35, 517	5, 352 17, 928, 750 173, 151	3, 970, 466	1, 750 <b>20, 813, 191</b> 1, 978	15, 799, 102
rowed money. Acceptances outstanding. Dividends declared but not yet payable Income collected but not yet earned. Expenses accrued and unpaid. Other liabilities.	2, 887 93, 660 37, 152 79, 695 92, 428 64, 937	$\begin{array}{c} 2,005\\ 59,307\\ 23,318\\ 55,623\\ 56,138\\ 28,993\end{array}$	882 34, 353 13, 834 24, 072 36, 290 35, 944	15558, 73617, 75710, 67923, 12526, 249	$2,875 \\ 994 \\ 2,372 \\ 8,281 \\ 575$	$\begin{array}{c} 29,125\\11,575\\42,297\\40,894\\28,332\end{array}$	2,732 2,924 6,826 24,347 20,128 9,781
Total liabilities	59, 057, 397	37, 638, 217	21, 419, 180	18, 238, 602	3, 985, 563	20, 967, 392	15, 865, 840
CAPITAL ACCOUNTS							
Capital Surplus Undivided profits Reserves for contingencies Other capital accounts	$\begin{array}{c} 2,358,948\\ 2,318,745\\ 768,296\\ 308,685\\ 44,998 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1, 519, 583} \\ \textbf{1, 333, 520} \\ \textbf{498, 074} \\ \textbf{202, 906} \\ \textbf{35, 644} \end{array}$	839, 365 985, 225 270, 222 105, 779 9, 354	$547,841\\828,302\\197,946\\47,342\\3,187$	$101, 900 \\ 104, 080 \\ 35, 851 \\ 36, 447 \\ 231$	787, 323 737, 535 262, 840 134, 222 18, 193	$\begin{array}{r} 921,884\\ 648,828\\ 271,659\\ 90,674\\ 23,387\end{array}$
Total capital accounts	5, 799, 672	3, 589, 727	2, 209, 945	1, 624, 618	278, 509	1, 940, 113	1, 956, 432
Total liabilities and capital accounts	64, 857, 069	41, 227, 944	23, 629, 125	19, 863, 220	4, 264, 072	22, 907, 505	17, 822, 272
Net demand deposits subject to reserve Demand depositsadjusted 4 Number of banks	37, 411, 078 32, 678, 018 6, 556	22, 541, 870 20, 299, 705 5, 130	14, 869, 208 12, 378, 313 1, 426	$\begin{array}{c} 16,087,497\\ 11,619,485\\ 36 \end{array}$	3, 061, 063 2, 205, 332 14	12, 116, 656 10, 479, 550 348	$\begin{array}{c} 6,145,862\\ 8,373,651\\ 6,158\end{array}$

<sup>1</sup> Includes two mutual savings banks in Wisconsin and one in Indiana, all admitted to membership since the preceding call date, April 4, 1941.
 <sup>3</sup> Banks are classed according to the reserves which they are required to carry (see page 892). Some banks classed as "country banks" are in outlying sections of reserve cities or central reserve cities, and some banks classed as "reserve city banks" are in outlying sections of central reserve cities. Figures for each class of banks include assets and liabilities of their domestic branches, whether located within or outside the cities in which the parent banks are located.
 <sup>4</sup> United States Treasurer's *time* deposits, open accounts, are combined with postal savings (time) deposits.
 <sup>4</sup> Demand deposits other than interbank and United States Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.

## ALL MEMBER BANKS—CLASSIFICATION OF LOANS, INVESTMENTS, REAL ESTATE AND CAPITAL ON JUNE 30, 1941 BY CLASSES OF BANKS

[In thousands of dollars]

	All member	All national	All State member		serve city banks <sup>2</sup>	Reserve city	Country member
	banks 1	member banks	banks <sup>1</sup>	New York	Chicago	member banks <sup>2</sup>	banks 2
Loans—Total Commercial and industrial loans Agricultural loans Commercial paper bought in open market	<b>16, 729, 381</b> 7, 270, 191 737, 818 399, 290	<b>10</b> , <b>896</b> , <b>985</b> 4, 691, 206 620, 461 276, 850	<b>5, 832, 396</b> 2, 578, 985 117, 357 122, 440	<b>3, 778, 201</b> 2, 405, 330 2, 845 11, 497	<b>845, 921</b> 608, 898 4, 562 17, 433	<b>6, 498, 034</b> 2, 878, 949 175, 419 158, 678	<b>5, 607,225</b> 1, 377,014 554,992 211,682
Bills, acceptances, etc., payable in foreign countries. Acceptances of other banks, payable in United States. Reporting banks' own acceptances Loans to brokers and dealers in securities. Other loans for purchasing or carrying securities	$\begin{array}{r} 6, 189 \\ 52, 444 \\ 79, 316 \\ 574, 951 \\ 634, 684 \end{array}$	5,222 29,410 49,305 237,873 355,967	$\begin{array}{r} 967\\ 23,034\\ 30,011\\ 337,078\\ 278,717\end{array}$	$50 \\ 44,831 \\ 40,910 \\ 421,730 \\ 186,331$	$1, 617 \\ 11 \\ 2, 141 \\ 35, 786 \\ 54, 886$	3, 378 5, 946 34, 294 100, 253 198, 267	1,1441,6561,97117,182195,200
Real estate loans: On farm land On residential property On other properties Loans to banks All other loans	$\begin{array}{r} 304, 527\\ 2, 253, 812\\ 806, 832\\ 44, 392\\ 3, 555, 922 \end{array}$	$233, 543 \\1, 447, 908 \\489, 970 \\20, 426 \\2, 432, 467$	70,984805,904316,86223,9661,123,455	$\begin{array}{r} 28 \\ 65,001 \\ 63,744 \\ 32,718 \\ 500,539 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 307\\ 10,977\\ 8,307\\ 4\\ 100,505\end{array}$	86, 933 1, 020, 094 370, 298 8, 720 1, 453, 439	$\begin{array}{c} 217, 259 \\ 1, 157, 740 \\ 364, 483 \\ 2, 950 \\ 1, 501, 439 \end{array}$
Overdrafts United States Government direct obligations—Total	9, 013 14, 238, 453	6, 377 8, 833, 695	2, 636 5, <b>404, 75</b> 8	2, 647 5, 516, 650	487 1, 345, 656	3, 366 4, <b>537, 583</b>	2, 513 2, 838, 564
Treasury bills Treasury notes Bonds maturing in 5 years or less Bonds maturing in 5 to 10 years Bonds maturing in 10 to 20 years Bonds maturing after 20 years	$\begin{array}{c} 1,126,997\\ 2,630,705\\ 1,380,038\\ 3,537,901\\ 5,057,355\\ 505,457\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 826,085\\ 1,758,119\\ 701,221\\ 1,817,498\\ 3,412,925\\ 317,847\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 300, 912\\ 872, 586\\ 678, 817\\ 1, 720, 403\\ 1, 644, 430\\ 187, 610\end{array}$	$576, 581 \\1, 525, 533 \\795, 467 \\1, 422, 055 \\1, 109, 536 \\87, 478$	417, 486 125, 173 68, 785 97, 962 534, 077 102, 173	73, 220 605, 536 313, 907 1, 222, 489 2, 119, 579 202, 852	59, 710 374, 463 201, 879 795, 395 1, 294, 163 112, 954
Obligations guaranteed by United States Government— Total	<b>3</b> , <b>839</b> , <b>296</b> <b>2</b> , <b>591</b> , <b>094</b> 1, 292, 205 1, 398, 758	<b>2, 277, 085</b> <b>1, 399, 687</b> 548, 008 <b>1, 044, 606</b>	<b>1, 562, 211</b> <i>I, 191, 407</i> 744, 197 354, 152	<b>1, 751, 004</b> <i>1, 317, 360</i> 723, 771 562, 763	<b>137, 727</b> <i>129, 908</i> 96, 852 4, 310	<b>1, 162, 196</b> 688, 484 285, 487 495, 538	<b>788, 369</b> <b>455, 342</b> 186, 095 336, 147
Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Other Government corporations and agencies	480, 398 667, 935	279, 849 404, 622	200, 549 263, 313	178, 151 286, 319	3, 784 32, 781	163,735 217,436	134,728 131,399
Obligations of Government corporations and agencies not guaranteed by United States—Total Total amount maturing in 5 years or less Federal Land banks Federal Intermediate Credit banks Other Government corporations and agencies	<b>527, 591</b> <b>404, 090</b> 155, 683 193, 083 178, 825	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{323, 722} \\ \textbf{222, 738} \\ 100, 984 \\ 110, 866 \\ 111, 872 \end{array}$	<b>203</b> , 8 <b>69</b> <b>181</b> , <b>352</b> 54, 699 82, 217 66, 953	<b>204, 159</b> <i>177, 936</i> 57, 400 97, 299 49, 460	<b>45, 588</b> <b>29, 151</b> 16, 443 13, 950 15, 195	<b>171, 609</b> <i>136, 774</i> <i>35, 354</i> <i>66, 864</i> <i>69, 391</i>	<b>106</b> , <b>235</b> <b>60</b> , <b>229</b> 46, 486 14, 970 44, 779
Obligations of States and political subdivisions—Total In default. Without specific maturity. Maturing in 5 years or less Maturing after 5 years.	<b>2, 984, 431</b> 3, 737 213, 650 1, 731, 460 1, 035, 584	<b>2, 015, 912</b> 3, 108 171, 489 1, 065, 777 775, 538	<b>968, 519</b> 629 42, 161 665, 683 260, 046	<b>659, 777</b> 302 21, 229 492, 837 136, 409	<b>189, 663</b> 63, 190 91, 031 35, 442	<b>978, 753</b> 1, 122 66, 461 526, 297 384, 873	<b>1, 165, 238</b> 2, 313 62, 770 621, 295 478, 860
Other bonds, notes and debentures—Total Total amount in default Total amount maturing in 5 years or less Railroads Public utilities. Industrials Other domestic corporations Foreign-public and private.	<b>1, 931, 443</b> <b>45, 829</b> <b>579, 340</b> 685, 623 <b>454, 248</b> 513, 474 130, 547 147, 551	<b>1, 262, 703</b> 28, 652 310, 430 448, 240 304, 717 344, 188 68, 505 97, 053	<b>668</b> , <b>740</b> <b>17</b> , <b>177</b> <b>268</b> , <b>910</b> 237, 383 149, 531 169, 286 62, 042 50, 498	447, 150 12, 524 207, 278 135, 732 63, 321 157, 909 55, 144 35, 044	<b>116, 269</b> 950 60, 079 33, 039 34, 484 36, 189 2, 994 9, 563	<b>516, 325</b> <i>15, 143</i> <i>161, 493</i> 192, 691 114, 481 126, 784 38, 926 43, 443	<b>851, 699</b> 17, 212 150, 490 324, 161 241, 962 192, 592 33, 483 59, 501
Corporate stocks—Total. Federal Reserve Banks. Affiliates of reporting banks. Other domestic banks. Other domestic corporations. Foreign corporations.	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{408, 353} \\ 140, 318 \\ 97, 414 \\ 18, 141 \\ 150, 730 \\ 1, 750 \end{array}$	<b>208, 386</b> 85, 646 44, 510 6, 342 70, 690 1, 198	<b>199, 967</b> 54, 672 52, 904 11, 799 80, 040 552	<b>145, 119</b> 41, 259 41, 545 2, 149 59, 574 592	<b>25, 970</b> 6, 173 277 37 19, 469 14	<b>148, 196</b> 45, 754 50, 080 7, 753 43, 774 835	8 <b>9, 068</b> 47, 132 5, 512 8, 202 27, 913 309
Bank premises, furniture and fixtures, and other real estate-Total	1, 121, 507	687, 779	433, 728	225, 812	22, 127	396, 407	477, 161
estate – Total . Bank premises . Furniture and fixtures . Farm land (including improvements) . Residential properties . Other real properties	841, 635 71, 395 15, 959 76, 563 115, 955	$536, 630 \\ 54, 587 \\ 11, 497 \\ 31, 740 \\ 53, 325$	$\begin{array}{r} 305,005\\ 16,808\\ 4,462\\ 44,823\\ 62,630\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 201, 344 \\ 736 \\ 17 \\ 8, 787 \\ 14, 928 \end{array}$	$19,187 \\ 204 \\ 125 \\ 816 \\ 1,795$	$290, 607 \\29, 075 \\5, 781 \\21, 667 \\49, 277$	330, 497 41, 380 10, 036 45, 293 49, 955
Assets indirectly representing bank premises or other real estate—Total Investments. Other assets.	<b>110, 642</b> 78, 496 32, 146	<b>61, 764</b> 51, 653 10, 111	<b>48, 878</b> 26, 843 22, 035	<b>10, 307</b> 8, 591 1, 716	<b>736</b> 637 99	<b>77, 327</b> 52, 947 24, 380	<b>22, 272</b> 16, 321 5, 951
Capital: Par or face value—Total Capital notes and debentures First preferred stock. Second preferred stock Common stock.	<b>2, 361, 495</b> 40, 008 237, 349 17, 862 2, 066, 276	<b>1, 521, 346</b> 171, 140 13, 181 1, 337, 025	<b>840, 149</b> 40, 008 66, 209 4, 681 729, 251	<b>547, 841</b> 311 8, 711 538, 819	<b>101, 900</b> 1, 700 100, 200	<b>787, 323</b> 23, 823 96, 638 2, 150 664, 712	<b>924, 431</b> 15, 874 130, 300 15, 712 762, 545
Retirable value of: First preferred stock	329, 829	219, 788 15, 129	110, 041 8, 563	21,600	1, 700	130, 732 2, 150	175, 797 21, 542

For footnotes see preceding page.

### **INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS**

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to gold, international capital transactions of the United States, and financial developments abroad. The data are compiled for the most part from regularly published sources such as central and commercial bank statements and official statistical bulletins; some data are reported to the Board directly. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Back figures may in most cases be obtained from earlier BULLETINS and from Annual Reports of the Board of Governors for 1937 and earlier years. Daily and monthly press releases giving daily and monthly average foreign exchange rates will be sent without charge to those wishing them. Other data on the following pages are not regularly released prior to publication.

#### **GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS** [In millions of dollars]

						111 111	lilions of	uonarsj							
End of month	United States	Ar- gen- tina	Bel- gium	Brazil	Brit- ish India	Bul- garia	Can- ada	Chile	Co- lombia	Czecho- Slo- vakia	Den- mark	Egypt	France	Ger- many	Greece
1936—Dec 1937—Dec 1938—Dec 1939—Dec	12,760	501 469 431 466	632 597 581 609	25 32 32 40	275 274 274 274 274	$20 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 24$	188 184 192 214	29 30 30 30 30	19 16 24 21	91 92 83 56	54 53 53 53	55 55 55 55	2, 995 2, 564 2, 430 2, 709	27 28 29 1 29	26 24 27 28
1940—July Aug Sept Oct Dec 1941–Jan Fel Mar Apr June	$\begin{array}{c} 20,913\\ 21,244\\ 21,506\\ 21,801\\ 21,995\\ 22,116\\ 22,232\\ 22,367\\ 22,506 \end{array}$	2403 402 385 353 353 353 353 353 353 353 353 353	4734 734 734 734 734	$\begin{array}{c} 46\\ 47\\ 48\\ 49\\ 50\\ 51\\ 51\\ 55\\ 56\\ 57\\ 58\\ 62\\ \end{array}$	274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274	24 24 24 24 	38 8 5 8 7 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	18 15 15 17 19 17 20 18 18 18 17 16 18	56 56 58 58 58 58 58 59 59 59 59	53 53 53 53 53 53 53 51 49 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	55 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	2,000		28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
July	22, 613	•••••					1		18			•••••			~~~~
End of month	Hun- gary	lran (Persia)	Italy	Japan	Java	Mexico	Neth- erlands	New Zealand	Nor- way	Peru	Poland	Portu- gal	Ruma- nia	South Africa	Spain
1936—Dec 1937—Dec 1938—Dec 1939—Dec	25 25 37 24	25 25 26 26	208 210 193 144	463 261 164 164	60 79 80 90	46 24 29 32	491 933 998 692	23 23 23 23 23	98 82 94 94	20 21 20 20	75 83 85 1 84	68 69 69 69	114 120 133 152	203 189 220 249	<sup>5</sup> 718 <sup>5</sup> 525
1940—July Aug Oct Dec 1941—Jan Mar Mar May June June July	24 24 24 24 24 24 24	26 26	1137 	164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 (*)	$103 \\ 103 \\ 109 \\ 109 \\ 129 \\ 140 \\ 152 \\ 171 \\ 178 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 \\ 174 \\ 173 \\ 174 $	33 30 25 28 32 47 50 52 54 56 58 58 59 60	$\begin{array}{c} 627\\ 624\\ 634\\ 629\\ 621\\ 617\\ 616\\ 614\\ 614\\ 572\\ 572\\ 573\\ \end{array}$	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23		20 20 21 21 21 20		69 69 59 59 59 59 59 59	156 156 157 157 158 158 158 158 158 171	305 308 314 328 351 367 376 388 401 413 418 427	
<b></b>	Swe-	Switz-	Tur-	United	Uru-	Vene-	Yugo-	B.I.S.	Other coun-		Governme		reserves <sup>1</sup> ous figur		uded
End of month	den	erland	key	King- dom	guay	zuela	slavia	Б.1,5.	tries 7		nd of Ionth	United States	United King- dom	France	Bel- gium
1936—Dec 1937—Dec 1938—Dec 1939—Dec	$240 \\ 244 \\ 321 \\ 308$	657 650 701 549	26 29 29 29	2, 584 2, 689 2, 690 * 1	77 74 69 68	59 52 52 52	48 51 57 59	11 5 14 7	183 185 142 149	1937-	-June -June -Dec -Mar		<sup>2</sup> 934 <sup>3</sup> 1, 395 1, 489		10 <b>3</b> 115 81 62
1940—July Aug Oct Dec 1941—Jan Feb Mar May June July	$152 \\ 150 \\ 157 \\ 160 \\ 165 \\ 171 \\ 172 $	488 490 490 500 501 502 520 521 527 523 530 528 530 528	86 87 87 87 87 87 88 87 87 87 89 95		* 90 88 87 86 90 95 97 100 105 108	$52 \\ 51 \\ 51 \\ 51 \\ 51 \\ 52 \\ 52 \\ 52 \\ $	68 69 71 74 77 82 83 83 	$ \begin{array}{c} 10\\ 10\\ 9\\ 14\\ 11\\ 12\\ 13\\ 13\\ 12\\ 9\\$	144 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	1940-	June Sept Oct Dec -Mar Sept Sept June -Mar Sept Dec -Mar	44 	759	4 103 331 559 477	62 44 17 17 17 17 17
•	1	1	1	1	l	1	1	1	1	1		l	I		1

<sup>1</sup> Figures relate to last official report dates for the respective countries, as follows: Germany
 -June 15, 1930; Italy--late in Mar. 1940; Norway--Mar. 30, 1940; Poland--July 31, 1939.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning Apr. 1940, reports on certain Argentine gold reserves no longer available.
 <sup>5</sup> On May 1, 1940, gold belonging to Bank of Canada transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board. Gold reported since that time is gold held by Minister of Finance.
 <sup>4</sup> Change from previous December due largely to inclusion of gold formerly not reported.
 <sup>6</sup> Figures for Dec. 1936 and Dec. 1937 are those officially reported on Aug. 1, 1936, and Apr.
 <sup>8</sup> Beginning Mar. 29, 1941, gold reserves no longer reported separately.
 <sup>9</sup> These countries are: Albania, Algeria, Australia, Austria through Mar. 7, 1938, Belgian Congo, Bolivia, China, Danzig through Aug. 31, 1939, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, Guatemala, Iceland, Latvia, Lithuania, Morocco, and Thailand (Siam). Figures for certain of these countries for England reduced to nominal amount by gold transfers to British Exchange Equalization Account during 1939.
 <sup>8</sup> Increase due to inclusion of additional foreign gold reserves not previously reported.

NOTE.— For description of table and back figures see BULLETIN for September 1940, pp. 925-434 and pp. 1000-1007; details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the reported figures through April 1940 appear on p. 926 in that issue.

<sup>1</sup> Reported at infrequent intervals or on de-layed basis: U. S.—Exchange Stabilization Fund (Special A/c No. 1); U. K.—Exchange Equaliza-tion Account; France—Exchange Stabilization Fund and Rentes Fund; Belgium—Treasury. <sup>2</sup> Figure for end of Mar. 1937, first date re-ported

ported.

<sup>3</sup> Figure for end of Sept. 1937.
 <sup>4</sup> First date reported. For complete monthly series from Oct. 1938-May 1939, see BULLETIN for February 1941, p. 170.

NOTE.—For details regarding special gold transfers in 1939-40 between the British E. E. A. and the Bank of England, and between the French E. S. F. and the Bank of France, see BULLETIN for September 1940, p. 926.

#### **GOLD PRODUCTION** Outside U.S.S.R.

[In thousands of dollars]

***	Estimated				ŀ	roductio	n reporte	d monthly	,				
Year or month	world produc- tion			Afr	ica		1	North and	South A	merica		Otl	ler
	outside U.S.S.R.!	Total	South Africa	Rho- desia	West Africa	Belgian Congo²		Canada <sup>4</sup>	Mexico	Colom- bia	Chile	Austra- lia	British India <sup>5</sup>
			\$1=15-5/2	21 grains	of gold 9	/10 fine; i	. e., an ou	nce of fine	gold=\$3	5			
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1939	882, 533 971, 514 1, 041, 576	$\begin{array}{c} 707,288\\751,979\\833,088\\892,535\\957,212\\1,019,665\\1,088,835\end{array}$	366, 795 377, 090 396, 768 410, 710 425, 649 448, 753 491, 628	$\begin{array}{c} 24,264\\ 25,477\\ 28,053\\ 28,296\\ 28,532\\ 28,009\\ 29,155\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,153\\ 13,625\\ 16,295\\ 20,784\\ 24,670\\ 28,564\\ 32,163\\ \end{array}$	6, 549 7, 159 7, 386 8, 018 8, 470 8, 759 28, 862	$\begin{array}{c} 108, 191 \\ 126, 325 \\ 152, 509 \\ 168, 159 \\ 178, 143 \\ 196, 391 \\ 210, 109 \end{array}$	104, 023 114, 971 131, 181 143, 367 165, 379 178, 303 185, 890	$\begin{array}{c} 23,135\\ 23,858\\ 26,465\\ 29,591\\ 32,306\\ 32,300\\ 30,878 \end{array}$	$12,045 \\11,515 \\13,632 \\15,478 \\18,225 \\19,951 \\22,117$	8, 350 9, 251 9, 018 9, 544 10, 290 11, 376 11, 999	$\begin{array}{c} 30,559\\ 31,240\\ 40,118\\ 46,982\\ 54,264\\ 56,182\\ 55,878\end{array}$	11, 223 11, 468 11, 663 11, 607 11, 284 11, 078 10, 157
1940—May June August September October November December	109,760 109,305 106,505 113,330 108,080	89, 298 87, 060 92, 665 92, 557 89, 672 97, 803 92, 522 91, 852	41, 742 40, 437 41, 936 41, 989 40, 958 42, 362 41, 620 41, 188	2, 442 2, 437 2, 459 2, 498 2, 450 2, 477 2, 404 2, 433	$\begin{array}{r} 2,747\\ 2,643\\ 2,590\\ 2,725\\ 2,652\\ 2,709\\ 2,687\\ 2,668\end{array}$	(2)	$\begin{array}{c} 16,743\\ 15,105\\ 19,109\\ 16,294\\ 17,324\\ 22,004\\ 19,952\\ 19,694 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,512\\ 15,819\\ 16,007\\ 16,343\\ 15,440\\ 16,386\\ 15,775\\ 15,780\\ \end{array}$	1, 356 2, 562 3, 010 4, 027 2, 596 2, 337 1, 905 2, 221	1,825 1,715 1,952 2,184 2,016 1,789 1,713 1,675	1, 271 780 850 1, 243 673 1, 121 929 879	4, 786 4, 688 4, 263 4, 693 4, 616 5, 638 4, 592 4, 333	<sup>5</sup> 875 875 490 560 945 980 945 980
1941—January February March April May June	105, 420 106, 750	90, 373 84, 090 89, 526 983, 592 989, 399 985, 389	42, 335 39, 608 42, 075 41, 357 42, 716 41, 186	2, 326 2, 237 2, 318 <i>p</i> 2, 345 <i>p</i> 72, 345 <i>p</i> 72, 345	2, 618 2, 566 2, 696 <i>p</i> 2, 696 <i>p</i> 2, 731 <i>p</i> 72, 731		$16,646 \\ 15,408 \\ 16,023 \\ 16,413 \\ 16,022 \\ 16,468 \\ 16,468 \\ 16,468 \\ 16,468 \\ 10,100 \\ 1$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,199\\ 14,446\\ 15,629\\ 15,384\\ 15,721\\ 15,890 \end{array}$	2, 945 2, 670 2, 702 2, 491 <i>p</i> 2, 631 <i>p</i> f2, 631	2, 137 1, 844 1, 891 2, 071 1, 872 1, 777	784 695 1, 313 896 528 /528	4, 544 3, 812 4, 040 4, 133 74, 133 74, 133	840 805 840 805 700 700

<sup>4</sup> Beginning May 1940, monthly figures no longer reported. Annual figure for 1940 estimated at three times production for first four months of the year.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes Philippine Islands production received in United States. Monthly figures for U. S. for 1940 represent estimates of American Bureau of Metal Statistics revised by adding to each monthly figure \$222,602 so that aggregate for 1940 is equal to annual estimate compiled by Bureau of Mint in cooperation with Bureau of Mines.
 <sup>4</sup> Figures for Canada beginning January 1941 are subject to official revision.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning May 1940, figures back to January 1929 and for explanation of table and sources see BULLETIN for March 1939, p. 227; February 1939, p. 151; June 1938, pp. 539-540; and April 1933, pp. 233-235. For annual figures of world production back to 1873 (including Russia-U. S. S. K.), see Annual Report of Director of Mint for 1940, p. 101, and 1936, pp. 108-109.

#### **GOLD MOVEMENTS** UNITED STATES

[In thousands of dollars at approximately \$35 a fine ounce]

	Total net					1	Net imp	orts from	or net	exports (	-) to: 1					
Year or month	imports or net exports (-)	United King- dom	France	Bel- gium	Neth- er- lands	Swe- den	Switz- er- land	Can- ada	Mex- ico	Colom- bia	Philip- pine Islands	Aus- tralia	South Africa	Japan	British India	All other coun- tries
1936 1937 1938	1, 131, 994 1, 739, 019 1, 116, 584 1, 585, 503 1, 973, 569 3, 574, 151 4, 744, 472	315,727 174,093 891,531 1,208,728 1,826,403	934, 243 573, 671 -13, 710 81, 135 3, 798	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\ 3,351\\ 90,859\\ 15,488\\ 165,122 \end{array}$	341,618	2 6 60, 146	54, 452 1, 363 86, 987	72, 648 111, 480	13, 667 39, 966 38, 482 36, 472 33, 610	11, 911 18, 397 10, 557 23, 239	15, 335 21, 513 25, 427 27, 880 35, 636	3, 498 23, 280 34, 713	65 8 181 401 22, 862	246, 464 168, 740 165, 605	16, 159 50, 956	46, 989 39, 735
1940 July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	351, 553 334, 100 325, 964 330, 107	10, 819 3, 650 1, 738 936			7	3, 158 3, 637	6 27	$172, 268 \\ 264, 328 \\ 217, 627 \\ 222, 726 \\ 262, 718 \\ 80, 389 \\ 172, 172, 172, 172, 172, 172, 172, 172,$	10, 335 545 538 545	4, 516 2, 330 7	3, 738 3, 764 2, 673 3, 283	6, 746 14, 605 14, 770 14, 441	11, 687 7, 854 6, 704 6, 240	$13,228 \\ 11,815 \\ 12,186$	784 2, 170	69, 946 64, 208 27, 580
1941 Jan Feb Mar Apr June <sup>1</sup> July <sup>1</sup>	171, 992 34, 830 30, 712	1, 218 817 21 22 474				1, 746	563 337	46, 876 81, 529 95, 619 20, 216 16, 309 17, 521 19, 228	814 866 1,147 969 800	$ \begin{array}{c c} 11\\ 2,232\\ 2,934\\ 2,794\\ 7\end{array} $	2,772 3,984 3,587	6, 738 6, 262 4, 720 4, 194 4, 593	96 2, 788 *132, 261 3, 594 69	3, 046 313		6,062 6 15,093 2,951 76,793 3,589 5,009 3,811

Revised.

Revision.
 Beginning May 1941, figures by countries refer to gross imports since export data are no longer available.
 Differs from official customhouse figures in which imports and exports for January 1934 are valued at approximately \$20.67 a fine ounce.
 Includes \$21,830,000 from Argentina.
 Includes \$25,097,000 from China and Hong Kong, \$15,719,000 from Italy, \$10,953,000 from Norway, \$10,077,000 from Chile, and \$37,555,000 from

<sup>4</sup> Includes \$25,037,000 from China and Hong Kong, \$13,149,000 from Itary, \$10,053,000 from Ivorway, \$10,077,000 from Chine, and \$57,550,000 from Other contries.
 <sup>5</sup> Includes \$75,087,000 from Portugal, \$59,072,000 from Argentina, \$43,935,000 from Italy, \$33,405,000 from Norway, \$30,851,000 from U. S. S. R.,
 \$206,178,000 from Hong Kong, \$20,583,000 from Netherlands Indies, \$16,310,000 from Yugoslavia, \$11,873,000 from Hungary, \$10,802,000 from Chile, \$10,775,000 from Or Hungary, \$10,802,000 from Chile, \$10,775,000 from U. S. S. R.,

Note - For gross import and export figures and for additional countries see table on p. 900.

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935

[In millions of dollars. Minus sign indicates net movement from United States]

TABLE 1 .- TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT

		Increas	e in foreign h unds in U. S	anking	Decrease in U. S.	Foreign securities:	Domestic securities:	Inflom in
From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total r	Total r	Central bank funds in N. Y. <sup>1</sup>	Other <sup>r</sup>	banking funds abroad	Return of U. S. funds	Inflow of foreign funds	Inflow in brokerage balances
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29	1, 412. 5 2, 608. 4 3, 410. 3	603.3 930.5 1, 168.5	9.8 81.1 243.9	593. 5 849. 4 924. 6	361, 4 431, 5 449, 1	125, 2 316, 2 583, 2	316. 7 917. 4 1, 162. 0	6. 0 12. 9 47. 5
1938-Mar. 30.         June 29.         Sept. 28.         Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939).         1939-Mar. 29.         June 28.         Sept. 27.         Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940).         1940-Mar. (Apr. 3).	4, 197. 6 4, 659-2	949. 8 786. 2 1, 180. 2 1, 425. 4 1, 747. 6 2, 111. 8 2, 479. 5 2, 430. 8 2, 539. 0	$\begin{array}{c} 149.\ 9\\ 125.\ 9\\ 187.\ 0\\ 238.\ 5\\ 311.\ 4\\ 425.\ 3\\ 552.\ 1\\ 542.\ 5\\ 539.\ 1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 799. \ 9\\ 660. \ 4\\ 993. \ 2\\ 1, 186. \ 9\\ 1, 436. \ 2\\ 1, 686. \ 5\\ 1, 927. \ 3\\ 1, 888. \ 3\\ 1, 999. \ 9\end{array}$	434. 4 403. 3 477. 2 510, 1 550. 5 607. 5 618. 4 650. 4 631. 6	618. 5 643. 1 625. 0 641. 8 646. 5 664. 5 676. 9 725. 7 761. 6	1, 150, 4 1, 155, 3 1, 125, 4 1, 219, 7 1, 188, 7 1, 201, 4 1, 177, 3 1, 133, 7 1, 112, 5	54. 2 57. 8 64. 1 47. 6 63. 9 74. 0 83. 1 80. 6 88. 7
1940—June 5 June 12 June 19 June 26 July 3	5, 241. 8 5, 208. 4 5, 415. 8 5, 401. 7 5, 490. 2	2, 573. 0 2, 540. 0 2, 740. 0 2, 729. 7 2, 830. 1	623, 2 623, 4 834, 9 838, 7 922, 3	1, 949. 8 1, 916. 7 1, 905. 1 1, 891. 0 1, 907. 8	679. 1 674. 5 681. 2 690. 0 684. 1	778. 9 780. 3 782. 1 782. 5 785. 7	1, 113. 6 1, 116. 6 1, 114. 0 1, 101. 9 1, 091. 4	97. 2 96. 9 98. 5 97. 6 98. 9
July 10 July 17 July 24 July 31	5, 511. 0 5, 546. 7 5, 548. 6 5, 572. 8	2, 849. 5 2, 887. 5 2, 887. 7 2, 900. 0	931, 4 967, 8 977, 8 993, 8	1, 918. 1 1, 919. 8 1, 909. 9 1, 906. 1	692.3 699.4 698.7 714.1	786. 5 788. 2 788. 6 788. 9	1, 083. 3 1, 072. 5 1, 073. 5 1, 069. 9	99, 5 99, 0 100, 1 99, 9
Aug. 7 Aug. 14 Aug. 21 Aug. 28 Sept. 4	5, 698. 8 5, 738, 9	2, 941. 2 2, 984. 9 3, 022. 5 3, 034. 2 3, 040. 7	<sup>2</sup> 945. 0 996. 3 1, 018. 5 1, 047. 9 1, 054. 7	<sup>2</sup> 1, 996. 2 1, 988. 6 2, 004. 0 1, 986. 3 1, 986. 0	764, 8 769, 2 774, 0 778, 3 773, 1	789. 7 790. 3 790. 6 790. 6 790. 5	1,070.0 1,055.3 1,052.7 1,048.1 1,047.1	99. 6 99. 1 99. 1 99. 9 100. 5
Sept. 11 Sept. 18 Sept. 25 Oct. 2	$\begin{array}{c} 5,722.7\\ 5,807.1\\ 5,788.5\\ 5,805.5\end{array}$	3, 014. 1 3, 087. 2 3, 062. 6 3, 092. 8	1, 012. 8 1, 107. 7 1, 087. 0 1, 112. 3	2, 001. 3 1, 979. 5 1, 975. 5 1, 980. 5	768. 4 773. 2 782. 0 773. 6	791. 0 791. 3 791. 7 793. 2	1, 049. 4 1, 054. 8 1, 051. 4 1, 044. 3	99. 9 100. 6 100. 8 101. 6
Oct. 9 Oct. 16 Oct. 23 Oct. 30	5, 825, 6 5, 796, 4 5, 805, 1 5, 794, 0	3, 108. 5 3, 086. 3 3, 118. 7 3, 112. 5	1, 133. 6 1, 129. 9 1, 140. 1 1, 158. 9	1, 975. 0 1, 956. 4 1, 978. 6 1, 953. 6	781, 8 780, 9 765, 6 765, 7	793. 6 794. 0 794. 0 794. 6	1, 040. 3 1, 034. 3 1, 025. 6 1, 020. 6	101. 3 100. 9 101. 2 100. 7
Nov. 6 Nov. 13 Nov. 20 Nov. 27	5, 813. 0 5, 806. 7 5, 863. 8 5, 860. 0	3, 137. 0 3, 141. 9 3, 199. 3 3, 194. 0	1, 190. 7 1, 195. 5 1, 248. 7 1, 231. 6	1, 946. 3 1, 946. 4 1, 950. 6 1, 962. 5	762.3 751.5 752.3 764.0	795.5 796.0 798.1 798.4	1, 018. 2 1, 017. 8 1, 012. 6 1, 003. 6	100. 0 99. 4 101. 4 100. 0
Dec. 4 Dec. 11 Dec. 18 Dec. 25 1941—Jan. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 5,839.\ 4\\ 5,802.\ 6\\ 5,853.\ 0\\ 5,830.\ 1\\ 5,832.\ 0\\ \end{array}$	3, 177. 8 3, 146. 5 3, 182. 1 3, 160. 9 3, 159. 0	1, 209. 1 1, 186. 3 1, 209. 7 1, 182. 4 1, 200. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 1,968.7\\ 1,960.2\\ 1,972.4\\ 1,978.5\\ 1,958.3 \end{array}$	763.0 757.6 771.1 771.6 775.1	800, 4 801, 6 803, 1 803, 1 804, 1	998. 6 997. 7 996. 4 993. 2 992. 8	99. 6 99. 3 100. 2 101. 3 100. 9
Jan. 8. Jan. 15. Jan. 22. Jan. 29.	5,820.5 5,917.9 5,894.1 5,852.7	$\begin{array}{c} 3,152,9\\ 3,257,6\\ 3,255,2\\ 3,215,9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,198,8\\ 1,301,3\\ 1,303,3\\ 1,288,2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,954.1\\ 1,956.4\\ 1,951.9\\ 1,927.7 \end{array}$	775. 8 772. 2 757. 1 759. 9	804. 9 806. 8 808. 0 808. 5	985. 6 979. 6 974. 0 969. 7	101. 3 101. 7 99. 8 98. 8
Feb. 5 Feb. 12 Feb. 19 Feb. 26	5, 811. 0 5, 781. 7 5, 742. 2 5, 747. 5	3, 175. 9 3, 156. 9 3, 108. 1 3, 102. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 1,269.0\\ 1,255.0\\ 1,228.8\\ 1,243.4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,906.9\\ 1,901.8\\ 1,879.4\\ 1,859.2 \end{array}$	763. 1 754. 6 764. 6 776. 1	809. 4 810. 9 811. 9 813. 2	965.7 963.5 961.1 958.4	97. 0 95. 9 96. 5 97. 2
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26 Apr. 2	5, 762. 2 5, 806. 2 5, 825. 9 5, 805. 5 5, 778. 2	3, 128, 1 3, 188, 0 3, 202, 4 3, 185, 2 3, 148, 8	$\begin{array}{c} 1,249.6\\ 1,300.1\\ 1,346.2\\ 1,325.6\\ 1,307.7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,878,5\\ 1,887,9\\ 1,856,2\\ 1,859,6\\ 1,841,0\\ \end{array}$	764. 9 752. 1 756. 2 755. 4 767. 4	814. 4 814. 6 815. 4 816. 5 813. 5	958, 2 954, 7 953, 4 952, 5 952, 7	96. 6 96. 9 98. 4 95. 8 95. 9
Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Apr. 30	$\begin{array}{c} 5,905.\ 6\\ 5,938.\ 2\\ 5,927.\ 3\\ 5,917.\ 7\end{array}$	3, 273. 6 3, 299. 2 3, 279. 2 3, 257. 3	1, 416. 6 1, 434. 7 1, 424. 0 1, 406. 4	$\begin{array}{c} 1,857.0\\ 1,864.5\\ 1,855.2\\ 1,850.9 \end{array}$	766. 4 772. 4 785. 0 798. 9	816. 4 817. 0 817. 7 816. 6	952. 1 950. 9 946. 8 946. 7	97. 1 98. 7 98. 5 98. 2
May 7 May 14 May 21 May 28	5, 911. 6 5, 876. 9 5, 902. 5 5, 910. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 3,243.5\\ 3,224.2\\ 3,252.0\\ 3,266.4 \end{array}$	1, 400. 4 1, 414. 8 1, 421. 2 1, 417. 5	$\begin{array}{c} 1,843.1\\ 1,809.4\\ 1,830.9\\ 1,848.9\end{array}$	791. 6 792. 4 794. 6 794. 9	833. 9 834. 5 835. 4 836. 4	945. 4 929. 0 923. 5 915. 4	97. 2 96. 8 97. 0 97. 5

Owing to a change in reporting practice, revisions have been effected in the figures for total capital movement and foreign banking funds in the United States (total and other) beginning Dec. 4, 1940.
 Including funds in accounts transferred from central bank to government names; for original explanation of funds included under this heading see BULLETIN for April 1939, p. 285.
 In the week ending August 7, a foreign central bank account amounting to \$55,000,000 was changed to a foreign private account. NOTE.—Statistics reported by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. For back figures and description of the statistics, see BULLETIN for April 1939, pp. 284-296; April 1938, pp. 267-277; and May 1937, pp. 394-431.

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO THE UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935-Continued

[In millions of dollars. Minus sign indicates net movement from United States]

TABLE 2 .--- TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT, BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia 1	All other 1
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) 1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	2, 608. 4 3, 410. 3 3, 844. 5		210, 2 299, 5 281, 7 339, 6 468, 7	114. 5 229. 7 311. 9 328. 6 470. 3	130. 4 335. 5 607. 5 557. 5 773. 0	36. 6 83. 1 123. 9 140. 5 165. 9	$24.0 \\ 45.6 \\ 22.1 \\ 32.2 \\ 58.0$	$\begin{array}{c} 130.\ 0\\ 228.\ 5\\ 312.\ 2\\ 472.\ 0\\ 752.\ 9\end{array}$	1, 200. 6 2, 051. 3 2, 653. 0 3, 054. 2 3, 790. 1	(2) 150, 5 106, 3 155, 3 229, 4	70. 9 201. 2 410. 6 384. 6 483. 4	128, 3 184, 0 224, 6 214, 2 431, 0	$     \begin{array}{r}       12.7 \\       21.4 \\       15.9 \\       36.2 \\       87.4     \end{array} $
1940—Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Nov. 27 Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) Feb. 26 Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30	5, 805. 5 5, 794. 0 5, 860. 0 r5, 832. 0 r5, 852. 7 r5, 747. 5 r5, 778. 2	1,005.4 1,004.2 994.4 1,007.2 969.6 1,024.6 954.8 968.5 1,054.6	$\begin{array}{c} 693.\ 8\\ 683.\ 0\\ 679.\ 9\\ 675.\ 9\\ 670.\ 3\\ 667.\ 4\\ 667.\ 7\\ 665.\ 4\\ 668.\ 6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 459.\ 7\\ 457.\ 9\\ 456.\ 9\\ 450.\ 8\\ 455.\ 6\\ 451.\ 5\\ 451.\ 0\\ 471.\ 0\\ 463.\ 3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 908.\ 4\\ 884.\ 4\\ 896.\ 7\\ 895.\ 8\\ 911.\ 5\\ 890.\ 5\\ 879.\ 2\\ 883.\ 6\\ 872.\ 4\end{array}$	173. 1 176. 3 173. 9 173. 8 175. 9 175. 3 176. 4 177. 1 177. 8	64, 5 84, 6 75, 9 70, 3 55, 4 49, 3 47, 5 47, 4 47, 0	917. 8 934. 0 930. 0 925. 5 922. 7 906. 9 905. 0 898. 1 899. 2	4, 224. 4 4, 207. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 369.\ 4\\ 387.\ 3\\ 384.\ 4\\ 415.\ 5\\ 411.\ 7\\ 416.\ 5\\ 410.\ 5\\ 394.\ 9\\ 410.\ 7\end{array}$	$597.9 \\ 603.8 \\ 601.0 \\ 606.5 \\ 606.8 \\ 611.2 \\ 597.5 \\ 623.7 \\ 639.1$	$\begin{array}{c} 484.\ 7\\ 506.\ 5\\ 515.\ 4\\ 557.\ 9\\ {}^{r}562.\ 3\\ {}^{r}563.\ 4\\ {}^{r}558.\ 7\\ {}^{r}547.\ 0\\ {}^{r}568.\ 0\end{array}$	77. 2 83. 6 85. 6 80. 9 90. 2 96. 1 99. 3 101. 7 117. 0
May 7 3 May 14 May 21 May 28	5,876.9		$\begin{array}{c} 673.\ 5\\ 672.\ 4\\ 670.\ 3\\ 670.\ 2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 458.\ 3\\ 457.\ 5\\ 457.\ 5\\ 457.\ 5\\ 457.\ 5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 877.\ 0\\ 878.\ 9\\ 880.\ 3\\ 881.\ 2\end{array}$	$177.8 \\ 177.9 \\ 177.7 \\ 177.6 \\$	47.2 47.0 47.2 47.3	889. 7 883. 7 885. 5 884. 7	4, 167. 1 4, 149. 9 4, 144. 9 4, 153. 9	$\begin{array}{r} 420.\ 2\\ 416.\ 0\\ 419.\ 5\\ 403.\ 8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 639.\ 9\\ 637.\ 6\\ 641.\ 9\\ 650.\ 4\end{array}$	569.5 560.6 576.5 583.6	114. 9 112. 9 119. 7 119. 0

TABLE 3.-FOREIGN BANKING FUNDS IN UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia 1	All other 1
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) 1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	1,168.5 1,425.4	128. 6 163. 5 189. 3 364. 0 376. 1	$129. \ 6 \\ 144. \ 2 \\ 111. \ 8 \\ 155. \ 3 \\ 256. \ 1$	55. 7 65. 9 76. 3 87. 9 190. 9	72. 4 109. 8 288. 4 205. 1 362. 7	$ \begin{array}{r}8\\ 2.7\\ 9.6\\ -11.8\\ -20.1 \end{array} $	7.3 23.0 6.9 1.7 19.7	60. 7 79. 7 109. 4 208. 6 470. 0	453. 5 588. 9 791. 7 1, 010. 7 1, 655. 4	$\begin{array}{r} 46.0\\ 86.8\\ 76.3\\ 101.6\\ 174.5\end{array}$	33. 5 149. 3 166. 3 127. 6 215. 1	58. 8 90. 4 126. 2 163. 3 325. 4	$ \begin{array}{r} 11.5\\15.2\\8.0\\22.2\\60.5\end{array} $
1940—Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Nov. 27. Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941—Jan. 29. Feb. 26. Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30.	3,092.8 3,112.5 3,194.0 73,159.0 73,215.9 73,102.6 73,148.8	313. 6 314. 3 306. 6 325. 0 293. 3 349. 7 279. 2 297. 3 382. 8	483. 1 471. 4 468. 7 465. 5 458. 0 455. 1 455. 0 452. 8 455. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 168.8\\ 166.3\\ 165.1\\ 158.9\\ 160.3\\ 156.1\\ 155.4\\ 173.4\\ 165.8 \end{array}$	462.7 445.9 476.3 479.9 494.7 482.3 475.8 484.2 475.4	$\begin{array}{c} -19.1 \\ -16.5 \\ -20.6 \\ -21.6 \\ -22.9 \\ -24.2 \\ -22.7 \\ -24.0 \\ -23.9 \end{array}$	$7.3 \\ 5.8 \\ .6 \\ .1 \\9 \\ -2.8 \\ -3.3 \\ -3.5 \\ -3.8 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 604.8\\ 620.6\\ 615.6\\ 609.4\\ 603.7\\ 587.5\\ 584.6\\ 576.9\\ 576.7\end{array}$		295. 8 310. 6 307. 9 335. 0 334. 1 343. 4 334. 6 321. 4 333. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 311.\ 4\\ 317.\ 5\\ 325.\ 1\\ 332.\ 7\\ 326.\ 4\\ 336.\ 1\\ 314.\ 2\\ 349.\ 3\\ 358.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 361.7\\ 401.8\\ 410.3\\ 456.0\\ r450.9\\ r465.0\\ r458.4\\ r446.9\\ r446.9\\ r446.9\end{array}$	$50.7 \\ 55.1 \\ 56.8 \\ 53.2 \\ 61.3 \\ 67.7 \\ 71.3 \\ 74.1 \\ 89.9$
May 7 <sup>3</sup> May 14 May 21 May 28	3, 224. 2	374.0 376.1 376.2 389.9	$\begin{array}{r} 460,2\\ 458,9\\ 456,3\\ 456,1\end{array}$	$160.5 \\ 159.7 \\ 159.7 \\ 159.8 $	$\begin{array}{c} 480.9\\ 486.4\\ 489.7\\ 493.5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } -23.8 \\ -23.7 \\ -23.9 \\ -24.2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} -3.8 \\ -4.0 \\ -4.3 \\ -4.1 \end{array} $	566.5 560.6 561.7 560.6	$\begin{array}{c} 2,014.\ 6\\ 2,013.\ 9\\ 2,015.\ 4\\ 2,031.\ 7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 329.\ 6\\ 324.\ 8\\ 326.\ 6\\ 312.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 358, 2\\ 356, 1\\ 359, 8\\ 367, 2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 453.\ 0\\ 443.\ 4\\ 457.\ 2\\ 462.\ 5\end{array}$	88.1 86.0 93.0 93.0

TABLE 4UNITED	STATES	BANKING	<b>FUNDS</b>	ABROAD,	BY	COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia 1	All other 1
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) 1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	431.5 449.1	$208.8 \\ 178.0 \\ 207.4 \\ 206.2 \\ 252.2$	$\begin{array}{r} 48.1\\62.0\\65.3\\68.4\\73.8\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r},4\\ -3.3\\ -4.4\\ -5.6\\ 12.9 \end{array} $	1.6 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.9	29.7 66.0 105.1 141.7 177.8	$13.7 \\ 16.3 \\ 6.5 \\ 13.7 \\ 15.5$	8.8 22.0 26.9 33.8 28.4	$\begin{array}{r} 310.\ 2\\ 343.\ 7\\ 409.\ 3\\ 460.\ 9\\ 563.\ 5\end{array}$	-4.636.9-21.735.956.5	20. 1 24. 9 51. 6 66. 8 52. 6	$   \begin{array}{r} 37.3 \\       30.4 \\       18.7 \\       -46.5 \\       -21.5   \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.6 \\ -4.4 \\ -8.7 \\ -7.0 \\8 \\ \end{array} $
1940-Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Nov. 27 Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941-Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30	773. 6 765. 7 764. 0 775. 1 759. 9 776. 1 767. 4	$\begin{array}{c} 269.5\\ 271.9\\ 272.5\\ 270.7\\ 269.2\\ 269.2\\ 271.4\\ 268.2\\ 269.6\end{array}$	74. 6 75. 3 75. 0 74. 4 74. 6 75. 4 75. 6 76. 0 75. 9	17.4 17.6 17.6 17.5 17.7 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8	$\begin{array}{c} 6.1\\ 6.5\\ 6.1\\ 6.2\\ 6.5\\ 5.9\\ 4.2\\ 5.0\\ 5.3\end{array}$	185. 2 185. 6 187. 2 191. 6 192. 4 193. 0 195. 0 195. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 23.1\\ 24.5\\ 24.0\\ 25.0\\ 25.3\\ 25.5\\ 25.5\\ 25.6\\ 25.5\\ 25.5\end{array}$	44. 9 45. 0 46. 5 47. 8 49. 8 48. 7 48. 8 49. 7 50. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 620.\ 8\\ 626.\ 6\\ 628.\ 9\\ 629.\ 8\\ 634.\ 7\\ 634.\ 8\\ 636.\ 3\\ 637.\ 2\\ 640.\ 4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 65.\ 1\\ 65.\ 4\\ 63.\ 9\\ 66.\ 5\\ 60.\ 3\\ 62.\ 6\\ 65.\ 4\\ 65.\ 3\\ 71.\ 3\end{array}$	53.6 52.9 42.9 40.1 43.2 40.1 50.9 44.4 47.7	34.0 26.9 27.7 26.4 34.8 20.2 21.6 19.2 38.7	4 2.1 2.2 1.2 2.1 2.0 1.9 1.3 .8
May 7 May 14 May 21 May 28	792.4	$\begin{array}{c} 267.\ 6\\ 267.\ 5\\ 267.\ 6\\ 267.\ 4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 76.1 \\ 76.1 \\ 76.6 \\ 76.4 \end{array}$	17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8	5.2 5.8 5.3 5.2	195. 7 195. 7 195. 7 195. 9	25, 5 25, 4 25, 6 25, 5	50.9 50.7 51.1 51.4	638, 8 639, 1 639, 7 639, 5	$\begin{array}{c} 67.8 \\ 68.6 \\ 69.2 \\ 68.3 \end{array}$	50. 4 49. 8 49. 7 49. 8	34. 2 34. 5 35. 7 37. 6	

r Revised—see note to Table 1.

<sup>1</sup> Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other".

<sup>1</sup> Inflow less than \$50,000.
 <sup>3</sup> Inflow less that \$50,000.
 <sup>3</sup> The indicated capital movement for the week ending May 7 includes the following changes due to a change in reporting practice by one bank:
 <sup>3</sup> The indicated capital movement for the week ending May 7 includes the following changes due to a change in reporting practice by one bank:
 <sup>4</sup> Total—nil, United Kingdom +5.7, France +4.6, Netherlands -6.8, Switzerland +4.0, Other Europe-11.2, Asia +3.2. No adjustment has been made for this factor since roughly compensating changes have been incorporated in the reported figures for various dates beginning in April 1940.

NOTE.—Statistics reported by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. For back figures and description of the statistics, see Bulletin for April 1939, pp. 284-296; April 1938, pp. 267-277; and May 1937, pp. 394-431.

NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO THE UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935-Continued

[In millions of dollars. Minus sign indicates net movement from United States] TABLE 5.---FOREIGN SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES

Net Purchases by Foreigners

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia 1	All other <sup>1</sup>
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) 1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	125. 2 316. 2 583. 2 641. 8 725. 7	67.8 116.1 136.8 127.7 125.5	6. 8 18. 2 22. 8 26. 1 42. 1	7.4 10.4 21.2 27.3 29.4	-1.213.730.436.145.0	$13. \ 3 \\ 22. \ 5 \\ 26. \ 6 \\ 33. \ 5 \\ 36. \ 6$	2.9 9.4 13.5 22.0 27.6	46. 1 87. 9 115. 2 167. 8 189. 0	$143. \ 1 \\ 278. \ 3 \\ 366. \ 4 \\ 440. \ 6 \\ 495. \ 2 \\$	-39.7 1.7 10.5 -9.7 -7.6	12.7 15.7 175.0 167.4 184.0	7.9 17.0 24.5 33.8 42.8	1.1 3.5 6.8 9.7 11.3
1940—Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Nov. 27 Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941—Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30	793.2 794.6 798.4 804.1	$\begin{array}{c} 131. \ 0\\ 130. \ 5\\ 130. \ 2\\ 129. \ 9\\ 128. \ 9\\ 129. \ 1\\ 129. \ 5\\ 129. \ 1\\ 129. \ 5\\ 129. \ 1\\ 128. \ 7\end{array}$	43.0 43.0 42.9 42.9 43.4 43.5 43.6 43.7 43.8	$\begin{array}{c} 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\\ 31.\ 0\end{array}$	47. 8 47. 4 46. 3 46. 0 46. 0 46. 1 45. 8 45. 2 45. 2	36.0 36.1 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5	$\begin{array}{c} 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.1\end{array}$	195. 4 195. 9 196. 0 196. 1 196. 4 197. 2 198. 1 198. 9 199. 1	512. 3512. 0511. 0510. 6510. 3511. 6512. 6512. 6512. 4	$19.5 \\ 20.7 \\ 21.3 \\ 23.5 \\ 25.0 \\ 25.8 \\ 26.4 \\ 26.5 \\ 25.9 \\ 25.9 \\ 19.5 \\ 25.9 \\ $	196. 7 197. 6 198. 6 199. 8 202. 3 203. 5 204. 5 203. 0 206. 0	<b>49.</b> 1 50. 1 50. 5 51. 2 53. 0 54. 2 55. 9 57. 6 58. 2	$12.9 \\ 12.9 \\ 13.1 \\ 13.3 \\ 13.5 \\ 13.5 \\ 13.5 \\ 13.8 \\ 13.9 \\ 14.2$
May 7 May 14 May 21 May 28	833, 9 834, 5 835, 4 836, 4	$128. \ 6 \\ 128. \ 8 \\ 128. \ 8 \\ 128. \ 6 $	$\begin{array}{r} 43.8 \\ 43.8 \\ 43.8 \\ 43.8 \\ 43.8 \end{array}$	$31.0 \\ 31.0 \\ 31.0 \\ 31.0 \\ 31.0 \\ 31.0 $	45. 1 44. 9 44. 8 44. 8 44. 8	36, 5 36, 5 36, 5 36, 5	$28.1 \\ $	199. 2 199. 2 199. 4 199. 5	512. 3 512. 3 512. 5 512. 3 512. 3	42. 4 42. 2 42. 4 42. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 206.\ 5\\ 207.\ 1\\ 207.\ 5\\ 208.\ 1 \end{array}$	58.4 58.6 58.8 59.0	14. 3 14. 3 14. 3 14. 2

#### TABLE 6.-DOMESTIC SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES Net Purchases by Foreigners

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia !	All other 1
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) 1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	316.7 917.4 1,162.0 1,219.7 1,133.7	149. 8 367. 7 448. 7 472. 6 328. 1	23. 4 64. 7 70. 3 76. 9 76. 6	50, 5 157, 6 213, 8 212, 1 227, 7	55. 1 200. 2 275. 3 304. 1 344. 7	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.4 \\ -7.5 \\ -17.4 \\ -22.8 \\ -28.2 \\ \end{array} $	1 -3.3 -4.9 -5.5 -4.9	12, 9 38, 5 55, 7 56, 6 60, 4	286. 2 818. 0 1, 041. 6 1, 094. 1 1, 004. 4	2.8 32.6 37.6 25.7 -2.6	3.7 15.5 18.2 23.7 30.1	21. 4 44. 1 54. 7 65. 2 87. 6	2.6 7.1 9.8 11.1 14.3
1940—Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Nov. 27 Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941—Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30	969.7	$\begin{array}{c} 275.\ 0\\ 271.\ 1\\ 268.\ 0\\ 264.\ 4\\ 261.\ 2\\ 259.\ 5\\ 257.\ 7\\ 257.\ 1\\ 256.\ 8\end{array}$	74.7 74.5 74.1 74.1 74.2 74.2 74.2 74.2 74.3	230, 6 230, 7 230, 6 230, 9 233, 2 233, 3 233, 2 234, 9 234, 8	$\begin{array}{c} 372.\ 9\\ 365.\ 4\\ 349.\ 6\\ 346.\ 8\\ 348.\ 1\\ 340.\ 2\\ 338.\ 9\\ 334.\ 7\\ 332.\ 1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -28.8 \\ -28.8 \\ -29.1 \\ -29.1 \\ -29.2 \\ -30.2 \\ -30.3 \\ -30.3 \end{array}$	5.926.223.117.0 $2.7-1.6-3.0-3.0-3.0$	64.6 64.5 64.5 64.6 64.9 64.6 64.5 64.8 64.8 64.8	994. 9 1,003. 5 980. 9 968. 7 955. 4 941. 0 935. 3 932. 5 929. 5	$\begin{array}{r} -21.9\\ -20.7\\ -19.0\\ -20.3\\ -18.4\\ -25.7\\ -26.9\\ -28.9\\ -31.8\end{array}$	26. 8 26. 6 26. 2 25. 1 25. 6 24. 7 21. 8 20. 9 20. 6	33. 9 22. 0 20. 0 17. 5 17. 6 17. 7 16. 8 16. 9 17. 0	13. 4 12. 8 12. 6 12 6 12. 6 12. 0 11. 4 11. 3 11. 3
May 7 May 14 May 21 May 28	945. 4 929. 0 923. 5 915. 4	256.5243.4237.2232.8	74. 3 74. 3 74. 3 74. 5	$\begin{array}{c} 234.\ 7\\ 234.\ 7\\ 234.\ 7\\ 234.\ 7\\ 234.\ 7\end{array}$	$331.8 \\ 328.2 \\ 326.7 \\ 324.1$	$\begin{array}{r} -30.\ 4\\ -30.\ 4\\ -30.\ 4\\ -30.\ 4\end{array}$	-2.8 -2.7 -2.4 -2.5	64. 9 64. 9 64. 9 64. 8	929. 1 912. 4 904. 9 898. 0	-31.8-31.4-30.4-31.3	19.8 19.6 19.9 19.5	17.0 17.1 17.7 17.9	11.3 11.3 11.4 11.3

#### TABLE 7.-BROKERAGE BALANCES,<sup>2</sup> BY COUNTRIES

From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia 1	All other <sup>1</sup>
1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) 1939—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	12.9 47.5	(3) 4.0 11.5 13.4 19.4	2. 4 10. 4 11. 5 12. 9 20. 1	1.3 9 5.0 6.8 9.3	2.5 9.1 10.8 9.6 17.8	$ \begin{array}{c}2 \\7 \\ (3) \\2 \\1 \end{array} $	.1 .3 .1 .2 .1	1.4 .4 5.0 5.2 5.0	7.622.644.047.971.6	-4.5 -7.6 3.5 1.8 8.7	1.0 -4.2 5 9 1.6	2.9 2.1 .5 -1.5 -3.4	9 (4) (4) (4) 2, 1
1940—Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Nov. 27 Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941—Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30	98.8 97.2	$\begin{array}{c} 16.\ 3\\ 16.\ 3\\ 17.\ 1\\ 17.\ 2\\ 17.\ 0\\ 17.\ 1\\ 17.\ 0\\ 16.\ 7\\ 16.\ 7\end{array}$	18.6 18.8 19.1 18.9 19.9 19.2 19.3 18.7 19.0	11. 9 12. 3 12. 5 12. 5 13. 4 13. 3 13. 5 13. 9 14. 0	$18.8 \\ 19.2 \\ 18.3 \\ 16.9 \\ 16.2 \\ 15.9 \\ 14.4 \\ 14.5 \\ 14.3 \\ $	$ \begin{array}{c}1\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2$	$     \begin{array}{c}             1 \\             1 \\         $	8.0 8.1 7.3 7.6 7.9 8.9 9.1 7.9 7.8	73. 6 74. 7 74. 4 73. 1 74. 3 74. 4 73. 3 74. 4 73. 3 71. 7 71. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 10.9\\ 11.2\\ 10.2\\ 10.7\\ 10.7\\ 10.4\\ 10.9\\ 10.6\\ 11.4 \end{array}$	9.4 9.1 8.3 9.2 6.8 6.1 6.1 7.0	6.0 5.8 6.8 6.7 6.0 6.3 6.1 6.4 7.2	.6 .7 1.0 .7 .7 .9 .9 1.1 .8
May 7 May 14 May 21 May 28	97. 2 96. 8 97. 0 97. 5	16. 8 16. 8 16. 6 16. 6	19. 1 19. 3 19. 3 19. 4	$14.3 \\ $	$14.0 \\ 13.5 \\ 13.8 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.6 \\ 10.6 \\ $	2 2 2 2	$^{.2}_{.2}_{.2}_{.2}_{.2}$	8, 2 8, 3 8, 4 8, 4	72. 3 72. 2 72. 5 72. 3	$12.1 \\ 11.8 \\ 11.8 \\ 12.0$	5.0 4.9 4.9 5.8	6.9 7.0 7.2 6.7	.8 .9 .7 .8

Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other".
For explanation see BULLETIN for May 1937, pp. 395-396.
Inflow less than \$50,000.
Outflow less than \$50,000.

OUTSTANDING SHORT-TERM ACCOUNTS. BY COUNTRIES

[Outstanding amounts in millions of dollars]

TABLE 8.-SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS. BY COUNTRIES

	•	ADLE 0	-38061-1	CRM CIA	DILITIES	IO IONL	IGNENS,	D1 000	NINES				
Date	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia 1	All othe <b>r</b> 1
					Repo	rted by Bo	ınks in 1	New York	: City				
1929—Dec. 31 1930—Dec. 31 1931—Dec. 30 1932—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1933) 1933—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1934) 1934—Nov. 28 <sup>2</sup>	1, 303.5 733.8	$\begin{array}{c} 301.\ 5\\ 214.\ 5\\ 104.\ 9\\ 171.\ 0\\ 48.\ 3\\ 59.\ 1\end{array}$	923. 7 799. 4 549. 2 72. 2 24. 9 32. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 99.1 \\ 122.2 \\ 44.6 \\ 13.8 \\ 8.3 \\ 12.7 \end{array}$	105. 2 222. 2 66. 0 82. 2 11. 9 9. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 204.5\\ 161.0\\ 41.1\\ 30.2\\ 16.3\\ 25.8 \end{array}$	157.4 111.2 33.2 36.6 9.9 14.3	$\begin{array}{c} 371. \ 3\\ 281. \ 3\\ 122. \ 2\\ 63. \ 1\\ 30. \ 1\\ 41. \ 7\end{array}$	2, 162. 8 1, 911. 7 961. 2 469. 1 149. 7 196. 0	241. 8 216. 8 148. 3 89. 3 88. 7 91. 9	188. 2 130. 8 103. 3 117. 8 96. 4 106. 6	49.0 38.2 69.0 44.4 43.1 60.3	31.0 37.5 21.6 13.1 10.4 11.9
					Repo	rted by B	anks in d	United St	ates				
1934—Dec. 5 <sup>3</sup> Dec. (Jan. 2, 1935) 1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939)	1, 200, 2 1, 491, 6 1, 729, 6	79. 6 76. 9 205. 5 235. 7 261. 5 436. 1	36. 1 33. 9 163. 5 176. 3 143. 9 187. 4	13.5 12.9 68.6 78.8 89.1 101.8	12. 1 13. 7 86. 1 123. 5 302. 1 218. 8	28. 4 29. 9 29. 0 32. 0 39. 0 17. 8	16. 8 18. 8 26. 1 41. 7 25. 7 20. 4	40.6 46.8 107.5 126.3 156.0 255.5	$\begin{array}{c} 227.\ 1\\ 232.\ 9\\ 686.\ 3\\ 814.\ 3\\ 1,\ 017.\ 1\\ 1,\ 237.\ 8\end{array}$	103. 3 99. 3 145. 3 186. 1 175. 6 201. 8	117. 4122. 8156. 3263. 9280. 9248. 5	$125.1 \\ 130.1 \\ 188.9 \\ 200.2 \\ 236.0 \\ 274.3$	12. 0 12. 0 23. 4 27. 1 20. 0 34. 1
1939Mar. 29 June 28 Sept. 27 Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	2,683.0	473, 9 607, 4 656, 7 448, 2	219. 5 284. 4 295. 9 288. 2	143. 9 146. 0 186. 0 204. 9	247. 1 240. 8 299. 9 376. 3	18.7 15.1 7.8 9.5	14.8 12.2 17.1 38.5	314.7 366.9 446.4 516.9	1, 432. 7 1, 672. 7 1, 909. 7 1, 882. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 236.\ 6\\ 291.\ 7\\ 325.\ 3\\ 274.\ 6\end{array}$	300. 7 363. 0 383. 0 336. 0	305, 5 306, 0 366, 5 491, 4	43. 3 49. 7 66. 2 72. 5
1940-Mar. (Apr. 3)	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 188. 3\\ 3, 178. 7\\ 3, 456. 3\\ 5, 526. 2\\ 3, 666. 9\\ 3, 719. 0\\ 3, 738. 7\\ 3, 820. 3\\ r3, 785. 2\\ r3, 842. 1\\ r3, 728. 8\\ 3, 775. 0\\ 3, 883. 5\\ 3, 869. 7\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 361.\ 3\\ 326.\ 6\\ 354.\ 5\\ 397.\ 9\\ 343.\ 0\\ 385.\ 7\\ 386.\ 4\\ 378.\ 8\\ 397.\ 2\\ 365.\ 5\\ 421.\ 9\\ 351.\ 4\\ 369.\ 4\\ 454.\ 9\\ 440.\ 5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 290.\ 7\\ 286.\ 7\\ 319.\ 1\\ 504.\ 8\\ 497.\ 3\\ 515.\ 2\\ 503.\ 5\\ 500.\ 8\\ 497.\ 6\\ 490.\ 1\\ 487.\ 2\\ 487.\ 1\\ 484.\ 9\\ 487.\ 7\\ 487.\ 7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 199.\ 7\\ 213.\ 1\\ 198.\ 3\\ 184.\ 7\\ 178.\ 3\\ 182.\ 7\\ 180.\ 3\\ 179.\ 1\\ 172.\ 8\\ 174.\ 3\\ 170.\ 0\\ 169.\ 4\\ 187.\ 3\\ 179.\ 7\\ 180.\ 7\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 432,2\\ 447,6\\ 413,6\\ 441,0\\ 449,2\\ 476,4\\ 459,6\\ 490,0\\ 493,5\\ 508,4\\ 496,0\\ 489,5\\ 497,8\\ 489,1\\ 490,6\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8.4\\ 8.5\\ 9.9\\ 9.8\\ 13.2\\ 9.8\\ 13.2\\ 9.8\\ 13.2\\ 9.6\\ 5.5\\ 7.0\\ 5.6\\ 5.7\\ 5.8\end{array}$	69.3 71.3 65.0 29.8 25.8 26.1 24.6 19.4 18.9 17.9 16.0 15.5 15.3 15.0	$\begin{array}{c} 618.\ 7\\ 616.\ 1\\ 619.\ 3\\ 625.\ 7\\ 651.\ 7\\ 651.\ 7\\ 662.\ 5\\ 656.\ 3\\ 650.\ 6\\ 634.\ 4\\ 631.\ 5\\ 623.\ 8\\ 623.\ 6\\ 624.\ 6\end{array}$	1, 950, 3 $1, 969, 9$ $1, 979, 8$ $2, 193, 8$ $2, 141, 9$ $2, 248, 4$ $2, 235, 0$ $2, 239, 6$ $2, 244, 3$ $2, 213, 5$ $2, 230, 9$ $2, 151, 3$ $2, 184, 3$ $2, 255, 9$ $2, 244, 9$	$\begin{array}{c} 250.\ 1\\ 255.\ 3\\ 236.\ 0\\ 259.\ 2\\ 353.\ 9\\ 395.\ 9\\ 410.\ 7\\ 408.\ 1\\ 435.\ 2\\ 434.\ 3\\ 443.\ 6\\ 434.\ 8\\ 421.\ 5\\ 434.\ 0\\ 429.\ 7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{365.5} \\ \textbf{389.9} \\ \textbf{402.4} \\ \textbf{420.8} \\ \textbf{432.3} \\ \textbf{432.3} \\ \textbf{436.4} \\ \textbf{446.0} \\ \textbf{453.6} \\ \textbf{447.3} \\ \textbf{457.0} \\ \textbf{457.0} \\ \textbf{477.2} \\ \textbf{478.9} \\ \textbf{479.1} \end{array}$	515. 2 $517. 6$ $501. 9$ $521. 7$ $542. 8$ $527. 6$ $567. 7$ $576. 3$ $622. 0$ $r616. 9$ $r631. 0$ $r624. 4$ $612. 9$ $612. 9$ $615. 8$	54, 1 55, 6 60, 3 66, 7 67, 1 68, 7 65, 1 73, 3 79, 6 83, 3 86, 1 101, 8 100, 1
May 7 May 14 May 21. May 28	$\begin{vmatrix} 3,850.4\\ 3,878.2 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{r} 446.\ 2\\ 448.\ 2\\ 448.\ 3\\ 462.\ 0\end{array}$	492.3 491.0 488.4 488.2	174. 4 173. 6 173. 6 173. 7	494.6 500.0 503.4 507.2	5.8 5.9 5.7 5.5	15.0 14.8 14.5 14.7	$\begin{array}{c} 613.\ 4\\ 607.\ 5\\ 608.\ 6\\ 607.\ 5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,241.7\\ 2,241.1\\ 2,242.6\\ 2,258.9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 429.\ 7\\ 425.\ 0\\ 426.\ 7\\ 412.\ 2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 479.1 \\ 477.0 \\ 480.7 \\ 488.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 619.\ 0\\ 609.\ 4\\ 623.\ 2\\ 628.\ 5\end{array}$	$100.1 \\ 97.9 \\ 105.0 \\ 104.9$

Additional Detail Available from January 3, 1940 5

		5 Eu	ropean	coun	tries			6 L	atin A	merica	n cour	tries			4 Asia	tic cou	ntries	
Date	Total	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land		Swe- den	Tota]	Ar- gen- tina	Bra- zil	Chile	Cuba	Mex- ico	Pan- ama and C. Z.	Total	China	Hong Kong	Japan	Philip- pine Islands
1940—Jan. 3           Jan. 31           Feb. 28           Mar. (Apr. 3)           Apr. (May 1)           May 29           June (July 3)           July 31           Aux. (Sept. 4)           Sept. (Oct. 2)           Oct. 30           Nov. 27           Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941)           1941—Jan. 29           Feb. 26           Mar. (Apr. 2)           April 30           May 7           May 14           May 21           May 28	$\begin{array}{c} 448.1\\ 458.8\\ 475.1\\ 460.2\\ 443.3\\ 457.0\\ 457.7\\ 466.7\\ 470.3\\ 469.0\\ 466.2\\ 462.7\\ 450.5\\ 469.0\\ 466.2\\ 462.7\\ 450.5\\ 437.9\\ 429.6\\ 433.1\\ 434.8\\ 426.4\\ 426.3\\ 426.4\\ 426.3\\ 426.4\\ 426.3\\ 426.4\\ 426.3\\ 426.3\\ 426.4\\ 426.3\\ 40$	$\begin{array}{c} 166.2\\ 176.6\\ 184.3\\ 183.7\\ 172.0\\ 161.3\\ 154.9\\ 150.9\\ 145.7\\ 145.7\\ 145.7\\ 145.7\\ 145.7\\ 144.8\\ 143.2\\ 140.7\\ 135.4\\ 134.1\\ 133.9\\ 125.5\\ 125.5\\ 125.8\\ 125.7\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 28,7\\ 27,2\\ 28,7\\ 23,0\\ 21,1\\ 19,5\\ 18,4\\ 17,2\\ 16,8\\ 16,2\\ 16,1\\ 17,3\\ 17,1\\ 11,7,3\\ 17,1\\ 15,8\\ 15,8\\ 15,5\\ 15,3\\ 15,3\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23.8\\ 23.7\\ 25.0\\ 27.2\\ 29.5\\ 29.6\\ 29.1\\ 26.3\\ 29.1\\ 26.3\\ 29.1\\ 26.3\\ 29.1\\ 26.3\\ 29.1\\ 124.3\\ 22.0\\ 16.5\\ 14.1\\ 12.3\\ 10.6\\ 12.5\\ 11.8\\ 11.8\\ 11.8\\ 11.8\\ 11.8\\ 9.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 67.\ 0\\ 69.\ 4\\ 68.\ 4\\ 67.\ 5\\ 64.\ 1\\ 59.\ 0\\ 57.\ 8\\ 51.\ 2\\ 51.\ 3\\ 50.\ 1\\ 48.\ 3\\ 46.\ 2\\ 45.\ 0\\ 44.\ 7\\ 44.\ 4\\ 44.\ 7\\ 44.\ 4\\ 44.\ 3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 162.\ 4\\ 161.\ 9\\ 168.\ 6\\ 158.\ 9\\ 156.\ 7\\ 187.\ 6\\ 197.\ 5\\ 238.\ 4\\ 225.\ 3\\ 231.\ 5\\ 232.\ 4\\ 227.\ 7\\ 221.\ 6\\ 228.\ 6\\ 228.\ 6\\ 228.\ 6\\ 228.\ 7\\ 231.\ 1\\ 231.\ 1\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 259.3\\ 263.7\\ 275.4\\ 297.1\\ 311.8\\ 326.5\\ 321.3\\ 332.2\\ 338.8\\ 348.2\\ 353.3\\ 341.7\\ 348.6\\ 349.1\\ 348.8\\ 349.1\\ 348.8\\ 349.5\\ 349.5\\ 349.5\\ 349.1\\ 348.1\\ 349.5\\ 349.5\\ 349.1\\ 34$	66.5 68.7 63.5 80.6 83.3 88.7 93.1 103.9	$\begin{array}{c} 30.\ 0\\ 35.\ 3\\ 35.\ 0\\ 34.\ 8\\ 39.\ 0\\ 38.\ 0\\ 31.\ 4\\ 39.\ 7\\ 44.\ 1\\ 36.\ 2\\ 45.\ 4\\ 35.\ 1\\ 44.\ 0\\ 50.\ 6\\ 48.\ 2\\ 48.\ 2\\ 50.\ 1\\ 49.\ 9\end{array}$	24. 4         24. 7         23. 4         24. 7         23. 4         24. 8         30. 2         29. 2         29. 2         27. 8         26. 1         25. 0         26. 1         25. 3         30. 5         28. 8         29. 6         30. 4         29. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 38.3\\ 38.3\\ 43.2\\ 46.4\\ 49.6\\ 49.7\\ 48.1\\ 51.1\\ 48.7\\ 48.4\\ 46.4\\ 47.3\\ 51.5\\ 55.6\\ 55.2\\ 59.2\\ 59.2\\ 59.1\\ 60.4\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62.1\\ 65.2\\ 68.4\\ 67.2\\ 68.6\\ 65.3\\ 60.3\\ 58.5\\ 63.2\\ 64.4\\ 62.6\\ 55.6\\ 53.5\\ 48.6\\ 48.3\\ 48.3\\ 48.3\\ 48.6\\ 48.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 36.2\\ 36.7\\ 40.2\\ 44.5\\ 50.6\\ 53.5\\ 52.7\\ 59.6\\ 57.3\\ 57.9\\ 58.6\\ 58.6\\ 55.9\\ 64.5\\ 62.1\\ 59.8\\ 59.8\\ 59.8\\ 59.8\\ 59.8\\ 55.9\\ 8\\ 55.9\\ 55.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 434.7\\ 439.2\\ 455.1\\ 461.3\\ 446.2\\ 448.4\\ 446.6\\ 408.3\\ 431.6\\ 432.5\\ 475.2\\ 454.5\\ 464.3\\ 464.4\\ 447.9\\ 420.5\\ 420.8\\ 420.8\\ 416.3\\ 418.6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 173.8\\ 178.9\\ 178.5\\ 184.1\\ 178.8\\ 181.8\\ 181.8\\ 181.8\\ 181.6\\ 192.7\\ 195.1\\ 121.6\\ 207.5\\ 210.5\\ 217.5\\ 210.5\\ 217.5\\ 216.7\\ 187.0\\ 183.6\\ 183.6\\ 179.4\\ 178.6\\ 179.4\\ 178.6\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{71.4}\\ \textbf{72.2}\\ \textbf{68.5}\\ \textbf{75.2}\\ \textbf{81.1}\\ \textbf{79.4}\\ \textbf{78.4}\\ \textbf{87.6}\\ \textbf{87.0}\\ \textbf{89.4}\\ \textbf{87.6}\\ \textbf{87.0}\\ \textbf{92.2}\\ \textbf{91.1}\\ \textbf{92.2}\\ \textbf{91.5}\\ \textbf{92.8}\\ \textbf{95.7}\\ \textbf{95.7}\\ \textbf{95.7}\\ \textbf{96.6}\\ \textbf{95.9} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 158.7\\ 162.1\\ 169.4\\ 151.8\\ 152.6\\ 142.6\\ 197.4\\ 106.8\\ 102.8\\ 109.3\\ 110.3\\ 114.1\\ 103.4\\ 90.8\\ 92.5\\ 92.5\\ 92.5\\ 92.8\\ 93.1\end{array}$	48. 2 49. 0 49. 0

r Revised—see note to Table 1. The figures for March and April 1941, when originally published, were calculated on the new basis—see BULLE-TIN for July 1941, p. 707, note 4.
i Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other".
i Last report date on old basis.
i First report date on new basis.
i Figures adjusted to the basis employed in previous weeks. The reported figures for certain countries on May 7 and succeeding weeks are not strictly comparable to the corresponding figures for preceding weeks, owing to a change in reporting practice (see page 945, note 3). Other changes or corrections in the reporting practice of reporting banks occurred on Aug. 12, 1936, Jan. 5, 1938, and Oct. 18, 1939 (see BULLETIN for May 1937, page 425; April 1939, page 295; and April 1940, page 362).
i The figures in this supplementary table represent a partial analysis of the figures in the main table under the headings of Other Europe, Latin America, and Asia.

#### September 1941

**OUTSTANDING SHORT-TERM ACCOUNTS, BY COUNTRIES** 

[Outstanding amounts in millions of dollars]

TABLE 9.-SHORT-TERM FOREIGN ASSETS, BY COUNTRIES

									-				
Date	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Ger- many	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia 1	All other 1
					Repo	rted by B	anks in I	Vew York	City				
1931—Dec. 30 1932—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1933) 1933—Dec. (Jan. 3, 1934) 1934—Nov. 28 <sup>2</sup>	949.4	89.4 197.9	29.5 67.6 65.0 94.1	20. 9 14. 2 18. 1 15. 9	$12. \ 6 \\ 6. \ 4 \\ 12. \ 5 \\ 8. \ 5$	467. 2 433. 7 258. 1 178. 8	18.7 11.5 16.8 10.7	$\begin{array}{c} 149.\ 2\\ 96.\ 1\\ 83.\ 9\\ 60.\ 2\end{array}$	719.0 652.3	58. 1 43. 9 34. 7 84. 4	136. 5 158. 2 159. 2 124. 4	$\begin{array}{c} 41.8 \\ 24.8 \\ 54.6 \\ 46.2 \end{array}$	2.6 3.5 6.3 2.6
					Repo	rted by E	Banks in	United St	ates				
1934—Dec. 5 <sup>3</sup> Dec. (Jan. 2, 1935) 1935—Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) 1936—Dec. 30 1937—Dec. 29 1938—Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939)		266. 4 296. 9 88. 1 114. 1 84. 8 86. 0	108. 2 80. 5 32. 5 16. 8 13. 5 10. 3	19. 2 18. 6 19. 0 21. 9 23. 0 24. 2	8.3 8.2 6.6 5.4 5.5 5.5	239.6 231.7 202.0 165.1 126.1 89.4	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	81. 3 80. 0 71. 2 57. 8 52. 9 45. 9	749. 5 743. 2 433. 0 392. 1 326. 5 274. 9	91. 2 96. 3 100. 9 59. 4 118. 0 60. 4	170. 7 174. 6 154. 5 141. 1 114. 4 99. 1	118. 1 117. 4 80. 1 67. 2 78. 9 144. 1	8.3 8.5 10.1 12.9 17.2 15.5
1939—Mar. 29 June 28 Sept. 27 Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940)	553.6 496.6 485.7 508.7	83. 0 55. 4 66. 0 39. 9	13.8 10.7 8.7 4.9	20. 1 19. 7 9. 6 5. 7	3.6 4.5 2.9 5.2	81. 4 77. 4 67. 1 53. 4	16.4 9.5 12.2 11.8	48.8 39.9 41.6 51.4	267. 1 217. 0 208. 1 172. 2	46. 3 54. 0 49. 7 39. 7	99.5 110.3 108.5 11 <b>3.</b> 3	125.7 100.5 104.0 174.1	14. 9 14. 8 15. 4 9. 3
1940-Mar. (Apr. 3) Apr. (May 1) May 29 June (July 3) July 31 Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Oct. 30 Nov. 27 Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941-Jan. 29 Keb. 26 Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30	475. 0 476. 0 444. 9 386. 0 385. 5 393. 4 395. 1 384. 0 399. 2 383. 0 391. 7 360. 2	39, 7 36, 8 30, 1 32, 0 28, 2 22, 6 20, 2 21, 9, 6 21, 4 23, 0 23, 0 20, 7 24, 0 22, 6	4.9 8.4 7.9 6.25 4.5 3.5 3.7 4.3 3.4 3.1 2.8 2.8	6.7 8.0 3.2 2.6 1.9 1.2 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.1 .8 .8 .8 .9	6.2 6.4 5.0 3.8 2.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.1 3.8 3.17 2.7	50. 1 49. 4 47. 3 46. 6 46. 0 45. 6 44. 0 43. 0 39. 6 38. 8 38. 2 36. 1 35. 5	16.9 17.2 18.3 14.2 9.6 4.1 2.8 3.3 2.2 2.0 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7	48.6 44.6 41.0 36.6 34.9 34.8 33.3 32.0 29.9 31.1 31.0 30.1 29.1	173. 2 174. 7 156. 5 147. 2 130. 0 115. 0 109. 4 106. 8 106. 0 101. 0 100. 9 99. 4 98. 6 95. 3	<b>42. 2</b> <b>37. 1</b> <b>26. 7</b> <b>35. 3</b> <b>31. 3</b> <b>31. 3</b> <b>31. 2</b> <b>30. 8</b> <b>32. 4</b> <b>29. 7</b> <b>36. 0</b> <b>33. 6</b> <b>30. 8</b> <b>30. 8</b> <b>30. 9</b> <b>25. 0</b>	110. 7 114. 3 113. 3 117. 0 116. 3 112. 3 113. 1 125. 9 122. 7 125. 8 115. 1 121. 6 118. 3	192.6 181.0 169.5 167.9 159.8 118.6 125.7 124.9 126.2 117.8 132.4 131.0 133.4 113.9	8.9 9.0 7.7 8.9 6.4 6.3 7.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 7.2 7.7
May 7. May 14 May 21 May 28	$\begin{array}{c} 367.\ 5\\ 366.\ 7\\ 364.\ 5\\ 364.\ 2\end{array}$	$24. \ 6 \\ 24. \ 6 \\ 24. \ 5 \\ 24. \ 7$	$ \begin{array}{c} 2.6\\ 2.6\\ 2.1\\ 2.4 \end{array} $	.8 .8 .9 .9	2.8 2.3 2.8 2.9	35, 5 35, 5 35, 5 35, 3	$     \begin{array}{c}       1.7 \\       1.8 \\       1.6 \\       1.7 \\     \end{array} $	$28.9 \\ 29.0 \\ 28.7 \\ 28.4$	96. 9 96. 7 96. 1 96. 3	28.427.727.127.9	$115.6 \\ 116.2 \\ 116.2 \\ 116.2 \\ 116.2$	$118.4 \\118.1 \\116.9 \\115.0$	8, 1 8, 1 8, 2 8, 8

Additional Detail Available from January 3, 1940<sup>4</sup>

		5 Eu	ropean	coun	tries			6 L:	atin A	merica	in cour	itries			4 Asi	atic cou	ntries	
Date	Total	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land		Swe- den	Total	Ar- gen- tina	Bra- zil	Chile	Cuba	Mex- ico	Pan- ama and C. Z.	Total	China	Hong Kong	Japan	Philip- pine Islands
1940—Jan. 3 Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. (Apr. 3) Apr. (May 1) May 29 June (July 3) July 31 Aug. (Sept. 4) Sept. (Oct. 2) Oct. 30 Nov 27 Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) 1941—Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. (Apr. 2) Apr. 30 May 7. May 14 May 21	$\begin{array}{c} 22.2\\ 20.4\\ 19.4\\ 17.6\\ 14.1\\ 10.6\\ 9.1\\ 7.75\\ 7.5\\ 5.6\\ 6.15\\ 5.6\\ 4.8\\ 4.4\\ 4.4\\ 4.5\\ 4.4\\ 4.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7.2\\ 7.4\\ 7.9\\ 8.1\\ 5.1\\ 3.4\\ 2.2\\ 2.16\\ 1.5\\ 1.4\\ 1.5\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 1.3\end{array}$	3.792.22 1.433.333 .333.333.1 .1 .1 .1 .1	1.4 1.2 .88 1.0 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9	1.5 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.1 1.1	$\begin{array}{c} 6.5 \\ 5.4 \\ 4.57 \\ 4.2 \\ 2.89 \\ 2.71 \\ 2.89 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.2 \\ .66 \\ .6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 71.5\\ 69.9\\ 71.4\\ 73.9\\ 73.9\\ 77.5\\ 77.5\\ 77.5\\ 81.4\\ 82.9\\ 78.4\\ 80.0\\ 68.3\\ 71.1\\ 69.0\\ 66.6\\ 67.0\\ 67.6\\ \end{array}$	12.9 12.0 12.5 12.4 16.4 16.7 16.4 15.1 14.8 13.2 13.5 11.9 11.1 10.0 10.4 10.8 11.4 12.1 12.4	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{31. 2}\\ \textbf{31. 8}\\ \textbf{33. 0}\\ \textbf{34. 4}\\ \textbf{32. 1}\\ \textbf{33. 7}\\ \textbf{32. 8}\\ \textbf{31. 3}\\ \textbf{30. 8}\\ \textbf{31. 3}\\ \textbf{30. 0}\\ \textbf{33. 1}\\ \textbf{34. 0}\\ \textbf{23. 0}\\ \textbf{33. 1}\\ \textbf{34. 0}\\ \textbf{24. 4}\\ \textbf{30. 0}\\ \textbf{28. 1}\\ \textbf{25. 4}\\ \textbf{24. 3}\\ \textbf{25. 0}\\ \textbf{25. 0}\\$	11, 7 13, 4 14, 9 14, 3	$\begin{array}{c} 10.\ 4\\ 11.\ 1\\ 10.\ 7\\ 9.\ 9\\ 9.\ 9\\ 9.\ 9\\ 10.\ 6\\ 10.\ 9\\ 11.\ 5\\ 11.\ 7\\ 11.\ 8\\ 11.\ 3\\ 10.\ 7\\ 10.\ 3\\ 10.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.5 \\ 4.4 \\ 7.7 \\ 5.0 \\ 5.0 \\ 4.8 \\ 4.7 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.5 \\ 3.6 \\ 1 \\ 5.3 \\ 6.1 \\ 5.4 \\ 5.4 \\ 5.4 \\ 5.4 \end{array}$	1.3 1.5 1.7 1.9 1.7 2.1 2.1	$\begin{array}{c} 161.9\\ 168.0\\ 182.6\\ 169.8\\ 160.1\\ 155.2\\ 145.3\\ 102.3\\ 109.8\\ 110.7\\ 113.9\\ 103.8\\ 117.9\\ 114.2\\ 115.2\\ 97.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 22.5 \\ 25.4 \\ 26.1 \\ 23.9 \\ 24.5 \\ 30.5 \\ 24.9 \\ 24.2 \\ 24.2 \\ 24.2 \\ 24.2 \\ 24.2 \\ 23.5 \\ 26.5 \\ 26.5 \\ 26.1 \\ 27.8 \\ 28.9 \\ 28.9 \\ 28.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.7\\ 3.8\\ 4.3\\ 3.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.7\\ 1.1\\ .9\\ 1.0\\ 2.1 \end{array}$	111. 2 111. 2 125. 9 115. 6 103. 2 90. 6 78. 6 45. 0 53. 2 58. 0 62. 8 55. 8 71. 8 68. 3 67. 3 46. 9 47. 7	26.6 28.2 28.9 28.5 30.5 32.7 33.6 29.5 28.2 25.4 25.6 20.7 21.5 20.4

<sup>1</sup> Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other". <sup>2</sup> Last report date on old basis. <sup>3</sup> First report date on new basis. <sup>4</sup> The figures in this supplementary table represent a partial analysis of the figures in the main table under the headings Other Europe, Latin America, and Asia. <sup>5</sup> Less than \$50,000. Norm The demention of the figures in the main table under the headings Other Europe, Latin

Norz.—The figures given in this table are not fully comparable throughout as a result of certain changes or corrections in the reporting prac-tice of reporting banks which occurred on Aug. 12, 1936, and Oct. 18, 1939 (see BULLEIN for May 1937, p. 431, and April 1940, p. 363).

#### **CENTRAL BANKS**

		sets of e dept.		Assets	of bank	ing departs	nent		I	labilities	of bank	ing depart	ment
Bank of England (Figures in millions of pounds sterling)	Gold 1	Othasset	er S <sup>2</sup>	Cash reser	ves Iotes	Dis- counts and ad- vances	Securi- ties	Note circula tion	a-		posits ublic	Other	Other liabili- ties
1929—Dec. 25	145. 8 147. 6 120. 7 119. 8 190. 7 192. 2 200. 1 313. 7 326. 4 326. 4		30, 0         30, 0           30, 0         75, 0           75, 0         30, 0           50, 0         30, 0           50, 0         30, 0           30, 0         30, 0           30, 0         30, 0           30, 0         30, 0           30, 0         30, 0	.2 .6 .6 .8 1.0 .5 .6 .6 .6 .8 .8 1.0	26. 3 38. 8 31. 6 23. 6 58. 7 47. 1 35. 5 46. 3 41. 1 51. 7 25. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 22.3\\ 49.0\\ 27.3\\ 18.5\\ 16.8\\ 7.6\\ 8.5\\ 17.5\\ 9.2\\ 28.5\\ 4.3\end{array}$	84. 9 104. 7 133. 0 120. 1 101. 4 98. 2 94. 7 155. 6 135. 5 90. 7 176. 1	379 368 364 371 392 405 424 467 505 504 554	$\begin{array}{c c c} 8 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 7 & 1 \end{array}$	71. 0 32. 4 26. 4 02. 4 01. 2 89. 1 72. 1 50. 6 20. 6 01. 0 17. 3	8.8 6.6 7.7 8.9 22.2 9.9 12.1 12.1 11.4 15.9 29.7	35.8 36.2 40.3 33.8 36.5 36.4 37.1 39.2 36.6 36.8 42.0	17. 9 18. 0 18. 0 17. 9
1940—July 31 Aug. 28 Sept. 25 Oct. 30 Nov. 27 Dec. 25		2   6	30. 0 30. 0 30. 0 30. 0 30. 0 30. 0 30. 0	.9 .7 .8 .5 1.0 .9	$\begin{array}{c} 20.\ 7\\ 20.\ 2\\ 25.\ 5\\ 38.\ 7\\ 36.\ 9\\ 13.\ 3 \end{array}$	3.3 3.9 3.5 3.0 6.9 4.0	174. 4 172. 6 169. 7 153. 3 161. 2 199. 1	609 610 604 591 593 616	$   \begin{bmatrix}     0 & 1 \\     8 & 1 \\     6 & 1 \\     3 & 1   \end{bmatrix} $	06. 3 18. 7 16. 0 08. 0 10. 8 35. 7	22. 7 8. 8 13. 5 18. 3 27. 1 12. 5	52. 3 51. 8 51. 9 51. 5 50. 3 51. 2	18. 0 18. 1 18. 1 17. 7 17. 8 17. 9
1941—Jan. 29. Feb. 26. Mar. 26. Apr. 30. May 28. June 25. July 30.		2 6 2 6 2 5 6 2 6 2 6 2 6	30. 0 30. 0 30. 0 80. 0 80. 0 80. 0 80. 0 80. 0	1.0 1.4 1.1 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.7	$\begin{array}{c} 31.\ 0\\ 27.\ 0\\ 18.\ 8\\ 56.\ 9\\ 50.\ 7\\ 41.\ 3\\ 21.\ 8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3.8}\\ \textbf{3.7}\\ \textbf{45.3}\\ \textbf{28.3}\\ \textbf{11.4}\\ \textbf{6.9}\\ \textbf{6.5} \end{array}$	175. 4 175. 4 145. 8 133. 7 149. 4 156. 2 181. 7	599 603 611 623 629 639 658	$     \begin{array}{cccc}       2 & 1 \\       5 & 1 \\       4 & 1 \\       5 & 1 \\       0 & 1     \end{array} $	07. 9 21. 7 18. 6 31. 8 10. 9 12. 5 32. 1	<b>32. 4</b> 14. 6 22. 0 13. 6 32. 3 25. 3 11. 3	53. 0 53. 0 52. 3 57. 2 52. 1 50. 4 50. 5	18. 0 18. 1 18. 1 17. 7 17. 8 17. 8 17. 9
					Assets						Lia	bilities	
Bank of France			D	omestic bi	lls	Ad-	Loans	on—			D	eposits	
(Figures in millions of francs)	Gold 6	For- eign ex- change	Open market	<sup>7</sup> cial <sup>7</sup>	Other	vances to Gov- ern- ment	Short- term Govern- ment se- curities	Other securi- ties	Other assets	Note circula- tion	Goven men		Other liabili- ties
1929—Dec. 27	$\begin{array}{c} 41,668\\ 53,578\\ 68,863\\ 83,017\\ 77,098\\ 82,124\\ 66,296\\ 60,359\\ 58,933\\ 87,265\end{array}$	25, 942 26, 179 21, 111 4, 484 1, 158 963 1, 328 1, 460 911 821	5, 61: 5, 30 7, 15 6, 80 6, 12 5, 83 5, 83 5, 80 5, 64 5, 58 7, 42	$ \begin{array}{c}     4 \\     7 \\     2 \\     2 \\     2 \\     7 $	8, 624 8, 429 7, 389 3, 438 4, 739 3, 971 9, 712 8, 465 10, 066 7, 880	17, 698 31, 909		2, 521 2, 901 2, 730 2, 515 2, 921 3, 211 3, 253 3, 583 3, 781 3, 612	5, 603 6, 609 8, 545 9, 196 8, 251 8, 288 7, 879 8, 344 7, 277 14, 442	68, 571 76, 436 85, 725 85, 028 82, 613 83, 412 81, 150 89, 342 93, 837 110, 935	11, 7 12, 6 5, 8 2, 3 2, 3 3, 7 2, 8 2, 0 3, 4 5, 0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8         2,241           3         1,989           2         2,041           4         1,940           9         1,907           6         2,113           5         2,557           6         3,160
1939—June 29 July 27 Aug. 31 Sept. 28 Oct. 26 Nov. 30 Dec. 28	*92, 266 92, 266 *97, 266 97, 266 97, 266 97, 266 97, 266 97, 267	722 722 218 212 85 120 112	8, 07 8, 31 9, 39 9, 73 10, 03 10, 56 11, 27	5     2,275       5     1,708       4     1,958       8     2,007       5     1,626	5,009 5,000 15,009 14,830 8,298 5,206 5,149	20, 577 20, 577 22, 777 25, 473 30, 473	374 472 2, 412 930 336 454 174	3, 471 3, 461 3, 805 3, 661 3, 576 3, 581 3, 482	14, 753 14, 458 16, 016 16, 482 17, 100 17, 769 16, 438	122, 611 123, 239 142, 359 144, 562 144, 379 149, 370 151, 322	5, 1 5, 4 3, 3 2, 3 2, 0 1, 9	168         16,03           104         18,03           142         18,03           104         14,79           1053         12,39	8         2,781           8         2,708           92         2,926           0         3,006           2         3,346
1940—Jan. 25 Feb. 29 Mar. 28 Apr. 25 May 30 June 10 Dec. 26 *	97, 268 97, 275 *84, 614 84, 615 84, 616 84, 616 84, 616	$111 \\ 109 \\ 111 \\ 112 \\ 102 \\ 108 \\ 42$	11, 86 12, 50 42, 64 42, 69 44, 08 44, 17 43, 19	5 1,810 5 1,870 4 1,781 3 1,889 3 1,518	5,011 4,630 5,005 5,769 14,473 11,885 3,646	40, 523 20, 550 20, 900 32, 600 36, 250	229 465 320 228 2, 320 2, 534 721	3, 444 3, 403 3, 376 3, 411 3, 716 3, 822 3, 967	15, 963 16, 917 15, 970 15, 666 16, 694 18, 865 18, 491	151, 738 156, 150 156, 032 156, 285 170, 853 174, 469 218, 383	1, 8 1, 2 1, 1 1, 1 1, 1 1, 0 1, 0	203   17, 12 154   14, 26 171   14, 68 146   25, 78	8 3, 156 2 3, 014 1 3, 038 2 2, 811 5 2, 848

<sup>1</sup> Through February 1939, valued at legal parity of 85 shillings a fine ounce.
<sup>1</sup> Securities and silver coin held as cover for fiduciary issue, the amount of which is also shown by this figure.
<sup>4</sup> Notes issued less amounts held in banking department.
<sup>4</sup> On Jan. 6, 1939, £200,000,000 of gold (at legal parity) transferred from Bank to Exchange Equalization Account; on Mar. 1, 1939, about £5, 500,000 (at current price) transferred from Exchange Account to Bank; on July 12, 1939, £20,000,000 transferred from Exchange Account to Bank; on Sept. 6, 1939, £279,000,000 transferred from Bank to Exchange Account.
<sup>8</sup> Fiduciary issue increased by £50,000,000 on April 30, 1941.
<sup>9</sup> Gold revalued in Mar. 1940, Nov. 1938, July 1937, and Oct. 1936. For further details see BULLETIN for May 1940, pp. 406-407; January 1939, 22; September 1937, p. 853; and November 1936, pp. 878-880.
<sup>9</sup> For explanation of these items, see BULLETIN for July 1940, pr. 732.
<sup>9</sup> In each of the weeks ending Apr. 20 and Aug. 3, 1939, 5,000,000,000 frances of gold transferred from Exchange Stabilization Fund to Bank of France; in week ending Mar. 7, 1940, 30,000,000,000 frances of gold transferred from Bank of France to Stabilization Fund.
<sup>9</sup> Figures taken from annual report of Bank for 1940, giving the only statement of the Bank's position which has been made public since June 30, 1940.

<sup>1</sup> Figures taken from annual report of bank for reso, giving the car, character of the set of th

NOTE.-For further explanation of tables see BULLETIN for February 1931, pp. 81-83.

#### Central Banks—Continued

				Assets					Liabilities	
<b>Reichsbank</b> (Figures in millions of		of gold and exchange	Bills (and checks),		Secu	rities		Note		Other
reichsmarks)	Total reserves	Gold 1	including Treasury bills	Security loans	Eligible as note cover	Other	Other assets	circula- tion	Deposits	liabili- ties
1929—Dec. 31.           1930—Dec. 31.           1931—Dec. 31.           1933—Dec. 30.           1933—Dec. 31.           1934—Dec. 31.           1935—Dec. 31.           1936—Dec. 31.           1937—Dec. 31.           1938—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 31.           1939—Dec. 30.           1940—July 31.           Aug. 31.           Sept. 30.           Oct. 31.           Nov. 30.           Dec. 31.           1941—Jan. 31.           Feb. 28.	84 88 72 76 76 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 77	2, 283 2, 216 984 806 386 386 70 82 66 71 71 	2, 848 2, 572 4, 242 2, 806 3, 226 4, 066 4, 552 5, 510 6, 131 8, 244 11, 392 12, 613 12, 891 13, 206 13, 069 13, 582 15, 419 14, 503 15, 284	251 256 245 176 183 146 84 45 30 28 31 16 31 31 26 38 28 38 28 33 4	259 445 349 221 106 557 804 114 56 50 56 56 51 32 28 28 24	92 102 161 398 332 319 315 303 286 298 303 408 419 422 425 427 357 349 351	$\begin{array}{c} 656\\ 638\\ 1,065\\ 1,114\\ 735\\ 827\\ 765\\ 861\\ 1,621\\ 2,498\\ 2,377\\ 2,448\\ 2,184\\ 2,248\\ 2,184\\ 2,223\\ 2,066\\ 1,834\\ 1,445\\ \end{array}$	5,044 4,778 3,560 3,645 3,901 4,225 4,980 5,493 8,223 11,798 12,750 13,026 12,847 12,987 12,987 13,198 14,033 13,694 13,976	755 652 755 540 984 1,032 1,072 1,032 1,032 1,032 1,032 1,620 1,608 1,795 1,610 1,706 2,561 1,726 1,935	736 822 1,338 1,313 836 1,001 923 953 970 1,091 1,378 1,248 1,287 1,314 1,352 1,433 1,396 1,399 1,305
Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 <sup>p</sup>	78 78		$\begin{array}{c} 15,367\\ 15,644\\ 15,918\\ 16,258\\ 16,754 \end{array}$	23 32 23 20 27	32 22 18 45 12	352 488 438 416 ( <sup>2</sup> )	$1, 672 \\ 1, 548 \\ 1, 922 \\ 2, 336 \\ (^2)$	14, 188 14, 689 15, 210 15, 565 16, 031	2, 127 2, 006 2, 012 2, 373 2, 243	$1,210 \\ 1,117 \\ 1,174 \\ 1,215 \\ (^2)$

Preliminary.
 Not shown separately on Reichsbank statement after June 15, 1939.
 Figure not yet available.
 NOTE.—For explanation of above table see BULLETIN for July 1935, p. 463, and February 1931, pp. 81–83.

Central Bank		1941		1940	Central Bank		1941		1940
(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July	(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July
Central Bank of the Argentine Republic (millions of pesos): Gold reported separately		1,071	1,071	1, 224	National Bank of Bohemia and Mo- ravia—Cont. Other assets				(4)
Other gold and foreign exchange. Negotiable Government bonds_ Rediscounted paper Other assets		364 15 252	$     \begin{array}{r}       370 \\       28 \\       207     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       155 \\       242 \\       23 \\       222     \end{array} $	Note circulation Demand deposits Other liabilities Central Bank of Bolivia (thousands			2,051	5, 443 1, 343 ( <sup>4</sup> )
Note circulation Deposits—Member bank Government Other		635 104	$     \begin{array}{r}       1,233 \\       550 \\       130 \\       6     \end{array} $	1,218 415 157 4	Gold at home and abroad Foreign exchange Loans and discounts Securities—Government			$(Apr.)^{1}$ 104, 959 42, 607	97, 492 38, 510 220, 764
Foreign exchange sold forward Other liabilities Commonwealth Bank of Australia (thousands of pounds):		3		15 60	Other assets			202, 454	13,483
Issue department: Gold and English sterling		17, 705 51, 367	17, 705 49, 374		Note circulation. Deposits. Other liabilities. National Bank of Bulgaria (mil- lions of lewa):			422, 463 92, 248 (Oct.	324 520
Banking department: Coin, bullion, and cash London balances Loans and discounts		4, 136 53, 995 21, 234	3,864 56,417 22,110	52,052 34,207	Gold Net foreign exchange in reserve Foreign exchange			1 472	2,006 4 1,216
Securities Deposits Note circulation National Bank of Belgium (millions		49, 219	39, 543 112, 777 65, 869		Loans and discounts Government debt Other assets Note circulation			2,749 3,373 2,756	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,575\\ 3,373\\ 2,444\\ 4,620 \end{array} $
of belgas): Gold Foreign exchange Credits to State and public bodies			(Mar.) <sup>1</sup> 4,331 543		Deposits Other liabilities Bank of Canada (thousands of Ca-			3 119	3, 369 2, 629
Credits to private economy Due from Bank of Issue, Brussels Other assets			$     \begin{array}{r}       125 \\       373 \\       491     \end{array} $		nadian dollars): Gold <sup>5</sup>			216, 280	5, 700
Note circulation Demand deposits Other liabilities			7, 596 296 157		Canadian Gov't. securities: 2 years or less Over 2 years Other assets	522, 302 138, 006	501, 489 142, 946	375,523 126,482	392, 235 123, 598
National Bank of Bohemia and Mo- ravia (millions of koruny): Gold <sup>2</sup>			$(Mar.)^{1}$ 1, 465 769 250	$1,597 \\ 735 \\ 86$	Note circulation Deposits—Chartered banks Dominion Goy't.	404, 674 216, 268 33 310	28,901 393,397 200,348 54,545 10,550		9,318291,676194,42324,1408,222
Loans			(3)	470	Other Other liabilities	16, 686	14, 988	15, 020	12, 389

<sup>1</sup> Latest month for which report is available for this institution.
<sup>2</sup> Gold revalued Sept. 28, 1940, at 0.0358 gram fine gold per koruny.
<sup>3</sup> Less than 500,000 koruny.
<sup>4</sup> Figure not available.
<sup>6</sup> On May 1, 1940, gold transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board in return for short-term government securities (see BULLETIN for July 1940, pp. 677-678).

#### Central Banks-Continued

Central Bank		1941		1940	Central Bank		1941		1940
(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July	(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July
Central Bank of Chile (millions of pesos):					Bank of Finland (millions of markkaa):				
Gold		147	147	146	markkaa): Gold			556	
Discounts for member banks		208	228 742	160 746	Foreign assets			$1,182 \\ 5,610$	
Loans to Government Other loans and discounts		738 507	442	371	Domestic securities			5,610	
Other assets		102	116	22	Other assets			2, 212	
Other assets Note circulation		1, 232	1, 205	1,028	Note circulation			5, 659	
Deposits-		1	,	, i	Deposits			796	
Bank		160	170	154	Other liabilities			3, 520	
Other liabilition		85 225	60 239	$104 \\ 160$	mas):	l		(Mar.)	
Other Other liabilities Bank of the Republic of Colombia		220	239	100	Gold and foreign exchange (net)			18, 465	4, 790
(thousands of pesos):		1			Loans and discounts.			16, 585	14, 580
Gold	31,452	31, 508	28, 405	30, 945	Government obligations			3, 947	4,049
Foreign exchange Loans and discounts Government loans and securities_	13,587	20, 919	29, 140	8,566	Other assets		]	3, 589	3,087
Loans and discounts	26,200	21, 503	16,728	22, 242	Note circulation			19,371	10,603
Other assots	55, 141	56, 582	55, 487 34, 456	$38,379 \\ 31,925$	Deposits			20, 908 2, 306	13, 556
Other assets	30, 231	30,794 68,688	65, 477	51,925	mas): Gold and foreign exchange (net) Government obligations Other assets Note circulation Deposits Other liabilities National Bank of Hungary (mil- lions of rango):			2, 300	2, 346
Note circulation Deposits Other liabilities	49,975	52,405	58,600	51,766	lions of pengö):		1		
Other liabilities	39, 467	40, 212	40, 139	25,333	Gold			124	124
National Bank of Denmark (mil-		· ·	1		Gold			27	57
lions of kroner):		103	105		Discounts			826	693
Gold		103	24	117 9	Loaus-10 Treasury			805 35	337 47
Clearing accounts (net)		581	532	182	Other assets			374	382
Discounts.		9	9	18	Other assets Note circulation			1,734	1,158
Gold Foreign exchange Clearing accounts (net) Discounts. Loans—To Government agencies		17	22	144	Demand deposits Consolidated foreign credits of 1931			202	114
Other			53	161	Consolidated foreign credits of 1931			35	(5)
Securities		173	179	186	Other liabilities. Reserve Bank of India (millions of			220	368
Note eizerlation		728 748	694 745	193 674					
Other assets Note circulation Deposits		719	669	187	Issue department:				
Other liabilities		208	204	149	Gold at home and abroad			444	444
		1	{		rupees): Issue department: Gold at home and abroad Sterling securities Indian Gov't. securities Rupee coin Note circulation Banking department:			1,138	1, 315
Central Isank of Ecuador (thou- sands of sucres): Foreign exchange (net) Uoans and discounts Other assets Note circulation Demand deposits Other liabilities National Bank of Egypt <sup>3</sup> (thou- sands of pounds): Gold			(Mar.) <sup>1</sup>	1	Indian Gov't. securities			913	496
Gold 2			64, 534	51,943	Rupee coln			362	383
Foreign exchange (net)			12,278	16, 300 60, 113	Banking department: Notes of issue department: Balances abroad Treasury bills discounted Loans to Government Investments Other assets Deposits			2,730	2,379
Other essets			23 949	25,780	Notes of issue department			128	259
Note circulation			76. 526	68,735	Balances abroad			403	208
Demand deposits			55,728	46, 121	Treasury bills discounted				21
Other liabilities			30, 837	39, 281	Loans to Government			55	$^{2}$
National Bank of Egypt <sup>3</sup> (thou-			(7 ))	[ ]	Other essets			79 19	89
sands of pounds):			(Jan.) <sup>1</sup>	6, 544	Deposits			18     532	$\frac{12}{479}$
Foreign exchange			1,252	1,872	Other liabilities			$150^{-0.02}$	111
Loans and discounts			5,618	6,603	Bank of Japan (millions of yen):			100	
British, Egyptian, and other			,		Cash. bullion, and foreign accounts			574	( <sup>6</sup> )
sands of pounds): Gold			61,284	37, 636	Other assets. Deposits. Other liabilities. Other liabilities. Bank of Japan (millions of yen): Cash. bullion, and foreign accounts Special foreien exchange funds Other 7. Government bonds Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Government. Other liabilities.			300	300
Note circulation	• • • • • • • • •		36 250	(4) (4)	Other <sup>1</sup>			$\frac{2}{534}$	$\frac{3}{700}$
Deposits-Government	•••••		4, 306	2,420	Government bonds			3,875	2,495
Other			29,877	18,229	Other assets			519	(6)
Other liabilities			10,714	8,628	Note circulation			3, 963	3,326
Central Reserve Bank of El Salva-					Deposits-Government			853	651
dor (thousands of colones): Gold. Foreign exchange Loans and discounts Government debt and securities. Other assets Note circulation Denoits		12 020	13, 255	13, 219	Other liabilities			$     444 \\     545 $	93
Foreign exchange		15, 255	13,235 1,690	2,660	Other liabilities Bank of Java (millions of guilders):			940	352
Loans and discounts		1,084	935	2,435	Gold 8		327	328	151
Government debt and securities.		6, 449	7,072	5,298	Gold 4 Foreign bills. Loans and discounts. Other assets Note circulation.		19	18	22 87
Other assets		1,534	1, 539	1, 311	Loans and discounts		79	99	· 87
Note circulation		14,961	14,931	$14,187 \\ 5,587$	Note circulation		$\frac{111}{238}$	113	$\frac{129}{205}$
Other liabilities		$4,405 \\ 4,572$	4,992 4,568	5, 587	Deposits		$\frac{238}{260}$	$\frac{232}{288}$	205 157
Deposits		1, 01 2	1,000	0,110	Deposits		37	37	27
krooni):							÷.		
Gold and net foreign ex-	-	·			Bank of Latvia (millions of lats):				
change Loans and discounts Other assets Note circulation Demand deposits Other liabilities				47,846	Gold Foreign exchange reserve Loans and discounts Other assets Note circulation Deposits Other liabilities				72
Other assets				57, 399 47, 437	Loans and discounts				$\frac{29}{234}$
Note circulation				88,492	Other assets				45
Demand deposits				28, 285	Note circulation.				123
					L) op odito				
Other liabilities				35, 905	Other Rebilition	* * - * * * * * *			$204 \\ 52$

Latest month for which report is available for this institution.
 Gold revalued June 4, 1940, at 0.0602 gram fine gold per sucre.
 Items for issue and banking departments consolidated.
 Figure not available.
 Included in "Other liabilities".
 No comparable figure available; gold alone was reported at 501 million yen.
 Include bills disconted, no longer shown separately berinning Mar. 29, 1941.
 Gold revalued Sept. 21, 1940, at 0.4715 gram fine gold per guilder.

#### Central Banks-Continued

Central bank		1941		1940	Central bank (Figures as of last report		1941		1940
(Figures as of last report date of month)	 July	June	May	July	date of month)	July	June	May	July
			(Aug.		South African Reserve Bank-Cont.				[
Bank of Lithuania (millions of litu):			1940) <sup>1</sup> 67	67	Other assets Note circulation		$   \begin{array}{r}     40,874 \\     25,761   \end{array} $	40,927	33, 880 21, 788
Gold			11	9	Deposits.	•	25,761 64,254	26,181 61,651	50, 325
Loans and discounts			182	183	Other liabilities		3,944	4, 297	4, 192
Loans and discounts Other assets Note circulation Deposits			83	75	Bank of Sweden (millions of	1	-,		.,
Note circulation			187	197 94	kronor):	1	101	000	000
Other liabilities			111 46	42	Gold Foreign assets (net)		424 803	396 818	380 578
Netherlands Bank (millions of guil-					Foreign assets (net) Domestic loans and investments		678	686	727
ders):	i				Other assets		947	858	839
Gold <sup>2</sup> Silver (including subsidiary coin) Foreign bills Discounts		1,023	1,022	1,120	Note circulation		1,449	1,398	1,430
Silver (including subsidiary coin))		14 308	17 202	13	Demand deposits Other liabilities		603 800	593 767	295 800
Discounts		95	147	81	Other liabilities Swiss National Bank (millions of		000	107	000
Loans		194	206	240	francs):			[	
Other assets		275	265	69	Gold 7 Foreign exchange		2, 283	2, 293	2,114
Note circulation Deposits—Government		$1,686 \\ 12$	1,628	1,277	Discounts		1, 311	1,276	489
Other		154	169	197			76 27	68 24	248 66
Other liabilities		55	62	52			220	223	268
Reserve Bank of New Zealand							2,115	2,115	2, 161
(thousands of pounds):		0.000	0.000	0.000	Other sight liabilities Other liabilities		1,546	1,520	752
Gold Sterling exchange reserve Advances to State or State un-		2,802 19,967	2,802 21,240	2,802 13,027	Central Bank of the Republic of		255	250	271
Advances to State or State un-			21,240	13, 024				(Apr.)1	
dertakings		18, 766	17,767	25, 226	Gold			119,003	107.923
Investments		3,773	3, 773	2,544	Foreign exchange—Free				39
Note circulation		1,648 21,843	1,680 21,782	$\frac{426}{19,623}$	Loops and discounts			43, 327	21, 451
Advances to State of State of dertakings Investments Other assets Demand deposits Other likelities		21, 843	21,782 22,713	19,025 22,168	Turkey (thousands of pounds):         Gold         Foreign exchange—Free         In clearing accounts         Loans and discounts         Securities         Other assets         Note circulation         Deposits—Gold         Other liabilities			(411, 273 1109 252	105 609
Other machines		2, 434	2,767	2,233	Other assets			16, 552	38, 603
Bank of Norway (millions of (			,		Note circulation			487.518	356, 938
kroner):				(Mar.)1	Deposits-Goid			79, 358	78, 124
Gold				186 102	Other liabilities			83,231	90,661
Foreign assets Total domestic credits and					Bank of the Republic of Uruguay			132, 402	135, 394
securities				435	(thousands of pesos);	1			
biscounts Loans				(3)	Issue department:	ļ	[		
Loans				(3) (3)	Result department: Gold and silver Note circulation Banking department:			86, 235	86, 235
Securities Other assets				(3)	Banking department:			107, 408	93, 411
Note circulation				<b>5</b> 99	Gold			82, 841	54.854
Note circulation Demand deposits—Government.				9	Notes and coin Advances to State and to			22,361	44, 867
					Advances to State and to		1	00 514	1 10-
Other liabilities Central Reserve Bank of Peru				(3)	other loans and discounts			39.514	41, 467
(thousands of soles).			1		Other assets			104, 414	67,957
Gold and foreign exchange			54, 470	57,791	Deposits			124, 545	101, 944
Gold and foreign exchange Discounts			29, 399	15,833	Other liabilities National Bank of the Kingdom of			212, 988	200, 596
Other assets			10 652	8, 332	1 Yugoslavia (millions of dinars)		1	(Feb.)1	1
Other assets			159, 232	136, 108	Gold Foreign exchange			2,790	2,286
Deposits			50,703	46, 235	Foreign exchange			909	513
Other liabilities			23, 025	21,025	Loans and discounts			1,686	1,855
Bank of Portugal (millions of escudos):					Loans and discounts Government debt			3,061 7,128	$\begin{vmatrix} 3,073 \\ 4,091 \end{vmatrix}$
Gold 4			1,273	921	Other assets			3, 465	3, 117
Gold <sup>4</sup> . Other reserves (net)			1,060	356	Other assets. Note circulation			13.973	12, 179
INUM*LESCI VE EXCHANGE			1,040	155 552	Uther sight habilities			1 3.510	1,941 815
Loans and discounts Government debt			1,031	1,033	Other liabilities Bank for International Settle-			1, 555	815
Other assets			878	1,628	ments (thousands of Swiss gold	1			
Other assets			3, 093	2,704	francs 8).				
Other sight liabilities			2,041	938	Gold in bars Cash on hand and on current account with banks.			27.403	31,007
Other liabilities National Bank of Rumania (mil-			700	1,003	Cash on hand and on current		{	31, 544	29,480
lions of lei):			(Apr.)1		Sight funds at interest			16,013	16, 270
Gold 5			32, 279	31, 747	Sight funds at interest Rediscountable bills and accept- ances (at cost)			1	)
Special exchange accounts			3,061	4,344	ances (at cost)			142, 109	145, 876
Loans and discounts			29, 167	25, 146	Time funds at interest			22,406	21, 228
Government debt			619 9,703	881 7.959	Other assets			225, 525	209, 195
lions of lei): Gold <sup>8</sup> - Special exchange accounts Loans and discounts Special loans <sup>6</sup> - Government debt Other assets Note circulation Demand denosits			24, 235	$\begin{array}{c} 7,959 \\ 12,824 \end{array}$	ances (at cost) Time funds at interest Sundry bills and investments Other assets Demand deposits (gold)			22,858	14,092
Note circulation.			71, 448	58.961	Short-term deposits (various currencies):		}	1	1
				15,000	currencies):	1	1	1	1
Other liabilities			10, 648	8, 939	Central banks for own ac-	]	1	14 220	10 000
South African Reserve Bank (thou- sands of pounds):					count Other			14, 532	19,820 2,456
Gold		51, 788	50, 720	37,032	Long-term deposits: Special ac-		t		1
					i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i				
Foreign bills Other bills and loans		780 518	471	$1,435 \\3,958$	counts Other liabilities			229,001	229,001

Latest month for which report is available for this institution.
Gold revalued Mar. 31, 1940, at 0.4978 gram fine gold per guilder.
Figure not available.
On Oct. 16, 1940, gold revalued on basis of average cost.
Gold revalued May 19, 1940, at 0.0043 gram fine gold per leu, and again on Apr. 1, 1941, at 0.0047 gram per leu.
Agricultural and urban loans in process of liquidation.
Gold revalued May 31, 1940, at 0.2053 gram fine gold per franc.
See BULLETIN for December 1936, p. 1025.

#### **MONEY RATES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES**

DISCOUNT RATES OF CENTRAL BANKS [Per cent per annum]

			Cent	ral banl	s of—			Central	Rate	Date	Central	Rate	Date
Date effective	United King- dom	France	Ger- many	Bel- gium	Neth- er- lands	Swe- den	Switz- er- land	bank of-	Aug. 31	effective	bank of-	Aug. 31	effective
In effect Oct. 2, 1936. Oct. 9. Oct. 16. Oct. 20. Nov. 26.			4	2	3	21/2	2  1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Albania Argentina Belgium Bohemia and Moravia	51/2 31/2 2 31/2	Jan. 25, 1940	Java Latvia Lithuania	3.29 3 5 6 4	Apr. 7, 1936 Jan. 14, 1937 Feb. 17, 1940 July 15, 1939 Jan. 2, 1941
Dec. 3. Jan. 28, 1937. June 15. July 7. Aug. 4. Sept. 3. Nov. 13. May 10, 1938. May 13. May 30. Sept. 28. Oct. 27.		$ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 3^{1/2} \\ 3 \\ -2^{1/2} \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -3$		4	2			Bolivia British India_ Bulgaria Canada Chile Colombia Denmark Ecuador	$ \begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 21 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ \end{array} $	July 18, 1933 Oct. 16, 1940	New Zea- land Norway Peru Portugal	$2\frac{1}{2}$ 2 3 5 4 3 3 3	June 26, 1941 May 27, 1940 May 13, 1940 Aug. 1, 1940 Mar. 31, 1941 Sept. 12, 1941 June 2, 1941
Nov. 25	4							El Salvador Estonia Finland France	$\begin{vmatrix} 3\\ 4^{1}2\\ 4\end{vmatrix}$	Oct. 1, 1935 Dec. 3, 1934 Mar. 17, 1941	Switzerland - Turkey	4 3 1 <sup>1</sup> ⁄2 4	1 Mar. 29, 1939 May 29, 1941 Nov. 26, 1936 July 1, 1938
Sept. 28 Oct. 26 Dec. 15 Jan. 25, 1940 Apr. 9 May 17 Mar. 17, 1941	2		31/2	2		3 		Germany Greece Hungary Italy <sup>1</sup> Not official	1	Apr. 9, 1940 Jan. 4, 1937 Oct. 22, 1940 May 18, 1936	United King- dom U. S. S. R Yugoslavia_	2 4 5	Oct. 26, 1939 July 1, 1936 Feb. 1, 1935
Mar. 17, 1941 May 29 June 26 In effect Aug. 31, 1941			31/2	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$	3 3	11/2			ince July 31; no	one.		

#### **OPEN MARKET RATES**

[Per cent	per	annum]
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	United Kingdom				Geri	nany	Nethe	rlands	Sweden	Switzer- land
Month	Bankers' acceptances 3 months	Treasury bills 3 months	Day-to-day money	Bankers' allowance on deposits	Private discount rate	Day-to-day money	Private discount rate	Money for 1 month	Loans up to 3 months	Private discount rate
1929—June	. 68 . 59 . 75	5.352.302.10.85.40.85.64.78.68.59.761.02	$\begin{array}{c} 4.23\\ 1.93\\ 1.64\\ .99\\ .62\\ .75\\ .75\\ .75\\ .79\\ .75\\ .79\\ .75\\ .79\\ .75\\ .100\end{array}$	31.22 31.22 31.1 32.52 31.1 32.52 31.23 31.23 31	$\begin{array}{c} 7.50\\ 3.58\\ 6.05\\ 4.75\\ 3.87\\ 3.76\\ 3.00\\ 2.88\\ 2.88\\ 2.88\\ 2.88\\ 2.79\\ 2.38\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7.90\\ 3.74\\ 6.74\\ 5.70\\ 4.93\\ 4.57\\ 3.16\\ 2.67\\ 2.78\\ 3.06\\ 2.71\\ 1.98\end{array}$	$5.30 \\ 1.89 \\ 1.05 \\ .39 \\ 2.18 \\ .78 \\ 4.42 \\ 3.92 \\ .15 \\ .13 \\ .49 \\ (1)$		$\begin{array}{c} 4\frac{1}{2} - 61\frac{2}{2}\\ 3\frac{1}{2} - 51\frac{2}{2}\\ 4 - 6\\ 3 - 51\frac{2}{2}\\ 21\frac{2}{2} - 5\\ 3\frac{1}{2} - 5\\ 3\frac{1}{2} - 5\\ 3\frac{1}{2} - 5 \\ 3\frac{1}{2} -$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.26\\ 2.06\\ 1.12\\ 1.50\\ 1.50\\ 2.60\\ 2.25\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.50\end{array}$
July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	1.03	$\begin{array}{c} 1.02\\ 1.02\\ 1.03\\ 1.02\\ 1.02\\ 1.02\\ 1.02\\ 1.01\end{array}$	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	2. 38 2. 31 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25	$\begin{array}{c} 1.73\\ 1.77\\ 2.03\\ 1.87\\ 1.93\\ 1.95\end{array}$	(1)(1)2.252.252.252.252.25	2. 83 3. 00 2. 68 2. 75 2. 75 2. 75 2. 75	312-512 312-512 312-512 312-512 312-512 312-512 312-512 312-512	1.50 1.50 1.30 1.31 1.25 1.25
1941—Jan. Feb Mar Apr May June	1.03 1.03 1.03	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 01 \\ 1, 02 \\ 1, 01 \\ 1, 01 \\ 1, 00 \\ 1, 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\end{array}$	1/2/ 1/2/ 1/2/ 1/2/ 1/2/ 1/2/ 1/2/	2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 25 2. 13	1.73 1.68 1.83 1.67	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 25\\ 2.\ 25\\ 2.\ 07\\ 2.\ 06\\ 1.\ 93\\ 1.\ 88 \end{array}$	2. 75 2. 75 2. 75 2. 75 2. 75 2. 36 2. 25	$\begin{array}{c} 3\frac{1}{2}-5\frac{1}{2}\\ 3\frac{1}{2}-5\frac{1}{2}\\ 3\frac{1}{2}-5\frac{1}{2}\\ 3\frac{1}{2}-5\frac{1}{2}\\ 3-5\frac{1}{2}\\ 3-5\frac{1}{2}\\ 3-5\frac{1}{2}\\ 3-5\frac{1}{2}\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 25\\ 1.\ 25\\ 1.\ 25\\ 1.\ 25\\ 1.\ 25\\ 1.\ 25\\ 1.\ 25\\ 1.\ 25\end{array}$

<sup>1</sup> No figures available.

NOTE .- For figures for other countries and references to explanation of table see BULLETIN for September 1940, p. 1018.

#### **COMMERCIAL BANKS**

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·				NUML										
United Kingdom <sup>1</sup>		Money at	r	Assets						_			Liabi	lities	
(Figures in millions of pounds sterling)	Cash reserves	call and short	Bills dis- counted	Treasur deposit	- Becu		Loan cust	0 <b>m-</b>		her _		Depo			Other liabilities
		notice	counted	receipts	1		er		L		Total	Dem	and <sup>3</sup>	Time <sup>3</sup>	maomitics
							lon cle		z ban			1			
1932—December 1933—December	$207 \\ 213$	127 119	408 311		8	472 565		$\frac{778}{740}$		208 237	1, 983 1, 941	1	991 015	963 900	216 244
1934—December 1935—December	216 221	$151 \\ 159$	255 322			594 605		759 784		247 231	1,971 2,091		044	910 924	251 231
1936—December	236	187	316		6	630		864		238	2, 238		(4)	(4)	232
					11 L	ond	on clea	aring	banl	KS 5					
1936—December	244	195	322			560		890		249	2, 315	1,	288	1,012	245
1937—December 1938—December	244 243	163     160	300 250			635 635		984 971	1	256 263	2, 330 2, 254	1,	$\frac{284}{256}$	1,026 997	252 269
1939—December	274	174	334			609 570		015		290	2, 441		398	1,043	256
1940-July August	262 273	146 148	415 430	2	6   - θ	$558 \\ 582$		940 927		$271 \\ 255$	2, 454 2, 481	1,	465 486	989 995	264 260
September	288 270	144 137	401 373	91	0 7	697 723		948 948		287 284	2, 597 2, 661	1,	570 635	$1,027 \\ 1,026$	260 254
November December	$     285 \\     324   $	140 159	339 265	23 31-		743 771		941 924		274 293	2, 702 2, 800	1, 1,	671 770	1,031 1,030	256 250
1941—January	279	131	269	34		789		926		269	2, 757		729	1,027	247
February March	284 288	128 132	210 194	33 37	4   8	314 321		915 922		272 276	2, 709 2, 764	1,	696 728	$1,013 \\ 1,036$	243 242
April May	298 293	137 128	188 173	46	9   8	320 348		897 889		274 273	2, 829 2, 824	1,	769 789	$1,060 \\ 1,035$	247 249
June	311	143	193	48	2 8	380		874		311	2, 946	1,	870	1,075	248
				Ass	ets							Liał	oilities		
		Enti	rely in Ca	nada	Security						Depe	osits p exclud	ayable	in Can- terbank	
Canada					loans abroad	0.	*		han	Note			eposit		Other
(10 chartered banks. End figures in millions of Canadia	of month in dollars)			Other	and net		curi- ties		her sets	circula tion	•				liabili- ties
		Cash reserves	Security loans	loans and dis-	from foreign						Tota	1    D	emand	Time	
				counts	banks							_  _		.	.
1932-December		211 197	103 106	$1,104 \\ 1,036$	155 134		778 861		500 482	11 12		16	538 563	1, 378 1, 357	821
1933 – December		228 228	103 83	977 945	154 155 141	1.	967 1, 155		491 529	124	1 2,03	35	628 694	1,407	775
1935—December		240	114	791	161		1, 384		554	10	3 2,30	3	755	1,486	789 837
1937—December 1938—December		255 263 292	76 65 53	862 940 1, 088	102 166 132		1,411		$575 \\ 535 \\ 612$	90 81 81	3 2,50	00	752 840 1, 033	1, 583	850 843 963
1939—December		292	39	1,053	166	[	1,646 1,576		506	8			1,055	1, 741	871
1940—July August September		291 319	38 37	1,062 1,102	162 178		1, 569 1, 563		489 529	9	2,68	39	1,055 1,145	1, 634	831 841
October November		310	41 41	1, 138	177 174		1, 520 1, 513		526 514	8	2,7	78	1, 178 1, 132	1,600	845
December			40	1, 108	159		1, 531		570	8	2,80	5	1, 163	1, 641	846
1941—January February			36 34	1,092 1,104	$     164 \\     170   $		$1,677 \\ 1,788$		$\begin{array}{c} 522\\ 531 \end{array}$	71		3	$1,205 \\ 1,302$	1,668 1,687	851 850
March		296	35 31	1, 115 1, 109	178 189		1, 766 1, 820		521 544	80	2.97	72	1, 270 1, 356	1,703	858
April May June		321 288	29 33	$1,132 \\ 1,292$	183 191		1,812 1,688		537 575	80	3,04	15	1,350 1,608	1,695	889 913
		1						<u> </u>			1				
France			1	Assets	- <u></u>							Liabil	lities		
(4 large banks. End of mon		Cash	Due from		Loar	ns	Oth			<u>  </u> -	Deposits			Own accept-	Other
in millions of france	3)	reserves	banks	countee	1		asse	ets	$\mathbf{T}_{0}$	tal I	emand	Tir	ne	ances	liabilities
1932—December		9,007	1, 766	22, 01		850	1.	749	37	, 759	36, 491	1.	268	295	4. 331
1933—December 1934—December		5, 870 5, 836	1,416 1,421	19, 84 18, 30	8   8,3		1, 1,	827 717	$\frac{32}{30}$	2, 635 0, 943	31, 773 30, 039	-,	862 904	$\frac{273}{193}$	4, 331 4, 362 4, 301
1935—December 1936—December		3, 739 3, 100	2,484 2,975	16, 14	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,	900 957	27	, 553 , 484	26, 859 27, 955		694 529	337 473	4, 399 4, 289
1937—December 1938—December		3, 403 3, 756	<b>4</b> , 116 <b>4</b> , 060	18, 24 21, 43	9 7,6	624 592	2,	134 940	30	, 348 , 578	29, 748 33, 042		600 537	661 721	4, 517 4, 484
1939—December			3, 765	21, 45 29, 54		546		<b>440</b>	42	2, 443	33, 042 41, 872		571	844	4, 609
1940-January		4,066 4,293	4,080	29,80	8 7,7	756 579		745	42	2, 850 3, 737	42, 302 43, 195		548	938	3,667
February March 6		4, 293 4, 110	3, 993 3, 920		3 7,4	579 499		849 961		5, 608	43, 195 46, 064		542 544	1, 034 1, 105	3, 753 3, 901
<sup>1</sup> Averages of weekly figu	res throug	h August	1 1939: begir	ning Sept	ember 19	)39 f	igures	refer	toor	ll 1e week	near end	ofm	i		

Averages of weekly figures through August 1939; beginning September 1939 figures refer to one week near end of month.
 Represents six-month loans to the Treasury at 11% per cent, callable by the banks in emergency under discount at the bank rate.
 Through December 1937, excludes deposits in offices outside England and Wales which are included in total.
 Beginning 1936, figures on this basis available only for all 11 banks—see footnote 5.
 District Bank included beginning in 1936.
 No figures available since March 1940.
 No figures available since March 1940.
 Norrs.—For other back figures and explanation of tables, and for figures for German commercial banks, see BULLETIN for August 1939, p. 699;
 June 1935, pp. 388-390; and October 1933, pp. 641-646.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

		entina eso)	Aust (pou		Bel-	Brazil (	milreis)	British	Bul-	Canada	(dollar)	Chile	(peso)	China (yuan
Year or month	Official	Special Export	Official	Free	<b>gium</b> (belga)	Official	Free	India (rupee)	garia (lev)	Official	Free	Official	Export	(yuan Shang- hai)
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1938 1939 1940	33, 579 32, 659 33, 137 32, 959 32, 597 30, 850 29, 773			$\begin{array}{c} 400. \ 95\\ 388. \ 86\\ 395. \ 94\\ 393. \ 94\\ 389. \ 55\\ 353. \ 38\\ 305. \ 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23.\ 287\\ 18.\ 424\\ 16.\ 917\\ 16.\ 876\\ 16.\ 894\\ 16.\ 852\\ 16.\ 880 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8.\ 4268\\ 8.\ 2947\\ 8.\ 5681\\ 8.\ 6437\\ 5.\ 8438\\ 6.\ 0027\\ 6.\ 0562\end{array}$	5. 8788 6. 1983 5. 1248 5. 0214	$\begin{array}{c} 37.\ 879\\ 36.\ 964\\ 37.\ 523\\ 37.\ 326\\ 36.\ 592\\ 33.\ 279\\ 30.\ 155\end{array}$	1. 2852 1. 2951 1. 2958 1. 2846 1. 2424 1. 2111	90, 909	101.006 99.493 99.913 100.004 99.419 96.018 85.141	$\begin{array}{c} 10.\ 1452\\ 5.\ 0833\\ 5.\ 1240\\ 5.\ 1697\\ 5.\ 1716\\ 5.\ 1727\\ 5.\ 1668 \end{array}$	4. 0000 4. 0000 4. 0000 4. 0000 4. 0000	34. 094 36. 571 29. 751 29. 606 21. 360 11. 879 6. 000
1940Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	29.773 29.773		322, 80 322, 80 322, 80 322, 80 322, 80 322, 80	$\begin{array}{c} 317.\ 02\\ 321.\ 47\\ 321.\ 29\\ 321.\ 57\\ 321.\ 50\\ \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0574\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\end{array}$	5. 0219 5. 0107 5. 0153 5. 0156 5. 0169	$\begin{array}{c} 30.\ 132\\ 30.\ 162\\ 30.\ 170\\ 30.\ 166\\ 30.\ 178 \end{array}$		90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909	86. 865 85. 469 86. 318 86. 922 86. 563	$\begin{array}{c} 5.\ 1680\\ 5.\ 1680\\ 5.\ 1680\\ 5.\ 1663\\ 5.\ 1663\\ 5.\ 1665\end{array}$	4. 0000 4. 0000 4. 0000 4. 0000 4. 0000 4. 0000	5. 476 5. 206 5. 682 5. 845 5. 690
1941—Jan Feb Apr May June July	29.773	23. 704 23. 704 23. 704 23. 704 23. 704 23. 704	322. 80 322. 80 322. 80 322. 80 322. 80 322. 80 322. 80 322. 80	$\begin{array}{c} 321.\ 50\\ 321.\ 11\\ 321.\ 30\\ 320.\ 70\\ 321.\ 19\\ 321.\ 25\\ 321.\ 31\\ \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ 6.\ 0575\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5.\ 0560\\ 5.\ 0604\\ 5.\ 0599\\ 5.\ 0600\\ 5.\ 0600\\ 5.\ 0598\\ 5.\ 0616\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30.\ 148\\ 30.\ 140\\ 30.\ 139\\ 30.\ 129\\ 30.\ 129\\ 30.\ 129\\ 30.\ 129\\ 30.\ 128\\ \end{array}$		90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909 90, 909	84. 801 83. 687 84. 981 87. 651 87. 421 88. 183 88. 271	5. 1674 5. 1663 5. 1660 5. 1660 5. 1660	4.0000 4.0000 4.0000 4.0000 4.0000	5. 391 5. 424 5. 358 5. 190 5. 255 5. 336 5. 243
Year or month	Colom- bia (peso)	Czecho- Slovakia (koruna)	Den- mark (krone)	Fin- land (mark- ka)	France (franc)	Ger- many (reichs- mark)	Greece (drach- ma)	Hong Kong (dollar)	Hun- gary (pengö)	Italy (lira)	Japan (yen)	Mexico (peso)	Nether- lands (guilder)	New Zealand (pound)
1934 1935	$\begin{array}{c} 61,780\\ 56,011\\ 57,083\\ 56,726\\ 55,953\\ 57,061\\ 57,085\\ \end{array}$	4. 2424 4. 1642 4. 0078 3. 4930 3. 4674 3. 4252	22. 500 21. 883 22. 189 22. 069 21. 825 20. 346 19. 308	2. 2277 2. 1627 2. 1903 2. 1811 2. 1567 1. 9948 1. 8710	$\begin{array}{c} 6.5688\\ 6.6013\\ 6.1141\\ 4.0460\\ 2.8781\\ 2.5103\\ 2.0827 \end{array}$	39. 375 40. 258 40. 297 40. 204 40. 164 40. 061 40. 021	$\begin{array}{r} .9402\\ .9386\\ .9289\\ .9055\\ .8958\\ .8153\\ .6715\end{array}$	38. 716 48. 217 31. 711 30. 694 30. 457 27. 454 22. 958	29. 575 29. 602 29. 558 19. 779 19. 727 19. 238 18. 475	8. 5617 8. 2471 7. 2916 5. 2607 5. 2605 5. 1959 5. 0407	29.715 28.707 29.022 28.791 28.451 25.963 23.436	27.742 27.778 27.760 27.750 22.122 19.303 18.546	67. 383 67. 715 64. 481 55. 045 55. 009 53. 335 53. 128	402. 46 391. 26 398. 92 396. 91 392. 35 354. 82 306. 38
1940Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	56.985 56.985			1. 9691 1. 9619 1. 9652 1. 9482 1. 9472		39. 951 39. 926 39. 975 39. 983 39. 982	. 6628 . 6602 . 6602	22. 510 22. 623 23. 077 23. 396 23. 585	19. 370 19. 367 19. 364 19. 505 19. 770	5. 0334 5. 0357 5. 0389 5. 0396 5. 0439	23. 431 23. 435 23. 439 23. 439 23. 439 23. 439	19. 988 19. 941 20. 331 20. 400 20. 448	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	318. 25 322. 74 322. 55 322. 82 322. 75
1941—Jan Feb Apr May June July	56.985			2.0104 2.0101 2.0100 2.0100 2.0100 2.0100 2.0098		39. 979 39. 969 39. 960 39. 962 39. 968 39. 970		$\begin{array}{c} 23.\ 648\\ 24.\ 142\\ 24.\ 421\\ 24.\ 393\\ 24.\ 285\\ 24.\ 372\\ 24.\ 524\\ \end{array}$	19. 770 19. 770 19. 770	$\begin{array}{c} 5.\ 0432\\ 5.\ 0422\\ 5.\ 0452\\ 5.\ 0452\\ 5.\ 0475\\ 5.\ 0805\\ 5.\ 2621\\ \end{array}$	23. 439 23. 439 23. 439 23. 439 23. 439 23. 439 23. 439 23. 439	$\begin{array}{c} 20.\ 504\\ 20.\ 524\\ 20.\ 529\\ 20.\ 538\\ 20.\ 537\\ 20.\ 533\\ 20.\ 542\\ \end{array}$		322. 75 322. 36 322. 55 321. 96 322. 45 322. 51 322. 57
Year or month	Nor way (krone)		Portu- gal (es-	Ruma- nia (leu)	South Africa (pound)	<b>Spain</b> (peseta)	Straits Settle- ments	Swe- den (krona)	Switz- erland (franc)	United (pot	Kingdom ind)	(p	ig <b>uay</b> eso)	Yugo- slavia (dinar)
			cuđo)				(dollar)			Official	Free	Con- trolled	Non-con- trolled	
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	24. 627 24. 974 24. 840 24. 566 23. 226	18. 846 18. 882 18. 875 18. 923 18. 860 18. 835	$\begin{array}{c} 4.\ 6089\\ 4.\ 4575\\ 4.\ 5130\\ 4.\ 4792\\ 4.\ 4267\\ 4.\ 0375\\ 3.\ 7110\\ \end{array}$	1.0006 .9277 .7382 .7294 .7325 .7111 .6896	498. 29 484. 66 491. 65 489. 62 484. 16 440. 17 397. 99	$\begin{array}{c} 13.\ 615\\ 13.\ 678\\ 12.\ 314\\ 6.\ 053\\ 5.\ 600\\ 10.\ 630\\ 9.\ 322 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 59.\ 0.05\\ 57.\ 173\\ 58.\ 258\\ 57.\ 973\\ 56.\ 917\\ 51.\ 736\\ 46.\ 979\end{array}$	25. 982 25. 271 25. 626 25. 487 25. 197 23. 991 23. 802	32. 366 32. 497 30. 189 22. 938 22. 871 22. 525 22. 676	403. 50	503. 93 490. 18 497. 09 494. 40 488. 94 443. 54 383. 00	$\begin{array}{c} 79.\ 956\\ 80.\ 251\\ 79.\ 874\\ 79.\ 072\\ 64.\ 370\\ 62.\ 011\\ 65.\ 830\\ \end{array}$	36. 789 37. 601	2. 2719 2. 2837 2. 2965 2. 3060 2. 3115 2. 2716 2. 2463
1940Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec			3. 9915		398.00	9. 130 9. 130 9. 130 9. 131 9. 131 9. 132	47. 116 47. 102 47. 101 47. 100 47. 100 47. 100	23. 813 23. 810 23. 814 23. 814 23. 818 23. 824	22, 755 22, 784 23, 148 23, 202 23, 201	$\begin{array}{r} 403.\ 50\\ 403.\ 50\\ 403.\ 50\\ 403.\ 50\\ 403.\ 50\end{array}$	397. 88 403. 42 403. 26 403. 56 403. 50	65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830	34. 939 36. 366 37. 629 38. 994 39. 480	2. 2436 2. 2436 2. 2436 2. 2436 2. 2409 2. 2409 2. 2407
1941-Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July		 	3.9986 4.0069 4.0039 4.0009 4.0017 4.0026		398.00 398.00	9. 130 9. 130 9. 130 9. 130 9. 130 9. 130 9. 130	47.089 47.094 47.106 47.107 47.107 47.138 47.160	23. 826 23. 829 23. 829 23. 824 23. 825 23. 839 23. 836	23. 220 23. 217 23. 210 23. 201 23. 203 23. 206	403.50 403.50 403.50 403.50 403.50 403.50 403.50	403. 42 402. 97 403. 19 402. 48 403. 10 403. 16 403. 23	65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830 65. 830	39. 491 39. 649 39. 566 40. 065 41. 161 42. 706 43. 789	2. 2397

NOTE.—Developments affecting averages during 1941: Special export rate for Argentina first reported in addition to official rate on Mar. 27; nominal. No rates certified: Yugoslavia—since Jan. 28; Hungary—since Mar. 12; Chile—since May 21; Finland, Germany, Italy, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland—since June 14; China and Japan—since July 25. Changes in nominal status (noted only if affecting quotations for at least five days a month): none. For further information concerning the bases and nominal status of exchange quotations, and concerning suspensions of quotations prior to 1941, see BULLETIN for February 1941, p. 183; February 1940, p. 178; September 1939, p. 831; March 1939, p. 236; and March 1938, p. 244.

#### **PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES**

#### WHOLESALE PRICES-ALL COMMODITIES

[Index numbers]

Year or month	United States (1926==100)	<b>Canada</b> (1926=100)	United Kingdom (1930=100)	<b>France</b> (1913=100)	Germany (1913=100)	Italy (1928—100)	Japan (October 1900=100)	Nether- lands (1926-30 ==100)	<b>Sweden</b> (1935=100)	Switzer- land (July 1914 =100)
	(1920=100)	(1920-100)	(1930=100)	(1913=100)	(1913=100)	(1928=100)	1900=100)	=100)	(1955=-100)	
1926	100	100	1 124	695	134		237	106	1 126	144
1930	86	87	100	554	125	85	181	90	1 103	126
1931	73	72	88	500	111	75	153	76	194	110
932	65	67	86	427	97	70	161	65	1 92	96
933.	66	67	86	398	93	63	180	63	1 90	91
1934	75	72	88	376	98	62	178	63	1 96	90
935	80	72	89	338	102	68	186	62	100	90
1936	81	75	94	411	104	76	198	64	102	96
1937	86	85	109	581	106	89	238	76	114	111
1938	79	79	101	653	106	95	251	72	111	107
1939	77	75	103	<sup>2</sup> 681	107	3 97	278	74	115	111
1940	79	83	137		110		311	488	146	143
1940—July	78	82	140		111		306		146	141
August	77	83	140		111		306		146	146
September	78	83	141		111		308		148	152
October	79	83	143		111		310		154	156
November	80	84	147		111		310		158	161
December	80	84	149		iii		312		159	164
1941—January	81	85	150		111		313		162	167
February	81	85	150		112		317		165	16
March	82	86	151		112		322		169	170
April	83	87	151		112	1	324		170	17
May	85	89	151		112		326		171	18
June	87	90	152		p112		331		173	18
July	89		153		p112		329		1 1.0	

Preliminary.
Approximate figure, derived from old index (1913=100).
Average based on figures for 8 months; no data available since August 1939, when figure was 674.
Average based on figures for 7 months; no data available since May 1940, when figure was 96.
Average based on figures for 5 months; no data available since May 1940, when figure was 89.

Sources .-- See BULLETIN for January 1941, p. 84; April 1937, p. 372; March 1937, p. 276; and October 1935, p. 678.

#### WHOLESALE PRICES-GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

		ĮLI	Idexes for §	groups mer		tai muex ai	2046]				
		Inited Stat (1926—100)		United 1 (1930=	Kingdom =100)	Fra (1913:	nce ==100)		Germ (1913=		
Year or month	Farm products	Foods	Other commod- ities	Foods	Indus- trial products	Farm and food products	Indus- trial products	Agricul- tural products	Provi- sions	Indus- trial raw and semi- finished products	Indus- trial fin- ished products
1926	100	100	100			581	793	129	132	130	150
1930	88 65 48 51 65 79 81 86 69 65 68	91 75 61 81 84 82 86 74 70 71	85 75 70 71 78 80 85 85 81 83	100 89 88 83 85 87 92 102 97 97 133	100 87 85 87 90 90 96 112 104 106 138	526 542 482 393 327 426 562 641 1 653 ( <sup>2</sup> )	579 464 380 361 348 397 598 663 1 707 ( <sup>2</sup> )	113 104 91 87 96 102 105 105 105 106 108 111	113 96 86 75 76 84 86 96 91 1 93 ( <sup>3</sup> )	120 103 89 88 91 92 94 96 94 95 99	150 136 118 113 116 119 121 125 126 126 129
1940-July August September October November December	67 66 66 66 68 70	70 70 72 71 73 74	82 82 84 84 84 84	134 136 140 143 143 145	142 142 142 142 142 149 150			112 112 111 110 111 111		98 99 99 99 99 100	130 131 131 131 131 131 131
1941—January. February. March April. May. June. July.	72 70 72 74 76 82 86	74 74 75 78 80 83 83	84 84 85 86 87 89 90	145 144 144 144 144 145 ₽146	$152 \\ 153 \\ 154 \\ 154 \\ 155 \\ 156 \\$			111 111 112 113 114 <i>p</i> 114		100 100 100 100 100 100 <i>p</i> 100	132 133 133 133 132 132 132 p132

[Indexes for groups included in total index above]

P Preliminary.
 1 Average based on figures for 8 months.
 2 No data available since August 1939, when figures were 616 and 726 respectively for France, and 92 for Germany.
 Sources.—See BULLETIN for March 1935, p. 180, and March 1931, p. 159.

#### Price Movements—Continued

#### **RETAIL FOOD PRICES**

[Index numbers]

#### **COST OF LIVING** Index numbers!

		Inner	numbers						finder	numbers			
Year or month	United States (1935-39 =100)	United King- dom (July1914 =100)	France (July1914 =100)	Ger- many (1913-14 =100)	Nether- lands (1911-13 =100)	Switz- erland (June1914 =100)	Year or month	United States (1935-39 =100)	United King- dom (July1914 = 100)	France (1930 ==100)	Ger- many (1913-14 =100)	Nether- lands (1911-13 =100)	Switz- erland (June1914 =100)
1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1940 1940 1940 September October November December 1941-January February March April May June bub	100 101 105 98 95 97 96 96 97 96 96 97 96 96 97 98 98 98 98 98 101 102	126 120 122 125 130 139 141 141 164 164 164 166 169 172 173 172 171 169 170 171		130 127 126 127 127 127 127 127 128 129	119 120 124 118 120 127 130 130 4 140	$     152 \\     157 \\     158 \\     160 \\     160 \\     161 \\     167 \\     ^{r}172 \\     178 \\     178 $	1932 1933 1934 1935 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1939 1940 1940-July August September October October November December 1941-January February March April May June	99 103 101 99 100 100 100 100 101 101 101 101	144 140 141 143 154 156 158 185 185 185 185 187 185 187 185 195 195 196 197 197 197 200 200		132 130 130 131 132 132 132 132 132		159 160 163 163 164 169 171 175
July	107	167					July	105	199				

r Revised

<sup>7</sup> Revised.
<sup>1</sup> Revised index from March 1936 (see BULLETIN for April 1937, p. 373).
<sup>2</sup> Average based on figures for 8 months: no data available since August 1939, when figure was 749.
<sup>3</sup> Average based on two quarterly quotations; no data available since May 1939, when figure was 123.
<sup>4</sup> Average based on figures for 3 months; no data available since March 1940, when figure was 141.
<sup>5</sup> Average based on figures for 5 months; no data available since May 1940, when figure was 141.

Sources.-See BULLETIN for October 1939, p. 943, and April 1937, p. 373.

#### **SECURITY PRICES**

[Index numbers except as otherwise specified]

			Bonds				ĸs			
Year or month	United States	United Kingdom	France	Germany	Nether-		(1926	i=100)		Nether-
	(average price) 1	(December 1921=100)	(1913=100)	(average price) <sup>2</sup>	lands 3	United States	United Kingdom	France	Germany	lands (1930==100)
Number of issues	60	87	36	² 139	8	420	278	300	4	100
1926	97.6	110.0	57.4			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1939 1940 1940 1940 Lugust September.	97.5	113. 2 119. 7 127. 5 129. 9 131. 2 124. 6 121. 3 112. 3 118. 3 116. 4 117. 8 117. 9	88.6 81.3 82.1 83.5 76.3 75.1 77.3 7 84.9	<sup>5</sup> 67. 1 82. 5 90. 7 <sup>6</sup> 95. 1 95. 8 98. 7 99. 9 99. 0 100. 7 100. 8 100. 8 100. 9 101. 0	94.8 105.3 113.4 107.8 109.1 3 101.8 105.9 90.9 \$ 77.9	48. 6 63. 0 72. 4 78. 3 111. 0 111. 8 83. 3 89. 2 83. 6 76. 1 77. 5 80. 9	67. 9 78. 6 85. 7 86. 3 97. 0 96. 3 80. 8 75. 9 70. 8 63. 5 65. 6 66. 2		<sup>5</sup> 50. 3 61. 7 71. 1 82. 9 91. 6 102. 6 100. 1 94. 1 114. 6 112. 8 115. 9 120. 8	46 52 55 66 104, 2 95, 8 89, 7 95, 0 
September October December Jecember February March A pril. May June. June	83. 6 83. 9 84. 0 85. 3 84. 5 85. 3	117. 9 119. 2 119. 9 121. 0 122. 2 121. 9 122. 5 121. 7 122. 7 122. 9 124. 7		101. 7 101. 9 101. 4 102. 2 102. 8 102. 8		80. 9 81. 4 82. 1 80. 4 80. 5 75. 9 76. 0 73. 8 73. 0 75. 3 78. 8	68. 1 70. 2 70. 2 71. 8 70. 5		125.1 127.7 128.0 131.5 133.0 131.1 131.0	104.1 112.7 116.1 120.0 113.4 115.1

<sup>1</sup> Prices derived from average yields for 60 corporate bonds as published by Standard and Poor's Corporation. <sup>2</sup> Since April 1, 1935, the 139 bonds included in the calculation of the average price have all borne interest at 4½ per cent. The series prior to that date is not comparable to the present series, principally because the 169 bonds then included in the calculation bore interest at 6 per cent. <sup>3</sup> Indexes of reciprocals of average yields. For old index, 1929–1936, 1929–100; average yield in base year was 4.57 per cent. For new index beginning Jan. 1937, Jan.-Mar. 1937–100; average yield in base period was 3.39 per cent. <sup>4</sup> This number, originally 329, has declined as the number of securities eligible for inclusion in the index has diminished. In May 1941, it was down to 287. <sup>5</sup> A verage May.Dec only: exchange closed Jan. 1-Apr. 11

 <sup>6</sup> A verage May-Dec. only; exchange closed Jan. 1–Apr. 11.
 <sup>6</sup> A verage Apr.-Dec. only—see note 2. Average Jan.-Mar. on old basis was 95.9.
 <sup>7</sup> A verage based on figures for 8 months; no data available since August 1939, when figures were 82.9 and 94.0 for bonds and common stocks respectively

<sup>8</sup> A verage based on figures for 7 months; no data available May-September.
 <sup>9</sup> A verage based on figures for 9 months; no data available May-July.

Sources .- See BULLETIN for November 1937, p. 1172; July 1937, p. 698; April 1937, p. 373; June 1935, p. 394; and February 1932, p. 121.

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# Federal Reserve Publications

Copies of the publications and releases listed below may be obtained from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D. C.

#### **CURRENT RELEASES**

#### DAILY

Foreign Exchange Rates (for previous day).

#### WEEKLY

Monday:

- Condition of Reporting Member Banks in Leading Cities.
- Bank Debits-Debits to Deposit Accounts, except Inter-Bank Accounts.
- Tuesday:
  - Money Rates-Open-Market Rates in New York City. (Also monthly).

Thursday:

Condition of the Federal Reserve Banks.

- **Condition of Reporting Member Banks in Central** Reserve Cities. (Also included in statement of Condition of Reporting Member Banks in Leading Cities, released on following Monday).
- **Department Store Sales**—Index for United States and Percentage Changes by Federal Reserve Districts.

#### MONTHLY

Federal Reserve Bulletin. Released about the 10th of the month. The subscription price is \$2.00 per annum, or 20 cents per single copy, in the United States (including insular possessions), Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Mexico, Newfoundland (including Labrador), Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Uruguay, and Venezuela. In all other countries the subscription price is \$2.60 yearly, or 25 cents per single copy. Group subscriptions for 10 or more copies, in the United States, 15 cents per copy per month, or \$1.50 for 12 months.

The Federal Reserve System-Its Purposes and ting through 1942. 50 cents per copy; in quan-Functions. Obtainable in cloth cover at 50 cents per copy; in paper cover without charge. 128 pages.

Digest of Rulings-to October 1, 1937. Digests of Board rulings, opinions of the Attorney General and court decisions construing the Federal Reserve Act, with compilation showing textual changes in the Act. \$1.25 per copy. 683 pages.

Chart Book I, Federal Reserve Charts on Bank Credit, Money Rates, and Business. New edition, revised February 1941. 72 pages. Space for plot- copy; in quantities of 10 or more, 75 cents per copy.

- Brokers' Balances. Released about the 20th of the month
- National Summary of Business Conditions. Released about the 18th of the month.
- Business Indexes. Released about the 18th of the month.
- Bank Debits-Debits to Deposit Accounts, except Inter-Bank Accounts. Released between the 6th and 12th of the month.
- Foreign Exchange Rates. Released about the 1st of the month.
- Department Store Sales—Percentage Changes by Federal Reserve Districts and by Cities. Released about the 22nd of the month.
- Department Store Sales—Percentage Changes by Departments. Released about the end of the month.

#### QUARTERLY

Member Bank Call Report. Released about two months after call date.

- SEMI-ANNUALLY
  - Federal Reserve "Par List" (Banks upon which checks will be received by Federal Reserve Banks for collection and credit). Released in January and July, with monthly supplements about the 7th of the month.

#### ANNUALLY

- List of Stocks Registered on National Securities Exchanges. Supplements issued quarterly. 25 cents for list and supplements.
- Bank Debits-Debits to Deposit Accounts, except Inter-Bank Accounts. Released ordinarily in February.
- Annual Report, covering operations for the preceding calendar year.

#### BOOKS

tities of 10 or more, 45 cents per copy.

Chart Book II, Federal Reserve Charts on Industrial Production. October 1940. 224 pages. Space for plotting through 1946. \$1 per copy; in quantities of 10 or more, 85 cents per copy.

Banking Studies-Comprising 17 papers on banking and monetary subjects by members of the Board's staff. August 1941. 512 pages. \$1.50 per single

#### Federal Reserve Publications

#### REPRINTS

#### (From Federal Reserve BULLETIN except as stated otherwise. Partial list.)

Constitutionality of Legislation Providing a Unified Commercial Banking System for the United States. Opinion of the Board's General Counsel. 21 pages.	New Federal Reserve Index of Industrial Produc- tion. 77 pages. August 1940. The Gold Stock. 2 pages. September 1940.	
March 1933.		
Supply and Use of Member Bank Reserve Funds. Explanation of analysis of sources of member bank reserve funds and uses to which such funds are put.	Measurement of Production, by Woodlief Thomas and Maxwell R. Conklin. 16 pages. September 1940.	
31 pages. July 1935.	Gold Reserves of Central Banks and Governments.	
Member Bank Statistics. A discussion of the sta-	18 pages. September 1940.	
tistics compiled and published by the Board covering the operations and conditions of member banks. 28 pages. November 1935.	Development of Federal Reserve Banking, by M. S. Szymczak. 8 pages. December 1940.	
Summary of Provisions of State Laws Relating to Bank Reserves. 33 pages. March 1937.	Economic Preparedness for Defense and Post De- fense Problems, by Marriner S. Eccles. 8 pages. January 1941.	
Analyses of the Banking Structure—As of Decem- ber 31, 1935. Number, deposits, and loans and in- vestments of banks classified by size of bank and	Special Report to the Congress, submitted De- cember 31, 1940. 2 pages. January 1941.	
town and by other factors. 33 pages. August 1937.	Economic and Monetary Aspects of the Defense Program, by John H. Williams. 4 pages. February	
<b>Problems of Banking and Bank Supervision.</b> Excerpts from the 1938 Annual Report. 33 pages.	1941.	
The History of Reserve Requirements for Banks in the United States. 20 pages. November 1938.	Federal Reserve Bank Lending Power not Depend- ent on Member Bank Reserve Balances. 2 pages. February 1941.	
Monetary Measures and Objectives. Three state-	Money in Circulation. 1 page. February 1941.	
ments by the Board on objectives of monetary policy, on proposals to maintain prices at fixed levels through monetary action, and on legislative proposals relat-	<b>Commodity Prices, by Frank Garfield and Clayton</b> Gehman. 16 pages. March 1941.	
ing to monetary measures and objectives. 8 pages. July 1937, April 1939, and May 1939.	Inflation, by E. A. Goldenweiser. 3 pages. April 1941.	
Revised Indexes of Factory Employment. Bureau of Labor Statistics indexes adjusted for seasonal variation by Board of Governors. 32 pages, October 1938; 10 pages, October 1939.	Financial Problems of Defense, by Marriner S. Eccles. 11 pages. Mimeographed release, May 1, 1941.	
The Gold Problem Today, by E. A. Goldenweiser. 4 pages. January 1940.	penditures of the United Kingdom, and the text of the Lend-Lease Act and Appropriation Act pur-	
The Par Collection System of the Federal Reserve Banks, by George B. Vest. 8 pages. February 1940.		
The Banks and Idle Money, by Woodlief Thomas. 9 pages. March 1940.		
Historical Review of Objectives of Federal Reserve Policy, by A. B. Hersey. 11 pages. April 1940.	<b>Revised Indexes of Freight-Car Loadings.</b> 5 pages. June 1941.	
<b>Cheap Money and The Federal Reserve System,</b> by E. A. Goldenweiser. 5 pages. May 1940.	Seasonally Adjusted Estimates of Nonagricultural Employment. 2 pages. June 1941.	
Ownership and Utilization of the Monetary Gold Stock. 3 pages. May and June 1940.	Adjustment for Seasonal Variation, by H. C. Barton, Jr. Description of method used at the Board in	
General Indexes of Business Activity, by Frank Garfield. 8 pages. June 1940.	adjusting economic data for seasonal variation. 12 pages. June 1941.	

